

الطبعة الاولجات - جدة ١٤٠٣هـ - ١٩٨٣م الطبعة الثانية - ستيكاغو ١٩٨٦

مؤسسة إقراء الثقنافية العالمية شيكاغو

# قَامُونُ الْفَاضِ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَالِكِيمَ عَلَى الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَالِكِيمَ عَلَى الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلِ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَالِ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَالْ الْفَاضِلُ الْفِلْ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفِلْ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلْ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاضِلُ الْفَاض

عَكَرَيي - إنجُ ليزي

حسرَبِ الترتيب المجيذري وَالبِت يَماق المعتنوي مَع إيضاحَات صَرفِيَّة ونحويَّة وتفسَاصِيل مُيسّرة عن الأمسَاكِن وَالأعسْلام

> تساليف ال**دُكتورعَبدائدعبّاسِوالندُوي** عَسُوعَينَة التَّددِين بَعَهَداللَّثَة السَوبَةِ جَلِيتَة لِمَ التَّكُونُ - صَكَّة للكَوْمَة

## بيس اللوارح في الرحب يم

وَلَقَدُ يَسِّرُنَا ٱلقُنْرَانَ لِلذِّكْرِ فَهَلُ مِنْ مُدَّكِرِ

INDEED WE MADE THIS QUR'AN EASY TO BEAR IN MIND - WHO, THEN, IS WILLING TO TAKE IT TO HEAR?. 54:17

## مقستاتيكم

الحمد لله رب العالمين وسلام الله على رسوله الأمين سيدنا محمد وآله وصحبه أجمعين وبعد،

فهذا قاموس لألفاظ القرآن الكريم باللغة الأنجليزية وضع على الترتيب الجذري فيه شرح للكلهات الواردة في القرآن الكريم من حيث معناها وسياقها في الآيات وأشارات ترمز الى ضع كل كلمة من ناحية الاشتقاق وموقعها من الرفع. والنصب والجر، كما يوجد فيه بعض التفاصيل من دون تطويل عن الأنبياء السابقين الذين ورد ذكرهم فيه والأماكن التي أشار اليها القرآن العظيم.

ويأمل المؤلف ان يستفيد من هذا القاموس المسلمون الذين ينطقون بالأنجليزية ومن عداهم ممن يتعلّمونها بأعتبارها لغة دولية وهم ينتمون الى مختلف الجنسيات وينطقون بشتى اللغات ولا يمكن الأتصال بهم وتقريبهم الى لغة القرآن الكرم إلا بواسطة لغة دولية أو شبه دولية مثل الأنجليزية.

والحافز الى وضع هذا القاموس عدة أمور: أولا:

أني لمست رغبة ملحة في قلوب كثير من المسلمين في الشرق والغرب الى تفهم معاني كتاب الله العظيم فها مباشرا بدون وسائط الترجمات وقد وفق الله لأجلهم بعض عباده الى أنتهاج منهج خاص لتعليم مبادىء اللغة العربية وكان ذلك المنهج مبنيا على تركيز القوة الواعية لتلقي اللغات الأجنبية على آيات القرآن الكريم لتكون هذه القوة أكثر أئتلافا

بالنسق القرآني من أول خطوة تخطوها نحو تعلم اللغة العربية.

وهذا المنهج يتمثل في كتاب (تَعَلَّم لغة القرآن الكريم) الذي أخرجته دار الشروق عام ١٤٠٠ه هـ فالذين تعلموا مبادىء اللغة بواسطة هذا الكتاب وألفوا النسق القرآني في تركيب الجمل وماهية الكلمات كانوا في حاجة الى معرفة معاني المفردات القرآنية من ناحيتي المبني والسياق.

ثانيا :

أنه لا يوجد قاموس عربي - أنجليزي لألفاظ القرآن الكريم يرجع اليه المؤلفون والباحثون ألا كتابا وضعه المستشرق John Penrice في عام ١٨٧٢م أي قبل أكثر من قرن وهو قاموس مختصر لا يخلو من الأخطاء والطعنات الخفية في الأسلام وعقائد المسلمين ومصادره ثانوية مما ألفه أسلافه المستشرقون الذين نفثوا فيها سموم أحقادهم والتواء أفكارهم فجاءت غير مبرأة من الخطأ والأنجراف.

أما النهج الذي أتبعه مؤلف هذا القاموس فهو أنه ألزم نفسه أبان تأليفه مراجعة التفاسير المتفق على صحتها مثل الطبري والكشاف للزمخشري وابن كثير والقرطبي ثم البحث عن معانيها في معاجم اللغة العربية مثل لسان العرب لابن منظور والمفردات في غريب القرآن للعلامة أبي القاسم الحسين بن محمد المعروف بالراغب الأصفهاني (٥٠٢م).

وفي بعض الأحيان راجع أقرب الموارد لسعيد الخوري حيث أنه معجم وسيط لا بأس من مراجعته مع التحفظ وبدون الأتكال عليه وحده ومعجم ألفاظ القرآن الكريم تأليف لجنة من أعضاء المجمع اللغوي بالقاهرة وبعد الاقتناع من صحة معنى الكلمات القرآنية بالعربية راجع المؤلف الترجمات المختلفة لمعاني القرآن الكريم مما كتبه المسلمون وغيرهم وعرض الكلمات المختارة منهم لترجمة اللفظ العربي القرآني على قاموس ليرجمة اللفظ العربي القرآني على قاموس ليرجمة اللفظ العربي القرآني على قاموس لين Eunk & Waknall التعبير الأنجليزي

الذي وجده في رأيه مطابقاً للكلمة القرآنية وبالأصح التعبير الذي وجده أقرب الى المدلول المعنوي لكلمة وردت في القرآن الكريم.

وجعل مدخل المادة الكلمة التي وردت في القرآن في هيئتها الأصلية بجردة من الضائر مشفوعة بالرموز المشيرة الى صيغة هذا اللفظ من ناحية الاشتقاق ومكانها في الآية منصوبا أو مجرورا أو مجزوما (لم يلتزم بالأشارة الى المرفوع منه نظرا الى تكرره وكونه أصلا الا عندما أقتضت الحاجة ليفرق الطالب بين المنصوب من اللفظ والمرفوع منه).

وأكتفى ببيان معنى واحد لكلمة واحدة أذا وردت في موضع واحد في القرآن أو وردت في عدة مواضع ولكنها تفيد معنى واحد في كل سياق فلم يدعم الشرح بمثال من الآيات ولكنه أذا ورد اللفظ الواحد في سياقات مختلفة مما حمل المترجمين على أن يختاروا تعابير مختلفة للدلالة على المعنى فذكرت الآيات مترجمة ومرقمة.

ويعلم مؤلف هذا القاموس أن كثيراً من أهل الزيغ والهوى وأصحاب العقائد المنافية لعقيدة السلف الصالح وعقيدة التوحيد شرحوا المفردات القرآنية بما تتفق ونظرياتهم الشاذة فكان على حذر منهم ولهذا فقد تحرى وبحث قبل أثبات معنى من معافي المفردات القرآنية ما أستطاع الى ذلك سبيلا ودفعه تحريه الى مراجعة ساحة العلامة الشيخ عبد العزيز بن عبد الله بن باز للاستفادة من سعة علمه في شرح بعض الكلمات من هذا القبيل فكان حفظه الله خير عون له في إيضاح المهات من معافي الكلمات.

وأعددت ملخصين في آخر الكتاب أولها للكلبات التي يجار فيه الطالب الذي لا يعرف قواعد الأشتقاق ولا يعرف الأصل الثلاثي للكلمة فيعجز عن معرفة مكانها في القاموس مثل الكلبات المبدوءة بحروف المضارع الأربعة والكلبات المبدوءة بلام التوكيد وميم الفاعل

والمفعول في أبواب المزيد فيه، والملحق الثاني هو دليل شامل لكلمات القرآن ومواضع ورودها فيه مشيراً اليها برقمي السورة والآية.

وأنني أذ أتقدم بهذا المعجم لمعاني ألفاظ القرآن الكريم فأنه يهمني أن أعلن لأخواني السادة العلماء وجهرة المثقفين المخلصين أستعدادي لتلقي أي تعقيب علمي مفيدا أو نقد فكري هادف بناء يعين على أتقان العمل في هذا المعجم وإيصاله الى مرتبة عالية في الشكل والمضمون حاضرا ومستقبلا فلست منزها من الأخطاء والعصمة الله وحده.

ويطيب لي أن أتوجه بالشكر والعرفان بالجميل إلى المربي الكبير الأستاذ السيد محسن أحمد باروم الذي تولى إخراج هذا القاموس على نفقة دار الشروق كها أشكر مؤسسة إقرأ الثقافية العالمية شيكاغو لطباعته الثانية، مع العلم أن كتب المراجع والمعجمات بطيئة الدوران وقليلة الربح ولكنه أراد بنشر هذا العمل العلمي وجه الله ورضاه وخدمة دينه وكتابه الخالد والله المسؤول أن يتولى جزاءه.

كما يسعدني أن أشكر المجمع العلمي الاسلامي في مدينة لكناو بالهند (الذي يرأسه ساحة مولانا السيد أبي الحسن علي الحسني الندوي حفظه الله) حيث تم في مطابعه تنضيد الحروف الانجليزية ونظائرها العربية.

كما أنني مدين لفضل أخي في الله الاستاذ الفاضل محمد الرابع الحسني أمين عام المجمع والأستاذ الكاتب محي الدين مستشار المجمع لجهوده الكبيرة التي بذلها في تصحيح المسودات وتطبيق البروفات وشاركه في هذا العمل الشاق نجله العزيز السيد معين الدين.

كما يشكر المؤلف كل من ساعده في أكمال هذا العمل ويخص بالذكر منهم الأستاذ وقار عظيم الندوي والأخوة الأعزاء نسيم أختر والسيد محمد عزيز الندوي الأندوري والأبن فياض حفيظ الرحمن والأبن طه عبد الله الندوي. تقبل الله مني ومنهم هذا العمل المبارك أن شاء الله وأجزل الخير للجميع والحمد لله الذي بنعمته تتم الصالحات وآخر دعوانا أن الحمد لله رب العالمين.

كتبه العاجز الفقير الى رحمة ربه التكور عبد التكور عبد التكور عبد اللغة العربية - جامعة أم القرى مكة المكرمة / ١٤٠٣/٢/١٦ هـ.



#### Abbreviations

Acc.

Accusative case: in which a noun receives an additional (الله alif marked with tanween e.g. لا الله kitabun 'a book' becomes المنابع kitabun or just a fatha in case the noun is prefixed by an article المنابع . Also a verb of " المنابع imperfect" is marked with fatha that is a sign of suojunctive case. Thus المنابع becomes indicating a particle preceeding it, such as: النابك ال

Act. Pic.

Active participle: on the measure of its extended form indicating feminine, dual and plural i.e. numbers and genders.

Act. 2 Pic.

Active participle: on the measure of that denotes a stable meaning of the root such as one who Possess the description of ( ) generosity as permanent and inseparable nature of his personality.

Sometimes this form gives the meaning of Passive participle as:

Adj.

Adjective: Arabic has no special form for adjective as English does. A simple noun from active participle or passive participle can be used as adjective.

Ap-der

Active participle from one of the derived stems, such as : مُكرَّمُ from iv. مُكرَّمُ from ii and مُكرَّمُ

Assim.

Assimilation : The verb consists of a duplicated radical as غَدَد that is عَدَد that is

Card.

Cardinal Number

Comp.

Compound words: This word is compound by a noun and a verb followed by a pronominal such as in "my father", that is بالمناه المراجعة comprising 'an lat. P. objective pronoun' is shortend to ن i.e. the final is dropped.

D. Pron.

Demonstrative pronoun.

C/R

Contents requirements: Due to the contents the word choosen for translation in English, though the actual meaning differ from it, as shown in the root form (or) the form of the verb is of perfect but it meant future tense and vice versa.

EL

Emphatic with lam: There is a prefixed "J-Lam" to the imperfect subjunctive that means "in order to" as "in order to take it", when it is placed before a passive imperfect it means 'let-do as النَّافَةُ ' 'let him go' or 'he may go'.

Elative

- أَهْدَى e.g. أَفْمَلُ التَّفْضِيلِ ' e.g. أَفْمَلُ التَّفْضِيلِ 'more righteous than'. .

Elative-W

The form of elative denoting wonder, surprise and excess as with the 'how good is he!'

Emp.

'Emphatic' there is a duplicated nun نَ suffixed, to emphasize the meaning of the root e.g. ثَنْمَتُنْ 'he surely will go'.

Epl.

There are a duplicated mun 3 as in Emp above, suffixed and a "J la" prefixed to show the surety of the action denoted by the root form e.g. 'he surely shall kill'.

F|fem.

reminine: learner should note that in Arabic where a feminine singular verb precedes the subject of the sentence it does not necessarily mean that the subject is a feminine. Often a plural, receives the initiative verb of feminine singular as مُنَافَى اللهُ اللهُ

F.D.

Gen.

Genative: The word has occured in genative.

H.V.

Hamzated: This verb consists of a hamza in its original triliteral root, thus modified form of this verb has different shape than usual ones.

id.

idiom.

Imperf.

المنارع Imperfect tense

Interj.

Interjection.

Intrans.

Intransitive.

Ints.

السُمُ الْمَالَةِ: Intensive : Forms of noun known as عَلَّمُ such as عَلَّمُ well knows etc.

Juss.

Jussiv: Imperfect tense having sukun on the final letter due to negative i or being a part of conditional Phrase, or due to dropping the final letter that happens in a weak letter. Also, in case of a weak verb the final radical

L.C.

The "القَرْطِ 'Apodosis' is prefixed.

lit.

The literal meaning of this word is...

M/m/masc.

Masculine.

Metaphore, figurative expression. Meta. Plural noun. n.p. إِسْمُ أَلَّالِهُ Noun for instrument N-int. إِسْمُ الزَّمَانِ وَ الْمُكَانِ Noun for place or time N-P.T. The noun. n nun dropped: The final nun • i » of dual N.D. plural form is dropped due to idafa (Genative case) such as it is 'two muslims of the town', 'muslims of the town'. مُسَلِّعَ قُرُيَةٍ Negative. Neg. Nominative case : this sign used only where an Nom/accusative has occured to show contrasting form as which is in accusative مُسَلِّينَ in comparison to مُسَلُّونَ case. . Black' أَنْهُو دُ White' of أَيْعَانُ Black'. Opp. Person as: 1st. P, 2nd. P, 3rd. P. P Broken plural : as the plural of رَاكِعُ 'bower' is P.B. رَاكِمٌ Plural solid : as active participle : Plural of P.S. رَاكُمُونَ is Passive participle ( ) on the measure of Pact-Pic 'written', "praised'. الأش Imparative : Stands for command or order Perate Prefered to imperative as it does not signify the correct sense of (الْمَاضَيُّ) Perfect tense Perf المُضَارِعُ الْجُنُولُ Passive imperfect tense PIP Passive Participle from one of the derived stems as Pis. Pic. 'praised one', or "respected one'.

Plu. Plural

الْمَاضِيُّ الْجَنُولُ Passive Perfect الْمَاضِيُّ الْجَنُولُ

PROP-N Proper noun

Quad. Quadrilateral, having four radicals الرُّمَاعِي

R-adj. Relative adjective.

RF Root-form: means that the derived form has the same meaning as its triliteral root.

R. pron. Relative pronoun.

Sing. Singular.

SS Something or someone,

Trans. Transitive.

V.D. Vowel dropped: a vowel of the radical is dropped as from

V.N. Verbal noun إِنْهُ الْمُعَدِّر

Derived to

Derived from : also to show the مَاضِعُ imperfect and verbal noun الْمُعَادِعَ of the word occured in the H.Q.

>> While in the H.Q. only its derived form has occured, its literal form is given for convenience of the reader to know the original meaning.

he, she, it (i.e. what ever the subject suit the sentence is to be understood the word before which ~ occurs. In case of feminine ~ may refer to the plural subject as 'they'.

#### Derived Forms of the Triliteral Verb

The simple or root form of the verb is called 'stripped' or 'naked' verb), while the derived forms are said to be 'increased'. Derived forms are made by adding letters before or between the three radicals. Thus means 'to write'; "to write to", 'correspond with'; and "to write to each other", "to correspond with each other means "to kill"; "to massacre". "To break" trans.; and "to be broken", "to break" intrans.

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(e.g. اَهُوَ "to know"; اَهُوَ "to teach")

Form No. III

Form No. IV

Form No. IV

Form No. IV

Form No. V

Form No. V

Form No. V

Form No. V

Form No. VI

Form No. VII

Form No. VIII

Form No. VII

Form No. VIII
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Form No. VIII افتعل افت

#### Proper Names

Instead of Biblical transliteration of the proper names, the Arabic forms have been adopted throughout in this dictionery.

Readers will also notice a change in spelling of such names as 'Mecca' should be written 'Makkah'; 'Medina' should be written 'Madina' and so on.

The following list shows the Arabic names and their Biblical equivalents:

BIBLICAL	ARABIC	BIBLICAL
Adam	Qarun	Koran
Elisha	Saba	Sheba
Job	Sulaiman	Solomon
Babel	Talut	Saul
David	Taurat	Torah
Jesus	Uzair	Ezra
Pharaoh	Yajuj	Gog
Aaron	Ya'qub	Jacob
Abraham	Yahudi	Jew
Amran	Yahya	John
Elias	Yunus	Jonah
Gospel	Zakariyya	Zacharias
Issac		- ((*)
Ishmael		
Goliath		
Gabriel	*	*
Lot	*	×
Egypt	* *	
Magog	56	
Mary	× ×	
Michael	. **	- 🛠
Moses	50	*
Noah		
	Adam Elisha Job Babel David Jesus Pharaoh Aaron Abraham Amran Elias Gospel Issac Ishmael Goliath Gabriel Lot Egypt Magog Mary Michael Moses	Adam Qarun Elisha Saba Job Sulaiman Babel Talut David Taurat Jesus Uzair Pharaoh Yajuj Aaron Ya'qub Abraham Yahudi Amran Yahya Elias Yunus Gospel Zakariyya Issac Ishmael Goliath Gabriel Lot Egypt Magog Mary Michael Moses

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العظيم، بيروت (أفست) ١٩٧٥م.

أبن منظور: أبو الفضل محمد ابن مكرم، لسان العرب بيروت ١٩٦٥ م.

الأفغاني: الأستاذ سعيد مذكرات في قواعد اللغة العربية دمشق

۱۲۷۱ هـ .

البغوي: الحسين بن مسعود الفراء م ٦١٦هـ ، معالم التنزيل الحلي - مصر ١٣٢٦هـ.

البيغاوي: نصير الدين عبد الله بن محمد م ٦٨٥ هـ.

أنوار التنزيل وأسرار التأويل، مصر ١٣٥٥ هـ.

ترزي: فؤاد خيا، الأشتقاق بيروت (عام الطبع غير مذكور).

الراغب: أبو القاسم الحسين بن محمد المعروف بالراغب الأصفهاني

المفردات في غريب القرآن - الحلبي مصر ١٣٨١ هـ.

الزمخشري: المفسر أبو القاسم جار الله محمود بن عمر م٥٣٨ هـ.

١ - الكشاف عن حقائق التنزيل بيروت ١٣٨٥ هـ.

٢ - أساس البلاغة بيروت ١٣٨٥ هـ.

السيوطي: العلامة عبد الرحمن جلال الدين م ٩١١هـ .

١ - الأتقان في علوم القرآن مصر.

٢ - معترك الأقران في أعجاز القرآن.

٣ - المزهر في علوم اللغة وأنواعها.

سعيد: سعيد الخوري أقرب الموارد بيروت (عام الطبع غير مذكور).

شاهين: توفيق محمد شاهين المشترك اللغوي نظرية وتطبيقا، مكتبة وهبه، القاهرة ١٤٠٠هـ.

عبد الباقي: محمد قواد عبد الباقي معجم غريب القرآن مستخرجا من صحيح البخاري، مصر ١٩٥٠م.

العبكري: الحسين بن عبد الله م ٦١٦ هـ أملاء ما من به الرحمن من

20

وجوه الأعراب والقراءات في جمع القرآن – الحلبي – مصر ١٣٨٠ هـ.

الفراء: أبو زكريا محيي الدين بن زياد الفراء معاني القرآن بيروت ١٩٨٠م.

الجمع: مجمع اللغة العربية - القاهرة معجم ألفاظ القرآن الكريم القاهرة (عام الطبع غير مذكور).

المغنى: جال الدين بن هشام الأنصاري مغنى اللبيب الحلبي - القاهرة.

موسى: محمد أبو موسى خصائص التراكيب دراسة تحليلية لمسائل البيان - القاهرة ١٤٠٠هـ.

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#### يشيرالله الزخئن الزجيب

## كتاب الألف (الهمزة)

#### آلَوْتَرَ ؟

Didst thou not see? (105:1)

أَوْلَوْسِ وْالنَّانَاقِ الْأَرْضَ مَنْفُصُهَا

Behold they not that we visit the land diminishing it. (13:41)

أَفَدُ وَنُتُومُنَا لَكُ كُونَ مِن وُولِ اللهِ

Bethink ye then those whom ye call upon beside Allah. (39:38)

To introduce an alterna- (2) tive question, the second alternative starts with as:

قُلُ أَذٰلِكَ خَيْرًا مُرجَنَّهُ الْخُلْدِ

Say Thou: Is that better or Garden of Abidance? (25:15)

To denote a dubitative (3) sense 'Whether'

ءَانْذَرْتَهُمُّ أَمَّ لَوْتُنْذِرُهُمْ

Wheather Thou warnest them or warnest them not. (2:6)

#### \* \* \* 1

an interrogative article (1) placed before a verb

أَجْعَلْتُوْسِقَايَةُ الْمَآجِّ دَ....؟

Did you hold the giving of drink to the pilgrims and ....? (9:19)

or before a preposition as:

آني الله شَكُّ ؟

Is there any doubt in Allah? (14:10)

or before a pronoun as:

اَنْتَ قُلْكَ ؟

didst thou say ? (5:116)

or before another particle or a letter of the conjunction such as: إِنَّ or فَ

art thou verily

أَإِنَّكَ

or ( أَيُثَكَ written as ( أَيُثَكَ

And for his parents each of them shall have one sixth.

[4:11]

fathers (physically)(1) (n. p.) 391

وَلَا تَنْكِحُوا مَا نَكُمُ ابَاؤُكُو

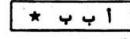
And do not marry women whom your fathers previously married. [4:22]

forefathers (2)

اوَتَغُونُونَالِتَمَا أَشْرَكَ الْإِوْنَامِن مَبْلُ

Or lest you say; it was but our forefathers who associated afore. [7:173]

According to Raghib the word Tincludes, besides fathers, forefathers, paternal uncles, teachers of the old, spiritual leaders etc.



grass (n.) acc.

أكدآ

forever (1) (adj.)

متاكشتن فشوابدا

Staying in it for ever. [18:3]

(2) never

We will never enter it. [5:24]

father (n.)

declined with letters as

nom.

acc.

gen.

The word in sigular signifies father in the sense of blood relationship as

مَا كَانَ مُحَمِّدُ أَيَّا آحَدِ مِن رَجَالِكُو

Mohammad was not father of any one of your men.

[33:40]

meanwhile the singular denoates the meaning of plural from. and is used for forefather in spiritual sense.

The creed of your forefather Ibrahim. [22:78]

Zamakhshari observes ;

هُوَ أَوْ رَسُولِ اللهِ عَلَىٰ فَكَانَ أَمَا لِأَمَّتِهِ

لِأَنَّ أَمَّةَ الرَّمُنولِ فِي مُحَمُّ أَوْلَادِم

Ibrahim was forefather of the Messenger of Allah. Thus he became father of his community; as the Messenger's community is as good for him as his descendents.

parents (n. dual.) أَوَانِ الْوَيْنِ

24

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) | ithey refused

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) أَيْنَ they (f) refused

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) المجان refuses

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing) بَأْبُ ~refuses (with a N particle)

وَلَايَأْبَ كَايِّتُ آنُ كِكُنُهُ

Let not the scribe refuse to write. (2:282)

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) غالیٰ refuses

ا ت ی ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

< ~ came,

to come, arrive, اَنْ بَأْنِ إِبْنَاناً

~brought, gave, (ب) آلی (ب)

to bring, present (ب) آلِيّا آ

~ came (perf 3 p. f. sing.) حُتَّةُ

(perf. 3 p. f. dual) اَتَيَا they (twain) came

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) آيُنُونَ they (f) came

we came (perf. Ist p. plu.)

< ried (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) آبَقَ بَا بِقُ أَبِقًا إِنْ الْبَقَ أَبِقًا (escape (as a slave))</p>

\* \* \* \*

أَمَارِيْقُ ( إِبْرِيْقُ bowls (n. phu. of

١ ب ك ★

أَبْكَارٌ عِع بِ كُ ر

ا ب ل \*

camel (n.) Jy

a flying creature (n.)

إِنْ ابِنُ see (n.) بن و

١ ب ي \*

آبِيٰ ( أب + ى .Comp) my father

يَا أَبَتِ ( أب + ت .Comp) O my father

أبي (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

< ~ refused

to refuse, reject آلَٰ بَأَنْ إِلَا إِلَا اللهِ ال

	-75
give, pay(perate m. sing.)iv	1
(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) iv أُوْنِيَ he was given	
(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اُوْ وُوُّا they were given	
(pp. 2 p. m. sing.) iv أُوْتِيْتَ thou was given	
(pp. 2 p. m. plu.) iv افریتم you were given	-
(pp. 1st p. sing.) iv أُوْرِيْنَا we were given	
(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُؤْتَ he is (or will be) given	
(pip. 3 .m. lu.) iv يُوْ قُونَ they are (or will be) given	
(pip. 1st p. sing.) i اُوْتَ I am given	
(ap-der. > iv m. plu.) الْمُؤْتُونَ the givers	
(pis. pic. m. sing./used for ap-der) acc. المَانِية	
comer certainly that is to be fulfilled	

ث ث ★

أَنْهُ / أَنْكُ

they (f) give

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) he comes أَلَىٰ / تَأْتِ acc. عَالَىٰ / وَأَلِي thou come they come (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) آنون (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) acc. he comes تَأْتُوا / تَأْتُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. you come كأت / كأن (imperf. Ist p.plu.) acc. we come come! bring! (perate m. sing.) (perate m. dual) (you twain) come ! (perate m. plu.) \ 2 (you all) come ! to bring, آف يُؤْنِي iv اِنْتَاماً to give 57 (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < ~ brought, gave, يۇ ي (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~gives 37 (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv thou give (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they give (imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv مۇ تىن

26

household, (n) acc.

goods,

#### ~effect (2)

#### ريمَ لَعُمْرُ فِي وَجُوْهِمْ مِنَ آثَرِ السُّجُوْدِ

Mark of them is on their faces from the effect of prostration. [48:29]

effects (1)

(n.p.)

٢ٵڗؙ

كانظرال اثررخمت الله

Look, then, at the effects of Allah's mercy. [30:50]

traces (2)

كالوالمم أشكر وفائم أوة واقارا

They were mightier than thee in strength and in the traces (which they have left of their power and glory). [40:21]

footsteps, after (3)

فلعكك بالجع تفسك عل أغادهم

Haply thou art going to kill theyself over their footsteps. [18:6]

trace (4)

100

إينون بكتب مِن قَبْلِ هُذَا أَوَاثُوا مِنْ مِنْ عِلْمِ

Bring me a book before this or some trace of knowledge. [46:4]

ا ت ل 🖈

Temarisk

(n) 18

#### ات ر ★

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) آُرُنَ <they (f) raised to transmit, to raise (مَا يَأْمُرُ أَثْرُ الْمِرَافِي preferred (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

to prefer إِنَّاراً إِنَّاراً

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُؤْمِرُونَ they prefer

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv وَرُوُونَ you prefer

(imperf. Ist p. phu.) عُوْرُدُ

~we prefer

لَنْ وَيْرَكِ

We shall never prefer thee." [20: 72]

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.)

~transmitted

فَقَالَ إِنْ هُذَّ الْأَسِحُرُ يُؤْتَرُ

Then he said; naught is this but magic transmitted (i.e. transmitted from the writings of the former generations). [74:24]

~footstep (1)

(n)

فَقَبَحْتُ قَبْضَةً قِنْ أَثْوِالزَّسُوْلِ

So I took a handful from the footstep of the messenger. [20:96]

#### يَّالَبُوالْتَأْجِرُهُ إِنَّ خَيْرَ مَنِ اسْتَأْجَرُتَ الْغَوِيُّ الْأَمِيْنُ

O my father! hire him, for the best that thou can hire is strong and trustworthy one. [28: 26]

reward; hire

(n.) 34

rewards; hires (1) (n.p.) أَجُورٌ ال

وَلَمَّاالَذِيْنَ اَمَنُوا وَعَلُواالطَّلِحْتِ فَيُوَفِّينُهِمُ أَنْجُوْدَهُمُّ

And as for those who believed and worked righteous works, he shall repay them their hires. [3:57]

> dowers (2) نَالُهُ هُنَ أَجُورِهُ ثَنَ فَرَيْضًا

So give them their dowers stipulated. [4:24]

\* J = 1

reason (particle)

14

مِنُ آجُلِ ذُلِكَ

because of that (5:32)

(an appointed) term (n) أَجَلُ

وَلِكُلِي أَمَّةُ إِنَّكُمْ

And for every community there is (an appointed) term (i.e. in the divine plan). [7:34] ا د م ★

أَثُمُ إِنَّا وَ مَأْفَالِهِا to commit a sin or crime

the requital or recomp- (n.) fif

sinful (act. pic. m. plu.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. آيُونِينَ sinful persons

sinful person (act. 2 pic.)

a sin, a lie (v. n. >ii) فيمُ

\* 5 5 1

bitter

(n. adj.) جُاجُ

اجر ★

أَجُو (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

<thou hires</p>
أَجَرَ يَأْجُرُ أَجُرا (ن)

to hire; employ

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) x السُتَـــ أُجَرُتَ thou hast hired

إِنْسَا أُجِرُ hire! (perate m. sing.) x

ا ج ل

آخَذُ يَأْخُذُ أَخُذاً وَ مَأْخَذاً (ن) to take, put, catch

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) اُخَذَتُ she took, put

they took (perf. 3 p.f. plu.) اُخَذُنَّ you took (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) اُخَذُنُّمُ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

we took (perf. Ist p. plu.)

~will take

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m.plu.) يَأْخُذُونَ they will take

أَخُذُوا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu) acc. يَأْخُذُوا they take (or) may they take

nom آخُذُونَ acc. آخُدُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) you will take

(thou) take! (perate m. sing.) غَلَا (you) take! (perate m. plu.) خُدُوُا (is taken (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) أُخِدَا أَنْ اللهُ الل

الْآجَلَيْنِ (dual n.) الْآجَلَيْنِ فَصَانَعَلَىٰ الْآجَلَيْنِ فَصَانَعَلَىٰ الْآجَلِيْنِ فَصَانَعَلَىٰ

Whichsoever of the two terms
I fulfilled it shall be no
harshness to me. [28:28]

< thou (perf. 2 p.m. sing.)</p>
hast appointed.

أَجَّلَ بُوَجُّلُ تَأْجِبُلاً to fix a term

وَيَلِفُنَّا آجَلْنَا الَّذِي فَي آجَلْتَ لَنَا

And we have reached the term which thou hast appointed for us. [6:128]

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) اُجِّلُتُ ~is timed, appointed, has been fixed

لِآي يَوْمِ أَجِّلَتُ

For what day is it timed? [77: 12]

أَمُوَ جَلُ (pis-pic) مُوَجَّلُ مُوَجَّلُهُ كُشًا مُنَّا مُنَا مُنْا مُنَا مُنْا مُنْا مُنْ

A recorded term. [3:145]

\* > 5 1

one (m) (cordinal num.) آُحَدُ

إخدى (f) one

اخ ذ ★

(perf. p.m. sing.) آغَذَ (~took, put. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii + takes (1)

وَمِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ مَنْ يَتَّخِذُ مَا يُنْفِقُ مَغْرَمًا

And the dweller of the desert is one who taketh up that which he expecteth as a fine. (9:98)

~set up (2)

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يَكْفِدُ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ آنْدَادًا

And of mankind are (some) that set up compeers unto Allah. (2:165)

أَنْجُدُّدُ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii أَنْجُدُدُ thou take

nom. يَتَّخِذُوْلَ acc./ يَتَّخِذُوْلَ (imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) viii they take

nom. تَخْذُوُلَ acc./ المَّخْذُوُنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii you take

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) viii نَتْخِذُ we adopt, take

take ! (perate m. sing.) viii إِلَّخِيدُ

(perate f. sing.) viii إِلَّيْدِيْ (thou f.) take!

(perate m. plu.) إِلَّحْنِدُوا (you) take!

taking, overtaking (1) (۲.۳.) أخُـــُدُّ 30 (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii يُؤَاخِدُ will call SS to account

لايُؤاخِذُكُو اللهُ بِاللَّغُوفَ أَيْمَانِكُمُ

Allah will not call you to account for what is vain in your oaths. [2:225]

لاً تُوَاخِدُ (perate/neg.) iii إِنْ punish not, reckon not

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اِعْدُدُ < ~ he has taken

to adopt, أَغْمَاذُ الْمُعَاذِ الْمُعَاذِ الْمُعَاذِ الْمُعَاذِ الْمُعَاذِ الْمُعَاذِ الْمُعَاذِ الْمُعَاذِ ا

Note: Raghib has mentioned this root in うっさっこっ others put it in うっこう

وَقَالُوا الْمُشْدَدُ اللَّهُ وَلِكَ ا

And they said, Allah hath adopted a son (or) Allah hath taken a son. [2:116]

الْخَذَوُا perf. 3 p.m. phu.) viii الْخَذَوُا they have taken

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) vili اَتَّخَذُتُ thou hast taken

(perf. Ist p. sing.) viii عُنَدُتُ I have taken

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii الْحَذَةُ مُّ you have taken

(perf. Ist p.m. plu.) viii لَّغَذُنَا we have taken

۳.

one who takes (ap-der > viii) SS as possessor of, certain adjectives (L.L.).

#### مَاكُنْتُ مُتَّفِنَا الْمُضِلِّينَ عَضُمًا

Nor was I one who takes seducers as supporters. [18:51]

(ap-der. m. plu. n.d.) ئىنچىدىدى takers SS in certain object

#### وَلَامُتَخِذِئَ اَخْتَانِ

And not taking (them) as secret concubines. [5:5]

مُتَخِذَاتُ (ap-der. f. plu.)

those women who take some one (in friendship for sinful, illegal relationship)

### اخد★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii آخَرَ

~put behind, delayed.

to delay, اَخَّرَ يُؤَخِّرُ تَأْخِيرًا put behind

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) ii آخَّرَتُ (she) put behind, delayed

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii أُخَرُهُا we put behind, delayed

(perf 2 p.m. sing.) آخُرُتَ thou hast delayed. thou hast delayed me

#### وَكُذُ لِكَ آخَذُ رَيْكَ

And such is the overtaking of thy Lord. [11:102]

grip (2)

#### فَأَخَذُنْهُمُ أَخُذَعُونِيْنِيْمُقْتَلُورِ

Whereof We laid hold of (took) them with grip of (Our) might. [54:42]

أَخُذَةً (n.) grip

(act. pic m. sing.) آخِــــَدُّ one who holds SS with grip

#### مَامِنْ دَآبَةِ إِلاهُوَاخِذُ إِنَاصِيَتِهَا

No moving creature is there but He holdeth it by its forelock. [11:56]

(act. pic. m. phu.) acc. آخِذِنُّ those who hold SS, takers

آخِذِيُهِ -nd.) الْخِذِيْهِ (com. نَخِذِيْنَ

overtakers, holders with grip (of it or him).

taking (v.n.>viii) آنِفَاذُ

#### وتكخفكت كأنفتكم بالقاذك البينل

Verily you have wronged your souls by your taking the calf. [2:54] (n. plu.) nom. آخِرُوْنَ acc. آخِرِ ثِنَ others

another (f.) (n.) (أخراى others (f.) (n. plu.)

final, last, that is to (n.)

الَيْوَمُ الآخِرُ المائِدُ Last Day (Hereafter) الْيَوْمُ الآخِرُ last, coming after (n.)

the abode of Hereafter الدَّادُ الآخِرَةُ

اخ د ★

brother (n.) أَوُّجُ

declined as أَبُّ with letters not vowels. Thus

nom. أَخْرُ Acc. آخُوُ gen. أَخُو

 siginfies A male person having the same parents as another or others or having only one parent in common.

#### التىاكنوآغاه

He took his brother to himself. [12:69]

(2) A person of the same descent, land, creed or faith with other or others

#### إِنَّهَا الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْحُوفَةُ

The believers are naught elsethen Brothers.

[49:10]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii € ~delays

(imperf. Ist. p. phu.) ii デザ

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ii يُوَّخُرُ ~is delayed, will be delayed will not be delayed

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v تَأَخَّرَ delayed (1)

#### وَمَنْ تَأْكُونَالْا الْتُوعَلَيْهِ

And whosoever delayth on him is no sin. [2:203]

that comes later (2)

مَاتَعَتَدَمَين فَنْهِكَ وَمَا تَأْخَرَ

That hath preceded by thy fault and that which may come later. [48:2]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v المَّاتِّقُ مُّا المُّاتِينِ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x يَسَتَأْخِرُونَ they remained behined.

استأخر to remain behind

أَسْتَأْخِرُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) نَسْتَأْخِرُونَ you remain behind.

(ap-der.>x, m. plu)acc. الْمُنَا فِيرِينَ who are delayed behind.

another (n.)

other two (n. dual.) ゴデ

other two (n. dual.) ace.

أداة

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. ii وَدُوا that you pay back

hand over! (perate. m. plu,) أَدُوا

to deliver up (v.n.)
(the thing entrusted
to its owner)

\* 0 3 1

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) أَذِنَ ∼allowed (1)

أَذِنَ يَأْذَنُ إِذْنَا (س)

to bear, perceive, respond, listen, allow

إلامن آذِن لَهُ الرَّحْمُنُ

Except he whom the Beneficent allowed. [78:38]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) اَذِنَتْ perceived, heard (2)

وَآذِنْتُ لِرَبِهَا وَخُقَّتُ

And listened to its Lord and is made fit. [84:2]

(perf. 2 p.m sing.) اَذِنْتَ thou permitted (3)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) اَذَنَ permits

عَلَى يَأْوَنَ إِنَّ إِنَّ إِنَّ

Until my father permits me. [12:80]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) آذَنَ I give permission. in the genitive case أين as:

فأفارى سنوءة أين

So cover the dead body of my brother. [5:31]

لِيُورَهُ كُيْفَ يُوَارِئَ سَنوءَةَ آخِيهِ

To show him how to cover the dead body of his brother. [5:31]

(n. dual.) acc.-gen. أَخَوَ يْنِ two brothers

two brothers (n. dual.) nom. أُخَوَانِ

brothers (n. p.)

غوة brothers (n. p.)

sister (n.)

two sisters (n. dual.) الأختين

sisters (n. plu.) أَخَوَاتُ

أدد 🖈

impious, disastrous (n.) acc. 15

\* 5 3 1

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii يُؤَدِّ ~delivers أَدِي يُؤَدِّى تَأْدِيَةً

to pay, perform,

(el. 3 p.m. sing.) ii لِبُوَدِّ ~in order to pay back, should pay back

44

نَعُلُ الْذَنْتُكُوْعَلَى سَوَآه

Then say; I have warned you all alike. (21:109)

to declare (2)

قَالُوٓ الزَّلْكُ مَامِتَامِنْ شَهِنيو

They will say; we declared to thee not one of us can bear witness. (41:47)

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv is we declared

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v تَأْذُنُّ proclaimed

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x انْسَأُذُنَّ asked leave

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x اشتَأَذُنُونًا they asked leave

(imperf. 3 p.m. p. sing.) x يَشْتَأُذِنُ asks leave

يَسُتَأْذِنُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَسُتَأْذِنُونَ they ask leave

proclamation, (v.n.) آذَانُ announcement

permit, leave (n.) اِذُنْ

ear; all ears or (metp.) (n.) أَذُنُّ hearer أَذِنَ (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) أُذِنَ ∼is allowed

يُوْ ذَنُ (pip 3 p.m. sing.) يُؤُذُنُ سis allowed

excuse (1) (perate m. sing.) إِثْنَانُ

ائُذُنْ إِنْ وَلَا تُعْدِينَى

Excuse me and try me not. (9:49)

give leave (2)

فَأْذَنُ لِنَنْ شِثْتَ مِنْهُمْ

Give leave to whom thou wilt of them. (24:62).

be apprised (3)

فأذنوا يحرب تن الله وسكوله

Then be apprised of war from Allah and His messenger. (2:279)

(you) permit (perate m. plu.) إِنْدَوُّا

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii آڏن announced

announce! (perate m. sing.) ii أُذَّنُ call! make known to eve. / body

(apder. > ii m. sing.) مُؤَذِّنُ an announcer

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) iv آذَنْتُ <1 warned (1)

iv آذَنَ بُوٰذِنُ إِنْدَانَا مُؤَنِّنُ إِنْدَانَا مِنْ أَنْدَاناً أَنْ أَنْ أَنْ أَنْ أَنْ أَنْ أَنْ

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(imprf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُؤُذُونَ they give trouble, harm or annoy

ئۇدۇن . nom ئۇدۇرا .

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you annoy, give trouble

give punish- (perate m. sing.) آذُوُا ment!

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) دُوْنِيَ has been given trouble, persecuted

They were (pp. 3 p.m. phu.) اُوْدُوُا persecuted

we were per- (pp. 1st p.plu.) أُوُذِيُنَا

(pip. 3 p. f. plu.) يُؤُذُنُنُ they (f) should be given trouble

أَذَى (n.) (ailment (1)

اوَيِهِ اَدَى ثِنْ تَأْمِيهِ

Or has an aliment of the head. [2:196] harmful (2)

كالكواذ كالماكز لوالتسآدن الكيني

Say Thou: it is harmful Keep aloof from women during menstrual charge. [2:222] ears (1)

وَتَعِيمَ أَذْنُ وَاعِيهُ

It might be retained by the retaining ears. [69:12]

all ears or hearer (2)

وَيَقُولُونَ هُوَاذُن

And they say: he is all ears (hearer, looking for news). [9:61]

ears (phu. of اَذَنَّ ) his two ears (dual n.d.) اَذَنَّ الْمُنْتُ الْمُنْتُ (both ears of him)

\* \* \* \*

أَذْهَانُ see نُقُ ثُنْ

\* 531

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv آذَوُا They maligned, annoyed

آذَى يُؤذِي إِنْدَاءا

to hurt, cause bodily pain, wound the feeling

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv اَذَيْتُمُ you maligned, annoyed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُوْذِيُ ~gives trouble, harms, annoys through disease or extreme old age have lost reason and manhood.

(Jid.>Rgh.)

purposes (plu. n.) مَآرِبُ (sing. مَأْرُبَةُ

أرض ★

earth, land, city, (n.) آُرُضُّ country

ارك\*

أَرَائِكُ (sing. أَرَائِكُ (أَرَيْكُ (sing. أَرَيْكُ

1 دم ★

'IRAM' or 'Aram' () was according to one account, the name of the great fathers of is, from whom the tribe took its name; and according to another the name of the city in which it lived.

The عاد are called ماد , the word عاد means 'lofty buildings' supported by columns.

#### injury (3)

خُتُولًا يُنتِبُعُونَ مَا أَنفَعُوا مَثَا وَلَا أَذًى

Then they follow not up what they spent with reproach or injury. (2:262)

annoying (4)

وَدَعْ أَذْنُهُمْ

And disregard their annoying (talk). (33:48)

a slight evil, slighter than what is termed (LL.); or anything causing a slight harm. (Rgh.)

إذ ، إذا

remember (particle) when, (pointing to the past),

(particle) [5] when (pointing to the future)

۱ ر ب \*

need (n.) إِرْبَهُ means غَيْرُ أُولِيْ الْإِرْبَةِ those male attendants who back, strength

آزر (n)

## اشدُدُيةٍ أَزْيَرِي

Confirm by him my strength. (20: 31) (Arb.)

Strengthen by him my back. (Jid.)

#### \* 331

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) (assim v) ず they (satans) incite

#### تؤزهٔ عَالَاًا

They incite them by an incitement. (19:83)

#### ا ز ف **\***

أَزِ فَتُ ( perf. 3 p.f. sing. ) أَزِفَ ، مَأْزَفُ ( س ) أَزِفَ ، مَأْزَفُ ( س ) to get nigh

that is coming (act. pic. f.) آزِفَةُ very soon

# 1 س س 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (assim v) حَسَنَ (~laid the foundation

أَسَاشُ (n) foundation

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. أُسِّسَ ∼laid (its foundation)

#### إنقرؤايت الميسكاد

Aram, the possessors of lofty buildings supported by highly built columns. (89: 7) (Rgh.)

"the people of many columned 'IRAM". (Jid.)

lit.: 'IRAM' possessing lofty structures supported by columns. The reference is to the earthly Paradise built by Shaddad, son of 'Ad' one of the greatest king of the dynasty.

(Jid. P. 30, nn. 333)

# **★** 151

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv づい

 $\sim$  >strengthened

to help آزَرَ مُوَازَرَةً strengthen

\* \* \* \*

Azar

(p.n.) 551

Prophet Ibrahim's father, an an idolater. According to Bible quoted by Jid. his name in Bible is Terah (also Zarah). He was the Chief Officer of King Nimrod and a great favourite with his royal master.

# ا س ن 🖈

altered (pact. pic.) (i.e. water, the colour and smell of it are altered.)

# ا س و ★

(n) أَمْوَةً أَا <example, an object of imitation, model آمَا تَأْمُوا أَمُوا to dress a wound, console أَمْتُوا .imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. أَمَّاتُوا you sorrow

#### لِكُنْلَاتًا سَوَاعَلَى مَا فَاعْدُه

Lest you sorrow for the sake of that which hath escaped you. (57:23)

# ا س ی 🖈

(imp. 1st p. sing.) iii < I sorrow for أيييَ بَأْلِمُ أَمَّةٍ to be grieved, be affected

sorrow (n) آستي

لا تأس be grieved not (perate. neg.) أ

أشر ر ★

rash, insolent

38

أير (١١)

اسْتَسْبُرَقُ (n) brocades اُسْتَعْلَل see ع ل و

# أس ر ★

تَأْمِيرُ وُنَ (h.v.) (imperf. 2 p.m. phu.) < you take—imprison آبِرَ. بَاینُر ، آشراً ( ح ) to bind, take captive structure, joints, frame (n)

أسنر (act. 2 pic.) captive, prisoner

captives, prisoners (plu. n.) أسارى

آشریٰ see س ر ی

#### ا س ف \*

(perf. 3 p.m. phu.) iii اسَفَدُ ا they made SS angry, أُيِنَ مِأْسُكُ أَسُكًا (س) to be sad, grieve about.

(in) sorrow, anger (n.) acc. [in] (v.n.) acc. sorrow and anger

مَا أَسَوْا (O my sorrow (interjec.)

أَعَانَ/أَعِيْنُوُا / اِسْتَيْبُنُوُا see ع و ن أَغُرَيْنَا see غ ر و

1 ف ف \*

fie! Oh! (interjec.)

ا ف ق ★

(n. p.) آفَقُ (n. sing.) آفَقُ horizons; horisons

1 0 6 \*

أَفِكُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَأْفِكُونَ

<they feign, make a false show

أَفَكَ بَأَفِكُ إِنْكُمْ

to tell a lie, change another purpose, turn away from.

أَوْكُ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu. (wv) أَوْكُ thou turns away

آجِفْتَنَالِتَأْفِكُنَاعَنَ الِهَتِنَا

Art thou come to us that thou may turn us away from our gods? [46:22]

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) أُولِكَ was turned away 1 ص د ★

مُؤْصَدَةٌ (pis. pic. iv, f. sing.) مُؤْصَدَةٌ < closed over to shut, close آوُصَدَ

ا ص د

إِصْرٌ burden (1) (n)

رَبِّنَاوَلَاتَعْيِلْ مَلَيْنَا إِصْرًا

Our Lord, do not lay upon us a burden. [2:286]

compact (2)

وَاخَذُنُّوعَلَى ذَٰلِكُ وَاصْدِي

And do you take my compact in this matter.[ 3:81]

\* J on 1

root (n) أَمْلُ

roots (n.p.)

evening (n)

evenings (n.p.) Jul

\* 1 6 1

أَعْطَلَى ، أَعْطَبُنَــاكَ، أَعْطُوُا seeع ط و

اع ف \*

أَعْمُوا see ع ف و

44

افك

ا ف ن \*

أَفُنَــَانٌ see ف ن ى

\* 7 7 1

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) كُلُّ أ they twain ate they ate (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) الْكُلُّةُ! eats (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) يَأْكُلَانِ they twain eat they eat (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَأْكُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) اَ كُلُنَ they (f) eat

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

تاً كُلُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you eat

we eat (imperf. Ist p. plu.)

(perate f. sing.) گُلِيْ eat (addressed to a woman) 40 (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) أَوُ فَاكُ is turned away

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) بُوُّ فَكُونَ they are turned away

(pip. 2 p.m. plu.) تُوُفَكُونَ you are turned away

a lie; slander (n) إُذَكُ big liar; big slanderer (n. ent)

the subverted (cities)

the subverted or overturned (cities)

\* \* \* \*

أُقْتُتُ see و ق ت

ا ف ل **\*** 

set (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (h.v.)

أَفَلَ بَأْفُكُ أُفُولًا (ن) to set

مَعْلَتُ set (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) (h.v) حُلِّلُتُ

(act. pic. m. phu.) acc. آفالتُنَ setting ones, (moon, sun or stars) cause to deprive of, or decrease

# \* 3 J 1

الَّذِيُ (Sing.) الَّذِيْنَ (plu.) الَّذِيْنَ اللَّذَيْنِ (dual) acc. اللَّذَيْنِ (relative pronoun) (dual. n) اللَّذَانِ who, who that

> الِّيْ (Sing.) اللَّانِيُّ ، اللَّانِيُّ (الْٰتِيُّ)

(rel. pronouns f.) (plu.) who, which, that

# ١ ل ف \*

( perf. 3 p.m. sing. ) ii أَلَّفَ < ~ united, joined

to acustom لَإِنَا بَأَلْفُ إِلْنَا

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing) ii يُؤَلِّفُ units, joins together

protection (Sale.) (v.n. iv) إِيْلَافُ taming (Pic.), keeping (Jid.)

( pis. pic. ii, f. sing. ) مُؤَلِّفَةُ that is made to incline

## والنؤلفاة فأويهن

and those whose hearts are to be conciliated. [9:60] (perate m. f. dual) کارُ eat (O you twain)

eat (you) (perate m. phu.) کارُ اُن و eating (n) کارُ اُن و eating (acc.) کارُ اُن و اُن وَاِنْ وَالْمُ اِن وَن

greedy (n. Ints. plu.) اگاؤن (sing. اگاؤن) (pact. pic.) مَأْكُون eaten up, devoured

#### \* 1 1 1

ties of relationship (n) الْأَوْ الْقَالِيُّةُ الْقَالِيُّ وَالْقَالُ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللل

lo! (particle) 🏋

lest (particle \( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \) \\
that not,

# ا ل ت \*

we (perf. Ist. p. plu.) (h.v.) اَلْتُنَا deprived of > (ض) الْتَ بَالِتُ ٱلْتَا (ض to deprive of, decrease, anything other than the UNIMAGINABLE SUP-REME BEING.

The word has no corresponding word in English or in any language of the world.

O Allah! مُبَّمُ (According to some grammarians اللَّهُ الْمَا أَنْهُ أَمْنًا عَمَّا أَمْنًا عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ الْمُعَالِّمُ الْمُعَلِّمُ الْمُعَلِّمُ الْمُعَلِّمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ الْمُعَلِّمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلِي

اً ل و ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) (h.v.) اَأُوْنَ <a href="theywill fall short">they will fall short</a>

to fall الاَ بَأَلُو الرَّا short, refuse, be remiss

# لَا يَأْلُونَكُوْخَيَالًا

They shall not be remiss in corrupting (your affairs). (3:118)

(acc) أَوْلُوا (particle) أَلِيْ ، أُوْلِيَ possessors, owners of those who are أُوْلُو بَقِيسَاءِة owners of wisdom possessors, owners of (f.) أُوْلاَتُ أُولاً one thousand (card. numb.) أَنْكُ

(card. numb. dual ) acc. اُلْفَيَنِ two thousands

(card. numb. phu.) آلُوْتُ الْوُفُّ thousands

\* 1 1

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) أَلْوُنَ

they are suffering, to suffer, feel pain

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَأْكُونَ you ars suffering

(act. 2 pic. adj. m.) effective, painful

\* • J 1

god (n) (1)

gods (n. p.)

The proper name app- (n)

lied to the Being who exists necessarily by Himself.

comprising وَاجِبُ الْوُجُودِ all the attributes of per-

all the attributes of perfection.

The word has neither feminine nor plural and has never been applied to (v.n.) 45/1

to keep away from the wife

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii يَأْتُلُ Swear off

> وَلَا يَٰاتَلِ أُولُوا الْفَصَٰلِ مِثَكُمُ وَالسَّعَةِ أَنْ يُؤْنُوا أُولِي الْعُرْبُ

And let not the owners of affluence, and amplitude among you swear off from giving unto the kindred. [24:22]

favours bounties, (n.p.) "IT (sing. (le ))

\* - 1

ruggedness (n) 21

كَاتَوٰى نِيهُمّاءِوجَاوَلَآ آمَتًا

Wherein thou shalt not see any crookedness or ruggedness. (20:107)

1 م د \*

a distant term, time, place (n)

ام د 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) أَمَّا

"The bearers أُولاَتُ الْآَحَالِ of burdens" (i.e. pregnant women)

those, these (demonstrative) أُوْلَيْكُ (these (demonstrative)

( وال عن see

أَوْلاً. أَوْلاً / أَوْلاً:

(a separable preposition) Us

مِنَ السَّعِدِ الْحَوَامِ إِلَى السَّجِدِ الْأَقْصَا

From the Sacred Mosque to to the Furthest Mosque. [17:1]

with, adding to (2)

وَلَا تَاكُلُوا المُوالَهُ وَإِلَّ الْوَالِكُو

And devour not their substance with (i.e. by adding it to) your substance(4:2).

till (3)

آيتواالقيأم إلىالكيل

(And) complete the fast till night (fall). [2:187]

ا ل ی 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُؤْلُونَ they swear

to swear

آلى يُوْلِينُ إِيْلاَءَا

to be off from wife.

(pp. 1st p. sing.) أُمِرُتُ I am/was commanded

(pp. 1st p. plu.)
we were/are ordered, commanded

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) يُؤْمَنُ ~is commanded

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) دُوْمَرُوْنَ they are commanded

(pip. 2 p.m. sing.) وُوُمَنُ thou art commanded

( pip. 2 p.m. plu.) تُؤُمَّرُونَ you are commanded

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii يَأْعُرُونَ they are taking counsel

(perate. n. plu.) viii اثْنَيْرُوْا take counsel

matter, affair (1) (n) أُمْرُ

وَتُضِيَ الْأَمْوُ

And matter has already been decided. (2:210)

news (2)

وَإِذَا جَأْءَهُ وَأَمُوثِينَ الْأَسْنِ أَوِالْحَوْفِ أَذَا عُوَّايِهِ

But if any news of security or fear comes to them, they spread it abroad. (4:83)

command (3)

يَتَنَوُّلُ الْأَمْرُ بَيْنَهُنَّ

The command descends among them. [65:12]

( perf. 3 p.m. plu.) أَمَرُوُا they commanded

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) أَمَرُتَ thou commanded

( perf. Ist. p. plu.) اُمَنَاً we commanded

caution: the beginners should note the difference

between آمَنَاً (Ist.

p. plu.—we have commanded) and

(3 p.m. sing. + 1 —he

has commanded us)

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَأْمُنُ ~commands

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) آمُرُوُنَ they cammand

(imperf. 2 p. f. sing. أُمْرِينُ thou (f) command

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) آُرُوُنُ you (m) command

(imperf. 1st p. sing.)

(e.m.p. Ist. p. sing.) آمُرَنَّ I surely will command

اُوُصُ ( perate m. sing. ) أُوصُرُ give order, command

أَمِرُوا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) أَمِرُوا they were given order

٤٤

\* 111

mother (1)

(n)

وَآوُحَيْنَا إِلَى أَيْرُمُوسَى

And We inspired the mother of Musa. [28:7]

mothers (n. p.)

مُتِيَتْ مَلَيْكُواْ مَنْتُكُو

Forbidden unto you are your mothers. (4:22)

Note: The primery meaning

of is mother and in all secondry significances some idea of the primary significance is retained as illustrated in following verses.

dwelling (2)

فأكنة مكاعنة

His dwelling shall be the Abyss. [101:9]

the source, origin, (3) foundation or basis.

مِنْهُ إِنْ عُمَاكِنَ مُنَا أَمُوالِكُتُ

Wherein some verses are firmly constructed, they are the basis of the Book. [3:7] authority (4)

أؤلىالكئر

The possessors of the authority or who are in authority. [4:59]

affairs, matters, (n.p.) الْأَمُوْرُ commands (but not news or authority

> اِمْرَاهُ see م ر م امْرَاهُ see م ر م

> ع د ع see (ئزة)

(مَنُأَةً) see ع ر م

grevious (n.)

لَقَدْجِمُتَ شَيْئًا إِمْرًا

Thou hast committed a thing grievous [18:71]

(act. pic. m. phu.) الأجري في those who command

(ints. f.) أَعَارَةُ (wont to command

\* 0 1

yesterday, nearpast, (n) الْأَمُسِ recently

★ ل م ا
 hope (n) الأكار (n)

or (a conjunction)

# سَوَّا اُنْعَلَيْهِوْءَ اَنْذَرْتُهُمُّ اَمُّرُ لَوْتُنْفِرُهُمُّ الْاَيُؤْمِنُوْنَ

It is equal for them whether thou warn them or warn them not, they will not believe. [2:6]

(act. pic. m. plu. assim) v عُنِينَ آ (those who are repairing

to repair to, المَّمَ بَوُمُّمُ أَمَّا to go towards

#### وَلَا الْمِيْنَ الْمِيْتَ الْحَوامَر

(Profane not) those who are repairing to the Sacred House. [5:2]

مَّة (ف) (as for, but, (particle) مَّقَا (ف)

#### أمَّا مَنِ اسْتَغُنَّى فَأَنْتَ لَهُ تَصَدَّى

As for him who considers himself free from need, to him thou payest regard. [80:5, 6]

either, or, (particle) [

# فَإَمَّامَتُنَابَعُدُ قَالِمَنَّا فِيكَآءُ

(Let them off) either freely or by ransom: [47:7]

leader, the Quran (n.)

leaders (n.p.)

# وَعِنْدَ فَأَمُّ الْكِتْبِ

And with Him is the origin of the Book. [13:39]

centre (4)

## وَلِمُنُكِ رَأُمَّ الْعُرِي وَمَنْ حَوْلَهَا

And (it is sent) that thou may warn the mother (centre) of the town (Makka) and those around her. [6:92]

first instance is the mother of the towns; the metropolis, particularly Makka; because it is asserted to be the middle of the earth; or because it is the Qiblah of all men, and thither they repair; or because it is greatest of towns in dignity. (Jid>LL)

is generally used in the second of two alternative prepositions, the first of which

is proceded by ( 1); both may by rendered

"weather'.' see (1)

Thus Ibrahim is described as possessor of virtues in his own self that is expected from the people or a community.

unlettered (n) الأثن

Note: Raghib has quoted a view of some unknown and irreliable commentrators, that

as a relative أَثَّىُ adjuctive to أُمُّ الْقُرُى

i.e. the inhabitant of Makka. This view is but a guess, not supported by grammatic rules.

The Holy Quran in another verse 2:78 (forthcoming) has given significance of this word.

أُمِّيُّونَ ( أُمِّيُّ plu. of أُمِّيُّ

unlettered ones

الْأُمْبِـِيْنَ acc. (الْأُمِّى phu. of (الْأَمِّى

unlettered ones

وَمِثْمُ أَيْنِيُونَ لَايَعْلَمُونَ الْكِتْبَ

And of them are unlettered ones who know not the Book. [2:78] before, in front of (n.)

community, nation (1) (n.)

كَانَ الكَامُ أَمَّاةً وَاحِدَةً

Mankind was one community. [2:213]

a period (2)

وَاقْكُوبِعَدَامَتَةٍ

And he recollected himself after a period. [12:45]

a (certain) way, (3)

course, mode, rule of life or conduct, religion.

إِنَّا وَجَدُنَّا أَبَّاءً نَاعَلَ أُمَّةً

Verily we have found our fathers on a way (of conduct or religion). [43:22]

pattern (4)

(an example, a model to be followed, in respect of true religion and piety). —Razi; Ibn Kathir)

إِنَّ إِبْرُهِ يُوكَانَ أُمَّةً قَانِتًا يَتُلُو حَنِيفًا

Verily Ibrahim was a pattern devout unto Allah, upright. [16:120]

Note: According to Rgh.

in this verse means community or group.

أَمِنْتُ I trusted (perf. Ist. p. sing.)

#### إلاكما أمنتك مكل آخياد

Except as 1 trusted you with his brother. (12:64)

أَمَنُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَأْمَنُ ~feels secure

# فَكَايَامَنُ مُكُواللهِ إِلَا الْعَوْمُ الْخِيرُون

But none feels secure from Allah's plan except the people who perish. (7:99)

أَمْنُوا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) أَمْنُوا they trust

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) أُمَنُ thou trusts

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) آمَنُ I shall trust

#### هَلُ امَنْكُوْعَلَيْهِ

Shall I trust yau. [12:64]

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv آمَنَ < ~ believed

آمَنَ يُؤْمِنُ إِنَّانَا

to believe; have faith

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) iv آهَنْتُ (e) believed

( perf. 1st p. sing.) iv آمَنْتُ I believed groups, communities nations

comp. of مُنَ + مَنُ ) أُمَّنُ ) أُمَّنُ )

أمِّن هُوَقَانِتُ أَنَّاءَ الَّيْلِ

Is he who is devout in the watches of the night. [39:9]

# ا م ن 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (h.v.)

became safe, considered oneself safe, trusted a person with anything>

أَمِنَ بَأْمَنُ آمُنا وَ أَمَانا وَ أَمَانَةَ

to be safe, trust, consider someone safe.

# فَأَنْ أَمِنَ بَعَضُكُمْ بَعَضًا

If one of you trust another, [2:283]

أَوَامِنَ آهُلُ الْعُلْزَى آنُ يَكِانِيَهُ مُوبَأَلُنَا

Are the people of the town then secure from our punishment. [7:98]

#### فَاذَا المِنْتُمُ فَاذْكُمُ اللَّهُ

And when you are in safety remember Allah. [2:239]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they are in safety

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you are in safety أمِنُوا

EA

آمِنيُّنَ acc. آمِنُوُنَ (n.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) those who are safe, in peace, secure

أَمِينُ (act. 2 pic.) أَمِينُ trustworthy

أَمَنَةً (n.) security أَمَنَةً ثُمَّا أَنْزَلَ عَلَيْكُمُ مُثِيِّ أَمْنَةً مُّ

Then after grief He sent down on you security. [3:154]

trust (n.) آلاً مَانَةُ

الْأَمَانَاتُ (trusts (n.p.)

faith, belief (n.) اِيمَانُ

(ap-der. > iv, m. sing.) مُؤُمِنٌ believer

مُؤْمِنِينَ . acc مُؤْمِنُونَ . nom

(ap-der. iv, m. plu.)

believers

مُؤُمِنَةٌ. sing مُؤُمِنَاكُ (plu.)

(ap-der.>iv, f.)

believer, believers

place of (n. for place) مَأْمَنُ safety

secured (pact. pic.) مَأْمُونُ أ

غَيْرَ مَأْمُونِ not to be felt secured

أم و ★

a bondwoman (n.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) آمَنُوْا they believed

(perf. 2 p.m- plu.) مُنْتُمُ you believed

(perf. Ist p. plu.) آمَنَا we believed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يُؤُمِنُ مِنْ believes

ْ أُوُمِنُوْ ا (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou believe

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يُؤُمِنُونَ they believe

تُؤْمِنُ acc. تُؤْمِنُونَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you believe

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) وُ مِنْ we believe

(emp. 3 p.m. sing.) يُؤْمِنْنَ ~certainly believes or shall surely believe

رُومِانًا (emp. 2 p.m. sing.) وُوْمِانًا thou shall have to believe

(emp. Ist. p. plu.) وُ مِدِانَ we shall certainly be believing

security, peace (n) الْأَمْنُ

آمِنْ (m.) آمِنَةُ (f.)

peaceful (Act. pic. sing.)

51

انّ

they are Thy servants.

[5:118]
in place of '4] 'he is or (2)
he was th' as

ان كادكيضِلْنَاعَنُ الِهَيْنَا

He had well-nigh led us astray from our gods. (25:42]

A negative particle. And (3) in this case it should be followed by \[ \frac{1}{2} \], as:

إِنْ هُنَّا إِلَّا قَوْلُ الْبَشَرِ

This is naught but a word of a man. [74:25]

that, indeed, (particle) certainly (this particle comes to introduce a statement)

واعكوان الله عزيز كياية

And know that Allah is Mighty, Wise. [2:260]

Used in the (particle) beginning of a para or new sentence, e.g.

إِنَّ اللَّهَ وَمَلِمْ حَتَهُ يُصَلُّونَ عَلَى النَّهِيِّ

Verilly Allah and His angels send their benedictions upon the Prophet. [33:56]

 the bondwomen (n.p.) \*[]

Note: Non-muslim translators of the Holy Quran, due to their shortcoming, tend to render the word into slave woman.

\* \* \* \* \*

(pronoun, Ist p. sing.)
I, myself

(particle)

This particle is used to (1) support the preceding particle i.e. when as under:

ثَلَمَّا أَنُ جَاءَ الْبُشِيْدُ Then, when the bringer of the

glad tiding came. [12:96] explanatory (2)

وَانْطَلَقَ الْمَالَا مُنْهُمُ مِنْ الْمَالُونَا عَلَى الْمُعَلِّمُ الْمُعَلِّمُ الْمُعَلِّمُ الْمُعَلِّمُ الْم The chiefs among them departed—go and preserve in your gods i.e. they departed saying. [38:6]

lest (3)

وَذَكِرْبِهُ أَنْ تُبْسَلَ نَفُسٌ مِاكْبَتْ

And admonish thou them lest a soul be given up to perdition for that it hath earned. [6:70]

It is used as: (particle) [1] introducing a conditional (1) sentence:

إِن تُعَدِّبُهُمْ فَانْهُمْ عِبَادُكُ

If Thou chastise them, surely

to perceive, إَنْسَاسًا أَوْنِينُ إِيْسًا اللهِ to perceive, أَنْسَاسًا عَلَيْهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّ

#### أنس في التكاوينارًا

He perceived a fire on the side of Tur (mountain). [28:29]

(perf. Ist p. sing.) iv آسُتُ آ I perceived

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv آنستم you find

# فَإِنَّ أَنْشَتُهُمْ مُثِينًا مُ مُثَمَّا

Then if you find in them maturity of intellect. [4:6]

أَنْسُوُا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) كَسُنَا أُنِسُوُا you ask permission

أَيْنَ .i.e. اشْتَأْنَنَ x اسْتِيْنَاساً

to seek familiarity (ap-der > X m. plu.) مُسَنَأُنِسِينَ seekers of familiarity

#### وَلَا مُسْتَأْنِيانَ لِحَدِيْثِ

Without lingering to enter into familiar discourse. [33:53]

١ ن ف \*

nose (n.)

me, that I, verily I, etc."
Likewise these are prefixed
to other pronominal

forms: هُمْ، هُمَا، هَا ، هُ

verily, is but (particle) لَوْا

عُلُ إِنَّمَا آنَا بَصَرُمِ فُلُكُمْ

Say thou: I am but a human being like yourselves. [18:110]

ثَمَّا (that (statement) (particle)

يُوخَى إِنَّ آثَمَاۤ الْهُأَمُّ اللهُ وَاحِدٌ

Revealed unto me is that your God is one God. [18;110]

+ 001

female (n.f.)

two females (n. f. dual.) الأشيئين

females (n. f. plu.) 31]

۱ ن س ★

إِنْسُ man (opp. jinnee.) (n.)

man (general) (n.) إنسّانُ

man (general) (n.) إنْ يَعْ

men (n.p.) .....

#### تُسْفَى مِنْ عَيْنِ أَيْدَةٍ

Given to drink of a spring fiercely boiling. [88:5]

vessels (2) (n.) آنِيَــةُ

# وَيُطَافُ عَلَيْهِمْ بِأَنِيَا فِينَ فِضَّةٍ

And brought round among them will be vessels of silver. [76:15]

its time (of cooking)

wherefrom (interjec.)

الْمُلْكِ لِمُنَّا

Where thou got it from?
[3:37]

# \* 1 . 1

people (1) (n.) إِهُمَا ً

وَلَوُاسَ آهُلُ الْكِتْبِ لَكَانَ خَيْزًا لَهُمُ

And if the people of the Book believe, surely it would have been better for them. [3:110]

worthy, Lord, owner, (2) being entitled

#### هُوَاهُ لِالتَّغُوٰى وَاهْلُ الْمُغُورُةِ

He is the Lord of piety and the Lord of forgiveness. [74:56]

family members (3) (such as son, brother, wives and kins.)

#### وَالْأَنْفَ بِالْأَنْفِ

A nose for a nose. [5:45]

just now (n.) لفاً

مَاذَاقَالَانِكَا ؟

What is that he hath said just now? [47:16]

انم 🖈.

creatures (n.)

انی ★

أَنْ بَأْنِي إِنَّهُ الْأَصْ ) (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (h.v.) < ~comes أَنْ بَأْنِي إِنَّهُ الْرَضْ

to be time for SS

## آلغ يَأْنِ لِلَّذِيْنَ الْمُثَوَّا

Is not the time yet come to those who believe?

[57:16]

times; hours; (n.p.) "IT

آنِ <(act. pic. m.) إِنْبَةً

boiling (1)

آنِيَةً (cact pic. f.) إِنْيَةً

يَطُوْفُونَ بَيْنَهَا وَبَيْنَ حَمِيْمِ إِن

Going round between it and boiling water, fierce.

[55:44]

#### والله عندة من الماب

And Allah; with Him is the best goal (or resort). [3:14] one who is oft-returning (ints. أَوَّالِينَ those who are (ints. plu.)

# ۱ و د **\***

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)  $\hat{j}$ وُّدُ  $\sim$  tires  $\hat{i}$   $\hat{i}$   $\hat{j}$   $\hat{j}$   $\hat{j}$   $\hat{j}$   $\hat{j}$   $\hat{j}$   $\hat{j}$   $\hat{j}$  to make tired.

# وكلايخودة جفظهما

And guarding of the twain tire Him not. [2:255]

أَوِدَ بَأُوَدُ أَوَداً to become bent

ا و ل ★

تَأْوِيُلُ (v.n.>ii) أَوِيُلُ (interpretation (1)

هٰذَا تَأْوِيْلُ رُءُيّاًى مِن تَبْلُ

This is the interpretation of my dream of old. [12:100]

result, final sequel, end (2)

﴿ لِكَ خَيْرُ قَاحَتُ مُ تَأْوِيلًا

This is best and more suitable to (achieve) the end.
[4:59]

#### رَبِإِنَّ ابْنِي مِن آهَلِي

My Lord; surely my son is of my family. [11:45]

responsible persons, (4) elders of a family.

#### فَانْكُوْمُنَ بِإِذْنِ آمْلِهِنَ

So marry them with the permission of their masters (elders of their family).

[4:25]

أَمْلِينَ acc. أَمْلُونَ

families, (plu. of family members)

# ١ و ب \*

(perate > ii, f. sing.) خَوْنِ <do an act of echo, repeat, to return آبَ x إِيَابًا وَ مَآبًا to act أَوَّبَ (وَ) أَيَّبَ as echo, bring, repeat (Rgh. Lis.)

#### ينجِبَالُ آوِي مَعَهُ

O mountains! repeat Our praise with him. [34:10]

to come back, (v.n.) to return (with one's own intention—Rgh.)

(n. for place; v. mim) مَآبُ resort, goal, returning ۱ و **،** \*

< long-suffer- (ints. sing.) أوّاة ing one (one who mourns or sorrows much.)

( آهَ يَوْهُ أَوْماً وَ نَأَوَّهُ )(١)

to call out oh; feel pain,

۱ و ی 🖈

أوى (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ∼sought refuge

أَوَوُا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) أَوَوُا (they sought refuge

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) آوَيُنَا we sought refuge

آوی (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv آوی gave shelter,

< ~ betook lodge:

آوٰى يُؤُوى إيُوَاءاً

to give shelter

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv Teethey gave shelter

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv تُوُوِیُ thou give shelter

shelter, (n. of place) المَاوَىٰ home, abode

\* \* \* \*

aye, yea! (particle) دُائ

fulfilment, consequence (3)

مَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَّا تَامِيلَةً يَوْمَ يَأْقَ تَامِيلُةً

Do they wait for aught but its final sequel? on the day when its final sequel comes. [7:53]

first (card. num.) أُوَّلُ

هُوَالْأَقَالُ وَالْلَاخِرُ

For Allah is what

is coming after and

what is the First (Jid. nn. 27,427) [57:3]

first (card. num. f.) (this word is opposite to

(Hereafter , وَ أَلاَخِرَةُ

فَيِثْلُوالْأَخِرَةُ وَالْأُولِي

Allah's is the First and Last. (i.e. life and afterlife.)

[53:25]

أَوْلِكَ / أَوْلاَء / أَوْلِيَ عُدَّ اللهِ وَ أَوْلاً ! woe

آوْل لَكَ فَأَوْل

Woe unto thee woe. [75:34]

(Note.... the difference bet-

f. of أُولِيٰ ween

and 11 -owe)

أَوَّلَ

tators, such as Razi, and Ibn Kathir, the two tribes, though closely allied, were distinct.

people, followers (n) 3T

Caution: According to Raghib the word is deri-

i. e. أَمُلُّ i. e. أَلِثُ is turned to أَلِثُ as its deminutive form

The differenc أُمَيْل in

between JT and

is that the former is possessed only to man, while the latter is possessed to man, time and idea etc. as e. g. it may be said

but not أَهُلُّ النَّادِ آلُ الَّادِ

The word originally signifies people and nation. But in case of Prophet Mohammad (P. B. H.), in some accounts, it is termed for his kith and kin. According to another view it is to be generalised for the followers, 'Ummah'.

#### إَيْ وَرَيْنَ إِنَّهُ لَحَقَّى

Yea! By my Lord this is the truth. [10:53]

# ا ی د ★

اُندِیُ ( کَدُّ see (plu. of ی د و اُنَّدَ perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii اُنَّدَ <~supported,

أَيِّدَ مُؤَيِّدُ مَا يُبُدأ

to support, strengthen

(perf. 1st p, sing.) ii آَمَنُتُ I supported

(perf. 1st p. plu.) اَكُنَا we supported

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii نُوَيِّدُ we support

might (n.) 🎞 🗓

وَالتَسَمَّاءُ بَنَيْنُهَا بِأَيْدٍ

And the heaven, We have built with might. [51:47]

# ا ي ك ★

wood, thicket, another name ( ) of Midian (n)

Note: signifies the thicket or collection of tangled trees. Noeldeke identifies these people with the Midianites. According to Muslim commen-

(particle) آَجَانَ when (question about time)	* 1 5 1
whichsoever (particle)	
alone (adv.)	~single women الآیای (i.e. unmarried, divorced or widow)
suffixed to a pronoun e.g. ばしらばし etc.	sing. %
وَيَاكَ وَ إِيَّاهُ وَدِيَّاكُ وَ إِيَّاهُ وَ إِيَّاهُ وَ إِيَّاهُ وَدِيَّاكُ وَ إِيَّاهُ وَالْمَاءُ وَالْمَاء	أَيْمَانُ see يَمِيْنَ
Thee alone do we worship, and of Thee alone do we seek help. [1:5]	* * * *
sign, verse (n)	where (particle)
signs, verses (n.p.) ニレー	whithersoever (particle) [2]

# كتاب الساء

by (5)

قَالَ فِيعِزُونَ لَأُغُومَ فَأَمْمُ أَجْمَعِينَ

He said: By Thy might, I will surely lead them all astray. [38:82]

from (6)

مَيْنَا يَتُرَبِيهَاعِبَادُالله

A fountain from which the servants of Allah drink. [76:6]

It also denotes the (7) object of a transitive verb.

فلذامون إبالكفومون ايواما

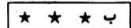
And when they pass by what is false (vain) they pass by nobly. [25:72]

to support the subject, (8)

that is termed زَائِدَةً i.e. additional (Rgh.)

وَمَا أَنْتَ بِمُؤْمِنِ لَنَا وَلَوْكُنَّا صَدِقِيْنَ

And thou believe not our sayings even when we speak the truth. [12:17]



an inseparable preposition denoting:

with (1)

خُدُوْامَآانَيْنَكُوْبِهُوَة

Hold that which We have given you with strength. [2:63]

during (2)

ومِنَ الديلِ فَتَعَبَّدُهِ

And during a part of the night keep awake. [17:79]

in (3)

أدْخُلُوْهَا إِسَلْمِ الْمِنِيْنَ

Enter therein in peace, secure. [15:46]

for (4)

الأنفَ بِالْأَنْفِ

A nose for a nose. [5:45]

the earliest form of the metal—its meteoric origin before it could be obtained from its ores. (Jid. nn. 27.527-A)

Adversity (3)

Their adversity among themselves is very great. [59:14]

conflict, war (4)

وَالصِّيرِينَ فِي الْبَاسَاءِ وَالْفَتَزَّاءِ وَعِيْنَ الْمَأْسِ

And the patient in distress and affliction and in the time of conflicts. [2:177]

tribulation, distress (n.)

(The kind of evil that relates to property such as poverty (L.L.), compare

( ضرر د see ضَرَّاهُ

الْبَأَيْسُ (act. pic. m. sing.) poor, needy

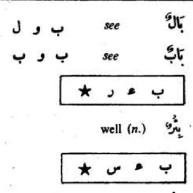
(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) بَشِينُ dreadful

ب ت ر ★

أير

(n. elative) tail-less, i.e. cut off from all future hope.

to curtail بَثَّرَ يَبْتُرُّ بَثُرُ أَلِين cut off entirely, amputate.



evil, bad, very bad, (m.sing.) بِيُّسُ (an unorthodox word of 'blame'.)

بئسَالتَّسَرَابُ

Evil is their drink [18:29]

ليشس ماكانوا يعملون

Very bad in their work. [5:63]

(perate. viii, neg. m. sing.) لَا تَبُنَّهُ مُن

terror, punishment (1) (n.)

فَيَاءَ مَا بَالْمُنَابِيَا تَالَافُهُ وَقَالِمُونَ

Our terror came to them by night or while they slept at noon. [7:4]

power, violence (2)

وَٱنْزَلْنَاالْحَدِيْدَ فِينِهِ بَأْسُ شَدِيدٌ

And We send down iron wherein is mighty power. [57:25]

Note: sending down of iron may well allude to

scattered

## إِنْكَالَشْكُوابَةِي وَحُزُنِ إِلَى اللهِ

I only bewail my distress and grief unto Allah. [12:86]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) الْمُبَنُّونُ scattered

(pact. pic. f. sing.) مُنْمُونُهُ spread (pis. pic. > viii.) ( مُنْمَنَتُ وَ مُنْمَنَتُ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ الل

# ب ج ٺ \*

نَبُجَتُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~ is scratching

to dig, (ن) أَنْ يَكُونُ بَكُونَا اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ ا

# ب ج س ★

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) vii اُبُعِمَتُتُ <gushed forth

بَحَنَ يَبْجُسُ بَجُسَاهِ to open بَعَسَ الْعُسَامِينَ عَبْدُ

# ب ح د ★

sea (n.) عُدُّرُ

(n. dual) acc. بَحْرُ أَنِ nom. بَحْرُ أَنِ nom. بَحْرُ أَنِ

بِعَارُ / أَبْحُرُ \* (n.p.) seas

Bahira (n.)

(i.e. mother-camel whose milk was dedicated by the

#### ب ت ك \*

(epl. 3 p. m. plu.) ii كَانَكُنُ الْمَاكُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللّ

# ب ت ل \*

(perate>v. m. sing.) ii بَّسَتِّلُ <devote

to devote v بَتَّلَ ii بَتَلَ oneself entirely to Allah.

مَبُـتِيلًا (v. n.) طَبُـتِيلًا

means. 'He detached himself from wordly things, and devoted himself to God, or he forsook every other thing, and applied himself to the service of God.' (Jid>LL. nn. 29.360)

# ب ث ث ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<~has dispersed

to disperse الله بَشْقُ بَشْقُ اللهِ ا

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

~disperses (assim. v.)

distress (v.n.)

٠.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَيْخُلُ they stint, are niggardly

مَبُخَلُوا .acc تَبُخَلُونَ مِ nom.

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you stint, are niggardly

niggardliness (n.) البُخُلُ

## بدء★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (h.v.) آیَدَ <started, began (1)

to begin, نِدَاً بَنْدَارِفُ بَنْدَارِفُ رَبِينَا بَنْدَارِفُ رَبْدَارِفُ رَبْدُ رَانِ رَبْدُ رَبْدُ رَبْدُ رَبْدُ رَبْدُ رَبْدُ رَبْدُ رَبْدُ رَبْدُ رَانُ رَبْدُ رَانُ رَبْدُ رَانُ رَبْدُ رَانُ مِنْ رَبْدُ رَانُ رَبْدُ رَبْدُ رَبْدُ رَانُ رَبْدُ رَانُ رَبْدُ رَانُ رَبْدُ رَانُ رَانُ رَبْدُ رَانُ ر

# فَكَنَابَا فَعَيْتِهِمُ

He bagan with their sacks. [12:76]

to originate (2)

فَانْظُوُواكِفَ بَدَاالُخَلُقَ

And behold how He originated the creation. [29:20]

رَدَاْوُا (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) بَدَاْوُا they began

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) الْكُنْةُ we began

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) 1

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُبُدِئُ ~originates (1) pagan Arabs to their gods.)

# ب خ س \*

يُنخُسُ (imperf. 3 p.m' sing.) < ~diminishes

بَغَنَ بَبُخَنُ بَغُم**اً(ف)** to diminish, to treat unjustly

لاً تَبُخَسُوا (perate. neg. m. plu.) لاً تَبُخَسُوا (you) diminish not!

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يُتُحَسُّوُنَ they diminish

ر (n.) diminution, reduced (price)

# ب خ ع ★

(act. pic. m. sing.) اَخِعُ one who kills himself with grief

To commit بَعْنَمَ بَدُيْخَمُ بَعْمًا

suicide

بخ ل 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) عَزِلَ < ~ stinted, was niggardly

to stint, be miser, (س) گُغُلاً الله عُبُكُلُ مُخُلِّدًا

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المُغَاوُدُ they stinted, were niggardly

# ب دع 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) بَدُعَ < ~originated

to originate, بَدَعُ بَدُعُ begin, produce

innovator (n.) acc. بدُعا originator (act. 2 pic.)

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii ابْتَدَعُوا < they invented

ابُنَدَعَ viii ابُنِدَاعاً to originate, invent

#### ب د ل ★

رَدُّلَ perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii بَدُّلَ < ~ changed بَدُلُ يَبُدُلُ بَدُلًا (ن)

to exchange, to alter

رَدُوْا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii بَدَّلُوُا they changed

(perf. 1st p. plu.) ii نَدُّلُنَا we changed

(imperf. 1st p. sing.) ii ゴズ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v الْبَدَّةُ < ~got changed

الْبَدَّةُ الْهُ الْمُلْعُلِقِيلُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ ا

#### يُبِدِئُ اللهُ الْخَلْقَ

Allah originateth the creation. [29:19]

to show (2)

#### وَمَا يُبْدِئُ الْبَاطِلُ وَمَا يُعِيْدُ

The falsehood shall neither show (its face) nor it shall return. [34:49]

Note: The particle نه may here be a negative, or may be in the place of accusative in the sense of مَنْ شَنْقُ .

#### ب د ر 🖈

'Badr' is a village at (n.) distance of 150 kms. from Al-Madina. It was a camping ground and a market, noted for plentiful supply of water and situated at the union of the road from Al-Medina and caravan route from Syria to Makka.

in haste acc. (v. n. iii ) آيدَ بِدَار بَادَر بِدَار آ

to make haste

#### ب د و ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (h.v.) بَسَدًا < ~appeared (1)

بَسَدًا يَبُدُو بَدُواً وَ بَدَاوَةً (ن) to appear, become clear, manifest,

- (2) to occur in mind
- (3) to dwell in desert

بَلْ بَدَالَهُ وُمَّا كَانُوا يُغُفِّنَ مِن مَبْلُ

Nay! that which they concealed before hath appeared for them. (became clear unto them.) [6:28]

to occur in mind (2)

ڰٛۊۜؠۜڹۜٵڷۿؙٷۊؽؠٙڣۅ؆ڶڗٙڰٲڵٳؽ ۩ٙ؊ؙٷٷڂڴؠڃؽڹ

Thereafter it occured to them, (even) after they had seen the signs (of his innocence) to imprison him till a time. [12:35]

بَدَتُ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) ~appeared

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُسُدِى < ~(h.) to make appear

to make أَكَدُى إِبْدَاءاً plain, manifest

(in order to make manifest)

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) v مُنَبَدَّلُ مرchanges

( perate m. plu.) v الْ تَشَيَّدُ لُوُ ا exchange not

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُشِدِلُ <~changes

change, كَالَا إِبْدَالاً to alter

(imperf. 3 p.m. phr.) x will choose SS instead of SS

وَيَسْتَبُولَ قَوَمًا غَيْرَكُمُ

He will choose instead of you a folk other than you. [9:39]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) x بَسُنَكِ وُنَ you exchange, take SS instead of SS

(v.n.>simple) ゴゴ

an exchange ( Vi. )

أَبُدِيُلاً acc. تَبُدِيْلُ (v.n.>ii) تَبُدِيُلاً change, altering

replacement (v.n. > x) اُسَيْبُدَالُ

changer (ap-der>ii) مُسَدِّدًا ومُسَدِّدًا

ب د ن ★

body (n.) بَسَنَانُ

camels: to be slain for sacrifice (during Hajj)

# سَكَّةَ وِلْمَاكِفُ فِيهُ وَالْبَادِ

Equal (for all men) the dweller (of Makka) and the dweller of desert.

[22:25]

(act. pic. m. plu.) آڏُوُنَ dwellers of the desert

يَوَدُوْ الوَاتَهُمُ بَادُوْنَ فِي الْأَعْرَابِ

They would fain to be in the desert with the wandering Arabs. (Jid.) [33:20]

(act. pic. m. sing.) بَادِيُ deficient, immature

بادِيَ الرَّأْيِ Those of بادِيَ الرَّأْيِ

discloser (ap-der > iv) مُبُدِئُ Caution : مُبُدِئُ with hamza

> أَنْ أَنْ , to start

without مُبُدِئ and

hamza> أَبُدُى يُبُدِئُ (iv)

to disclose or make manifest.

ب ذر ★

(perate >ii, neg.) الأَبُدَدُّرُ <squander not!

بَذَرَ يُسَدِّرُ ال تَبُدِيرُ أ to disperse, sequander

dissipation, (v.n. ii) وَيُدُورُو guandering

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv بُدِيُ ~(f.) makes manifest

إِنْ كَادَتْ لَتَبْدِي بِهِ

لَوْلَا إِن تَبَكِّنَا عَلَىٰ عَلَيْهَا

She had well-nigh disclosed him if we had not fortified her heart. [28:10]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُدُوُنَ they make manifest

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُسُدِيُنُ they (f.) make manifest

ئِنْدُوا .acc كَبُدُونَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) You make manifest

n.d. gen. يُنْدِ (المَّهُ)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) he did not discover

فانتها يوشف في تغيبه وكغ يُبيعاله و

But Yusuf concealed it in himself, and discovered (revealed) it not unto them. [12:77]

رُورُد (2 p.m. sing.) pip. iv مُدُبُدَد ~made disclosed

desert (n.)

وَجَاءً بِكُونِنَ الْبَدَ

And hath brought you from the desert. [12:100]

the dweller of (act. pic.) Sill desert

dutious (3)

#### ذَبَرُّا بِوَالِدَيْهِ

And dutious (or pious) towards his parents.

[19:14]

land (3)

The game of land is forbidden unto you. [5:96]

the piety, virtue (n)

pious ones (n.p.) أَزُارُ اللهِ

< virtuous ones (n.p.) (255.

أر sing.

ب رء \*

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) (h.v.) خبرة we create; bring into being

to create (فَ) مَرَأَ مِرَا مَرَا وَ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv مُرِيُّ رُحْدُونُ <thou heal

بَرَأَ يَبُرَى بَرَاةً فَ (ف)

أَمْرَأَ يُمْرَىُ إِمْرَاهاً

to heal, make free.

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv أُبُرِيُّ I heal

يْرِيُّ (imperf. 1st p. plu.) iv we heal (ap-der.>ii m.plu.)acc. مُبَدِّرِ يُنَ squanderers

# ب ر ر ★

مَرَوُدُا .acc. كَثِرَوُنَ (assim) v

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

to act well, be pious for towards God, parents; be virtuous, be true, behave courteously.

you act piously (1)

# وَلَاتَجْمَلُوااللهَ عُرْضَةً لِآيَنَانِكُمُ أَنْ سَكِرُقُاوَسَّتَكُوْ

And make not Allah a butt of your oaths that ye shall not act piously nor fear Allah." (Jid.) [2:224] you deal benevolently (2)

ڵڒؽۜۼٚۻػؙۅ۠ٳٮڵۿ۫ۼ؈ؚٳڷڽؽؽؙڵۅؽؾٵؾڶٷٞڴۊڣۣٳڶؾڲڹ ۮڵۏۼڂڔۼٷڴۏۺٚۅؾٳڕڴۏٲڽٛڗؿٷڰۿ

Allah forbiddeth you not unat you should deal benevolently to those who fought not against you on account of religion and drove you not out of your houses [60:8]

benign (1) (n)

#### عُوَالْبَرُّالِيَّعِيْهُ

He is the benign, merciful.
[52:28]

بَرَآهَةُ (n.) freedom from obligation

creation (n.)

بَرِيَّة

one who is free (pis. pic.)
from obligation or blame or any kind of defect.

ب د ج ★

(perate > v. neg. f. plu.) يُوَرِّجُنَ you (f.) do not display beauty display of beauty (v.n.)

(ap-der > v, f. plu.) women displaying their beautifulness

يُوُجُّ <towers (n.p.) اَنْ جُ sing. tower

\* C ) Y

لاً | لَنُ أَبُرَحَ (imperf. 1st p. sing.) <I will not cease to

leave
بَرَحَ بَبُرَحُ بَرُها وَ بَرَاها (ف)

to leave a place (imperf. Ist p. plu.) كُنُ نَبُرَحَ we will not cease to leave

ب ر د ★

coolness (v.n.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~ declared innocent, cleared from blame

٠٠٠ فَبَرُلُهُ اللَّهُ

Allah cleared him (from that which they alleged.) [33:69]

رُور مِنْ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَرَّاً v إِنَّار quitted himself of

اذْ تَبْتَا الَّذِينَ النَّهِ عُوامِنَ الَّذِينَ البُّحُوّا

When those who were followed shall quit themselves of those who followed. [2:166]

أَرُّا وُرُا ( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) المَرَّاوُلُو ( they quitted

أَوَّ أَوْاً ( perf. 1st. p. plu. ) we declared our innocence before you

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we quit

زي (act. 2 pic.) عربي safe of blame, innocent

أَنَّ اللَّهُ بَرِئَى أُمِّنَ الْتُشْرِكُ فِنَ

Allah is free from obligation to idolaters. [9:3]

إنكني بَرِئَ أَيْنَا لَتُشْرِكُونَ

I am innocent of that which you associate. [6:19]

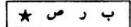
innocent (n.) أَرَآدُ

(act. pic. f. sing.) بَادِزَةُ appeared plain

ب ر ز خ

Litt: a thing that (n.) رُزُخُ intervenes between any two things.

> (In the Quranic sense it is the interval between the present life and that which is to come, from the period of death to Resurrection, uponwhich he who dies enters.)



الأَبْرَصُ (n.) the leprous

ب رق ★

رَوِقَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) رَوِقَ ∼got confused

الُعَرْقُ (n.) the lightning

\* \* \* \*

أُمِارِيْقُ see إِيْرِيْقُ

ب رك ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii 当が he blessed جارِ \$ (cold (act. pic)

برز★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) آوَذَ < ~he went forth

ا يَرَدُ بَنْبُودُ بَرُوْدَا

to pass out, to appear, to show oneself after concealment

كَبْرَزَالَّذِيْنَ كُمِّبَ عَلِيْهِمُ الْقَتُلُ

Say! Had you remained in your houses, those for whom slaughter was ordained would have gone forth. [3:154]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) اَرَدُوْدُا they went out against (1)

وَلَتَابَرَنُوالِجَالُوْتَ

When they went forth against Jalut. [2:250]

to come forth (2)

وبرزوا يله بجييعا

And they all will come forth to Allah. [14:21]

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) ii بُرِّزُتُ ~brought up

(act. pic. m. plu.) اَوِزُوُنَ those who appear scowling (act. pic. f. sing.)

ب س س 🖈

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) assim. v was grounded to powder

acc. بَسَّة (v.n.) عَبَّر grinding to power

ب س ط 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) Extended

~amplified الرِّزُقُ the provision

~stretched out in

(perf. 2 p.m- sing.) thou stretched out

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) stretches, amplifies

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) أرفطوا they amplify, stretch

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

(parate neg. m. sing.)

stretching (v.n.) الْمُعِيمُ

بسَاطٌ (n.) الله expanse

abundant (n.)

يُوُرِكَ pp. 3 p.m. sing.) iii يُؤرِكُ ∼is blessed

(perf 3 p.m. sing.) iii آبَارَكَ be blessed, exalted

(n. sing.) % 5, <(n.p.) 365,

(pis. pic. m. sing.) غارته blessed one

(pis. pic. f. sing.) گازگا blessed one

\* ( ) +

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَرُمُوا they determined

مُبْرِ مُوْنَ (ap-der > iv, phu.) مُبْرِ مُوْنَ

ب ر ه ن

a proof (n.) يُرُمَّانُ

two proofs (n. dual) بُرُهَا فَأَنِ

ب دغ 🖈

(act. pic. m. sing.) كَرْغُ uprising (moon) acc.

(act. pic. f. sing.) آزِغَــُة uprising (sun) acc.

ب س ر ★

بَسَرَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) بَسَرَ scowled down ب س م 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v تَبَتَمُ < ~smiled to smile تَبَتَمُ وَ تَبَيَّمُ

ب ش د 🖈

رَبُورُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii مِثْرُولُا (they gave good tidings

to give بَشَرَ تَبُشِيُراً good news

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii بَعَرُهُمُ you gave good tidings

بَعَمُّرُهُا (perf. 1st p. plu.) ii بَعَمُّرُهُا we gave good tidings

' (imperf. 3 p. sing.) ii يُمَثِّرُ gives good tidings

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii أَسَيِّرُوُ you give good tidings

رُنَامُوُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii تُبَشِّرُونَ you give good tidings

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) نُبَعِّرُ we give good tidings

(perate m. sing.) ii بَشْرُ give good tidings!

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii بَشِّر ~is given good tidings

أَبُشِرُوا (perate m. plu.) iv أَبُشِرُوا ! have (you) good tidings! (act. pic. m. sing.) ماسط outstretching

بَامِطُوُا .acc بَامِيطُوْنَ

(act. pic. m. plu.)
outstretching forth

مَـُبُسُوُ طَلَمَانِ (pact. pic. f. dual.) مَـُبُسُوُ طَلَمَانِ (twain) stretched out

ب س ق.★

(act. pic. f. plu.) خاصفات <tall (trees), having noble disposition

بَسَقَ يَسَبُّكُ بَسُسَفًا (ن) to be high, tall (tree)

ب س ل 🖈

تُنبُسَلُ (pip. 3 p. f. sing.) iv تُنبُسَلُ has been given up to perdition

to forbid, to deprive of reward (Rgh.)

وَكُلُوْدِهِ أَنْ تُبْسَلَ لَفُنَّ مِاكْبَتَ

And admonish thou them lest a soul be given up to perdition for that it hath earned. [6:/0]

أَبُسِلُونَا (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv who are given up to perdition (ap-der. f. plu.) ii مُرَادُّة givers (f) of good tidings

## ب ص ر 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) بَصُرَتُ she watched

بَصُرُتُ (perf. 1st p. sing.) I watched

لَهُ يَـنَصُرُوُا . < gen كَانَ يَنْصُرُوُنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they did not see

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) ii يُبَصِّرُونَ they shall be made to see

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَيْصَرَ ~saw, watched

(perf. Ist. p. plu:) iv أَيْصَرُهُا we saw, watched

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv منافر watches

(impref. 2 p.m. sing.) iv تُسْبِصُورُ thou watch

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُبُعِيرُونَ they watch

أَرُبُورُنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you watch

how clear is (elative-w) (إِنِهِ) أَبُصِرُ his sight!

Note: There is a pattern in Arabic for expressing wonder called المُعَالُ العَجْبُ (the verb of wonder) e. g.

آبُشَرَ يُهُبِيرُ إِبْشَاداً

to have good tidings!

رَاشِرُوُا (perat m. plu.) iii مَاشِرُوُا touch or contact

(in sexual intercourse)

an affair in one's own person, to go into sexual intercourse

(perate neg. m. plu.) iii كَ أَسَاشِرُ وُا do not touch or contact (of sex)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x يَسْتَبُشُوُ وُنَ they are having good tidings

استَنَبُشَرَ اسْتِبُشَاراً < to have good tidings

(perate m. plu.) x الْسَنَّةُ وُوْا have good tidings!

(ap-der. f. sing.) x she who has good tidings

human being (n.)

acc. اِنْشُرُ (v.n.) اِنْشُرَا bearing good news

good news (n) يَشْرُى

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) عُشِيرُ a bearer of good tidings

مُبَـشَّرٌ (ap-der. m. sing.) ii a giver of good tidings

(ap-der. m. plu.) ii مُسَمِّرِيُنَ givers of good tidings

#### insight (2)

#### آدُعُوْ آلِلَ اللَّهُ عَلَى بَصِيْرَةِ

I call unto Allah (resting) upon an insight. [12:108]

بَصَارُهِ (n.p.) enlightenment

an insight (v.n.) مُسْمِرَةً

ب ص ل ★

onion (n.) عَمَلُ

ب ضع ★

a few, (a number (n.) بغنغ ranging between three and nine)

an article of (n.) بِضَاعَدُ merchandise

ب ط ء \*

(epl. 3 p.m. sing.) ii لُعُمَّانُ he certainly will be late and delayed (Rgh)

بَعُلُوَ بَـبُعُلُوُ بُـطُأَ وَ بِطَاءَا(كــ) to move slowly, linger

to detain, delay ii 🎼

ب ط ر \*

بَطِرَتُ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) بَطِرَتُ < ~exulted he is,' or أَخْسَنُ for the same meaning. Like-

wise أَبْصِرُ إِن means 'how clear is his sight!'

أَسْمِرُ (perate m. sing.)

الْبَصَرُ (n.) the sight

sights (n.p.) أَبْصَارُ

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) الْبَصِيْرُ one who sees clearly

clear (ap-der. >iv)

(ap-der. (f.) > iv) مُبْهُرُهُ openly watchable (iv) (in the sense of pact. pic.)

that is seen very clearly, (1) مُبْرُصِرُ وُنَا enlightened

#### فَإِذَاهُمُ مُنْهُومُونَ

And lo! they are enlightened.
[7:201]

(ap-der. m. plu.) x مُسْلَمُصُرِينَ seers clearly

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.) أُلْكُونِرَةُ enlightenment (1)

## بَلِ الْإِنْسَانُ عَلْ نَعْسِهِ بَصِيْرَةً

Aye! man against himself shall be an enlightenment. [75:14] أطل (act. pic. m. sing.) أطل falsehood

(ap-der. m. plu.) مُسَطِلُونَ followers of falsehood

# ب ط ن ★

(perf. 3 p.m sing.) بَطَنَ < ~is hidden

بَطَنَ يَسُطُنُ بَـكُناً وَ بُـكُوناً

to be hidden, secret

وُلاتَقْرَبُواالْفَوَاحِسُ مَاظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَمَابِئُكُنَ

And approach not indecencies whatsoever is open thereof and whatsoever is concealed. [6:151]

(act. pic. m. sing.) الْبُكَاطِنُ hidden

(manifest) الظَّاهِرُ (opp.

الْبَاطِنَةُ (hidden (act. pic. f. sing.)

(opp. ظَاهِرَة manifest)

inner (n.p.) عُطَالُنُ

covering (of a bed or dress) lining, secret, بَطَانَة < intimate friend

intimate friend (n.) بطانة

heart of city, (1) (n.) بَطُنُّ valley

وَآيْدِيَكُوْ عَنْهُوْ بِبَطْنِ مَكَةً

And (withheld) your hand from them in the valley of Makka. [48:24] بَعِيرَ بَهُطَرُ بَطُرا

to exult, be intoxicated in good fortune

exultation (v.n.) acc. آيطراً

ب ط ش 🖈

(perf, 2 p.m. plu.)

بَطَشَ يَبُطِشُ بَعُلْمًا

to seize by force

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُنْطِشُ ~ seizes

يَـُطِيُّوُنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) رَبُطِيُّوُنَ they seize

نَبُطِثُ (imperf. 1st p. plu.) we seize

البَطَشُ (v.n.) seizing

seizure (n.) أَلْطُتُ

بطل\*

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) خطل was made vain

بَطَلَ يَبُطُلُ بَطُلاناً وَ بُلطاراً to be vain, false, go for nothing, be of no account, be repealed, abolish

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv كُبُطِلُ brings SS to naught abolish, تُبُطِلُونَ <acc. iv المُشَاوِدُونَ you repeal

(epl. 3 p.m. sing.) لَبُعَانَ he surely will raise

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) عُنْبُعَتُ ~we raise

untill we raise acc. حَتَىٰ نَبُعَثَ

(perate. m. sing.) إِنْعَتْ (thou) raise, appoint

(pip 3 p.m. sing.) مُنْفَتُ he is raised

(pip 3 p.m. plu.) يُبْعَثُونَ they are raised

(pip 2 p.m. sing.) تُبُعَثُ thou art raised

(epl. 2 p.m. plu.) لَتُنْبَعُنُّنَ you certainly will be raised

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) الْبُعَثُونَ you will be raised

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii اُنْبَعَثَ ∼rose up

resurrection (1) (n.) الْبَعْثُ اللهِ اللهِ

### إِنْ كُنْتُو فِي زَيْبٍ مِنَ الْبَعْثِ

If you are in doubt respecting the resurrection. [22:5]

#### upraising (2)

مَاخَلُقُكُوْ وَلَا بَعْنَكُو إِلَّا كَنَفُونَ وَاحِدَةٍ

Your creation and your upraising are only as (though of) one soul. [31:28]

#### womb (2)

رَبِّ إِنْ نَذَرُكُ لَكَ مَا فِي بَطِيقُ مُحَوِّرًا

My Lord! I have vowed unto Thee that which is in my womb to be dedicated. [3:35]

#### belly (3)

لَلِمِثَ فِي بَطْنِةَ إِلْ يَوْمِر يُبْعَثُونَ

He would have tarried in the belly thereof till the day they are raised. [37:144]

سِطُونُ (n.p.) wombs (1)

وَاللَّهُ أَخْرَجَكُومِ مِن الطَّوْنِ أُمَّهُ مِن كُور

And Allah has brought you from the wombs of your mothers. [16:78]

#### bellies (2)

### كَالْمُهُلِ يَغْلِي فِي الْبُعُلُونِ

Like the dregs of oil it shall seethe in the bellies.
[44:45]

### بع ٺ \*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) بَعَثَ < ~sent, raised

to send, أَيْفَ بَعْثُ أَ

raise after death, awaken
(perf. Ist. p. plu.)

we sent, raised
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ←raises

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) بَعْدَتُ < ~ seemed far

بَعُدَ بَبُعُدُ بُعُدارِك)

to be far distant

وَلِكِنُ بَعَدُ تُ عَلَيْهِمُ الشُّقَّةُ

But the distance seemed far unto them. [9:42]

> far removal (v.n.) أَشُداً far, wide (act. 2 pic.)

اعد (perate > iii, m. sing.) عاملة make the distance longer

after, latter, (n.) عُدُة follow up

مُبْعَدُونَ (pis. pic. iv, m. plu.) who are kept far off

بع د 🛨 camel (n.) بَمْـِيْرُ

بع ل ★

husbands (n.p.) المنافذة المنافذ المنافذ المناف

husband (n.)

(n.) acc.

Ba'l is a primitive title of divinities, which is found in all branches of the semitic race hence the use of the name in the Quran with an indefinite article

(v.n. > vii) أُنِيَّاكُ (raising up, going forth

مَبْعُو ثِينَ acc. مَبْعُو ثُونَ

(pact. pic.m. plu.) those who are sent or raised up

بعث ر

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.)(Quadrial) بَعْيِرُ <~is poured forth

to expose, بَعْثُرَ بَعْثُرَةً lay upon, overturn, pour out

آفَلَا يَعْلَمُ إِذَا بُعْثِرْمَا فِي الْفَبُوْرِ

Knoweth he not that when the contents of the graves are poured forth. [100:9]

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) بُنْوِرْتُ ~are overturned

وَأَوْا الْقُبُورُ رُبُعُ رُوتُ And the sepulchres are over-

turned. [82:4]

بعد ★

بَعِيدَتُ (.perf. 3 p.f. sing.) < ~were removed afar بَعِيدَ يَبْعَدُ بَعَداً (س)

to remove afar, to perish

### آلائهمتاليكذين كمانبوت فيؤد

Lo! a far removal for Madyan as Thamud were removed afar. [11:95] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَبُغِيُ oppresses

كَيَبْغِيْ بَعْضُهُمُ عَلْبَعْضِ

That they oppress each other. [38:24]

فَإِنْ بَغَتُ إِحُدُ مُهمّاً عَلَى الْأَفْوْرِي

### كَقَاتِلُوا الَّذِي تَنْبُغِي

Then if one of them aggresseth on the other, fight (the party) which aggresseth. [49:9]

to pass (a barrier or board) (2)

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) بنبغيان the twain pass SS

### بَيْنَهُمُ أَبُرْزَخُ لَايَبْغِيٰنِ

In between the twain is a barrier (which) they pass not. [55:20]

تَبُغ <acc. تَبُغِيُ

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou seek, wish for

نَبْغ . cacc. نَبْغِيْ

(imperf. 1st p. plu.)

we wanted

to seek, wish for (3)

يَبْغُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَبْغُونَ they seek

أَفْغَيْرُونِيَ اللَّهِ يَبْغُونَ ؟

Seek they then other than the religion of Allah? [3:83] \* \* \* \*

a gnat (n.) بَعُوْضَا

بغ ت ★

بَغْنَةً suddenly (adv.)

بغ ض ★

hatred, (n.) بَغْضَاءُ vehement hatred

بغ ل \*

mules (n.p.) البُغَالُ

بغی 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

< ~was unjust, على (1) على oppressed</p>

> بَغَىٰ يَبُغِيُ بَغُمًّا وَبُغُيَّةٌ(ض)

to seek, wish for, desire, aggress, oppress

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) (عَلَى) بَغَتُ (عَلَى) was unjust, oppressed

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) (عَلَى) they were unjust, oppressed

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii ايتقورا they sought (perate. m. plu.) viii انتقاراً you seek! (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii ~seeks تَنْتُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii they seek (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii you are seeking <acc. (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) that you seek <gen. (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) I wish نَجِتَعَىُ imperf. 1st. p. phu.) viii) we want, wish seeking (v.n. viii) النفاة oppressing (v.n.) acc. أَلْمَعُ إِنَّهُا (act. pic. m. sing.) desirer, (one who desires) adultery, prostitution prostitute (بَغَيُّ ) a cow (n.) kinds of cows (n.)

تقر اگ (n.p.) در انگ

تَسْفُول acc. اَسُفُولَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you seek I seek (imperf. 1st p. sing.) gen. (imperf. 1st p. plu.) we seek (perate neg. sing.) (perate neg. plu.) seek not! ~has been (pp.3 p.m. sing.) ( بغي عليه ) oppressed يَنْغَيُ (ل) imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii) ~is worthy, suits to ومَاكِ نَبُغِيُ لِلرَّحْمُنِ أَن يَتَكَجِدُ وَلَدًا And it is not worthy of the Rahman (Almighty) that He should adopt a son. [19:92] (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii ~sought فَعَن ابْتَغَي وَرَآءَ ذٰ لِكَ And whosoever seeketh beyond that. [23:7] (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii thou wished, desired وَتُؤْكِي إِلَيْكَ مَن تَشَكَّأُ وْمَن ابْتَغَيْت And thou may take unto thee such of them as thou wilt and whosoever you

desire. [33:51]

#### وَمَاعِنْدَاللَّهِ بَأَقِ

And what is with Allah is lasting. [16:96]

(The final & of die (act. pic.) is dropped as usual in week verbs.)

(act. pic. m. phu.) acc. الْبَاقِينَ the rest ones, the remaining ones

### تُعَ آغَرَ فُنَابَعَثُ الْبِعِينَ

Then We drowned the rest thereafter. [26:120]

(act. pic. f. sing.)

### مَمَنْ تَزَى لَهُ وَمِنْ بَالِيَهُ

Behold then any of them remaining. [69:8]

(act. pic. f. plu,) آانتاڪ the lasting ones

remainder (1) (n.)

#### بَعَيْتُ اللَّهِ خَيْرُلُّكُمْ

The remainder of Allah is better for you. [11:86]

The word signifies what is left by Allah after giving legal alms, or, that which Gcd has preserved for you, of what is lawful tor you (LL).

### ب ق ی ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) اَقَىٰ ~remained

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

remineth, lasteth permanently, will last permanently

#### وَذُرُوْ المَا يَعِي مِنَ الرِّيْوَ

And give up what remaineth (due to you) from usury. [2:278]

### وَيَبْغَى وَجُهُ دَيِكَ

There remaineth but the countenance of thy Lord [55:27]

more lasting one (n. elative)

### وَاللَّهُ خَيْرُوا أَبْقَى

Allah is better and more lasting. [20:73]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

<-> left
to leave أَبْقُ مِسْبَقَى إِبْقَاءاً

أَسُبَقِ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~(f) leaves, they leave

#### لَا يُتُبْقِيُ وَلَا تَنَدُّ

(The Fire) will not leave nor spare. [74:28]

lasting (act. pic. m. sing.)

### إِنْهَابَقَرَةُ لَانَايِضٌ وَلَا يَرُهُ

She should be a cow neither old nor young. [2:68]

(The word signifies 'virgin'.)

virgins (n. p.) 55,1

sing. گرُّ

morning (n.) \* المركة

mornings (n.p.) 351

sing. \* بگر ا

**★ 십 십 →** 

Bakka (n). 🎉

A variation for Makka (misspelt by modern geographers as Mecca). There is a mention af the valley of Bacca in the Bible (Ps. 84:6). The old translators gave the word the meaning of weeping: but better sense seems to have come now. According to more recent of the Biblical scholars the word "signifies rather any valley lacking water." And the Psalmist apparently has in mind a particular valley whose natural condition led him to adopt its name (JE. II. 415). Now this waterless valley by its natural condition can be easily identified with the valley of Makka (Jid. 4, n. 19)

wisdom (2)

فَكُولِا كَانَ مِنَ الْفُرُونِ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمُ الْوَلْوَابَقِيَّةً

Why were there not of the generations before you, owners of wisdom. [11:116]

"here signifies one possessing exellence e.g. 'such a one is the best of the people.'

Thus included in means in means in means in means in means intelligence or persons of religion and excellence. (LL)

relic (3)

وَبَقِيَّة عُمِثَنَا تَوَلَدُ الْمُمُوْسَى وَالْ هُرُونَ تَعْسَلُهُ السَّلَكَةُ

And the relic of that which the household of Musa and the household of Harun had left. [2:248]

> > young (n.) عُرُّو

(opp. قارمن old)

ب ل د 🖈

بَلُدُّ (and (n.p.)

town, land (n.)

مَذَا الْلِكُ the city of Makka

ب ل س ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُطِينُ <-will despair

أَبْلَسَ يُبْلِسُ إِبْلاَساً be silent with grief

to despair, to be silent with grief nom. مُبُلِسُونَ acc. تَبُلِسُونَ

(act. pic. m. plu.)
who are silent with grief,
who are despairing

ب ل ع 🖈

swallow! (perate f. sing.) إَلِمَيْ to swallow مَلِمَعٌ يَسُلِمُهُ جَلُماً

ب لغ ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

بَلَغَ يَسُكُمُ مِكُوْعَالِن)

to reach, attain come of age, come upto, come to one's knowledge

المُنْذِتَكُهُ إِن وَمَنْ بَلَغَ

That I may warn you and whomsoever it may reach. [6:19] ب ك م \*

اَبُكُمْ مُ dumb (adj. def. col.) اَبُكُمْ بَيْحُ بَسُكُمُ وَبُنِكُمُ يَسُكُمُ بِكُمُ أَوْبَكُمُ مَا أَوْ بَكَاصَةً (س، كِ) to be dumb, be purposely silent

acc/

(adj. def. plu.)
those who are dumbs
(meta. i.e., incapable of
uttering truth)

أَنْسَلُ = أ (the form denotes colours and defects)

ب ك ى 🖈

رَكُ ( perf. 3 p.f. sing. ) المَّذَ ( cried, wept

to weep, cry مَكَا أَلْفَ بُكَا مُرَافِق أَنْ to weep, cry

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكُونَ (they are weeping

اِسَبِکُوْ (imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) gen. اِسَبِکُوْ they should weep you weep(imperf.2p.m.phu.) آسُکُوُنَ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv sing.

أَبْكِلُ مِبْكِيْ iv إِنْكَامًا to cause to weep, cry

weeping (v.n.) acc.

\* \* \* \*

(a particle of digression)
but, nay! rather, not so,
on the countary,

thou shall not reach ح منگفان < acc. (imperf. 3 p.m. dual) twain reach تَثُلُّغُهُ ا <acc. اَسُلُعُهُ اَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they reach تَسُلُغُونَ < acc. اَسُلُغُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you reach (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii 🛋 thou have preached, to preach لَمُلْمَا حَالَمَةُ مَنْكُلُهُا thou have not preached ... (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii تَلَفُونَ they preach (imperf. 1st p. sing.) ii I preach

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَبَلَغُوا (they preached to preach, to inform. deliver, make-reach

preach! (perate m. sing.) ii

(perf. 1st p. sing.) iv أَبْلُفُتُ I delivered

### لَقَدُ ٱبْلَغُنُكُمُ وِسَالَةً دَيِّ

Assurely I have delivered unto you the message of my Lord. [7:79]

(perate m. sing.) iv آبلغ make-reach (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) الْمَنَّةُ ~came up

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) بَلَقْتَ thou reached

(perf. 1st p. sing.) بَلْفُتُ I reached

(perf. 3 p.m. dual) الله they (twain) reached

رَاهُوُ ا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) اِلْهُوُ ا they reached

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) لَغُنَ they reached

(perf. 1st p.f. plu.) بَلَغُناً we reached overtaken, came up to me بَلَغُنِيُ +came up to me (to me نِهُ +came up

### وَّقَدُ بَكَغَنِيَ الْكِبَرُ

While the old age has overtaken me. [3:40]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) وَيُلُعُ reaches

in order to reach acc. لِتَبُلُغَ

(emp. 3 p.m. sing.) مُنْكُفُنَّ معالمات attain the age of

acc. أَبْلُغُ (imperf. 1st p. sing.) I may attain

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. تَبُلُغُ thou reach

### كُلْ لَوْلِلْمِ النَّحْجَةُ الْبَالِغَةُ

Say thou! with Allah is the sound argument. [6:149]

effectual, clear, (act. 2 pic.) آلِيْنِعُ eloquent

### وَقُلْ لَهُمْ فِي ٱلْفُيهِمْ قِلْأَيْلِيمُنَّا

And say unto them for their souls an effectual saying. [4:63]

preaching, warning (v.n.) بُرَعُ

limit (v.n. mim)

ب ل و ★

بَلُوْنَا (perf. 1st p. plu.) آيُونَا

we tried

> بَلاَ يَسْبُلُوْ بَلاَءًا (ك)

to test, try, put to sever trial, afflict, prove

(el. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. المنافق in order to try, he may try

### لِيَبُلُوَابَعْضَكُمْ بِبَعْضِ

In order that He may try yau one another. [47:4]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) مُنْبُونُ will prove

### مُنَالِكَ تَبِكُواكُونَ نَعْيِن مَنَالِكَ تَبِكُواكُونَ نَعْين مَنَالَسَلَقَت

Therein every soul shall prove that which is sent before. [10:30]

#### المخ اللغة مَأْمَنَة

Then make him reach to his place of security. [9:6]

(act. pic. m. sing.) آليخ

the attainer (1)

إِنَّ اللَّهُ بَالِعُ آمْدِةٍ

Verily Allah is sure to attain His purpose. [65:3]

that is brought (2)

هَدُيُّالِلِغَ الْكَتَبَةِ

The offering brought to Ka'ba. [5:95]

that reaches (3)

كَبَاسِوْلَكُنْيِعِلَى النَّاوِلِيَلُغَ فَأَهُ وَمَا هُوَيِبَالِغِهِ

As one stretching his palms to water that it may reach his mouth, while it will reach it not. [13:14]

مَالِغَةُ (act. pic. f. sing.)

consummate (1)

حِكْمَةُ بَالِغَةُ

Wisdom consummate. [54:5]

reaching (2)

آمرلكغ أينمأ ف علينا بالغنه ال يؤمر العيمة

Or have you oaths from Us reaching to the Day of Resurrection. [68:39]

sound, convincing (3)

(el. 3 p.m. sing.) iv المُثَلِقُ in order to prove

### لِمُبْلِيَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ مِنْهُ بَكَّاءً حَسَنًا

In order that He might prove the believers with a goodly proving from Him.

[8:17]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii ابْسَلَلْ < ~tried, proved

to prove, اَبُنَالَىٰ اَبُتِلاَءَا try, examine

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii يَــُبَيِّلُ ~tries

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) viii لَـُبَكِلُ we (might) prove

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) viii بُسُولِي was tried, proved

(perate m. plu.) viii اَبُسَلُوا examine!

(ap-der viii, m. plu.) acc. مُرْسَلُونُ provers

#### وان من المناكبة

Verily We have been proyers.
[23:30]

n.d. (ap-der. > viii m.sing.) مُبُنَيلِ prover

### إِنَّ اللَّهُ ثَبْتَلِينَكُو بِيَنْوَيِهِ

Verily Allah will prove you with a river. [2:249]

trial, proving, test (n.) الكرَّة

يَـُــُونَّ (emp. 3 p.m. sing.) ~certainly will try

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) we try, prove, shall prove

(epl. 1st p. plu.) لَنَـٰبُلُونَ we surely will try (or prove) you

لَتُسُكُونَ (epl. pip. 2 p.m. plu.) you shall surely be tried

### ب ل ی ★

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) کنگل < ~ decays

بَلِيَ يَسْبَلُى بِلِيَّ وَ بَلاَمَا

to become old, to decay; to get polish removed and real face appeared

### دَمُنَاكِ لَامَيْل

And kingdom not to decay. [20:120]

(pip. 3 p. f. sing.) نجليا will turn to its reality

### يَوْمَ تُبُثِلَ السَّرَآيِرُ

On a day wherein secrets shall be out (i.e. every thing will appear in its original reality.) (Jid) [86:9]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُنظِي < ~ proves

to test, try, آبَلِيْ أِبْلَاءاً prove

(n.d. ک + ک (n.d. جَيْ الله () بَيْنِيْنَ + ک () my sons

is phural of بالمن is phural of بالمن ; when an inseparable pronominal ك is suffixed it becomes بن تو The ن of the phural is dropped.

(n.d.  $\zeta$  +  $\tilde{\dot{}}$   $\dot{\dot{}}$   $\dot{\dot{}}$   $\dot{\dot{}}$  my little son (Note the difference between

بَوَتَ (baneyya) my sons and نُوَّةُ (bunayya) my little son)

> daughter (n.) أِنْتُهُ daughter (n.)

أَنْسَاتُ (n.d. د + (dual) (أَنْسَيَّنُ (n.d. الْبُسَيِّنُ ( أَنْسَيَّنُ (my two daughters

## ب ن ی ★

built (perf. 3 p.f. sing.)

to build اَلَّٰنُ بَنُونَ بِنَاداً

Note: The final & is changed to اَلْفُ if followed

yes يَلَىٰ

(used in affirmative response to a question initiated with a negative particle)

أَوْلَيْسَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّلُوٰتِ وَالْأَدُّضَ بِعَنْدِدٍ عَلَى أَنْ تَخْلُقُ مِثْلَكُهُ مِنْ السَّلُونِ وَهُوَ الْخَلْةُ الْعَلَدُ

Is not He who created the heavens and the earth able to create the like of these: Yes! He is the supreme Creator, the Knower.

[36:81]

ب ن ن 🖈

fingertip (n.) بَنَانُ

ب ن و 🖈

son (n.)

The initial Hamza is (n.)
dropped for purposes of
assimilation

#### عِيْسَى ابْنَ مُرْيَهُمَ

Eisa son of Maryam. [2:87]

sons (n.p.) nom

sons (n.p.) acc.

بَنُونُ

sons (n.p.) acc.

sons (n.p.) n.d.

ب م ج ★

ب مل \*

viii کبیم (imperf. Ist p. plu.)

(we humbly pray

to leave one to his کبیر کبیر کبیر مسلم سال, to curse

to humiliate اَبْهَلُ viii اَبْهَلُ oneself before God and call upon Him, to invoke curse on the liar.

\* به م

beast (act. 2 pic. f.)

ب و ۱ ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

settled, incurred, earned

(إلى)

to come back to, to return,

to bring, (ب)

lead back, to bear

by a personal pronoun as

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المَنْوُا they built

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) لَنَيْنَا we built

آ نَبُوُنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) آ نَبُوُنَ you build

(perate m. sing.) اِبُرِ (thou) build!

(perate m. plu.) إِنْشُوا (you) built!

بنگهٔ (v.n.) building, canopy

structure, building (n.) عُنَانَ اللهِ

(pact. pis. f. sing.) مُنْنَةً that is built up

ب ۵ ت ★

(p. p. 3 p.m. sing.) was confounded

to be asto- (فَكُمْ تَهُمُّتُ بَهُمُّتُ مُعَلِّرُونَ) nished.

to fall in a (س) أَبْهَتُ بَهُوا اللهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ ال

بَهُتَ بَبُهُثُ بَهِتاً (ی)-to be con

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) جَبُتُ will confound

مُبِتَانٌ (v.n.) مُبِتَانٌ (فرانَّ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ مُنْهَا الأَرْفُ (فَاللهُ اللهُ ا

To calumniate, to slander

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) v آبَرَوُّ وُلُوا اللهِ (they are settled

to be settled v آتَبَوَّاً

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v آيَتَوَ gets settled, takes place, inhabits.

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) v مُنَّبَوَّاً we take place, inhabit

(perate m. dual.) v آَبَوَّا (you twain) inhabit!

settlement (v.n.mim)

ب و ب 🖈

تاب

gate, door (1) (n)

لاتَنْخُلُوامِنْ بَالْ وَاحِد

Enter not by one gate.

a portal (2)

حَتَّى إِذَا فَقَتْنَا عَلِيْهِمْ بَابَّاذَا عَذَابِ شَييهِ

Untill we opened upon them a portal of severe torment. [23:77]

أَبُوَاتُ doors, gates (n.p.)

ب و ر 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَسْبُورُ < ~shall perish to perish(اللهُ بُورُاً وَ بُوَارِ ٱللهُ 84

### بَأَءُ وُ بِغَضَبٍ مِنَ اللهِ

They incurred Allah's wrath.
[2:61]

(pref. 3 p.m. plu.) اَوُرُا they brought, incurred

نَبُونُهُ acc. ( نَبُونُهُ )

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou bear

إِنَّ أُرِيدُ أَن تَبَوُّا لِمِ الْحِينَ

Verily I would that thou bear my sin. [5:29]

رَوَّاً وَاللَّهُ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii رَوَّاً وَاللَّهُ (lodged, settled رَوَّاً مُبِوِّدُهُ وَ تَبُولُهُ وَاللّهُ ولَا لَا لَا لَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ ولَا لَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ

to place, prepare a place, settle, lodge

يَوَّاكُوْ فِي الْأَرْضِ

He settled you in the earth.
[7:74]

(perf. 1st p. plu.) ii (ال ) اَوَّأَانًا (الله esettled

أَسْبَوِّىُ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii المُعْرِقُيُّ thou settle

تبتوى المؤمنين مكاود للتتال

Thou art settling the believers in position for the fight. [3:121]

(emp. 1st p. plu.) ii تُبَوِّمَنَّ we surely will settle (epl. 1st p. plu.) ii لَنُكِتَانَا we surely will attack by night while sleeping at night (v.n.) بَيَامًا

house (n.) houses (n.p.)

الْبَبُتُ ، الْبَيْتُ الْحَرَّامُ ،الْبَيْتُ الْعَبْبُقُ

The sacred House, i.e. Ka'ba.

the frequented house, that is, the original model of Ka'ba, over it or corresponding to it, in heaven, which thousands of angels visit every day and around which they circuit (make tawaf) and pray.

(Ibn Kathir, Baghwi, Jid.)

### پ ی د ★

تَبِيْـــدُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) < ~ will perish

to perish, إِذَ يَدِينِكُ بَيُداً (ف) vanish

ب ی ض ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ix ابْيَقَتْ الْجَاهِ

to become ix اَبُرَضَّ بَدِيَضَّ بَالِيَضَّ الْمِينَّ الْمِينَّ الْمِينَّ الْمِينَّ الْمِينَّ الْمِينَّ الْمِينَ

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ix دَيْضَ will become white (imperf. neg. 3 p. f. sing.) لَنُ تَبُوُرَ will not perish

perdition, doom (v.n.) "5"

perdition, doom (v.n.) 919

ب و ل ★

condition, state, heart (n.)

(It may be rendered as 'about' if contents require.)

مَابَالُ النِسُوَةِ الْتِي تَظَعْنَ آيديكُنَ

What was the matter of those women who cut off their hands (or what about those women who ....). [12:50]

بیت 🖈

يَــِيْوُنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they pass the night

to pass (بَيْنُتُ بَسِّاتًا (فَ ) the night

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) المِنْتُ planned by night

ا بَيَّتَ بُكِيِّتُ ﴿ ~

to plan against

SS by night, to attack by
night

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii مُبِيِّنُونَ they plan by night

### لَاتُلْهِيَرِمْ فِحَارَةٌ وَلَابَيْعٌ

Men whom neither trafficking nor bargaining diverteth. [24:37]

Christian churches (n.p.) اينعة sing.

لَهُنِهُ مَتُ صَوَامِهُ وَبِيتُعُ وَصَاوَتُ وَمَعِنُ The cloisters and churches and synogogues and mos-

and synogogues and mosques would have been demolished. [22:40]

ب ی ن 🖈

( perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii آبَيْنُورُ <they expounded

to ex- آیَنَ از تَبْدِیْناً <

(perf. 1st p. plu.) ii بَيِّنَا we have expounded

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُتِيِّنُ ~expounds

(emp. 3 p.m. plu.) ii يُمَيِّنُ they will surely expound

(el. 2 p.m. sing.) ii لَـُـُنَــُانَّةً that ye may expound

(el. 1st. p. sing.) ii لِأَبِيِّن that I expound

(el. 1st p. plu.) ii لِنُسَيِّنَ that we expound

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) ii نُبَيِّنُ we expound الْآبُيَضُ (white (n.m.)

بَيْضَاهُ (n. f.) مُنْفِضًاهُ

eggs (n.p.) بَرُضُ

ب ی ع 🖈

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii المَهُمُ you made bargain

بَايَعَ يُسَاِيعُ مُبَايِعَةً

to deal with selling and buying, to swear fealty

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii يَبَايِعُونَ they swear fealty

أَمِي اللهِ (imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) iii أَمُونَ they swear fealty

(perate m. sing.) iii عَلِيعُ take oath (accept fealty)

Note: 'means thou swear fealty.' But in the course of contents and certain grammatical rule it means here: accept their initiative or action.

you bargain one with another

to conclude أَجَايِمُ أَجَايِمُ a sale or make a contract with each other.

bargaining, selling (v.n.)

(ap-der. f. plu.) مُبَيِّنَاتُ illuminating ones

(ap-der. >iv, m. sing.) مُبِين open to see, clear, self-expressive

exposition (1) (n.) آيان ا

لمذَ إِنَّيَاكُ لِلنَّاسِ

This is an exposition for men" [3:138]

distinctness of speech (2)

عَلَّمَهُ الْبَيَّانَ

He taught him distinctness of speech. [55:4]

explanation (3)

شُعَوَّانَ عَلَيْنَابِيَّانَهُ

Then it is upto its expounding. [75:19]

exposition (v.n.) أَنْسَاناً

(ap-der >x, m. sing.) الْمُسَلَّمِينَ luminous

between (particle) يُسَنَ

in front of بَيْنَ مَدَى

in presence of بَيْنَ أَيْدِيُ

(also see ي د )

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv جَيِّنُ < maketh clear

اَانَ يُسِينُ إِلَاهَ 

to be clear, make clear

لَاعِظَادُ يُسِينُ

He well nigh cannot make (himself) clear. [43:52]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v نَــَيْنَ ~ became manifest

to become v اَسَيَّنَ تَدَبَّيْنَ clear, to become manifest, to declare

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) v اَدَبَانَتُ became manifest

(perate. m. plu.) v الْمَنْهُوا (you) declare, make clear

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v becomes clear

(el. 3 p. f. sing.) x لِتَسْتَيْنَ <in order to be shown

to be manifest x المُسَبَّانَ clear (act. 2 pic.)

evidence (n.)

clear evidences (n.p.) خَانَةً

(ap-der f. plu.) illuminating, manifest

\*\*\*

### كتاب التــاء

to denote 1st. p. sing. of denote 1st. p. sing. of denote 1st. p. sing. of denote 1st. p. sing.

denotes fem., and turns to ha sound at the end of a sentence.

the ark i.e. the ark of (n.) النَّابُونُ ثُلُ the covenant (see Jid. 2 n. 652)

تَارَةً (n.) تَارَةً

تَارَةً أُخْدَى

once again. [20:55]

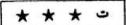
### ت ب ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. ج < perished

(ن) آبَ بَنْ اَبَ الْهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّه

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) رُبِّتُ مَا اللهِ اللهِيَّا اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ المِلْمُعِلَّ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ المِلْمُلِي المِلْمُلِي المِلْمُلِي اللهِ اللهِ ال

ruin (v. n.) تَبَابُ



a preposition (1)

(used with the name of Allah only to denote oath.)

### وَتَاللُّهِ لَاكِيُدَنَّ آصْنَامَكُو

And by Allah I shall surely devise a plot against your idols. [21:57]

It is used both as prefix and suffix to verbs. As prefix it is used in the 3rd p. of the perf. to denote

the fem. e.g. [perf. 3 p. f. sing. : she said)

to denote 2 p.m. of perf,
e.g. thou said 'thou said'

to denote 2 p. f. of perf.

e.g. المُنَّاتِ 'thou (f..)

آسِیُعُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they followed they did not follow

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَتْبَعُ ∼follows

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) تَــُبُعُ (f) follows

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~followed

(perf. 1st p. plu.) iv

(perf. 3 p.m. plu,) iv اَتُسَوُّوا they followed

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُدِيُّوُنُ they make (one) follow

(p.p. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَكْمِيُوُا they were followed, were overtaken by SS

(imperf. 1st p. phu.) iv نُتْبِعُ we make follow

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii أَتَبَعَ إِنَّا عَا الْكَامِ followed

to follow (some R. F.)

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii اتَّبَعْتَ thou followed

(perf. 1st p. sing.) viii اتَّـعْتُ I followed

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii اتَّبَعُوْا they followed

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii you followed

 ruin (v. n.)
 تشبیب بیث دو الله عدم به دو الله به دو

### ت ب ر ★

(perf. 1st. p. phu.) ii مَنْجُونُا we have destroyed نَسَبَرَ بَسُعُرُهُ مَسُهُراً وَالْبَرِّ يُسَكِّرُ بَسُمُورًا نَسَبَرَ بَسُعُرُهُ مَسُهُراً وَالْبَرِّ يُسَكِّرُ بَسُمُورًا to destroy, break.

destruction (v. n. ii) آئَدُمِيُواً (el. 3 p. m. plu.) ii acc. لِمُعِمَّرُوُوا they might destroy

destruction (v.n.) أتباد

destoryed (pis. pic)

### ت بع ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حَبِيعَ < ~followed (س) أَسِبُعُ يَدُبُكُ تُبُعاً وَ يَبَاعاً (س) to follow, initiate, join a person, serve, obey, follow a doctrine (act. pic. m. sing.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. أيمين

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) avenger

ثُوَرِّلا تَهِدُوْالكُوْعَلَيْنَاهِ عَبِيْعًا

You will not find for yourselves against us an avenger (or prosecutor). [17:69]

is one who prosecutes, or sues, for a right, or due (L.L.). The phrase signifies: Then you shall not find for you any one to sue us for the disallowing of what hath befallen you nor for our averting it from you (Jid).

اتِّباًعٌ (v.n.) to follow

successive (ap-der. > iii) مُتَتَابِعُ (one following another)

نَعِياً أُرثَتُهُ رَبُنِ الْتَتَابِعَيْنِ

Fasting for two months in succession. [4:92]

رُبِيعُونَ (pis. pic. >viii) مُتَبِعُونَ معرصه are overtaken by SS

בי בי נ

one after another (v.n.)

1 4 1 500

(perf. 1st p. plu.) viii اتَّـبَعُنَا we followed

(impref. 3 p.m. sing.) viii رُبِّيعُ ~follows

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii دُنْجُعُ thou follow

تحنى تنبيع مِلْتَهُو

Except thou follow their faith. [2:120]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii يَدَّعِمُونَ they follow

تَــتَيِعُوا .acc تَــتَيِعُونَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you follow

(imperf. 1st p. sing) viii آتَبِعُ I follow

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) viii
we follow

(perate>viii, m. sing.) اَبِّيغ (thou) follow!

(perate > viii, m. plu.) اتَّيْعُوا (you) follow

(perate. neg. m. sing.) وَ تَشِيعُ (thou) follow not!

(perate emp., neg. m. لَا تَشِيعَانَ dual)

you twain follow not

لَاتَتِّبِمْ إِنْ سَبِيْلَ الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

You twain never follow the path of those who know not. [10:89]

follower (n.)

### ت ر ف ★

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv آَرُهُوَٰ we luxuriated آَرُونَ مُیْرُفُ إِرَافاً to luxuriate, give comfort,

make in ease

to live in abundance, in

أَيْرُ فُولًا (p.p. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَيْرُ فُولًا they are luxuriated

أُمِّوْ فَتُمُ (p.p. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you are luxuriated

(ap-der. > iv, m. plu.) acc. مُرِ فَيِنَ affluent ones

> (ap-der. >iv, m. plu.) مُرِّن n.d. acc.

affluent ones,

affluent people of that town or community

affluent ones among them

(ap-der. >iv, m. phu.) n.d. nom.

affluent ones

affluent people of that town or community

ت رق ★

(رَأَقِيَّ , collor bones n. p.

sing.

ت ج ر ★

جِهَارَةٌ (v.n.) جَهَارَةٌ بَهُرَ يَنْجُرُ جَمُراً وَ بِمِكَارَةً (ن) to carry on commerce

\* " "

beneath (particle) عَمْتُ (opp. نَوْقَ : above)

ت خ ذ ★

أَغَزُ see أخ ذ for the derived forms

ت ر ب ★

dust, earth (n) デーデ

women of equal age (n.p.) أَزُرَابُ sing.

reducing to dust, (v.n.) مُرَيَّة poverty, misery

91

اُرُوُكُ (parate m. sing.) اُرُوُكُ مناز كُد (is left (pip. 3 p.m. sing.)

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. اِنْ رَحْدُورُ they are left

مُنْزَكُولُ .acc أَسُنُرَكُونَ

(pip. p.m. phu.) you are left

أرك (act. pic. m. sing.) أرك one who leaves SS

acc. تَارِكُوُ nom. تَارِكُو (act. pic. (n.d.) m. sing.) you are left

ت س د ★

ت س ع ★

nine (cardinal number n.f.) مُنْعَدَّ عَشَرَ (cardinal number n.f.) مُنْعَدَّ عَشَرَ (cardinal number) مُنْعَدَّ عَشَرَ nineteen (cardinal number) مُنْعَدِّ وَنُوْنَ مُنْعَدِّ وَنُعُوْنَ (cardinal number)

ت ع س 🖈 تَمْسَ مَنْ downfall (v.n.) مَّسَمْ to perish, مَرْ مَنْ مَا downfall

## ت ر ك ★

~ left, (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ゴデ to leave, (いんず ゴデ ゴデ omit, abandon, refrain, desist, give up

to leave SS by his own (1) choice or willingness

وتتركنا بعضائم يوميديك ويج في بعض

And We left them on that day (i.e. We shall leave them) surging one against another. [18:99]

to leave compulsorily (2)

كؤنوكفاس كتلت وعيون

They left how many of gardens and springs. [44:25]

I lest (perf. 1st. p. sing.) خُكُ

they left (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) 1355

رُوكَنَ (perf. 3 p.f. plu.) رَوْكَنَ (they (f.) left

you left (perf. 2 p.m. plu.)

we left (perf. 1st. p. plu.)

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) تَرُوكُ thou leave

زَرُوكُ (imperf. 1st. p.m. plu.) we leave

## \* J J =

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) Ji

### وَتَلَّهُ لِلْجَبِيْنِ

And he threw him upon his forehead. [37:103]

ت ل ر ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ⅓ ~followed (1)

### وَالْعَتَمِيرِاذَاتَلْهَا

And by the moon, when she followeth him. [91:2]

is masculine and فَرُكُ moon is masculine and is feminine, contrary to English.

(perf. 1st p. sing.) تَكُونُتُ I recited (2)

يَسْتُلُوا (n.d.) يَسْتُلُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they recite

تَـُنُوُا (n.d.) تَـنُكُونَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
you recite

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) نَـٰتُوُ we recite

ت ن ث \*

نَّهُ تُكُ unkemptness, impurity (n.)

\* \* \* \*

تَقُوٰى (n.) (see و ق ى piety ( تَقَوَٰى أَتَشَنَّقَبِلَ see ق ب ل

ت ق ن 🖈

A he did perfectly and iv اُهُنَى 
 thoroughly, to do something skilfully

لَقُنَ (r.f.) وَ أَثْقَنَ !!

(el. 3 p.m. sing.) iv he may complete (el. 1st. p. sing.) iv I may complete (perate > iv. m. sing.) thou complete أَيْوُا (perate m. plu.) you complete! complete (n.) (ap-der. > iv, m. sing.) completer, perfector ١ > > و 4 ت (imperf. 1st p. sing.) v I lean (on SS) a place in which (pis. pic.) one reclines, a staff, a couch مُتَكُنُّونَ المُتَكُنِّينَ | (ap-der. phu.) acc. recliners L التَّحُورُ (n.) oven see ت ,

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(perate. m. sing.) (thou) recite! (perate m. plu.) (you) recite! (p.p. 3 p.f. sing.) ~was/were recited (pip 3 p.m. sing.) ~is recited (pip 3 p. f. sing.) ~is/are recited التَّالَيَّاتُ (act. plc. f. plu,) <reciting angels sing: 1-15 recitation (n.) گُوَةً ۴

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (assim)

< was completed

to be completed

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) (assim)

was/were completed

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

completed (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv المُعَنَّدُ thou completed

(perf. 1st p. sing.) iv

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) tv الْمُعْدَاً we completed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ∼completes

~repented

يَنُوْبُوا .acc يَنُوبُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they repent

may thou accept repentance
you repent! (perate m. plu.)

التَّوْبُ ، التَّوْبَةُ ، مَنَابُ (v.ns.)

repenting (Allah) (Ints,) وَأَابُ

(act. pic. phu.) آگيُونَ repenters (m.)

(act. pic. f. plu.) آهِاَتُ repenters (f.)

(ints. plu.) acc. تُوالْيُنَ

<repenting men</p>
قواًبُّ

\* \* \* \*

Torah (Bible), (n.) the Divine writ revealed to the Prophet Musa (Moses)

\* • 5

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) حَنَيْكُوْنَ they shall wander about
to wander المَا يَدَالُهُ أَنِيلُهُ اللهِ
about lands without
direction

fig (n.)

فَنَ تَابَينَ أَبَعْدِ طُلْمِهِ وَأَصْلَحَ

Whosoever repenteth after his wrong-doing and amendeth. [5:39]

accepted repentance, ( عَلَى ) أَبَ ( عَلَى ) he forgave

فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ يَتُونُ عَلَيْهِ

Surely Allah shall relent towards him. (He will accept his repentance). [5:39]

اَبَ ( إِلَىٰ ) repented ( إِلَىٰ ) as تَابَ ( إِلَىٰ )

(perf. 3 p.m. dual) (5

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) اَبُواُ they repented

(perf. 1st p. sing.) بُنُّ I repented

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) بنيم you repented

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَسْتُونُبُ he accepts repentance

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc. he repents

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) آئُوبُ I repent

تَـُنُوباً (n.d.) تَـُنُوبَانِ

you twain repent

## كتاب الثاء

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

> أَثْبَتَ يُثُبِثُ إِثْبَاناً ﴿

to keep (1)

to confine, (2)

to bring SS to a stand

يَمْحُوااللّهُ مَالِيَشًا ذُولَيْقِتُ

Allah abolisheth whatsoever He will and keepeth. [13:39]

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) iv الْمُثَابِتُونُا they may confine

وَإِذْ يَمَكُونِكَ الَّذِينَ كَعَرُوالِينْفِرُوكَ أَوْيَعْتُولُكَ أَوْيَعْتُوكَ

And (recall) what time that those who disbelieved were plotting against thee to confine thee or to slay thee. [8:30]

(act. pic. m. sing.) . تَأْبِتُ

fixture (n.) گيوڙ

ث ب ت ★

أَثُبُتُوا (perate. m. plu.) <a href="stand firm">(stand firm</a>

ثَبَتَ يَثُبُكُ ثَبَاتاً وَ ثُبُوناً(ن) to stand firm, permanent,

be fixed, settled, established

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii (we have confirmed

to establish, آتُسُيتُ اللهِ تَشُيِبُتا to confirm

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُنَاتِثُ he establishes

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) ii we establish

أَمِّتُ (perate (prayer) m. sing) may thou keep firm, stable

(perate m. sing.) اُنَبِّنُوا you keep firm (ن) أَيْخُنُ عَنْمَا لَهُ اللهِ to be thick, hard and firm

to inflict iv اَتُعْنَ severe slaughter of an enemy.

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) acc. vi مانخن ~slaughtered

**\*** د ب

reproof, reproach (v.n.) ii تَأْرِيْبُ

ث ری 🖈

التراي (n.) soil

د ع ب \*

a serpent (n.) مُنْسَانُ

ك ق ب ★

glowing (act. pic. m. sing.) الثَّاقِبُ

ث ق ف ★

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.)

ثَقِفَ بَثْقَتُ ثَقْفًا (س) to meet, reach to conquer

(emp. 2 p.m. sing.) د thou overtake

strengthening (v.n.>ii) مُثِينًا

body of man, sing. troops, horsemen

فَانْفِرُوالْبُهُاتِ آوِا نُفِرُوا جَمِيمًا

Then sally forth in detachment or sally forth all together. [4:71]

ت ب ر ★

خِوْدٌ (v.n.) خِوْدُ نَسْبَرَ بَعُبُرُ قَبُراً وَ كُبُوراً (نَ) نُسْبَرَ بَعُبُرُ قَبُراً وَ كُبُوراً (نَ)

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مَأْثُوراً last one, destroyed one

ٹ ب ط ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُبَعَدُ < ~ withhold

ثَبَعًا وَ ثَبَّعًا (عَنُ)

to hinder, withhold.

★ ₹ ₹ ₾

plenteous (ints.)

**ٹ خ ن ★** 

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv المختام you have slain them < weights, (n.p.)

يْقُلُّ : .sing

(n. dual.) الثَّقَلَانِ two dependents (man and iinn)

heavy (v.n.) المُقَالَّة

إنفيروا خفافاة يتقالا

"March forth light (armed) and heavy (armed). [9:41]

(pis. pic. f. sing.) iv مُعْمَدُهُ one heavy laden

(pis. pic. m. plu.) iv مُعْقَلُونَ those who are heavy laden

(n. for instrument) مُثَقَالُ weight of

ت ل ت ★

(card. number) きがんだが three

(card. number) ثَلَاثُونَ | ثَلاَثِينَ thirty

one-third (fraction)

two-third (fraction) النَّايَّانِ

nom. n. d.

(fraction) acc. n. d. two-third

أَلِكُ / كَالِثَةُ ( third (card. number)

ئلاَتُ threes

بَثْقَفُوا .acc يَثْقَفُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they come upon

إِنْ يَثْقَفُوكُمْ يَكُونُوالكُوْ آعْدَاءُ

Should they come upon you they will be enemies unto thee. [60:2]

(p.p. 3 p.m. plu.) مُتَقِفُوا they are found

ث ق ل 🖈

· (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) مُقَلَتُ - become heavy, momentous

أَقُلَ بَثْقُلُ أَقْلًا وَ أَقَالَةً
 to be heavy

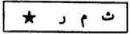
(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv اُثْقَلَتُ become heavy

you bowed down with heaviness (Pic.), ye are weighed down (Jid.), you sink down heavily (Arb.) you should incline heavily Rod.

Al-Akbary belongs to stem sixth عَمَا الْعَلَمُ an additional is prefixed.

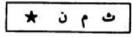
(see vol. 1, Cairo, 1956, pp. 44,)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) عُنْكُونُ weighty, heavy



(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv رُحُرُ الْمُعَرِّدُ الْمُعَمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعَمِّدُ الْمُعَمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعَمِّذُ الْمُعَمِّدُ الْمُعَمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِي مِنْ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّدُ الْمُعِمِّ الْمُعِمِّ الْمُعِمِّ الْمُعِمِّ الْمُعْمِي مُعْمِعُمِ الْمُعِمِّ الْمُعِمِّ الْمُعْمِلِي الْمُعِمِّ الْمُعْمِي مُعْمِعِمِ الْمُعْمِي مُعْمِعِمِ الْمُعْمِعِمِ الْمُعْمِلِي الْمُعْمِي مِعْمِلِي الْمُعْمِلِي الْمُعْمِلِي الْمُعْمِلِي مُعْمِعُمِ الْمُعِمِ الْمُعِمِي مُعْمِعُ الْمُعِمِي مُعْمِعِي مِعْمِلِمِ الْمُعْم

fruits (n. p.) عَرَّةُ fruit (n. sing.) عَرَانًا sing. عَرَانًا <fruits (n. p.)



price (n.)

eighth part, (fraction) مَانِيَّة one-eighth eight (card. number) مَانِيَّةً

عَمَانِينَ (eight (card. number

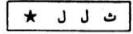


(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَشُنُونَ <they fold to fold, double a thing

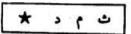
يَسْتَحَنُّوْنَ (imperf. 3. p m. plu.) يَسْتَحُنُونَ they make exception

#### وَلَايَسْتَثُنُونَ

And they made not the exception i.e. they say not:



a group (n.)



An ancient and power-(n.) وُدُدُ ful people of Arabia close-

ly related to 36 Adites and heirs to their civilisation and culture with their seat in the northwest corner of Arabia. forming the southern boundry of Syria (Nicholson, Literary History of the Arabs, N. York, 1932.) Unlike the Adites of whom we find no trace in historical times, the Thamudite are mentioned still existing by Diodoras Siculus and Ptolemy; and they survived down to the fifth cen tury A. D. in the corps equites Thamudeni attaced to the army of the Byzantine emperors

(Jid. 8 nn. 542)



there, at the same time or place



to pay for SS, آوَيَّا ii تَتُويُنا pay back (good deeds)

لَّابَ بَثُوْبُ ثَوْبًا (إِلَّا) RF

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv آآت <recompensed (1) (h.v.) iv آآت ميث (آت) to reward, to recompense

فَأَنَا كُوْغَتَّا بِغَيْمَ

Have given you (another) grief for (your first) grief. [3:153]

rewarded (2)

فأخابتهم الله يسافالوا

Allah rewarded them for that which they said. [5:85]

reward (n.) وَأَبُّ

مَثُونَة (n.) reward

a resort, a place of (n.) visit

چَابُ (garments (n.p.) چَابُ sing. تُوبُ

ث و ر

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَثَارُوُ ا <they break up to raise, (مَأْرُ مَثُورُ أَوْرِ ٱلنَّهُ be stirred, break up the second (card. number) ثَانِيُ (card. number) اثْنَانِ / اثْنَانِي / اثْنَانِيلِ / اثْنَانِي / اثَنَانِي / اثْنَانِي / اثْ

اثنی عَشَر . twelve (m.) acc

اثُنَنَا عَشَرَة nom. أَنُنَا عَشَرَة twelve (f.) acc. اثْنَةُ: عَشَةً أَنْ

twos by twos

oft repeated (Jid.). تقانی repeating (Arb.) paired (Pic.)

لَلْهُ تَزَّلَ آحْسَنَ الْحَدِينِ عِنْ الْمُتَنَالِمُ الْمُثَالِمُ الْمُثَالِي

Allah hath revealed the most excellent discourse, a book consimilar(self-resembling,) oft-repeated." [39:23]

repetition (2)

وَلَقَدُ النَّيْنَ كَسَبُعُكَامِّنَ الْمَكَانِيَ وَالْعُزُانَ الْعَظِيْرَةِ

And assuredly we have given thee seven of the repetitions and the mighty Ouran, [15:87]

ث ر ب ★

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii وُجُبُّ جُبُ is paid ث و ی ★

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. آویا <dweller

تُولى بَشُوِىٰ تُوَاءاً (مَن)

to halt, stop

مَثُوْل abode (n. for place) مَثُوْل

ٹ ی ب ★

< non-virgins (n. p.) المقبارة sing. المعبارة المعبار

#### أتاروا الأرض

They broke up the earth and inhabited it. [30:9]

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv they raised

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing) iv ~ break up

raise (1)

فتوث وكتعابا

They raised the cloud. [30:48] plaugheth (2)

ٳؿۿٳؠٚڡٚۯٷٞڰڒڎڵٷڷؿؙڔؿٷڵڵڒۻ

She should be a cow unyoked to plough the earth. [2:71]

\*\*\*

# كتىاب الجيم

ج ب ت ★

an idol or idols (LL) (n,) الْجُبُتُ sorcery (a worthless thing) (Q. Rgh.)

ج ب ر ★

strong, powerful, (ints. sing.) tyrant, rebellious, giant, compeller

giants (s. n. p.) acc. جَادِينَ

ج ب ل ★

mountain (n.) عَبِلُّ

mountains (n. p.) عبالًا

\* > = =

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَعْأُرُونَ <they cry for succour جَأْرُ جَأْرًا وَ جَعُوْراً(ف) to cry aloud in prayer or supplicate

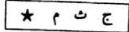
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) جَاۡرُوۡنَ you cry aloud for succour

(perate. neg. m. plu.) المُعَارُولُ (grate. neg. m. plu.) دري المرادة المرادة

ج ب ب ★

the well (n.) أَجُبُّ

جَتَّ بَحُثُّ جَاً وَ ( الْجَنَّ to cut off, cut down, uproot



(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. بَايِّينَ motionless bodies in the state of prostration جَمَّمَ بَجُمُ جَمُّماً وَ مُجُوْماً(ف to remain in a place with-

ج ث ر ★

جَائِبَةً (act. pic. f. sing.) جَائِبَةً < kneeling down جَمَّا بَخْتُو مُجْمُواً (ن)

to sit with knees upon the ground, to kneel

out sense, motionless

the state of sitting on (v.n.)

\* , 2 5

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) جَحَدُوُا <they denied

جَحَدَ بَجُحُدُ جُحُوداً (ب) to dany, refuse one's right

'imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) المُحَدُّدُ ~denies

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) جَعْدَدُونَ they deny multitude (n.) جُرِلُّ خ ب ن ب ن بلا forehead (n.)

<foreheads (n. p.)</p>
sing.

ج ب ی ★

َنَجُوا (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) > is drawn, brought (تَجُنُونُ) جَبَا يَجُبُوُ (تَجُنُونُ) جُبُوةٌ وَ جِبَالَةً وَ جِبَاوَةً

to gather taxes, impost, ω collect water in a reservoir, to bring together

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii انجَنَى «selected, chosen to choose, select انجَنَى انجتَاءاً

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii اجْتَبَبْتَ thou selected, chose

(perf. 1st p. plu.) viii اَجْنَبَنْنَا we selected, chose

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii مجنبي مدام

ج ٿ ٺ 🖈

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) اَجُنَّتُهُ < ~was pulled out to quarrel; dispute ずぶく せい to twist, (いんいりずま ひま せいま せいま はight, make firm

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iii جَادَلُت thou disputed

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii بَادَلُتُمْ you disputed

(imperf. 3 p.m sing.) iii كُولُةُ ~disputes

مُعَادِلُون (acc. n.d.) مُعَادِلُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they dispute

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iii عُادِلُ thou dispute

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii عَادِلُونَ you dispute

(perate. m. sing.) iii عُادِلُ contend, argue

(perate. neg. m. plu.) iii كَا كُولُوا dispute not!

disputing (v.n.) iii בֿנֿל

جدال the dispute (v.n.) iii

ج ذ ذ ★

broken in pieces (n.) جُذَاذً جَدَّ بَعِدُّ جَذَا (صُ) to cut off at the root

(pact. pic. m. sing.) جُذُودُ cut off 104 ج د ٺ ★

sing. خَدَاتُ < graves (n.p.) جَدَاتُ

**★** קננ **+** 

> تَعْلَجَدُرَتِنَا he the majest

"Exalted be the majesty of our Lord, [72:3]

<new (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) בֿנינר

جَدَّ بَيْدٌ جَدًّا وَجِدًا

to be new

جَدَدٌ (streets (n.p.) جَدَدٌ sing. جَدَدُ

ج د ر ★

a wall (n.) عِدَارٌ

walls (n.p.)

most disposed one (elative) imost worthy, fittest, more proper

to be fit, (نَ مَجَدَّرُ جَدَارَةً (نَ بَعُدُرُ جَدَارَةً worthy, to deserve

**★** J > ₹

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii جَادَلُوُا they disputed ج د د ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) خ < ~drags to draw, to drag. أَجَرُ جُرُ

\* 3 2 5

barren (n.) گُرُدُّ (land incapable of producing (vegetation—Rgh.)

**★** とって

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v يَسَتَجَرَّعُ v (-sips = جَرَعَ بَجُرَعُ جَرْعاً وَ يَجَرَّعُ viii وَ الْجِنَرَعَ to swallow, sip

ج ز ف ★

hollowed bank (n.) デ

\* ( ) 5

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَجْرَ مُوْ اللهِ they committed sin

جَرَمَ بَجُرِمُ جَرُماً وَ الْجَذَرَمَ !!! وَ أَخِرَمَ

to cut off, incite, commit a crime against one, be guilty of it

#### عَطَاءً غَيْرَ عَبِنُ وَفِي

The gift never to be cut off. [11:109]

\* 2 5 5

تِدُعُ (n.) trunk (of a tree) trunks (n.p.) جُدُوعِ النَّحُلِ

a brand of fire (n.) جَذْرَة

\* 6 2 6

بَوْتُحُمُّمُ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.)

<you earned</pre>

to wound,خَرَحُ جَرُحالِف injure, hurt, to earn (Lis.-Aq.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii اجْتَرَ حُوْا they committed

جُرُوْحٌ (wounds (n. p.)

wound (sing.) مُرْحُ

Seasts used for (n. p.) בֿפֿונַל hunting

جَادِحَةً (sing.)

**★** 3 7 7 7

locusts (n.) جَرَادُ

يشيوالله متجريها ومرشها

In the name of Allah be its course and its anchorage.

[11:41]

(The word بخری (majra) is read بخری (majrey) (due to imala مالة )

is a way of إمَالَةُ is a way of pronunciation of ألف as weak ya e.g. بَعْرُى ma-

jra read as majrey جُرِیُ (act. pic. f. sing.) جَارِيَةً running (1)

### فِيْهَاعَيْنُ جَادِيَهُ

Therein is a running spring.
[88:12]

(act. pic. f. plu.) جَارِيَاتُ running ones

a traversing ark, ship (2)

إتالتناظفاالناء تتللك فيالجارية

Verily, We! when the water rose We bore you upon the traversing ark (i.e. a ship). [69:11]

اَلْجُوَّارُ (ships (1) (n. p.) جَارِيَةً (sing.) (perf. 1st p. plu.) iv أَجُرَ مُناً we committed sin

يْجُو مُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv يَجُو مُوْنَ you commit a sin

commitment of a sin (v.n.) إُجْرَامُ الْمُ

sinner(act.pic.>iv,m. sing.) مجرِمُ

acc. بَحْرِ مُوْنَ nom. بَحْرِ مِيْنَ sinners (act. pic. m. plu.)

(emp. 3 p.m. sing.) لَا يَجْرِ مَنَّ should not or let not incite or drag

وَلا يَعْوِمَنَّكُو شَنَاكَ قَوْمِ عَلَى أَلَّا تَعْيَى لُوَّ أَرِعْدِ لُوَّا

And let not the hatred of a people incite you not to act fairly. Act fairly! [5:8] undoubtedly (a phrase)

### ج د ی ★

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) جَرَيُنَ < they (f.) ran away جَرَى جَرَيْلُمْ وَ جَرْيِلْمِن to flow (water), to run, be current

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) جُرِيُ (f.) runs, flowes

(imperf. 3 p.f. dual) بَحْرِ مَانِ the twain run, flow

بَغِرِیْ < بَحِرُای (v.n. min.) course of water flowing

106

(perf. 1st p. sing.) جَزَيْتُ I rewarded

(perf. 1st p. plu.) آخِرَ يُنَا we rewarded

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) المَجْزِيُ ~rewards

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) بَيْرِيُ thou reward

غُرِیُ (imperf. Ist p. plu.) we reward

(emp. 1st p. plu.) بُخِرِ يَنَّ we surely give reward, recompense

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) جُرُوُن they will be rewarded or be recompensed

(pip. 2 p.m. plu.) بَحْرُوْنَ you shall be given reward or recompensed

(pip. 2 p.m. sing.) thou shall be given reward or be recompensed

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iii هُازِيُ we recompense

compensation, reward (v.n.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) جَادِ giver of a reward

compensation (n.)

(A tax that is taken from the free non-Muslim subjects of a Muslim government whereby they ratify the compact that assures them protection—LL.)

ومن اليتوالجوارفي البخركالأعلام

And of his signs are the ships in the sea like landmarks. [42:32]

moving swiftly (like ships) (2)

هَلَا أُمُّهِ وَبِالْخُنَينِ الْجَوَارِ الْكُنَّينِ I swear by the receding (stars) moving swiftly (and) hiding themselves. [81:15-16]

₹ נ ء ★

a part, a portion (n.) جُزْءُ

جَاوَزَ see ج و ز

**★** とう ₹

we raged (perf. 1st p. plu.) جَزِعُنَا to grow (جَزِعَ بَحُرُعُ جَزُعا(سن) impatient, be sad, grieve bewailing (ints. m. sing.) جَزُوعُ

ج ذ. ی ★

جَزْلی (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. حَزْلی (حدود الله الله عند) کَبُرْنی جَزَلُماً (ض) جَزْلی (جَزَلُماً (ض) to recompense, reward

وَجَوْمُهُمْ بِهَا صَبَرُوْا

And he recompensed them for that which they patiently bore. [76:12]

#### اذجعلنا البيت مقابة

When We made the House a resort unto mankind.

[2:125]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you counted (3)

#### أجَمُلْتُوْمِقَايَةُ الْمَآجَ

Count you the giving of drinks unto the pilgrims.
[9:19]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) جَعُونَ they set up (4)

الَّذِينَ يَجُعَلُونَ مَعَ اللَّهِ الْهَا اخَرَ

Who set up along with Allah another god. [15:96]

(act. pic. m. sing.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) جَاعِلُوْ لَ الْمَاتُونَ الْمَاعِلُوْ لَاللَّهُ those who make SS or adopt

ج ف م

a worthless thing, (n.) Life

< rubbsish
litt. froth, foam

ج ف ن

جِفَانٌ < basins, (n.p.) جَفْنَـةً (sing.)

a large deep dish of wood

ج س د ★

a body (n.) عَـَة

\* " " 5

(perate neg. m. phu.) » لَا تَجَسَّسُوُا < do not spy

بَسَّ بَهُشُّ جَسَّالُون to feel, touch

وَ تَجَسَّ vo investigate, spy v

\* 6 00 5

body (n.) الجِيْمُ

sing. جُسُمُّ <bodies (n.p.) أُجُسَامُّ

\* 7 6 £

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) جَعَل <~placed (1)

make, effect, prepare, produce, appoint, fix (a price, compensation or reward), begin

مَاجَعَلَ اللهُ لِرَجُلِ مِنْ قَلْمَيْنِ فِي جَوْفِهِ

Allah has not placed into any man two hearts in his inside (or chest). [33:4]

(perf. 1st p. phu.) الْعَدِّة we made, (2) ج ل س ★

الْجَالِسُ <seats (n.p.) جَلْلِسُ

n. for p.t. (sing.)

جَلَنَ يَخْلِينُ جُلُوْسَالِمِن) to sit

\* J J E

glory (v.n.) اَلْمِلَالُوْ جَلاَلَةُ الْسَ جَلَّ بِحَلُّ جَلالاً وَ جَلاَلَةً الْسَ to be great, powerful, sublime

The Possessor • ذُوْ الْجَلَالِ ، of glory.

ج ل و ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii جُلُّ < ~glorified

جَلُّ بُعَلِيٌّ خَلِيَّةً

to glorify, to make clear, bring in light

#### وَالنَّهَارِإِذَاجَلْهَا

By the day when it glorifieth him (Jid) i. e. when it shows forth the sun's splendour to its full.

[91:3]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) چُلُخ glorifies, manifests ج ف و ★

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. vii حَمَا اللهُ ال

ج ل ب ★

(perate m. sing.) iv أُجُلِبُ <collect, summon

جَلَّبَ يَخْلِبُ جَلُبُالُمْنَ

to drive, draw, bring, assemble

<overgarments (n.p.) جَلاَيْتُ (sing.) جِلْبَابٌ

**★** 3 0 7

(perate m. plu.) iv اَجُلِدُوْا (you) flog!

to whip. جَلَدُ مَجُلِدُ جَلُدُا فِي scourage

stripe (n.) جَلْدَة

جُلُودٌ (sing.) جِلْدُ <skins (n.p.)

1.4

#### \* 21E

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
< ~amassed (1)

جَمَعَ بَجُمَعُ جَمُعًا

to gather, collect, amass, assemble

#### الذي جَمَعَ مَالَا وَعَدَدُهُ

Who amasses wealth and counts it. [104:2]

settled SS (2)

### فَجَمَعُ كَيْدُهُ

Then he settled his plan. [20:60]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المحقود they gathered

#### إِنَّ النَّاسَ قَنْجَمَعُواْ لَكُوْ

Surely people have gathered against you. [3:173]

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) بَعَعْنَا we assembled

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) جُمَعُ ~gathers

(epl. 3 p.m. sing.) لَبَجُمُعَنَّ he shall gather together

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) جُمُعُونُ they gather together

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) جُنَعُ we assemble

#### لانجليها لوقية كالامح

None but He will manifest it at its time. [7:187]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v ∼unveiled (face or glory)

#### عَلِيَّا تَعَلَىٰ رَقُهُ

When his Lord unveiled His glory. [7:143]

جَلاً ۚ (the exile (v.n.) جَلاَ يَخْلُونُ جَلاَّةً (عَنْ وَ مِنْ)

to exile, to migrate, emigrate from one's country, depart

## \* 212

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) جُمْعُوْنَ they ran away in all haste

جَمَعَ يَجَمَعُ جَمُعا(ف) وَ بِمَاحاً وَ جُمُوْحاً

to be restive and run away (horse), to be headstrong, quick to throw at, hit

# \* , 6

(act. pic. f. sing.) جَامِدَةُ <firmly fixed

جَمَدَ بَحْمُدُ جَدْأَ وَ جُمُوْداً (ن)

to congeal, harden, stiffen

Friday (n.) اُجُنَّتُهُ

place of meeting, (n. for p.t.)

(pact. pic. m. sing.) عُوْمُ عُ

(pact. pic. m. plu.) جَوْعُونَ assembled ones the day of assembly بَوْمُ الْجِنَعِ

\* 7 6 4

the camel (n.)

< the camels (n.p.)

جَمَلِ (sing.)

<the camels (عَالَتْ (جَالَتْ) جَالَاتْ (Rgh.) sing. عَالَةً</p>

all, complete one (n.)

the beauty (n.) ガデ

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مناه beautiful

\* 11 €

(n.) 🖛 < acc. 🚎

very much (in exceeding manner)

ج ن ب ★

(perate. m. sing.) اَجُنُبُ <keep aside, save تَجْمَعُوْا (n.d.) تَجْمَعُوْنَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) that you have to gather

وَآنَ تَجْمَعُوابَيْنَ الْأَعْتَيْنِ

(Forbidden unto you) that you have two sisters together (i.e. as your wives). [4:23]

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ₹

(perf. 3 p.m. phu,) iv أَجْمُونُا they resolved, (agreed among themselves)

وَآجَمُ وَالْنَ يَجُعَلُوهُ فِي عَلْبَتِ الْجُتِ

And they resolved to put him in the bottom of the well. [12:15]

(perate m. plu.) iv اَجْمُورُا you devise

فآجيه عُوْلِيدًا كُوْكُتُوالْتُتُواصَفًا

Wherefore devise your stratagem, then come in the row. [20:64]

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) viii اُجُنَعَتُ صgot together

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) viii اجْمَعُوا they got together

multitude, gathering (v.n.) الجنَّعُ

(v.n. dual) جَمْعَانِ

two gathered groups

(act. pic. m. sing.) جايع

perf. 3 p.m. sing. انجَنَابُوْ that has a Fatha mark on the ن and imperative m. plu.

وَالَّذِينَ اجْتَنَبُواالطَّاعُونَ

And those who avoid the devils. [39:17]

اجْتَوْتُوْاكِينَةُ وَالْمِنْ الظُّلِّنَ

Avoid much from suspicion. [49:12]

in respect of (1) (n.)

عَلْ مَا فَتَرَظَتُ فِي جَنْبِ اللهِ

That I was unmindful of Allah. (Pic.) [39:56]

That I have been remiss in respect of Allah. (Jid.)

side (2)

والصّليب بِالنَّبَيْ

And the companion of the side. [4:36]

جُنُوبُ (sing.) جَنْبُ <sides (n.p.)

طنب distant (1) (n.)

وَالْمُهَالِمُنْفِ

And the distant neighbour.

i.e. the neighbour who is
not of kin (The person
who is one's neighbour
but belongs to another
people (LL). (4:36]

جَنَبَ يَخْبُ جَنْبًا (ن)

to turn aside, turn off,

وًاجُنْهُ فِي وَبَنِيَّ أَنَّ نَعْبُدُ الْأَصْنَامَرَ

And keep me and my sons away from worshipping the idols. [14:35]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii بُخَتْبُ ~keeps away, saves

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) ii جُخْبُ ~shall be kept away

وسينجنبها الأشقى

And away from it shall be kept the most pious. [92:17]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مُعَجَّبُ ~keeps himself away, avoids

وَيُتَجَنَّهُ الْأَشْعَى

And the most unfortunate one will avoide it. [87:11]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii الْجَشَـَةُوُّ they avoided

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)viii يَحْسَنِبُونَ they avoid

تَخْتَيْنُبُوْا .acc تَخْتَيْنُوْنَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (that if you) avoid

(perate m. plu.) viii الْجُنَيْبُولُا avoid

(Learners should note carefully the difference between

## واخفض كفتاجناح الذل

And lower down unto them the wing of submission. [17:24]

مَنَاحَيْ .n.d جَنَاحَيْن .acc two wings, both wings

أُجْنِحَة (wings (n.p.) جَنَاحٌ (sing.)

جَنَاحُ (n.) جَنَاحُ

كت على شياع

It is no sin for you. [2:198]

ح

an army (n.) عُنْدُ

جُنُودٌ (the armies (n.p.) جُنْدُ (sing.)

ن ف 🖈

unjust cause, (n.) wrong course

مُنْجَانِفُ (Ap-der. m. sing.) vi willingly inclining

غارمتهانف يدثي

Not one inclining wilfully to sin. [5:3]

Œ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) جَنَّ ~overshadowed

impure (2)

وإن كُنْتُمُ جُنْبًا فَأَطَّهُرُوا

And if you are unclean purify yourselves. (Pic.) [5:6]

And if ye be polluted (by sexual acts) purify yourselves. (Jid.)

(According to L.L. technical term and means, one who is under an obligation to perform a total ablution or bathing.)

Note: The emission of semen whether in waking or in sleep makes bathing obligatory.

side (act. pic. m. sing.) 2:1-جانب التطورالأسس

The right side of the mount Tur. [19:52]

**★ て ÿ** 

<they inclined

جَنَحَ بَخَتُمُ مُنْوُحًا (ف)

to incline towards, to bend

incline (perate m. sing.)

فلن جَعَوُ اللَّهُ لَهِ فَأَجْنَعَ لَهَا

And if they incline to peace incline thou also to it. [8:61]

wing (n.)

### فَيُوْمَهِ فِلْالْمُتُكُ عَنْ ذَنْهِ } إِنْنُ وَلَاجَأَنْ

Of his sin will be questioned that Day neither man nor Jinn. [55:39]

serpent (2)

#### تَعَتَّزُكَا ثَمَاجًا ثُنَّ

It was wriggling as though it were a serpent. [27:10]

جِنَّة (sing.) جِنَّ <the Jinn (n.p)

مِنَ الْجِنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ

Whether of Jinn or mankind.
[114:6]

madness (2)

آمرية وأون به جنكة

Or say they: in him is madness. [23:70]

is with عِنَّة is with a definite article المُنَّة (i.e. الْمُنَّة ) means Jinn.

(pact. pic. m. sing.) جُنُوُنُّ <mad one

to be mad أَجُنَّ بُحِنُوناً enclosed garden, (n.) بَعَنَّ عَالَمُ paradise

(n. dual) acc. جَنَّتَانِ nom. بَنَّتَانِ two gardens

جَنَّاتٌ < gardens (n.p) جَنَّاتٌ

جَنَّ يَهُنُّ جَنَّا وَجُنُونَا

to cover, veil, be dark

مَلْتَأْجَنَّ عَلَيْهِ الْيُلُ

Then when the night overshadowed on him. [6:76]

الِجُنُّ (Jinn (n.)

Jinn are a definite order of conscious being, intelligent, corporial and usually invisible, made of smokeless flame, as men are of clay, created before Adam. They eat and drink and propagate their species. and are subject to death. much in the same way as human being are, though as a rule invisible to the human eye. They manifest themselves to men at will. mostly under animal form. (Jid. 7. n.n. 644)

Note: The word "Jinn" is a plural noun denoting a kind of creature as النسان or النسان for human being. It has also a singular jinnee but has not occured in the Holy Quran.

جَانٌ (opp. أَنْوُ (opp. أَنْوُ (opp. أَنْوُ

114

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii عامِدُ ~strives

ومن جاهدة فالكائم المالية

And whosoever strives, strives only for himself. [29:6]

(perate. m. sing.) جَاهِد thou strive!

(perate. m. plu.) جَاهِدُوُا you strive

struggle, strive (v.n.)

acc. مُعَاهِدُونَ nom. مُعَاهِدُونَ (Ap-der < iii, m. plu.) strivers

hard earning, endeavour (n.)

كُلِيَعِينُ فَنَ الْكُفِينَةُ

They find naught (to give) but their earning. [9:79]

binding, forcible (n.)

أفتمولا للوجند أيكازم

Who (they) swear by Allah their most binding oaths. [5:53]

ج • د ★

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ said openly, published

جَهَرَ بَجُهُرُ جَهُراً وَ جَهُرَاةً وَجَهَاراً (ف)

to be or become public, known,

جُنَّةً (shield, shelter (n.)

أَجِنَّةُ <embryos (n.p.) آجِنَّةُ

وَإِذَانَتُوا حِنَّهُ فِي الطُّونِ أُمَّ لَمَ يَكُو

And you are embryos in the wombs of your mothers. [53:32]

\* 5 0 5

sing: جَيُّ < furits (n.p)

وكبَيَا الْجَنَّتَيْنِ دَانٍ

And the fruits of the two gardens are within reach. [55:54]

fresh (n.) acc.

النيخ للغنا عليا عَنِياً

It will drop on the fresh ripe dates. [19:25]

\* > \* 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii جَاهَدَ < ~strived

جَاهَدَ مُجَاهَدَةً وَ جِهَاداً to struggle

to exert (فِنُ) جَهْدَ جَهْدَا وَنِهُ oneself, endeavour

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) iii أَجَاهَــَدِ. the twain strived

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii أَجَاهَدُوُا they struggled, strived acc. آهِايُّنُ nom. مَاهِايُنُ (act. pic. m. plu.) (sing.) مَاهِلُ < ignorants the state of ignorance (n.) مَاهِلِتَهُ (or) unawareness

ج ن م the hell (n.)

ج و ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ابرا المراجع المر

to pass آبُ جَوْباً through a country, to cut, to penetrate

وَثُمُوُدَالَيْنِيُنَ جَابُواالصَّحُرِبِالْخَادِ And Thamud who hewed out the rocks in the valley.

[89:9]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv جَنِّمُ <you replied

أَجَابَ يُحِيْبُ إِجَابَةً

to reply, answer, accept

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv replies, answers

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv acc.

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv اُجِیْبُ I accept

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iv we accept

to disclose, say (ب ) جَهَرَ ( ب ) publicly

open (n.) جَهْرُ

loudly, openly (adj.) آجُرُا

manifestly open (v.n.)

(prate m. plu.) اُجَهَرُوُا (you) say loudly!

(perate neg. m. sing.) الْمَعْبُونُ do not shout (thou)! say not loudly!

openly, very clearly (٧.n.) جَهَارٌ

ج • ز ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii جَهْزَ furnished, provided

جَهَازٌ (n.) provision

**★ J •**  ₹

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii يَعْهُونُنَ <they are ignorants

جَمَلَ يَجْمَلُ جَهٰلاً وَجَهَالَةً (ف)

to be ignorant, to lack knowledge

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you are ignorants i.e. they/ you speak ignorantly

(act. pic. m. sing.) جامِل an ignorant one

very ignorant (ints.) چُهُولُ

(perate>x. m. plu.) اَسَتَجِيْبُوُ (you) respond!

one who accepts prayer or supplication

(act pic. plu. iv, plu.) الْجِيْنُونَ The Almighty who accepts prayer or supplication

(Note that plural is used for singular.)

جَوَابٌ (v.n.) جَوَابٌ

وَمَاكَانَ جَوَابَ قُومِهُ

And the answer of his people was..... [7:82]

watering troughs, (n.) الجُوَّابُ wells > (sing.) جَايِّة very large pot of water, well

وَحِفَانِ كَالْجَوَابِ

And bowls (large) as wells or watering troughs. [34:13]
( الماد) cisterns—Jid.)

₹ 5 9 5

جُوُدِيُ (n.) Judi

"It is the name of a mountain, its greek name is said to be Gordyæi being one of the mountains which divide Armenia on the south from Mesopotamia." (M.A.)

(perate m. plu.) iv اَجِيْنُوا respond, accept, reply

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) iv أُجِيْتُتُ ∼accepted

مَالَ تَدَابُعِيْتُ دُعُونُكُمَا

He said your petition is accepted. [10:89]

(pp. 2 p.m. phu.) iv you were replied

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) iv أُجِبُتُ I accept, I respond

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x (he accepted

to accept أُسْنِجَابَ اسْنِجَابَةً

(perf. 3 p.m. phu.) x الْمُنْجَابُوْ ا they accepted

(perf. 2 p.m. phu.) x you accepted

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) x (we accepted

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) x الْمُنْجِبُبُ was accepted

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x بُسْتَجِيبُ he accepts

يَسْتَجِيُّوْا .acc بَسْتَجِيُّوْنَ

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) x they accept, respond

(imperf. 2 p.m. phu.) x نَسْتَجِينُونَ you ask acceptance

(perate.>x, m. sing.) انْسَيِّبُ thou may accept! (parate m. sing.) iv إُجِرُ give protection!

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii אُצُورُونَ they take the place in one's neighbourhood

#### لَايْعِادِرُوْنَكَ

They shall not be thy neighbour. [33:60]

(act. pic. m. sing.) جَائِرِهُ deviating (way)

(ap-der.>vi, f. plu.) مُنَجَاوِرَاتُ side by side

### وَفِ الْأَرْضِ تِطَعُّ مُتَعْجُوراتُ

And in the earth are tracts side by side. [13:4]

ج و ذ ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii جَاوَزَ بَعَاوِزُ جَوَازاً وَ مُجَاوَزَةً حَاوَزَ بُعَاوِزُ جَوَازاً وَ مُجَاوَزَةً to pass a certain boundry, to cross

(perf. 3 p.m. dual) iii جاوزا they (twain) passed forth, crossed

(perf. Ist.p. plu.) iii جَاوَزُناً we crossed

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iii (ب) جَارَزُنَا (ب) we caused to cross

نَنَجَاوَزُ (imperf. Ist p. plu.) نَنَجَاوَزُ we pass by

نَـنَجَاوَزُ (عَنْ) (perf. Ist. p. plu.) we forgave Still regarded by the Kurds as the scene of the descent from the ark." (Jid.)

"As traditionally affirmed the ark resting on the mountains must have been very ancient. (Sale)

الجِياَدُ (.sing.) جَوَادُ (sing.) جَوَادُ (sing.)

₹ 9 0 €

(act. pic. m. sing.) آجاڙ neighbour

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < ∼protects, shelters

to save, أَجَارَ مُجِيرُ إِجَارَةُ protect, to cause one to turn aside from,

> جَارَ يَجُوُرُ جَوُراً (ن) to be unjust, to turn aside \_\_\_\_\_

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv protects, shelters (the & is dropped in a conditional phrase)

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.)iv →is protected

#### وَهُوَلِجِ يُرُولًا يُجَارُعَلَنِهِ

And He protests and none is ptotected against Him. [23:88]

استجار x (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x استجار >sought protection

جَاةً بَيْنِيعُ جَبْيًا (ب)

to come, to bring

جَامَتُ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) جَامَتُ ~(f.) came

جَاوُّوُا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) جَاوُّوُا they came

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) you came

(perf. 2 p. f. sing.) بِعَيْتِ thou came (with.....thou brought)

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)
you came, brought

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) الم

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) جيئ < جائ < جائ < سياية

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv -

فأجآ تفالكفاض

Then the birth-pangs drove her. [19:23]

ج ی ب ★

opening at the neck (n.) جُنْبُ and bosom of a shirt

<br/>

(sing.)

ج ی د ★

<neck, ironical (n.)
litt. a beautiful neck (L.L.)</pre>

₹ و س ★

جَاسُوُا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) < they ravaged, made havoc, entered

جَاسَ يَخُوسُ جَوْساً (ن)

to seek for (or) to see after, to go back and forth (between)

\* 6 9 5

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) acc. خُوعَ < thou art hungry

بَمَاعَ بَهُوُعُ جَوُعاً (ن)

to be hungry

آلانَجُوعَ نِيهَا

That thou art not hungry.
[20:118]

hungry (n.) مُوْعٌ

ج و ف ★

جُوْنً (chest, thorax (n.) جَوْنًا

ج و و ★

firmament (n.)

★ 2 0 €

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) 31-

<~came

# كتاب الحاء

as r.f. (above) vi عَمَّ عُمَّةً (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv اُحْمَابُتَ thou loved (perf. 1st p. sing.) iv I loved (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv loves ~with love (in reply) (iv.) (The assimilation of double denotes its being in accord with a conditional phrase). (imperf. 3 p.m. plu) iv they love (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv عُمَّوُنَ you love (imperf. 1st p. sing.) iv I love more wanted than (eletive) SS, more dearer than SS



(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~~endeared

حَبَّ بَحْبُ حَبَّا وَ مُجَّا (ن) to love, be loved (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) عَمْيِسُونَ you detain تَحْمِسُونَهُمَا

You detain them (two), [5:106]

ح ب ط

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) < ~ came to naught, gone in vain

to come to naught, to perish

رُطِتُ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) حَبِطَتُ came to naught, gone in vain

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) acc. it may go in vain

(epl. 3 p.m. sing.) لَيُحَمَّلُ surely be made ineffective

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv.

iv لُعَبِطُ أَخِبَاطاً to make SS ineffective

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

ح ب ك ★

paths (n. p.) (signifies either the traces of angels or the orbs of stars Jid.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x المتعبّر المنتخبر المنتخب

the love (n.)

< beloved ones (n.p.) أُجِبًا \$\tag{sing.}</p>

the love (n.mim)

\* \* \* \*

probable, grain (n.)

grain (n.)

ح ب ر ★

مُعَبِّرُونَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) مُعَبِّرُونَ they shall be made happy

خبِرَ بَحْبَرُ مُبُوراً (س) To be glad

(pip. 2 p.m. plu.) تَحْبُرُونَ you shall be made happy.

great learned men; (n.p) أُحُبَارُ doctors of religious laws.

ح ب س ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُغِيشُ ~ prevents, detain

حَبَسَ يَخِينُ حَبُساً (ض)

to imprison, confine; detain

#### \* 5 5 5

(pref. 3 p.f. sing.) (assim)

~ ← performed the religious
rites and the ceremonies
of the pilgrimage, repaired
to Makka or to Ka'ba

حَجَّ بَحْجٌ حَجّا(ن)

to intend to a certain target,

the pligrimage (n.)

the pilgrimage of the عِجُّ الْبَيْتِ House (Ka'ba)

the pligrimage (n.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) جُلِّاجً the pilgrim

(used also for the group of pilgrims as a noun of kind إِنْسُ

(sing.) years (n. p.)

an argument (n.) عُبِّةً

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii ₹ < ~contended

مَاجُ مُعَاجُ عَاجُهُ وَ حِجَاجًا to despute, contend

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii 1

ر (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii پانجنگم you contented ح ب ل ★

a rope, a cord, (n.) خُبُلُّ a course union

ropes, cords (n. p.) عبالًا

\* 1 = 7

unavoidable (n.)

\* \* \* \*

until, yet, till, (preposition) even, nay! even

\* • • • 7

quickly, incessantly (v. n.) المُثِيثًا

ح ج ب ★

barrier, a veil, curtain (n.) جَابُ (ن) أَلْهُ مُعَدُّدٌ مَجَالًا (ن)

to hide, to cover, to put behind veil

(pact. pic. m. plu.) حَجُوْ رُونَ - the debarred ones, who are kept behind a veil, those who are shut out

(sing.)

Note: In the time of paganism, a man meeting another whom he feared, in a sacred month, used to say meaning, it حِجْراً مُحَجُوراً is rigorously forbidden to thee to commit an act of hostility against me, in this month, and the latter thereupon would abstain from any aggression against him and so, on the day of Ressurrection, the polytheists, when they see the punishment, will say to the angels, thinking that it will profit them. (Jid.—LL)

وجعل بينهما بززغا وجغرا معجوا

And he has placed between these two (seas) a barrier and great partition.

[25:53]

sense, understanding (3)

مَلُ فِي وَٰ إِلَّ قَدَ وُلِكَ قَدَ وُلِن يُحِجُرٍ

Indeed in that is an oath for a man of sense (is there in that an oath for a man of sense?) [89:5]

Note: The interrogative par-

is also used to stress the sense of the sentence. Theretore, some translators of the Quran tend to interpret it by 'surely, indeed, and alike.' acc. (n.d.) أيُحَاجُونَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) iii they are contending (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii عَاجُونَ you are contending

وَمَلْعَهُ قُومُهُ قَالَ آعُمَا يُغِونُهُ فِاللَّهِ ؟

And his people contended with him, he said: Are you contending me about Allah? [6:80]

they wrangle together vi بَنَحَاجُونَ < عَمَاجٌ بَنَمَاجٌ عَاجُهُمُ عَمَاجُهُمُ عَمَاجُهُمُ عَمَاجُهُمُ مَا خَمَاجٌ عَمَاجُهُمُ عَمَاجُهُمُ الله to wrangle together

\* > 5 5

prohibited one (1) (n.)

رَقَالَوُا لَمْنِهُ وَآنَعَامُ وَحَرِثَ حِجْدُ

And they said: Those (such and such) cattle and crops are prohibited. [6:138]

a barrier (2)

وَيَغُوْلُونَ عِجْرًامَحُجُورًا

And they will say: Let their be a strong barrier (and they will say: away! away! — Jid.) [25:22]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) كَنْجُوراً who is put behind a barrier وجعك بين المتعنين عاجزا

And has set a barrier between two seas. [27:61]

(act. pic. m. phu.) خاجزين withholders

فمامنك فيناكم وعنه بحجين

And not one of you would have withheld us (from punishing him). [69:47]

### ל ה **י** א

حَدَثِ mound, elevated (n.) حَدَثِ place

حَدِبَ تَحْدَبُ حَدَبًا \_ عَلَى \_ to be affectionate,

(n.) حَدَبُّ ج أَخْدَابٌ وَ حُدُبُّ ج elevated ground

### \* \* > 7

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii خَوْنُ < ~ will tell, will inform

to tell ii عُدِيثاً to state

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii عُدُونَ you will say, inform

tell (perate m. sing.) ii حَدِّثُ

غيرتُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

< ~ creates, generates (1)</p>
to create, iv أُحَدَثَ إِحَدَاثًا initiate, generate

Name of a mountain (4)
about 150 miles north of
Syria. The rocky tract of
land known by this name
lies in the north of Arabia
on the highway to Syria.
It was inhabited by the

tribe of عُوُّد (Thamud).

Hijr, in Ptolemy and Pliny, is an oasis staple town of the gold and the frankincense carvan road from Arabia the Happy. (Jid. 14 nn. 95) Doughty, Travels in Arabia Deserta, 1, 135)

وَلَقَدُكُذُ بَ أَصْعُبُ الْحِجْدِ الْمُوسِلِينَ

And surely the dwellers of Hijr rejected the message. [15:80]

الحَجَرُ (n.) the stone

عِجَارَةً (n.) the stone

(sing.) محبر ات (apartments (n. p.)

ward, guardianship (n.p.) مجورة

### وتتبإينكوالبق في مُجُورِكُو

And your step-daughters who are your ward (or in your guardianship). [4:23]

\* > 5 5 5

a barrier (act. pic. m. sing.)

discourse (2)

وَيُعَلِّمُكَ مِنْ تَأْوِيلِ الْلَحَادِيثِ

And will teach thee of the interpretation of the discourse. [12:6]

## \* > > C

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii 55-

to oppose, مَادَّ عَادُّ عَادُهُ act with hostility towards SS

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii عُمَادِدُ opposes

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii عُادُوْنَ they oppose

limits. bounds (n. p.)

يلك حدودالله فكالتوثوما

These are bounds of Allah wherefore approach them not! [2:187]

iron (1) (n.) تعدید

وَٱنْزَلْنَاالْحَدِيْدَ فِيهُ بَأْسُ سَدِيْدٌ

We sent down iron wherein is great voilence. [57:25]

sharp (2)

فَيصَرُكُ الْيُؤْمِرَ حَدِيثُ

So thy sight is sharp today. [50:22]

أوينوى لهم وكوا

Or it may generate in them some admonition. [20:113]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) iv آخوت I initiate, begin

حَتَى اُحْدِثَ لَكَ مِنْهُ ذِكْرًا

Until I begin thereof (some) mention. [18:70]

( pis. pic. m. sing.) ان عُدَثُ fresh, new

(act. pic. m. sing.) خدیث a story (1)

وَهَـلُ ٱللّٰكَ حَدِيثُ مُتُوسَى

And has come to thee the story of Musa. [20:9]

a discourse (2)

حتى يخوضوان حبيث عيرا

Until they plunge in a discourse other than it. [4:140]

speech (3)

لايكادون علقهون حديثا

That well-nigh they understand not any speech.
[4:78]

أَحَادِيْثُ (n.p.) (stories, bywords (1) (n.p.)

وَجَعَلُنا مُعَلِّعَا إِمْ يَك

And we made them bywords. [23:44] (act. pic. m. plu.) خَاذِرُونَ those who are in state of preparation or cautious

(pact. pic. m. sing.) عَدُورٌ a thing to be feared of, gaurded against

إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّكَ كَانَ عَدُورًا

Verily the torment of thy Lord is ever to be gaurded against. [17:57]

precaution (n.)

خُنُوْاحِدُوُكُ

Take your precaution. [4:71] fear (v.n.)

حَنَوَالْمُوْتِ

Fear of death.[2:19]

\* 7 7 5

اَرَبَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii آَرَبَ < ~made war against (ن) آَرَتِ مُؤْمُنُ حَرَّاً (ن)

to plunder

til عَارَبَ عَارَبَةً to wage war against to

to wage war against, to fight

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii عَادِيُونَ they fight, make war against

war, fighting (n.) しんしょうしょうしょうしょうしょう

sanctuary (n. 1. p.) أَغُرُ أَبُ an apartment inside the sanctuary حِدَادٌ (sing.) (adj.) حَدَادٌ (sing.)

سَلَعُوْكُمْ بِٱلْسِنَاةِ حِدَادِ

They smile at you with sharp tongues. [33:19]

ح د ق ★

حَدَاثِقُ ( gardens ( n. p. ) حَدَاثِقُ حَدَاثِقُ

\* , 3 7

غَذَرُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) عَدْدُرُ <-- fears

حَذَرَ يَخْذَرُ حَذَراً وَحِدُوا (ف)

to be cautious, to fear
(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) الْأَدُونَ they are cautious

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) عُذَرُونَ you are cautious

احُذَرُ (perate. m. sing.) احُذَرُ (thou) be cautious

(you) fear!

(imperf. 3 p.m sing.) ii عُذُرُ ~<a href="mailto:cautions"><a href="m

حَدِّرَ عُلِيْمُ ا to caution #

ويُعَذِذُ لَا لِللهُ تَعْسَهُ

And Allah cautioneth you of Himself. [3:28] restriction (2)

لَيْسَ عَلَى الْأَغْنَى حَرَجُ

No restriction is there upon the blind. [24:61]

blame (3)

مَا كَانَ عَلَى السَّبِي مِنُ حَرَج

No blame is there upon the Prophet. [33:38]

\* 2 7 5

خَرْدٌ (m.) جَرْدٌ خَرْداً (ض) خَرَدَ تَحْرُدُ خَرُداً (ض) to nrevent, be angry

وَعَدَواعَلَ حَددٍ قُدِيثَنَ

And they went out betimes having been powerful on the prevention [68:25]

\* > > C

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ه الْحَرِّةُ وَ اللهِ endeavoured

(opp. cold) the heat (n.) الْحَرِّةُ وَ اللهِ endeavoured

(opp: slave) the free (n.) الْحَرِّةُ وَ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللّهُ وَال

#### ككنا دخل عكيها ذكريا الوخواب

Whenever Dhakariyya entered the apartment in sanctuary to (see) her.

[3:37]

the wall (of the sanctuary) (2)

إذ تَسَوَّرُواالِيحُوَابَ

When they climbed the wall of the sanctuary. [38:21]

عَارِيُبُ (n.p.) (lofty halls (LL)

(sing.) عُرُابٌ <synagogues (Jid., M.A.)

## ح د ث ★

خَرُكُ (n.) tilth

خَرَثَ يَخُرُثُ خُو ثاً (ن)
 to till and sow the ground

(imperf. 2 p m. plu.) عُوْرُونَ you sow

### \* 6 7 6

straitness (1) (n.) حَرَجٌ (ف) خَرَجاً (ف) to be close, be oppressed,

فَلَايَكُنْ فِي صَدْدِلِيَ حَرَجُ مِنْهُ

So let there be no straitness in thy breast. [7:2]

be straightened

word.

### حرف ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing:) ii حَرِّفُ < perverts, dislocates,
- عَرِفَ مَعْرِفُ حَرِفاً (ض) - عَنُ to turn from the proper way or manner, corrupts the words, alters the sense of

to trans- ii حَرِّ فَ عَرِينا pose or change (letters or words).

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii ליליני they pervert, dislocate, currupt.

the edge (a point of (n.)

(ap-der. < v, m. sing.) متحوف one who turns away in order to return to fight, swerving

#### إلامتك تركاليتال

Unless it be swerving to a fight. [8:16]

ح د ق 🖈

لَّهُ حَوِّقٌ قَلَّ (epl. Ist. p. plu.) لَنُحَوِّقٌ قَلَ we surely shall burn (ضَوَقٌ يَحَوِّقُ حَرُقًا (ضَ

by pulling in the fire,

ا مُوَقَّ الْا مُوْمِقًا co burn, to cause burning pain

#### ح د س ★

حَرْشُ (n.) guard جَرْسًا وَ حَرْسَ يَخُوسُ حَرْسًا وَ حِرَاسَةً (ن) to guard, to watch

ح د ص ★

رُوْتُ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) جَرَّصُتَ (thou desired eagerly

حَرَصَ تَخْرِصُ حَرُصاً (ض)

to desire eagerly

( perf. 2 p.m. plu. ) خَرَضَمُ you desired eagerly

أَغْرِ صُ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) (gen.) تَغْرِ صُ thou desire eagerly

حَرِيْصُلُّ (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) eager

most eager (eletive) آخرَ ص

ح د د ش ★

رُوْنُ (perate. m. sing.) ii حَرِّضُ yursuade!

حَرَّضَ ال تَحْرَيْضا

to encourage, incite, to pursuade

>> حَرَضَ تَحْرُونُ حَرَضًا (ض،ن)

to be decayed, to be corrupt, sickly, approach death point

sick to the point of (٧.٨.) حَرَّ صَنْ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii مُحَوِّقُونَ they forbid

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii عَوِّ مُوْنَ you forbid

i.e. the territory of Makkah and its inviolable suburbs

#### اتَّاجَّعَلْنَاحَرَمُاأُونَا

We have appointed an inwiolable sanctuary. [29:67]

عرام (1) (n.) عرام unlawful

لمذاحلل وللمذاحرائر

This is lawful and this unlawful. [16:116]

ban (2)

### وحوارعل قرية الملكناة

And ban is (laid) on (every) town which we have destroyed. [21:95]

sacred (3)

القهزالغوام بالقهوالغوام

A sacred month is for a sacred month. [2:194]

وَ لَاتُعْتِلُوهُمْ عِنْدَ الْسَجِدِ الْحَوَامِ

And fight them not near the sacred Mosque (i.e. the Mosque of Kaba) [2:191]

< sacred ones (1) (n.p.)

حَرَّامُ (sing.)

(perate. m. phu.) ii عُرِّقُوْدا (you) burn!

(perf. 3 p.j., sing.) viji اُحُتَّرَقَتْ consumed (by fire)

الحريق (act. 2 pic.) الحريق

ح د ك ★

(perate. neg. m. sing.) المُعْرَدُ الْمَعْرِدُ الْمَعْرِدُ الْمُعْرِدُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ ا

6 2 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii حَوِّمَ < ~ forbade to forbid, مُحَرِّمٌ مَّحُرِّمٌ مَّحُرِّمٌ مَّحُرِيمًا

to prohibit use or doing SS

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii を言い

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii څُو مَتْ is forbidden

رَوَّ مُوْا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii مَوَّ مُوْا they forbade

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii خوصتنا we fordade

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii thou forbid

sacred ordinances (2)

وَمَنْ يُعَظِّمْ حُرُمْتِ اللهِ

And whoever respects the sacred ordinances of Allah. [22:30]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) الْحُوْدُومُ a deprived one

وَفِيَّ آمْوَالِهِ وَحَقَّ لِلسَّالِ وَالْمَحْدُومِ

And in their wealth there was a due share for the beggar and the non-beggar (deprived one). [51:19]

كَوْدُوْ مُوُنَّ (pact. pic. m. plu.) كَوْدُوْ مُوُنَّ deprived ones

بَلْ نَحْنُ مَحْرُومُونَ

Aye! we are deprived ones. [56:67]

(1) (pis. pic. m. sing.) ii

to forbid لَمْ يُعَلِّمُ to forbid لَحَرِّمُ اللهِ

وهو عُرَّرُ مُلَيْكُةُ إِخْرَاجُهُمْ

Whereas forbidden unto you was their driving away.
[2:85]

sacred (2)

عند بَيْتِكَ الْمُحَرِّم

Near thy sacred House.

[\*4:37]

(pis. pic \_ \_.) ii مَوْتَةَةُ forbidden

كَأَذَا انْسَلَحَ الْأَشْهُ وْالْحُرْمُ

When the sacred months have passed, [9:5]

Note: The ancient Arabs held four months in the year as sacred, during which they held it unlawful to wage war. These months were the first, seventh, eleventh and twelfth, namely, Muhurram, Rajab, Dhulqa'da and Dhulhijja.

to be in the state of (2)

ihram (إِحْرَامٌ)

لَا تَقَتُ لُواالصَّيْدُ وَأَنْتُمُ عُرُمٌ

Slay not chase while you are in state of sanctity.

[5:95]

Note: اُحْرَمَ إِحْرَاماً to enter upon the performance of those acts of الْحَبَةُ (al-hajj, pilgrimage) or of الْعُمْرَةُ (al'umrah)whereby certain things become forbidden that were lawful before this state.

things regarded (1) (n.p.) خُومَاتُ sacred

والمخومك تعكاض

And retaliation (is allowed) in sacred things. [2:194]

#### مَّنَّ نَعْلُوْ إِنَّهُ لِيَحْزُنُكَ الَّذِي يَعُولُونَ

We know indeed that which they say grieveth thee. [6:33]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. کَوْنَ <they (f) are grieved

(س) تَحْوَنَ خَوْنَا وَ مُحْوَنَا (س) خَوْنَا وَ مُحْوَنًا وَ مُحْوَنًا وَمُعْوَنَا وَسُونَا فَا فَعُونَا وَسُونَا وَالْمُونَا وَالْمُؤْلِقِينَا وَالْمُونَا وَالْمُؤْلِقِينَا وَالْمُونَا وَالْمُونَا وَالْمُونَا وَالْمُونَا وَالْمُونَا وَالْمُونَا وَالْمُؤْلِقِينَا وَالْمُونَا وَالْمُونَالِمُ وَالْمُونِا وَالْمُونِا وَالْمُونَا وَالْمُؤْلِقِينَا وَالْمُؤْلِقِينَا وَالْمُؤْلِقِينَا وَالْمُؤْلِقُونَا وَالْمُؤْلِقِينَا وَلَامُونَا وَالْمُونَا وَلَالْمُونَا وَالْمُونَا وَلَالِمُ وَ

ولك أول آن تَعَرَا عُدُنُهُن وَلايحْزَق

This is liklier to cool their (f) eyes and not let them grieve. [33:51]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) کو تون they grieve

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) عَجْزَ يُونَ you grieve

(perate. neg. m. sing.) لَا تَعُوْرَنُ (thou) grieve not!

(perate. neg. m. plu.) الْأَغْرَا وَالْوَا (you) grieve not!

(perate. neg. f. sing.) يَ عَرِينِي (thou f.) grieve not!

grief (v.n.) acc. 155

تَوَوَّاوًا عَيْنُهُ وْتَغِيْضُ مِنَ التَّهْ حِحْزَنًا

(They) turned back while their eyes overflowed with tears for grief. [9:92]

a cause of grief (2)

عَالْتَقَطَاهُ الْ فِرْحَوْنَ لِيَكُوْنَ لَأَهُمْ عَنْ وُاوَّحَزَنَّا

And the people of Firown took him up, that he should become unto them an enemy and a cause of grief. [28:8]

## تَالَ فَإِنَّهَا مُعَرِّمَهُ عَلَيْهِمْ

Said He! verily it is forbidden unto them. [5:26]

### \* + > 5

confederate, sect, (1) (n.) = group, band

أوللك حِزْبُ الله

It is the Allah's band.[58:22]

two parties (2) (n. dual.) اَلْحِزْمَيْنِ

آئة أنح زَين لِنصلى لِمَا لَهُ أَلَالًا

Which of the two groups was best at reckoning the time that they had tarried.

[18:12]

أَحْزَابُ (n.p.) الْحَزَابُ sects (3)

فاختلف الدعزاب من بينوم

Then the sects have differed among themselves, [19:37]

confederate (4)

وَلَتُنَارَا النُّوْمِنُونَ الْلِحْزَات

And when the believers saw the confederates. [33:22]

\* 37 5

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) خوری ا

حَزَنَ عَرُنُ مُؤنَّ اللهِ اللهِ to grieve! (ن)

(e.n. neg. 2 p.m. sing.) لَا تَعْسَبَنَّ thou should not think

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iii آبَنَا (we reckoned المَاسَبَةُ وَ حِسَابًا to settle an account with, ask on account from,

حَسَبَ يَحْسُبُ حَسُأً وحِسَابًا

to count, to number, to calculate

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii مُعَاسِبُ will reckon

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iii عُمَاسَبُ will be reckoned

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii imagines

يَخْتَيْبُول . viii acc كَخْتَيْبُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they imagine, think of

reckoning (1) (v.n.) عَابُ

إنهن كالوالاير بون حسابا

Surely they feared not the reckoning. [78:27]

sufficient (2)

جَزَّاءُ مِنْ تَنْقِكَ عَمَا أُوسِمَا بَا

A reward from thy Lord sufficient. [78:36]

my account, my reckoning حِسَابِيتَهُ (n. suffixed with a pronomi-

nal & of Ist. p. attached with • of rhyming period.

grief (n.) مُحْزُنُّ

وَإِنْ يُكُنُّ عَيْنُهُ مِنَ الْحُوْنِ

And his eyes whitened with grief. [12:84]

ح س ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m sing.) حَسِبَ < ~thought

حَسِبَ بَحْسَبُ حِسْبَاناً (س) to think, consider

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حَسِبَتْ thought

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) المحسبة thou thought

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) حَسِبْتُ I thought

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المَيْبُولُ they thought

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) حَسِبُمُ you thought

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُعْسَبُ مخلسب

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) عُنْسَبُ thou think

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) عُصِّبُونُ they think

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you think

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (n.d.) المحتسبور that you think

(e.n. neg. 3 p.m. sing.) لَا يَحْسَبَنَ ~should not think the envy (v.n.)

\* > " =

حَسْرَةُ (n.) <anguish

حَسِرَ عَمْسَرُ حَسَرَهُ عَلَى \_ (س) to grieve for something that happened or was done in the past

Judgement is also called "the Day of anguish" because man will then regret that he wasted the opportunity given to him to work for his own good (Ibn Kathir).

یا سخترة ! Ah, the anguish

یا خشتر تا Alas, my grief!

مَا حَسْرَتُنَا ! Alas, our grief حanguishes (n.p.)

(sing.)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) <a href="https://doi.org/10.2016/j.com/">that is made dim, that becomes wearied out</a>

حَسَرَ يَحْشُرُ مُحْسُوراً (ن)

to get tired, fatigued, to fall short

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x يَشْتَخْسِرُونَ they weary

(pact. pic. m. sing.) آغَشُوُر آ impoverished, stripped off (ن، ن) حَسَرَ يَحْسِرُ حَسُر آ (ض، ن) to remove

sufficient (n.)

Suffixed with a pronominal as نعب i.e. Allah is sufficient for me.

خاسبینی (act. pic. m. plu.) خاسبینی (sing.)

(act. 2 pic. m. pul.)

reckoning (1) (v.n.) ومُسَبّانُ

التكشش والقبر يحسبان

The sun and the moon are in a reckoning (i.e. they follow a calculated path in their motion.) [55:5]

a bolt (2)

و يُرْسِلَ عَلِينُهَا حُسْبَانًا مِن السَّمَاء

And he sends thereon a bolt from the heaven. [18:40]

ح س د ★

. to envy(نا) حَسَدُ عَسْدُ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) عَنْدُونَ they envy

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) عُصْدُوُنَ you envy

(act. pic. m. sing.)

122

( الحُشُومُ : مُنْوُمٌ عَلَى الْوَصْفِ
 وَ الْإِصَافَةِ أَنْ حَاسِمَةُ الْحَنَةِ عَنْ
 أَمْلِهَا ( لِسَانُ )

i.e. مُحْدُمُ means: of bad augury or omen, that cuts off the good from the affected men)

ح س ن ★،

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مخترب become excellent

خَسُنَ يَحْسُنُ حَسَناً وَ حَسَنَةً وَ حُسُناً (ك)

to be handsome, to make good, to seem good or beautiful

### حَسُنَ أُولَلِكَ دَفِيقًا

Excellent are those as a company. [4:69]

(pepf. 3 p.m. sing.) become excellent

أُخْسَنَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أُخْسَنَ

أُخْسَنَ ir إِخْسَاناً to do excellently

احتن مثواي

He made good my abode.
[12:23]

### \* " " "

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَحَسَّ «perceived

أختر تجيش إخساسا

to perceive

> حَسَّ بَحُنُّ حِتًّا وَ حَمًّا (ن)

To extirpate (to make one's perceiving powers dead i.e. to kill—(Rgh.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَحَسُّوا they perceived

imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv غُمِنُ thou perceive

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَعْمُنُونَ you extirpate, rout

#### إِذْ تَعَلَّوْنَهُمْ بِإِذُنِهِ

When you routed them by His leave (or when you were extirpating them by His leave—(Jid.) [3:152]

(perate. m. plu.) v المحققة (you) inquire! find out! look for

a faint sound (n.) حَسنُسُرُّ

\* 1 0 0

< in succession, (v.n.)acc. مُشُوُماً continously</p>

عَـمَ تِحْيِمُ حَسْماً (مِن)

good (n.)

الحُسْنَى reward, good

(fem. of آخسنُ n.f. elative)

the beauty (v.n.)

two good things (n. dual) مُسْنَيِّنِ

beautiful ones, bea- (n. p.) وستان utious

## ح ش د ★

جَشَرَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~gathered

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) - تَشَرُت thou gathered

حَشَرُ يَا (perf. 1st p. phu.) وعَشَرُ يَا we gathered

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُعْشُرُ ~gathers (together)

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) مُعُمُّرُ we gather together

نَوْمِرَنَّ (e.m. p. 1st p. plu.) نَحْسُرَنَّ we must gather together

مخشر (p. p. 3 p.m. sing.) مخشر was gathered together

(p.p. 3 p.f. sing.) کثیرت سas/were gathered together ~was kind for SS \_\_\_\_

وَقَدُاكُمُ مَنَ إِنَّ

He was very kind to me. [12:100]

to be kind to SS 31\_

وَآخِينُ كَنَّا آخُسَنَ اللهُ إِكْيْكَ

And do good (to others) as Allah did to you. [28:77]

أُحُسَنُوا ( perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أُحُسَنُوا they did good

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv المنتاخ thou did good

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُحْسِنُونَ they do good

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv, n.d. كُغُسِنُوْ you do good

أُحُسِنُ (perate, m. sing.) iv أُحُسِنُ thou do good

(perate. m. plu.) iv المُعْيِّدُ you do good

لِخْبَتَانُ kindness (v.n.) ii لِخُبِتَانُ

(ap-der. m. sing.) مُحْيِينٌ a well-doer

acc. مُغْسِنْوُنَ nom. مُغْسِنْيُنَ (ap-der. m. plu.) the well-doers

(ap-der. f. plu.) عُشِينَاتُ (the (f.) well-doers

well (v.n.) آختناً

100

والتواحقة يومرحصاده

And give the due thereof on the day of its harvesting. [6:141]

> (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) معنید mown (1)

> > مِنْهَاتَالُومُ وَحَمِيدُنَّ

Of them are (some) standing and (some) mown (down). [11:100]

cut off (2)

جَمَلُنْهُمْ حَمِينًا يَعِيِّنِنَ

We made them cut off, exinct. [21:15] reaped (3)

حَبَّ الْحَصِيْدِ

The grain that is reaped. [50:9]

ح ص د ★

جَمِرَتُ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) حَمِرَتُ <- straitened

جَمِيرَ تِحْصَرُ خَصَراً (س)

to be strait

أوجاك ولخ حصرت صد ودمن أن يقايلوكن

Or who come to you with their breasts straitened that they should fight you.

[4:90]

أُحْصِرُ وُ\ (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) iv) they are restricted مُغَمَّرُ (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) مُغَمَّرُ will be brought together

يُحْشَرُونَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُحْشَرُونَ they will be brought together

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. المُحْشَرُولُ they will be brought together

مُحُشَرُونَ (pip. 2 p.m. plu.) مُحُشَرُونَ you will be brought together assembling of a crowd, (n.) الْحُشَرُ gathering

ح ص ب ★

firewood (n.)

(act. pic, m. sing.) acc. حاصاً < violent wind, violent storm

حَمِيبَ يَحْمَبُ حَمَّباً (س) to throw fuel in fire

ح ص ح ص

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (a quadriliteral verb.) become clear

ح ص د ٠٠٠

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) حَمَدُتُمْ <you reaped

حَمَدَ يَخْمُدُ حَمُداً وَ حَمَاداً (ن) to mow, to reap

harvesting, harvest (v.n.) time

## ح ص ن \*

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv حَسَنَةً <- guarded

to be chaste, أَنْصَانُ عَشْنُ عَشْنُ عَشْنُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ الل

iv أَخْصَنَ إِحْصَانًا << to preserve

أُخْصِنَّ (pp. 3 p.f. plu.) iv they (f.) guarded (their chastity i.e. they are wedded)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv عُصِيْنُوْنَ you preserve

#### إلَّا قِلِيْلُامِّتَانَ حُصِنُونَ

Except a little which you preserve. [12:48]

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) iv acc.

لِتُخِصنَّكُمْ مِنْ بَلِيكُمُ

That may protect you from your violence. [21:80]

keeping chaste (v.n.) v

إن الدن تحفينا

If they desire to keep chaste.
[24:33]

(ap-der iv, m. plu.) مُعْنِيْنَ those who are in protection from sinful sextual intercourse i.e. wedded men. to restrict, iv أَحْصَرَ إِحْصَاراً besiege, beset

#### الكذين أخيركؤا

Who are restricted. [2:273]

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) iv أُحُصِرُ ثُمُّ you have been besieged

احْصُرُ وَا (perate m. plu.)

#### خُدُوْمُ وَاحْمُرُومُو

Capture them and beset them. [9:5]

a bound prison (act. 2 pic.)

وتجلنا جَهَنُوَ لِلْكَفِرِينَ حَصِيرًا

And We have appointed Hell for disbelievers, a prison. [17:8]

a chaste (ints.) آجفوراً

وسيتنا وكفورا

And a leader and a chaste.
[3:39]

### ح ص ل 🖈

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii حُصُلُ is brought to light, made persent

> حَطَّلَ ١٧ تَحْمِينُلاً

to obtain, to make present

> حَمَلَ مَحْمُلُ مُحْمُولًا (ن) to come forth, to appear, خَضْرَ بَحُضُوراً (ن)
 to be present (opp. to be absent)

آمُكُنْتُمْ شُهَدًا مُزاذِ حَضَرَيْنِ عُوْبُ الْمُؤْتُ

Were ye witnesses when death presented itself to Yaqoob. [2:133]

يَخْضُرُونَ <acc. اَيَخْشُرُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they come to presence

وَأَعُودُ بِكَ رَبِ أَنْ يَتَحْضُرُونِ

And I seek refuge with Thee, my Lord! lest they may be present with me.

[23:98]

consists of فَيْ + إِنْ they may come to me.' It is not on the measure of

ن (Ist p. personal) iv sometimes shortened to ف by dropping final & .

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) iv أُخْطَرَتُ <~has presented

أَخْضَرَ iv إِخْضَاراً to present, bring

(pp. 1st p. plu.) iv لَنُحُضِرَ لَ we shall make present

أُحُطِرَتُ (pp. 3 p. f. sing.) iv is/are taken to presence those (among women) whose chastity is under protection as they are weddcd ladies

< fortresses (n.p.) حُصُونَ (sing.)</p>

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii fenced

#### إلَّانِيُّ قُرِّي فَعَضَنَةٍ

Except in the fenced townships. [59:14]

## \* 5 00 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَحْصَاءً <-counted iv أَحْصَاءً عُمِينُ إِحْصَاءً to count

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv المُحَمِّنَيْنَا we counted

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) كُنُ غُمُورُ you can never count it

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) المُحْسُونُهُا you cannot count it

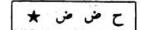
(you) count (you) (perate m. plu.)

ح مش د ★

مَعْرَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَعْرَ arrived, was presented (pis. pic. m. sing.) viii
one who approaches the
brink of death or one
who comes on his turn

## كُلُّ بِيرْبِ أَمُنْتَفَرُّ

Every drinking shall be by turn. [54:28]



عَصْن (assim.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

~urges

حَضَّ يَحُضُّ حَضًا (ن)

to incite, to stimulate

وَلَايَحُطُنَ عَلْ طَعَاْمِ الْمِسْكِلَيْنِ

And he urges not the feeding of the needy (poor).

[107:3]

تَعَاصُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) vi عَاصُونَ you incite one another

وَلَاتَخَفُّونَ عَلَى طَعَامِ الْمِسْكِينِ

And nor do you urge (incite) one another to feed the needy (poor). [89:18]

ح ط ب ★

fuel, the fire wood (n.)

\* 4 4 5

forgiveness (n.)

#### وَأَحْفِرَتِ الْأَنْفُنُ اللَّهَ

And souls are engrained with greed. (Jid)

But the greed hath been made present in the minds of men. (Pic.)

And avarice is met within (men's) mind. (Rod.)
[4:128]

حَاضِرٌ (present (act. pic. m. sing.)

حَاضِرَةً (act. pic. f. sing.) present, ready (1)

اِلْأَانَ تَكُونَ يَعَارَةً حَافِرَةً

Except when it be a ready merchandise. [2:282]

near, close to, (2) overlooking

وَسْتَلَهُوْعَنِ الْقَرْيَةِ الَّذِي كَانَتُ حَاضِرَةَ الْبَحْدِ

And ask thou them concerning the town that was close on the sea (or was overlooking to sea. [7:163]

(act. pic. m. plu. n.d.) ماضری these who are close to SS

ولك لين كويكن الملة حافيرى الشبيرالتوام

That is for (him) whose family dwells not near the sacred Mosque.[2:196]

مُعْضُون (pis. pic. sing.) iv مُعْضُون who is presented

عُضَرُونَ nom. مُعْضَرِينَ

(pis. pic. plu.) who are brought forth to have a (ن) حَظَّ عَمُطُّ حَظًا portion or a fortune (used in good sense)

لِلْكَاكِرِيثُلُ حَظِلْلُانْشِيَيْنِ

For the male is equal of the portion of two females.
[4:11]

good fortune (2)

إِنَّهُ لَذُوْحَوْلِعَوْلِيُهِ

Surely he is possessed of mighty fortune. [28:70]

ح ف د ★

حَفَدَةً (grandsons (n.p.) حَفَدَةً (sing.)

ح ف ر ★

حَفْرَةً ﴿ ditch, pit, abyss (n.) حَفْرَةً ﴿ وَضَ (ضَ تَخْفِرُ تَخْفِراً (ضَ اللهُ اللهُ عَفْراً (ضَ اللهُ اللهُ

(act. pic. f. sing.) الْحَافِرَةُ return, way back, nature, original form (LL), the first state (Jid.)

ح ف ظ ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حَفِطُ <- protected, watched, guarded

# \* 1 5 2

عُطِمَنَّ (emp. 3 p.m. sing.) surely will crush
خطم تُعُطُمُ حُطُماً (س)
to crush, to break into pieces, to crumble

لايغولمتكافي كينان وعنوده

Lest Sulaiman and his hosts crush you. [27:18]

> chaff (n.) مُطَامُّ crushing fire (n.) مُطَمَّةً

> > ح ہوا ر ★

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مُعْطُورٌ < restrained one

حَظَرَ يَحْظُرُ حَظُراً (ن) to restrain, to prevent, to forbid

(ap-der. viii, m. sing.) عُنْظُوُ < a fold builder

one-self an enclosure of wood or reeds

كقشينواللختظر

Like the stable of a fold builder. [54:31]

ح ظ ظ ★ </br>
< portion (1) (n.)</p>

< guardians (n. p.) حَفَظَةً</p>
(sing.) أَنَالَةً

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

(pact. pic. m. sing.) عُفُونُو دُو that is given protection, protected one

# ح ف ف \*

(perf. 1st. p. phu.) assim.

to go (ن) حَقَّ عَفَّ عَفَّ عَفَا around, to surround from all sides

to encompass - -

(act. pic. m. plu.) assim. مَافَيْنَ those who are thronging around

# ح ف ی 🖈

< familiar (Jid.) (n.)

حَنِيَ يَعُنِيٰ حَفَاءاً وَ حَنِيَّ (س) to show great joy, be fami-

well-informed (Rod. Pic.)

solicitious (Rgh.)

#### كَأَنَّكَ حَفِيٌّ عَنْهَا

As thou solicitious (wellinformed) about it [7:187] حَفِظَ تَحْفَظُ حِفْظً (س) to guard, protect

(perf. 1st p. plu.) الفظافة we have guarded

مَّفَظُّوُّا \ acc. اَ مَّفَظُّوُنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) they may guard

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) عَنْفَانَ they protect

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we protect

احْفَظُوا (perate m. plu.) احْفَظُوا (watch! be watchful!

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii مُعَافِظُونَ they guard

(pp. 3 p. m. phu.) الْمُتُعْفِوْدُا they were made protectors they were entrusted (Jid. Rod. LL.)

protection, guarding (n.)

(you) protect, guard

(act. pic. m. sing.) مَافِظُ protector, guardian

مَافِظِينَ acc. مَافِظُونَ nom.

(act. pic. m. plu.) protectors, guardians

حَافِظ (sing.)

(act. pic. f. plu.) مافظات (women) protectors

liar

of Esh-shihr: to the country of 'Ad St (LL) Al-Dahna (the red sand) is the name of the land extending east-west from 'Umman to Yamen and north-south from Najd to Hadramaut and covering an area of about 300,000 sq. miles. This 'red land' is a comparatively hard plain covered at intervals with long and winding sand belts.

(Jid. P. 46. n. 68)

#### ح ق ق ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) (assim.) < ~ has hold over SS (Pic.)

to be (من عَيِّ حَقًا (من genuine, real, a fact, be true, right, just, necessitated

~has been justified SS (Jid.) ~deserved SS (Rod., Arb.)

A cartain thing has become necessary as suited to the requirement of justice in his case. (LL)

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) ∼is made fit

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) → justifies

ever kind (2)

إتَّهُ كَانَ بِي حَفِيتًا

He is ever kind to me.

[19:47]

تُحني .gen تَجُنَىٰ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < ~ insisted, pressed

أَحْنَىٰ مُحْنِيٰ إِحْفَاءاً to press

إن يَنتَلْكُنُوهَا فَيُعْفِكُمْ تَبَعْلُوا

If he should ask it of you and press you, you will be niggardly. [47:37]

ح ق ب ★

<a long period, ages (n.p.) (sing.) (sing.)

أذامني كحقا

Or I shall go on for ages. (Rgh.) [18:60]

أَحْتَابُ (n. p.) الْحَتَابُ

إن يَنتَلْكُوْمَا فَيُصِّفِكُمْ تَبْعَكُوْا

Living therein for long years. [78:23]

ح ق ف 🖈

أَحْقَافٌ (n.) sand-hills

applies particularly to certain oblong tracts of sand in the region

right, claim (6)

مَالْتَالِيُ بِنْعِكَ مِنْ حَقّ

We have no right on your daughters. (11:79)

what ought to be (7)

يَتْلُونَهُ حَقَّ تِلَافَتِهِ

They recite it as it ought to be recited. [2:121]

duty (8)

حَقًّا عَلَى التُتَقِينَ

A duty on the God-fearing. [2:180]

incumbent (9)

وكانت اعكيتانع أأنوهيان

And to help believers was ever incumbent on us.

[30:47]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) أَعِيْنِيُّ incumbent

حَقِينٌ عَلَى آنُ لَا آثُولَ عَلَى اللهِ إِلَّا الْحَقَّ

Incumbent it is upon me that I speak naught respecting Allah save the truth. [7:105]

(act. pic. f. sing.) الْمَاقَةُ reality, inevitable

more entitled (1) (elative)

وَيُتُولِنَهُ كَالْمُ الْمُعْ يَوْدُونَ

And their husbands are more entitled to their restoration.

[2:228]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x انتخق مطاوعة

(A certain thing as established for (or against) SS)

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) x انتختاً the twain deserved

one of the excellent (1) names of Allah

وْلِكَ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَالْحَقُّ

Because Allah is the Truth.
[22:6 and 31:30]

true (2) (n.)

وَشَهِدُ وَالْنَ الرِّينُولَ حَقُّ

They have borne witness that the messenger was true. [3:86]

truth (3)

وَيَسْتَنْإِنُونَكَ آحَقُ مُوَتَقُلُ إِي وَرَبِّنَ إِنَّهُ لَحَقَّ

And they ask: is that truth? Say aye! by my Lord it is surely the truth. [10:53]

due share (4)

وَفِيَّ آمُوَالِهِ مُ حَقَّى لِلسَّلَهِ لِ وَالْمَحْدُومِ

And in their wealth there is a due share for beggar and deprived persons.

[51:19]

justice (5)

وَيَعْتُلُونَ النَّهِينَ بِعَيْرِحَتِّ

They slay prophets unjustly.

a judge

(perate m. sing.) sive judgement!

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii خَكُوْنَ <they appoint—to judge to ask one خَكُمُ ii خَكِيْة to judge, to appoint one

they ask your judgement عَكُونَكَ

(pp. 3 p. f. plu.) iv حُكِيَتُ < ~ is guarded, made firm (like a building, orderly and well constructed)

to make a thing iv اَعُكُم اِلْهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

### كِثْبُ أُخْكِمَتُ أَيْتُهُ

A Book this, the verses whereof are perfected (or) guarded [11:1]

يَنْحَاكُوُا > يَنْحَاكُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) vi <they make SS judge

each other, to go together before the judge, to make SS judge

judgement, ruling, (n.) decision

arbiter (n.) حَكَمُو

judges. rulers (n.p.)

wisdom (n.)

more worthy (2)

وَنَحَنُ إِنَّحَقُّ بِالْمُثَلِّكِ مِنْهُ

And we are more worthy of the dominion than he.

[2:247]

# 7 6 7

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <-> judged, gave decision, ruled

مَنَّمَ عَمَّاً وَ مُكُونَةً (نَ) عَمَّوْمَةً (نَ

to restrain from evil-doing, exercise authority, command, give judgement, to be wise

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) کگت thou ruled, judged

you ruled, judged

judges (act. pic. m. plu.) حَاكِمُينَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ will judge

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) المُعَالِّذِ (the twain) will judge

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) كَكُوْنَ they will judge

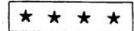
(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou will judge

(imperf. 1st p. sing.) آخگر 1 judge

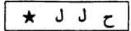
تَعَكُمُونَا > تَعَكُمُونَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you judge َ حَلَقَ بَحُلِقُ حُلْقًا (ض) وَ حَلَّقَ ثَعُلْمًا to shave

(ap-der. ii, m. plu.) عُلِيْن having the heads shaved



مُلْقُومٌ "(n.) the windpipe



you put off the sanctity) (assim.) you put off the sanctity)

(assim.) عَلِيُّ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~become allowed, (1)

(i) to be lawful, permissible,

(ii) to fall

### لَايِعِينُ لَكُوْرَانَ تَلْخُذُوْا

It is not lawful for you to take. [2:229]

falls (or) will fall (2)

وَيَحِلُّ عَلَيْهِ عَذَاكُ مُوتِيْرُ

And a lasting chastisement will fall on him. [11:39] تعکیم wise (n.)

more powerful (elative) judge,

The Powerful, اَخْتُمُ الْمُاكِينَ wiser judge then other

judges or rulers

(pis. pic. iv, f. sing.) firmly constructed

vi.e. free from all abscurity and admitting of (only) one interpretation

(sing.) مُعَكَمَةً (opp. عُمَاجًاتُ (Jid.)

ح ل ف ★

( perf. 2 p.m. plu. ) حَلَفُتُم you have sworn

حَلَفَ تَعْلِفُ حَلْفاً (ض)

to swear, to make an oath

يَعْلِفُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَعْلِفُونَ they swear

لَبَحُلِفُنَّ (epl. 3 p.m. plu.) they surely swear

one who swears (ints.) عَرِّنْ habitually

ح ل ق ★

(perate. neg. m. plu.) آغُلِقُوا do not shave! cause to fall (2)

رُ آحَلُهُ اقَرْسَهُ وَ دَارَالُبُوارِ

And they made their people fall the abode of perdition. [14:28]

نجل (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) makes lawful

تحلوا ر n.d. acc. (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they make lawful

ا مُحَدِّنًا رُ مِيدُ مِعِلُوْ ا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

you make lawful

ح ل ی

مُحَلَّوُا أَحِلَّ (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~has been made lawful

أُحِلَّتْ (pp. 3 p.f. sing.) iv ~has been made lawful

> حل lawful, allowed (n.)

(opp. مَرُاحُ sinful)

خَلَرُ ال (wives (n.p.) حَلَيْلَةُ (sing.)

(ap-der. iv (n.d.) n. plu.) those who allow

غَيْرَ فِيلَ الصِّيدِ

Not allowing the chase, [5:1]

destination (n. for p.)

حَقْ سَلُغُ الْعَدَى عَلَاهُ

Until the offering reaches its destination. [2:196]

نَيَجِلَ عَلَيْكُمْ خَضَبِي أَوْمَنُ يَحْلِلُ

عَلَيْهِ غَضَى نَقَدُ هُوٰى

Lest My wrath fall upon you, and he on whom My wrath falleth, he is lost indeed. [20:81]

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) <~enters, falls upon

عَا ثَمَا عَلَا وَ عَزُلا (ن)

to untie a knot, to enter, to fall upon

أدُفِّعُكُ مَونيّاتِن دارِيمُ

Or it will fall upon close by their abode. [13:31]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~will make lawful

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they make lawful

(perate m. sing.) loose (the knot)

واخلل عفكة من لسان

And loose a knot from my tongue. [20:27]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~has allowed, (1) made lawful

تعان الملذائبية

Allah has allowed the trade. [2:275]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they have allowed, made lawful.

ii عَلِيَّةً تَعَلِيَّةً عَلِيَّةً عَلَيْتًا to be adorned

(حِلْمَةً (ح) حَلِيَّةً (ح) خَلِيَّةً (ح) to adorn SS with gold or jewels

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.)ii مُحَوِّنَ they are (or) will be adorned

ornament (n.) علية

ornaments (n.p.)

حِلْمَةٌ (sing.)

ح م ا ★ clay (n.) حَمَّاً

جَمَّةُ slack mud (LL) (n.)

\* > 1 2

مُعُمَدُونَ < n.d. acc. ایکُمَدُونَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) they are praised

خِدَ مُحْدَدُ (س)
 to praise, to thank

وَيُعِينُ أَنْ يُحْمَدُ وَابِمَ الْمُويَفَمَلُوا

And they love to be praised for that which they have not done. [3:188]

(act. pic. m. plu.) اَلْمَارُونَ those who praise (i.e.) praise Almighty Allah

praise (v.n.)

a thing by which an (n.) oath is expiated

\* 7 7 2

the puberty (v.n.)

(a period in life at which a person becomes capable of reproduction) (Rgh.)

to dream, (ن) مُعَلِمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمُ مُعَلِّمٌ مُعَلِّمٌ مُعَلِّمٌ مُعَلِّمٌ مُعَلِم have a vision, to attain to puberty

dreams (1) (n.p.) أُخْلَرُمُّ أَ

ومَانَعَنُ بِتَأْوِيْلِ الْفَعْلَامِ يَعْلِيدِينَ

And we are not skilled in the interpretation of the dreams. [12:44]

understanding (2)

آمرتأ مرمن وآخلام فويهلا

Enjoin them their understanding to this? [52:32]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

The Forbearing
(one of the excellent names
of Allah)

to be forbearing

ح ل ی ★

(pp. 3 p.m. phu.) ii عُلُونا they were adorned i.e. will be adorned \* 3 1 2

an ass (n.) جار و

<asses (n.p.) €

جِمَارٌ (sing.)

the ass (n.) الحيو

<reds (p.b.) مخرو

(sing.)

\* 7 6 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

حَمَلَ بَغِيلُ خَمُلاً (ض)

to bear, carry, lift, incite

- عَلَى to be pregnant

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَلُوُا they bore

جَلَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) جَلَتْ

i.e. she bore a child in her womb, became pregnant

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) تَكُلُتَ thou bear

( perf. 1st. p. plu. ) آناً we carried

#### وَمِتَنْ عَمَلْنَامَعَ نُونِ

And of those whom We carried with Nooh. [19:58] all kinds of praise (v.n.)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) جَيْدُ praiseworthy,

the praised one (proper n.) أُخْمَدُ

(A proper name of the Prophet Mohammad—peace and blessing of Allah be upon him.)

> دَمُبَشِّ وَابِرَسُوْلِ يَأْقِ صِنْ بَعْسُ بِى اسْمُهُ أَحْمَدُ

And give the glad tiding of an Apostle who cometh after me, his name will be Ahmad. [61:6]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) عُوُدُّ praised

مَقَامًا عَنْدُودًا

A praised place. [17:79]

(This praised place, station or place of praise, according to different ways of rendering, is the post of intercession on behalf of others assigned to the holy Prophet—peace be upon him.—Ibn Kathir.

praised one (pis. pic. > ii)

(The proper name of the holy Propet of Islam, peace and blessings of Allah be upon him).

محكتك تسول الله

Muhammad is the messenger of Allah. [48:29]

(perate. neg. m. sing.) ii لَا تَعَمَّلُ (thou) lay not

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اُخْتَمَلَ < ~ bore, carried

same as RF viii كَنْمَلَ اخْيَالًا

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii اختمارًا they carried, bore

burden (n.)

load (n.) علي ا

(act. pic. m. plu.) ما ملين the bearers

(act. pic. f. phu.) عامِلات the bearers

(ints. f. sing.) The bearer (woman)

(i.e. who usually or professionally carries loads of wood, etc.)

cattle used for loading (n.)

### \* 112

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) warn (1)

كأنَّهُ وَلِيُّ حَبِيبُوُّ

As he is a warm friend.
[41:34]

boiling water (2)

لَهُ مُ شَرَاكِ مِنْ حَمِيْمِ

For them (shall be) drink of boiling water. [6:70] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) عُمِيلُ bears, carries

(emp. 3 p.m. sing.) تَعْمِلُنَّ surely will carry

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَغْمِلُونَ they bear

عَمِلُوا .acc. n.d

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they bear

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) تَحْمِلُنَ they (f.) bear

تَحْمِلُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَحْمِلُونَ you bear

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) عُمِيلُ she bears

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) آخرا I bear (or): carry

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) مُغْيِلُ we bear, carry

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) مُعْمَلُ مِن is borne

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii حَلَّة < ~ was loaded

same as RF كَيْدُ ii لَمْ عَيْدُلاً

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) ii المعلق they were loaded

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) ii you were loaded

(pp. 1st. p. plu.) ii we were made to bear

(perate neg. m. sing.) لَا تَحْمِلُ (thou) lay not ح ن ذ ★

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) تَخِينُـذُ < roasted to roast (ض) تَخَنَدُ تَخُنِدُ حَنْدُاً

ح ن ف ★

(act. pic. m. sing.) وَغُيْفُ the upright man (من) عَنْفُ مَنْفُ مَنْفُا (من) عَنْفُ مَنْفُا (من) to stand firmly on one side, to leave a false religion and turn to right

خَنَفَاهُ (sing.) خَنَفَا (sing.) خَنُفُكُ

ح ن ك ★

(epl. 1st. p. sing.) viii لَا تَعْتَكُنَّ I shall certainly cause to perish

< اخْتَنَكَ اخْتَيْلُكُ الْخَيْلُكُمْ اللهِ

to overturn, to sweep away, perish (ن) مَخْلُكُ حَمْلُكُ وَاللهِ

to briddle (a horse), make

\* 3 3 5

حَنَانَّ (v.n.) خَنَانَّ (ضر) خَنَانًا (ضر) حَنَانًا (ضر) عَنْ خَنَانًا وَ حَنْيُنًا (ضر) to have a longing desire for

black smoke (n.)

\* 5 1 2

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) مُحُمَّىٰ will be heated

حَمِیَ کَیمُعٰیٰ تَمْیاً وَ مُعُوّاً (س) to be very hot

امِيّة (act. pic. f. sing.) عامِيّة

a zealotry الْمِيَّةُ or tribal pride

(for the background of this term see Jid. 29, nn.316)

haam (n.)

the dedicated stallion camel
after begetting ten young
ones was turned loose
(Rgh.)

\* • • • ح

(perate. neg. m. sing.) Steak not (thy) oath

حَنَقَ يَخْنَكُ خِنْا (ف)

to break ons's oath

offence, sin (n.) الْحِنْثُ

ح ن ج ر

الْحَنَاجِرُ (gullets (n.p.) مُخْجَرَهُ (sing.) feeling of need (3)

وَلَايَعِدُونَ فِي صُدُودِهِمْ عَلَيَةً

And they find in their hearts no feelings of need. [59:9]

\* 3 9 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x مُعَدِّدًا مُعَدِّدًا مُعَدِّدًا مِنْ الْمُعَدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعَدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعَدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعَدِّدُ الْمُعَدِّذِ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّذِ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِيْدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِّدُ الْمُعِدِينِ الْمُعِينِ الْمُعِلَّالِمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمِي الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمِي الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِي الْعِلْمِي الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِي الْعِلْمِي الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِي الْعِلْمُ الْع

استَخُودَ اسْتِحُواداً 
 to overcome, get the maste-

ry over (ن) مَاذَ مَعُوْذُ حَوْدًا

إستخوذ عكيور التقيظن

Satan hath gained mastery upon you. [58:19]

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) x أَسُتَعُودُ we get mastery

آلَوْنَسْتَغِوْدُعَلَيْكُمْ

Gained we not mastery over you? [4:141]

\* 2 5 5

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) → (~goes back

خَادَ بَحُوْرُ حَوْراً (ن) to return to or from, will never go back لَنُ يَحُورَ Hunain (proper, n.)

A deep and irregular valley with clusters of palm trees, situated on one of the roads to Taif. The scene of the famous battle fought soon after the surrender of Makka. The date of battle according to the Christian calendar is Ist. February 630 A.D.

ح و ب ★

حُوْبٌ (n.) حُوْبٌ

تَعَابَ يَعْتُوبُ حَوْباً (ن) transgress

**★** □ 0 7

fish (n.) 2 5

جِيْبَانٌ (fishes (n.p.) مُؤْتُ (sing.)

\* 5 9 5

desire (n.)

الاعلجة إن نغيس يعنوب تضما

It was only a desire in the soul of Ya'qoob which he satisfied. [12:68]

need (2)

وَلِتَهُلُخُوا عَلَيْهَا خَاجَهُ فِي صُدُورِكُو

You may attain through them a need which is in your breasts. [40:80]

# ح و ط ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv Last

أمَاطَ بَيْنِطُ إِمَاطَتُ

to encompass, surround,

(ن) مَاطَ يَحُوْطُ حَوْطًا (ن) to watch, guard

أَحَاطَتُ (pref. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَحَاطَتُ encompassed

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) iv آخطتُ I encompassed

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv اَحْطَناً we encompassed

> iv يَعِيُّطُونَ acc. الْمَحْيُطُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they encompass

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv acc. المُعْطُولُا you encompass

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) iv عُنِياً I encompass

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) iv اُحْيَطُ was encompassed

وَظَنُّوۤ إَانَّهُمُ أُحِينَظِيهِمُ

And they deem that they are encompassed. [10:22]

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv عَاطُ was/were encompassed

إلَّانَ يُعَامَلُهُ

Except if you are completely surrounded. [12:66]

(imperf, 3 p.m. sing.) iii أَعُاوِرُ converses

مَاوَرَ مُحَاوَرَهُ وَ حِوَاراً to converse with another, debate

تَعَاوُرُ v (v.n.) v عَاوُرُ

<fair ones (Jid.), (n.p.)

pure ones (Rod., Pic.)
</pre>

having eyes (sing.) حَوْرَادُ intense white and black (Rgh.)

(n.p.) اَلْحُوَّادِیِّیْنَ acc. الْحُوَّادِیِّیْنَ < the desciples

i.e. the adherents of the Prophet Eisa (Jesus). Literally خَوَارِیُّ is one who whitens clothes or garments by washing and bathing them. Hence the plural خَوَارِیُّونَ is applied to the companions of Prophet Eisa who were doing this job (LL.)

# ح ش ی ★

remotness from (part.) الله imperfection of the like, or freedom therefrom.

every imperfection, or how free is Allah from imperfection (Rgh.)

Note: The word عَوْلَ also means strength as in لَاحَوْلَ وَ لَافَقَةَ الَّالِ بِاللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللْمُلِمُ الللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا

حُوْلَيْنِ (two years (n. dual.) حَوْلَيْنِ عَوْلٌ (sing.)

يِعَوَلُّ (n.) removal

means (n.) عُيلَةً

change (v.n.) ii عُوِيلُو

ح د ی ★

ر the entrails (n.p.) اَلْحَوَّا مِاً (coiled, (sing.) حَوِيَّةٌ وَ حَاوِمَةً small intestine

dried up that (elative) أخواى became black by reason of oldness

خوتی تغوای خوتی(س)
 to be brown or black

ح ی ٹ 🖈

where, whereat. (part) أَحُنْتُ in the place where as to, as far as, where- مِنْ حَنْتُ from

ح ی د ★

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

غَيْظُ > يَجُطُ

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) you encompass

فَقَالُ ٱلصَّلْتُ بِمَالَوْتُحِطْمِهِ

I encompassed what they did not encompass i.e. I knew what they did not.

[27:22]

(Ap-der. m. sing.)

(Ap-der. f. sing.) عُمِطَةُ encompasser

ح و ل ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) JL

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~comes in between

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) was put in between
i.e. a barrier is placed between SS and SS

around (1) (v.n.) عول ا

فَلَتَا اَضَاءُكُ مَا حَوْلَهُ

When it was illumined all around him. [2:17]

year (2)

متناعال العول

Maintenance for a year. [2:240]

### وَالِّيُّ لَوْيَعِضْنَ

And those who not (yet) menstruate. [65:4]

مَعِيْنٌ (menstruation (v.n. mim.)

ح ی ف ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

حَافَ يَحِيُكُ حَبُفًا (مِن)

to act unjustly

أمريخا فون آن يَعِين اللهُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَمَهُ وَلُهُ

Or fear they that Allah and His messenger shall misjudge them? [24:50]

\* 5 5 7

ر (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) القاد المجانة (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

حَاقَ يَحْنِقُ حَيْقًا (ض)

to surround and take hold of

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) عَيْقُ encompasses

\* 3 6 7

period, (1) (part.)
a space of time

حَلْ آئى عَلَى الْإِنْسَانِ حِينٌ ثِنَ الكَّهْرِ

Hath there come upon man (ever) any period of time. [76:1] حَادَ يَجُدِدٌ حَبْداً وَ حَبْدَانًا (ض)

to deviate, remove, avoid, turn aside, shun

فالكما كثت مينه تتجيث

That is what thou would shun [50:19]

ح ی د

ح ی ذ ★

one who turns away in a battlefield for the purpose of returning to fight, retreat which is one of the stratagems of war.

(LL. Rgh. Lis.)

ح ی ص 🖈

(n. for p. and 1.) حَيْثُ <a place of escape

to deviate, turn away, to shun, escape

حی مش 🖈

(imperf. neg. 3 p.f. plu.) نَعِفْنَ they (f.) menstrurate (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أُخَبًا < ~ gave life الْحَبَا مُعْمِينُ إِحْبَاهًا to give life أُحْبَامًا مُعْمِينُ إِحْبَاهًا

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv اُخْیِنَتَ thou gave life

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we gave life

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv gives life

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv عُنِي thou give life

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv آنچيځ I give life

(imperf. 1st. p. phu.) iv عُيِّي we give life

(emp. 1st. p. plu.) iv عُلِينَة we surely give life

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x اشتغيرًا they let SS live

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x يَسْتَحُونُنَ they let SS live

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x سنتمين ~ lets SS live (1)

يُمَا يَحُ أَبْنَا أَمْهُو وَ يَسْتَخِي إِمَا أَمْهُو

He (i.e. Firawn) used to slay their sons and let their women live. [28:4]

< (ور) جين تخلي حجادًا (س) حجين تخلي حجادًا

to be ashamed

intimated time (2)

وكالمحمل الارض مستقر ومتناغ الرجين

And for you on earth a habitation and provision for (an intimated time). [2:36]

in the time of, when

وَالْفَيْدِينَ فِي الْبِلْسَاءِ وَالْفَتَزَاءُ وَمِعْنَ الْبَأْسِ

And the patient in tribulation and adversity and the time of stress. [2:177]

then, at that time (part.) عِنْتُنْدِ

\* 5 5 5

قعی (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~lived حَمِقَ کَمُولُ حَمَاةً (س)

to live, be alive

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) کیویا حانوی از

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) عُمْيُوَنَ you live

(pref. 3 p.m. plu.) ii المجتورا they greeted

حَيِّوْكَ بِمَالَوْ يُحَيِّكَ بِواللهُ

They greet thee with a greeting with which Allah greeted thee not. [58:8]

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) مُعِينِيمُ you are greeted

معيوا (perate m. sing.)

greet!

<alive ones (n.p.) أَخْبَاءُ الْآخْبَاءُ (sing.)</li>
 <a>الحُبَاءُ (خَبُوءُ) الْحَبُوءُ (n.)</a>
 a serpent (n.)

to live, life (v.n. mim.)

سَوَآءً تَعْيَالُمْ وَمَنَاتُهُمْ

Their life and their death is equal. [45:21]

quickener (ap-der. < iv)

the quickener of

الْحَيَّوَانُ the life

تُحَيِّنَ الْمُؤَتَّلُ

(i.e. the real and everlasting life)

إنَّ اللهَ لَايَسْتَنَعُ آنَ يُغْرِبَ مَثَلًا

Allah is not ashamed to set forth any parable. [2:26]

نَسْتَحُونِ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we let SS to be alive

bashfulness (v.n.) اسْتِحْبَاءُ المُعْرِبُ

<= حَبَانَا bashfulness

فَجَآءَتُهُ إِحُدْمُهُمَاتَنَوْى عَلَى الْمِتَمْيَا

The one of the two women came to him walking bashfully. [28:25]

a living one (n.) حَقِيُّ ، حَيًّا

المحقق (Allah) (n.) والمحققة (preeting (v.n.)

# كتاب الحا.

to become لَخَبَتَ إِخْبَاتًا humble, lowly

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) iv acc. عُنِّتُ submitted humbly

(ap-der. m. plu.) iv خَيْتَيْنُ humble ones

> خَبَتُ see خ ب و خ ب ن ا

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) خُنْتُ < ~is vile, bad, inferior

(ط) أَخُلُكُ خَلُكُ خَالَةً ﴿ (ك) to be vile, corrupt

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) الْخِيِّثُ foul, evil, bad

الْحَبِيْشِينَ .acc الْحَبِيْشُونَ

<evil or bad ones

خَبِيْثُ (sing.)

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.)

خ ب ت ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَخْبَعُواْ they submitted humbly

خ ب ل ★

mischief (n.) كَالْكَمُ عَبَالُ

They shall not be remiss in doing you mischief.

[3:118]

(The word is a state of perdition or destruction, or things going away or being consumed or destroyed. Thus the verse means they will not fall short in corrupting your affairs).

خ ب و ★

خَبَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) < ~abated خَبَا عَنُوُا خَبُواْ وَ ثُخُواً (ن)

to be extinguished, subsided (fire, anger)

كلناخكت نيدنهم سيميرا

Whenever it abates We make them burn the more.

[17:97]

(act. 2 pic. f. plu.) خَرِيْنَاتُ evil or bad (f.) ones

bad things, evil (n. p.) خَالِقُ

< خَبِينَ عَ (sing.)

خ ب ر ★

خُبُرٌ > خُبُرُ أَ مَدُرُ أَ وَ خُبْرَةً (نَ) knowledge (n.) acc. المُعْبَرُ أَ وَ خُبْرَةً (نَ)

to test, to try, to learn by experience

information, tiding, (n.) خَبَرُ

information, (1) (n. p.) أُخْبَارُ tidings

يؤسهد فتوخاتها

On that day she will tell out the tidings thereof. [99:4] states (2)

وَنَبِنُواْ الْجَارَكُهُ

And We shall prove your states. [47:31]

خَبِيرُ (ever-aware (ints.)

خ ب د ★

bread (n.)

خ بط 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v اَتَخَبُّطُ ~confounds خِتَامُ sealing (n.) خِتَامُ

(pact. pic. m. sing.) عُنُوُمُ sealed one

check (n.)

trench, ditch (n.) أخدود

آصُخبُ الْأُخَدُ وُدِ

The owners of the ditch.

[85:4]

The reference is to the persecution of some Christians by ذَوُ ثُوَاسُ (Dhu Nawas), a king of Yemen, who was of the Jewish religion (Ibn Kathir).

\* 2 3 ±

عَدْ عُوْنَ ، يَغْدَعُونَ ، يَغْدَعُونَ ، عَدْ عُوْا

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they deceive

> خَدَعَ يَخْدَعُ خِدُعًا (ف)

to deceive

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ili مُخَادِعُونَ they deceive

to deceive خَدَاعًا ﴿ حَادَعُ خِدَاعًا ﴿ (act. pic. m. sing.)

one deceitful

خ د ن 🖈

secret paramours (n.p.) أُخْدَانُ

خ ت د ★

\* 0 = 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m sing.) مُعْمِمُ seals

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.)

seal (n.) الم

مَا كَانَ مُحَمِّدُ الْإِلْمَ وَمُورِينَ يَهُ الْكُورُ

وَلِيَنُ دَّسُولَ اللَّهِ وَعَاتَدَ السَّبِيِّنِ

Muhammad is not the father of any man among you but is the messenger of Allah and the seal of the Prophets. [33:40]

means the closer of the long line of prophets (Jid.) He is not only a prophet but the final Prophet (LL) i.e. there will be no prophet after him in any case, in any shape or in any sense.

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) اَخَرَجُواُ they came out

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) خَرَجْنَ they (f.) came out

خَوَ جُمْمُ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) خَوَ جُمْمُ

(perf. 1st. p. phu.) خَرَجُناً we came out

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يُخْرُجُ comes out

(emp. 3 p.m. sing.) يَوْجِينَّ surely will come out

nom. يَخُرُّجُوْلَ acc. يَخُرُّجُوْلَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they drive out

(perate. m. sing.) اُخُورُجُ come forth

أُخُو جُواً (perate. m. plu.) you come forth

عَارِجُ (act. pic. m. sing.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) آورجينَ comers forth

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أُخْرَجَ ~brought up

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv اَخُوَجَتُ she brought up

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُغْرِجُ ~brings up

يُخْرِ جَنَّ emp. 3 p.m. sing.) iv) محرِّ جَنَّ surely will derive them خ ذ ل 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) كُنْدُلُ < ~abandons

عَذَلَ يَغُذُلُ خَذُلًاوَ خُذُلاًأً (ن)

to forsake, abandon, abstain from aiding

خَذُول (ints.) خَذُول

Note: It is applied to the devil, because he forsakes the unbelievers and declares himself to be clear of the latters' guilt on the accusion of his betrayal or affliction (LL).

(pact. pic. m. sing.) خُذُولُ forsaken ones

خ ر ب ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُخْرِيُونَ لَا they demolish الْخُوبُ الْخُوبُ الْخُوبُ الْخُوبُ الْخُوبُ الْخُوبُ الْخُوبُ الْخُوالْ

اخرب محرب إخرابا to demolish

خَوَابٌ (n.) تَوَابُ

خ ر ج ★

خوَّجَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) خوَّجَ ∼came out

خَرَجْتَ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) خَرَجْتَ thou came out

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they are driven forth (pip. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you are driven forth < acc. کشخر جان (imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) x they two may bring forth ز بخون x (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x you bring forth tribute, maintenance (n.) tribute, maintenance (n.) غُرُوجٌ going forth (v.n.) driving out (v.n.>iv.) اَخُواجُ الْجُ (n. for. p.t.) way out (place of safety) (ap-der. > vi, m. sing.) bringer forth عَرْ جُوْنَ ، مُخْرِ جُيْنَ acc.

those who are brought forth

(pis. pic. m. plu.)

mustared seed (n.) خُرُدُلُّ

خ *د* د 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv عَرْبُوْنَ they drive out

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv عَرْبُ الله thou drive out

( going out (v.n. min.) عَرْبُ الله عَمْدُ الله مِنْ عَمْدُ الله عَمْدُ عَمْدُ عَمْدُ عَمْدُ عَمْدُ عَمْدُ عَمْدُ الله عَمْدُ اللهُ عَمْدُ الله عَمْدُ الله عَمْدُ الله عَمْدُ الله عَمْدُ اللهُ عَمْدُ اللهُ عَمْدُ اللهُ عَمْدُ اللهُ عَمْدُ اللهُ عَمْدُ اللهُ ع

And to go out with a firm going out [17:80]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv عُوْرُجُوْنَ you make out or bring SS forth

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv acc. اتخر مونو you make out or bring SS forth

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iv خوج we bring forth

(perate. m. sing.) iv أُخُوِجُ bring forth

(perate. m. plu.) iv اَخْرِجُوا bring forth

مَرُ بَعْتُ مَا p. f. sing.) iv is raised up, brought up

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اخْرِ مُجُواً they were driven forth

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you were driven forth

(pp. Ist. p. plu.) iv we were driven forth

اخو

(ض عَرُقَ بَخُرِقً خَرُقًا (ض حَرَقَ مِعَرَقَ عَرُقًا (ض to make a hole, tear SS, tell a lie

حَتَّى إِذَا تَكِبَانِي السَّغِيْنَةِ خَرَقَهَا

When they two embarked in a boat he scuttled it.

[18:71]

خَوَ قُتَ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) خَوَ قُتَ

خَرَقُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) خَرَقُوا they impute

وَخَوْفُوالَهُ مَنِينَ وَيَنْتِ بِغَيْرُولُمِ

They imputed unto Him sons and daughters without knowledge. [6:100]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. تَخْرُقَ thou rend (3)

إِنَّكَ لَنُ تَخْرِقَ الْأَرْضَ

Thou will never rend the earth. [17:37]

خ د ن ★

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. خَازِنْمِنَ treasurers

غازن (sing.)

خَزَنَهُ keepers of a place (n.p.)

(The keepers of paradise and the keepers of the hell, both of them are referred

(خَزَلَةٌ to as

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)(assim) thou fall down

يَخِرُّ وُنَ (assim)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they fall down

> يَخِرُّ وُلَ .acc يَخِرُّ وُنَّ they fall down

خ د ص 🖈

يَخُرُصُونَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَخُرُصُونَ they guess, conjecture

> خَوَمَلَ يَخُومِنُ خَرُصاً (ن)

to conjecture

نَخُرُصُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) عَخُرُصُونَ you conjecture conjecturers (ints. plu.) الْحَرَّاصُونَ

مُتلَ الْخَوْصُونَ

Perish the conjecturers.

[51:10]

(Those who in denying the truth of religion only conjecture and do not exercise their reason and understanding in the proper way—Jid.)

> خ ر ط م الْحُرُّ طُوْمُ (.n) snout

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) خَرَقَ ∼scuttled (1)

### \* \* " =

انحَسَنُو ( (perate. m. plu. ) انحَسَنُو ا slink away

(ف) خَمَاً خَمَاً (ف) to be dazzled—distant, to drive away (a dog)

acc. قايىق ، غايىتا (act. pic. m. sing.) despised one

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. عَاسِتُينَ despised ones

### **★ ש כ**

نَمْسِرَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~losed خَسِرَ يَخْسَرُ خُسُراً وَ خَسَارَةً to lose, suffer (س)

damage, be cheated, lose one's way, go astray

خَيِرُ وُا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) کَيْرُوا (they lost

acc. (n.d.) iv ا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you make SS lose

غَيْرُوْنَ imperf. 3 p.m. plu) iv عُنِيرُوْنَ those who make SS lose

خُسُرٌ ، خُسَرَانٌ ، خَسَارَةً (n.) loss

عَاسِرِينَ acc. عَاسِرُونَ (act. pic. m. plu.)

losers

treasures (n.p.) خَوَا أَنْ (sing.)

خ د ی 🖈

غُزُىٰ (imperf. Ist. p. phu.) we are humiliated

خَوْی مَغُونی خَوْر اً (س)
 to fall into misery or disgrace

to feel يَخْزَلَيَةً وَ خُزُى ashamed

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv أُخُزَيْتَ thou hast humiliated

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv يُخْزِىٰ ~will humiliate

will not humiliate کُوزی (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) gen.

will humiliate
(perate. neg. m. sing.)

(perate. neg. m. plu.) الْأَ غُرُولُا (you) humiliate not

لاَ تُعْزِنِيُ humiliate we not

لاَ تُعْزِناً humiliate us not

(ol men) humiliate آ يَخُرُونَ me not

more humiliating (elative) آخُزُى

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv عُزِّى humiliator

humiliation (v.n.) خُزَى ا

نخسف (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~sinks

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we sink

# خشع 🖈

خَشَعَتْ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) ~become humbled رُ تَخْشُعُ خُشُوعاً (ف) to be submissive, humble, low

وتخشعت الكضوات للزحملن

And the voice should be humbled for Al-Rahman (the Compassionate).

[20:108]

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) acc. that should humble

خَشُوعٌ (v.n.) humblity

خَاشِعْ ، خَاشِعاً. acc. مَا شِعاً . (act. pic. m. sing.) humbling

عَاشِعُونَ nom. غَاشِعِيْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) men of humblity

(act. pic. f. sing.) خاشقة (in state of) humbity

خَاشْعَاتُ (act. pic. f. plu.) women of humblity, (in state of) humblity

( خُشْعاً

lowering (their eyes)

(act. pic. m. sing.) خاسر loser

خَاسِرَةً (act. pic. f. sing.)

loser

الْآخُسَرِيْنَ acc. الْآخُسَرُونَ (elative. m. plu.)

the greatest losers

تُحْسِيْرٌ (v.n.>ii) losing

(Ap-der. > iv. m. plu.) مخسر بن those who cause others to lose

# خ س ف 🖈

خَسَفَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <<eclipsed (1)</pre>

خَسَفَ تَخْسِفُ خُسُوْفًا (من)

to sink into the earth, disappear, eclipse

to cause the earth to swallow one up, sink with one

وَخَسَفَ الْعَسَرُ

And moon has eclipsed. [75:8]

sink with (2)

لُوْلَا أَنْ مِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَا لَخَسَفَ سَأَ

Had not Allah been gracious unto us, He would have sunk (the earth) with us. [28:82]

we sank (perf. Ist. p. phu.)

(perate 2 p.m. plu.) اخْشُوْا be fearful

fear (n.)

خ ص ص خ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii عُخْتُصُ selects, chooses, singles out

>> خَصَّ بَخُصُّ خَصًّا وَ خُصُومًا (ن)

to distinguish particularly by assigning spc- - - cially to

to be poor, خَصَّ بَخُصُّ خَصَاصَةً needy

(act. pic. f. sing. adj.) خَاصَةُ exclusively

thirst and hunger, (v.n.)

### خ ص ف 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) خُصِفَانِ (they (two) cover

خَصَفَ بَخُصِفُ خَصُفاً (ض) to sew, patch

# خ ص م \*

اخْتَصَمُّوُ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اخْتَصَمُّوُ they contended, disputed

خَصَّمَ تَخْصِمُ خَصُماً (ض)
to contend

غيثيمينك مينك الذلي

Downcast with ignominy.
[42:45]

ختما أبضائه

Their eyes downcast. [54:7]

خ ش ی ★

نخشِيَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~was fearful

خَشِيَ يَخْفَىٰ خَشْباً وَ خَشْبَةً (س) to fear

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) خَشِيْتُ I was fearful

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) آخشِيناً we were fearful

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَخُشَىٰ ~fears

و.l. acc. لِيَخْشَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

~should fear

لَمْ بَخْشَ gen. لَمْ

(imperf. neg. 3 p.m. sing.)

—did not fear

تَخْشَىٰ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou fear

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) المُخْشُونَ المُخْشُونَ المُخْشُونَ المُخْشُونَ المُخْشُونَ المُخْشُونَ المُخْشُونَ

تَخْشُونَ | تَخْشُواْ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you fear

زم نخشی (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we fear

### خ ش د 🖈

عُفْنُودِ (pact. pic. adj.)

thornless or bent down with fruits

خَضَدَ يَخُضِدُ خَضَداً (ض)
 to break, bend

خ ض د ★

(n.) الْأَخْطَرُ (n.)

خَضِرَ يَخْضَرُ خَضَراً (س) to be green

خُضُرٌ ( أَخُصَرُ ( أَخُصَرُ plu. of )

green (stalks) آخضرا

(pis. pic. f. sing.) خفر المداد (that is made green to become green المناد المداد الم

# خ ض ع ★

عَاضِمِينَ (act. pic. m. plu.) عَاضِمِينَ submissive ones

خَفَنَعَ كُنُوعاً (ف)
 to submit, obey, be submissive

(perate neg. 2 p.f. plu.) آخضن be not soft

للاتخضش بالقول

Be not soft in speech. [33:32]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii كُنْتَصِيمُونَ they contend

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) viii كَخِصَّمُونَ they contend

تَخْتَصِمُوا | تَخْتَصِمُونَ إِنَّالِا

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you contend

adversaries, disputing (n.) الْحُصَّمُ

disputers, (n. dual.) خَصْبَانِ litigants

contentious (n. plu.) خَصِمُونَ (people), disputing ones

(act. 2 pic. n.) خصيم contender (1)

فَأَذَاهُوَخَصِيْمُ مِبِينً

And lo! he is an open contender. [16:4]

pleader (2)

وَلَا كُلُنُ لِلْمُ إِلَيْهُ مَا يَنِينَ خَصِيمًا

And be not one pleading the cause of the dishonest. [4:105]

الْحِصَامُ (n.) dispute, contention

وُهُوَ فِي الْخِصَلِمِ غَيْرُ مُهُدِين

He is in contention, not plain. [43:18]

دَهُوَالَدُ الْيَحْسَاجِ

He is the most contentious of the adversaries. [2:204]

تَخَاصُمُ contending (v.n.) iv

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(plu. of. عُطَاياً ( خَطَا ) faults, sins, mistakes

خَاطِئْيُنَ / خَاطِئُونَ (act. pic. m. plu.) خَاطِئْيُنَ / خَاطِئُونَ

(act. pic. sing. f. adj.) خَاطِئَةُ sinful

# خ ط ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii عَاطَبَ

(ن) خَطْبَ خُطْبَ خُطْبَةً (ن) to speak, sermon

(perate.>iii, neg.) لَا يُعَاطِبُ do not address, speak not

> لاً تُخَاطِنِيُ speak not to me خَطْتُ (n.) (a)

### قال فما خطبك يسامري

(Musa) said: what was thy object, O Samri? [20:95]

matter (2)

#### كال مَاخَلْنُكُمَا

(Musa) said: what is the matter with you (O two girls)? [28:23]

خِطَابٌ (v.n.) خِطَابٌ declaration or speech (1)

وانتنثه الحكمة وتصل الخطاب

We gave him wisdom and a decisive speech. [38:20]

# خ ط ا \*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أُخْطَأُهُمُ you made mistake

>> خَطِئَى تَعْطَأُ خَطَأً (ف) to err, make a mistake

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv أَخْطَأُنّا we made a mistake

mistake, wrong (n.) خُطُّا

### إِنَّ مَّتَاهُ وَكَانَ خِطُأً كَبِيرًا

Surely the killing of them was a great wrong.

[17:31]

by mistake (n.) أَخُطُأ

وَمَا كَانَ لِمُؤْمِنِ أَنْ يَقَتْلُ مُؤْمِنًا إِلَّاخَطَانًا

And a believer would not kill a believer except by mistake. [4:92]

غَطِيْنَةُ (n.) (a fault (1)

### ومن يكتيب خواينة

And whoever commits a fault. [4:112]

sin (2)

# بكل من كسب سيقة واكا لمت يه خوايته

Yes! whoever earns evil and his sin beset him on every side. [2:81]

(plu. of. خطيئة ) عطيئة faults, sins, mistakes

Note: In the verse 28:57, the verb نَتَخَطَّفُ has occured as apodosis خوابُ الشَّرُطِ therefore is taken in genitive.

an act of snatching (n.) خَطْفَةُ

خ ط و ★

خُطُوَاتٌ (خُطُوَةٌ n. phu. of) <footsteps تَحَطَّا تَخُطُوْ خَطُواً (ن) to step

خ ف ت 🖈

(perate. neg. 2 p.m. sing.)
do not make (the sound),
very low opp. shouting

خفت مخفت خفونا (ن) to speak in low voice (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) (iv) نَتَخَافَتُونَ they are muttering

# خ ف ض 🖈

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) اخْفِضُ lower! (ح) خَفِضَ يَخْفِضُ خَفْضًا (ح) to depress, lower

وَاخْفِضْ جَنَاْحَكَ لِلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ

And lower thy wing unto believers. [15:88] dispute (2)

دَعَزُنِيْ فِي الْخِطَابِ

And he prevailed upon me in speech (or dispute).

[38:23]

address (3)

لَا تَلِكُونَ عِنْ غَيْمَالِا

They will not be able to address him. [78:37]

proposal of marriage (n.) خطب given to a woman

خ ط ط ★

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) خَطُ خَطُ خَطًا (ن) (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

خ ط ف \*

خَطِفَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <- snatched, carried off خَطِفَ يَخْطُفُ خَطُفاً

to snatch (س) وَ خَطُفَةً (س) (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) كُفُطَفُ (snatches (carries off)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) خطف معامد (carries off)

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) v متحَمَّلَتُهُ ~are being snatched, ~are being carried off

(pip. 1st. p. plu.) v نُنَخَطَّفُ we shall be snatched away

(imperf. with neg. كا and emphatic نّ ) تُشْتَخِفَّنَّ كَ مَا الْعَلَيْثَ كَ الْمَاتِخِفَّنَّ كَ الْمَاتِخِفَّنَّ كَ الْمَاتِخِفَّنَّ كَ الْمَاتِخِفِّنَّ كَا الْمَاتِخِفُنَّ كَا الْمَاتِخِفُنَّ كَا الْمُعَالِّقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَالِقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينِ الْمُعَلِّقِينِ الْمُعَلِّقِينِ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينِ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعَلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعَلِّقِينِ الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِي الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّيِي الْمُعِلِّقِينِي الْمُعِلِّقِينِي الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّقِينِ الْمُعِلِّي الْمُعِلِّي الْمُعِلِّيِي الْمُعِلِّي الْمُعِلِّي الْمُعِلِّي الْمُعِلِي مِنْ الْمُعِلِي الْمُعِلِي الْمُعِلِي الْمُعِلِي الْمُعِ

### وَلَايِسُتَخِفَنَكَ الَّذِينَ لَا يُوَقِنُونَ

And let not those who have no conviction, make thee impatient (Jid.) i.e. let not lighten your will power or patience. [30:60]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x تَسْتَخِفُونَ you find light

### تَسْتَخِفُونَهَا يُؤْمِزَظُعُنِكُو

You find that light on the day of your flitting.

[16:80]

light adj. (act. 2 pic. n.) خَفِيُكُ light (plu. of خِفَيْكُ ) يَخْفُاكُ وَخَفِيْكُ

(opp. النظال heavy)

alleviation (ii. < v.n.)

# خ ف ی ★

خَيِنَ يَخْنَىٰ خَفَاءاً (س)

to be hidden, unperceived, concealed

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) عُنَىٰ conceals

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) عَنْهُوْنَ they are hid

#### لأيغفون عكينا

They are not hid from us.
[41:40]

عَانِفَتُ (act. pic. f. sing.)

### خَافِضَةُ زَافِعَةُ

Abasing, exalting. [56:3]

# خ ف. ف ★

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) خَفُتُ <-became light

خَفَّ يَخِنِّتُ خَفًّا وَ خِفَّةً (ض) to make light

(perf. 3 p.m sing.) ii خَنْفَ

( imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) li حُفَفُ

makes light, (lightens)

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~will be lightened

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x منتخبًا ~incited (Jid. &. M.A.) ~persuaded to make light (Pic.) ~lightened the mind (Rgh.)

#### فاستنف قنه فألماعن

He (Firawn) incited his people and they obeyed him. [43:54]

Note: The meaning of the verse, according to Raghib and Ibn Katheer, is that Firawn had made the minds of his people so light that they were unable to understand their loss and profit, so they followed him.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~will abide خَلَدَ غَلْدُ خُلُوْداً (ن)

to remain, be eternal

تَخَلَّدُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you may abide

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv اُخْلَدَ ~ clung (1)

وَلَكُتَّهُ أَخْلَدُ إِلَى الْأَرْضِ

But he clung to the earth. [7:176]

made a bid (2)

يختث أنّ مَالُهُ آخِلُهُ ا

He thinks that his wealth will make him abide.

[104:3]

111 abiding (v.n.)

one who abides (act. pic.) غَالِدُونَ ، غَالِدِينَ those who abide (plu. of 11)

abiding (v.n.) الْحُلَّادُةُ

يَوْمُ الْخُلُود

The day of abidance. [50:34]

(pis. pic. plu.) ii عَلَدُوُنَ never altering in age

أَخْفَيْتُمُ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you have concealed

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv خفو ن they conceal

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) iv they conceal

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv thou conceal

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you conceal

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv I conceal

يَسْتَخْفُونَ > يَسْتَخْفُوا

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they tend to conceal

steady (1) (n.)

يتغازون مين كلوب خيفي

They are looking with steady glance. [42:45]

secret (2)

إِذْ نَادُى رَبُّهُ نِدَا مُ خَفِيًّا

(Recall) what time he cried unto his Lord with a secret cry. [19:3]

أخوا (extensive n.)

most hidden

(act. 2 pic. f. sing. n.) آفاف hidden

خفَّــة secrecy (n.)

(pis. pic.>x) مُستَخف one who hids himself

170

# إنَّا آخُلَصْنُهُمْ عِنَالِصَةٍ ذِكْرَى التَّادِ

Indeed we distinguished them with a distinct quality: the rememberance of abode. [38:46]

أَسُتَخُلِصُ x (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) I will single out اسْتَخُلُصَ اسْتِخُلاَصاً to seek

best of a thing

#### آستغلضة لتغيئ

I single him out for myself. (Jid.) [12:54]

I chose him for myself.
(Arb.)

I will attach him to my person. (Pic.)

a distinct quality (1)
(see above verse 38:46)

SS alone for SS (2)

# خَالِصَةٌ لِنَّكُولِنَا

(Such cattle is) for our males alone. [6:139]

pure (3)

# لَبَنَاخَ الِصَّاسَأَ بِغَالِلتَّرْبِيْنَ

Milk pure and pleasant to swallow for the drinkers. [16:66]

### وَيَطُوفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وِلْدَانُ مُعَلَّدُونَ

And they shall go round unto them, youths ever young. [76:19]

(i.e. destined to continue for ever in boyhood. Always to the same age; never altering in age; or endowed with perpetual vigour; that never becomes decrepit— LL).

### خ ل ص ★

خَلَمْتُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

<tney conferred(exclusively)</pre>

خَلَصَ يَخْلُصُ خُلُوماً وَ

to be pure, (ن) خَالِمَــةُ unmixed, free, retire

#### خكفؤافعتا

They conferred privately.

[12:80]

(perf. 3. p.m. plu.) iv انخلصور (they made SS exclusive (for SS)

< أُخُلَصَ إِخُلاَصاً ١٠

to be sincere, to be devoted

### وَ آخْلَصُوْادِيْنَهُمْ مِلْلِهِ

And made their obedience exclusive for Allah. [4:146]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv اخلصنا we purified, distinguished (act. pic. m. plu. of )

خ د ع \*

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) اخْلُعُ <take off

to pull (فَ عَلَمُ خَلُماً فَ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ اللهِ and cast off, strip, depose

خ ل ف ★

(perf. 3 p. sing.) خَلَفَت succeeded (1)

### فَغَلَفَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ خَلْفُ

Then succeeded after them successors. [19:59]

acted as a successor (2)

قال بشساخكنشنوني من بعنوى

(Musa) said: Bad is that which you have acted as my successors. [7:150]

to succeed each other (3)

وَلَوْنَفَا أَهُ لَجَمَلُنَا مِثَلُمُ تَلَيِّكَةً فِي الْدُرْضِ يَخْلُمُونَ

And had We willed, We could have appointed angels (born) of you in the earth to succeed (each other). [43:60]

(perate 2 p.m. sing.) اَخُلُفُ succeed

exclusive (4)

ألكيتلواليتين المخالص

Lo! For Allah is the religion exclusive. [39:3]

(ap-der. m. sing.) iv عُلُهِنُ one who does something exclusively for Allah

مُخْلِصًا لَهُ الدِّينَ

Making exclusion for Him in religion (or obedience).

[39:2]

(also see دِيْنُ )

(pis. pic. m. sing.) iv عُلُمَنُ pure-hearted, chosen one

إنَّهُ كُلِّن عُنْكُمًّا

He was pure-hearted.

[19:51]

(ap-der m. plu.) عُلِمِيْنَ those who make exclusive their devotion to Allah or His religion, His obedience

\* 4 4 5

خَلَطُوُ ( perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

< they mixed SS with SS

خَلُطُ خَلُطُ خَلُطاً (ن) to mix, mingle

عُلَلِمُو (مُمْ) عُلَلِمُونَ !!!

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) you mix with (them)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اخْتَاطَاً

(neg. imperf. Ist. p. plu.) كَانُتُ we do not keep back
nom. بَنْخَلْنُونُ acc. n.d. اِنْخَلْنُونُ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v they lay behind

#### آن يَعْنَكُنُواعَن تَسُولِ اللهِ

That they should lay behind the messenger of Allah. [9:120]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اخْتَلَفَ he has differed

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii اخْتَلَفُوُ ا they differed

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii مُعَلَّفُهُمْ you differed

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii كَالْمُونَ they differ

غَلِّمُونَ imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii عُلِيْنُونَ you differ

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اُخْتَلِفَ was differed in

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x اسْتَخُلُفَ made successor

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x سَنَخُلِفُ makes successor

epl. لَشَتُخُلِفَنَ emp. يَسَتُخُلِفَنَ certainly he will make successor

< successor (1) (n.) خَلْنَـٰدُ</p>
Note: Lexicologists recognize
a difference between خَلْنَدُ
khalf and خَلَنَـٰد khalaf,
the former being applied
to evil and the latter to

#### آن أخَالِفَكُ

That I oppose you. [11:88]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv انطقوا they kept back

### يِمَا أَخْلَغُواللَّهُ مُلْوعِدُوهُ

Because they kept back from Allah that which they had promised. [9:77]

you kept back (from an appointment or promise)

(perf. 1st p. phu.) اَخُلُفْنَا we kept back from promise

we did not keep back(from promise)

( imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُعْلِفُ he keeps back (from promise or appointment etc.)

he keeps not back مُعْلِفُ we will never keep لَنْ مُعْلِفَ اللهِ اللهِ

back

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv مُعْلِفُ thou keepeth back

thou keepeth not back

خِلْفَةً succession (n.)

وَهُوَالَّذِي جَعَلَ الَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَخِلْفَةً

And it is He who hath appointed the night and the day a succession. [25:62]

(act. pic. fem. plu.) الحَوَّالِفُ women sitters at home

( خَالِفَةٌ plu. of ( خَالِفَةً

خِلِفَة (act. pic. n.)

vicegerent, successor

خَلَاثِفُ ا خُلَفَاهِ ( خَلِفَةُ عَلَيْفَةً ) sucessors

acc. اَكُلُفُوْنَ nom. اَكُلُفُوْنَ (pis. pic. ii, m. plu.) those who lagged behind

(ap-der. iv, sing. m.) عُلِفُ one who fails in his promise

فَلاَتَحُمَةِ اللهَ مُخْلِفَ وَعْدِ إِدْ سُلَهُ

So think not that Allah will fail in His promise to His messengers. [14:47]

alternation (1) (v.n. iii) انْحَيِلاَفْ دُلْهُمْ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ الْمُولِدُونَ النَّهُمُ الْمُولِدُ النَّهُمُ الْمُولِدُ النَّهُمُ الْمُؤْلِدُ النَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ

And His is the alternation of the night and the day. [23:80]

variation (2)

واختلاف السنتكف وآلوانك

And the variation of your tongues and colours (in your languages and complexions). [30:23] good, whether a son or generation. (M.A. LL)

فَفَلَفَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ خَلْفُ

Then succeeded after them successors. [19:59]

behind (2)

مَابَيْنَ آيْدِيمِمْ وَمَاخَلْفَهُمُ

What is before them and what is behind them. [2:255]

after (3)

لِتَكُونَ لِسَ خَلَفَكَ أَيَةً

That thou may be a sign for those (who will come) after thee. [10:92]

(act. pic. plu. n.) خَالِفُيْنَ those who stay behind

فَأَقْعُدُوْ المَعَ الْمُعْلِفِيْنَ

Then sit (now) with those who stay behind. [9:83]

against, after (1) (n.) خِلاَفُ

الكيلبَتُونَ خِلْفَكَ إِلَّا قِلِيلًا

They will not tarry after thee (or against thee) but a little. [17:76]

opposite sides (2)

ٱۉٮؙٛڡؘۜؾۜڟۼٲؠ۬ۮؚؽٶؠؙۅؘٲ<u>ۮۼؙڵۿؠؙٞۺ</u>ڽؙڂؚڵۮڣٟ

Or their hands and feet be cut off on the opposite (sides). [5:33]

滥 (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) he creates (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou create (imperf. 1st. p. sing.) I create تخلق (imperf. 1st p. plu.) we create (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ~was created خُلَقَتْ (pp. f. sing.) ~was/were created (pp. m. plu.) اخْلَةُ they were created (pip. neg. 2 p.m. sing.) has not been built (created) كؤنخكق يثكهاني البكاد The like of which was not built in the cities. [89:8] (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) مُعْلِقُونَ they are created creation (1) (n.) creature (2) خآة moral character, natural tendency, disposition creator (act. pic. m. sing.) عَالِقَيْنَ (acc.) خَالَقُهُ نَ (nom.) creators (plu. of. 11) عَلاق portion, share of good (n.)

contradiction (3)

### وكؤكان من عني غيرالله

### لوجئن واغته واختلافا كيندك

Were it from other than Allah they would surely find therein many a contradiction. [4:82]

(ap-der. viii, m. sing.) عُمُلِفُ varied

nom. عُمُلِفُوْنَ acc. عُمُلِفُوْنَ those who differ (with) each other in any matter

(phu. of عُتَلَفٌ )

(pis. pic.>x.) مُسْتَخْطَهُنِين successors

(plu. of عُسْتَخُلَفُ (plu. of

# خ ل ق 🖈

غَلَقَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~created

خَلَقَ يَخُلُقُ خَلْفاً وَ خَلْفَةً (ن) to create out of nothing

خَلَتُوا (perf. 3 p. m.plu.) ا

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) نَلْتُتَ thou created

خَلَقْتُ (perf. 1st. p.m. sing.)

(perf. 1st p.m. plu.) We created

#### فَتَرَى الْوَدْقَ يَخْرُجُ مِنْ خِلْله

So that thou seest the rain coming forth from their midst. [24:43]

friendship (n.)

friend (act. 2 pic. n.)

Note: But the English word 'friend' does scant justice to the idea of "Like which in Arabic denotes the dearest or the most sincere friend who has no rival in the love and reliance placed upon him. (Jid. p. 5, n. 535)

الْآخِلُونُ ( خَلْيُلُ friends (plu. of خَلْيُلُ

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~is alone (1)

> خَلاَ يَخُلُو خُلُوا وَ خَلاَماً (ن)

to be alone, pass away (time), be free from, be empty

وَلِغَاخَلَابَتْهُمُ إِلَى بَعْضِ

And when some of them are alone with some others. [2:76]

passed (2)

كَلْنُ مِنْ أَتُهُ الْاخْلَافْتُمَا كَذَائِرُ

And there is not a community but there has passed among them a warner. [35:25]

### مَالَهُ فِي الْاخِرَةِ مِنْ خَلَاق

He has no portion or share of good in the Hereaster. [2:102]

The most powerful (ints.) Creator

(pis. pic. >ii, f. sing.) formed

### مُخَلَّقَةِ وَغَيْرُ مُخَلَّقَةِ

A piece of flesh formed and unformed. [22:5]

an invention (v.n.>viii) اُخْتَلاَقًا or a forgery

خَلَّهُ ا see خ ل و

< friendship (1) (n.) ジャン

عَالَّ خلالاً to treat as a friend

### يَوُمُّ لَا بَيْعُ فِيهُ وَلَاخِلَا مُ

The Day wherein there will be no bargain nor friendship. [14:31]

inside, through, midst (2)

فكأسؤاخلا الدتار

They entered (ravaging) in the midst of the dwellings. [17:5] \* > r ÷

عَامِدُونَ . nom خَامِدِينَ (act. pic. m. plu.)

<~extinguished

خَمِيدَ يَخْمَدُ خَمْداً وَمُحْمُوداً (س) to be extinguished

\* >. ¢

خَرُوْ (n.) < wine (n.) خَرُوْ (س ح ) خَرُواً (س ح ) to veil, cover, conceal

خرد < scarves (plu. n.) خمار خرد head cover, scarf.

\* ~ 1 5

five (card. num.)

one-fifth (fraction)

الْخَامِسَةُ ( fifth ( ord. num.)

fifty (card. num.) acc. خَيْسِيْنَ

خ م ص \*

<hunger (v.n. mim.)

خَصُّ يَغُمُّصُ خَصًاً (ك) to be hungry

خ م ط 🖈

bitter (n.) خُطُ

خَلَتُ ( pref. 3 p.f. sing.) ~passed

خَلَوُ ( perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ا they are alone with SS (1)

وإذاخكوا إلى شلطينزنم

And when they are alone with their satans. [2:14]

they passed (2)

سُنَّةً الله فِ الدين خَلَوْامِن مَبْلُ

(That was) Allah's dispensation with those who have passed away before. [33:38]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَخْلُ will be alone, or will be free

امَّتُلُوْالِيُوسُفَ آدِاطْرَخُولُا ٱرْضَالِعَفْلُ لَكُوْ وَجُهُ إَيْكُوْ

Slay Yusuf or cast him forth to some land, your father's face (countenance) will be free for you. [12:9]

عَوُّوا (perate. 2 p.m. plu.) عَوُّوا leave SS free

فَإِنْ تَابِعُ اوَأَقَامُوا الصَّاوَةَ وَالْتُوا الزَّكُوةَ فَعَلْوَا سِينَكُمُ

Then should they repent and establish prayer and give the Zakat, leave their way free. [9:5]

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) v عَنْكُتُ became empty

past (act. pic. f. sing.) الْخَالِتُهُ

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you plunged (about) (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. كَوْمُوْدُوْ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. كَخُوْمُنُوُ they plunged about

نخوُّ مَنُ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) نخوُّ مَنُ we plunge

كُنَّا تَخُومُنُ we were plunging

خَوْضٌ (v.n.) wading, vain talk

تَعَاضَ birth pangs (v.n. mim.)

# خ و ف ★

خَافَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~apprehended, suspended

عَافَ بَنَافُ خَوْفًا وَ عَمَالَهُ وَخِيفَةً (ف)

to fear, be frightened, be apprehensive, be suspicious, be anxious

(perf. 2 p. f. sing.) خفت thou fear

I fear (perf. 1st. p. sing.)

خَافُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) خَافُوا

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَعَافُ he fears

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) غَافُ thou fear

(perate neg. m. sing.) يَ خَنَنُ fear not خ ن ز ر

خِنْدِيْرٌ (swine (n. sing.) خَنَادِيْرُ (swines (plu.)

خ ن س ★

خُنَّسُ جَنَسُ عَنْسُ خَنَساً وَ خَنَسَ يَخْنُسُ خَنَساً وَ to recede (نَ) خُنُوساً

sneaking (n.) خَنَّاسُ

خ ن ق 🖈

(pis, pic. f. sing.) الْنُخَنِفَةُ < strangled

خَنَقَ يَغْثُقُ خَنْقاً (ن)

to strangle, throttle

\* 5 9 5

خ و مش ★

خَاصُوُ ( perf. 3 p.m. plu.) خَاصُوُ <--indulged in idle talk, plunged (about)

عَاضَ يَغُونُنُ خَوْضاً وَ خِياَضاً (ن) to plunge into, enter, wade, engage in conversation

178

# خ و ل ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii عُوَّل صgranted

خَالَ بَغُولُ خَوْلاً (ن)

to take care of, manage

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) ii خَوِّلُناً we granted

maternal uncle (n.)

غَالَاتُ ( غَالَةً " phu. عَالَاتُ ) غَالَاتُ ( عَالَةً " maternal aunts

maternal uncles (plu. n.) آخُوالُ

# خ و ن 🖈

خَانَـنَاً (perf. 3 p. f. dual.) المَّانَـنَا they (two women) defrauded (ن) عَانَ يَخُونُ خَوْنَا وَ خِيَانَةً (ن) حَمَانَ يَخُونُ

to defraud, be treacherous, be unfaithful, betray one's trust, break one's word

عَانُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) عَانُوا they defrauded

غُوْنُوا .acc غُوْنُوْنَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you defraud

(perate n.m. plu.) لَا تَعَوُّنُوا defraud not!

لَمْ أَخُنُ <neg. acc. أَخُونَ

I did not defraud

(perate. neg. f. sing.) كَافِيْ fear not

(if) thou are really (emp.)

آعاَفُ I fear

يَخَافَا حَدَد عَافَانِ they two (m.) fear

إِلَّا لَنْ يَغِنَانًا

But if they are afraid.

[2:229]

(perate neg. m. dual.)
fear net (O you two)

يَعَافُونَا .acc يَعَافُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they fear

you fear

تَّغَافُوْا .acc يِّغَافُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

> apprehension, (n.) الْحُوَّفُ suspicion, fear

أين (act. pic.) خايفت one who falls in a fear

(plu. of فالف ) أَعْالِينَ ) feared ones

fear (n.) خِنْفَةُ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii يُخَوِّفُ makes SS feared

fear (v.n. >ii) عَنُو يُفْ

تَوَقَّقُ (fright (v.n.>ii

> غَابَ تَخِيْبُ خَبْسَةً (ض) to be disappointed, fail, be in a vain (effort)

(act. pic.) acc. خانين disappointed ones, frustrated ones

sing.

ی ر Ė

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) v عَنْ وَنَ <<you may choose

عَارَ يَخْيُرُ خِيْرَةٌ وَ خِيرًا (ض) to choose, perfer

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v تَنَخَرُونَ they may choose

اختار (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii choosen, selected

(perf. Ist. p. sing.)viii اخرات I have choosen

ختار (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii he chooses

< excellent (1) (n. adj.) خَارَ نَخْيُرُ خَيْراً (ض) to be good, excellent

هُوَخَارُ ثُوالًاوَخَارُ عُوْمًا

He is excellent in respect of reward and excellent in respect of the final end.

[18:44]

تَخْتَا نُوْنَ imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii) they defraud

أَغْمَا أُونَ imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii تُغْمَا أُونَ you defraud yourselves

خَانَة (v.n.) خَانَة

خَايْنَانُ ( غَايْنُ act. pic. phu. of treacherous

> غاتنة (act. pic. f. sing.) defrauding (1)

وَلاَ أَوْالُ تَطَلِعُ عَلَى خَلْمَةِ مِنْهُمُ

And thou will not cease to light upon defrauding on their part. [5:13]

fraudulence (2) (in the meaning of a verbal noun)

يَعُلُوُ خَالِنَهُ الْأَعْيُنِ

He knows the farudulence of the eyes. [40:19]

نَوَّ انَّ (treacherous one (ints.)

(act. pic. sing. adj.) عَاوِنَةً laid overturned

> خَوْلَى تَغُونُ خَوَاءًا (ض)

to be uninhabited, deserted, be in ruins

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~disappointed, brought to naught

خ ی ط 🖈 الْخَیْطُ (n.) thread خَاطَ تَخْطُ to sew, stitch

الحَاطُ (n.) الحَاطُ

حَتَّى يَلِجَ الْجَمَلُ فِي سَيِّم الْجِيَالِطِ

Until camel passes through the eye of the needle.

[7:40]

Note: The phrase is symbolic of impossibility.

الخَبُلُ (n.) horses

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~made to appear

خَالَ يَخَالُ خَبُلاً وَخَالاً وَ خَلُولَةً (ف)

to imagine, conceive, think, fancy

(pis. pic. m. sing.) viii vainglorious

better (2)

وماعندالله خد للانواد

And that which is with Allah is better for the pious. [3:198]

good (3)

That he may send down upon you the good.

[2:105]

Note : خَيْنُ litt. means good, and according to the contents it may mean good, excellent, better, best, best of etc.

wealth (4)

وَإِنَّهُ لِحُبِّ الْخَيْرِ لَشَدِيْدُ

And he is verily vehement in the love of wealth.

[100:8]

excellent ones (plu. n.) الأخار

choice (n.) الخبرة

agreeable (plu. n.) (to mind and heart)

(plu. n.)

good (doings, things, blessing etc.)

# كتاب الدال

د ب ب ★

<a moving creature (n.) دَابَّةُ وَ مَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ مَثَّا وَ مَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ مَثَّا وَ مَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ مَثَّا وَ مَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ مَثَّا وَ مَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ اللّهُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُعَلِّيْكُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلِيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْتُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلِيمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلِي عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلِيمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِي عَلَيْكُمُ عَلِيمُ عَلِيمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلِيمُ ع

رَوَابُّ ( دَابَّةٌ ) ( n. plu. of moving creatures

د ب ر ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii

he disposes (i.e. Allah is governing all things with supreme juctice and wisdom. He is not only the Creator but also the constant Ruler and the continuous Disposer of all affairs.—Jid.)

دَيْنَ يَدْيُورُ دَبُراً وَ دُبُوراً (ن، ض) to turn back, flee, follow after. د و ب ★

< wont, way of doing (n.) دَأْبُ something</p>
دَأْبَ يَدُأَبُ دَأْبًا وَ دُوُوبًا (فِنْ)

اَبَ بِدَابَ دَابًا وَ دَوُوبًا ( فِيُ ) to be zealous

and diligent in a mater, toil, become wearied

كَدَأَبِ أَلِ فِرُعَوْنَ

Like Fir'awn's folk, or, after the wont of the people of Fir'awn. [3:11]

قَالَ تَزْرَعُونَ سَبْعَ سِينِبْنَ وَأَبَّا

He said: You shall sow seven years as usual (i.e.) as you wont. [12:47]

المسيّن (act. pic.) to hold one's course (LL), to constantly toil So the root of the people who did wrong were cut off. [6:45]

(ap-der. f. plu.) الْكُدِّرَاتُ (the angels) who manage the affairs

(ap-der. m. sing.) iv< مُدُرُّ a retreating one

وَيْ مُدُبِرًا وَكُولُو مِنْ

He turned back retreating and looked not back.

[27:10]

مُدُوِيْنَ (ap-der. m. plu.) iv مُدُوِيْنَ

د ث ر ★

(ap-der.) v < مُدَّرُّهُ وَاللَّهُ one enveloped in the cloak

(ن) دَرَّ- يَدُرُّهُ دَوُّرُ ا (ن)

to cover with a blanket

# د ح د 🖈

د ح ض 🖈

يُدْحِطُونُ أَ <acc. كَدْحِطُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they refute أَدْبَرَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَدْبَرُ turned back

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v نَــَدَبُّرُونَ they ponder

يَسَدَّرَوُوا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v, acc. تَدَّرَوُوا they ponder تَدَّرِّرُوا

أَفَكُوْرِيكَ تَبْرُواالْقُولُ

Pondered they not over the word. [23:68]

behind (n.) دُبُرُّ (plu. of أُدُبَارٌ (أَدُبُرُّ (plu. of أَدُبَارٌ (أَدُبُرُّ (after (1)

### مَسَيِتَحَهُ وَأَدُبُأَ وَالسُّجُودِ

Hallow him, and also after the (prescribed) prostrations. [50:40]

backs (2)

يُؤِلُّوُكُو الْأَدْبَارَ

They turn upon you their backs. [3:111]

setting (v.n.>iv.) إَذْمَارَ

فسيتخه وإذبار التجوم

Hallow him at the setting of the stars. [52:49]

دار العدد last remnant root (act. pic.)

فَقُطِعَ دَايِرُ الْقَوْمِ إِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا

So of the people who did wrong the last remnant was cut off (Pic). دَخَلَ يَدُخُلُ دُخُولاً

و مَدْخَلاً (ن) to enter

رَخَلَتُ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) رُخَلَتُ ~entered

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) اَخَلُوُا they entered

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) دَخَلْتَ thou entered

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) دَخَلْتُمْ you entered

أَدُخُلُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) المَدُخُلُ he enters you certainly shall (epl.) النَدُخُلُنَّ enter

يَدُخُلُواْ .acc يَدُخُلُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they enter enter! (perate 2 p.m. sing.)

(perate. 2 p.m. dual.) اَدُخُلاَ enter!

أَدْخُلِي enter! (perate. 2 p. f. sing.)

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv أَدْخَلْنَا we caused to enter

وَأَدْخَلُنْهُ فِي رَحْمَيْنَا

And We cause him to enter in Our mercy. [21:75]

يُدُخِلُ الْمَدْخِلُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُدْخِلُ الْمَدْخِلُ he causes/will cause to enter

I certainly will (emp.) iv أَدْخِلَنَّ cause to enter

لَنْخِلُ (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iv نُدْخِلُ we will cause SS to enter

دَحَضَ يَدُحَضُ دُحُوضًا (ف)

to annul (an agreement), refute, reject

لِينْجِضُوْلِهِ الْحَقَ

In order to refute the truth.
[18:56]

( act. pic. f. sing.) دَاحِفَةً a thing of no-weight, null

مُجَنُّهُ وَدَاحِضَهُ عِنْدَرَيْرِمُ

Their plea is null (and void) with their Lord. [42:16]

(pis. pic. m. plu.) acc. مُدُحِصْنِينَ rejected ones, or those cast away

\* 2 5 3

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) stretched out

وَالْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ ذٰلِكَ دَحْمَا

And the earth, thereafter He stretched it out. [79:30]

د خ د ★

(act. pic. m. plu.) دَاخِرُ وُنَ <they are lowly

دَخَرَ يَدْخَرُ دَخَراً وَ دُخُوراً (ف)

to be small, mean تَدَّخِرُونَ see ذخر

د خ ل 🖈

رَخَلَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) رَخَلَ <entered \* \* , ,

نَدُرَاً مَدُراً دَرُماً وَ دَرُاًهُ (ف)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

( > shall revert, reverts

دَراً مَدُراً دَرُماً وَ دَرُاهُ (ف)

to repel

أَدُرَوُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَدْرَوُونَ they overcome, combat

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) اُدْرَوُّوا repel

فَادْرَءُواعَنَ أَنْفُيكُو الْمَوْتَ

Then repel death from yourself. [3:168]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vi اَدَّارَأَتُمُ you quarrelled (among yourselves)

# د ر ج ★

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) x خَسَنَدُرِجُ < we lead SS on step by step

ذَرَجَ يَدُرُجُ دُرُوجًا وَ دَرَجَانًا(ن)

to go step by step,

walk, proceed gradually

> ؘۯٲڷۏؿؽٙػۮۜٛڣٛۅٳڸٳ۠ێۊؚؾٵڛؽؘؽؾۮڔڿؙۿؙؗم ۺؙڿڣڰؙڶٳؿۼڷؠؙۅ۠ؽ

And those who deny our signs, we lead them on step by step whence they know not. [7:182]

a degree of (n.) دَرَجَهُ supriority (perate. 2 p.m. sing.) أَدُخلُ cause to enter (1)

آدُخِلْنِي مُدْخَلَ صِدْق

Cause me to enter a rightful entrance. [17:80]

put in (2)

وَأَدُخِلْ يَدَكُ نِي جَيْهِكَ

And put thy hand into thy bosom. [27:12]

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) اُدُخِلُ ~is made to enter

أَدْخِلُوا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) they were made to enter

يُدُخَلُ (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) مُذُخَلُ ~shall be made to enter

a means of discord (n.) دخل "

وَلَاتَقَوْدُ وَالْيَمَانَكُمْ دَخَلًا بَيْنَكُمْ

And make not your oaths a means of discord amongst you. [16:94]

a retreating place (n.p.) مُدَّخَلُ

مُدُخَلُ entrance (v.n. mim)

دَاخِلِيْنَ .acc دَاخِلُوْنَ

(act. pic. m. plu.) entering men

د خ ن 🖈

smoke (n.) دُخَانَ

دِرَاسَةً (v.n.) study

\* 4 2 2

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv しんしん < ~overtook

أَدْرَكَ « إِدْرَاكاً

to overtake, comprehend, perceive, reach

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv كُدُرِكُ comprehends, overtakes

لْدُرِكُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv الْدُرِكُ رُكُ comprehends

لَاتُتَدِيْكُهُ الْإَبْصَارُ وَهُوَيُتُولِكُ الْأَبْصَالَ

Sights comprehend Him not and He comprehendteh all sights. [6:103]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi こんしん マreached (Jid.) マfavoured

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) viii اَدَّارَكَ attained, reached

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii בולעלו they reached one after another

لَّاغَنُّدُنَّكُ [20:77] Fear not overtaking

abyss دُدُكُ

إِنَّ الْمُنْفِقِينَ فِي الدَّرْكِ الْأَسْفَلِ مِنَ التَّارِ

Verily the hypocrites (shall be) in the lowest abyss of the Fire. [4:145]

# والزجال عَلَيْهِنَ مَنْجَةُ

And for men is a degree (of superiority) over them (f. plu.). [2:228]

degrees (phu. n.) تَرَجَاتُ

د ر ر ★

brilliant (adj.) دُرِّيُّ

مِدْرَارٌ (pouring (adj.) مِدْرَارٌ i.e. very capious showers of rain

دَرَّ يَدِرُّ دَرَّا وَ دُرُوْراً (ض) to flow capiously

يؤسيل المنتمآة مكينكوية والا

He will send the heaven upon you pouring (rain plentifully). [11:52]

# د ر س 🖈

(pref. 3 p.m. plu.) كَرَسُوْا <they have read (or studied)

دَرَسَ بَدُرُسُ دَرُساً وَ دِرَاسَةً (ن) to read, study

دَرَسْتَ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) دَرَسْتَ thou has studied

يَدُرُسُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَدُرُسُونَ they have been studying

لَّدُرُ سُوُنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) مَكْرُ سُونَ you have been studying what made thee know مَا أَدْرَاكُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُدْرِي شاكري makes know

مَا يُدُرِيْكَ what makes thee know

\* ' ' ' '

دُمُّرُ \* (nails (plu. n.) . دَمَّرَ يَدُمُّرُ دَمُراً (ن) to repair a ship, nail

د س س 🖈

يَدُسُّ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَدُسُّ he buries

آمريكشه في الثخاب

Or shall bury it in the dust [16:59]

دَمْنی (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) buried

### وَقَلْ عَلْهِ مَنْ وَلِي مَا

مُدْرَكُونَ (pis. pic.>iv, m. plu.) مُدْرَكُونَ ~are overtaken

د ز م م

silver coins (phu. n.) دراج

\* 6 2 3

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) آُڏُرِيُ I know

 </

مَكْ أَدُرِي أَفَرِيبُ آمْرِينِينَ مَانُوْعَكُونَ

And I know not whether nigh or far is that which ye are promised.

[21:109]

آ أَدْرِ . - (genitive) مَا أَدْرِيُ also denotes same مَا أَدْرِيُ

نَدُرِيُ (imperf. 2 p.m sing.) نَدُرِيُ thou knowest

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) گُذُرُونَ you know

لَّدِرِيُ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) لَدُرِيُ we know

Note: -All forms of this root are used with nega-

tive particle : 7 . 6 or

آذری or اِن or (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

made to know

لَمْ يَدُعُ / لَمْ يَدُعُنَا (neg.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
he did not call us

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَدْعُونَ they call

أَذْعُو (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) أَذْعُو thou call

تَدْعُونَ / تَدْعُوا (acc.)

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.)
you call

نَدْعُوْ ا نَدُعُ (imperf. 1st p. plu.) نَدْعُوْ ا نَدُعُ اللهِ we call

call! (perate. 2 p.m. sing.)

(perate. 2 p.m. phu.) [دعوا call (you all)

رُمِي (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) رُمِي was called

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) دُعُوا they were called

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) رُغِيمُ you were called

(pip. 2 p.m. plu.) دُعُونَ you are called

رَدَّعُونَ imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii آعُونَ they ask for

### وَّلَهُ مُعَالِكَ عُونَ

And theirs shall be whatsoever they ask for. [36:57]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii نَدْعُونَ you ask for

'د ع ع ★

َلَدُعُ رَبِّ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < repel (repels) دَعٌ لَدُعٌ دَعًا (ن)

to repel, thrust, push back violently

َيْدُعُونَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يَدُعُونَ they are thrust

thurst (v.n.)

د ع و ★

دَعَا ﴿ دَعَا ، دَعَا رَبُّهُ ، دَعَانِ ﴾

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<called, prayed, (1) (him, his lord, me)

to call (نَ) أَعُونُ دُعَاءاً (بَ up, ask for, summon

حَمَّا \_ إِلَىٰ (2) حَمَّا \_ إِلَىٰ

حَعَا \_ لِ (3) ascribed

آنُ دَعَوْلِلِرِّحْمُنِ وَلَكَا

That they ascribed unto Rahman a son.

[19:91]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) (مُعُوا (مُعُوا الْعُمُوا ) they called (them)

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) (مُوَنَّ (مُعَ ) I called (them)

(perate. 3 p.m. sing.) إِلَـدُعُ let-call, he might call

### لَهُ دَعْوَةُ الْحَيِّ

Unto Him is the true call.
[13:14]

claim, message (2)

كَيْسَ لَهُ دَعْدَةً فِي الدُّنيَّا وَلَا فِي الْاحْرَةِ

(₩ho) hath no claim (or message) in the world or in the Hereafter. (Pic.)

Which is not to be invoked in the world nor in the Hereafter. (Jid.) [40:43]

prayer (3)

# أجيب وعوالكاع إذادعان

I answer the prayer of the supplicant when he calls on Me. [2:186]

(n.) (دُعُونُی مُمْ) their cry, in addition to it

other meanings of are a call, particularly, a calling or crying for aid, or succour. (LL)

د ف ء 🖈

< warmth (n.) ( ( ( ) (

هْ نَدَا الَّذِي كُنْ تُورِهِ تَتَ عُوْنَ

This is that which you have been asking (or calling) for. [67:27]

(act. pic. m. sing.) دَاعِ / دَاعِيْ a caller, summoner

دَعَا \* supplication, prayer (1) (n.)

ومَادُعَآءُ الكِنبِينِ إِلَا فِي ضَلْلِ

And the supplication of disbelievers only goeth stray. [13:14]

دُعَاءِ (دُعَاءِ+ يُ my prayer ( دُعَاءِ (دُعَاءِ

My Lord! and accept The prayer [14:40]

Or followed by a preposition

وَلَوْ ٱلْمُنْ بِدُعَ لِيكَ رَفِي شَقِبًا

And I have not (yet) been in my prayer to Thee, O my Lord, unblest. [19:4] calling (2)

لَا تَجْمَلُوا دُمَا الرَّسُولِ بَيْنَكُو كُدُمَا وَ

Place not the massengers calling among you (on the same footing) as your calling of each other.

[24:63]

أَدْعِبًا \* adopted son (plu. n.)

دَعُوهُ (v.n.) دَعُوهُ

averter (act. pic.) دَافِعُ

د ف ق ★

دافق (act. pic. m. sing.) دافق حامیق

دَفَقَ بَدُفُقُ دَفَقاً وَ دُفُوقاً (ن) to flow with force.

is grounded (pp. f. sing.) دُكُّتُ رَكُّ الْنَ (نَ) الْمُ الْدُكُ رَكُّا (نَ) < to crush, break, beat flat

كَلْالِدُادُكُتِ الْأَرْضُ دَكًا

Nay! when the earth is ground (to atoms) with grinding. [89:21]

i.e. when the earth will be made to crumble to pieces.

(pp. f. dual.) الْكُنَّةُ (the earth and mountain) are crushed

a single crash (n.)

(v.n.)

dust, powder, crumble (n.)

د ف ع ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) دَفَعَمُ to repel, to defend, to pay (to hand over مَدَفَعَ RF)

وَإِذَا دَنَعْنَدُ إِلَيْهِهُ آمُوالَهُ

When ye hand over their substance to them. [4:6]

(perate 2 p. m. sing.) إِذْنَعُ repel

إذفغ بِالَّتِيْ هِيَ آحْسَنُ

Repel thou the evil with that which is the best. [23:96]

> (perate. 2 p.m. phu.) اَذُفُوا handover (1)

> > فأذف فواليه فأموالهثو

Handover to them their substance. [4:6]

defend (i.e. in the (2)

meaning of دَافَعَ iii)

فالتأوا فاسينل المليا وادفعوا

Fight in the way of Allah or defend. [3:167]

أيدًافِع (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii مُدَافِع defends, repels

إِنَّ اللَّهُ يُدُنُّ فِعُ عِن ٱلْذِينَ المُعُوا

Verily Allah will repel from those who believe. [22:38] you convey

bucket (n.) (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v He let himself down

٢

(quad. perf. 3 p.m. sing.) cake < ~ overwhelmed</p>

دَمْدَمَ كُدُمْدِمُ دَمُدَمَةً

to give over to destruction (God)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii annihilated, destroyed, wiped out.

>> دَمَرَ مَدُمُ دُمُوراً وَ دَمَاراً (ن) to perish utterly, be annihila-

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii we destroyed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~annihilates, destroys

destroying (v.n.) ii

<tear (n.) الدَّمْمُ

د

the declination (v.n.)

J

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<indicated, showed, pointed at, guided, discovered

to show, point out, indicate

مَا دَلَقُهُ عَلَى مَوْتِيَةِ إِلَّا دَآتِهُ الْأَرْضِ

Naught indicated his death to them except a moving creature. [34:14]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) I guide, show, lead,

point at shall I lead you?

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we lead, guide etc.

indication (v.n.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<caused to fall

دَلاً مَدَلهُ دَلُواً (ن) to draw the bucket out of the well

Thus with guile he caused the twain to fall. [7:22]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~let down

ted

worse, lower (1)

وَّالَ اَتَنتَ مِلْكُ اللَّذِي هُوَادُنْ بِاللَّذِي هُوَخَيْرٌ

He said: Would you exchange that which is better?
[2:61]

best (way) (2)

ذُلِكُوا فُسَطَعِنْدَ اللهِ وَأَقْوَمُ لِلشَّهَادَةِ وَأَدْلَى ٱلا تَرْتَابُوا

This is more equitable in the sight of Allah and makes testimony surer and the best way to keep away from doubts. [2:282]

more fit, more proper (3)

ذٰلِكَ آدُنَّى ٱلْأَنَّعُولُوا

That is more fit that you may not do injustice. [4:3]

more likely, more (4) probable

ذٰ لِكَ آدُ نَى آنُ يَكُانُوا بِالشَّهَادَةِ عَلَى وَجُعِهَا

That is more likely that they produce the testimony according to the fact thereof. [5:108]

nearer, near (5)

فِنَ آدُنَى الْكُرْضِ

In a nearer land. [30:3]

فَكَانَ قَالَ قَوْسَيْنِ آوَادُنْ

Till he was two bows length off or (yet) nearer. [53:9]

دَمَعَ يَدُمَعُ دَمُعًا (ف) to shed tears (from eyes)

د م غ 🖈

رَدْمَغُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) <knocks out SS's brain

دَمَغَ يَدُمُّغُ دَمُغًا (ف،ن) to destroy

\* . . . .

دَمُّ / الدَّمُ (n.) حَقَّ / الدَّمُ (مَّ ) دَيِّ يَدُىٰ دَمًّا (س)

to bleed, be blood-stained bloods (plu. n.) دِمَاءً / الدَّمَاءُ

د ن د ★

a gold coin of ancient (n.) دُنْنَارٌ times

د ن و 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) is ~drew near

> دَفَا مَدُنُو كُونُوا (ن)

to be or come near

لَدُنِينَ (imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) لَدُنِينَ they should let down

رَانِ (act. pic. m. sing.) دَانِ near at hand (within reach) litt. nearest (elative)

192



الدَّهْرُ (n.) time

(Time from the beginning of the world to its end. Hence because, in the sense time brings to pass events, good and evil, was applied by the Arabs to 'fortune' or 'fate' and they used to blame or revile it—LL).

### وتمايُفلِكُنَّا إِلَّا الدَّهُرُ

And naught destroyeth us save time. [45:24]

د ۵ ق 🖈

دِهَاقُ (v.n.) everflowing (v.n.) دَهَقَ يَدُهَقُ دَهُمًّا (ف) to fill (a glass)

وَكَأْسُادِهَاقًا

And a overflowing cup.

[78:34]

(pis. pic. > xi, f. dual.) مُدُمَامَتَان (the colour of that two gardens) dark-green (black by reason of intense green-

by reason of intense greenness from abundant irrigation—LL) less, fewer (6)

# وَلَا آدُنْ مِنْ فَالِكَ وَلَوْ اكْتُرَ

And neither less or fewer than that, nor more. [58:7]

this world (7)

### يَأْغُنُونَ عَرَضَ مُكَاأَلُادُ أَن

Taking the gear of this nearer life (i.e. this world). [7:169]

# وَكَنُونُ يُقَنَّفُهُمْ مِّنَ الْعَذَابِ الْأَدُنَ

And certainly We will make them taste the nearer punishment (i.e. earthly or worldly punishment).

[32:21]

الدُّنْيَا ( أَدُنْي f. form of)

litt. The nearer, within reach (opp. 1944) Hereafter)

ncarer (1)

# إذْ ٱنْتُوْمِ إِلْعُنْ وَقِالدُّنْ يَادَهُمُ إِلْعُنْ وَقِالْفَصُوٰى

When you were on the nearer side (of the valley) and they were on the farther side. [8:42]

(opp. أَلْخَوَةً ) this world (2)

# اشتركا لتيؤة الذنيك الفيقة

They bought the life of this world for the Hercafter.
[2:86]

دَارَ یَدُورُ دَوْراً وَ دَوْرَاناً (ن) to revolve, go around, circulate

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv گُرِيُّوُونَ you circulate

abode, dwelling place, (n.) دَارٌ house

دِيَارٌ ( دَارٌ ) dwellings, country houses inhabitant (ints.)

دَاثْرَةً (act. pic. f. sing.) دَاثْرَةً السَّوْءِ • evil turn

د و ل ★

دُولَة (٧.٨٠)

<exclusively confined</p>
دَالَ بَدُولُ دَولَةٌ (ن)

to be in continual rotation, change

ندَاوِلُ (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) نُدَاوِلُ we change about

\* 6 9 7

رامت (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) دامت (remained, existed

دَامَ يَدُومُ دَوُمًا وَ دَوَامًا (ن)

to continue, endure, persist, remain

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) دُمُتَ thou remained ادُهَامَّ ، ادْهَامًا ادْهَامًا ، ادْهَامًا ، ادْهَامًا ، ادْهَامًا ، ادْهَامًا ، الْهُمَامِّ ، الْهُمَامِّ ، ا

\* 0 . 3

أَدُمِنُ (imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv thou shouldst be pliant أَدُمَنَ iv. إَدُمَانًا

to be pliant, treat gently, deceive

<a href="#">
 <a href="#">

يُدُمِنُونَ imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) iv يُدُمِنُونَ they would be pliant

وَدُوالوَتُدُهِنَ فَيُدُهِدُونَ

They wish that thou shouldst be pliant so they (too) be pliant. [68:9]

مُدُمِنُونَ (Ap-der. m. plu.) مُدُمِنُونَ those who take SS lightly

oil (cooking oil) (n.) الدُّمْنُ

red hide (n.) الدَّمَانُ

\* 6 \* 2

(elative, n.)

more grevious

دَمَىٰ يَكُمَٰىٰ دَمُياً (ف)

to bring misfortune upon

د و د ★

لَّدُوْرُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) لَدُوْرُ <roll about not at your level in sincerity to religion. (Rgh.) [3:118]

#### وَيَغْفِرُمَا دُوْنَ وَإِلَّا

And He forgives what is besides that i.e. what is less than that. (Rgh.) [4:48]

other than, besides (2)

# لَيْنَ لَهُمْ مِنْ مُدْنِهِ وَلَّ وَلَا سَمِينَهُ

There shall be for them no partner nor intercessor besides Him. [6:51]

# دین 🖈

lending, debt (n.) دَنَ مَدِينًا (ض to owe (ضَ كَبَيْنُ دَينًا (ضَ (i) money, lend, borrow مَانَ دَانَ مَدِينًا وَ دِيانَة to be religious, be a believer to requite, دَينًا وَدِيانَهُ reward, deliver judgement (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) vi تَدَايَنُهُمُ you deal one with another

إذَاتَكَ ايَنْهُمْ بِدَيْنِ

When ye deal, one with another, in lending. [2:282]

رَيْنُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) دُيْنُونَ they observe (a religion) رَامُوْا (pref. 3 p.m. plu.) امُوْا they remained

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) دُمْتُ I remained

Note: All forms of this root are preceded by أَمَّ اللهُ ال

مَا دَامَتِ السَّنواتُ وَالْأَرَضُ

So long as the heavens and the earth remain.

[11:107]

لن تَدُعُكُمُ البِّدُامَادَ المُوافِيمَا

We shall never enter it so long as they remain. [5:24]

مأدمتم خوما

So long as you are in the state of of sanctity. [5:96]

(act. pic. m. sing.) دَائِمُ lasting, perpetual

(act. pic. m. plu.) دَايْمُونَ constant

\* 6 6 6

a particle, it denotes دُوْنَ (1) SS less than SS

لَاتَكَخِذُهُ إِبِكَانَةً مِنْ مُوْمِنَكُمُ

Take not for an intimate (anyone) besides yourselves i.e. those who are

#### obedience (4)

فَأَعْبُ بِاللَّهُ مُعْلِمًا لَهُ الدِّيْنَ Worship thou Allah, making exclusion for him in the obedience. [39:2]

### آلكيتاء اليتيئ الخالص

is primarily obedi-

Lo, for Allah is the obedience exclusively. [39:3]

ence and not religion which denotes any system of faith and worship.

Hence means sincere and exclusive obe-

dience to and service of

God-LL)

### لَايَدِينُوْنَ وِيْنَ الْمُعَيِّ

They observe not a true religion. [9:29]

يِنٌ (n.) judgement (1) (n.)

Owner of he Day of Judgement. [1:3]

religion (2)

وَيُكُونَ الدِّينُ عِلْهِ

And religion is for Allah.
[2:193]

law (3)

مَاكَانَ لِيَاخُنَاخُاءُ فِي رِيْنِ الْكِكِ He was not to take his brother by the law of the king. [12:76]

\*\*\*

# كتاب الذال

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) الْخَافَ ذَعَا (فَالَ اللهِ slaughtered
(فَالَ اللهُ اللهُولِ اللهُ ا

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii

~slays, (slaying)

مُذَيَّذِينَ (pact. pic. > quad.)

those who are wavering (between this and that) an atom's weight مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةِ children, progeny, (n.) ذُرِّيَةً descendants

# وَلَهُ زُرْتِيَةٌ خُسُعَنَا أَ

He hath progeny of weaklings. [2:266]

ذُرِّيَّاتٌ ( ذُرِّيَةٌ plu. of ( دُرِّيَةً ) دُرِّيَاتٌ ( offsprings, generations

ذرع ★

أَرُعُ length (n.)

فِرَاع (n.) (cubits (1) (n.)

تُعَنِّنُ سِلْسِلَةِ ذَرْعَهَ أَسَبْعُوْنَ ذِرَاعًا ذَاسُلُكُوهُ

Then in a chain, thereof the length is seventy cubits, bind him. [69:32]

forelegs (2)

وْكَلْبُهُمْ بَالِسُطُ وْرَاعَيْهِ بِالْوَحِيْدِ

While their dog stretched forth his two forelegs on the threshold. [18:18]

### وَضَالَى بِهِمْ ذَرْعًا

And he felt straitened on their account. [11:77]

Note: This is an idiomatic phrase which means 'he was distressed and felt himself powerless to do what he ought to have done.' (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii يُذَكِّوُنَ they slay, (were slaying) (pact. pic.) مَذُبُوحَ <(n.)

# ذ خ ر ★

نَدَّخِرُونَ imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii مَدَّخِرُونَ <you store

ذَخَرَ يَذُخَرُ ذُخُراً (ف) to save, store, make provi-

ذر ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) أَزَاً <created

ذَرَأَ يَلُوٓاً ذَرُماۤ (ف)

to create, multiply

sion for

ذَرَأُنَا (perf. 1st p. plu.) لَا يَرُأُنَا we have created

رَدُرَاً (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) آَنْرَاً he creates, multiplies

يَذُ دُوْكُونِيُهِ

(He is) multiplying you.

[42:11]

ڌ ر ر ★

ذَرَة (atom (n.)

litt: smallest kind of ant, resembling in weight and shape to atom or smallest seed of grain

# ذَكَّرَ يَذُكُو فِكُوا (ن)

to remember, call back to memory, admonish, recollect

( perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ذَكُرُوا (they remembered

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) こうご

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَذَكُرُ مُهُ السَّاءِ ال

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

nom. يَذْكُرُونَ acc. يَذْكُرُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they remember

لِتَذُكَّرُوا (el.)

for they may remember

أَنْ أَذْكُرُ مِ cacc. أَذْكُرُ nom.

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.)
I remember, that I remember

نَدُكُو (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) نَدُكُو we remember

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) اُذَكُرُ remember!

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) اُذْكُرُوا remember !

(perate 2 p.f. plu.) اَذَكُرُنَ remember!

Caution: The difference between اَذَكُرُنَ (perate f. plu.), that means, O you women remember!) and

### ذرو★

نَدُرُوُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) اندُرُوُ (scatters

ذَرًا يَذُرُو ذَرُواً (ن)

to scatter, disperse

هَشِيْمًا تَذُرُوهُ الرِّيْحُ

Dry stuble which the winds scatter. [18:45]

dispersing (v.n.)

ذَارِيَاتُ ( ذَارِيَةُ (n. plu. of فَارِيَاتُ ( ذَارِيَةُ winds, as they are dispersing

وَاللَّهُ بِيْتِ ذَرْوًا

By the dispersing (winds) that disperse. [51:1]

# ذع ن ★

مُذَّعِيْتُنَ <(they will come) in submission, willingly

ذَعَنَ يَذُعَنُ ذَعْنًا (ف)

و أَذُعَنَ ، إِذُعَانًا to obey, iv

ذق ن ★`

الْآذُوَّانُ ( ذِقْنُ chins (plu. of

ذ ك ر ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) -555 <∼remembered (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii '55] recollected.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii تَذَكُّ receives admonition, remembers

(imperf 3 p.m. plu.) viii لَذَكُرُونَ they receive admonition (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii, acc. اللَّذَكُرُورُ that they may receive admonition

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) اِلَدَّدُوُّوُا for they may receive admonition

الَّذَكُرُى الَّذَكُرِ recollection, admo- (n.f.) الَّذَكُرُى nition, remembrance acc. ذِكُرُ اللَّذِكُ nom. ذِكُرُ اللَّذِكُ

mention (1)(n.)

ذِكُرُرَحْمَتِ رَبِّكَ

Mention of the mercy of thy Lord. [19:2]

remembrance (2)

وَلَيْكُو اللهِ أَكْبُرُ

And surely the remembrance of Allah is the greatest. [29:45]

reminder, admonition (3) (i.e. the holy Quran)

وَهٰذَاذِكُوْمُانِكُ أَنْزَلْنَهُ

And this is a Reminder blest, We have sent down (i.e. from heaven). [21:50]

reminder, (1) (n.) ذِكُرُىٰ admonition (perate. 2 p.m.

suffixed, meaning, remember mc) should be noted.

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.)

∼ is mentioned

وَدُكِرَ فِيهَا الْفِتَالَ

And therein fighting is mentioned. [47:20]

إذَا ذُكُوَا عَلَهُ وَجِلَتَ ثُلُوْبُهُمُ

When Allah is mentioned their hearts are filled with awe. [8:2]

يُذَكِّرُ (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) يُذَكِّرُ SS is mentioned

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii うご

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) ii دُ كُرُ ثُمُ you are admonished

ذَكُرُ ( perate. 2 p.m. sing.) ii دُكُرُ admonish!

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) v تَذَكُرُ مِنْ received admonition

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) v receives admonition, remembers

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu) v مِنْدَذُكُرُونَ they remember, receive admonition

لَّذَكِّرُونَ (تَنَذَكَّرُونَ)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) v you remember, receive admonition مَذُكُورٌ (pact. pic. m. sing.) مَذُكُورٌ mentioned one, mentionable man (opp. woman) (n.) خَرَّةً

(n. dual.) acc. الَّذَكَرَيُنَ male (opp. female) males (plu. n.) الْذُكْرَانُ / ذُكُرَانًا

# ذكى ★

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii litt: you have cleaned; technically: you have slaughtered in an awful way

< ذَكَّى (ii) تَذْكِيناً <

to slaughter

### \* 1 1 3

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii دَّلَّٰتُ <we have subdued, subjected كُنَّ يَذِلُّ ذُكُّاً

وَ ذِلَّةً وَ مَـذَلَّةً (ض)

to be low, gentle, contemptible, submissive, humiliated, meek

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ذُلَّتُ are made down (easy to reach)

نُدِيُنُ (v.n.>ii.) hanging down, making something low, humiliating ذُلِكَ وَكُواى لِلدُّ كِوِيْنَ

This is a Reminder unto the mindfuls (those who remember) [11:14]

recollection (2)

فَلَاتَقَعُكُ بَعَثُ الذِّي كُوى مَعَ الْقَوْمِ

And sit not thou, after the recollection, with the wrong-doing people. [6:68] reminder, admonish (n.) مُذَكِرُهُ admonishment (v.n. >ii.)

يْقَوْم إِنْ كَانَ كَبُرَعَلَيْنُكُوْ مَّقَاعِنْ وَتَذْكِيُوِيْ بِأَيْتِ اللَّهِ

O my people! if my standing forth and my admonishment with the commandments of Allah be hard upon you, then....

[10:71]

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. الدَّاكِرِيْنَ mindful men (those who remember)

(act. pic. f. plu.) الذاكرَاتُ mindful women (those who remember)

مَذَكِّرُ ° (.Ap-der.>il.) مُذَكِّرُ ° admonisher

one who would be admonished (Jid.), one will mind (M.A.), one who rememtereth. (Pic.)

meanest, lowest, (elative.) الْآذَلُّةُ powerless (opp. powerful) (plu. of الْآذَلُّةُ ) الْآذَلُّةُ الْآذَلُّةُ ) الْآذَلُّةُ أَلِّنَ الْآذَلُّةُ ) lowest ones

\* 4 7 5

agreement, convenant, (n.) فِقَةُ pact < blamed one (pact. pic.) مَذُمُومٌ to blame (نَمَّ مَنْمُ ذَمًّا وَ ذِمَّةً (نَ to blame)

> ذ ن ب خ <crime (1) (n.)</p>

أَذْنَبَ يُذُنِبُ (iv) إِذْنَابًا to commit a fault or crime, be guilty

وَلَهُوْعَلَىٰ ذَنْكِ

And they have a crime against me. [26:14]

sin (2)

بِأَيِّ ذَنْبٍ قُتِلَتْ

For what sin she was slain. [81:9]

دُنُوبٌ ( ذَنْبٌ sins (phu. of دُنُوبٌ ) portion (Rgh.) (n.)

Note: زُوْبُ (dhunub) is plural of ذَبُّ sin, crime, offence etc. But ذَبُّ (dhanub) is singular, litt. bucket meta. portion.

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv عُزِلُ thou abasest

َيْزِلُّ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we are disgraced

meekness (n.)

made submissive (1) (ints.)

إِنَّهَا بَعْرَةٌ لَاذَ لُولٌ ثُرِينًا لِلْأَرْضَ

Verily, she should be a cow not made submissive to plough the land. [2:71] subservient (2)

هُوَالَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُوُ الْأَرْضَ ذَلُولًا

He is it who made the earth subservient to you. [67:15]

submissively (plu. n.) acc.

weak, humble (1) (plu. n.) (opp. powerful, well armed)

وَلَقَدُ نَصَرُكُو اللَّهُ بِنَدِ وَآنَتُ وَإِنَّا اللَّهُ الْأَلَّةُ

And Allah certainly helped you at Badr when you were humble (or weak). [3:123]

low (opp. noble) (2)

إِنَّ النَّمُوْكَ إِذَا مَعَلُوَّا قَرْيَةً أَفْسَدُوْهَا وَ جَمَّلُوَّا آخِرَةً أَهْلِهَا أَذِلَةً

Surely the kings, when they enter a town, ruin it and make the noblest of its people the most low. [27:34] (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv اَذْهَبُمُ you removed

نَمْتُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~removes, takes away

(el. m. sing.) acc. لِنُدُمِبَ in order to take away, or remove

رُجْمِينَ (emp. 3 p.m. sing.) الْحُمِينَ he certainly will take away, or certainly he will remove

يُذُهِبُنَ (imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv يُذُهِبُنَ they will take away

gold (n.) ذَهَتُ

نَمَابُ \_ ب (۱.n.) taking away

goer, outgoer (act. pic.) وَاهِدُ

# \* 4 6 6

نَّذُهَلُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) لَّذُهَلُ she will forget (فَهُولًا (فَ) خَهَالًا ذُهُولًا (ف)

to forget, neglect



litt. possessor. (m. sing.)
(demonstrative pronoun)
with, on, in, of

وَإِنْ كَانَ ذُوْعُنْرُ قِ فَنَظِرَةً إِلَى مَيْدُرَةً

If (the debtor) is in the straitness, let there be postponement till (he is in) ease. [2:280]

### **خ م ب ★**

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) آهَبَ < ~went, is gone (فَ) آيُدُهَبُ ذِهَابًا وَ مَذُهَبًا (ف) to go

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) نَعَبَ بِ مِن took away

دَهَبُوا بِ (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) دَهَبُوا بِ they took away

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ذَهَبَ \_ عَنْ ~is gone away, departed

we went (perf. 1st. p. plu.) ذَهُبُنَا

يَّذْهَبُوا .acc يَذْهَبُونْ

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they go

nom. تَدُّمَبُونَ (el.) acc. الْتَدُمَبُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you may take away

(epl. Ist. p. plu.) لَنَدُهُنَّ بِ we surely will take away

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) اذْهَبُ go (thou)

(perate 2 p.m. dual) اَذُهَا go (you twain)

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) اَذْهَبُوُا go (you)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~removed

(perf. 3 p.m.dual.) 515

زَاقُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) زَاقُوا they tasted

acc. يَذُونَ > لِيَدُونَ (el. 3 p.m. sing.)

that he may taste

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. الْبَدُّوُ قُولًا that they may taste

لَا يَنُدُقُوٰنَ < بَلُدُقُوٰنَ

(imperf. neg. 3 p.m. plu.) they will not taste

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) ذُقُ taste! thou

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) دُوْنُوُا taste! you

أَذَاقَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَذَاقَ ~made to taste

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv اَذَوَٰنَا we made taste

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv يُذِينُ سهد SS taste

نَدُونِي (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv نَدُونِي we make SS taste

we certainly shall (e.m. p.) نُذِيْفَنَّ make SS taste

one who tastes (or) will taste

acc. ذَاتِقُونَ nom. ذَاتِقُوا (act. pic. m. plu.)

those who will have to taste

ditto in acc. position 15

فئ ditto in gen. position

وَفُونَ كُلِّ ذِي عِلْمِ عَلِينَهُ

And above every knowing one is a knower. [12:76]

ذَاتَ (f. sing.) ذَاتُ الْمَعُن on the right

on the left القَّمَال on the left

. ditto (f. dual.) ذَوَاتاً

ذَوَاتَآآفَتَان

(The both gardens are) with spreading branches.

[55:48]

ذ و د ★

لَّذُوُدَانِ (imperf. 3 p.m. dual) < the twain were keeping back.

دَادَ يَذُودُ ذَوُداً (ن) to keep back

ذ و ق ★

زَافَتْ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) زَافَتْ

ذَاقَ تَذُونُ ذَوْقًا

وَ مَذَاقًا وَ مَذَاقَةً (ن)

to taste, experience

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَذَاعَ اللهُ اللهُ

# كتاب الراء

رَ أَن يَهُ أَن رَأُهُا وَ رَأْنَةً (ف، ك) to be kind, merciful, show pity, be compassionate

(extensive n.) وَوُوْفُ clement, compassionate

# ی

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~saw

رًا"، رَأَيٰ

رَأَىٰ يَرَىٰ رَأَما وَ رُؤْمَةً (ف) to see, perceive, think, have

an opinion, judge (perf. 2 p.m. sing.)

thou sees

When an interrogative ( 1 ) is placed before the word it

will be read as hast thou seen?

I saw (perf. 1st. p. sing.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they saw

رَأْسٌ ، الرَّأْسُ (n.) head نَ يَرُأْمُ رَأَاسُ وَأَاسَةً (ف) to be a chief, the head (of a tribe)

رَوُّوْسٌ ( رَأْسٌ plu. of) heads (or hoods) (1)

كَأَنَّهُ رُوْوسُ الشَّيْطِين

As they were the heads of satans. [37:65]

initial capital, (2) principle

And if you repent, then you shall have your capital.

[2:279]

< tenderness, pity (v.n.)

last letter, thus will be written if a pronoun is to follow: i.e. you have seen it (or) him. ءَ کی (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) hash seen (litt. he sees) as A after آوَلَهُ يَوَالُوانْسَانُ Seest not man (that.....) [36:77] (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou hast seen (thou see) Did thou not see those who went forth from their habitations? [2:243] (imperf. 2 p. f.) emp. thou seest And thou seest any human being. [19:26] I see (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) we see (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) attached to a pronoun (iv) أَدَا كُدُهُ ، أَرَنَاكَ ، أَرَنَاهُ : as (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) they women saw (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you saw, you have seen observed, beheld have you seen? have you then seen (or) have you then observed? (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) she saw (perf. 2 p. sing.) Til hast thou seen ? (prefixed ( )) of interrogative particle) (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) أَرَأَيْتُمُ have you seen ?

of expression to say e.g. hast thou seen or seest thou? أَرَالُكُونَ i.e. bethinkest thou.

### كَالَهُ وَيُتَكَ هٰذَا الَّذِي كُرَّمْتَ عَلَّ

(Iblis) said: bethinkest Thou: this one whom Thou hast honoured above me? [17:62]

you saw رَأَيْمُ Same is written with an additional (و) after the

~showeth

أَرَا كُمُّهُمْ he showed them unto thee

ارًاْیَ اَلْمَیْنِ beholding with one's own eyes

opinion (n.) ارَّاٰیُ immature opinion مادِیَ ارَّاٰی appearance (n.)

#### هُمُ الْمُسْنَ الْحَاقَا وَرِهُ يَا

Who (were) goodlier in goods and outward appearance. [19:74]

vision (n.) الرُّوْمَ ا making show (n.)

ر ب ب ★

رَبِّ Lord, Sustainer (n.)

Lord is but a poor substitute for the Arabic which signifies not only the Sovereign but the Sustainer, the Nourisher, the Regulator, and the Perfector. The relation in which the God of Islam stands to all His creation is that of Righteous, Benign Ruler and not that of mere father.

(Jid.) imeans the Universal Patron, the Allin-All Guardian. Not a tribal deity, nor the national God of any specially favoured race or people, nor any narrow "Lord of the hosts" or the anthropomorphic "our father in heaven" (Jid. > LL)

أَدَيْنَا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we showed (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv he shows (imperf. 2 p. sing.) iv thou show (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) iv I show (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we show show (perate. 2 p.m. sing.) أرنئ show me أرناً show us ~is seen (pip.) they will be shown (pip.) يَ اَوُونَ imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii they make show

### الَّذِينَ هُو يُرَآءُونَ

Those who make show.

[107:6]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi وَانَى (they) see each other

### فَلَتَاتُوا عَالُجَمُعُن

When the two parties saw each other. [26:61]

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) vi رُامَتُ they faced each other

### فكتّأ تُرَاءُتِ الْفِعَيْنِ

When the two groups faced each other. [8:48]

beholding, seeing (n.v.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v يَتْرَبُّصُ he waits

أَيْرَبَعُونَ v (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v يَرْبَعُونَ they wait

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) v يَكْرَبُّصُنَ they (f.) wait, they should wait

رَبِّعُسُونَ vou are waiting (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) v

(imperf. ist. p. plu.) v مُرَّبِّعُصُ we are waiting

رَّبُّ أَصُولُ اللهِ (perate 2 p. plu.) بر you wait!

رَبُّصُ waiting (v.n.)

مَرِّبِعُونَ (Ap-der. m. plu.) مُرِّبِعُونَ

# ر ب ط 🖈

رَبَطَنَا (perf. 1st. p. plu.) (بَطَنَا < we braced, fortified رَبَطَ يَرْبِطُ رَبُطًا وَ رِبَاطَةً (ض) to be firm, to tie, fasten

رَابِطُوا (perate. 2 m. plu.) iii أيطُوا be ever ready! be steadfast!

رِبَاطُّ strings (v.n.) iii دِبَاطُ الْحَيْلُ دِبَاطُ الْحَيْلُ strings of horses

ر بع 🖈

one-forth (fraction)

fours (plu. num.) إباع

often (LL), (particle)

oft times, in the Hereafter
(Jid.), it my be (Pic.),
the time may come (Sale.),
perchance (Arb.)

رِبِّسُوْنَ (godly men (plu. n.) رَبِّسُ وَتَّا

to be master (i)

to feed (ii)

to bring up a (iii) child

رَبَائِبُ stepdaughters (plu. n.)

divines, (plu. n.) رَبِّانِیِّنَ ، رَبِّانِیِّوْنَ worshippers of the Lord, faithful servants of the Lord

رَبِتُ see ربو

رَجِحَتُ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) رَجِحَتُ (profited (س) رَبِحَ رَبُحَ رِبُحًا وَ رَبَاحًا (س) to gain, be successful in

trade

مَا رَجِمَتُ profited not

ر ب ص ★

رَبِّصُنَّمُ v (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) v رَبِّصُمُّمُ you waited
to wait, تَرَبُّصُ v تَرَبُّصُاً watch for an opportunity however slight, over and above the principle sum lent, and this includes both usury and interest) (Jid. P. 3, n. 141)

note: the Quranic transcription of this word is رُبُو in the above verses; also with رَبَّا is to be noted in Q. 30:39.

they twain brought up
they (parents) brought me
up or raised me up,
i.e. sustained and took
care of me

(assim رُّرَةِ <) مُرَقِّ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we bring up

did we not bring اَلَهُ رُبِّكُ thee up?

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. رایتا swelling (or) on top

(act. pic. f. sing.) acc. آلِيَة increasing

a height (n.) دَبُوَةً

ر ت ع 🖈

رَوْنَعُ (imperf. 3 p.m, sing.) ~refresh himself with fruits > رَبَّعَ بَرْنَعُ رَبُّعًا وَ رِبَّاعًا to eat and drink وَ رُبُوعًا (ف) وَ رُبُوعًا (ف) (perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

<~swelled

رَباً بَرُودُ رِبَاءاً وَ دُبُواً (ن)

to increase, grow (child), augment wealth

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

increases

in order te get increased

رُفِي (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv سروی makes increased

more increased (elative)
i.e. in number, more
numerous

اَنْ تَكُونَ الْمَةُ فِي اَذِنِي مِن اُمَّةٍ

A community may be more numerous than (another) community. [16:92]

الرِّمَا ( الرَّمُو ) (usury (n.)

is but partially covered by the English word usury which in modern parlance means only an exorbitant or extortionate interest; the Arabic on the other hand means any addition,

\* 5 5 3

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) رُجَّتُ <a href="mailto:color: red;">(pp. 3 p. f. sing.)</a> <a href="mailto:color: red;">(أختُ رَجَّا (نَّ)</a> make termble, termble.

رَجًا shaking (acc. v.n.)

ر ج ز ★

evil kind of punishment.

كأنزكنا عكى الذين ظلكواد جزاين التمآء

Then We sent down upon the wrong-doer wrath from the heaven. [2:59]

الرَّجُورُ pollution (n.)

وَالرُّجُزَفَاهُجُرُ

And the pollution shun, (i.e. pollution of idolatry)[74:5]

\* ~ 5 )

رِجُسُّ (n.) (بِجُزُّ (synonym of) <uncleanliness (1)

رَجِّالَةُ (س) to disgrace and (رَجِّالَةُ (ص) defile one-self by a shameful deed, thunder (sky)

إينة مب عَنْكُمُ الرِّجْسَ

To take away uncleanliness from you. [33:33]

ر ت ق ★

closed up (acc. n.) رَبُعُمًا to close, (نَ مُعَمًّا (نَ مُرَبُقُ رَبُعًا be joined together

د ت ل ★

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii رَبَّلُنَا we intonated (in repeating or recitation)

رَأْلُ !! أَرْنَبِلاً
 أَرَّأُلُ ! أَرْثُلاً

to read gracefully and distinctly

intonation (v.n.>ii) تَرْنِيلُ (of the Quran) with measured voice

(perate 2 p.m.) رُوَّلُ recite with intonation

signifies pronouncing the word or words with ease and correctness; this is the proper signification but the conventional meaning is being regardful of the places of utterance of the letters, and mindful of the pauses, and the lowering of the voice, and making it plaintive, in reading or reciting.

رَجَعُمُّ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you returned

رَجَعُنَا (perf. 1st. p. plu.) (رَجَعُنَا) we returned

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) رُجعُ returns, answers

يَرُجِعُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُجِعُوْنَ they return, bring answer

(imperf. 2 p. plu.) رَجُعُونَ you take back

فَلَوْلَا إِنْ كُنْ تُوْغَيْرُ مَدِينِيْنَ

تَرْجِعُونَهَ آلِنُ كُنْ تُوطيقِيْنَ

Why then, if ye are not in bondage, do you not force it back, if ye are trustful? [56:86-87]

> (perate. 2 p.m. sing.) رُجِعُ go back (1)

> > ازجغ إلى رُبِّك

Return to thy Lord. [12:50]

bring back, (2) repeat

ثنؤارجج البقتر كزتين

Then repeat thy look twice over. [67:4]

(perate. 2 p. f. sing.) اُرْجِعِيُّ return thou

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) اُدْ جِعُوا return you (m. plu.) (Allah is addressed by man in plural instead of singular as a sign of regards.) wrath (2)

فالَ قَدْ وَفَعَ عَلَيْكُوفِينُ تَرَبُّكُورِجُسٌ وَّغَضَبُّ

He said surely there have befallen you wrath and indignation from your Lord. [7:71]

> pollution (3) of the idolatry

> > فَأَجْتَنِبُواللِّيْجِسَ مِنَ الْأَوْتَكُن

So avoid the pollution of the idols. [22:30]

\* 5 5 7

رَجَعَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <turned back

رَجَعَ يَرُجِعُ رُجُوعًا وَ مَرْجَعًا(ض) to return, turn

back, repeat, answer, bring answer, to be brought back

returned (1)

وَلَتَارَجَعَ مُوْسَى إِلَى قَوْمِهِ

And when Musa returned to his people. [7:150]

brought back (2)

قَانُ تَجَعَكَ اللَّهُ إِلَّى ظَالِفَةٍ مِّنْهُمْ

If, then Allah bringeth thee back to the party of them. [9:83]

رَجَعُوْ ( (perf. 3 p.m. plu. ) ( جَعُوْ ) they returned

الرَّاجِفَةُ (n.) quaking

earthquake (n.) الرَّجْفَةُ (Ap-der. m. plu.) الْمُرْجِفُونَ (iv جَافًا ارْجَافًا read alarming reports

to spread alarming reports (the raisers of the commotion i.e., the spreaders of false rumours and scandals)

د ج ل 🖈

رِجُلُّ (n.) foot (n.) رَجِلَ يَرُجَلُ رَجَلًا (س)

to go on foot

أركفش برجياك

Urge with foot. [38:42]
foot (Jid., M.A., Pic.) (n.)
(walker, derived from Rgh.)

وَأَجْلِبْ عَلِيهِ عِنْ إِلَى وَرَجِلِكَ

And summon against them thine horse and thine foot. [17:64]

> رِ بِحَلَيْنِ two feet (n. dual.) acc. رِجُلَيْنِ وَمِنْهُمْ مِّنْ يَتَشِيْنَ عَلَى رِجْدَيْنِ

And of them is one that walketh upon its two feet. [24:45]

أَرْجُلُّ (feet (plu. n.)

ٱلَهُمُ الْمِعُلُّ يَسْتُونَ بِهَا

Have they feet wherewith they walk. [7:195] قَالَ مَتِ ارْجِعُونِ

He said: My Lord send me back. [23:99]

رُجِعْتُ (pp. 1st. p. sing.) I am sent back

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) رُجُعُ رُجُعُ is taken back

(pip. 3 p. f. sing.) وُرْجَعُ is taken back

رُوَ جَمُوْنَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُرُ جَمُوْنَ they are taken back

رُوْ جَسُونَ (pip. 2 p.m. plu.) يُوْ جَسُونَ you are teken back

imperf. 3 p. dual.) vi يَتْرَاجَعا they twain return unto each other

ترجع bringing back (n.) رَجْعً return (v.n.)

رَاجِعُونَ (act. pic. m. plu.) رَاجِعُونَ those who return

(n. for time or place) termination, a place where one is to go back finally without return

ر ج ف 🖈

َّرُجُفُ (imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) < ~shall quake وَجَفَ مَرُجُفُ رَجُفًا وَ رَجُفَانًا وَ

to quake, tremble (ن) دُجُونًا

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) رَجَيْاً we stoned

#### وَلَوُلَارَهُمُلكَ لَرَجَمُنْكَ

And were it not for thy company we had surely stoned thee (to death).

[11:91]

يَرْجُمُوا > يَرْجُمُونَ

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they (pelt with) stone

(they stone thee يَرُجُونُكُ )

(imperf.1st. p. sing.) eml آڏُرُ جُنَّ I surely shall stone (I shall surely stone.

( لَازُجُمِنَّكَ thee

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) eml لَرَّ جَمَنَ we surely shall stone (we surely shall stone

( لَذَ جُمَنَّكَ ) thee

تَرُجُوا > تَرُجُونَ

ye stone (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

( تَرُجُونِ ye stone me)

تَرُجُوُنِ in نِ in تَرُجُوُنِ is a short form of (فِيُ) pronoun.

الْمُرَّ جُوُ مِيْنَ. pact. pic. m. plu.) acc. الْمُرَّ جُوُ مِيْنَ those who are stoned

رَجُمُ to guess (v.n.)

shooting stars (plu. n.) رُجُومُ

man (opp. woman) (n.) できって

وَلَوْجَعَلْنَهُ مَلَكُا لَجَعَلْنَهُ رَجُلًا

And if We had him an angel, We would certainly have made him a man. [6:9]

رَجُلاَنِ ، رَجُلاَنِ ، رَجُلاَنِ ، رَجُلاَنِ ، رَجُلاَنِ ، رَجُلاَنِ ، رَجُلاَنِ

رِجَالٌ (۱) (n.) رَجُلٌ plu. of

الدِّجَالُ قَوْمُونَ عَلَى النِسَاء

Men are overseers over women. [4:34] (see Jid. P. 5, n. 73)

plu. of راجل or وراجل (2) walker on foot (Reh.)

وَآذِنْ فِي التَّاسِ بِالْحَجِّ أَنْوَا وَيِعَالا

And proclaim thou among mankind, they shall come walking on foot. [22:27]

فَانْ خِعْمُ فَرِجَالُا أَوْنَكُمَانًا

And if you fear then (pray) on foot or riding. [2:239]

\* 4 E J

الرَّجُمُ (v.n.) <to stone (1) (v.n.) الرَّجُمُ رَجُمًا (ن)

to stone

<to guess (2)

ـ بِالْغَبُ أَوْ بِالظُّنَّ

to guess, surmise

to throw off, to (3) shoot, to curse

# تُوْجِيْ مَنْ تَشَاءُ مِنْهُ كَ وَكُوْتِي إِلَيْكَ مَنْ تَشَاءُ

Thou can defer whom thou wilt of them and take unto thee such as thou wilt.

[33:51]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مَرْجُو one hoped for

(pact. pic. plu. > iv) مَرُجُونَ those who are kept awaited defer (or) put (iv < perate) أَرُجِ

# قَالُوٓالَدْجِهُ وَاخَاهُ

And they said: put him and his brother off. [7:111]

# ע כ י ★

رَجُبَتُ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) رَجُبَتُ <-become wide رَجُبَ بَرُحُبُ رُجُبًا وَ رَحَبًا (ك) to be wide, spacious (place)

وْضَافَتُ عَلَيْكُ وُالْأَرْضُ بِمَارَحُبَتَ

And the earth, wide as it is, straitened unto you. [9:25]

مَرْحَباً (welcome (v. min.)

لَامَوْحَبُّابِهِمْ

No welcome for them.

[38:59]

ر ح ق 🖈

pure wine (act. 2 pic. n.)

### وَجَعَلُنْهَا لُرُجُومًا لِلشَّيْطِينِ

We had made them shooting stars for the Satan. [67:5]

(act. pic. adj.) رَجِيمُ one thrown off with curse

فَاخُرُجْ مِنْهَا فَإِنَّكَ رَجِيهُ

Then get thee forth therefrom; verily thou are damned (cursed). [15:34]

# ر ج و ★

أَرُجَاءُ borders (plu. n.) أَرُجَاءُ (sing. زَجَأَ border—Rgh.)

وَّالْمَلُكُ عَلَى أَرْجَالِهِمَا

And the angels shall be on the borders thereof.

[69:17]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) وَجُوُ <-hopes, expects (ن) آرَجًا يَرُجُوُ رَجًاءاً وَ رَجُواً to hope, expect, hope for

وترجوا رحمة ريه

And he hopes the mercy of his Lord, [39:9]

يَرُجُوُنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُجُوُنَ they expect

رَّجُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you expect

(imperf. 2 p.m sing.) iv رُجِيُ thou defer (or put off)

215

أرحم (imperf. 3'p.m. sing.) (nom.) he will be merciful

Those! Allah will surely show mercy to them. [9:71]

(acc.) عَلَى رَبِكُذَ أَنْ تَوْحَمَكُ

Belike your Lord may yet have mercy on you. [17:8]

## (gen.) قَالُوُ الْمِنْ لَدُ يَرْحَمُنَا رَتُنَا

They said if our Lord have not mercy on us. [7:149]

(imperf. 2 p. sing.) وَحَمَّ thou shows mercy

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) have mercy!

you are (pip. 2 p. plu.) (or will be) shown mercy

mercy (n.) رُخَيَةً

affection (n.) رُحُمُّةً

خَدُّامِنْهُ ذَكُوةً وَآفُوكَ رُحْمًا

One better then he in piety and closer in affection. [18:81]

أَرْحَامُ ( womb رَحْمُ phu. of wombs

most merciful (elative) (act. pic. m. plu.)

those who are merciful

رَحُل (n.) جور الم رَحَلَ بَرُحَلُ رَحُلاً وَ رَجِيلاً (ف) to depart from one place and to go to another, migrate

جَعَلَ التِعَالَةَ فَي رَحْلِ آخِتُهِ

He placed the drinking-cup in his brother's pack.

[12:70]

رحال (plu. n.) الت

ر ح ۲

رَحِمَ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) < ~has mercy

رَحِمَ يَرْحَمُ رَخَةً وَ مَرْحَةً وَ دَخَا (س)

to have mercy on, have compassion upon, pity

he has mercy on him أرحنا he has mercy on us

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou had mercy

رَحْنَة thou had mercy on him

(perf. 1st p. plu.) we have mercy

is Ist. p. plu.,

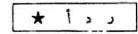
we have mercy ; رَحْنَا is 3rd. p. sing. attached to

(V) pronoun, he has

mercy on us.

مُستَحُونَالَهُ الرِّيْحَ تَحْدِي بِأَسْدِ إِنْعَامُ

Then We subjected to him the wind, it ran gently by his command. [38:36]



رِدُاً (support (n.)

#### فَأَرْبُسِلُهُ مَعِيَ يِدُا

So send him with me as a support. [28:34]

\* , , ,

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. حَدَّ assim. حَدَّ مَرُدٌ رَدًا (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. حَدَّ مَرُدٌ رَدًا (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. المناف المناف

وَ مَرَدًا وَ مَرُدُودًا (ن) to send back, turn back, reject, refuse, repel

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. رَدُّوا they gave back

رَدُدُنَا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) assim. وَدُدُنَا we return back

مِرْدُوا (acc.) يَرُدُونَ assim.

they give (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) back, return, refer

رُدُّة (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we give back, return, refer

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. رُدُوا they were returned, taken back

#### وَأَنْتَ أَرْحَهُ الرَّحِيثِينَ

And Thou art Most Merciful of merciful. [7:151]

#### وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُالرّْحِينِينَ

And Thou art the best of the merciful ones. [23:118]

رَحِيْمُ (act. 2 pic./n. adj.) رَحِيْمُ merciful

رَحْمَانٌ compassionate

are names or epithets applied to God; the former ( الرَّحْنُ ) is considered as expressive of intensiveness — agreeable with, analogy,—may be rendered as the Merciful.

They are both names or epithets formed to denote intensiveness of signification, from خَانَ such as

عَلِيْمٌ and غَضِبَ <غَضُبَانُ

(Jid. LL) عَلَمَ ا

الْمَرَحَةُ (v. mim.) الْمَرَحَةُ

ر خ و ★

رُخَاءاً (gently (*adj.*) / خَاءاً رَخِيَ يَرُخلُى رُخَاءاً وَ رَخُوَةً (س) to be soft, relaxed, flaccid, رَادِّیُ <acc. رَادِّیْنَ رَادُّوُا <nom. رَادُّوُنَ

(act. pic. m. plu.)
those who hand over something, those who bring
back (the nun. of plu. is
dropped)

(n. for place or time)
returning place, return (also
used in the sense of a
verbal mim).

(pact. pic. sing.) مردود avoidable, made to return

مَرُدُوْدُوْ نَ (pact. pic. plu.) avoidable, made to return

#### ر د *ف* 🖈

رَدِفَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) رَدِفَ <to be close behind رَدِفَ يَرُدُفُ رَدُوًا (س)

to follow, come behind, ride behind

## عَنْ اَنْ يَكُونَ دَوْنَ لَكُمْ بَعْضُ الَّذِي أَسْتَعِلْوَنَ

Belike close behind you is some of that which ye may hasten on. [27:72]

(act. pic. f. sing.) الرَّادِفَةُ one that comes after another without break, follower

#### تَثِبُهُ الرّادِفَةُ

There will follow it (after the earthquake) the next (blast.) [79:7] (pp. 3 p.f. sing.) assim. رُدُّتُ was returned

(pp. Ist. p. plu.) assim. رُدِدُتُ I was returned

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. ∼is (or will be) taken back, referred, given back

رُوُوْنَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُودُوُنَ they are (or will be) driven back

you will be taken(driven)back
(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v

jack
(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v

jack

they waver, (they are tossed
to and fro) (Jid.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii رُدُدُ -get back (to one's previous state)

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) viii اُرُنَدًا the twain followed back

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii رُبَّدُوا they returned, went back

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii يُزِيّدُ gets (comes) back

(perate neg. m. plu.) آرتنگوا return not, (do not go back)

taking back, (v.n.)

bringing back (act. pic.)

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv رُدِيُ thou caused to perish (or to ruin)

قَالَ تَاللهِ إِنْ كِدْتَ لَتُزدِينِ

He said: By Allah, thou hadst wellnigh causedest me to perish. [37:56]

Note: The nun. of آرُدِيُن is personal pronoun i.e. a short from of .

رُدُورًا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv الرُدُورُ (they cause SS to perish that they may cause them الرُدُورُ مُ

رُدی ۱ (perf. 3 p.m sing.) بردی مردی

ومَايُغُنِي عَنهُ مَالُهُ إِذَا تَرَدِّي

And his substance will avail him not, when he perisheth. [92:11]

الْمُرَّدِّيةُ (Ap-der. f. sing.) the tumbled i.e. an animal killed by a fall

#### ر ذ ل 🖈

\(
\) the meanest one (elative) أَرُذَلُ رَذَالَةً (س،ك)
\(
\) رَذَالَةً (س،ك)
\(
\) to be mean
\(
\)

وَمِنْكُوْمَنُ ثِيرَةُ إِلَّ أَرْدَ لِالْعُنْدِ

And of you are some who are brought to the meanest of age. [16:70]

(m. plu. iv. < ap-der.) مُرُدِفِينَ comers one after another, each following another

الن مُستُكُورِ بِٱلْفِينِ السَلْمِكَةِ مُودِفِينَ

Verily I am about to succour you with a thousand of angels rank in rank (who will come down continously). [8:9]

رد د م 🖈

a rampart (n.) acc. رَدُمًا ﴿ رَدُمَ يَرُدَمُ رَدُمًا (فَ ) خ رَدَمَ يَرُدَمُ رَدُمًا (فَ ) to fill up

ر د ی ★

زدی (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) <thou perish

رَدِيَ يَرُدُى رَدُباً (س)

to die, perish

فَلَايَصُنَّكُ عَنْهَامَنْ لَانْوَيْنَ بِهَاوَالنَّبَعَ

عَوْمَهُ فَكُرُوٰى

So let not him who believeth not in it, and followeth his own desire, keep thee away form it, lest thou perish. [20:16]

أُرُكَى vi (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv has ruined

(has ruined you رُزُوَاكُمْ (has

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) he provides (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou provide (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we provide (perate 2 p. m. sing.) provide!, may thou provide! may thou provide us! ارزننا (perate, 2 p.m. plu.) (you) provide! (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) they were provided (pp. Ist. p. plu.) \ we were provided (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) they are provided (pip. 2 p. dual.) وقان you (twain) are provided provision (n.) (act. pic. m. plu.) رازقین providers Thou art the best of provi-

ders. [5:114]

the provider (extensive n.) رَزَّاقُ of livelihood

د س خ ★

الرَّا يَسِحُوُّنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) < firmly grounded people (in knowledge) آرَاذِلُ (آرُوَٰلُ B. plu. of (آرُوُٰلُ) أَرَاذِلُ (آرُوْلُ)

ومَا تَرْلِكَ البَّيْكَ إِلَّا الَّذِيْنَ هُــُوُ آذَاذِ لُنَابَادِيَ الرَّأْيِ

And we behold not that any follow thee except the meanest of us, (by) an immature opinion, [11:27]

أَرُذَلُونَ ( أَرُذَلُ S. plu. of

كَالْوَا اَنْوَينُ لَكَ وَالْبَيْمَكَ الْأَرْدَ لَوُنَ

They said: Shall we believe in thee when the meanest follow thee? [26:111]

ر ز ق ★

رَزَقَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) رَزَقَ provided, gave, bestowed

رَزَقَ يَرُزُقُ رِزُقًا (ن)
 to provide

necessaries of life ( good), grant, bestow

he provided me رَزَفَكُمُ he provided you رَزَفَكُمُ he provided them

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) رَزَقُتَ we have provided

رَزَفْنَاهُ we have provided him

رَزَفُنَاكُمُ ' we have provided you

we have provided them

## د س ل 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَرُسَلَ (حَالَ اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ ا

أَرْسَلُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vi أَرْسَلُوا they sent

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv أَرُسَلَتُ

(perf. 1st p. plu.) iv آَرُسَلْنَا we sent

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُوْسِلُ he sends

زُسِلُ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv وُسِلُ we send

(epl. imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iv لَنْرُ سِلْنَ we surely will send

آنُ أُرُسِل (I shall never (neg. acc.) لَنُ أُرُسِل

أَرْسِلْ (perate iv) send!

أَدْسِلْهُ مَعَنَا send him with us

is short form of i of a personal pronoun, not of plural.

أُدُسِلَ pp. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أُدُسِلَ he was sent

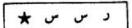
أُرُسِلُوُ ا (pp. 3 p. plu.) iv أُرُسِلُوُ ا they were sent

# رَسَخَ يَرُسَخُ رُسُوُعًا (ف) م

to be firm, stable

## الوليخؤن فياليلير

Those who are firmly grounded in knowledge. [3:7]



الرَّسّ (Rass (n. for place)

(Rass is the name of a country in which a part of the tribe of Thamud resided. According to an opinion quoted in Taju'l 'Urus, Rass, was a town in Yamamah. Ibn Kathir has observed that it meant a well, and it is said that they were a people who threw their prophet into a well. A. M. Daryabadi observes: (Rass was) proabably a town in Yamamah, where a remnant of Thamudites had settled. In the modern maps of Arabia, Rass, or Ras, is placed in Wadi Rumma, in the district of Qasim, (Lat. 26° N. and long. 43 E.). Doughty referring to another place, to says it is 'nigh er-Rus at the Wady - cr-Rummah : where are seen wide ruins and foundations. (Travel in Arabia Deserta, II, p. 388)

portions of the mane of the horse; or the meaning is, sent forth بالمُعرَّوْفِ i.e., with beneficence, or benefit. (Jid.>LL)

#### ر س و 🖈

رُسلی (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < ~established SS firmly رَسَا يَرُسُوْ رَسُواً وَ رُسُواً (ن) to be firm, stable, immovable

#### وَالْجِبَالَ أَرْسُعَا

And the mountains! He established them firm.

[79:32]

رَوَامِي (رَاستُ ( رَاستُ ( رَاستُ

firm mountains

firmly (act. pic. f. sing ) آمِياتُ fixed, immovable

(راستة phu. of)

وَتُدُورِتُولِتِ

And cauldrons standing firm (which could not be removed from their place.) [34:13]

(n. for place) مرسی

anchorage (1)

يشيوالله مكنوبها وكواسها

In the name of Allah be its course and its anchorage.

[11:41]

I am sent (Ist. p. sing.) iv أُرُسِلُتُ or was sent

فَقَدُ الْمُعْتُكُومًا أَرْسِلْتُ بِهِ

I have surely preached unto you that wherewith I was sent to you. [11:57]

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) iv اُرْسِلَتُمْ you are sent, (or) you were sent

أُرُسِلُنَا (pp. Ist. p. plu.) iv أَرُسِلُنَا we are sent

رُسُلُ (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) يُرْسُلُ ~is being sent, is sent

رِسَالَةً (v.n.) message

رِسَالاَتُ (رِسَالَة messages (plu. of

مُرْسِلُوا > مُرْسِلُونَ (.nom)

senders (acc. gen.) مُرُسِلِينَ

(ap-der. f. sing.) مرسلة sender (woman)

the wind ( مُرْسَلاتُ ) sent forth

وَالْمُرْسَلْتِ عُرِفًا

By the winds sent forth with beneficence. [77:1]

Note: It is a metaphorical phrase from the of of horse, meaning by the angels or the winds, that are sent forth consecutively, like the several

right direction (2)

## آمُزَازَادَ بِعِمْ رَئَهُمْ رَشَدًا

Or whether their Lord intendeth for them a right direction. [72:10]

benefit (3)

Say: verily I owe not for you (power of) hurt nor benefit. [72:21]

الرَّ شَادُ (v.n.) rectitude

الرَّاشِدُوُنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) men of rectitude

(act. 2 pic.) وَشِيْدٌ a right-minded man, a man of rectitude, rightly-direc-

## آلنِينَ مِنْكُوْرَجُلُ زَّشِيْدُ

Is there not among you any man right-minded?

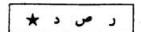
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[11:78]

#### ومتآ أمونوعون بويثياب

And the commandment of Fir'awn was not rightlydirected [11:97]

(Ap-der. iv, m. sing.) مُرْشِدُ a director (to the right path.)



رَصَدَ رَصَداً (v.n.) رَصَدَ رَصَداً

arrival (2)

يَتْنَلُونَكَ عَنِ السَّاعَةِ آيَّانَ مُرسُها

They question thee of the hour, when will its arrival be? [79:42]

## ر ش د ★

يَرُشُدُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُشُدُونَ <theyfollow the right guidance

رَشَدَ يَرْشُدُ وَ رَشِدَ يَرُشَدُ رَشُداً وَ رَشِداً وَ رَشِداً (ن ،س)

to follow the right way, be well-guided

discretion (1) (۷.n.) الرَّشُدُ i.e., maturity of intellect, capacity to manage one's affairs

#### ون انستنم يَنْهُمُ وُشُدًا

Then if you perceive in them a discretion. [4:6]

rectitude, (2) directive knowledge

#### مِتَاغِلَنْتَ رُشُدًا

Of that which thou hast taught a directive knowledge. [18:66]

الرَّشَدُ (رَشَداً) (n.) (أَشَدُ (رَشَداً)

وهيتى كناين آخرنارشدا

And prepare for us a right course. [18:10]

> دَمَّ يَرُصُّ رَمَّاً (ن)

to stick together, compact

#### ر ض ع 🖈

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) iv أَرُضَعَتُ <she suckled

رَمَنَعَ يَرُمِنَهُ رَضُمًّا وَ رَمَنَاعَةً وَ رِمَنَاعًا (ف، ض) to suck the breast

أَرْضُعْنَ (pref. 3 p.f. plu.) they suckled

#### فَإِنَّ أَرْضَعُنَ لَكُوْ

Then if they suckle (their children) for you. [65:6]

#### وَأُمَّهُ مُنكُو الَّتِي آرُضَمُنكُو

And your foster mothers (who have suckled you). [4:23]

(imper f. 3 p. f. sing.) iv يُرْضِعُ she suckles

مَنْزُضِعُ she shall suckle

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) iv بُرُضِعُنَ they suckle

أَرُضِعِيُّ (perate. 2 p.f. sing.) suckle!

أَرْضِعِيْدِ! suckle him

تَسُرُّرُ ضِعُوْلُ <acc. تَسُرُّرُ ضِعُوْلُ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x you seek suckling (for your

children)

#### رَصَدَ يَرْصُدُ رَصَداً (ن)

to watch, watch for, lie in wait for

#### فَسَ يَسْتَجِعِ اللَّن يَجِدُلُهُ شِهَا بُأَرَّصَدًا

But he who tries to listen now finds a flame lying in wait for him. [72:9]

a lurking place (v.n. >iv) إِرْصَادٌ

ambush (n. for place) مُرْصَدُ

#### وَاتَّعُدُوالَهُمْ كُلُّ مُرْصَدِ

And sit in wait for them in every ambush. [9:5]

'(Ambuscade is the hiding of troops for the purpose of a sudden surprise attack —Jid.)

(n. for instrument used مِرْصَادُ as a n. of place) ambuscade

#### إِنَّ جَهَّنَّهَ كَانَتْ مِرْصَادًا

Verily the hell is ambuscade. [78:21]

(The angels whereof are lying in a wait for the guilty —Jid.)

## إنَّ رَبَّكَ لَبِمَالُهِ مُصَادِ

Verily thy Lord is an ambuscade. (Where he watches the doings of the wicked —Jid.) [89:14]

ر ص ص 🖈

مَرُصُوْ صُلُّ ((pact. pic. m. sing. adj.) well compacted prefer (4)

## رَضُوا بِأَنْ يَكُونُوا مَعَ الْخَوَالِفِ

They preferred to be with those who remained behind. [9:87]

رَصِيْهُمْ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) رَصِيْهُمْ you are contented

## آدخينتم بالمتلفظ الدنيا

Are you contented with this world's life? [9:38]

Note: The first letter ( ) is an interrogative particle not a prefix.

يَرُضَىٰ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) he pleases, he choses

he likes it for you يُرْضَهُ لَكُمْ اللهُ

رُضیٰ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) رُضیٰ thou are pleased

لِتَرْضَىٰ that thou may be pleased

تَرْضَاهُ، تَرْضَاهَا thou are pleased with which thou like

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) وَرُضَىٰ (used for a group)

#### وكن ترضى عنك المعدد

And the Jews will never be pleased with thee. [2:120]

أَرُّ مَنْوُنَّ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُّ مَنُوْنَ they like, they are pleased with مُرْضِعة (ap-der. f. sing.) a suckling woman

الرِّضَاعَةُ (n.) suckling

الْمُرَّاضِعُ (مُرُضِعَةٌ plu. of) suckling women

#### ر ض ی

( perf. 3 p.m. sing. ) دَضِيَ < ~is pleased (1)

رَضِيَ يَرُضَىٰ رِضِيَّ وَ رِمُنُوَانًا(س) to be pleased, satisfied, content

رَضُوُا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) رَضُوُا they are pleased

## رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ وَرَهُواعَنْهُ

Allah is well-pleased with them and they are wellpleased with Allah.

[5:119]

chosen (2)

## وتضيئت ككؤالا شكاء ويتا

And I have chosen for you Al-Islam as religion. [5:3]

was content (3)

وكؤائقه ورضواما أشهم الله ورسوله

And if they were content with what Allah and His messenger gave them.

[9:59]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi ارْتَمَنَىٰ ~approved (1)

## ولايشفن وألا لين ازتضى

And they intercede not except for whom He approved. [21:28]

chdosed (2)

فَلَايُظْهِرُ عَلَى غَيْبِهَ أَحَدًا إِلَامَنِ ارْتَطْي مِنْ رَّسُولٍ

Then He discloseth not His unseen unto anyone except a messenger whom He chooses. [72:26-7]

رَضِيٌّ (act. 2 pic. adj.) وَضِيًّ acceptable

رَاضِيَة (act. pic. f. sing.) وَاضِيَة well-pleased

مَرْمِنِيَةً ﴿ (pact. pic. f. sing.) well-pleasing, approved one

## المجعة إلى ربك واضية منينة

Return unto thine Lord wellpleased (and) well-pleasing. [89:28]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مَرْمِنِيُّ approved one

#### وكلن عِنْ رَيِّهِ مَرْضِيًّا

And he was with his Lord the approved one. (opp. rejected one.)

[19:55]

مَرْضَاةً (good-will (v.n. mim.)

يَرْ صَنْيُنَ (imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) يَرْ صَنْيُنَ they (women) may be pleased

تَرْمَنُوا .acc تَرْمَنُونَ .nom

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you choose, like, are pleased with

among those whom يَّنُ تَّرُضُونَ you choose

يَعُلِفُونَ لَكُولِا تَرْضُواعَنَهُ وَأَوَانَ تَرْضُواعَنُهُ

#### فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يَرْضَى عَنِ الْقَوْمِ الْفَيدِينَ

They will swear to you that you may be pleased with them. But if you are pleased with them, Allah is not pleased with the transgressing people.

[9:96]

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) iv يُوصُونَ they please you

يُرْضُوا (> يُرْضُونَ )

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they please you or make you please

(Note: The nun of plural is dropped due to idafa.)

## يتولفون باللونكة إيزفوكو

They swear by Allah to you to please you. [9:62]

رُّمَا صَوْوا (perf. 3 p. m.plu.) vi مَرَّاصَوْوا they agree among themselves

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vi you agree among yourselves

رع د 🖈

رَعُدُّ | الرَّعُدُ رَعُدُّ | الرَّعُدُ رَعُدُ الْعُدُ رَعُدُ الْفِ to thunder (فَ)

دعی 🖈

رَعُوُا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) <they tended حَمَّاً وَ اللهِ عَلَى مَوْعَىٰ رَعُبًا وَ

رِعَامِةً وَ مَرْعَى (ف) to have regard to, tend, rule, pasture, graze

فَمَارَعُوْهَاحَقَ رِعَايَتِهَا

They tended it not with its due tendance. [57:27]

ارُعَوُ (perate. 2 p.m. plu.) pasture

كلؤاوارعواآنعامك

Eat and pasture your cattle. [20:54]

رَاعِنا (perate. m. sing.) give ear to us, listen

(us: pronoun \$ + 215 )

(act. pic. m. phu.) ( رَاعُونَ ) (care-takers, observers (of duties, trusts etc.)

(phu. of دَاعِيْ shepherd) الرَّعَاءُ

تَرَاضَىٰ (agreement (v.n.) مِرَاضَىٰ (pleasure (n.)

ر ط ب ★

رَهُلُبُّ (m.) fresh رَهُلُبُ رَهُلُبَ يَرُهُلُبُ رَهَالَبَةً (ك) to be fresh

لانكلي وَلَايَابِي إلَّافِي كِيْبُ ثُبِينِي

Nor out of fresh or dry is in Book luminous. [6:59]

fresh dates (n.) رُطَكُ اللهُ

ثنوط عكيا وكالمخاجنيا

It shall drop on thee dates fresh and ripe. [19:25]

رع ب 🖈

\( \text{terror (1) \quad (n.) } \frac{2}{2} \]
\( \text{c} \)
\( \text{c} \

سَنُلْقِ فِي قُلُوبِ الَّذِينَ كَفَوُواالرُّعُبَ

We shall cast a terror into hearts of those who disbelieve. [3:151]

awe (2)

كيلفت منهم رعبا

And thou wouldst surely have been filled with awe of them. [18:18] ارَغُبًا (act. pic. m. sing.) (عَنْ ) حَدَدُ (act. pic. m. sing.)

الافهاأت عن الهيق يَا بُرْهِيمُ

Art thou averse to my gods, O Ibrahim? [19:46]

رَاغِبُونَ \_ إِلَىٰ \_ اللهِ \_ beseechers (sing.)

ٳٵٞٳٙٳڶۯؾؚڹٵۮۼۣؠؙۅؙڹ

Verily we are unto our Lord beseechers. [68:32]

رغ د ★

رغ م 🖈

(n. p.t.) acc. اغماً

refuge, (Jid.) wide way to follow (Rgh.), a place of escape (Rd.)

to break iii حُرَاغَمَة مُرَاغَمَة <

أَفُّهُ رَغُمُ رَغُمُ لَ أَفُهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ

pasturage (n. for place) رُمْعَىٰ (for the cattle)

رغ ب ★

يَرُغَبُ - عَنْ - (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) - يَرُغَبُ - عَنْ - (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

رَغِبَ بَرُغَبُ رَغَبُ (س)

to desire, long for ( ين ),

to have no desire ( عَنُ ),

to supplicate ( ]),

رَغِبَ \_ بِ ، عَنْ - one thing to another

ومن يرغب عن ملق الراجم

And who shall be averse from the faith of Ibrahim. [2:130]

يَرُغَبُونَ < ح بَرُغَبُونَ (imperf 3 p.m. plu.) they prefer

لَايَزْعَبُوْا بِأَنْفُهِمْ عَنْ تَغَيِيهِ

They should prefer not themselves before him, [9:120]

رُغُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) رُغُونَ you desire

ارُغَبُ (perate. m. sing.) ارُغَبُ attend!

وَإِلَّى رَبِّكَ كَارْخَبُ

And unto thy Lord, attend. [94:8]

## ر ف ر ف

رَفْرَف (n.) cushions

## ر فع 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) رَفَعَ <~raised

رَفَعَ يَرُنَعُ رَفُعاً (ف)

to raise, hoist

رَفَعُنَا (perf. 1st p. plu.) (ve raised

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) رَفَعُ raises

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) رُنْعُ we raise

(pip. 3 p. f. sing.) رُنْعَ be exalted

(perate. neg. m. plu.) الاَ تَرْفَعُواْ

رَافِعٌ (act. pic. m. sing.) رَافِعٌ raising, lifting

رَافِعَةً (act. pic. f. sing.)

رَفِيْعٌ (act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

(pact. pic. m. sing.) الْرَقُوعُ elaveted one

(pact. pic. f. sing.) مُرْفُوعَةُ (elavated one (f.)

## ر ف ت ★

anything crushed (n.) acc. رُفَاناً to pieces and fragments (ف) رَفْتَ بَرُفْتُ رَفْتاً (ف) to break in pieces

## ر ف ث ★

sexuality (1) (n.) رَفَتُ وُ

> رَفَّقَ يَرُفُنُ رَقَاً (ن)

to have sexual conduct, to use immodest speech

أيل لَكُولِيلَة القِيام الرَّفَ مَن إلى فِيمَا لِمُحْرَ

Allowed unto you, on the night of fasts, is to go unto your wives. [2:187]

lewdness (2)

فلارقك وكالمنوق ولاجدال في الحج

There is no lewdness, nor wickedness, nor wrangling during the pilgrimage.

[2:197]

## ر ف د ★

a present (n.) الرَّفْدُ

رَفَدَ يَرُفِدُ رَفُداً (ض)
 to make a present

الْمَنْدُدُ (pact. pic. m. sing.)

الْمُرُفُودُةُ (pact. pic. m. sing.) الْمُرْفُودُةُ present one (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v يَرِّرُ قَبُ looks about

فَأَصْبَحَ فِي الْمَدِيْنَةِ خَلِمِنَا الْمُتَاتِثَرَقَبُ

And in the morning he was in the city fearing and looking about. [28:18]

(perate. m. sing.) viii اُرُ تَقِبُ wait thou!

ارُ يَقِبُوا perate. m. plu.) viii ارُ يَقِبُوا you wait!

(Ap-der. m. plu.) viii مُرْيَقِبُونَ they are waiting

رَقِيْبٌ (act. pic. m. sing.)

رَقِيَةٌ (n.) (neck (1)

meta. a bound (2) person, slave

رِ قَابٌ (necks (n.p.b.)

رقد 🖈

رُقُودٌ (.sleeping (v.n.) رَفَدَ يَرُفُدُ رَفُداً وَ رُفُداً وَ رُفَاداً (ن)

to go to sleep

sleeping place, (n. p. t.) مَرُفَدُ

رق ق ★

رَق parchment (n.)

# ر ف ق ★

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) acc. رَفِيْقًا companion

to accom- iii حَرَافَقَ مُرَافَقَةً pany one

< رَفَقَ بَرْنُقُ رِفْقًا (ن)</p>
to be useful

easy arran- (n. ints.) acc. مِنْ فَقًا gement

(litt. a thing by which one profits or gains advantage or benefit—LL)

resting (n. p. t. < viii) acc. مُرْ يَقِفًا place

<elbows (n. ints. p. h.) مَرَافِقُ (sing.) مُرَافِقُ</p>

رقب ★

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَرُ قُبُونَ <they guard (i.e., respect)

رَفَبَ يَرُفُبُ رُقُوبًا وَ رَفَابَةً (ن)

to watch, observe, guard

لَا يَوْقُبُونَ فِي مُؤْمِنِ إِلَّا وَلَا ذِمَّةً

They respect not either kinship or agreement in a believer. [9:10]

لاَ يَرْقُبُولَ n.d. acc. اَيْرُقُبُونَ as above

(imperf. neg. 2 p.m. sing.) أَ تَرْقُبُ thou has not guarded

لِيرَ تَقُولُ (el. 3 p.m. plu.) viii المِرَ تَقُولُ let them ascend

mounting, ascending (v.n.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) رَأْقِ charmer (IK) ascender (Rgh.)

#### وَقِيْلُ مَنُ رَاتٍ

And it is said: who will ascend with it (or who is the charmer or physician). [75:27]

ر ك ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. dual) کِبَ <they twain embarked

to ride, (ریک رُکُو بارس)

embark, mount on horseback ر ق م 🖈

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) الْقَيْمُ inscription, litt. a table of lead

آمُرَهِيهُ بَتَ أَنَّ اَصْعَلَ الْكَهْفِ وَالرَّوْنِيوِ كَانُوْا مِنْ الْيِنَا عِجَبًّا

Or, thinkest thou that the Companions of the Cave and inscription were of Our wouderful signs.

[18:9]

Note: See the details about the people referred to in this verse in *Jid. P. 15 nn.* 300-301.

(act. pic. m. plu.) مَنْ قُوْمٌ written one

رق ر ★

التَّرَّ الْقِيَّ (collor-bone (n.p.b.) مَرْفُورَةً

رقی ★

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou ascend

رَقِيَ يَرَقَلُ رُقِيًّا (س) ـ فِيُ ، إِلَىٰ ـ ( ارْتَقِلَ as RF. viii )

to ascend, rise

to cause ii أَرُكُبُّ < رَكُبُّ one to ride, to set onething upon another, compose, mix, construct

band of horsemen or (n.) וֹלְצֹי riders on camels, ten or more in number, caravan

riders (n. p. b.) رُكِّانً (sing.) رَاكِتُ

ركاًب camel (n.p.) ركاًب

<riders (n.p.) رُكِانً (sing.)</p>

ridden, camel (n.) 3.55

(Ap-der. > iv, m. sing.) مُتَرَاكِة ridden one on another (close growing)

## ركد ★

<at rest, tran- (n. p.b.) رَوَاكِدُ quil, stable

رَاكِدَةُ (sing.) >>

to stop, (نَ كُدُّ زُكُرُداً (ن to be calm, to be kept stable

ر ك ز ★

low sound, whis- (n.) acc. اِيْرُةُ per

تَوْتَ يَرَكُ رَكُوا (ن)

to plant, fix in (the ground)

رَكِبُول (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) رَكِبُول they embarked

يَرُ كُوُّنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُ كُوُّنَ they ride

زَرُكُوُّنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you ride

(el. 2 p.m. plu.) n.d. الْقُرُ كُبُولُ you may ride

لَّتُرُ كُبُنَّ (epl. 2 p.m. plu.) surely you ride

لَتَرُكَبُنَّ طَبَقًا عَنُ طَبَقٍ

Surely ye shall ride layer upon layer. (Jid.) [84:19]

(i.e., (O mankind!) your existence is not fixed or stationary; you must be ever-changing, growing, journeying from the state of the living to the dead, and from the state of the dead to a new state of life in the next world. The preposition in here is

and بَعْدَ synonymous with مَعْدَ and طَبَقًا عَنْ طَبَق

to الله بَعْدَ جَالَةِ ( Rz., O.).

(perate. m. sing.) از کَبُ (thou) embark!

ارُكُوُّا (perate. m. plu.) ارْكُوُّا (you) embark!

رُكِّب (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii رُكِّب -constructed ارُكِمِيْنُ (perate. f. sing.) (thou f.) bow down!

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. رَاكِماً one who bows down

رُكِمًا . acc. رُكِيع

those who (act. pic. m. p.b.) bow down

رَاكِع (sing.)

gen. رَاكِمُونَ nom. رَاكِمِيْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.)

those who bow down

# ر ك م ★

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) acc.

a heap (n.) acc. [5]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) できなって piled up

## ر ك ن ★

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) رَكُنُ رَكُونًا لِلْهِ (ف ، س) < thou leaned ( نَكِنَ يَرُكُونًا لِلْهِ (ف ، س) to lean upon, rely upon, trust (perate. neg. m. plu.) لاَ تَرْكَنُولًا اللهِ (ف) you lean not

رُكُنُّ (n.) court (1)

litt. the firm part of a thing on which it rests, support, pillar, corner-stone

# ر ك س ★

أَرُكُنَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَرُكُنَ < ~ reverted

رَكَنَ يَرْكُنُ رِكُماً (ن) وَ أَرْكَنَ إِرْكَاماً \*

to upset, overturn, subvert

أَرُكِيسُوُ ا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَرُكِيسُوُ ا they were reverted

## د ك ض 🖈

يَرُ كُفُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُ كُفُونَ (they flee, they are fleeing

رَكُمْنَ يَرُكُمْنُ رَكُمْنًا (ن) to run, urge, to strike heavily with foot

ارُ كُفُنُ (perate. m. sing.) strike (heavily)

لاً تَرْكُفُنُوا (perate. neg. m. plu.) لاً تَرْكُفُنُوا run not, do not flee

## ر ك ع

يَرُ كُعُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُ كُعُونَ (they bow down

رَكَّعَ يَرُكُعُ رُكُوْعًا (ف)

to bend to the ground to bow down

لاً يَرْكُعُونَ they bow not down

ارُ كَعُوا (perate. m. plu.) ارُ كَعُوا (you) bow down!

\* 11 7

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) رَمِيْمُ decayed

رم ن **\*** 

الرُّمَانُ pomegranate (n.)

د م ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. زین ~threw

رَمَٰ يَرِمِيْ رَمُبًا وَ رَمَايَةً (ض) to throw, hit by throwing,

blame, to cast on (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. رَهَنْتَ

thou threw

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v., fd

throws, casts

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. وَرِينُ

يَوْمُونَ . (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. يَوْمُونَ they blame, cast

ر م ب ★

يَرُهَبُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَرُهَبُوْنَ < they dread

رَهَبَ يَرْهَبُ رُهُبَا وَ رَهْبَةً to fear, dread (ف)

#### فَتَوَلُّ بِوُكُنِهِ

Then he trurned away with his court. [51:39]

support (2)

اَوْادِيْ إِلَىٰ تُكُنِين شَدِيْدِ

Or could betake me to a powerful support. [11:80]

\* 210

رِمَاحٌ (lances, spears (n. p.b.) رَمَاحٌ (sing.)

ر م د ★

ashes (n.) مركاد الله

د م د ★

<indication by (v.n.) acc. (رَمُرُ sign (with the eye, lips, or hand)</p>

دَمَنَ يَوْمُزُهُ دَمُناً (ن)

to make a sign to, indicate by a sign

رم مش 🖈

Ramadhan (the ninth (n.) رَمَضَانُ month of Islamic calendar, the month of fast)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~ covers, will cover رَمِقَ يَرْمَقُ رَمُقًا (س)

to approach, to overtake, cover

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) <~covers, will cover

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv causes burden, imposes upon

أَرْهِقَ (imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv I shall impose upon, I shall cause burden

(perate. neg. m. sing.) do not impose burden

evil disposition (v.n.)

(act. 2 pic.m. sing.) a pledge

 </ to leave a pledge with some

one (act. 2 pic f. sing.)

a pledge taking a pledge (v.n.)

< motionless (sea) (v.n.) رَهَا يَرْهُوْ رَهُواْ

to go slowly

(perate. m. plu.) <br/>be dreadful ( فَارُهَوُن: فَ+ ارْهَوُا+ نِ > فِي ) you dread me

#### وَإِيَّاكُ فَأَرْهُبُونَ

And Me (alone) you should dread. [2:40]

رُهُوُنَ imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) iv < you frighten

أَرُهَت إِزْهَامًا vi

to make dreadful, frighten

اسْتَرْهَت × اسْتَرْهَاماً

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x \ ( ) .... | as they frighten

الرَّهُثُ، رَخَاً وَ رَخُتَةً (v.n.) acc. fear, dreadfulness, awtulness

(monks (n.p.b.) المُعْمَانُ

ر اهث (sing.)

i.e. esoteric heads of religion.

There were Christian monks as early as the 3rd century. The monks and the nuns were looked upon as the most consistent Christians. and were honoured accordingly. (Jid., Ebr.V. p.676)

(a relative adj. رُمُعَانُ ) monkery, monasticism

group, company (n.) Ji

the soul of man (1)

روح

## وكين كُونَك عَنِ الرُّوجِ قُلِ الرُّوْحِ مِنَ المُرَدِينِ

And they ask thee regarding the soul, say thou: the soul is by the command of my Lord. [17:85]

the possessor of (2) soul (in generic sense the singular standing for class)

## يوم يَعُومُ الرُّوخِ وَالْمَلْبِكَةُ صَفًّا

On the Day whereon the possessors of soul and angels will stand arrayed. [78:38]

Gabriel, the (3) angel of revelation

#### تَنْزَلُ الْمُنْكِكُةُ وَالرُّيْحُ

The angels and Gabriel descend. [97:4]

the holy (comp.) رُوْحُ الْقُدُسِ spirit

Note: Holy Spirit in Islam is not the 'third Person of Trinity,' but arch-angel, Gabriel, who was is in constant attendance upon the Prophet Jesus and protected him—a mere mortal—from the wiles of his enemies. There is no trace in any verse of the Holy Quran of any specially high rank being bestowed on Jesus above other

## ر و ح 🖈

رُمُحُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m plu.) iv رُمُحُونَ you drive at evening

>> دَاحَ يَرُونُ رُوَاحاً (ن)

to go or do a thing at evening

litt. evening breeze (1) (n.) כֿפֿל (a sort of comfort, mercy and bounty)

فَرَوْحٌ وَرَيْحَانٌ الْوَجَنَتُ نَعِيْمٍ

(For him shall be) comfort and fragrance and garden of Delight. [56:89]

mercy, bounty, (2)

وَلَا تَايْتَ مُثُوامِنْ تَدْجِ اللهِ إِلَّهُ لَا يَايْتَنَىُ مِنْ تَدْجِ اللهِ إِلَّا الْقَوْمُ الْكُلْفِرُونَ

And despair not of the mercy of Allah. Verily none despairs of Allah except a people disbelieving.

[12:87]

Note: Pickthal has translated کُوْکُ by mistake as spirit, that is, کُوْکُ (with dhamma upon the first redical), not کُوُرُّ (with fatha upon it). The verse means: A man true of faith never gives up hope in the mercy of Allah. (imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) iii تُرَاوِدُ solicits

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iii نُرُاوِدُ we solicit

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv آزاد حwished, intended

to wish, [زاد v آراد vintend, desire

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) iv أَرَادًا they (twain) intended, wished

أَرَادُوُ ا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَرَادُوُ ا they intended, wished

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) iv آرَدُنَ they (f.) intended, wished

(perf 2 p.m. plu.) iv أَرَدُتُمُ you intended, wished

أَرُدُنَا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv الرَدُنَا we intended, wished

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُرْدُدُ ~intends, wishes used also as an auxillary verb as:

يُرِيدُانَ يَنْقَضَ

It is about to fall down.

[18:77]

(imperf. 3 p.m, sing.) juss. يُرُدُ intends, wishes

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) يُرِيْدَانِ ، يُويْدَانِ ، يُويْدَانِ ، يُويْدَانِ ، يُويْدَانِ ، يُويْدَانِ ، يُويْدَا

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) اُرِيْدُ I intend, wish prophets. He has simply his own place—a very honourable one, no doubt —in the long list of the messengers of God.

The angel Gabriel الرُّوْحُ الْآمِيْنُ who is entrusted with divine revelation

رَوَاحٌ (v.n.) evening journey غُدُوً (opp. غُدُوً morning journey)

ر و د ★

رَاوَدُوْا (perf. 3 p.m. phu.) iii رَاوَدُوْا <they solicited

to ask one رَاوَدَ iii مُرَاوَوَة to do, prevail upon him by blandishment

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iii رَاوَدَتُ solicited

قَالَ هِيَ رَاوَدَ ثُنِيْ عَنْ نَفْدِي

He said: it is she who solicited me against myself. [12:26]

signifies رَاوَدَهُ عَنِ الْآبِ 'she endeavoured to turn him by blandishment or by deceitful arts or to entice him to turn from the thing.' (Jid.>LL)

رَ اوَرُثَنَّ perf. 2 p. f. plu.) iii رَاوَرُثَنَّ you (f.) solicited د و م 🖈

Romans, Byzantines (n.)

الرُّوْمُ

ریب ★

ارْتَابَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii ارْتَابَ ~doubted

> دَابَ يَوِيْبُ رَيْباً (ض)

to cast one into doubt and uncertainty, suspect

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii أُرْتَابِتُ doubted

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii ارْ تَابُوُا they doubted

(perf. 2 p.m. phu.) viii اُرْتَبْتُمُ you doubted

يَرْقَابُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii يَرْقَابُ

يَرْ مَابُولُ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii,acc. يَرْ مَابُولُ اللهِ they doubted

(imperf. 2 p.m. phu.)viii, acc. اَرُّ بَابُولُا you doubt

doubt, suspect (n.) زَنْتُ

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv مُرِيُبٌ arouser of suspicions, causing doubt

(ap-der. m. sing.) viii مُرْقَابُ doubter

ری ح 🖈 ریخ (n.) (n.) يُرِيْدُوْنَ ، بِرِيْدُوْا (.juss)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they intend, wish

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv يُودُنَ they (f.) wish, intend

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv يُويدُ we wish, intend

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv عُرَادُ is wished, intended

for a while, (particle) acc. slowly, gently (according to the grammarians the word is a diminutive form of which verbal noun is not in use.)

د و مش ★

meadow somewhat (n.) رُوْطَنَة watery, garden

meadows some- (n. plu.) رَوْضَاتُ what watery

روع 🖈

الرَّوْعُ (alarm (n.)

رَاعَ يَرُوْعُ رَوْعاً (ن) to fear,

روغ ★

رَاغَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<∼slipped

دَاغَ يَرُوُغُ دَوُ**غًا** (ن)

to act slyly (i.e., scoffingly)

fragrance, a bounty, (n.) الرِّنِحَانُ a gift of God (a synonym to subsistence (Jid.>LL)

ری ش ★

رِيش adornment (i.e., dress) (n.)

د ی ع ★

a high place (n.) ديم

رین ن ★

رَانَ مَرِیُنُ رَیْنًا \_ عَلیٰ ، ب (ض)

(رَانَ مَرِیُنُ رَیْنًا \_ عَلیٰ ، ب (ض)

(مَانَ مَرِیُنُ رَیْنًا \_ عَلیٰ ، ب (ض)

(مَانَ مَرِیُنُ مَرْیَنًا \_ عَلیٰ ، ب (ض)

## وَجَرَيْنَ رِهِمْ بِرِينَ فِي كَلِيْبَةٍ

And they run away with them with a goodly wind.

[10:22]

predominance (2)

فتنشكوا وتذهب يفكك

Lest ye flag and your predominance depart. [8:46]

smell (3)

إنِّ لَلَجِدُدِ يَحَ يُؤْسُفَ

Surely I feel the smell of Yusuf, [12:94]

# كتباب الزاى

ز ب ن ★

the bondmen, (n. p.) أَجَانِتُهُ infernal guards

ذ ج ج ★

a/the glass

الزُّجَاجَةُ ، زُجَاجَةُ

٥

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) viii آزُدَجَوَ was reproved

> ازْدَجَوَ يَزْدَجُوَ ازْدِجَاراً

to obey an interdiction, forbidden

زَجَوَ يَزْجُوُ زَجُواً (ن) عَنْ ـ عَنْ ـ to interdict, rebuke

a deterrent (v.n. mim.) viii مُنْ دَجَوُ

driving away (v.n.) زُجْرً

ز ب د ★

زَبَدُّ، الرَّبَدُ (n.) thè scum

ز ب ر ★

<scriptures (n. p.)</p>

the divine (sing.) writ revealed in parts by the Prophet Daud

وَإِنَّهُ لَغِنْ زُنْرِالْلَاقَلِيْنَ

And verily it is in the Scriptures of the ancients.

[26:196]

<the lumps (n. p.)
pieces of (sing.)</pre>

heavy pieces of (sing.) زُرَة iron (Rgh.)

اتُونِيِّ زُيُّوَالْحَدِيدِ

Bring me lumps of iron.

[18:96]

is an army, or a military force, marching little by little, or leisurely, or heavily, by reason of their multitude and force—LL)

ز خ ر ف

ornament (1) (n.) زُخُونُ فُ

آخَذَتِ الْأَرْضُ زُخُرُنَهَا

When the earth took her ornaments (i.e., it is decked out in full beauty). [10:24]

gold (2)

أؤيكون لك بَيُثُ مِنْ نُخْرُب

Or there be for thee a house of gold. [17:93]

gilded speech (3)

(i.e., fair-seeming untruth and falsehood)

> ز ر ب ★ زَرَائُ (carpets (n. p.)

ز رع ★

زُرَعُونَ (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) تُزْرَعُونَ <you shall sow

زَرَعَ يَزُرَعُ زَرُعاً (ف)

to sow, plant, cultivate

corn, cornfields (n.) ذَرُعُ a sown corn, cultivable land, plant (act. pic. f. plu.) زَاجِرَاتُ those (f) who drive away (i.e., angels who are the drivers of the clouds.

the shout (n.) (The reference is to the second blast of the trumpet.)

ز ج و ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُزْجِيُ (~speeds up

أَزُجِىٰ يُزْجِيُ إِزْجَاءاً ع. to push, speed up

>> زَجِي يَوْجُو زُجُوا (نَ)

to stop, urge on gently

(pis. pic. f. sing.) iv
goods that are pushed out
disposed of (i.e., goods of
no value or of very little
purchasing value)

د ح د ح

زُمُوزِ عَ . (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) qrt. زُمُوزِ عَ <:—is removed

to remove SS \_ قُرُحَ مَ عَنْ \_ عَنْ \_ form its place

مُزَخْزِحٌ (act. pic. m. sing.)

ز ح ف ★

marching slowly (v.n.) acc.

زَعَمَ يَزْعَمُ زَعُماً وَ زُعُماً (ف)

to assert (1) something that may be true or false

to assert (2) something false

زُعَتُ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) زُعَتُ thou asserted

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) زُعَمْ you asserted

يَزُعُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَزُعُونَ they asserted

(imperf. 2 p. plu.) يَزْعُونَ you asserted

زَعْمٌ (n.) assertion

ز ف ر ★

panting (act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

( غنی signifies the beginning or commencing part of crying, or braying of the ass. app. غنی signifies the ending or final part thereof.—LL)

ز ف ف ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. يَزِفُونَ <they hasten

to hasten, (ضُ زَفِيْفاً (ض to flap (the wing)

cornfields (n. p.) زُرُوعً

sowers (n. p. b.) زُرَّاعٌ

(act. pic. m. plu.) الزَّارِ عُوْنَ sowers, growers (i.e., the causers of the growth)

ز ر ق ★

زُرْقٌ (sing.) <

وَغَنْتُرُالْمُعْمِعِينَ يَوْمَهِ فِوْزُرُمْ قَا

And We shall gather the culprits on that day bleareyed. (Jid.) [20:102]

ز د ی ★

زُدَرِیُ imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)(w.v.)vii) <--condemns

ازُدَرْی یَزْدَرِیُ ازُدِرَاها

to condemn, to despise, redicule

Note: The ( ) of the stem viii is replaced with

زع ۲ ★

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii thou cleanseth, purifieth

يَرُكُونَ ii (Imperf. 3 m. p. plu.) ii يَرُكُونَ they cleanse, purify

(perate. neg. n. plu.) اَ يُزَكِّرُهُ إِلَى اللَّهِ اللَّا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّالِمِلْمِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الل

فَلَا تُؤْكُواۤ الفُسَكُمْ

So justify not yourselves.
[53:32]

رَكَ نَفْسَهُ means: He praised himself.) (LL)

Litt. 'He attributed to himself purity or cleanliness' Thus

signifies

'do not praise yourself or claim purity'.

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v ようデー

يَّذَكُ بُ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) v يَّذَكُ بُ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$  is cleansed

(n.) (أَكَاةُ (الرَّكَاةُ ، زَكَاةً (الرَّكَاةُ ) Zakat

وَاقِينُواالصَّلُوةَ وَانْوُاالزُّلُوةَ

And establish prayer and give the Zakat. [2:43]

word litt. means purity and purefication, and is a technical term of the Islamic law that means: certain portion or amount of property

**ز ق م \*** 

Zaqqum (n.) الزقوم ازقوم ازقوم ازقوم ازقوم ازقوم الخورة الإقوم (Any deadly food; the food of the people of the fire or hell أَوَّ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّالِمُ اللَّالِ اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّالِلْمُلِلْمُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّا

The tree (in verse 37:62) is symbolic of the living conditions in the hell.

زكى ★

زكا (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

> وَلَوْلَا فَضَلُ اللهِ مَلَيْكُمْ وَوَتَقَتُهُ مَا ذُكَى مِنْكُمْ فِينَ آحَدِ آبَكًا

And had there not been the grace of Allah upon you and His mercy, not one of you would ever have been cleansed. [24:21]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ごう

to purify, clean (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii

cleanseth, purifieth

243

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. زَكِنَّ، زَكِيًّا pure

#### لِأَهْبَلِكِ عُلْمًا لَكِيًّا

That I may bestow on thee a boy pure. [19:19]

(act. pic. f. sing.) زَکِتَة pure (i.e., innocent)

## قَالَ آقَتَاتَ نَفْسًا نَكِيَّةً

He said: haste thou slain a person innocent. [18:74]

the purest (elative.) ]

## ز ل ز ل

رُلِوَلَتْ (pp. 3 p. f. sing.) زُلِوَلَتْ <∼is shaken

to shake عُرَارِلُ يَرَارِلُ وَلَوْلَةً

رُوُرُولُوا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) زُورُولُوا they were shaken

زِلْزَالٌ (v.n.) shaking

quake (n.)

\* J J j

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) زَالُتُمْ you slipped

زَلَّ يَزِلُّ **زَلاً وَ زَلَلاً** 

to stumble, slip, make a mistake (ض) قَ مَزِيلَةً

(acc. أَنْ تَزِلُّ ) may slip (imperf. 2 p. f. sing.)

that is given thereof as the due of God by its possessor to the poor in order that he may purify it thereby (LL).

The payment of this religious due is obligatory provided that the property is of a certain amount and has been in possession for one luner year. The portion, to be given, varies according to the nature and amount of the property. Generally it is one-fortieth thereof i.e., two and a half percent.

as a Islamic tax, poordue, poor-rate or charity but none of them renders the full meaning of the term. Thus, it is reasonable to use the term as such.

purity, piety (2)

نَارَدُنَاآنُ يُبُدِلَهُمَارَبُهُمَاخَيْرًامِنَهُ زَكُوهُ وَالْمُرَاثِينِهُمُا مَنْعُمَا

So we intended that their Lord should change for the twain one better then he in piety and chosen affection. [18:81]

#### وَحَنَانَا مِن لَكُنَّا وَزُكُوةً

And tenderness from Our presence and purity.

[19:13]

Note: 'č' (sing.) is 'an arrow without a head and without feathers. arrows here allude to those divining arrows by means of which the Arabs in the time of ignorance sought to know what was allotted to them. They used to put them in a receptacle, and when one of them desired to make a journey, or accomplish a want, or when desired to perform some affair, he put his hand into that receptacle and took forth an arrow; and if the arrow upon which was 'Command' came fourth he went ahead to accomplish his purpose, but if that upon which was 'Prohibition' came forth he refrained. and if the black one came forth he shuffled them a second time."

(Jid. LL, IK.)

\* , , t ;

(n. p.) acc. زُمَرٌ ، زُمَرًا in troops

\* 1 6

(Ap-der. m. sing.) viii الْمُزَّمَّلُ wrapped

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv آزَلَّا caused to slip (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) x اَسُتَرَلَّا caused to slip

**ز ل ف ★** 

(perf. 3 p.f. plu.) iv آزَلَفْنَا < we brought near

﴾ أَزُلَفَ يُزُلِفُ ، إِزُلاَعًا to bring near, to cause to

approach

(ن) رَلَفَ يَزَلُفُ زَلُفاً وَ زُلُنَيَ (ن) to advance

أَزُلْهَتُ (pp. 3 p. f. sing.) iv أَزُلْهَتُ ~is brought near

(n.) acc. وَأَلَيْنَ neighbouring (watches)

proximating (n.) acc. زُلْفَةً

an approach (v.n.) الن

ز ل ق ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُزْلِقُونَ <they caused to stumble

to cause to iv أَزُلَقَ إِزْلَامًا slip, stumble

﴿ اَلَّهُ يَزْلُقُ زَلُقًا (ض)
 to stumble, slip

زَلَقُ (v.n.) زَلَقًا slippery acc.

**ذ ل م ★** 

arrows (n. p. b.) الْآزُلَامُ زَلَمْ (sing.) زَوَّجَ ii تَرُونِجُآ to give

a woman in marriage, to conjoin, to classify in pairs, to unite with fellows

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii يُزَوِّجُ ~conjoins

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii زُوِّجَتُ is paired

#### وَإِذَ االنَّافُوسُ زُوِّجَتْ

And when the souls are paired. (i.e., united with their fellows). [81:7]

ذَوْجٌ (n.) wife (1)

## وَإِنَّ أَرَدُتُمُ الرِّيِّبُ مَالَ رَفْعٍ مَكَانَ زَفْعٍ

And if you intend to relpace a wife by another. [4:20]

husband (2)

## حَثَّى مَنْكِحَ زَوْجًا غَيْرَة

Untill she weds a husband other than he. [2:230]

pair (3)

## وَالْبُنَتُتُ مِنْ كُلِلَ نَوْجٍ بَهِيْج

And it groweth every luxuriant pair of growth (i.e., of every kind) [22:5]

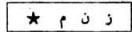
(n. dual.) acc. زَوُجَانِ nom. زَوُجَانِ man and woman, husband and wife, two kinds, pairs

wives, husbands, (n. p.b.) أَزُواجُ pairs, kinds is ت ، مُتَزَمِّلُ < الْمُزَمِّلُ

replaced by j then duplicated by Shaddah (AK).

biting cold (n.) أَمْهِرَيْرُ

a certain plant called (n.) (رَجُمِينُ Zanjabil that has good flavour, ginger



(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مُرَنِيمُ base-born, claiming someone else as his father

ز ن ی ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. يَزْنُونَ <they commit adultery

زَنْ يَرُنِيُ زِنْ وَ زِنَاءًا (ض) to commit adultery

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) w.v. يَزُفِينُ they (f.) commit adultery (act. pic. m. sing.)(fd.) الزَّافِينُ ، زَانِ one who commits adultery (act. ptc. p. f. sing.) الزَّافِينَةُ ، زَانِتَةً one (f.) who commits adultery

ز و ج ★

زَوِّجُنَاً ii (perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii زَوِّجُنَا <we wedded (el. 3 p. f. sing.) لِتَزُوُّلُ that may remove

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii وَيِّلُنَا we caused split

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) v تَرَيْلُوُا they were distinguished one from another (Jid.)

زوال decline (v.n.)

Preceded by a (2) negative particle

when verb Jij perf. Jij

imperf. J. imperf. juss.

(to cease) is used it is preceded by the negative particles \( \bar{\chi} \), \( \bar{\chi} \) or \( \bar{\chi} \) and means that the action is still continuing.

ماً زَالَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ماً زَالَتْ

#### فسأزالت تلك دغواثم

It was continually their cry or this ceased not to be their cry. [21:15]

مَا زِلْتُمْ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you remained, continued

#### فَهَازِلْهُمْ نِنْ شَلِقَ

You remained in doubt or you ceased not to be in doubt. [40:34]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) آيزال ~remains continually ذ و د ★

(perate m. plu.) ענפנע v לנפנע <take provision for the journey

to provide עַנֿפֿגע v עַנֿפֿגע

food for journey

provision for the jour- (n.) الزَّادُ

**ذور ★** 

زُرُمُ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) زُرُمُ <you visited

زَارَ يَزُورُ زِيَارَةً (ن) to visit

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) vi يُزَاوُرُ « deviates, turns aside

تَزَاوَرَ يَلَزَاوَرُ vi تَزَاوُراً to deviate

(. Ak تَتَزَاوَزُ < تَزَاوَزُ )

acc. اَزُوْراً nom. زُوْراً <falsehood (n.)

زَوِرَ يَزُورُ زَوْراً (س) to falsify

زول ★

In simple verbal (1) form

(perf. 3 p. f. dual.) w.v. زَالَتَا <the twain ceased

زَالَ يَوُولُ زَوْلاً وَزَوَالاً (ن)

to pass, cease, decline, remove

(act. pic. m. sing.) زَاهِقٌ vanished ones

زَهُوُ قاً vanishing (ints.) acc. زُهُوُ قاً

\* " " "

زَيْتُ (n.) oil

olive (n.) زُبُتُونُ

olive (n. adj.) زَيْنُونَة

ذی د ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. زَادَ <- added, increased

زَادَ يَزِيْدُ زِيَادَةً (ض)

to increase, to add

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. زَادَتُ ~added, increased

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. زَادُوُا they added, increased

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. يَزِيدُ

(imperf.3 p.m. sing.) juss./w.v. يُرُدُ did not add or increase

(The second radical i.e., is dropped due to the juss. case).

(imperf. 2 p.n. plu.) w.v. يَزِيدُونَ you increase

(ent. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. آزیْدَنَّ I will surely increase لَا يَوَالُ بُنْيَانُهُ وَالَّذِي بَنُوْادِيُهَ فِي ثُلُوْيِهِ حَ

And their building which they have built will cause continually doubt in their hearts. [9:110]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) أَوْالُ صَالًا will remain continully

لاً يَزَالُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) لا يَزَالُونَ they will remain continually

الزَّامِدِيْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) الزَّامِدِيْنَ <abstemious, indifferent

زَمَدَ بَرُمَدُ زُمُداً (ف) ـ في ـ

to turn away from, be indifferent to, forsake

ذ م ر ★

flower, splendour (n.) زُمْرَةُ

ز م ق ★

زَمَقَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~vanished

زَمَقَ بَرُهُقُ زُهُوْقًا (ف)

to vanish

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) acc. رُبُّهُونُ may vanish, to vanish (i.e., to die, pass away)

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. زَاغَتُ ~turned aside زَاغُوْا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they turned aside أزآغ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi, w.v. ~caused to turn aside يزيغ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)vi, w.v. ~causes to turn aside مَنُ يُزِغَ whosoever turns aside (The & is dropped due to the conditional sentence) turning aside, devia- (v.n.) tion

زین خ≁

رَيِّنَ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ii ~made to seem fair to make تَرُيُّتُ ii تَرُيْتُ < SS seem fair, to adorn, decorate

< زَانَ يَزِيُنُ زَيْنًا (ض)</p>
to adorn

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii وَيَّناً we made SS seem (1)

كَذَٰ لِكَ زَيْنَا لِعُلِى أَتَةِ عَلَكُمْ

Thus to every people have We made their deeds fairseeming. [6:108]

نزند (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) w.v. we will increase we shall never increase (perate. m. sing.) w.v. زذ increase! ازداد (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii, w.v. ~got increased gradually, waxed (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii w.v. ازدادوا they got increased gradually, waxed (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii, w.v. צנול ~gets increased (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii, w.v. כוב בינור ~gets increased زدادو (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)viii, w.v. they get increased (el. 3 p.m. plu.) viii, w.v. that they may get increased (imperf. 1st. p. plu.)viii, w.v. we shall add an increase (v.n.) an increment (v.n. mim.) more, additional

ز ی غ ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. زَاغَ ~turned aside (ض) زَاغَ يَزِيْنُ زَيْغًا (ض) to deviate, to turn aside (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii نَتْنَ is made to seem fair

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ازَّبَّنَتُ became adorned

is shaped from ازَّيَّنَتُ )

(٧) رَّزَيَّنْتُ (Abk.)

the/an adorn- (n.) الرِّيْنَةُ ، زِيْنَةُ السِّيْنَةُ ، زِيْنَةُ السِّيْنَةُ السِّيْنَةُ السِّيْنَةُ السِّيْنَة

we adorn (2)

إِنَّا ذَيِّنَا السَّمَاءُ الدُّنيَ إِنِينَةَ إِلْكُواكِ

Surely We have adorned the lower heaven with an adornment, the stars.

[37:6]

surely (epl. Ist. p. f. sing.) we made fair ~ seeming



# كتىآب السين

[ عَنُ ، ب a question about ]

# > سَأَلَ بِشَأَلُ مُؤَالًا وَ مَسُأَلَةً (ف)

to ask, (1) ب، عَنْ question, enquire to ask, beg (2) to demand (3)

## قَدْسَأَلُهَا قَوْمُرُفِينَ قَبْلِكُوْ

Surely people asked question before you. [5:102]

## سَأَلَسَأَيِكُ بِعَنَابِ وَاقِعِ

There hath asked a questioner concerning the torment about to befall. [70:1]

#### وَإِذَاسَأَلَكَ عِبَادِيْ عَنِي كَالَيْ تَرِيعِ

And when my bondmen ask thee regarding Me, then verily I am nigh. [2:186]

رَالُتَ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) مَالُتَ thou asked Prefixed to the imperfect tense to denote the meaning of future, as:

سَيَعُولُ السُّنَعَا أَمُونَ التَّالِين

The foolish among men will say. [2:142]

(According to the grammarians it is shortened form of مَوْفَ that is placed before the imperfect, أَلْمُنَارِعُ to conform the meaning of the future. As the imperfect consists both of the present and the future tenses).

س ا ل ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) h.v. ☐

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سَأَلَثُ سَأَلُوا سَأَلُثُمُ بَسَأَلُثُمُ بَسَأَلُثُ

أشآل

بَسُأَلُوُا

لِبَسُأَلُوُا

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) نَتْأَلُ we ask, demand	(perf. 1st p. sing.) I asked
(epl. Ist. p. plu.) لَنَسَأَلَنَّ we surely shall question	(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they asked
ر (perate. m. sing.) مَثَلُ ، اشْأَلُ (thou) question! ask!	(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you asked
(perate. m. plu.) اَشَأَلُوُّا (you) question! ask!	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) demands, asks (1)
~ is asked (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) مشال (f.) is asked (pp. 3 f. sing.)	يَتُنَاكَ آهُلُ الْكِتْبِ آنَ تُنَزِّلَ كَلَّهُم كِتْبًا
(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) استگوا they are asked	The people of the Book ask thee to bring down a Book. [4:153]
(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) المُثَالُ مُنالُثُ مِنالًا اللهِ (pip. 3 p.m. sing.)	begs (2)
(epl. passive. 3 p.m. plu.) لَبُسُأَلُنُّ verily they shall be asked, (pip. 2 p.m. sing.)	يَسْكَلُهُ مَنْ فِي التَّسْمُونِ وَالْأَرْضِ Of Him beggeth whosoever is in the heavens and the earth. [55:29]
thou will be asked  (epl. passive. 3 p.m. plu.) اَتُسُأَلُنَّ you certainly shall be asked,  questioned	(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou demand وَمَاتَسَكُمُهُمْ عَكَيْدِمِنْ أَجْدِ
(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُسْأَلُونُ they will be asked	Thou asketh them no fee for it. [12:104]
(pip. Ist. p. plu.) اُسُأَلُ we are/will be asked	(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) I ask, demand
(act. pic. m. sing.) السَّالُ / سَائِلُ / سَائِلُ / questioner (1) beggar (2)	acc. يَسْأَلُونَ nom. يَسْأَلُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they ask, enquire, demand
(act. pic. m. plu.) السَّائِلُيْن questioners, beggars, those who ask SS or make query	(el. 3 p.m. plu.) that they ask. enquire, demand
one who is questioned (pact. pic. m. plu.)	(imperf. 2 p.m. pht.) nom you ask, demand acc.

سَمَّ بَسُأَمُ سَآمَةً وَ سَأْمًا (س)- مِنْ

to feel aversion for, to turn away, to disgust, cause to loathe

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (h.v.) آسِاً مُوْنَ they grow weary

يُسَيِّحُونَ لَهُ بِالنَّيْنِ وَالنَّهَا رِوْمُ الْاَيَسْتُحُونَ الْهَا They hallow Him night and day, and they weary not.

[41:38]

(perate. neg. m. plu.) المَّ الْمَا اللهُ be not weary!

وَلَائِتُكُونُوا اَنَ تَكُتُبُوهُ

And be not weary of writing. [2:282]

س ب ء ★

Saba (prop. n.)

(Saba was a city of Yemen, also called Ma'arib, at about three days' journey from San'a. The bursting of the dyke of Ma'arib and the destruction of the city by a flood are historical facts, and happened in about the first or second century of the Christian era. (Palmer)

س ب ب ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. المُسْتُونُونُ (they revile

سَبِّ يَسُبُّ سَبًّا وَ مَسَبَّةً (ن) to revile. defame مَسْتُولُونَ (pact. pic. m. plu.) those who are asked

تَسَاتَلُونَ > تَنْسَاءَلُونَ w

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you demand one of another

واتتوالله الكذى تَسَأَة لُوْنَ بِهِ وَالْأَرْحَالِمْ

And fear Allah by whom you demand one another your rights (or dues) and wombs. (i.e., fear Allah and the wombs by whom you demand of one another your rights.) [4:1]

لِيَنْسَاءَلُوُا (el. 3 p.m. plu.) they might question among themselves

تَكَذٰ لِكَ بَعَثُمْ مُ لِيَتَسَاءَ كُوَابِيَهُمُ

And likewise We raised them up that they might question among themselves.

[18:19]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv المُعَمَّاةُ لُوُنَّ they asked each other

عَدَّ يَتَسَاءَلُوْنَ

Of what ask they? (refreshing or comforting to them).

[78:1]

questioning, deman- (n.) سُوَّالُ ding

requests (n. p.)

\* 0 = 0

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)(h.v.) <-tires, weary

سَبَعَ يَسُبَحُ سَبُحًا وَ سَبَاحَةً (ف)

to swim, to float (in water or air), to go rapidly, to change about, turn over

## كُلُّ فِي فَلَكِي يَسْبَحُونَ

Each one in an orb floating. [21:33]

(v.n.) acc. iiii. floating, swimmingly chain of busi- (1) ness (Pic.)

# إِنَّ لِكَ فِي النَّهَارِسَيْمُ المُونِيُّانَ

Lo! thou has by day a chain of business. (Pic.) [73:7]

occupation (Jid.) (2)

Verily, there is for thee by day occupation prolonged. (Jid.) [73:7]

swimmingly (as (3) below)

those who are floating (i.e., angels who come down floating from heaven with their Lord's command.)

## وَالشَّيِخْتِ سَبُّكًا ﴿

By the angels who glide swimmingly. [79:3]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii حَسِّعَ (~glorified, hallowed لاً تَسْبُولًا (perate m. plu.) assim. الأَ تَسْبُولًا do not revile

<way, means (n.)</p>
(not drawn from بَّتُ بَسُّةُ )
<causes, reasons (n.p.)</p>
أَسُباً بُـ الْمَالِثُ إِنْ الْمَالِثُ الْمَالِثُ الْمَالِثُ الْمَالِثُ الْمَالِثُ الْمَالِثُ الْمُعَالَّمُ الْمُعَالَّمُ الْمُعَالَّمُ الْمُعَالَّمُ الْمُعَالَّمُ الْمُعَالَّمُ الْمُعَالَّمُ الْمُعَالَّمُ الْمُعَالَمُ الْمُعَلِّمُ الْمُعَالَمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَالَمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلِمُ ا

ways. means (n.p.)

س ب ت ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) نَبْتِوُنَ they keep the Sabhath (ض) مَبْتُ يَسُبِتُ مَبْتاً (ض) to rest, to keep sabbath

the day of keeping (v.n.) مُبَتَ Sabbath (of Jews)

السَّبُتُ Saturday (n.)

(i.e., the holy weekend of the Jews, between Friday and Sunday.)

acc. البَّمَة nom. مُبَاتًا repose, rest (n.)

## وتجعلنانوم كوسباتان

And We made your sleep as a rest (for repose). [78:9]

س ب ح ★

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) خُوُنَ <they swim

glorifying (v.n. <ii)< td=""><td>تر د و</td></ii)<>	تر د و
acc. مُستِّحان nom. نَ	رات د ـ یا ور
those who (Ap-der. m. plu.)	
glorify (their Lord)	
hallowed be to (n.)	سُحَانَ
(It always occurs before	
Allah as pronominal or	
relative pronoun referring	
to Him as:	
hallowed be Allah	سُبُحَانَ
hallowed be Thou	مبتحانا
hallowed by He	منحاة
سُبُحٰنَ الَّذِي ٓ اَسْرَى بِمَدْهِ اللَّا	
Hallowed be He who carried	4.5
His servant by night.	
[17:1]	
	-
ب ط *	س
acc. أَمْرًا gen. أَمْرًا	-36
<tribes (n.="" p.)<="" td=""><td> 31</td></tribes>	31
	4
(sing.)	سبعد
litt: a tree that has many	
branches, grandsons, tribes	
، بع *	ا مو
rapacious, animal, (n.)	الشبغ
lion, wild beast	
(phu.) منباع (phu.)	
، سَبْعٌ ، سَبْعةً . nom سَبْعاً	السَّبْعُ
seven (card. num.)	·
The second control of	

to praise, المُنْسِيُّ ii	سبح
magnify God with the	
God is far above,	مُبُحَانَ ا
He is beyond the level of human beings	ľ
(Though tense of the wor	ď
is perfect (past.	),
yet in the Quranic styl	
and context it stands for	
the present tense. The	
means he glorific	es
or hallows.) (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii	تبثغوا
they hallow, they praise	
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii glorifies, hallows	يسبح
(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) il ~ glorifes, hallows	تسبع
(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii they glorify	بسبخون
(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) they (f.) glorify	يُسَبِّحُنَ
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you glorify	تسبعون
(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) acc. ii you glorify	مستخوًا تسبحوًا
(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii we hallow, praise	نسبخ
(perate. m. sing.) ii (thou) glorify!	سَبْحُ
(perate. m. plu.) (you) grorify!	تتبخؤا
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ڵۊؙڷڒڮڹٛؠؙ۠ۊڹٙٲٮڶؿۅۺؽۜڶۺؾڴۄ۫ڣۣۿٵۧڵڬۮ۫ؿ۠ۄۛ عَذَابٌعَظِيْرُ

Were it not that a writ had already gone forth from Allah, there would surely have touched you mighty torment for that which ye took. [8:68]

(pref. 3 p.m. plu.) مَبَقُولًا they had gone forth, they escaped

# لَا يَعْسَبَنَ الَّذِينَ كَفُولُوا سَبِغُواْ أَيْهُمُ لَا يُعِوزُونَ

Let not those who disbelieve deem that they have escaped, verily they cannot frustrate. [8:59]

أَسْيِقُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) وتسيق

مَالَتُ بِينُ مِنْ أُمَّةُ وَاجَلَهَا وَمَالِتُمَّا أَخِرُونَ

No community preceds the term thereof nor doth it fall behind. [15:5]

آسُیِقُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) آسُیِقُونَ they escape

مَنبُق nom. مَنبُق going speedily (v.n.)

Then they speed with (foremost) speed. [79:4]

أيق (act. pic. m. sing.) مايق one who goes ahead مَبْعُونَ nom. مَبْعِيْنَ seventy (card. num.)

س بغ ★

أُمْبِغُ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُعْبِغُ محhas completed

رمابِغات (act. pic. f. plu.) complete (coat of mail)

سَابِغٌ (sing.)

(This word applies to a thing of any kind, complete, full, ample, or without deficiency, and long—LL)

آيناعُمَلُ سِيغَيِ

Make thou complete coats of mail. [34:11]

س ب ق ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) المبقى had gone (1)
before, already gone forth

سَبَقَ يَسُبِقُ سَبُقاً (ضَ

to get in advance, precede, overtake, to pass, come first to the goal

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) ~had gone before, already gone forth

path, method, < way (n.) المبيلة the way (n.) مدينة the way (n.) مدينة المبيلة المبيل

تَسْتَرُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m.plu.) viii </ri>
you cover yourselves

to hide oneself, put a cover on himself, conceal one-

>> مَثَرَ بَسْتُرُ مَثْرًا (ن)

to cover, veil, conceal

بِعِنْرُ (n.) veil, cover

مَنْوُرُ (pact. pic. m. sing.) مَنْوُرُ

س ج د ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) →
<~pre>prostrated himself

acc. سَابِقِينَ nom. سَابِقِينَ those who (act. pic. m. plu.) go first

(act. pic. f. plu.) السَّايِقَاتُ those who go first, those who pass speedily

(pact. pic. m. plu.) acc.

وَمَاغَعُنُ بِسَنْفُومِينِ

And We are not to be outrun, [56:60]

another

ر (perate m. plu.) iii مَا يَقُولُا strive with—in, hastening مَا يَقُلُ مُسَابِقَةً وَ سِبَاقًا to try to precede, outstrip surpass, to vie with one

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) viii أُستَبقاً the twain raced

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii اسْتَبَقُورُا they raced, strived

وكوتنقآ وكمكسناعل اغينهم كاستبغواالتمراكا

And if We listed surely We should wipe out their eyes that they would strive for the way. [36:66]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) viii سُنَيْقُ we strive in race

إتَّاذَهَبُنَانَتُتِبِيُّ

We went off competing.
[12:17]

(perate. m. plu.) viii اُسَيِّعُولُا (you) strive! (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) المجدّون they prostrate (1) themselves

# يَتُنُونَ أيتِ الله أناء اليكي وَهُويَ بُدُونَ

(They) reciting the revelations of Allah in the hours of night while they prostrate themselves. [3:113]

they adore (2)

# وَجَدُّ ثُهُ اوَقُوْمَهَا يَسْجُدُونَ لِلشَّمْسِ

I have found her and her people adorning the sun. [27:24]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. السَّحِدُوْرُا they adore

#### آلاتيتخ لمؤالله

So that they adore not Allah? [27:25]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.)

(parate. m. sing.) انجُدُا thou (m.) prostrate thyself

(perate. f. sing.) انتجدی thou (f.) prostrate thyself

(you all) prostrate yourselves

## وَلْذَاتِيْلُ لَهُواسْجُدُوالِارْحُلْنِ

And when it is said unto them prostrate yourselves. [25:60]

## مَبَعَدَ يَسْجُدُ بَعُوْداً (ن)

to prostrate (1)

to be submissive (2) obeisance, to adore

# فَسَجَدَالْمَلْمِكَةُ كُلُهُ وَأَجْمَعُونَ

So the angels prostrated themselves, all of them togather. [15:30]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they prostrated themselves

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) سُجُدُ makes obeisance

وَيِلْهِ يَسْجُدُ مَنْ فِي السَّلُوْتِ وَالْكَرْضِ

And whoever is in the heavens and the earth makes obeisance to Allah only.

[13:15]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. that thou prostate thyself

#### مَامِنَعُكَ ٱلْاتَسْجُدَ

What prevented thee that thou shouldst not prostrate thyself. [7:12]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.)
I prostrate myself

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) the twain made obeisance

#### وَالنَّجُهُ وَاللَّهُ جُرُيِّتُهُ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ جُرُيِّتُ مُلْنِهِ ٥

And the herbs and the trees do obeisance. [55:6] the sacred(prop. n.) أَلْمُسَجِدُ الْحُرَّامُ Mosque at Makkah

(also referred to as

the House of Allah and K'aba)

# **★** > ₹ ₩

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) کُسُجُرُونُ < they will be stocked to be burnt

عَمَرَ بَسْجُرُ عَمْراً وَ مُعُوْداً (ن)

to fill (oven) with wood, to heat, burn, to fill (well) with water

ثُوَيْنِ النَّارِيُهُ جَرُوْنَ ﴿

Then in the fire they would be stocked. [40:72]

(pact pic. m. sing.) أَنْجُورُ overflowing

وَالْبِحَوْدِيُ

By the overflowing sea.

[52:6]

بُعِرِّتُ (pp. 3 p. f. sing.)ii مُعِرِّتُ مُعِرِّتُ

وَإِذَ االْمِحَارُسُجِّرَتُ ۖ ﴾

And when the seas shall be filled. [81:6]

\* 7 5 0

the scroll of writing (n.) السَّيِّيلُ

prostration (1) (v.n.) أَيْتُجُوْدُ

وَمِنَ اللَّيْلِ مُسَيِّحَهُ وَأَدْبَا رَالسُّجُودِ @

And in the night time hallow Him and also after (the prescribed) prostration. [50:40]

(p. b. of عَاجِدٌ ) (2)

those who prostrate themselves

وَالرُّكْعِ السُّبُودِ@

And those who bow down and those who prostrate themselves. [2:125]

(act. pic. m. sing.) مناجِدٌ one who prostrates himself

السَّاجِدُوْنَ .nom السَّاجِدِيْنَ سَاجِدِيْنَ

(act. pic. m. p.s.) acc. those who prostrate themselves

(act. pic. m. p.b.) acc. مُجَدًا prostrating

وَادْخُلُواالْبَابَ سُعِّدُا

And enter the gate prostrating yourselves. [2:58]

mosque (n.p.t.) مُعِدُّ

لسنج فأيس على التغوى

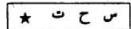
Surely a mosque founded from the first day on piety [9:108]

الْمَاجِدُ ، مَاجِدُ ، مَاجِدُ ، mosques (n.p.b.)

259

تَعَبَ يَسْعَتُ تَعْاً (ف)

to drag, trail on the ground السَّحَاتُ ، سَعَابِ nom. عَمَامًا cloud (n.)



(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc. iv <that may extirpate to destroy, Ital

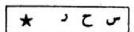
>> تَعْتَ سَنْعَتُ شَعْنًا (ف) to gain what is unlawful

exterminate

لَا تَفْتُرُواعَلَ الله كَنْ مَا فَمُسْحِتَّكُمُ بِعَنَاكُ Fabricate not against Allah a lie, lest He extirpate you

[20:61] forbidden, unlawful (n.)

with a torment.



(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) 19 they enchanted

> تَعَرَّ سُمَّةً بِغِوْ (ف)

to bewitch, enchant, practise magic or sorcery

سَحَوُوْ آآغَيُنَ التَّأْسِ

They enchanted the eyes of the people. [7:116]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. that thou enchant

the stones of baked clay(n.)

٤

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) acc. < ~ be imprisoned

to imprison (ن) تَجَنَّ بَعْناً (ن

(epl. 3 p.m. plu.) they should imprison SS

(epl. pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ~surely be imprisoned

the prison (n.)

(pact. pic. m. plu.) (sing.) مَنْجُونُ < prisoners

Sijiin (n.)

litt. a 'prison' which is a certain place in which is kept the record of the deeds of the wicked (LL).

7

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. <~darkens

تِعَا تَسْجُو بَغُوا (ن) to be calm. to be covered with darkness

(pip. 3 p.m. phu.) < they are dragged

(pis. pic. m. plu.) ii مُسَعِّرِينَ bewitched ones

early dawn (n.)

#### غينهم بسنعر

We delivered them at early dawn. [54:34]

early dawns (n. p. b.)

وَالْمُشْتَغُفِوِيْنَ بِالْأَسُحَارِ

And praying ones at early dawn for forgiveness.

[3:17]

\* 3 5 0

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

< ∼remote

نَعَقَ بَسَعُقُ مُعَقًا (ن) to be distant be far away (v.n.)

س ح ل \*

(act. pic. m. sing,) السَّاحِلُ seashore, bank of a river

س خ د ★

(perf. 3 p.m sing.) يَرِزُ < ~ scoff at

عَيْرَ يَسْخَرُ تَغْرَأً وَ شُخْرًةً (س)

to make fun of, laugh at, mock

(pip. 2 p.m. sing.) يُسْحَرُونَ you are turned away

## عُل كَالْي كُنْحُرُونَ

Say thou: How then are ye turned away. [12:89]

is not only "bewitched" but also to be turned away from one's course or way.

السَّخْرُ ، بِيخِرُ " magic (n.)

two magics (n. dual) مِعْرَانِ (or magicians)

قَالُوْاسِحُرٰنِ تَظْهَرَا

They said: two magics supporting each other. [28:48]

(act. pic. m. sing.) السَّاحِرُ ، سَاحِرُ السَّاحِرُ ، سَاحِرُ السَّاحِرُ ، سَاحِرُ السَّاحِرُ ، سَاحِرُ السَّاحِرُ ،

ماچر ان (act. pic. m. dual.) ماچر ان two magicians

(act. pic. m. ps.) السَّاحِرُونَ the magicians

(act. pic. m. pb.) السَّحَرَةُ the magicians

سَعَادُ magician (ints.)

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مُسْحُورُ enchanted

منځورون nom. منځورين (act. pic. m. plu.) ii

enchanted ones

## وَسَخُولُكُو النَّهُ مِسَ وَالْقَهُو

And He subjected the sun and the moon for you (i.e., for your benefit).

[14:33]

(perf. 1st. p. m. plu.) لَعُوْرُ فِي we subjected

(pis. pic. m. sing.) ii subservient, one subjugated

الْمُسَخَّرَاتُ ، مُسَخِّرَاتُ ॥

(pis. pic. f. plu.) those who are made subject, subservient

# س خ ط \*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) \(\simeg\) \(\simeg\) became incensed

يَطُ بَسْخَطُ سَخَطُاً \_ عَلَىٰ \_

to be angery, to be inflamed in anger, incensed

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَسْخَطُونَ they are enraged

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv angered

displeasure (v.n.)

\* 3 3 00

حَدًا مِنْدُ مَدًا (ن) (assim) (ن) مَدًا مِنْدُ مَدًا (ن

to close (a whole), to stop up, to bar

mountain (2)

two mountains (n. dual)gen. (that serve as barriers)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المَيْزُونُ they scoffed at (imperf. neg. 3 p.m. sing.) مُنْفُرُونُ محhould not scoff at (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) نَسْخُرُونُ they scoff at

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) أَسْخُورُ thou scoffs at

يَسْخُرُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you scoff at

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. الشَّخُرُوا that you scoff at

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) نَسْخُو we scoff at

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. السَّاخِرِينَ the scoffers

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) خرون <they turn to scoffing

mockery (v.n.) acc.

as RF

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii عُوِّر ~ subjugated

to bring المنظورة SS under dominion or control, to subjugate

## . وَسَغَوَ الشُّنسَ وَالْعَسَرُ

And He subjugated the sun and the moon. (compelled them to act or do their functions as they are ordered.) [13:2] س ر ب ★

(act. pic. m, sing.) مَارِبُ one who goes about freely

> سَرَبَ بَعْرُبُ سُرُوبًا (ن)

to go forth and pasture freely (camels)

حَرَبًا <to turn freely (v.n.) acc. مَرَبًا

مَرِبَ بَشْرَبُ مَرَبُ الرِهُ (س)

to flow, run

نَاتَهُنَ سَمِيلُهُ فِي الْبَحُرِسَرَبَّا Then it took its way into the sea freely. [18:61]

gen. تراباً acc. تراب mirage (n.)

> س ر ب ل تراثل (coats (n. p.b.)

س ر ج ★

اندر اجا meta.(1) Prophet Muhammad (P.B.H.)

(2) the sun

س د ح ★

you drive out to pasture

سَرَحَ يَسْرَحُ مَرْحاً وَ سُرُوحاً (ف)

to send forth to pasture

proper, (n.) acc. المَّذِيْدُا straight to the point (ض) مَنَّدُ يَسِدُّ مِنْدُاداً to be right, in the right

to be right, in the right direction

س د اد ★

lote-trees (n.)

(of a wild, thorny and fruitless variety)

بدرة أ (n.) lote-tree

boundry (beyond which neither angels nor prophets can pass, and which is the ultimate point of access for created beings).

س د س 🖈

one-sixth (fraction) السُّدُسُ

سَادِسٌ (sixth (ord. num.)

س د ی ★

اندگ (adj.) اitt. in vain, (n.)

آيَعْسَبُ الْإِنْسَانُ آنُ يُتُوْكَ سُدَّى

[75:36]

#### كَا يَعُ لِكُونُهَا تَسُتُوالْتُطِيئِنَ

The colour whereof is deepest, delighting the beholders.

[2:69]

(part. pic.m. sing.) acc. مَسْرُوراً delighted

مُرُوراً happines (v.n.) acc. المرورا

prosperity (n.)
(opp. tribulation)

happiness (opp. distress)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَمَرُ hidden (1)

to keep secret, آبرارا iv تر to conceal, to confide, impart a secret to

مَبَوَا المِينَ فَي مَن استَوَالْعَوْلَ وَمَن جَهَدَيه

Equal (unto him) is he among you who hideth the word and he who publisheth. [13:10]

confided (2)

وَإِذْ أَسَرُ اللَّهِي إِلْ بَعُضِ أَزْوَاجِهِ حَدِيثًا

11

And when the Prophet confided a story to one of his wives. [66:3]

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) آئوزتُ I spoke secretly

أَسَرُّوُا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) أَسَرُّوُا they hided

يُسِرُّوُنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they hide وَلَكُوْ فِيهَاجَمَالُ حِيْنَ تُرْيُخُونَ وَعِيْنَ تَنْرَخُونَ

And for you there is beauty in them as ye drive them at eventide and as ye drive them out to pasture.

[16:6]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) ii حَرِّحُ (I shall release

تَرَّحَ الْ تَسْرِيْحُاً <br/>to release, to set free, to divorce

(you) release!

to set free, (v.n.) acc. آراحاً (to divorce)

setting free (v.n.) ii

س ر د ★

coat of mail (n.) التَّعَرُّدِ (or) links (stitch)

س د د ق

مُرَادِقُ (n.) awning awning canvas roof

\* ~ ~ ~

imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) (assim) مُورُّدُ ~delights

>> تَرَعَ بَشَرَعُ شُرْعَةً (ف) to hasten, hurry, be quick

(imperf. Ist. p. phu.) iii we are hastening

(perate, m. plu.) iii (you) make haste! vie with each other!

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) swift, sharp

#### الكادسريغ المساب

And Allah is swift at reckoning. [2:202]

hasten forth (v.n. < iii) acc.

swifter (elative)

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) آثر ق ~< trespassed (1)

> أَنْهُ فَ ١٠ إِسْرَافاً

extravagent, to exceed a limit in anything

#### كَذَٰ لِكَ نَجُزِي مَنْ أَنْرَفَ

Thus We requite him who trespasseth (the boundry of law). [20:127]

they committed extravagnce

قُلُ يُعِيّادِي الَّذِينَ آسُرَفُوا عَلَى ٱلْفُيهِمُ

Say thou, O My bondmen who have committed extravagance against themselves. [39:53]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you hide ! أسم وُا

(perate m. plu.) (you) hide!

#### آسة واقالك أواجهرواب

And whether ye keep your discourse secret or publish [67:13]

إشرادآ secretly (v.n.) acc. (talking or addressing secretly)

secret (n.) acc. 5

secretly (n.) acc.

سراتر مراتر secrets (n. p. b.) couches (n. p.)

تسرير (sing.)

## مُمَالِـٰ الْحَادِيْنَةِ وَمُعَالِمُونِهِ مُعَالِمُونِهِ مُعَالِمُونِهُ وَمُعَالِمُونِهُ مُعَالِمُونَةُ مُعَا

Therein shall be couches elevated. [88:13]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii <they vie with each other

> سَادَعَ بُسَارِعُ مُسَادَعَةً وَ سِرَاعاً

make haste with one another. or crying, or striving, with one another, hastening with another, to be or get before other others

إشرافآ

mic قُوْنَ . nom سَارِقَيْنَ .nom سَارِقَيْنَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)viii اَسْتَرَقَ

إلَّامَنِ اسْتَوَقَ السَّنْعَ

Save him who stealeth the hearing. [15:18]

س ر م د

تَرْمَداً continuous (n.) acc. آ

س د ی 🖈

(imperf. p.m. sing) w.v. f.d. بسیر < ~departs (ض) بَسُرِی شَرَی وَ سُرْیَةً (ض) to travel at night

وَالَّيْلِ إِذَا يَسْرِ

And by the night when it departeth. [89:4]

depart ! (perate. m. sing.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv المرئي carried by night, made to travel by night

تريًا .rivulet (n.) acc

س ط ح

شطِحَتُ (pip. 3 p. f. sing.) مُطِحَتُ <-outspread مُطَحَّ يَسْطَحُ مَطُحاً (ف)

to spread out, level

لاً يُسْرِفُ (el. neg. 3 n.m. sing.) لاً يُسْرِفُ (el- neg. 3 n.m. sing.)

أَمْ يُسْرِفُوا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) juss. المُعْ يُسْرِفُوا الله they were not extravagant

لاً تُسُرِ فُونًا (perate neg. m. plu.) be not extravagant!

extravagantly (v.n.)

مُسُرِفً (.ap-der.>iv neg. sing مُسُرِفً extravagant

acc. الْمُشْرِ فِيْنَ ، مُسْرِ فِيْنَ (apder. m. plu.) extravagant people

س رق ★

ر (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) سَرَقَ <−stole

تَتَرَقَّ بَشُرِقُ سَرَقاً وَ سَرَقَةً (ض)

to steal

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) juss. يَشْرِقَ steals

قَالْوَّالِنْ يَسْرِقْ فَقَدْ سَرَقَ آخٌ لَهُ مِنْ مَثْلُ

They said: if he stealeth then surely a brother of his hath stolen before.

[12:77]

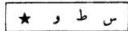
(imperf. neg. 3 p.m. plu.) يَسُرِقُنَ they (f.) should not steal

(act. pic. m. sing.) السَّارِقُ thief (m.)

(act. pic. f. sing.) السَّارِقَةُ thief (f.) (3)

أَمَّاطِيرُ (n.p.b.) fables, stories > أَسُطُهُ رَهُ (sing.)

signifies, lies or falsehoods, or fictions, or stories having no founda-ص tion



تسطون . (imperf 3 p.m. plu.) n.v. <they attack

سَطّا سَيُطُهُ سَطُوا وَ سَطُوةً (ن)

to attack, assail, leap upon

س ع د

شيدُوُا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) they are blest

> تَنْعَدُ تَنْعُدُ تُنْدُا وَ شُعُوْداً وَ سَمَادَةً (ف)

to be prosperous, fortunate, to be blessed (p.p.)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) one who is blessed

(wretched) شَوْمُ wretched

س ع

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.) ii سُقِرَتُ < ∼ is made to blaze

## وَالْمَ الْأَرْضِ مِكْفُ كُلُفُ مِسْطِحًا

And (look they not) at the earth how it is outspread? [88:20]

(1)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) <they inscribe

سَطَّة يَسُطُّهُ سَطُّ أَ(ن)

to inscribe, write, draw

مَسْطُورٌ ، مَسْطُورً ، مَسْطُورً ،

(pact. pic. m. sing.) he inscribed SS

مُستَطِرٌ (written down(pis. pic. > viii)

And everything, small and great, hath been written [54:53] down.

(2) س ی ط ر

(ap-der.quard. m. sing.) < warden

مَسْطَرَ يُسَمُطِرُ مَسْطَرَةً \_ عَلِيْ

to exercise full authority over SS

نَصَيْطُرُ وُنَ (Ap-der. m. plu. quard.) wardens

Note: The first redical is replaced with

speeded, went quickly (2)

## وَإِذَا تَوَلُّ سَمِّي فِي الْأَرْضِ لِيُغْسِدَ فِيهَا

And when he turneth away he speedeth through the land that he may act corruptly therein. [2:205]

endeavoured (3)

وَأَنْ لَيْسَ لِلْإِنْسَانِ إِلَّامَاسَعَى

And that for man shall be naught save that therefor he endeavoureth. [53:39]

ر (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. معود they endeavoured

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. سُعْن ~runneth, will be running

نُورُهُ وَيَسْعَى بَيْنَ آيَدِيثِهِمْ

Their light will be running before them. [66:8]

striveth (2)

وشُوَّآ ذُبَرَكِيسُلَى

then he turned back striving.
[79:22]

runneth, is running (3)

وَجَاءَ رَجُلُ مِنَ أَقْصَا الْمَدِينَة يَسْعَى

And then came a man from the farthest part of the city running. [28:20]

وَامَّنَامَنَ جَاءَكَ يَشْغَى

And for him who cometh unto thee running. [80:8] to provoke, ii مَعْرَ تَسْعِيرُ اللهِ to light the fire acc. السَّعِيرُ ، سَعِيرُ ، سَعِيرُ ، سَعِيرُ السَّعِيرُ ، سَعِيرُ ، سُعِيرُ ، سَعِيرُ ، سَعِيرُ ، سَعِيرُ ، سُعِيرُ ، سُعِيرُ ، سُعِيرُ ، سُعِيرُ ، سُعِيرُ ، سُعِيرُ ، سَعِيرُ ، سَعِيرُ ، سُعِيرُ ، سَعِيرُ ، سُعِيرُ ، سُعِيرُ

madness (1) (n.)

فَقَالْوَا آبَشَرُ المِنَاوَاحِدُ انتَقِعُهُ النَّالَةُ الَفِيُ

And they said: a (mere) human being from among us, and single! shall we follow him? verily then we should fall in error and madness.

[54:24]

plural of سَعِير (2) (According to Ibn. and Mot. مُعُورً

in the verse 54:24

is plural of , as it is endorsed by authentic commentators).

س ع ی 🖈

شعلی «perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. (۱) strived (۱) شعلی یَشْعلی شَغیاً (ف)

to strive, to go quickly, hasten, to run, to be active

وَسَعَى فِي مُخَوَابِهَا

And he strived after their ruin. [2:114]

فَلَتَابَلَغَ مَعَهُ السَّعَى

And when he (Isma'il) attained the age of running.
[37:102]

speeding (2)

لْيُوْرَعُهُونَ يَأْمِينَا كَالْمَيْنَا كَا مَا مُعَلِّلًا لَهِ مُنْ الْمِنْ لِمَا لِمُنْ اللَّهِ مُنْ اللَّهِ

Then call them, they will come unto thee speeding.
[2:260]

endeavour (3)

فكلا كُفْرَانَ لِسَعْيِهِ

There shall be no denial of his endeavour. [21:94]

striving (3)

وكشغى كهَاسَتِيهَا

And strive therefor with (due) striving. [17:19]

efforts (5)

أكذين ضائ سغيه وفي المحيوة الدنيا

Those whose efforts are wasted in the life of the world. [18:104]

س غ ب \*

مَسُغَبَةً (privation (v.n.) سَغَبَ يَسُغُبُسَعُبا وَمَسُغَيَةً (ن ، ف) to hunger

س ف ح ★

(pact. pic. m. sing.) acc. حَسْفُوْ ما poured forth Note: In the above quoted verses the verb مُنْفِيلُ has occured as حَالَّ therefore is rendered as running.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ∼striveth, runneth, endeavoureth تشعلي

لِتُجَدِّى كُلُّ تَغْيِبٍ بِمَاتَسَعْى

In order that everyone may be requited according to that which he endeavoureth. [20:15]

فَٱلْفُهُا فَإِذَا هِيَ حَيَّةٌ كُمُعُي

So he cast it down, and lo! it was a serpent running along. [20:20]

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) بَسْعُوْنَ they strive (1) (in corruption)

ويستؤن في الركيض فسألا

And they go about in the land corrupting. [5:33]

they endeavour (2)

وَالَّذِينَ يَتُعَوْنَ فِي الْيِتِنَامُعُجِزِينَ

And those who endeavour to frustrate Our signs.

[34:38]

(v.n.) acc. السَّعُيُّ ، سَعُياً litt. running (1) mata. the age of running (for a child)

171

(3)

<tomes (1) (n.p.b.) أَسْفَارُ (volumes of a book) heavy book or scries of volumes (sing.)</p>

كَمَثُلِ الْحِمَلِ يَعَيْنُ السَّعَارُا Likeness of the ass bearing

(2) سَفَرٌ plural of

tomes.

فَقَالُوُارَبَّنَا بِعِدُبِينَ آسْفَادِنَا

And they said: our Lord! make the distance between our journeys longer.

[34:19]

[62:5]

scribes (4)

ؠؚٲؽؙۮؚؽۺ**ۼ**ؘۯٷ

By the hands of scribes.
[80:45]

س ف ع ★

(epl. 1st p. plu.) لَنَسْفُعاً we shall seize and deal

empathic:

نَسْفَعُ : (imperf. 1st. p. plu.)

acc. without shaddah:

س ف ك \*

يَسْفِكُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~ will shed

> سَفَحَ يَسُفَحُ سَفُحاً وَ سُفُوحاً (ف)

to shed,

flow (tears, blood, etc.)

أؤدمات فوعا

Or blood poured forth.

[6:145]

(ap-der. m. phu.) acc. gen. مُسَافِيْنُ <fornicators

سَافَحَ مُسَالَحَةً وَ يَنْهَاحًا

to fornicate, to commit fornication

(ap-der f. plu.) مُسَالِحًا تُّتُ fornicatresses

س ف ر ★

(1) journey (n.) نَفَرُ

to depart, مُسَافَرَةً iii مُسَافَرَةً <br/>
travel, set out on a jour-

>> سَفَرَ يَسْفِرُ سَفْراً (ض)

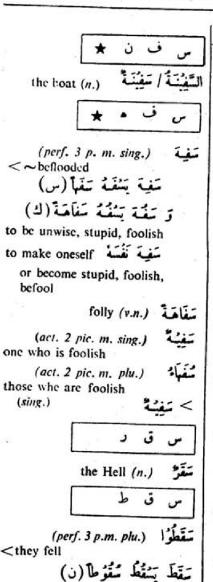
to sweep, disperse

of dawn

وَالتَّهُيْجِ إِذْآانَسُغُوَ

By the morning when it brighteneth. [74:34]

(Ap-der. f. sing.) مُسْفِرَةُ beaming (with the light of faith)



سَفَكَ بَسُفِكُ سَفُكاً (ض)

to shed (blood or tears)

plu. (imperf. neg. 2 p.m.) تَسْفِكُونَ you shall not shed

س ف ل ★

سَافِلُ (act. pic. m. sing.) مَافِلُ downward

جَعَلْنَاعَالِيَهَاسَافِلَهَا

We turned upside thereof the downward, [11:82]

the lowest (1) (elative)

ثُمَّ رَدَدُنْهُ أَسُفَلَ سَافِلِينَ

Thereafter We cause him to return to the lowest of the low. [95:5]

below (2)

وَالرَّكِّ اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ اللْمُواللِي اللَّالِي الللْمُ الللْمُ اللَّالِي الللْمُ اللْمُواللِي الللِّهُ الللْمُ اللْمُواللِي الللِّلْمُ اللْمُواللِي اللْمُواللِي الللِّلِي الللِي الللِي الللِّلْمُ الللِي الللْمُ اللِي الللِّلْمُ اللِ

And the caravan was below you. [8:42]

the lowest (elative)

(elative n. plu.) الْآسُفَالِينَ

nethermost men (humble)

11 -

السُّفُلِيٰ (elative f. sing.) السُّفَلِيٰ nethermost

وَجَعَلَ عَلِمَةَ الَّذِيْنَ كَغَرُواالسُّفُلَ

And he made the word of those who disbelieved nethermost. [9:40]

to fall down

to come to

to deviate from

(sing ) مُقَفَّدُ (roofs (n. p. b.)

س ق م ★

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) w.v.

سَغُمَ بَسْفُمُ سَفَهَا وَ سُفْهَا (ك) to be weak, to be not well

س ق ی 🖈

سَقُل (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حَتَقَا « ~watered

مَنْ يَسْنِقُ سَغْبًا (ض)وَ أَسْنَ تَوْا يَسْنِقُ سَغْبًا (ض)وَ أَسْنَ

to give to drink, to water, to irrigate

وَسَعْهُمْ رَجْهُمْ ثَمَرَا بُاطَهُوْدًا

And their Lord hath slaked their thirst with a pure drink. [76:21]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
gives to drink or will give
to drink

فينبق رته خذا

He will pour out wine for his lord. [12:41]

(imperf. neg. 3 p.f. sing.) لا تَسْقِع does not give water

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they water, were watering

يِفَ يَدِهِ (pp.) أَسْفِطُ (pp.) فِنْ يَدِهِ he repented, regretted an act, he slipped to fall into error

(imper f. 3 p. f. sing.) منفط (imper f. 3 p. f. sing.) منفط (imper f. 3 p. f. sing.)

وكفائنوكا فأليبههم

And when they repented.

[7:149]

(The phrase in Arabic means: they struck their hand upon their hands, by reason of repentance: or repented greatly: because he who repents, and grieves, or regrets, bites his hands in sorrow, so that his hand is fallen upon his teeth.)

(LL)

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc.
one that is falling down

acc. iv

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) لُسَقِطُ thou causes to fall

acc. iv

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we cause to fall

(perate. m. sing.) iv (thou) causes to fall

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv اَيْطُ it shall drop

س ق ف 🖈

(n.) acc. مَنْفَعُ nom. السَّقْفُ the roof

س ك ب \*

(pact. pic. m. sing.) ニュージャンド

سَكَبَ بَسُكُبُ شَكُوْ إِ (ن)

to pour out, (melt and cast metals)

س ك ت \*

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

سَكَتَ بِسُكُتُ سُكُوناً (ن)

to be silent, became quiet (meta.) مَكَتَ عَنْهُ الْغَمْبُ the anger is abated

وَلَتَاسَكَتَ عَنْ ثُمُوسَى الْفَضَكِ And when the anger of Musa abated. [7:154]

س ك ر ★

مُكُوِّتُ (pp. 3 p.f. sing.) ii مُكُوِّتُ < ~intoxicated

intoxicated

اَتَكُرُ بِنْكُرُ مِنْكُواً وَ سَكُواً (ن)
 to be intoxicated

إنشأك يوت آبعتادنا

Intoxicated have been our sights. [15:15] (imperf. neg. lst. p. plu.) لا نَسْق we do not water

بَسْفِيْنِ ( بَشْنِيْ + ين = بَسْفِيْنِ )

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

∼ gives me to drink

(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) they are given to drink

(pip. 3 p. f. sing.) راجه shall be given to drink

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) بُسُفُونُ they will be given to drink

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv أَسْقَيْناً we gave to drink

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv سُوِّق we give to drink

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x استشقیا ~prayed for drink, asked for drink

السَّفَايَةُ / سِفَايَةً السَّفَايَةُ السَّفَايَةُ السَّفَايَةُ السَّفَايَةُ السَّفَايَةُ السَّفَايَة

giving of drinks (1)

آجَمَلُتُوْسِقَايَةُ الْحَآجَ Make ye the giving of drinks unto pilgrims. [9:19]

the drinking cup (2)

جَعَلَ البِّقَالِهَ فِي رَحْلِ آخِيْهِ e placed the drinking cu

He placed the drinking cup in his brothers pack.

]12:70]

(giving the) drink (n.)

•

(el. 3 p.m. sing.) المسكن - إلى that he might find (2) repose

وكبكل مِنْهَازَوْجَهَالِيَسْكُنَ إِلَيْهَا ٩

And He created therefrom his spouse (Hawwa, the first woman) that he might find repose in her. [7:189]

(The word بَلْتُكُنُ إِلْيًا "repose in her" puts in a nutshell the various attitudes the two sexes can adopt towards each other—of love in youth, of companionship in middle age, and of care and attendance in infirmity.—(Jid.)

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. المنكنوا في المام they repose

اَتُنْجَعُنُوالِيَّكُ لِيَعَكُّمُوالِيَّكُ We have appointed the night that they may repose therein. [27:86]

تَشَكُّنُونَ / تَشكُنُونَ اللَّمُنُونَ اللَّمُنُونَ اللَّمُنُونَ اللَّمُنُونَ اللَّمُنُونَ اللَّمُنُونَ اللَّم

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you repose

(el. 2 p.m. plu.) لِكَانُوْا مِ إِلَا that you may find repose

(epl. 1st p. plu.) we surely shall cause to dwell

(perate. m. sing.) منگن thou dwell liquor (n.) acc. (It also signifies the nonintoxicating beverages such as vinegar)

غرة agony (1) (n.)

سَكُرَةُ الْمَوْتِ The agony of death. (Pic.) the stupor (Jid.) [50:19]

intoxication (2)

لَعَمْرُ الْدَ إِنَّهُمْ لَغِيْ سَكُرْتِهِمْ يَعْمُهُونَ By thy life! in their intoxication they were wandering. [15:72]

drunken, (n.p.b.) منگارلی intoxicated

شكر ان (sing.)

س ك ن ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

سَكَنَ بَشَكُنُ سَكَناً وَ سُكُفَىٰ (ن)
to dwell, inhabit
to rely upon, فِيْ وَ إِلَىٰ trust in, to repose

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.)

ye dwell (1)

مَّا الْفَارِيُّ الْمُؤْمِنَ طُلُوَ الْفَارُمُ مُ And ye dwell in the dwellings of those who had wronged themselves.

[14:45]

knife (n.) dwelling (n. pt.) مَسَاكِنَ (wellings (n.p. pt.) (pact. pic. f. sing.) inhabited غَزَ مَسْكُونَةِ uninhabi ed poverty, (v n. mim.) lowliness (n.) acc. in nom. "with poor, humble, submissive المَسَاكِنَ / مَسَاكِنَ ( the poor(n.p.b.) (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. ~snatches If the fly were to snatch away aught from them. [22:73] خلعة (n. p.b.) ملحة سِلاح (sing.)

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.)

اشكنوا (perule. m. plu.) (you) dwell (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~have not been inhabited 151 (imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv I cause to dwell انت (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we cause to dwell ر شیکن juss. iv (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~ causes to cease or stop > سَكُنَ يَشْكُنُ مُنْكُونًا (ن) to subside, to be or become quiet opp. to move آنكن cause to be quiet (perate. m. plu.) iv (vou) lodge! (act. pic. m. sing.) acc. still تک؟ repose (1) (n.) انَ صَلَوْتَكَ سُكُهُ مِنْكُهُ

اِنَّ صَلُوْتَكَ سَكُنْ ۚ أَلَمْ Verily thy prayer is a repose for them. [9.103]

tranquillity, rest (2)

مَجَعَلَ اليَّلَ سَكُمُنَا And He appointed the night as a rest. [6:96]

تكِيْنَةُ (n.) tranquillity

< we draw

# >> تبلط بشلط تشلطة (س)

to be strong, hard, be sharp

## وَلَوْشَاءُ اللَّهُ لَسُلَّطَهُ مُوعَلِينَكُوْ

And had Allah willed He would have surely set them upon you. [4:90]

(imperf. 3 p.m, sing.) ii ~gives power over SS

مُلْطَآنً (n.) (authority (1)

إِنَّ عِبَادِي لَيْسَ لَكَ عَلَيْهِمُ سُلُطْنُ

Verily as for My bondmen no authority shall thou have over them. [15:42]

warrant (2)

آمُلِكُهُ سُلَظِنْ شَيِينُ

Or is there for you a clear warranting. [37:156]

شُلُطَانِيَة (مُلُطَانِ + يُ + دُ) my authority

( s is only for rhyme)

هَلَكَ عَبْنُ سُلْطُنَّة

There hath perished from me my authority. [69:29]

س ل ف 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) حَلَقَتُ <~is past

سَلَفَ بِسَلْفُ سَلَفاً وَ سُلُوَفاً (ن) to come to an end, pass away, to precede to strip off (نَ الْخُ مُلْخُ الْخُ (نَ) (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii انْسَلَخَ حَالَاتِهِمُ (حَالَةُ عَالَمُ الْعَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ الْعَلَىٰ الْعَلَىٰ الْعَلَىٰ الْعَلَىٰ ال

to be slipped off

انْسَلَخَ ١١١

فَإِذَا انْسَلَحَ الْأَشُهُو الْحُرُمُ

Then when the sacred months have slipped away. [9:5]

~sloughed off (2)

اتينه اليتنافانك ينها

We gave him Our signs but he sloughed them off. [7:175]

\* \* \* \*

fountain (namely (n.) تُلْسَيِّيلُّ Salsabil)

س ل س ل

a chain (n.) عُلْيلَةً

chains, (n. p. b.) السَّلاَ سِلُ السَّلاَ سِلُ السَّلاَ سِلُ السَّلاَ اللَّهُ اللَّالِيلُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِيلُولُ الل

س ل ط - ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii < ∼gave SS mastery or power

one overcome, have the mastery

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against you with sharp tongues. (Jid.) scold you with sharp tongues. (Pic.) smite you with sharp tongues. (M.A.) [33:19]

Note: Among the words
"inveigh against", "scold",
"smite" and "flay" the
second one is the nearmost to the sense of
that signifies "to
attack with scathing criti-

cism". ★ △ J

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

< ~ threaded (1)

سَلَكَ يَسْلُكُ مِلْكُمَّ وَ سُلُوكًا (ن)

to travel on a road, to thread a pathway, to make a way

وَسَلَكَ لَكُو فِيهَالُسُلِلَا

And he threaded for you roads therein. (i.e., opened in the earth pathways).

[20:53]

~caused to enter (2)

ٱلنُوْتَوَانَ اللهُ ٱلنُّوْلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءُ مَا مُنسَلَحَهُ يَتَابِيْعَ فِي الْأَرْفِي

Didst thou see not that Allah sendeth down water from the heaven and causeth it to enter springs in the earth. [39:21]

فالمالكة

His is that which is past.

[2:275]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv حالفت المحالة (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv المحالة المحا

أَسْلَفَ ١٠ إِسْلَافًا

to do SS or give SS in advance

هُنَالِكَ تَبْكُواكُونُ نَعْسِ مَا السَّلَقَت

Therein every soul shall prove that which it sent before.

[10:30]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)
you sent in advance or
you did previously
previously (v.n.) acc.

شكفآ

فَجَعَلْنَهُ وسَلَقًا

And We made them a thing past. [43:56]

س ل ق 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) حَقَوْا <they flayed

to boil, scold (LL)(نَّ مُلْقَاً مُنْ مُلُقًاً (نَّ ) to hurt by words (Mjm.)

سَلَقُوْكُوْ بِٱلْسِنَاةِ حِدَادِ

They flay you with sharp tongues. (Arb.) in veigh < تَسَلُّلُ اللهِ تَسَلُّلُا

to slip away secretly

>> سَلُ يَسُلُ سَلُا (ن)

to draw out slowly (assim)

فَدُيَعُلُو اللهُ الَّذِينَ يَتَسَلَّمُونَ مِنْكُمْ لِوَاذَا Surely Allah knoweth those who slip away privately. [24:63]

مُلاَلَةً extract (n.)

مُلْلَةٍ مِّنَ طِيْنِ And extract of the clay. [23:12]

مُنلَةً مِّنُ مَّالًا مَّعِيْنِ An extract of water (base). [32:8]

\* • • • •

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii

<~saved (1)

well, without a blemish مَلِّمُ أَنْ تَسْلِيْكُمُ

- (i) to give over, hand over, to transmit
- (ii) to salute, greet
- (iii) to be solid, whole أَسُلَمُ iv أَسُلَمُا
- (i) to surrender, submit
- (ii) to accept Islam as one's religion

~led (3)

مَاسَلَكُكُ فِي سَعَرَ

What led you into the scorching Fire? [74:42]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) we made a way (4)

كَذٰلِكَ سَلَكُنْهُ فِنْ قُلُوْبِ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ Likewise we made way for it into the hearts of the culprits. [26:200]

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُسْلُكُ حauses to go

وَالْتُهُ يَمُلُكُ مِنْ بَيْنِ يَكَيْهِ He causeth to go before him. [72:27]

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) نَسْلُكُ we make a way

(perate. m. sing.) الله make the way

(perate. f. sing.) سُلُكِيْ make the way

(perate. m. plu.) انتلکوا bind with a chain (5)

تُوْنِيْسِلُسِلَةٍ ذَرْعُهَاسَبْعُونَ ذِرَاعًا فَاسْلَكُوهُ Then in a chain whereof the length is seventy cubits, bind him. [69:32]

س ل ل ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)vi <they slip away يَتَسَلَّلُوْنَ

ٷؘٳۮؘٳۮڂڷؾۊ۫ٳؿۏؾؙٳڡٞڽؽؽٷٵڡٚٙڸٙٲڡؙٚۺڂؗؠ ڝۜٙڐ؋ٞۺۥڝؽٳڶڵڮڡؙڣۯڴڰؙڟۺة

Then when you enter houses salute each other with greeting from before Allah, blest and goodly. [24:61]

send benedictions (2)

كَيَّ يُعْهَا الَّذِيْنَ المَنُوّا صَلُوّا مَلَيْهِ وَسَيِلْمُوّا تَسْلَسُمُّا

O ye who believe! send your benedictions upon him and salute him with goodly salutation. [33:56]

(pisc. pic. f. sing.) ii whole (1)

مُسَلِّمةُ لَاشِيَةَ فِيهَا

(The cow should be) whole and without blemish in her. [2:71]

delivered one (2)

زَدِيَةُ ثُسَلَمَةُ إِلَى آهَلِهِ

A blood-wit delivered to his family. [4:92]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv -1

يَلُ مِنْ اَسْلَعُ وَجُهَةُ مِلْكُ

Aye! whosoever submitted himself unto Allah.

[2:112]

(perf. Ist p. sing.) iv

ولكن الله سكة

But Allah saved. [8:43]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

you hand over (2)

مَلَاجُنَاحَ مَلَيَكُمُ إِذَالَكَنْتُومُ الْتَعْدُ

And there is no blame on you when you hand over that which you have given reputably. [2:233]

> (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يُسَلِّوا they submit (3)

ثُعَوْلا يَعِدُ وُافِيَ آنَفُ مِهِمُ حَرَجًا لِمَنَا فَعَيْدَ وَمُسَالِدًا لِمَا الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمَةِ الْمُعَالِمَةِ الْمُعَالِمَةِ الْمُعَالِمَةِ الْمُعَالِمِينَا

Then they find no vexation in their hearts with that which thou hast decreed and they submit with full submission. [4:65]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. ii you salute or (4) greet, invoke peace

حَثَّى تَسْتَأُنِنُوْا وَنُسَكِنُواْ عَلَى اَهْلِهَا (Enter not houses other than yours) until you have asked the permission and greeted the inmates.

[24:27]

(perate m. plu.) مُلِّوُا greet (1)

TVA

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the religion of (1)(n)Islam

O ye who believe ! enter into Islam wholly. [2:208] Note: literally is peace, reconciliation, selfresignation or submission, with the definite article, is synonymous with oly as the meaning of the religion of the Muslims, because it is a religion of self-resignation or submission. (LL)

peace (2) (n)

And if they incline unto peace, then thou may incline thereunto. [8:61]

submission (3) (n)

فأنذا التك

Those whom the angels cause to die while they are wronging themselves and then they proffer submission. [16:28]

(4) (n) acc.

سَلَا

to be wholly possessed (4) by someone, to belong to someone

Say, I have surrendered myself unto Allah.

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) iv the twain submitted

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they accepted Islam

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you accepted Islam

[3:20]

أشكآ

وَ قُلْ لِلَّذِن مِنَ أَوْتُواالِّكِينِ وَالْأَمِيِّينَ وَالْمُعِيِّينَ وَالْمُكْتُنَّةُو فأن آسكة افقتبا أمتكؤا

And say thou unto those who have been vouchsafed the book and unto the illiterates: Do you accept Islam? If they accept Islam, they are surely guided. [3:20]

(perf. 1st p. plu.) vi we submitted

ولكن فولوآ آسكننا

But you say we have submitted. [49:14]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) submits

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) acc. that I submit

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) they submit

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you submit

(el. Ist. p. plu.) that we may submit

by the holy Prophet Mohammad (P. B. H). It has been the religion of all prophets in all climes, other (so-called religions) being so many deviation from it. religion is acceptable with God save Islam, which consists in acknowledging the unity and soleness of God and embracing the code which Mohammad (P. B. H.) had brought. Literally, and in practice, it is 'self-surrender', 'submission', 'absolute surrender' to the Devine will, and was a fit designation of the faith revealed to Abraham. Ishmael and the Arabs. (Torrey; Jewish Foundation of Islam. p. 104, cited from Jid, P. 3, n. 291)

Islam, the name applied by Muhammad (P.B.H.) himself to his religion, means 'the religion or resignation, submission to the will, the service, the commands of God. (Jid. > Klein, The Religion of Islam, p. 1)

Muslim (ap-der. m. sing.) (One who surrenders himself to the will of God)

(Ap-der. m. dual.) twain muslims, those who surrendered

Allah profoundeth a similitude: a man having several partners quarrelling and a man wholly belonging to one man. Are the two equal in likeness? [39:29]

سَالُوْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) who are in full possession of the power of judgement and will

وَقَدْكَالُو بِدُعُونَ إِلَى الشَّجُودِ وَهُمُوسَلِمُونَ They had been called upon to prostrate themselves while yet they were whole. [68:43]

peace, greeting (n)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) whole, free from all taint of vice stairway (n) acc.

surrender (1) (v.n.)

عُان لَاتَنْتُواعِلَ السَّلَامِكُ Say thou: deem not your surrender a favour unto

[49:17]

Islam (2)

me.

إنَّ الدِّينَ عِنْكَ اللَّهِ الْإِسْكَاءُ

Verily the religion with Allah is Islam. [3:19]

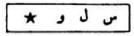
(Islam is the technical name the creed preached

(Ap-der. m. plu.) x مُسْتَسْلِكُونَ submissive

بَلْ هُوُالْيَوْمُرُسْتَسْلِمُونَ

Nay! on that day they will be entirely submissive.

[37:26]



the quails (n) السَّلُّولَى

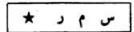
is a noun derived from سَلُوْی (v.n.): consolation, comfort, also a kind of bird. According to Ibn Abbas a symbol of flesh or meat which is given as provision.—Rgh.)

س م د ★

act. pic. m. plu.) مَامِدُوْنَ

<thcse who behave proudly

سَمَدَ يَسْمُدُ سُمُوداً (ن) to hold up one's head in pride



(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. (one who passes his nights in saying or hearing stories

سَمَوَ يَسْمُو سَمْواً وَ سُمُوداً (ن) to pass night awake in idle talk وَأَنُّونِيْ مُسْلِينِينَ And come unto Me as those who surrender. [27:31]

gen. acc. مُسْلِيْقِنَ nom. مُسْلِيْقِنَ Muslims

(Ap-der. f. sing.) مُسْلِتَهُ Muslim (female or

a group of Muslims)

(adjective of ination)

مُسْلِماًتُّ (Ap-der f. plu.) Muslims (female)

(v.n.) acc. ii قَسُلِياً submission (1)

#### ئْوَلَايَعِهُ وَافَأَانَفُرِيمُ حَرَجُالِمَنَافَقَيْتَ رَفْيَكُوْا تَسَلِيمًا

Then they find in their hearts no vexation with that which thou hast decreed and they submit (with full) submission. [4:65]

self-surrendering (2)

دَمَازَادَهُمُ إِلَّا لِيْمَانَا وَتَسْلِيمًا

And it only increased them in belief and self-surrender. [33:22]

salutation (3)

يَا يَهُ الكن مِن المنواصلوا عليه

O ye who believe send your benedictions upon him and salute him with goodly saluation. [33:56]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) سيمو ا they heard (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you heard (perf. Ist. p. plu.) we heard (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~hears تشمعون / تشمعون / مسمعون المسمعون المسمون المسم (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they, that they may, they do not, hear (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou hear acc. gen. (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you, that you may, you do not, hear (epl. 2 p.m. plu.) you surely will hear (imperf. 1st. p. sing.) l hear (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we hear we used to hear (perate m. sing.) listen (thou) ! (perate. m. plu.) hear, listen (you) ! اسمَعُون ( اسمَعُوا ( ಬ listen to me (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv made SS hear

مُسْتَكُمْرِينَ فَيْ إِنْ الْمِيرُالَةُ الْمُجْرُونَ Stiff-necked, discoursing thereof by night reviling.

[23:67]

(the word full has occurred here in the verse as the i.e., in the state of doing so).

السَّامِرِيُّ (Samiri (n

is not a proper noun, a man belonging to a tribe called existed at the time of Moses (IK. Tb.). According to the recent researches, the word sounds more of an appellation than of a personal name. If we look to old Egyptian, we have 'Shemer": a stranger, foreigner. As the Israelites had just left Egypt, they might quite well have among them any Egyptianised Hebrew bearing that nickname (Jid. > Aya. P. 16, n. 381).

\* 21 0

مَيْعَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَيْعَ ∼heard

( perf. 3 p. f. sing. ) مُعِمَتُ ~(f) heard how clear is his hearing!

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) السَّمَّةُ السَّمَةُ السَّمَةُ السَّمَةُ السَّمَةُ السَّمَةُ السَّمِةُ السَّمَةُ السَّمِةُ السَمِةُ السَّمِةُ السَمِّةُ السَّمِةُ السَمِّةُ السَّمِةُ السَّمِةُ السَّمِةُ السَّمِةُ السَّمِةُ السَّمِيمُ السَّمِةُ السَمِيمُ السَّمِةُ السَامِةُ السَامِةُ السَامِةُ السَامِةُ السَّمِةُ السَامِةُ السَامِ السَّمِي السَّمِي السَّمِي السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِي السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِي السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَامِ السَام

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)
one who listens

(and also one of the Excellent Names of Allah meaning 'The Hearer')

أَمَّا عُوْنَ (ints. phu.) مَمَّاعُونَ (sing). مَمَّاعُ

س م ك ★ height (n)

\* 110

the eye of needle (n)

عَتَى يَلِجَ الْجَمَلُ فِي سَمِ الْخِيَاطِ Untill a camel passeth through the eye of a necdle. [7:40]

scorching wind,(n.) مُمَوَّمُ ، سَمُوَمُ scorch

\* 300

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُسْمِنُ ~nourishes (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مشيعُ مشيعُ

juss. أَسْمِعُ الْسُمِعُ الْسُمِعُ الْسُمِعُ الْسُمِعُ السَّمِةِ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing. thou make hear

إِنْ تُسْمِع you make not hear

(pis. pic. m. sing.) iv

They say: We hear and we disobey and hear thou without being made to obey. [4:46]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii حَسَمُعَ <->heard

اسْنَعَعَ البِنْهَاعَا as RF

(perf. 3 p.m. phu.) viii استَعَوُّا they heard

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii بُسْتَيِعُ العَمْدُ ا

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii بُسْتَمِعُوْنَ they hear

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii تَسْتَمِعُونَ you hear

(perate. m. sing.) viii اشتَيِغ (thou) listen! hear!

(perate. m. plu.) viii اسْتَعِمُوا (you) listen! hear!

(Ap-der. m. sing) viii, النتيع

(ap-der. > m. plu.) آمنینون

(perate. m. plu.) ii (you) name!

(you) name them

<heaven (n.)

litt. : the higher or highest, upper or uppermost part of anything (LL). Essentially it is the upper part of the universe in contradistinction to the earth.

السَّمَاوَاتُ ، سَمَاوَاتُ السَّمَاوَاتُ heavens (n.p.)

the name (n.) الإشم ، إسم

the names (n. p.b.) أَشَاهُ أَسُمَاهُ الْأَسْمَاءُ الْمُ

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. name-sake

لَهُ بَخِعَالُ لَهُ مِن قَبُلُ سَبِيًّا We have not aforetime made his name-sake. [19:7]

> compeer (2)

> > هَلْ تَعْلَدُلُهُ سَتًّا

Knowest thou (any as) his compeer. [19:65]

giving a name (v.n.) ii

لَيْسَتُونَ الْتَلَكَةُ تَسْمِيَّةً الْأَنْتَيْ They name the angels the name of females. [53:27]

(pis. pic. m. sing.) ii named one, fixed

Which shall neither nourish not avail against hunger.

[88:7]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) fat one

(act. 2 pic. m. phu.) سمان fat ones (sing.) تيمن <

•

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~has named

>> تَمَا يَسْمُوْ شُمُوّاً (ن) to be high, elevated, sublime, rise high

سَمِّيٰ ال تَسْمَةُ to give name to, to name

The faith of your Ibrahim, he hath named

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) ii I named

[22:78]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii you have named

you Muslim.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii they name

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii ~is named, (called)

TAO

Note: 'Tasnim' is generally taken to be a proper noun but according to Zajjaj (grammarian) it is a water coming upon them from above.' (LL)

س ن ن ★ السّنُّ (.r.) tooth

رَالِيِّنَ بِالِيِّسِ And a tooth for a tooth. [5:45]

dispensation (n.)

مَضَتْ سُنَّتُ الْأَوَّلِينَ

Then already gone forth is the dispensation of the ancients. [8:38]

dispensations (n.p.)

دَيَهُ بِيَحُمُ سُنَنَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ مَهُ لِكُوْ

And He guides you unto dispensations of those before you. [4:26]

(pis. pic. m. sing.) مُسْنُونُ <moulded

سَنَّ يَسُنُّ سَنَّا (ن) to mould clay (assim)

وَلَعَتَنْ خَلَقُنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنْ صَلْصَالِ مِّنْ حَبَا مَسْنُوْنٍ

And verify We have created human being from ringing clay of loam moulded.

[15:26]

إِذَاتَكَالِيُنْتُمُّ بِدَيْنِ إِلْنَّ أَجَلِ تُسَتَّى When ye deal with another in lending for a fixed

in lending for a fixed term. [2:282]

> س ن ب ل a corn-ear (n.)

سَنَابِلُ، سُنْبُلُ ، سُنْبُلاَتُ (n.p.) <a href="mailto:corn-ears">corn-ears</a>

شنبكة (sing.)

س ن د ★

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii مُسَنَّدُهُ propped up

firmly, set up stays or props against a wall

>> سَنَدَ بَسْنُدُ مُنَّذِداً ، نَسَالَدَ وَ اسْلَنَدَ

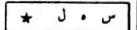
to lean upon, stay oneself upon, reply upon, confide in

س ن د س

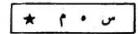
satin (Jid.) (n.) شندس finest silk (Pic.)

س ن م 🖈

تنييم Tasnim (prop. n.)



<plain lands (np.) سُهُوْلٌ
(sing.) سَبُولُ</pre>



(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii < ~joined the lots, cast the lots,

سَّاحَ بُسَامِ مُسَاحَدَة

to cast lots

س ه و ★

مَاهُوْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) مَاهُوْنَ those who are unmindful

سَبَا يَشْبُوْ سَبُواً وَ سُهُواً (ن) to overlook, neglect, be heedless, unmindful

# س و بو 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) h.v. <∼was evil

سَاهَ بَسُوهُ سُوماً وَ مَسَامَةً (ن) to treat badly, do evil to,

to disgrace (as آسَاءَ )

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) h.v. مناه ت

س ن ۰ ★ آن مَشَنَّهٔ juss.

(imperf. 3 p.m.sing.) v, < ∼has not rotten

مَنِهَ يَسْنَهُ سَنَها (س) وَ نَسَنَهُ to be advanced in age, change colour, teste and smell

س ن و ★

<flash, brightness, (n)</p>
light, gleaming

سَنَا يَشْنُو سَنُواً (ن) to blaze (fire, lightning)

يكأدسنا توقيينك بالأبصار

Well-nigh the flash of His lightning takes away the sights. [24:43]

year (n.) تنتة

السِّنِيْنَ ، سِنِيْنَ (n.p.) years

س د ر ★

<surface (of the (n) earth) litt. awakened</p>

is a wide land having no growth; interpreted as the land of the hereafter.]

مَعَلِّ السَّوْءِ evil rain evil thought علية السوء evil (n) أَنْ وَ مُن وَاللَّهُ وَ السُّواءِ السُّوءِ السَّوْءِ السَّوْءِ السَّوْءِ السَّوْءِ السَّوْءِ السَّو

ومكامستنى المثقة

And evil would not have touched me. [7:188] سيثأ

vicious (n)

(ODD. ILI righteous)

evil (n)

plotting of evil ill, evil, bad (n)

(opp. Fire good)

evil (decds) (n. p.) السَّمَّاتُ ، سَنَّمَاتُ much bad (elative)

السَّوْأَي (elative f.) د evil

(Note : The word , if is elative (f.) of [ ]

corpse (1) (n)

كُنُ يُوَارِئُ سَدُوَةً أَخِنْهِ

How he may cover the corpse of his brother. [5:34]

مَنْ مَاكَ (np.) (2) the external portion of the organs of generation of both sexes

إيببوى كهماماؤري عنهمامين سواتهما In order that he might discover unto the twain which lay hidden from the twain of their shame. [7:20]

(el. 3 p.m. sing.) h.v. that they may disgrace

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) juss. ~may annoy

إِنْ يُعْدَ لِكُو تَسُوُّونُ

If it is disclosed to you, may annoy you. 15:1011

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) →was distressed

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) litt. ~would be/were distressed meta. ~would be/ were grieved, sad

أتاة (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv worked evil, committed evil

أَسَاؤُ وْ ا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they worked evil, committed evil

أشأثم (perf. 2 p.f. plu.) iv you worked or committed evil

Note: I (triliteral) is in-

transitive while (iv) -1-1 is transitive.

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv evil-doer

السَّوْمُ ، سَوْمٌ (n) wicked, evil

مَا كَانَ آيُولِدُ امْرَأْسُوهِ

Thy father was not a man of [19:28]evil.

> دَارْتُ السَّهُ evil turn

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يوريدريد وو. وي. ووروو يومرينيس دجوة وكسود وجوه

On a day whereon faces become whitened and faces become blackened. [3:106]

الْأَسْوَدُ (n) black

< black ones (n. p.)

مُسُوداً (sing.)

(ap-der. ix,>m. sing.) acc. مُنَوَدُ blackened, darkened onc

(ap-der. > ix, f. sing.) acc. blackened one (f.),
darkened one

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) acc. حَيْدُاً <a leader (1)

مَادَ يَسُودُ سِيَادَةً وَ سُؤدَداً (ن) to be head, leader, master or a chief

سَيِّدًا وَحَصُورًا وَنَهِيًا مِنَ الشَّلِحِيْنَ

A leader and a chaste (one) and a Prophet righteous. [3:39]

master (2)

وَالْفَيْا سَيْدَهَالْدَاالْبَاب

And the twain met her master at the door. [12:25]

<chiefs (3) (n.p.)</p>

نتد (sing.)

وَقَالُوا رَبِّنَا إِنَّا الْطَعْمَا سَاوَتُهَا

And they said ! O our Lord, varily, we obeyed our chiefs. [33:67] \* \* \* \*

تَالِيَةٌ (prop. n.)

(i.e. a camel, turned loose as a conscerated animal, to be fed and exempted from common services. 'Saiba' signifies merely a camel turned loose, her being so turned out was generally in fulfilment of a vow—'Palmer').

س و ح ★

سَاحَةٌ (n.) court

فَإِذَانَتُلَ بِسَاحَتِهِمْ هَمَا تُرْصَبَاحُ النُنْدَيِينَ So when it dascends in their court, evil will be the morning of the warned ones. [37:177]

س و د ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ix اَسُوَدَّتُ ~became blackened

اسْوَدً ix اسْوَاداً

خ سَوِدَ يَسْوَدُ سَوَاداً (س)
to become black

imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ix فَسُوَدُّ become blackened

س و ط ★

scourge (Jid.) (n.) مَوْطِّ a portion (LL)

signifies primarly the mixing of a thing with a nother (Rgh.), then it comes to signify 'a whip'. But in the verse 89:13

it means a share or portion. Thus the meaning of the verse, according to LL will be "so thy Lord poured on them a portion of torment.")

س وع 🖈

سَاعَةٌ (n.) (an hour (1)

مَالَبِئُواْ غَيْرَسَاعَةُ

They tarried not but an hour.
[30:55]

the Day of (2) (n.) التَّاعَدُ Resurrection

حَضِّلِوَاجًا مِنْهُمُ السَّاعَةُ بَعْتَةً

Untill when the hour (the Resurrection) came unto them on a sudden. [6:31]

Note: "... means a part of time whithin a day or night (Mjm.), when a definite article is attached it signifies the Resurrection. س و ر ★

تَسَوَّرُوْا v (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) v (they climbed

تَسَوَّرَ ٧ تَسَوُّراً to scale a wall

إذُ تُسَوِّرُواالْمِحْرَابَ

When they made an entry into the private chamber by climbing the wall.

[38:21]

a high wall (n.)

عَدْم مِي مُعْدَدُ مِنْ مُعْدُدُ مِنْ الْعُمْدُ مِنْ الْعُمْدُ مُعْدُم الْعُمْدُ مُعْدُم الْعُمْدُ الْعُمْدُ ا

Then a wall, with a door in it, will be raised between them. [57:13]

خانورة (bracelets (n.p.)

سوّار (sing.)

أساور (bracelets(acc.)

a chapter from the (n.) مُوْرَةً holy Quran

(Not used for chapters other than that of the Quran. According to some commentators means a part of Quran consisting of at least three verses.)

«chapters of the (n. p.) 
 « Holy Quran 
 »

(Mim.)

مُوْرَةً (sing.)

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُسَاقُونَ they are driven or led

منافق (act. pic. m. sing.) منافق a driver

shank (n) سَاق

يَوْمَرَنِكُشَفُ عَنْ سَاقِ

(Remember) the day whereon the shank will be bared. [68:42]

(the expression 'uncovering the shank' in Arabic has, besides its literal sense, a certain meaning that is indicative of a grievious and terrible calamity. Thus it is said "we have uncovered its shank" when it is meant to express the fury and rage of battle. And one says of a man when difficulty or calamity

befalls him ; كَشَفَ عَنْ سَاقِهِ meaning, 'he prepared himself for difficulty'—LL).

وَالْتَغَتِ السَّاقُ بِالسَّاقِ

And one shank is entangled with the (other) shank i.e., (in extreme agony, as it is with dying persons).

[75:29]

وْكُشّْفَتْ عَنْسَاقَيْهَا

And she bared her shanks. (here the word denotes the original and literal meaning). [27:44]

\* \* \* \*

'Suwa' (prop. n.) مُوَاعاً (a godess of Hudhail tribe)

س وغ 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مرابعة -swallows

swallow

> أَسْاغَ

مَاغَ يَسُوعُ سَوْغًا (ن)
 to be easy and agreeable, to
 swallow, to make easy to

He well nigh swallowes it not. [14:17]

. [14:17

assim. Lit. nom. (act. pic. m. sing.)

easy and pleasant to swallow

س و ق ★

رُفُعُنَا (perf. 1st p. phu.) <we drived

سَاقَ بَسُوْقُ سَوْقاً (ن)

to drive an animal or cloud by wind

نَسُوْنَ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) سُوُوْنَ we will drive

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) will be driven, was driven

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَسُوْمُونَ they force (they were forcing or imposing evil)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv پُنِيْمُوْنَ you pasture

اسام بُسِيمُ إسامة «
to pasture

سِنياً (marks (n

Mark of them is on their faces from the effect of the prostration. [48:29]

مُسَوِّ مِیْنَ Marked ones to mark SS مُسَوِّ مَیْنَ حَسَوْماً

with SS, to be distinguished

in the Quran may mean either marked by the colour or the like of their horses and so distinguished from others—LL)

(pis. pic. f. sing.)ii مُسَوَّمَةً ، مُسَوَّمَةً المُسَوَّمة

س و ی 🛨

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii حوّی <--formed (1) (with just proportion)

> مَنوْلَى نَسْوِيَةً ١١

to form with just proportion السُّوْقُ (n. p.) (legs (1)

سَاقٌ (sing.)

فظيفق مسطا بالشؤق والأعناق

And he set about slashing their legs and necks.

[38:33]

<stems (of a tree) (2)

سَاقٌ (sing.)

فاستوى علىسووه

And it stands firmly on its stems. [48:29]

<markets (n.p.b.)

الْأَسْوَاقُ سُوْقٌ (.sing)

س و ل ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii しずる

to deceive, ii تَشْوِيْلاً lead one to error,

سَوَّلَتْ perf. 3 p.f. sing.) ii مَوَّلَتْ embellished

س و م 🖈

يَسُوْمُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) <- perpetrates, imposes

سَامَ يَشُومُ سَوْماً (ن)

- (i) to bring evil upon, to force
- (ii) to pasture at large

أَسُولَى (pip. 3 p. f. sing.) ii مَا أَسُولَى مَا اللهِ إِنْ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ ا

تؤسيني بهمالكرض

Were the earth levelled with them. [4:42]

سَاوٰی (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii ماوٰی equalized

حَتِّى إِذَ اسَأَوٰى بَيْنَ الصَّدَفَيُنِ

At length, he had levelled up between two mountain sides. (or when evened up, i.e., filled the intervening space). [18:96]

مُستَولى viii (1) عَلَىٰ (intes.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) established himself

التحضمن على العزش استوى

The Compassionate on the throne is established.

[20:5]

~turned to (2)

11

ثُوَّ اسْتَوْى إِلَى السَّمَاءِ

Then He turned to the heaven. [2:29]

is metaphorically said of God, meaning: 'then He directed Himself by His will to the heaven or elevated regions, or upwards, or to the heavenly bodies.)

- (2) to make one thing equal to another
- (3) to make complete, adjust, rectify
- (4) to level

فَخَلَقَ فَسَوّٰى

And then He created (him) and formed (him). [75:38]

~completed (2)

فسولهن سيعمسلون

He made them complete seven heavens. [2:29]

~made perfect (3)

وَنَفْسِ قُمَاسَوْمِهَا

And the soul and its perfection. [91:7]

Note: ( ) is of verbal noun (Masdariyah)

(see Abk.)

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) ii نُسَوِّىٰ we make equal (1)

إِذْ نُسَوِّتِكُوْبِرَتِ الْعُلَيِينَ

When we made you equal with the Lord of worlds. [26:98]

we make complete (2)

بَلْ قَلْمِدِينَ عَلَى آنَ كُنتِوَى بَنَانَهُ

Yes! we are powerful to make complete (his whole body even) his fingers.

[75:4]

~is not equal

لاً يَشْتَوِئ

زن (imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) the twain are equal

يَسْتُووْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَسْتُووُوْنَ they are equal

لِسْتُووْ (el. 2 p.m. plu.) that you may mount firmly

open, central (n.) مُوَّى

شكا كالشوى

A central (or open) place.
[20:58]

مَوَاءٌ (1) alike ! same

(It is) alike for them whether thou warneth them or warneth them not. [2:6]

equal (2)

مَّمَّا الَّذِيُّنَ فُضِ ثُوَا بِرَآدِّي دِنْقِامْ مَلْ الْمَلَّكُ اَيْنَائَمُ فَهُمْ فِيهُمْ فِيهِ سَوَاءً

Then those who are referred, are not going to hand over their provision to those whom their right hand possesses so as to be equal. [16:71]

level (balanced) (3)

اَلْمِكَ مُسَرِّعُهُمُ الْمَالُ كَانَ الْمَالُ عَنْ سَوَّاءِ السَّبِيلِ Those are worst in abode and farthest astray from the level (balanced) way. [5:60] ~became firm (3) (without preposition)

وَلَتَابَكُغُ الشُّكَةُ وَاسْتَوْتَى

And when he attained his full strength and became firm. [28:14]

~stood firm (4)

فَاسْتُولَى عَلَى سُوْقِهِ

Then stood firmly on its stems. [48:29]

ذُوُمِرَةٍ كَأَسُتَوْى

One strong in make, then he stood firm. [53:6]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii سُنُوَتُ مُناوَتُ مُناوَعُتُ

وَاسْتُوتُ عَلَىٰ الْجُوْدِي

And it rested on Judi.,

[11:44]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii اَسْتُوَ بُنْتَ ~thou art settled

فإفااستويت آنت ومن تمعك

And when thou art settled, thou and those with thee in the Ark'. [23:28]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii استَوَيْمَ you mount

لِفَا اسْتَوَيْتُوعَلَيْهِ When ye mount thercon.

[43:13]

يَسْتَوِىُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

س ی ل

رَ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. مَالَتْ <∼flowed.

سَالَ بَيِنِيلٍ سَنِلاً وَ سَنِلاَا

to flow !

وَ مَينبلاً (ض)

run (water), to be liquid

أَنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَّاءِ مَلَّهُ فَمَا لَكُ اَوْدِيَهُ He sendeth down water from the heaven, so that

the valleys flow. [13:17]

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv, w.v.

we made to flow

وَ آسَلْنَالَهُ عَيْنَ الْقِطْرِ

And We made a fount of brass to flow for him.

[34:12]

السَّيْلُ، سَيْلُ اللهِ the torrent (n.)

س ی ن 🖈

المنتاة (p.n.) المنتاة

Sinai (p.n.)

Sinai is a mountain in Egypt where Prophet Musa (peace be upon him) was given the divine commendments. Sinai is therefore the mountain of the giving of the law.

The Quran has mentioned it by two form Sainaa (23: 20 and Seeneena 95:2) midst (4)

فاظلع فرأه في سواء الجحياء

Then he will look down and see him in the midst of the flaming fire. [37:55] fair (5)

واحدنآال سوآءالقيزاط

And guide us unto the fair path. [38:22]

sound (n.) acc. (physically quite fit)

قَالَ أَيْتُكَ الْأَثْكِلَةِ النَّاسَ ثَلْثَ لَيَ إِلِ سَوِيًّا

He said thy sign is that thou shalt not speak unto mankind for three n ights (while) sound. i. e., he was physically quite fit and not affected by any disease of the tongue (IK.)

[19:10]

فتنكل لهاتشراسوكا

And it took unto her the form of a human being sound. [19:17]

س ی د ★

السَّنْرُ، سَنْراً (v.n.) السَّنْرُ، سَنْراً

make, form, state (n.)

سَنُمِينُكُ هَا مِبْرَتَهَا الْأُولَٰلُ We shall restore it to its

former state. [20:21]

السَّارَةُ ، مَسَّارَةُ (.n.) caravan

# كتباب الشين

ش أ ن ★

أَنُّ nom. عَأْنِ nom. عَأْنُ <state, affair, business, concern,

ش ب • ★

وَلَكِنَ سُمِّتُهُ لَهُوْرُ But it was made dubious to them. (Jid.) But it appeared unto them. (Pic.) [4:157] ش أم 🖈

And those on the left hand, how miserable shall be those on the left hand. (i. e., the damned ones whose books of deeds will be delivered in their left hand). [56:9]

ا مُتَّ يَشُكُ مَثَّا وَ شَنَانًا وَ شَنَانًا وَ شَنِيْنًا (ن)

to be scattered, dispersed

فَأَخْرُجُنَا مِهَ أَزُواجُاوِّنُ ثَبَّالِتِ شَتَّى We have brought forth various kinds of plants.

[20:53]

divided (2)

تَعْسَبُهُمْ جَمِيهُ كَادَّ فَكُوبُهُمْ شَتْي

Thou wouldst them united, but their hearts are divided. [59:14]

diverse, disperse (3)

ٳڹۜڛۼؾػؙۄؙڶۺۧۼؽ

You striving is surely diverse. [92:4]

separately (1) (n.p.) acc.

أشتأتأ

لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُوْ هُمَا مُّ أَنْ تَأَكُّلُوا هَمِينَا اَو الشَّمَا تَا اللهِ اللهِ

sundry and (2) scattered

يَوْمَهِ فِي يَصْلُدُ النَّاسُ اَشْتَاتًا

On that day men will come forth in sundry and scattered groups. [99:6]

ش ت و ★

the winter (n.) الشَمَّادُ السَّمَاءُ

may bear شُبَّةً لَمُمْ may bear

two interpretations: he was made to be like (it) or to resemble it; or the matter was made dubious or obscure. (M. A. > LL)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi مُعَامِهُ مُعامِدًا ~became dubious, alike

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vi became consimilar, alike

مُنشَابِماً acc. مُنشَابِم

(Ap-der. vi, m. sing.) consimilar

مُتَشَابِهَاتٌ (Ap-der>vi f. plu.) مُتَشَابِهَاتٌ consimllar

مِنْهُ إِنَّ مُحَكَّمَتُ هُنَّ أَمُّ الكِتْبِ وَأَخَرُ مُنَّشِيهِ عُنَّ

Where in some verses are firmly constructed—they are the mother of the book, and others consimilar. (i.e., open to various interpretations; those verses whose drift is not clear, owing either to their being too general or to their seeming opposition to some clear text. (Jid.) [3:7]

(Ap-dr. > viii, m. sing.) acc. like each other

ش ت ت ★

< various (1) (adj.)</pre>

شَعَنَ بَشْعَنُ شَمْناً (ف) to fill, to load

ش خ ص ★

أَشْخَصُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

~starring

مَعْضَ بَشْخَصُ مُعُوْماً (ف)

to be elevated, to fix the eye upon

شَاخِصَةً (act. pic. f. sing.)

ش د د ★

شَدَدُنَا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) we made strong (1)

(ن) مُنَدُّ بَشُدُّ (ن) to strap, bind, to strengthen,

دَشَدَهُ نَامُلُكُهُ وَأَنَيْنُهُ الْحِكُمَةَ وَفَعْلَ الْخِطَاب

We made his dominion strong and gave him wisdom and decisive speech. [38:20]

we made firm (2)

نَحْنُ خَلَقْنَهُ وَشَدَ فَنَا أَسُرَهُمْ

It is We who created them and made firm their make.

[76:28]

- 1

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we shall strengthen SS

(perate. m. sing.) اشدُدُ strengthen ! (1) شعر 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~is disputed about

> عَمْرَ بَفْهُو مُحُوداً (ن) ـ بَيْنَ

to be disputed about, between

متلى يُعَيِّكُ وُلَهُ فِيمَا غَبَرَ بِيْهَمُ

Unill they make thee a judge of what is disputed between them. [4:65]

acc. الشَّجَرَةُ nom. أَيَّتِهُ الشَّجَرَةُ tree (n.) gen. فَتَوَةً trces acc. nom.

\* C C J

(act. 2 pic. m. plu.) <a href="mailto:niggardly">niggardly</a> ones

نَتَّ بَشُتُّ مَا وَ شَمَّا (ن) to be niggardly, greedy

niggardliness, دُشُخُ ، ثُمُّةً covetousness, greed

ش **ح ۴** \*

(sing.) من المجاهر (sing.) منتحم (sing.)

ش ح ن ★

(pact. pic. m. sing.) الْمُشْحُونُ <laden mighty (3)

عَلَّمَةُ شَدِيْدُ الْقُوٰى

One mighty in power has taught him. [53:5]

stern (4)

المنتنبة احتابات يديدا

Wherefore We reckoned with them a stern reckoning. [65:8]

great (5)

وَ اَنْزَلْتَ الْحَدِينَةِ بِأَسُّ سَدِينَهُ And We sent down iron wherein is great violence. (57:25]

vehement (6)

وَإِنَّهُ لِحُبِّ الْخَيْرِ لَشَدِيْدٌ

And verily in the love of wealth he is vehement.

[100:8]

عدادً . nom شداداً (act. 2 pic. m. p.b.) hard ones (1)

ثُوّيَاتِ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَٰ لِكَ سَبْعٌ شِمَادُ Then thereafter will come seven hard years. [12:48]

strong (2)

وَيَنْهُنَا فَوُقَكُمُ سَمُعًا شِمَادًا

And We have built over you seven strong heavens.

[78:12]

اشدُدية آنياي

Strengthen my back by him.
[20:31]

harden (2)

واشد فذعل فكؤبيهم

And harden their hearts.

[10:88]

(perate. m. plu.) شُدُّوا tie fast ! (3)

حَتْى إِذَا ٱلْمُعَنَّدُومُ وَمَشُدُّ والْوَتَاقَ

Untill when you have routed them up tie fast the bonds. [47:4]

(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) viii اثنیّدَتْ منتیّد

آغمَالُهُمْ كُرَمَادِ إِشْتَدَتْ بِدِالزِيْحُ فِي يَوْمِرَعَاصِفِ

Their works are like ashes upon which the wind bloweth hard on a stormy day. [14:18]

الشَّدِيْدُ ، شَدِيْدُ اللهِ (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) الشَّدِيْدُ ، شَدِيْدُ اللهِ (act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

فَأَنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيُدُالُمِقَابِ

Then verily Allah is severe in chastising. [2:211]

strong (2)

وَآتَالَسَنَاالسَّمَاءَ فَوَجَدْنَهَا مُلِثَتْ حَرَسًا شَدِينًا

And we sought to reach the heaven but we found it filled with strong guards and flames. [72:8]

#### وَكُوْاَهُلَكُنَا قَبُلَهُمُ وَنُ قَرْنٍ هُوُاشَكُمُ مِنْهُمُ مَطْشًا

And how many a generation have We destroyed before them who were mightier in power than they.

[50:36]

sometimes it is (4)
used to show excess or vehemence in any matter. A
few examples are furnished below.

### وَالَّذِينَ الْمَثُوَّا آشَكُ مُعَالِلُهُ

(a) Those who believe are stauncher in their love for Allah. [2:165]

ثُوَّلَنَّ أَنِعَنَّ مِنْ كُلِّ شِيْعَةِ أَيُّهُمُّ أَمَّسَتُ كُمَّلَ الرَّحُهُن عِيثًا

(b) Then We shall pluck out from every sect whichever of them was most stubborn in rebellion to the Beneficent. (Pic.) [19:69]

.....of them was the most hardened in disdain of the All-Merciful. (Arb.)

إِنَّ نَاشِئَةً الَّيْلِ فِي آشَدُوطًا وَأَقُومُ قِيلًا

(c) Verily the rising by night!

It is most curbing and most conducive to right speech. (Jid.) [73:6]

terrible, severe (3) and strong

### عَلَيْهَا مَلْمِكُةٌ غِلَاظُ شِنَاادٌ

Over which are harsh, terrible angels. (M.A.)

Over which are set angels strong, sever. (Pic,)

Over which are angels stern, strong. (Jid.) [66:6]

stern and firm (4) (n.b.) of heart

### وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ أَيِثُلُّا وَعَلَى الْكُفَّارِ رُحَمَا وَبَيْنَهُ عُ

And those who are with him are stern against infidels and merciful among themselves. (Jid.) firm of hearts against the dishelievers. (M.A.) [48:29]

most severe (1) (elalive)

أتت

#### وَلَعَنَاكِ الْلِخِرَةِ الشَّدُّوَ اَبْعَى

And surely the torment of the hereafter is most severe and most lasting.

[20:127]

stronger (2)

اَلَمْ عَنْ اَلْمُوْاَ اَلَّمُ اَلَّٰكُ خُلُقًا اَلْمُوْنَ خُلُقَانًا مَا كُلُقَانًا الْمُوْنَ خُلُقَنَا الْمُؤْنَ خُلُقَنَا الْمُؤْنَةُ كُلُمُ Ask them thou, are they stronger in structure or those others whom We have created. [37:11]

mightier (3)

### وأشو يُوان تُلُوبِهُ الْعِبْلَ بِكُنْدِهِمُ

- (a) And they were made to drink the calf in their hearts for their unbelief. (Arb.).
- (b) And they were made to imbibe (the love of) calf in their hearts (M. A.)
- (c) And (the worship of) the calf was made to sink into their hearts (Pic.).
- (b) And into their hearts the calf was made to sink because of their infidelity. (Jid.) [2:93]

شَارِبُونَ .nom الشَّارِبِيْنَ .gen (act. pic. m. plu,)

drinkers

مَشْرَبٌ (n. p. t.) acc. مَشْرَبٌ drinking place

مَشَارِبُ drinks (v.n. mim. p.b.)

drinking (v.n.) acc.

drinking (v.n.)

الشّراب، شرّاب ، مسرّاب nom.

شراباً acc. أَمَرَابِ acc. أَمَرَابِ drink

ش رح ★

شَرَحَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُثَرَحَ expanded

#### لَاانَتُ الشَّدُ رَحْبَةً فِي صُدُ وَيِعِمُ مِنَ اللَّهِ

(d) Surely ye are more awful in their breasts than Allah. [59:13]

maturity (n.) أَشُدُّ

#### وَلَتَابِلُخُ الشُّكَاةُ التَّبْنَةُ خُكُمَّا وَعِلْمًا

And when he attained his maturity, We gave him wisdom and knowledge.

[12:22]

## ش ر ب ★

شَرِبَ (*perf. 3 p.m. sing.*) ∼drank

رَبَ يَغْتَرَبُ شُرْباً وَ مَغْتَراً (س) ح to drink, swallow, sunk in, absorb

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) شَرِيُوا they drank

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) بَغْرَبُ will drink

يَشْرَ بُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) يَشْرَ بُوْنَ they will drink

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَشْرَبُونَ you drink

اشْرَبُوا (perate m. plu.) (you) drink!

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَشْرِبُوا litt. they were made to drink

### ش درد ★

النَّرُّ ، تَرُّ nom. تَرَّأ (n.) acc. أَنْرُ

مَوَّنُهُ مَتِيلًا اللهُ And Allah were to hasten for them the evil. (M.A.)
[10:11]

bad (2) (adj.)

وَعَلَى أَنْ يَّعِبُوا شَيْنَا وَهُوَ مَثَرُّا كُوْرُ And belike ye desire a thing whereas it is bad for you. [2:216]

worse, worst (3) (elative)

الْ هَلُ اَهْتِ مُكُونِتُمْ تِنَّ فَالِكَ مُثُوبَةً عِنْدَاللهُ Say thou! shall I declare unto you something worse as a way with Allah than that? [5:60]

أوليك تترثيتكانا

Those are worst in abode. [5:60]

is an exceptional form of elative adjective while the measure for elative in

أَفْلَ Arabic is

wicked, evil, (n.p.b.) الْأَشْرَارُ vicious ones

sparks (n.) gen. شَرَدِ

خَرَتَ يَشْرَحُ مَوْحًا (ف)
 to uncover, spread out,
 made open

وَلِينَ مَنْ سَسَرَحَ بِالْكُفْرِصَدُارًا فَعَلَيْهِوْ غَضَتْ مِنَ اللهِ

But whosoever expandeth his breast to infidelity, upon them shall be wrath from Allah. [16:106]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. مُرَحُ ~expands, makes open

نَّمْرُ خ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) juss. we expand SS, make open

الغ تفرخ لك صدرك

Have We not expanded for thee thy breast, [94:1]

(perate. m. sing.)

ش ر د ★

(parate. ii, m. sing.) مُرِّدُ scatter! disperse!

خَرَّدَ تَشْرِيْداً to disperse

﴿ فَرَدَ يَشُرُدُ شُرُوداً وَ شُرَاداً ﴿ نَ )

to flee, escape, depart

شر د ذم

a small band (n.) شِرْذِمَةُ

رفعاً (ف) خَرَعَ شُرُوعاً (ف) to raise, to appear, to begin الْهُ تَأْتِينُهِمْ مِثْمَانُهُمْ يَوْمَرَسَبْرَهِهُ مِثْمَرَعاً لَا كَالْتِينِهِمُ مِثْمَرَعاً لَا كَالْتِينِهِمُ مِثْمَرَعاً لَا كَالْمُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّه

شَرِيْتُ اللهِ (act. 2 pic. f. sing.) may (divine)

"law or ordinance" but also a religion, or a way of belief and practice in respect of religion. (jid. > LL)

< law (divine) (n.) مِرْعَــةً</p>
litt. custom, way

### ش رق ★

أَشْرَفَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) مُشَرِقًة فَتْ اللهِ اللهِ beamed, gleamed, shone مُشْرِقُ إِشْرَاقًا اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ الله

(ap-der. m. plu.) iv entering at the sunrise

فَأَخَذَتُهُمُ الصَّيْحَةُ شُرِقِينَ

Then they should took hold of him at the sunrise. (Jid.) [15:73]

الْمَشْرِقُ (n.p.) the

(n. for p. dual.) رفين the east and the west (literally 'the two orients'. A good equivalent idiom in

## ش رط ★

أَشْرَاطٌ <tokens (n.p.b.) مَثَرُطٌ token, sign

word الشراط is the plural form of الشراط (with Fatha on the second redical), not of شرط (with Sukun on it). That is why that the former أشرط means sign and is transformed to the plural as أشراط means condition and is transformed to plural as

## ش دع 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُرَعَ ~instituted, ordained

﴿ مَرَعَ يَشْرَعُ مَرْعً (ف) to prescribe or institute a law

شَرَعُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they instituted, prescribed

(act. pic. f. plu.) acc. أَشَرُعاً <appearing on the surface (sing.) شَارِعَهُ to share.

شرك ★

(perate. m. sing.) iii مَادِكُ share SS (س) مَرِكَ بَشْرَكُ شِرُكًا (س) مَرِكَ بَشْرَكُ شِرُكًا (س)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv اَهْرَكَ حَمْدَةُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَلِي الْعَرَاءُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَلِيْعُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَلَاءُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَلَاءُ الْعَرَاءُ الْعَلَاءُ الْعَلَعُلِيْعُ الْعَلَاءُ الْعَلَا

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv الْمُرَكُونا they associated, ascribed a partner

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv اَشْرَكْتُ you associated SS to, ascribed partner to

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you associated, ascribed partner to

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv اَشْرَكُنَا we associated, we ascribed partner to

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مشرِكُ ~associates, ascribes part-

يُشْرِكُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُشْرِكُ that SS is associated to

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُشْرِ كُونَ they associate, ascribe partner to

(imperf. 3 p.f. plu.) acc. iv يَشْرِكُنَ that they shall associate English would be "poles apart", for they could never meet. (Jid. > AYA)

حَتْمَى إِذَا جَاءَنَا قَالَ يُلَيْتَ بَيْنِيْ وَبَيْنَكَ بُعُنَ الْمُشَرِقَيْنِ

Untill he cometh unto Us, he will say, Ah! would that there had been between me and thee the distance of the east and the west.

(Jid.) [43:38]

the distance of the two easts.
(Arb.)

the distance of the two horizons. (Pic.)

setting places, (n p.h.) الْمُشَارِقُ easts,

المَشْرِقُ is plural of المُفَادِقُ : Note

In the plural مَشَادِقُ

signifies the different points of the horizon from whence the sun rises in the course of the year. (Jid.)

فَلْأَافْشِعُ بِرَبِّ الشَّلْدِقِ وَالْسَخْدِبِ

I swear by the Lord of the easts and the wests.

[70:40] الإشراق (v.n.>iv)

eastward, (n. r. adj.) مُرْفِعًا eastern

eastern, (n. r. adj.) مَرْفِية

4.2

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الْمُشْرِ كُوْنَ ، مُشْرِكُوْنَ ، مُشْرِكُوْنَ ، مُشْرِكُوْنَ ، مُشْرِكُوْنَ ، مُشْرِكُوْنَ ، gen. acc. الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ ، مُشْرِكِيْنَ ، مُشْرِكِيْنَ ، مُشْرِكِيْنَ ، مُشْرِكِيْنَ ، associators (1)

إِنْ ٱطَعُتُمُوهُمْ إِنَّكُو لَكُثْرِ كُوْنَ

And if you obey them you shall become associators indeed. [6:121]

infidels, idolaters (2)

غَاذَ النَّسَلَخَ الْأَشَهُو الْحُرُمُ فَاقْتُلُو النَّسُورِ فِي فَيَ

When therefore the sacred months have slipped away slay the associators (infidels) wheresoever ye find them. [9:5]

in Quran is sometimes used definitely for the infidels as in the verse quoted above (9:5) but it is used sometimes in a broader meaning also including Muslims (believers) as in the verse (6:121).

الْمُرِكَاتُ (Ap-der. > iv, f. plu.) الْمُرِكَاتُ associator and infidel women

(Ap-der.> viii, m. plu.) اَلْشَيْرِ كُونَ sharers

الشَّرْكُ، شِرْكُ (n.) (associating (1) (n.)

إِنَّ النِّرُكُ لَظُلُو عَظِيْرٌ

Verily associating is a tremendous wrong. [31:13] (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. iv that you associate (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you associate, ascribe partner (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. iv that you associate, ascribe SS as partner أشرك (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) iv I associate, ascribe as partner أثرك (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) acc. iv that I associate منترك (pip. 3 p. m. sing.) acc. iv that SS is associated to

(perate. m. sing.) acc. iv أَمْرِكُ litt. SS to share

وَأَشْرِكُهُ فِنَآمُونِيَ And let him share my task.

[20:32]

(perate. neg. m. sing.) iv عَبْرِكُ associate not! ascribe not SS to!

(perate. neg. m. plu.) iv الْمُعْرِكُولُا (you) associate not! ascribe not SS to!

شَرِيْكُ (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) an associate, a partner

شرکاک (act. 2 pic. m. plu.) درکاک د the associates, partners

(ap-der.> iv, m. sing.) مُشْرِكُ infidel, associator

(ap-der.> iv. f. sing.) مُشْرِكَةً associator women be translated as purchase or sale both. In the abovementioned verse the word

is rendered by a uthentic commentators both ways as it is mentioned by Zamakhshari and Razi. Ibn Kathir and Jid. have adopted the meaning of purchase.

اشْتَرُی (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اشْتَرُی ا

to buy اَشْتَرَاٰی اَشْتَرَاٰءاً (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) viii اَشْتَرَوْا (they purchased (1)

اُولِیّك الَّذِیْنَ اشْتَرَوُالصَّلاَتَ بِالْهُدَٰى These are they who purchased error for guidence. [2:16]

they sold, bartered (2)

بفتتااشتخفاية أنفشهم

Evil is that for which they sell their souls.

......have bartered their souls" (Jid.) [2:90]

رَشْتَرَىٰ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii رَشْتَرَىٰ purchases, barters

رَشْتُرُوْنَ (imperf 3 p.m. phu.) vii بَشْتُرُوْنَ they purchase, sell, barter

لِشَتْرُواً (el. 3 p.m. plu.) viii لِشَتْرُواً that they may barter, purchase partnership (2)

ٱدُوْنِيُ مَاذَ الْحَلَقُوْايِنَ الْأَدْضِ آمْرُلَهُ وَيُعْرِكُ فِي السَّمُوٰتِ ۚ

Show me whatsoever they have created of the earth, or have they any partnership in the heaven? [46:4]

ش دی ★

شَرَوْا (perf. 3 p.m. phu.) h.v. اشَرَوْا <they sold SS

شَرَٰی بَشْرِیْ شَرَاهاً وَ شَرَی (ض) to buy or sell, to exhange

نشرِیُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) سعری « sells

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَشْرُونَ (a) they sell, (b) purchase

فَلِتَهُ لِنَ نِيكِلِ اللهِ الَّذِينَ يَعَمُّ فِنَ الْعَيْوةَ التُنْزَلِ النِّورَةِ

- (a) Let them therefore fight in the way of Allah those who have purchased the life of this world for the hereafter. (Jid.)
- (b) Let those fight in the way of Allah who sell the life of this world for the other (i.e. hereafter). (Pic.) [4:74]

litt. means commercial exchange. Therefore, it may شطن 🖈

الشَّيْطَانُ ، سَيْطَانُ ، سَيْطَانُ ، اللهِ nom. الشَّيْطَانُ ، مَا اللهُ satan, devil

means, شَعَلَنَ means,

'he was, or became remote, or far from the truth, and from the mercy of God' (Jid.>LL). Rgh. stresses: Shaitan is 'every insolent or rebellious one from among the Jinn and the men and the beasts.

satans, (n.p.b.) الشَّبَاطِيْنَ

devils, rebellious ones

by the definite article signifies 'any that is excessively or inordinately, proud or corrupt or unbelieving or rebellions, or that is insolent and audacious in acts of rebellion' (Jid. < LL).

ش ع ب \*

(n.p.b.) acc. لَعُوْباً nation, communities

< شَعْبُ: (sing.) <

(n.p.b.) gen.

branches

< شَعْبَةً : (sing.)

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we purchase, barter نَشْبَرَى

لاً تَشْتُرُوا (perate neg. m. plu.) barter not, purchase not

شطع 🖈

شَاطِقٌ (n.) مَاطِقً

تُؤدِى مِنْ شَالِمُ الْوَادِ الْأَيْسَيَنِ

He was called from the right side of the valley. [28:30]

shoot, sprout (n.) مُعْلُمُا

كَنَيْعَ آخَرَجَ شَعْلَتَهُ

Like seed-produce that puts forth its sprout. .....its shoot (jid.) [48:29]

شطر 🖈

towards (n.) acc.

ش ط ط

(perate, neg. m. sing.) حقولها <act not unjustly or iniquitously

to treat with (ن) أَنْقُلُ شَعُلُعًا اللهِ

unjustice to go beyond due bounds

enormity, (n.) acc.

تعلطا

where these rites and ceremonies are performed.'

poetry (n.) الشَّعْرُ

<hair (n.p.b.) gen. شمّار (sing.)</p>

الشَّعْرُ is the plural of الشَّعْرُ (with Fatha on the first redical, not of الشَّعْرُ (with Kasar on it) because this latter one means 'poetry'.

monument (n.p.) المُشْعَرَ

فَإِذَّا اَفَضَتُمُ مِّنَ عَرَفِي فَاذَكُرُهُ اللهُ عِنْدَالَهُ عَرِ الْسَدَامِ

Then when ye hurry from Arafat, remember Allah near the sacred monument. [2:198]

signifies the holy monument, which stands at the place known as Muzdalafa, or the ground bordering it, where the pilgrims stop for the night after their return from Arafat on the even in g of ninth Dhul Hajjah.

Sirius (n.) الشعرى (name of a star which the pagans considered a deity). اِنْطَيْقُوْآالْ ظِلْ ذِى ثَلْثِ شُعَبِ Depart unto the shodow three-

Depart unto the shodow threebranched. [77:30]

شع د 🖈

يَشْعُرُونَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَشْعُرُونَ they perceive

شَعَرَ بَشْعَرُ ، شَكْرَ بَشْكُو شِعْراً وَ شُكُوداً (ف ،ك)

to percieve by the senses, to know

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَشْعُرُونَ you perceive

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv. مشيورُ سmakes perceive or know

(emp. 3 p. m. sing.) كُلُّ يُشْعِرَ كُلُّ do not let them know, or discover

moet (act. pic. m. sing.) عُرِية

poets (act. pic. m. plu.) الشَّعَرَاءُ

(act. 2 pic. f. plu.) مُعَاثِرُ signs, marks

< شَعِيْرَةً (sing.)

those religious services which God has appointed to us as signs, or the rites and ceremonies of the pilgrimage and the places

رَشْفَعُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَشْفَعُونَ they intercede

رَشُفَعُواْ (el. 3 p.m. plu.) بَشُفَعُوا that they may intercede

(act. pic. m. plu.) gen. الشّافِينِيّ mediators, interceders

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

(act. 2 pic. m. plu.) مُفَعًا أَنْ intercessors

(sing.) مَعْفِعٌ (sing.) الشَّفَاعَةُ (v.n.)

<evenness (n.)</p>

to make double, to pair
(a number divisible by two)
Note: the commentators hold
different opinions about
the abovementioned word.
Therefore the commenteries on the Quran should
be consulted in this con-

nection.

ش ف ق ★

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you feared,

> أَشْفَقَ إِشْفَاقاً

to be on guard against anyone, to fear and shun

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv أَشْفَقُنَ they feared شع ل \*

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) viii مُنْتَعَلِّ مُا جَامِعَتُونَ ~flared (M.A.)

>>شَعَلَ بَشْعَلُ شَعْلاً (ف) وَ أَشْعَلَ \*'

وَ شَعَّلَ to light a fire ii

> افْنَعَلَ اشْنِعَالاً

to become inflamed litt. inflamed

شغ ف 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) مُغَفَّفُ ~affected deeply

litt. means that SS has so affected SS that the love entered beneath the pericardium.

شغ ل 🖈

رُمُعَلَّت (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) (perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

شَغَلَ بَشْغَلُ شَغْلاً (ف) to occupy شُغُلٌ (.occupation (n

ش ف ع ★

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)
< ∼ intercedes

نَّفَعَ يَشْفَعُ شَفَاعَةً (ف) to intercede for

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#### ومَنَّاأُرِيْدُانَ اَشُقَّى عَلَيْك

And I wish not to be hard on thee. [28:27]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii أَوَّا they opposed

> شَاقً يُشَاقُ شِقَاقًا

to become hostile to

يَشَاقُ ، يُشَاقِقُ أَنَّ ) (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~opposes

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) iii نَشَاقُونَ you become hostile, cause cleavage

ثُوَّيَوْمَالْقِيمُدَةِ يُخْزِيْهِمْ وَيَقُولُ أَيْنَ شُرَكَا ۚ فَيَ الَّذِيْنَ كُنْتُمُ ثُنَّا أَوْنَ فِيهِمْ

Then on the Judgment Day
He will humiliate them and
say: where are My associates regarding whom ye
have been causing cleavage? (Jid.) for whose
sake you became hostile?
[16:27]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) جُشَفَقُ ~splits asunder, cleaves asunder

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) v ∼splits or cleaves asunder

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii انْشَقَ ~rent asunder

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vii مُنْفَتُ ~rent asunder

مُشْفِقُونَ nom. مُشْفِقُونَ (act. pic. m. plu.)

fearful ones

twilight, (n.) الشَّفَقُ afterglow of sunset

ش ف ۱۰ و

two lips (n. dual.)

ش ف ی ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَشْيِقُ <- heals

شَنْيُ بَشْنِينَ شِفَا ٱ (ض)

to cure, heal

يَشْفِيْنِ ( يَشْفِيْ + نِنْ ) مُشْفِيْنِ ( يَشْفِيْ + نِنْ )

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss.

heals, relieves

healing (v.n.)

brink (n.) مَنْفَا

ش ق ق ★

(perf. Ist p. plu.) مُقَقَناً ~clove (1)

أَشَقُّ بَشُقُّ شَقًا (ن)
 to split, cleave

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) اَشُقُ \_ عَلَىٰ I shall be hard (2) upon SS

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) unblessed the wretched (elative) one, unfortunate wretchedness (v.n.) ك شک (pref. 3 p.m. sing.) came grateful شَكَرَ شُكُو شُكُواً وَ مُشكِّرًانًا (ن) to realise or acknowledge one's favour (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) they returned / gave thanks (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~gives thanks (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they give thanks, become grateful (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you give thank, become grateful أنك (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) I(return thanks,)become grateful (perate. m. sing.) be grateful!

(perate m. plu.)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) vii ~cleaves asunder (v.n.) acc. cleaving asunder travail, distress, (n.) gen. difficulty وتغيل أثفتالكذ إلى بكد تؤتكونوا بلغيه وإلا بيثق الأنفس And they bear your loads to a city which ye could not reach except with travail (distress to) your souls. [16:7] a distance hard (n.) to reach But the distance seemed hard unto them. [9:42] cleavage, (v.n. iii) divergence, schism ق ي (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) <~are/were wretched شِنْيَ يَشْنَىٰ شَقّاً وَ شَقَادَةً وَ شِقْوَةً (س) to be miserable unfortunate (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~shall be distressed

(el. 2 p.m. sing.) acc.

that you may be distressed, lest you may be distressed

(you) be grateful,

give/return thanks!

اِنَّهُ كَانَ عَبُدُا شَكُورُا

Verily he was a bondman grateful. [17:3]

appreciative, (2) bountiful in rewarding

إنَّهُ غَفُورٌ شَكُورٌ

He is Forgiving, Appreciative.
[35:30]

is absolutely similar to شَكُورٌ when it is applied to God; see the above note.

ثگراً (thanksgiving (v.n.)

gratefulness, (v.n.) مُكُوراً thankfulness

ش ك س 🖈

(ap-der. > vi m. sing.) مُتَشَاكِسُونَ quarrelling ones

(س) مُنكِسَ يَشكُسُ شَكَاتُ (س)
to be perverse, stubborn,

to تَشَاكَسَ < wrangle, quarrel

\* 4 4 6

doubt (n.) nom. juss.

شك ل ★

(act. pic. f. sing.) مُعَاكِلُةُ manner, disposition 312 acc. آیاگره nom. شاکره (act. pic. m. sing.) grateful (1)

شَاكِزُ الْإَنْغُيهِ

Grateful for his bounties.

[16:121]

appreciative (2) and bountiful in reward

دَمَنُ تَطَوَّعَ خَيْرًا وَإِنَّ اللهَ شَاكِرُ عَلِيْءٌ

And whosoever voluntarily doth good, then verily Allah is appreciative, knowing. (or) surely Allah is Bountiful in rewarding, Knowing

[2:158]

Note: " when applied to God means, 'He who approves or rewards, or forgives, much or largely; He who gives large reward for small, or few, works' (LL) or, one who highly appreciates good and is bountiful in rewarding it

juss الشَّاكِرُيْنَ ، شَاكِرِيْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) acc. grateful or thankful ones

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مُعْكُوراً accepted, appreciated, recompensed

acc. الشَّكُورُ ، شَكُورً ، nom. مَثَكُوراً grateful (2) (ints. sing.)

### ش م ز 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) xi آشَازَتُ ~shrank (with aversion)

> ا**شَمَأَزَ** اشْ**يَغْزَ**اذاً

to shrink from

ش م س 🖈

the sun (n.) acc. الشَّمْسُ ، شَمْسًا

ش م ل ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) على \_ viii مُتَمَلَّتُ \_ viii مُتَمَلِّتُ

to contain, viii أُشْيَمَالًا الشِيمَالُا الشِيمَالُا الشِيمَالُا الشِيمَالُو الشَيمَالُو الشَيمَالُو الشَيمَالُ

>> ثَمَلَ بَشْمُلُ نَمْلاً وَ ثُمُولاً وَ نَمِلَ بَشْمَلُ نَمْلاً (ن ، س)

to include, contain

the left (side) (1) (n.)

لَتَدُكَانَ لِبَيَا لِيُسَكَّنِهِمُ أَيَّةٌ بَنَّتُنِي عَنُكِينِي تَشِيَلِ

Certainly there was a sign for Saba in their abode two gardens on the right and the left hand. [34:15]

### قُلْ كُلُّ لَيْعَلُ عَلِي شَاكِلَتِهِ

Say: everyone acts according to his rule of conduct.

[17:84]

similar, like (n.) gen.

ش ك و ★

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) اَنْكُوْ <I bewail, (Jid.) I complain

شَكَّا يَشْكُو مُنْكُونَى وَ شَكَاةً (ن) to complain, to accuse

نَسْيَقُ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii thou complaineth, bewaileth

ا اشتکیا as RF

مِنْكَأَةً ( مِنْكُونًا ) a niche (n.)

ش م ت \*

(perate, neg. m. sing.) كُنْ تُشْمِتُ كُا cause not SS to rejoice (Jid.) make not SS gloat (Arb.)

> أَشْمَتَ إِشْمَاناً - ب

to make one rejoice at another, affection

ش ۴ خ ★

(act. pic. f. plu.) acc. شَاعِغَاتِ <|ofty, high, tall

شَمَخَ يَشْمُخُ شَمُّوْخاً (ن) to be high

رس) مَشْهِدَ يَشْهِدُ شَهُوْداً (س) to witness, be present

حَشْهُدُ شَهَادَةً (ك) \_ عَلَىٰ حَلَىٰ حَلَىٰ حَلَىٰ اللهُ مَشْهُدُ شَهَادَةً (ك) \_ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ

وَشَهِدَ شَاهِدُ مِنْ آهُلِهَا

And a witness of her own family bore witness.

[12:26]

is present (2)

لمَنْ شَهِدَ وِنْكُو الشَّهْرَ فَلْمُحَمَّةُ

So whoever of you is present in the month he shall fast therein. [2:185]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) شبِيدُوْا they bore witness (1)

وَسَهِدُ وَالنَّ الرَّسُولَ حَقَّ

And they had borne witness that the messenger was true. [3:86]

they witnessed (2)

النفهد واخلقهم

Have witnessed their creation? [43:19]

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) مُنْهِدُمُ you bore witness

(perf. 1st. p. phu.) المُعِيدُناً we bore witness (1)

قالواتهودناعلاانكينا

They will say: we bear witness against ourselves.

[6:130]

the left hand (2)

وَاعْتَامَنُ أَوْقَ كِلْبُهُ إِيثَمَالِهِ

Then as to him who shall be vouchsafed his book in his left hand. [69:25]

السَّمَاعِل، شَمَاعِل (n.p.b.) the left side

ش ن ء 🖈

(act. pic. m. sing.) آاِنِيَّ traducer, insulter

. hatred (n.)

ش ، ب ★

acc. شِهَابُ nom. شِهَابُ flame (1) (n.) gen.

الَّامَنُ خَطِفَ الْخَطْفَةَ فَاَتَبْعَهُ شِهَابٌ تَامِيُ Except him who snatches away (a word by stealth) and him then pursueth a glowing flame. [37:10]

a brand (2)

لؤاتيك وشفاب تبس

Or bring you therefrom a burning brand. [27:7]

the flames (n. p. b.)

ش ه د ★

رُوبَة (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) مُبَيِدَ ∼bore witness (1)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you bear witness (1) you witness (2) (imperf. 1st. p. sing.) I bear witness (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we bear witness (perate. m. sing.) bear witness! (perate. m. plu.) (you) bear witness ! (perate. neg. m. sing.) testify thou not ! (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~made SS testify (perf. Ist p sing.) iv I made SS present (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~takes SS to witness (imperf. 1st. p. si g.) iv I take \$5 to witness (perate. m. plu.) iv (you) take SS to witness (prate. m. plu.) x (you) call SS to witness شاهد ، nom شاهداً . (act. pic. m. sing.) an evidence, a witness شَاهِدُونَ .nom شَاهِدِينَ acc. gen (act. pic. m. plu.) bearers of witness (1)

witnesses (2)

we witnessed (2) And thereafter we shall surely say unto his heir, we witnessed not the destruction of his household. [27:49] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~bears witness (1) ~witnesses (2) (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they bear witness (1) they witness (2) (el. 3 p.m. plu.) that they witness (imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) will bear witness (1) آرجله فريسا كاثوا يغسكون On the day wherefrom their tongues and their hands and their feet will bear witness against them regarding that which they were wont to work. [24:24] declares on oath, (2) swears وَيَدُرُواْ عَنْهَا الْعَذَاكَ أَنْ تَثْهَدُ الْرَبْعَ شَهْدَةٍ بالله إنَّهُ لَينَ الكُّذِبِينَ And it will avert the chastisment from her if she testi-

fieth by Allah four times

that verily he is of the

liars.

[24:8]

وَمَنْ يُطِيح اللهُ وَالوَّسُولَ فَأُولِكَ مَعَ لَاَيْنَ الْمُمَ المَلْهُ عَلِيهِمْ مِّنَ النَّيهِ بِنَ وَالعِيدِيُوبِينَ وَالشَّهَلَاء وَالضَّلِحِينَ وَحَمْنَ أُولِكِنَ وَيَعْتَا

And whose ver obeyeth Allah and the apostle, then those shall be with them whom Allah hath blessed, from among the prophets, the saints, the martyrs, and righteous. Excellent are these as a company.

[4:69]

acc. مَشْهُودُ nom. مَشْهُودُ (pact. pic. m. sing.) witnessed

witness (v.n. mim.)

witness (v.n.) الشَّهَادَةُ

witnesses (v.n.p.) الشَّهَادَةُ

ش ۵ د ★

الشَّهُرُ ، شَهْرٌ month (n.)

two months (n. dual.)

الشَّهُورُ . الْأَشْهُرُ الْأَشْهُرُ

ش د ق ★

(v.n.) acc. أَسُنِعَا nom. أَسُنِعَا roaring, braying

(act. pic. m. plu. b.) (sing.) مَاهِدٌ (witnesses

(act. pic. m. p.b.) الْأَشْهَادُ

witnesses شَاهِنُد (sing.)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) present (1)

مَنُ أَنْمَ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى إِذْ لَوْ أَكُن مُّعَمُّ مُنْمِيدًا

Allah hath bestowed favour on me that I was not present with them. [4:72]

witness (2)

وَجِمْنَا بِكَ شَيِعِيدًا عَلَى مَوْلِا

And We shall bring thee agaiinst these as a witness.

[16:89]

heedful (3)

لِنَّ فِنْ ذٰلِكَ لَوْكُوٰى لِمَنْ كَانَ لَهُ قَلْبُ اَوَّالْعَ السَّمْعَ وَهُوَطَعِيْدٌ

Verily herein is an admonition unto him who hath a heart, or giveth ear while he is heedful. [50:37]

(act. 2 pic. m. dual.) شَيْدَنُّن two witnesses

(act. 2 pic. m. plu.) witnesses (1) martyrs (2)

## ش و ك ★

meta. arms (n.) الشَّوْكَةُ

ش و ی 🖈

يَشُويُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) حَدد

شَوَّى بَشْوِیْ شَبِتًا (ض) وَ أَشُوٰی to roast iv

extremities (M. Ali) (n.) الشوى scalds skin (Jid.)

## ش ی ء 🖈

شَاءَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

~willed

شَاءَ يَشَاءُ شَيْئًا وَ مَشِيْئَةً وَ مَشَاءَةً (ف) to will, to wish

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) شنت you willed

(perf. 2 p.m. dual.) پُسُمُّا you (two) wished

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) پشتم you wished

(perf. 1st p. plu) شفت we willed, wished

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) im

يَشَاوُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَشَاوُونَ they will wish, will ش ه و 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii اشْتَهَتْ ~desired

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii بُسْبُونُ they desire

imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii سُبِّيٰ —desires

lustfully (n.)

desires, lusts, joys (n.p.) الشَّهَوَاتُ

ش و ب ★

mixture for drink (Rgh.) (n.) مُتُوبًا drought (Jid.)

ش و ر ★

شاور (perate m. sing.) iii مقاور <a href="mailto:consult">أداد المادة ا

شَاوَدَ اسْتَشَارَ to ask

for advise, consult

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv آشآرت < ~pointed to

أَشَارَ بُشِيْرُ إِشَارَةً

to point out or at الله - على ا

mutual counsel (v.n.>vi) تَشَاوُرٌ

الشُّوْرِ السَّوْرِ السَّوْرِ السَّوْرِ السَّوْرِ السَّوْرِ السَّوْرِ السَّوْرِ السَّوْرِ السَّوْرِ السَّوْرِ

ش وظ ★

flame (n.) أَوْ اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ اللّ

\*14

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ش ی خ ★

(n.) acc. تَنْبُخا nom.

one advanced in years, aged

شُوْخًا (n.p.b.) acc. شُوْخًا aged and old ones

ش ی د 🖈

(pact. pic. m. sing.)

(pis. pic. f. sing.) مُشَيِّدُةُ plastered, lofty, fortified

\* 2 0 0

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

فِيْعَةُ (n.) (ect (1)

ڎؙؾؘڷٮٚڹؽٷٙؿؽٷڷۺؽڡۊٲؿؙؙؙؙؙٛٛٛٛٛۿٲۺٙڰٛڡٙڵ الرَّعُمُن عِينًا

Thereafter, we shall draw aside from each sect whichever of them against the Compassionate were most in excess. [19:69]

party (2)

مِنْ تُمْنَا مِنْ عَنْدُمْ وَمُنَا مِنْ عَنْدُمْ وَمُنَا مِنْ عَنْدُمْ وَمُنَا مِنْ عَنْدُمْ وَمِنْ اللهِ وَمُ One being of his own party and the other of his enemics. [28:15] (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) د المناه thou wills

رَيْسَاوُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) رَسَاوُوُنَ you will, wish

آشاً: I will (imperf. Ist p. sing.)

we will (imperf. Ist. p. plu.)

(n.) acc. in nom.

thing (1)

إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّي مِّنْ كُلِّي مِّنْ قَلِيرُرُ

Verily Allah is over every thing potent. [2:20]

aught, any extent (2)

آوَلَوْكَانَ أَبَا وُهُمُ لَا يَعْتِلُونَ ثَيْنًا وَلَا يَعْتَنُونَ Even though their fathers understood not aught.

(Jid.) [2:170]

Note: the word in direct objective case is often used to denote the meaning 'a little bit', 'at all' etc. as it is in the above quoted verse.

things (n.p.b.) أَشِياً \*

ش ی ب 🖈

(n.p.b.) acc.

<grey-headed ones</pre>

(sing.)

hoariness (n.) acc.

grey hair (n.) مُنْيَةً

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fellows, partisans, (n.p.b.)
man of the same persuation

وَلَقَدُ الْمُلَكُنَا الشِّياعَكُوْ فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَّكِرِ

And verily We have destroyed your fellows; but is there any that remembreth. (Pic.) And assuredly We have destroyed your likes; so is there anyone who shall be admonished. (Jid.) [54:51]

see و ش ی

أشياع

parties (n.p.b.) < sects, factions.

schismatics

(sing.) فينعنه

مِنَ الَّذِينَ فَرَكُوْادِينَهُمْ وَكَانُواشِيعًا

Of those who split up their religion and became schismatics. (Pic.) Of those who split up their religion and becames sects. (Jid.)
[30:32]

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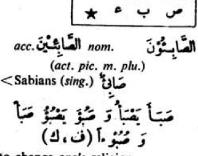
## كتباب الصاد

commentators have also expressed the idea that they were star-worshippers. But this opinion is rejected by others.

According to E. Br. (XIX. p. 790) the Sabians "were a semi-Christian sect of Bybylonia, the Elkasaites, closely resembling the Mandaeans or so-called 'Christians of St. John the Baptist', but not identical with them."

According to another definition "they were a sect in ancient Persia and Chaldea, who believed in the unity of God, but also worshipped intelligences supposed to reside in the heavenly bodies."

The commentators have also differed whether they were Ahl-al-Kitab or not.



to change one's religion

Note: Sabi is literally 'one who goes forth from one religion to another' (LL, Rgh.).

The commentators hold different opinions regarding them. Most of them agree that they are a Judaeo-Christan sect. The others mention that they are semi-Christians. Rgh. stresses that they were among the followers of the Prophet Nooh. A few

to come ii أُمَّتِحَ تَصْبِيْعاً in morning

وَلَقَدُ صَهَّحَهُ وَبُكُرَةً عَدَّاكِ مُسْتَوِرُّ

And certainly a lasting chastisement overtook them in the morning. [54:38]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv <br/>
became (1)

to enter low in low upon the time of morning, to appear, to become

فأخبتع ين الغيرين

And he became one of the losers. [5:30]

∼ began to do SS (2) (i.e. engaged in doing SS)

فأضبع يقلب ككناء

So he began to wring his hands. [18:42]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)iv ~became

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)iv you became

(perf. 3 p.m. phu.)iv آمَبُعُوا they became

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv acc.

acc. مُنِيّة nom. أُنِيتُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv ~becomes

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.)vi, acc. they become

The majority does not count them among the Ahlal-Kitab (the people of the book) "Ibn Kathir, Ibn Jurir and Qurtubi have quoted a few opinions of eminent companions of the Prophet (PBH) as Umar and Abdullah Ibn Abbas and from among the Tabeens as Hasan Basri including the Muslim jurist Imam Abu Haneefa who hold that marriage relations are allowed with them.

ص ب ب

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. ←

~poured

مَبَّ بَعُبُ مَبًّا (ن)

to pour out, be poured out (perf. Ist. p. plu.) assim.

we poured

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. ∼is poured, will be poured

(perate. m. plu.) assim. (you) pour!

pouring (v.n.) acc. (used as emphatic case, meaning heavy pouring')

ص ب ح ★

(perf. 3 p·m. sing.) ii < ~came in the morning

مَبَرَ يَعْبِرُ مَبْراً (ض)

to be patient, to endure

صَبَرُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَبَرُوا they bore patiently (1)

نَصَبَرُوْا عَلْ مَا كُذِ بُوّا

But they patiently bore that wherefore they belied.

[6:34]

they endured / (2) were steadfast, constant

تُعَرِّلِنَ رَبِّكَ لِلَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوْامِنُ بَعُدِ مَافْتِنْوُا تُحَجِّمُكُوْا دَصَبَرُوُّا

Then, verily, thy Lord unto those who have emigrated after they had been persecuted and then striven hard and were steadfast (or endured, or were constant). [16:110]

they persevered (3)

إكلاالكذين صَبَرُفاوَعَيلُواالظياحَةِ

Save those who persevered and did good works.

[11:11]

they suffered (4)

وتتك كليك تباك المشنى على بني إسراءيل لابما صبرة

And fulfilled was the good word of thy Lord unto the children of Israel for they were long-suffering.

[7:137]

(epl. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they certainly will become

(imperf. 2 p.m. phu.)iv, acc. that you become

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv

you enter the (3) morning

فَنْبْخْنَ اللَّهِ حِيْنَ تُسْتُونَ وَحِيْنَ تُصْبِحُونَ

And glory be to Allah when you enter the night and when you enter the morning. [30:17]

morning, dawn (n.)

العَنْبِحُ التَّنَامُ

morning, dawn (n.)

الإضباخ

(ap-der. iv, m. phu.) acc. (passers by) in morning

مفيحين

وَانْكُوْلَتَمُوُونَ عَلَيْهِهُ مُعْمِيحِيْنَ

daybreak, dawn (v.n.)

And you will pass by them in the morning, [37:137]

الْمِشْبَاحُ ، مِشْبَاحُ الْمِشْبَاحُ ، (amp (n.)

المسائيح (n.p.b.) المسائيح

وَلَقَدُ نَتُنَا النَّمَا ءَالدُهُ نِيَابِمَصَابِيعَ

And certainly we have adored this lower heaven with lamps (i.e., which are radiant stars). [67:5]

س ب د ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

juss. أَصْبِرُوْنَ nom. تَصْبِرُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you will bear patiently

acc. ونصبر (imperf. neg. Ist. p. plu.) we certainly cannot bear patiently/cannot endure to

لَنْ نَصْبِرَعَلْ طَعَامٍ وَالِحِدِ

We shall by no means bear patiently with one food. (Jid.) Indeed we cannot endure but one kind of food. (M. Asad) [2:61]

َصِّبِرَ لَّ (epl. 1st p. plu.) surely we shall bear patiently

وكنضير تعلمأا فننتنونا

And surely we shall bear patiently that which ye afflict us. [14:12]

(perate m. sing.)
endure! be patient, bear
patiently

فَلَصُيرُ إِنَّ الْعَالِبَةَ لِلْمُنْتَقِينَ

So be you patient, verily the happy end is for the Godfearing. [11:49]

wait patiently (Rgh.) (2)

واضبز ليخكيرتك

And wait thou patiently the judgement of thy Lord. [52:48]

فبرُوا (perate. m. plu.) فبرُوا endure, be patient, bear with patience, adhere steadily (perf. 2 p. m. plu.) you persevered, endured

سَلَوْعَلَيْكُوْ بِمَاصَةِرْتُمْ

Peace be upon you for ye patiently persevered.

[13:24]

And if ye endure patiently then surely it is better for the patient. [16:126]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) we bore patiently (1)

سَوَا وعَلَيْنَا أَجْزِعْنَا أَمْرَصَبُنَا

It is the same to us whether we cry or bear patiently. [14:21]

we adhered (2) patiently

He had well-nigh led us astray from our gods, if we had not adhered to them patiently. [25:42]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. ~endures patiently

إِنَّهُ مَنْ يَكِنِي وَيَصْبِورُ يَا يَانَ مِن مِولَا مِن اومِ

كَأِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يُضِينُهُ آجُرًا لِلنُحُسِنِينَ

Verily whosoever feareth and endureth then verily Allah wasteth not the reward of well-doers. [12:90]

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) juss. thou hast patience شبر

م ب غ \* 
<savour, relish (n.)</p>
مَنِغٌ مِنْغٌ مِنْغًا (ض)

to dye, colour, baptize

dye, colour, hue (n.)

مِبِّعَةَ اللَّوْوَمَنَ آحْسَنُ مِنَ اللَّهِ صِبْغَةَ Ours is the dye of Allah! And who is better at dying than Allah? [2:138]

(i.e., the religion of Islam: surrender to the Divine will. 'The dye of Allah is grace on His part and absolute surrender on ours. is also "Religion" and immediate means the religion of God, because 'its effect appears in him who has it like the dye in the garment, or because it intermingles in the heart like the dye in the garment'—

ص ب و ★

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) آمُتُ I shall incline, yearn

مُبَا یَمْبُو مُبُواً (ن)
 to be inclined, to be a youth
 324

مَابِرُوا (perate. > iii, m. plu.) مَابِرُوا excel in perseverance

(perate.>viii, m. sing.) اصطير endure, be steadfast!

الصَّبْرُ ، صَبْرًا . nom صَبْر اً .patience (v.n.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. آبراً patient

الصَّايِرُونَ ، صَايِرُونَ

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. مُعَايِرِيْنَ patients, steadfasts, perseverers

ر (pact. pic. f. sing.) مُايِرَةُ persevering one (f.)

أبرَاتُ (act. pic. f. plu.) مَا بِرَاتُ persevering women, patient women

مَا أَصْبَرَ (elative-w.)

how enduring !

فَهَا آصَبَرَهُمْ عَلَى التَّارِ

How enduring must they be of the fire. [2:175]

Note: \( \sqrt{\sqrt{here is expressive}} \)
of surprise and wonder.

ر (ints. sing.) بَتَارُ verily patient, steadfast

ص بع ★

<fingers (n.p.b.) أَصَابِعُ</p>
(sing.) أُصَابِعُ

accompanied'. Illustrating the meaning of this verse Rgh. stresses: 'No peace, mercy, compassion or solace from Us will be available to them'.

(perate. m. sing.) مَاحِبُ (thou) accompany! keep company with! consort!

(perate. ncg. m. sing.) مُعَاجِبُ (accompany not!

(act. pic. m. sing.) مُاحِبُ companion (1)

الْمُنَّالُ لِمَالِمِ لِأَعْرَنُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ مَعَنَا When he said unto his companion, grieve not, verily

Allah is with us. [9:40]

fellow (2)

. فَنَادَوُاصَاحِبَهُ مُونَتَعَاظِي فَعَتَرَ Then, they called their fallow

Then they called their fellow, and he took sword, and hamstrung her. [54:29]

victims (3)

وَلاَتُسْكِلُ عَنْ آصَعْبِ الْبَحِيثِم

And thou will not be asked about the fellows (victims) of the hell fire. [2:119]

showing any type (4) of connection or link

وَلَا تَكُنْ كَصَاحِبِ الْحُوْتِ إِذْ نَادَى وَهُوَ مَكْظُورُ

And be not thou like him of the fish when he cried out while he was in anguish. [68:48] وَالْاتَصُرِفْ عَنِيْ كَيْنَاهُنَّ أَصُبُ إِلَيْهِنَّ

Then if thou avertest their guile from me I should incline toward them. (Jid.) and if thou turn not away their device from me, I shall yearn towards them. (M.A.) [12:33]

child, young boy, (n.) acc. infant

تبيثا

ص ح ب \*

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) خبون خبون خبون (they can be kept company with

مَعِبَ بَصْحَبُ مَعَابَةً وَ مُعْبَةً (س)

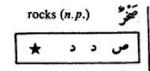
to company, to associate

لايتنفيلغون تضرانفيهم وكالموقنا يصحبون

They will not be able to succour themselves, and against Us they cannot be company with (by solace and comfort). (Jid.) they cannot help themselves nor can they be defended from Us. (M.A.) [21:43]

Note: All the forms derived

necessarily will contain the meaning of company, therefore, the above mentioned word literally means 'they will be



trans. assim. (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<>turned (1)
away (aside)

مِّدَّ بَعُدُ صَدّا (ن)

to oppose, to turn away from,

to shout

- مَسِدِيْداَ

Then of them were some who believed therein and of them were some who turned aside therefrom.

[4:55]

~hindered (intrans.) (2)

وَصَلَّهُ لَمَا كَانَتْ تَعْيِدُ مِن دُون الله

And that which she was wont to worship instead of Allah hindered her.

[27:43]

مَـدُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَـدُوا (they hindered

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) مَــَدُوناً we hindered, kept away

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) ~ was hindered

عَمْدُونَ nom. يَمْدُونَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they turned away (1) (act. pic. m. dual.) n.d. تاجِبَى two fellows

مَاحِبَةً (act. pic. f. sing.) مَاحِبَةً spouse, consort, wife

وَإِنَّهُ تَعْلَى جَدُرَيِّنَا مَا أَفْنُ صَاحِبَةً وَلَا وَلَكُمَّا

And He—exalted be the majesty of our Lord—hath taken neither a spouse nor a son. (Jid.) neither wife nor a son. (Pic.) has not taken a consort nor a son. (M.A.) [72:3]

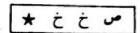
(act. pic. m. plu.) خَابُّ <fellows

ماجت (sing.)



<scriptures, (n.p.b.)</p>
writs, books
(sing.)

حِمَافٌ (sing.) عَافٌ (sing.)



المَّاخَةُ (act. pic. f. sing.) deafening cry or shout مَنَّ مُصُنَّ مَعُنَّا (ن)

to strike sound on the ear

ص خ ر ★ تعدید تعدی د (n.) (emp. neg. 3 p.m. sing.) لَا يَصُدُنَّ (thou) let SS not turn aside (emp. neg. 3 p.m. plu.) لَا يَصُدُّنَّ (you) let SS not turn aside

مَــَدُّ (n.) hindering

hanging back, (n.) مُدُودُ turning away

fetid water, festering (n.)
water, boiling water

is translated variously as pus, filthy water, hot or boiling water—LL)

ص د ر 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<will proceed, will come forth

صَدَرَ بَشْدُرُ صَدْراً وَ مَصْدَراً (ن) to return from, proceed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)iv, acc. مُعْدِرُ chrive away, taken away SS

breast, heart (n.)

Streasts, hearts (n.p.b.) مسدور (sing.) 
 مسدور المحتور ال

ص دع ★

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.)ii بُعَدَّعُونَ they are/will be affected with headache

<> صَدَعَ يَصْدَعُ صَدْعاً (ف) to divide رَأَيْتَ النَّافِقِيْنَ يَمُنْكُونَ عَنْكُ مُمُودًا Thou seest the hypocrites turning away from thee. [4:61]

they hinder, / (2) are hindering

وَهُوْيَصُنَّاوَنَ عَنِ الْسَبْجِي الْحَوَامِر

When they are hindering people from the sacred Mosque. [8:34]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they cry out, shout (3)

### إذاقومنك منته يعيثاقك

Behold they (people) thereat cry out. (Jid.) lo! thy people raise a clamour thereat. (M.A.) behold! the folk laugh out. (Pic).

[43:57]

Note: the difference between

with dhamma) يَصُدُونَ

with) يَعِيدُّوْنَ and (ص upon

kasra under ) should be noted. The former means: 'they hinder or kcep away', while the latter means: 'they raise a shout with laughter and clamour'.

(imperf. 2 p.m plu.) acc. that you hinder SS أمستروا

TTY

مَدَفَ بَصْدِفُ مَدْفاً (ض)
 to turn away

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مُصْدِفُونَ They shun, turn aside

الصَّدَفَيْنِ (n. dual.) cliffs, mountain sides

حَتَّى إِذَ اسَأَوى بَيْنَ الصَّدَقَيْنِ

When he levelled up (the gap) between the cliffs. (Pic.) between the two mountain sides. (Jid.)
[18:96]

ص د ق ★

مردق (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حـدق <-- spoke the truth (1)

مَدَقَ يعمُدَقُ مِيدُمًا (ن)

to be true, to say the truth, to fulfill SS

وكأ صَدَقَ الله

Say thou, Allah hath spoken the truth. [3:95]

fulfilled SS true, (2) showed SS true

لَتَدُ صَدَقَ اللهُ رَسُولَة الزَّيْمَ إِلاَّتِي

Allah hath fulfilled the vision for his messenger in very truth. (Pic.) [48:27]

صَدَقَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) صَدَقَتْ whas spoken truth, spoke truth

صَدَقُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَدَقُوا they totd truth (1)

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) v المَسَدَّعُونَ they will be sundered, separated.

Note: It is notable that the former is is of the second derived stem and passive imperfect, while the latter is which is of the fifth derived stem and active imperfect. The latter is originally but in the abovementioned form the

then assimilated to the other one.

(perate. m. sing.) اصدَعْ proclaim, promulgate aloud, declare openly

splitting (v.n.) العَدْعُ

وَالْأَرْضِ ذَاتِ الصَّدْعِ

And by the earth which splitteth (with herbage).

[86:12]

مُنصَدّعاً مُنصَدّعاً

(Ap-der. >v, m. sing)
splitting asunder, rending asunder

ص د ف ★

صَدَفَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) -shunned, turned away (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii حَدِّقَتْ رَافِعَةُ الْعَامِينِ

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) il مُدَّقْتُ thou fulfilled SS

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُدَدِّقُ ~confirmes SS

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)ii مُعَدِّقُونَ they testify, believe in SS

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)ii مُعَدِّقُونَ you confess SS, admit the truth

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مُحَدِّقُ meta.~forgo litt.~gave charity

مَنْ تَصَدَّى بِهِ فَهُوَلَقَارَةً لَهُ Then whosever forgoeth it, then it shall be for him an expiation. [5:45]

v. acc. n. d. مُعَدِّقُو (imperf. 3 p.m. plu meta.~you forgo

litt.~you give charity

Note: Its original from is

The final Nun is dropped due to accusative case. The first Ta is also dropped, as it is usual to the fifth derived stem in imperfect form.

(perate. m. sing.) ه be charitable

acc. v (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)
that they forgo, remit as a charity

حَتَّى يَتَبَيَّنَ لَكَ الَّذِينَ صَدَقُوا

Before it was manifest unto thee as whosoever told the truth. [9:43]

they are sincere (2)

أوليك النوين صدقوا

Such are they who are sincere. [2:177]

they fulfilled SS (3) true

مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ رِجَالٌ صَدَ قُوْامًا عَامَدُ واللهُ عَلَيْهِ

Of the believers are men who have fulfilled that which they covenanted with Allah. [33:23]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou told the truth

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) we fulfilled

رُوَةً (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مَدَّقًة ∼verified (1)

وَصَلَّى الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ

And he verified the messengers. [37:37]

~ believed (2)

فَلَاصَلَّقَ وَلَاصَلْ

He neither believed nor prayed. [75:31]

~proved true (3)

وَلَقَدْصَدَقَ عَلَيْهِ وَإِثْلِيْسُ كُلَّنَّهُ

Iblis proved true his opinion of them. (Arb.) [34:20]

other forms always has the meanings of excellence, truthfulness, veracity, virtue, firmness etc.

acc. مادِق nom. مادِق (act. pic. m. sing.) true, truthful, truth-teller

الصّادِقُونَ ، صَادِقُونَ

الصَّادِقِيْنَ ، صَادِقِيْنَ ، صَادِقِيْنَ

(Ap-der. m. plu.) truthful ones

(ap-der f. plu.) الصَّادِقَاتُ truthful women

alms, charity (n.) acc. gen. مَدَقَةِ

<alms, charities (n.) الصَّدَقَاتُ (sing.): الصَّدَقَةُ

صَدُقَاتُ «dowries (n.) حَدُقَاتُ (sing.)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مَدِينَّ friend

(elative m. sing.) أُمُدَقُ more truthful than SS

(ints. m. sing.) الصَّدَّيْقُ ، صِدَّيْقُ truthful one, man of truth and veracity

رِيَّةُ مِنْ (ints. f. sing.) مِيِّدُ مِنْ truthful woman

الصَّدِّ يَقُونَ nom. الصَّدِّ يَقِينَ

(ints. m. phu.)

truthful ones

فَأَصَّدَّقَ ع acc. y

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) that I may / shall give alms

(epl. Ist. p. plu.) v لَنَصَّدَّفَنَّ we will surely give alms acc. مَدْقًا nom. مِنْدَقًا

truth (n.) (1)

لَيْمَثُلُ الطِّيرِ قِينَ عَنْ صِدُ تِهِمْ

That he may ask the truthful of their truth. [33:8]

veracity, (2) truthfulness

وَتَنَتَّ كُلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ صِنْقًا وَمَنْلًا

And perfected is the word of thy Lord in veracity and in justice. [6:115]

excellence (3) (Rgh. Zajjaj)

وَمِيْدِ إِلَّذِينَ المُثْوَّالَ لَهُ وَكَنَّمَ فِعَنْ قِعِنْ اللَّهِمْ

And give glad tiding to those who believe that for them is advancement in excellence. [10:2]

literally means truth in word or deed, as Raghib has mentioned in Mufradat. It is almost impossible to render the vast and various meanings of this word into one word. It will suffice here to mention that this word and its

# ص د خ 🖈

أَضْطَوْ تُحُونَ imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii أَضُطُو مُحُونًا they will be shouting

to cry out loudly

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مُسْتَصِّر خُ ~is crying unto SS for succour

(ap-der. > ii, m. sing.) gen. مُصْرِح one who succours

مَّالَتَا بِيضُرِخِكُمُّ وَمَّااَنْتُوْبِمُضْرِخَيُّ I cannot succour you nor can ye succour me. [14:22]

( مُصْرِخِينَ .nd + يَ )

مُصْرِخِيِّ (Ap-der. > ii, m. plu.) those who succour (me)

cry for help (but in the Holy Quran this word means reponse for the shout for help. In other words there will be nobody to approach to succour)

# ص د د ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. iv أَصَرُوا they persisted

أَصَرَّ iv إَصْرَاراً ,to persist,
 to persevere in

assim. iv وَجَّر (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~persists مَدَّقُ nom. مُصَدِّقًا

(ap-der.> ii, m. sing.) confirming one

(ap-der. > ii, m. sing.) gen. الْمُدُونِينُ confirming one

acc. gen. الْمُتَصَدِّقَيْنَ (Ap-der.>v, m. plu.) almsgivers, charitable ones

(ap-der.>v, m. plu.) acc. الْصَدِّقِينَ almsgivers, charitable ones

(Ap-der.>v, f. plu.) الْمُتَعَدِّقَاتُ charitable or almsgiver (women)

(ap-der.>v, f. plu.) دانگذاک charitable or almsgiver (women)

تصدیق confirmation (v.n.)

ص د ی ★

تَصَدَّى ۷ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) سرای thou attendest

> تَعَدُّى ﴿ تَصَدُّما

to correspond to appear

clapping (v.n.) مُعْدِيَة

ص د ح ★

acc أَمَّرُ عَ nom. الصَّرَّةِ ، مَرْحاً palace, lofty building, (n.) tower

صَرَفَ يَضْرِفُ صَرْفاً (ض) \_ عَنَّ to turn away,

to turn to 31 \_

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) مُرَفَناً - إِلَىٰ we turned towards, inclined towards,

imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) مُعْرِفُ مُعْرِفُ معرود averts, turns away

imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) juss. تَعْرِفْ thou turns away, averts

أَصْرِفُ nom. juss.

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.)
I shall turn away

نَعْرِفَ (el. Ist. p. plu.) that we avert from, turn away

صُرِفَتْ (pp. 3 p. f. sing.) صُرِفَتْ حwould be turned to

يَصْرُفُ (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. مُعْرُفُ مِن saverted from

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُصْرَفُونَ they are turned away

(pip. 2 p. m. plu.) مُصْرَفُونَ you are turned awny

اصرِف (perate. m. sing.) avert! turn!

رُونَا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii مَرَّ فَعُ we variously propounded, set forth

وَلَقَدُ صَرَّفَنَ الِلتَّاسِ فِي هُذَا الْقُرْلِ مِنْ كُلِّ مَثْلٍ

And assuredly We have variously propounded for mankind in the Quran every kind of similitude. [17:89] assm. iv يُعِيرُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they persist

assim. juss. iv (imperf. neg. 3 p.m. plu.)
they persist not

intense cold (n.)

ور gen. ورو vociferating, moaning (n.)

ص ر ص ر

gen. مَرْصَراً acc. qurd. مَرْصَر raging, furious and (n.) intensely cold (wind)

ص رط 🖈

العَرِّرَاطُ ، صِرَاطُ

straight and right (n.) acc. أطأً path

ص رع 🖈

حَوْعِل (n.p.) حَوْعِل sprostrate

صَرَعَ بَصْرَعُ صَرُعاً (ف) to strick down

ص ر ف ★

مَرَفَ ـ عَنْ ( perf. 3 p.m. sing. ) مُرَفَ ـ عَنْ اللهِ ( perf. 3 p.m. sing. )

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii ~ascending, mounting up

vehement (n.) acc. 1

And whosoever turneth aside from the rememberance of his Lord, him He shall thrust into a torment vehement. [72:17]

fearful woe, dis- (n.) acc. أَمُوْداً tressing punishment

#### سأنهفه صغودا

I shall afflict him with a fearful woe. [74:17]

Note: Literally is an ascending road, a mountain-road difficult of ascent; a difficult place of ascent.

soil, earth (n.) acc.

ص ع د ★

(perate. neg. m. sing.) ii Y turn not!

> مَعْرَ # تَصْعِيْراً

to turn the face

صع ق ★

( perf. 3 p.m. sing. ) حَمِقَ <

رُّنُ (imperf. Ist p. plu.) ii عَرِّنُ we propound variously, vary

أَصَرَ فُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vii الصَرَ فُوا they turned away

(pact. pic. m. sing.) acc.

diversion, (v.n.) acc.

(n.pt.) acc. المشرقة escape, way for aversion turning about (v.n.ii)gen.

ص د م \*

(epl. 3 p.m. plu.) surely they will reap

> صَرَمَ بَضْرِمُ صَرْماً (ض) در to cut off

رمين (act. pic. m. plu.) acc. متارِمين

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) gen. reaped, plucked

س ع د ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ascendeth, mounteth up

حَمِيدَ بَمْعَدُ مُعُوْداً (س)
 to ascend

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv you are going, running, ascending

اِذْتُصُعِبُوْنَ وَلَاتَلُونَ عَلَىٓ أَحَبٍ And recall what time ye were

running off. [3:153]

# ض غ ي 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) f.d.

> مَعْلَىٰ يَعْمُغُوا مَغُواً (ن) to incline to

(el. 3 p. f. sing.) لِتُصْغَىٰ that~may incline to

ص ف ح \*

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) المُعْفَعُوا

they should forgive, overlook SS, pass over SS, pardon

مَفَعَ بَعْفَحُ مَفْعاً (ف) \_ عَنْ
 to pardon, forgive

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) juss. you overlook, pardon

(perate. m. sing.) مُفَحُ (you) overlook! pardon! forgive!

overlooking, (v.n.) acc. مُنْتَ forgiveness

avoidance, (v.n.) acc. turning away from

## آفتغيب عثلهالأكوكفا

Shall We then take away from you the admonition. [43:5]

(this phrase 'is taken from a rider's striking his beast to swoon on مَبِقَ صَعْقاً hearing a vehement sound

(i.e., the living will die and the souls of the dead will become unconscious—Jid.)

they shall be swooned

(act. pic. f. sing.) الصَّاعِقَةُ ، صَاعِفَةُ

thunderbolt, vehement cry,

(meta. destructive punish-

(n.p.b.)
thunderbolts, thunderclaps القَّوَاعِقُ
thunderstruck (n. adj.) acc.

# ص غ د ★

مَاغِرُونَ ، صَاغِرِ بَنَ ، صَاغِرِ بَنَ مَاغِرُونَ ، صَاغِرُ فَنَ ، صَاغِرُ بَنَ مَاغِرُونَ ، صَاغِرُ فَنَ مَاغِرُونَ ، صَاغِرُ بَنَ مَاغِرُونَ ، صَاغِرِ بَنَ مَاغِرُونَ ، صَاغِرِ بَنَ مَاغِرُ وَنَ مَاغِرُ وَنِ مِاغِرُ وَنِ مَاغِرُ وَنِ مِاغِرُ وَنِ

مَنْزَ يَعْفُرُ مَنْوا (ك)

to be small,

ment)

\_ مِنقَاراً to be mean

قينيراً .acc مَيْنِر

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.) acc. مَنِيْنَةً

أَصْغَرُ less than SS (elative)

vileness, humiliation (v.n.)

وَإِنَّالْنَحْنُ الصَّافُّونَ

And verily we! we are ranged ranks. [37:165]

(act. pic. f. phu.)gen. الطّاقَاتِ ، صَافَّاتِ ، صَافَّاتِ ، صَافَّاتِ ، صَافَّاتِ ، صَافَّاتِ ، صَافَّاتِ ، على those who are (1) ranged in ranks (i.e. angels)

وَالصِّفْتِ صَفًّا

By the angels ranged in ranks. [37:1]

spreading and (2)
outstretching the wings
(i.e., birds)

اَوَلَوْ يَكُو وَالِكَى الطَّائِرِ فَوْنَهُمْ صَّنَٰتٍ وَيَعْبِضَنَ Behold they not the birds above them outstretching the wings and they also

in rows ('applied to camels as meaning, setting their legs in an even row'.--LL)

withdraw them? [67:19]

gen. مَفْتُونَة nom. مَفْتُونَة (pact. pic. f. sing.)

ranged

row, rank (n.) acc.

ص ف ن ★

منفآ

(act. pic. f. plu.) الطّافِيّاتُ well-bred, coursing horses Note; 'Safinat' Is plural of safin, which signifies, 'a with his stick when he desires to turn him from the course that he is pursuing' (*LL*). And it signifies avoidance of something).

س ف د ★

<chains, fetters (n.p.b.) الْأَصْفَادُ</p>
(sing) مَفَدُّ

ص ف ر ★

(Ap-der. ix, m. sing.) acc. المُفَوِّرُا <yellow

اصْفَرَّ ix اصْفِرَاراً to become yellow, pale

بنفراه (f) yellow (f)

خفر «tawny (n.p.)

صَفْرًا و أَصْفَرُ (sing.)

ص ف ص ف

smooth, (n.) (qurd.) acc. levelled and empty plain

ص ف ف ★

صَفَتَ بَصُفُ صَفّاً (ن) to set in a rank

Safa (n.)

(a small mount or merely an eminence in the holy city of Makkah besides the building of the holy mosque).

ص ل ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) حَلَبُوا <they crucified

مَلَبَ يَمَنُّكُ مَلْباً (ن) وَمَلَّبَ # تَصْلَبُ to crucify

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) منك منا be crucified

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُعَلِّرُوا will be crucified

(epl. Ist. p. sing.) ii كُنُصَلِّبَنَ I will surely crucify

rib, (n.) gen. التَّلُب breast bone

loins (n. p.b.) gen. أَضْلاَب

Note: الشُّلْبُ (sing.) and

is used in Quran only one time. But the place where it is used as singular means the "rib of woman' and where it is used as plural it means there 'the loin of the man.'

horse standing upon three legs and the extremity of the hoof of the fourth leg' (*LL*, *Ibn Kathir*). Therefore, it means a horse that is still when standing, or well-bred horse.

ص ف و ★

أَصْنَىٰ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv <<~distinguished

مَنَا بَصْنُو مَنْوا (ن) to be pure,

أَصْنَىٰ iv إِصْفَاءاً to choose

أفَاصَفْكُورَ فِكُوْمِ الْبَيْنِينَ

Hath then your Lord distinguished you with sons.

[17:40]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii مُعَلَقٰ مُعانِيًا

(perf. 1st p. (sing.) viii اصطفیت I chose SS

(perf. Ist p. plu.) viii أَصْطَلُقْيَنَا we chose SS

يَصْطَفِي (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) viii مُعْطَفِي chooses

(pis. pic. m. sing.)

(pis. pic. m. plu.) الْمُعَلِّفِينَ slected ones good their state. (Jid.) and improve their condition. (M.A.) [47:2]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they amended (their conduct in future)

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iy اَصْلَحْناً we made SS fit and sound

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~rectifies, corrects, purifies

### يْصْلِحُ لَكُوْاَعْمَالُكُوْ

He will rectify for you your works. [33:71]

sets right (2)

إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يُصُلِحُ عَسَلَ الْمُفْسِدِينَ

Verily Allah setteth not right the work of corrupters.

[10:81]

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) acc. iv they (twain) effect a reconci-

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv مُعْلِحُونَ they rectify

acc. gen. iv
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
that you make peace, reconciliate

العَّالِحُ ، صَالِحٌ nom.

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. [4]

SALEH (2) (prop. n.) (the name of a Prophet sent to Thamudites)

# \* 2 0

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حَلَّحُ < act righteously, are good, are fit

مَلَّحَ يَعْلُمُ (ف، ك) to be good, right, sound

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~amended, reformed (1)

فَسَنْ تَأْبَ مِنْ بَعْدِ ظُلْمِهِ وَأَصْلَحَ

Then whosoever repenteth after his wrongdoing and amendeth (e. g., reformed the conduct). [5:39]

~effected an (2) agreement, made up

#### نَسَّ خَافَ مِنْ مُوْصِ جَغَااوَاهُمُّا فَأَصْلَحَ بَيْنَامُ ذَلَّ الْحُدَعَلَيْهِ

But if one fears a wrong or sinful course on the part of the testator and effects an agreement between the parties. (M.A.) and thereupon he maketh up the matter between them.(Jid.)
[2:182]

~made good, (3) imporoved

كظَّرَ عَنْهُ وْسَيِّالْيَهِمْ وَأَصْلَحَ بَالَهُ وُ

He shall expiate their misdeeds from them and make صل

حَلَدَ بَعْلِدُ صَلْداً (ض)
to be hard and smooth

ص ل ص ل

ringing clay (n.) gen. مُلْمَالِ

ص ل و ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) li prayed to pray, ii مَلِيُّ صَلاَةً to pray for

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii ∼is praying (1)

Then the angels called unto him even while he stood praying in the apartment. [3:39]

~sends blessings (2) and benedictions

المُوالَّتِينَ يُعَمِّلُ وَمُلِيَّاكُمُ He it is who sendeth His blessings (benedictions) to you, and His angels.

[33:43]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) ii they send their blessings and benedictions

(imperf. neg. 3 p.m. plu.) ii المُعَلَّوْنِا they have not prayed (act. pic. m. dual.) gen. نايلين two righteous ones

الصَّالِحُونَ nom. الصَّالِحِينَ acc. (act. pic. m. plu.)

good, righteous ones

(act. pic. f. plu.) الصَّالِحَاتُ righteous (works or deeds)

وَبَشِوِ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِخْتِ

And give glad tidings unto those who believe and do good works. [2:25]

good, righteous (2) women

So righteous women are obedient, guarding in secret that Allah hath guarded.

[4:34]

(Ap-der. > iv, m. sing.) الْمُنْلِحُ fair dealer lit. rectifier

gen. الْمُعْلِحُونَ nom. الْمُعْلِحُونَ (Ap-der. > iv, m.plu.) rectifiers, reconcilers

التُّلُّ nom. مُنْحاً reconciliation

إضلاح . nom الإضلاح ، إضلاحاً .

rectification (v.n. ii) gen. reconciliation, setting good

ص ل د ★

smooth and bare (n.) acc. [iii

churches, synagogues and mcsques would have been pulled down. [22:40]

ص ل ی ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

مَلَىٰ بَعْلَىٰ مَيْلِيًّا (ف)

to roast, fry, boil

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مُعْلُونَ they will roast

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) منظلاً will roast

(perate,>ii, m. plu.) اصَّلَوُا you roast

(perate.>ii, m. plu.) (you) roast SS

أَصْلِيْ imperf. Ist p. sing.) iv أُصِلِيْ I shall roast SS

juss. نَعْلِي nom. نَعْلِ

(imperf 1st p. plu.) iv we shall roast SS

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) viii نصطلون you may warm yourselves (with fire in severe cold)

إِذْ قَالَ مُوسَى لِلْفَلِهِ اِنْ اَلْمَتُ نَارَاسًا بِيَكُومِنْهَا عِنْهِ الْمَالِيَكُومِنْهَا الْمَالِيَكُومِنْهَا (Remember) when Musa said unto his household: I perceive a fire afar, I will bring you tiding thence or bring to you a borrowed flame that you may warm.

[27:7] (el. 3 p.m. plu.) ii المُعَلَّوْا they should pray

(perate.> ii, m. sing.)
(thou) pray!

(you) send benedictions and blessings!

لاَ تُعَلَّ - عَلَىٰ "

(perate neg. m. sing.) (thou) pray not over SS

acc. gen.

(Ap-dr. > ii, m. plu.)
prayerful ones, (those who
pray)

مُعَلَى (n.pt.) the place for prayer (n.pt.) prayer, worship (n.)

مَلَوَاتُ nom. الصَّلَوَاتِ. nom. خَلَوَاتِ. (n.p.b.) gen. حَلَوَاتُ

صَلَوْةً (sing.)

خفظؤاعل القتكولت

Guard the prayers. [2:238]

blassings, benedictions (2)

أوللك علكهم مكاف من وتيوم

These on them shall be benedictions from their Lord. [2:157]

synagogues (3)

وَكُوۡلَادَفُعُ اللّٰهِ النَّاسَ بَصْفَهُمُ بِبَعْضٍ لَهُنِهَمَّتُ صَوَامِعُ دَبِيعٌ وَصَلَوْتُ وَسَعِيهُ

And were it not for Allah's repelling of some by means of others, cloisters and

صَالُ

\* 1100

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. they (willfully) became deaf

> مَّمَّ بَعْمُ مَمَّا (ن)

to be deaf

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَصَمَّةً ~deafened SS

deaf (n. adj.) الْأَصَمُّةُ

acc. أَثُمُّ nom. أُمُّمُّ deaf ones (n. adj. plu.)

ص نع ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) < they worked, wrought

مَنْعَ بَعْنَعُ مُنْعاً (ف)

to make do, create

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

∼is making

وَيَصْنَعُ الْفُلُكَ

And he was making the Ark. [11:38]

~is building (2)

وَ وَتَوْزَامَا كَانَ يَصْنَعُ فِرْتَوْنُ وَقُومُهُ وَمَا كَانُوا يَوْدِ لِمُونَ

And we destroyed that which Fir'awn and his people had built and that which they had raised. [7:137] Note: It is notable that all forms of this root except iv are intransitive. And both are used in the Quran in the context of torment. The eighth derived stem is used in the Quran only two times and not in context of chastisement, but only in the mean ing of getting warm. [27:7]

(act. pic. m. sing.) nom. f.d. one who is to roast

(act. pic. m. plu.) nom, f.n.d. 15 those who are to roast

ص م ت ★

سَامِتُونَ (act. pic. m. plu.) سَامِتُونَ <silent ones

مَمَّتَ بَعْمُتُ مَمْناً (ن)

to be silent

ص م د 🖈

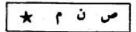
An epithet of Allah, meaning: Besought of all, and Independent of every one and every thing, i.e., lacking in nothing and wanting none to complement Him, The Absolute, the Eternal.

ص ع \*

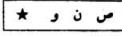
handiwork (2)

صُنْعَ اللهِ الَّذِينَى ٱللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّه The handiwork of Allah who hath perfected every thing. [27:88]

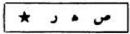
making, art of making(n.)



gen. أَصْنَامَ ، أَصْنَاماً مَد. الْمُصْنَامَ ، أَصْنَام ، أَصْنَاماً مِنْ وَidols (n.p.b.)
(sing.) مَنْمُ وَالْمُعْدِينَ الْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ الْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ الْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَلَيْهِ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدَانِ وَالْمُعْدِينَ والْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَ وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْلِي وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْدِينَا وَالْمُعْلِي وَالْمُ

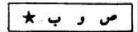


two palm trees (n. sing.) مِنْوَانُّ from one root



(pip. 3 p. m. sing.)

kinship by (n.) acc. آيئورا marriage



(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv أَمَابُ befall (e. g., (1) calamity)

to hit, attain the purpose, to be right, to assail, to befall (calamity)

(el. (pip) 2 p. m. sing.) that thou may be brought up

#### وَلِتُصُنَّعَ عَلَى عَيْنِيْ

And that thou may be brought up before my eyes.
[20:39]

أَنْ أَنْ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they are doing, performing

رُفَيْتُونَ (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) you are doing, performing

. (perate. m. sing.) (you) make (SS)!

(perf. Ist p. sing.) viii مُعَلِّنَهُ I chose (SS)

#### وَاصْطَلْتُعْتُكُ لِنَكْيِنَ

And I have chosen thee for Myself. [20:41]

Note: It would be rendered as 'I brought up' according to other reliable commentators.

castles, fortress (n. pt) acc.

وَتَنْتَفِئُونَ مَصَانِعَ لَمُكُلُّونَخُلُدُونَ

And take ye for yourselves castles (or fortresses) that haply ye abide. [26:129]

(n.) acc. مُنْعَ ، والمحاصلة والمح

## وكمنم يعسبون المهم يعيدنون حنعا

And they deem that they are doing well in performance. [18:104] ~will afflict (2)

الانصيام مل الأنصاب ولا منصفة Afflict them not thirst or fatigue or hunger.

[9:120]

juss. acc. nom. nom. (imperf. 3 p. f./2 p. m. sing.)
you/it will befall, afflict

(e.m neg. f. sing.) iv لَا تُعِيْبَنَّ shall not afflict

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv acc. that you may not harm, hurt

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) iv I shall afflict

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv

تُصِيْبُ بِرَحْمَتِنَامَنَ تَشَادُ

We bestow Our mercy on whomsoever We will.

[12:56]

(ap-der. > iv, m. sing.)
that which to befall or
smite SS

(ap-der.> iv, f. sing.) مُعِينَةً

laden cloud, (n.)
abundant rain

right (n.) acc.

ص و ت ★

voice (n.) مَنْ وَتُ

مَّاآصَابَ مِنْ مُولِيَّهُ إِلَّا بِالْفَالِهُ اللهِ No calamity befalleth save by Allah's leave. [64:11]

~made SS fall (2) upon (in good context)

فَتَنَى الْوَدَقَى يَخُرُجُ مِنْ خِلْلِهَ ۚ فَإِذَا اَصَابِهِ ۗ مَنْ يَشَا أُمِنُ عَبَادِ قِهِ إِذَا أُمُ خُرِينَتُ بَتُرُونَ Then when He causes it to fall upon whom He pleases of His bondmen, lo! they rejoice. [30:48]

~intended, desired (3)

فَسَخُونَالَهُ الرِيْحَ تَجُدِئ بِأَسْدِهِ رُخَاءً

So We made the wind subservient to him, it made his command to run gently whenever he desired (M.A.) whithersoever he intended (Pic.). [38:36]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv befell, afflicted

(perf. 2 p.m. phu.) iv you inflicted, smited

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we inflicted, smited

juss. acc. nom.
(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv
~shall befall, (1)

ص وم 🖈

(e. l. 3 p.m. sing.) حِيْمُةُ < ~should fast

مَّامَ يَصُومُ صَوْماً (ن) to fast

- عَنْ to abstain from

أَصُو مُوا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. المُعَوْمُوا that you fast

(act. pic. m. plu.) gen. العَدْ أَعْيَنَ fasting men

الصَّا تُمَاتِ (act. pic. f. plu.) gen. الصَّا تُمَاتِ

a fast (n.) acc. مَوْماً

القيام ، مِيام أم nom. القيام ، مِيام fasting (v.n.) gen.

\* 7 5 0

acc. القَيْحَةُ، مَنْحَةُ nom. القَيْحَةُ، مَنْحَةً (an awful) shout (n.)gen. مَنْحَةِ

ص ی د ★

(perate. m. plu.) اصطادوا (you) hunt, chase may hunt, may chase

صَادَ يَعِيْدُ مَنْيداً (ض) وَ اصْطَادَ

to hunt

gen. الصّيد nom. الصّيد hunting, chase (1) (v.n.)

voices (n.p.b.) acc. الأُمْوَاتُ

ض و ر ★

(perate. m. sing.)

صَارَ يَصُورُ صَوْراً (ن) to cause to incline

فَحُدُ ٱلْبَعَةُ مِنَ الطَّايُرِيَّصُرُّمُنَّ إلِيَّكَ

Take then thou four of the birds and incline them towards thee. [2:260]

مُوَّدَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii shaped, formed, fashioned

مَوَّرَ اللهِ مَوْرِراً 
 to shape, fashion

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii مُوَرِّناً we shaped, formed, fashioned

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُعَوِّدُ ~shapes, fashions

(ap-der. m. sing.) ii الْمُسُوِّرُ Fashioner (an epithet of Allah)

ص وع ★

ص و ف ★

cup (n.)

أَمْوَافِي wools (n.p.b.) gen. أَمْوَافِ مُثُوفًا (sing.)

صَارَ يَعِيْدُ مَثْيراً (ض) \_ إِلَّا to arrive

acc: مَصِيْراً ، مَصِيْراً

ض ی ص ★

صَيَامِيْ (fortresses (n. p.b.) مَيَامِيْ صَيْمَةً ، مِنْهِيَةً (sing.)

summer (n.) gen. المَّيْفِ

#### وأنتنه محزم غير غرلى القيب

Not allowing the chase while you are in a state a sanctity. [5:1]

the game (2) (that which is to be hunted)

لَيَنْ لُونَكُو الله وَتَمَنَّ القَيْدِ

Allah shall surely try you with the game. [5:94]

ص ی د ★

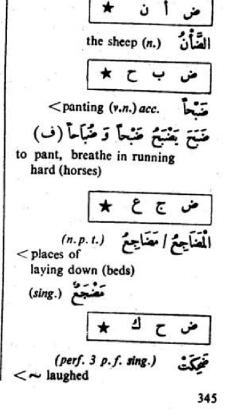
(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) <--cometh to, reaches to, tenders to

## كتاب الضاد

to laugh, to wonder, to rejoice (Rgb., LL) ـ مِنْ to laugh at (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they laugh إذا هُوْمِنْهَانِصْحُكُونَ Behold! at them they were laughing. [43:47] (el. imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) let them laugh (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you laugh وُكُنُمُ مِنْهُ وَتَضْحَكُونَ You were laughing at them. [23:110] (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv أضحك ~causeth to laugh (act. pic. m. sing.) laughing

410

ضَّحِكَ يَضْعَكُ ضَّكَا ۚ وَ يَضْكَا (س)



جندآ

ق

# ض د د ★

(in) adversary (n.) acc.

ض ر ب ★

(part. 3 p. m. sing.)

~ propounded the similitude (Jid.)

َ ضَرُّباً (ض) ضَرَّبَ يَضْرِبُ to strike, to beat

to coin a similitude or give a parable, to make an example

to give similitude (1) - 1 - 1 - to mention (2) to compare (3)

to strive, go forth

. فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ to travel

to take away, avoid عَنْ

to put a cover, shut

كيف عُمرت اللهُ مَثَلًا

How Allah set forth a parable. [14:24]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) مَرَوُوا they set forth a (1) parable

#### فَتَنَدَّ ضَاحِكًا مِنْ قَوْلِهَا

So he smiled wondering at her word. [27:19]

(act. pic. m. sing.) مُعَامِكُهُ laughing

ضَاحِكَةً ثُنْتَبُشِرَةً

Laughing, rejoicing. [80:39]

مضح و ★

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. خنعی <a href="thou shall suffer from sun">thou shall suffer from sun</a>

هِي بَضْعَىٰ ضَمَّا (س)

to be smitten by the sun

<early forenoon (n.)

The word properly signifies the bright part of the day when the sun shines fully (LL).

وَ الصَّحَٰى . by the bright- comp. وَ الصَّحَٰى

means 'swear و the particle) فتحلي means 'swear

brightness of the day. The final latter of the word

i.e., & is replaced in case of its attachment to pronominal thus:

its sunshine]

ور خمآمآ (imper: 3 p.m. sing.) مقربُ -coineth a similitude, gives a parable

يَغْيِبُ اللَّهُ الْأَمْثُ لَ

Allah coineth the similitudes. [13:17]

يغيرب الله الحق والباءل

"Allah propounds the truth an a falsity." [13:17](Most of the commentaters took the word Jie in tl'is verse as ellipsis, thus the meaning would be "Allah set forth or propounded a similitude to show the differences between the truth and the false (see IK., RZ); some of them as Qr., Rgh. took in the meaning of compare i.e., "Allah compares(between) the truth and false"; some of them explained it as "likeneth or confirmeth"

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَغْرِبُونَ they strike

يَضْرِيُونَ وُجُوفَهُمْ وَأَذَبَارَهُمْ

They strike their faces and their backs. [8:50]

ـ فِيْ الْأَرْضِ they travel

وَاعْمُونَ يَشْهِرُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ And others who travel on the land. [73:20] كَيْفَ خَرَنُوْ الْكَ الْإِمْثَالَ

How they set forth a parble. [17:48]

They mentioned (2)

مَامْرُيُوهُ لَكَ إِلَّا جَدَلًا

They mentioned him not to thee save for disputation. [43:58]

they travel (3)

إِذَا خَمَرُ وَافِي الْأَرْضِ

When they travel in the earth.
[3:156]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)

ye went forth (1)...;

إذَا خَرَيْتُمْ فِي سِينِلِ اللهِ

When ye go forth in Allah's way. [4:94]

ye travel in the (2) فِيْ ٱلْأَرْضُ earth.

لذاخر يتجرني الكنف

And when ye travel in the earth. [4:101]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) وَمَرَ بِنَا \_ الْأَمْثَالَ we made example

وَهَرَيْنَالَكُوْالْأَمْثَالَ

We made (them) example for you. [14:45]

ـ عَلَىٰ (we put over a cover (2)

فَضَرَيْنَاعَلَ أَفَايْهُمْ فِالْكُمْفِ

Wherefore We put a covering over their ears in the cave. [18:11] ed by those translators who tend to deny miracles).

give a parable اُخْرِبْ – مَثَلًا or propound a similitude make a way اَضْرِبْ – طَرِيْقاً

فَافَيْهُ لَهُ كَلِيقًا فِي الْمُعَرِيَدِينَا

And make for them a way dry in the sea. [20:77]

(parate. m. plu.) مغربوًا mite! (1)

فَقُلْنَا اصْرِبُوهُ بَبَعُضِهَا

Wherefore We said, smite with part of her. [2:73]

beat (2)

وَلَفُجُرُوْهُنَ فِي الْمَضَاجِعِ وَاصْرِيُوْهُنَّ

And avoid the (f) in beds and beat them. [4:34]

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ب

similitude is (1) مَثَلُّ propounded

مُلُلًا (2) held up.as (2) مُثَلًا sample

وَلَتَنَاهُمِ بِ ابْنُ مَوْيَهُمْ مَثَلًا

And when the son of Maryam is held up as an example. [43:56]

is set (3)

فَضُرِبَ بَيْنَهُمْ بِسُوْدٍ

Then between them a high wall is set. [57:13]

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) يَضْرِ بْنَ they strike they should not لَا يَضْرِ بْنَ

strike (el. imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) لِيَغْرِبُنَ They should cover

وَلْيَضْرِبُنَ بِخُمُرِهِنَ عَلْ جُيُوْبِهِنَ

And they (female) should put their scarves (headcovers) over their bosoms. [24:31]

لاً تَضْرِبُوا (perate neg. m. plu.) propound not الْأَمْثَالَ

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.)

we propound the الْأَنْعَالَ similitude,

\_ عَنْ we take away

أَفَنَضْرِبُ عَنْكُمُ الذِّكُوْمَ فَمُا

Shall we then take away from you the Admonition. [43:5]

اضُربُ strike! (perate. m. sing.)

اضرب تتشألة المعجر

Strike with thy staff the stone. [2:60]

rendering of أَشْرِبُ is 'smite' or 'strike'. The root verb ضَرَبُ never signifies "to seek a way" or "march on" as render-

ضَرَّ بَضُرُّ ضَرِّاً وَ ضُرَّاً (ن) to injure, harm, hurt

وَلاَ مَنْ عُمِنُ دُوْنِ اللّٰهِ مَالاَ يَنْفَعُكُ وَلَا يَعُمُرُكُ And invite not beside Allah that can neither profit thee nor hurt thee.

[10:106]

مرود ( acc.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) نَصْرُونَ they hurt

they will never لَنْ يَضُرُّوكَ hurt thee

مع وا acc.

مِيْرُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) wyou hurt

لاَ تَفُرُّوْنَهُ إلاَ تَضُرُّوْهُ

you hurt him not

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ~is hurt or is done harm

وَلَا يُعْنَأُوْكَا رِبُ وَلِا يَعْفِيدُ

And let no harm be done to scribe or witness. [2:282]

مَارً (pip. 3 p. f. sing.) مَارً

لَاتُضَأَرُّوَالِكَ قُالِحَلَىٰهِمَا

A mother should not be hurt because of her child.

[2:233]

أَمْنُطُو اللهِ (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) viii مُنْطُورُ اللهِ shall compel

(pp. 3 p.f. sing.)

و ر ضربت

- عَلَى overshadowed

خُرِيَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ الذِّلَةُ

Overshadowed are they by ignominy. (Asad.) [3:112]

smiting (v.n.)

وَإِذَا لَيْنِينُ وُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فَضَرْبَ الرِّوَابِ

So when you meet (in battle) those who disbelieve smite the necks. [47:4]

is verbal noun here used in the sense of imperative to emphasise the command. The verse means when you face disbelievers in the battle. (see IK)

(v.n.) acc.

going about in فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ the carth

لَا يَمْتَطِيْعُونَ ضَرِّ إِنِ الْرَضِ They are disabled from going about in the earth.

[2:273]

striking (2)

فَوَاغَ عَلَيْهِ مُ حَثَرَتُا بِالْيَدِيْنِ

Then he slipped unto them striking with right hand. [37:93]

ض ر ر ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim <~hurts

مِنرَ اراً (hurting (v.n. iii, acc.)

وَالَّذِيْنَ الْتَخَذُّ وَاسْمُعِنَّا اَعْدَارًا And those who have set up a mosque for hurting. [9:107]

And retain them not for hurting. [2:231]

harming (v.n. iii) منار

Atter (paying) a bequest they may have made, or a debt (that may have incurred) neither of which having been intended to harm (the heirs). [4:12]

الضَّرَدُ يَمْلُ الْوَاحِدِ وَ الْمُشَارُّ فِمْلُ الْإِثْنَيْنِ

is that what فَرَدُ is that what is done by one, while مَرَارُ (٧.٨.) requires more than one, to give the meaning of the word. (MJJ.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) ارگر one who harms

وَلَيْسَ بِضَالِيهِمُ تَيْنًا

And he can harm them not at all. [58:10]

(act. pic. m. plu.) مَارِّنْ those who harm others viii. أضطرً اضطرًا المنطرة to force, compel, to drive to

تَالَ وَمَنْ كَثَوَنَا مُنِيَّعُهُ قِلِيلًا ثُقَرَافَ عَلَيْكَا إلى مَنْ السِالِكَادِ

He said: and who disbelieveth
I shall give him enjoyment
for a while. Thereafter I
shall compel him to the
doom of fire. [2:126]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) viii we compel or force to

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) viii منطرًة ois compelled to

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) viii you are compelled to

ضَرِّ أ . acc مَثَرُّ (.hurt (٧.n.)

hurt (v.n.) مُنْرُ

(lit. hurt) (n.) مُتَرَدُّ

meta: disability (due to illness or any sort of defect)

غيراكولي القتري

Save those who are disabled. [4:95]

is that evil which relates to the person as disease while is that which relates to property, as poverty,—LL)

(The duplicated indicates that in of v is changed by its following emphatic letter in as a phonemic rule).

humility (v.n.v.,) acc. أَضَرُّعاً

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) صَرِيْعُ bad pasturage, dry herbage, thorny plant.

لَيْسَ لَهُوَ طَعَامٌ الْأَوْنَ ضَرِيْجِ No food shall be theirs save bitter thorn. [88:6]

### مئن غ ف 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) خَنْفُة <~was/is weak

ضَمُّفَ . يَعْنُمُفُ ضَمَّنَا وَ ضَمَّانَةً (ك) to weak

ضَعُفَ الطَّالِثِ وَ الْمَطْلُوبِ Weak are (both) the invoker and the invoked. [22:73]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مُعَفُونا they were weak

مَا صَعْفُوا (neg.) مَا صَعْفُوا

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x استَضَعَفُوا they weakened

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x سُلُفُنِفُ ~ weakens

(p.p. 3 p. m. plu.) x اسْتَعْنَعِفُو (lit.) those made weak

مَا هُرُومَارِينَ بِهِ مِنَ آحَدِي And they are not to harm anyone thereby. [2:102]

distressed (pis. pic.) viii

امِّن يُعِيثِ النَّف طَوَّ إِذَا دَعَاهُ

Is not He (best) who answereth the distressed when he calleth unto Him.

[27:62]

ض دع ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) v المَرَّعُونُا They prayed humbling themselves (or they humbled themselves)

تَضَرَّعَ بَنَضَرَّعُ تَضَرُّعاً ,

<<to pray with humiliaty or humble oneself

ضَرَعَ بَعْمَرُعُ ضَرُعاً وَ ضَرَاهَةُ(ف) to a base or إلى \_

humiliate one's self before

فكؤلكا ذبكآر منه بأشنات تتزعوا

Wherefore they did not, when the disaser from Us came upon them, humble themselves? [6:43]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v بَنَصْرَ عُوْنَ they humble themselves

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) v 5

### قَالَ لِكُلِّ ضِعْفٌ

He said: to each double. (i.e. in the hereafter He will say)
[7:38]

twofold (2)

### لَهُ وَجَزَّاءُ الضِّعُذِ بِمَا عَبِلُوا

Theirs (shall be) twofold rewards for that they have done. [34:37]

twofold (n. dual.) مفين

manifold (m. p.) acc.

أشمانآ

(v. n. iii) acc. (مُضْعَفَةً ) مُضَاعَفَةً (مُضْعَفَةً

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. لَغَيْفًا weak

weak ones (n.p.) acc.

weak ones (n. p.)

more weak (elative.) مُنْعَفُ (in respect of.....)

(Ap-der.> m. plu.)iv مُعْمِوْنَ those who get manifold

## فأمليك مئوالمضعفون

They shall have (increase) manifold. [30:39]

مستضعفون nom. مستضعفون

(ap-der. m. plu.) x weakened ones

(meta: oppressed people)

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(in the verse 7:75 means: those who were counted weak, due to their poverty or owing to the smallness of their group).

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) x they are made weak

### الَّذِينَ كَانُوْالِيسْتَضْعَفُونَ

The people who used to be oppressed. [7:137]

(Note: سُمُعُمُونُ means who are made weak, metaphorically rendered 'oppressed.')

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii حَاعِفُ < < doubles,

(multiplieth)

مَنَعَفَ بَمِنْعَفُ صَعْفاً (ف) :iii مُنَاعَفَ مُعَنَاعَفَةً to double, multiply

## وَاللَّهُ يُفْسِعِكُ لِسَنَّ يَشَكَّاءُ

And Allah multiplieth unto whomsoever He listeth. [2:261]

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) يُعَنَّاعَفُ is made double

wcakness (n.)

### أللهُ الَّذِي خُلَقَكُومِينَ ضُغَفٍ

Allah is it who created you in weakness. [30:54]

double (1) (n.)

جنمد

فَقَدُ ضَلَّ سَوَّآءُ التَّبِيئِل

Surely he lost the right way, or he surely has strayed. [2:108]

~failed (2)

وَضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ كَأَكُانُوا يَفْتُونُونَ

And failed them that which they had been fabricating. [6:24]

~wasted (3)

ٱكَذِينَ صَلَّ سَعْيُهُ وَ فِي الْحَيْوةِ الدُّنَيَّ ا They are) those whose effort

(They are) those whose effort is wasted in the life of this world. [18:104]

~disappeared (4)

وَلِذَامَتَكُوُالفُّرُ فِالْبَحْرِضَلَّ مَنْ تَنْغُونَ إِلَّالِيَّاءُ

And when there toucheth you a disaster on the sea, those whom ye call upon disappear except Him (alone). [1767]

(perfect 1st p. sing.) مُثَلِّتُ 1 went astray

قَدُّ خَلَلْتُ إِذًا وَمَا آنَامِنَ الْمُهْتَدِيْنَ or then I shall be gon

For then I shall be gone astray, and shall not remain of the guided. [6:56]

ر (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) الله strayed, erred (1)

ض غ ث ★

a handful (n.) acc.

(or a handful of twigs of trees or shrubs) (LL)

medleys (n. p.) أَضْغَاثُ

آضغائ آخلاير

Medleys of dreams. [12:44]

ضغ ن 🖈

ضَعَانً « secret (n. p.)

(sing.) مَنْفُقُ hatred, malice

ض ف دع

الطَّفَادِعُ (n. p.) <frogs (n. p.)

مِنْفُدَعَةً (sing.)

ض ل ل ★

خَلَّ بَخِلُ خَلَالًا وَ خَلَالًا (ض) to loss one's way,

go astay, to stray, to fail, to disappear, to err, to wander from, to foget (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) errs (f) (forgets)

آن تَوْلَ الْمُلْمَةُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُونِيَّ الْاُلْمُونِي So if one of the two (women) erreth (foregeteth), the one may remind the other. [2:282]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.)
I shall go astray

تُلُ إِنْ صَّلَاتُ وَالنَّمَا اَضِلُ عَلَىٰ نَشِى Say : if (ever) I go astary, I shall stray only against mayself. [34:50]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv <~left in error (1)

أَضَلُّ إِضْلاَلاً ١٠ النائلُ تعدد من مسمع

- (i) to leave in error (if the subject of the sentence is Allah and the object is other than man),
- (ii) to lead astray

Do you (perchance) seek to guide those whom Allah let go astray (or left in error). [4:88]

~sent astray (2)

ٱكَذِيْنَ كَعُرُوْا وَصَدُّوَا عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ الْحَالَ اعْمَالَهُ وُر

Those who disbelieve and hinder others from the way of Allah, He shall send their work astray. [47:1] قَدْ ضَلُّواضَلْلاً بَعِيْدًا

Indeed they have erred (or strayed) going far astray. [4:167]

disappeared, (2) have gone away

قَالُوَّا لَئِنَ مَا كُنْتُرُ

تَنْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ قَالْوَاضَلُّواعَنَّا

They say: where is that which you used to call upon besides Allah? They would say: They have disappeared from us.

[7:37]

(perf. 1st p. phu.) 115
we disappeared

وَقَا لُوَا مُؤَالِّهُ مُلْنَا فِي الْأَرْضِ مُلِكَالِفِي خَلْيِّ جَدِيْهِ And they say, When we are lost (disappeared) in the earth, shall we be in a new creation? [32:10]

> (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~strays (1)

. .

مُوَاعْلُونَ يَضِلُ عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ

He knoweth well whosoever strayeth from His path. [6:117]

erreth (2)

لَايَضِكُ رَبِيْ وَ لَا يَنْسَى

My Lord erreth not nor He foregetteth. [20:52]

(wandering in the way of God i.e., struggling to find the way, in search of the true light. That the character of the Prophet was even in his youth exemplary and exceptional in the most tempting environment of Makka is borne out by hostile biographers.) (Jid.)

the strayed الضالين ones

an error (v.n.)

But today the wrong-doers are in error manifest. [19:38] astrav

wasted, in vain ومَادُعَانُونَكُمِنَ إِلَّا فِي ضَلِّلِ

supplication of And the only goes the infidels or astray [13:14] wasted

the error (v.n.)

صَلاَلةً ، الصَّلاَلة (v.n.)

further astray (1) (elative)

And who is further astray than he who followeth his desire. [28:50]

further astray (2)

Those are worst in abode;

وَلِقَدُ آضَانَ مِنْكُدُ حِلَّا كُثُورًا

And assuredly he (i.e., Satan) hath led astray a great multitude. [36:62]

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) iv the twain led astray

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they led astray

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv vou led astray

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv they (f. i.e., idols) led astrav

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~sends astray

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~sends astray

(Note: In conditional phrases the assimilation of two letters is removed, thus

becomes

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they lead astray

(el. 3 p.m. plu.) iv in order to lead astray

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. nd that they/they may lead astrav

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. wandering

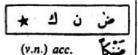
ووحدك ضآلا فقدى And He found thee wandering so He guided. [93:7]

أضلأ أَصَلُوا

أضككتم

أمللًا.

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<hard, narrow

مَنْنَكُ بَعْنُكُ مَنْكُا وَ مَنْاكَةٌ (ن) to be narrow

ض ن ن ★

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

< tenacious

مَنَّ بَينٌ مَنَّا (ن)

to be tenacious, regardly,

وَمَاهُوَعَلَى الْغَيْبِ بِضَيْنُي

And he is of the unseen not a tenacious (concealer).

[81:24]

(The prophet has nothing to conceal, his messages are all plain and unambigous) (Rz.)

ض م ا 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)iii h.v. خَامِنُونَ <br/>
<they resemble

to resemble iii مُضَاهَمًا مُضَاهِمًا (the verb has no triliteral from) (LL) مُضَاهِمُونَ قُولُ الْكَذِينَ كَفُورُ الْمِنْ فَتُلُ الْكَذِينَ كَفُورُ الْمِنْ فَتُلُ

They resemble to saying of those who disbelived before. [9:30]

ض و ء ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv (h.v.) آخاًهٔ

and furtherst astray from the level way. [5:60]

(Ap-der. m. sing) iv misleader

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. iv مُصِلِّينَ seducers

وَمَاكُنْتُ مُتَّغِنَ الْمُضِلِّينَ عَضَمًّا

I was not one to take seducers as supporters.[18:51]

ض م د 🖈

(act. pic. m. sing.)

ضَمَر يَضْمُو مُعُوراً (ن)

to be thin

مَنْ فَيْ فَأَمِرُ كَانِيْنَ مِنْ كُلِّ فَيْجَ عَيْقِ And on any lean (mount) coming from every deep defile. [22:27]

(worn out and famished by a long journey; the phrase is expressive of fatiguing journey and great distance)

\* 00

(perate m. sing.) assim.

مَنَّمَّ يَضُمُّ ضَمًّا (ن)

to join, gather, add, to press

وَاضْمُعْ يَدُكُ لِلَّا جَنَاعِكَ

And press thy hand to thy side. [20:22]

وماكان الله لينينع إنائكم

And Allah is not one to let your faith go wasted. [2:143]

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) iv

آنِيُ لَا أُخِينُهُ عَمَلَ عَامِيلِ مِنْكُمْ

That I waste not the work of a worker amongst you.
[3:195]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv

إِنَّا لَانُضِيْعُ آجْرَالُكُمُلِحِيْنَ

Verily We shall not waste the hire of the rectifiers.[7:170]

ض ی ف ★

مِنْ فَوْلَ acc. n.d. اِسْتَغُولَ (w.v.) أَنْ مُنْفُولُ

<they entertain

ضَيَّفَ to entertain in

مَافَ بَيِنْكُ صِبَافَةً (ض)

to be a guest or to enjoy hospitality

وننيف guest (n.)

ض ی ق ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.) 50

became narrow,
(meta.) was troubled

ضَاقً يَعِيْنِيُ مَنْبِقاً وَ ضِيْفاً (ض) to be narrow, to become straiten to illuminate, أَضَادُ إِضَالُهُ shine

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv أنّامَتْ ∼illuminated

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

light (v.n., r.f.)

ض ی ر ★

<harm (v.n.) (w.v.)

مَنَارَ يَعِيْدُ مَنْدِراً (ض) to harm, injure, damage

ض ی ز ★

< unjust, unfair(n.) (w.v.)

مَنَّازَ وَ مَنَازَ يَمِنْيُوُ مَنُوْدَى

to be unjust in (ض) وَ مِنْيِزَى (ض giving a judgement (Mojm.)

ض یع 🖈

(perf.3p.m. plu.) iv (w.v.) المُعْلَقُوا المُعْلَقِينَا عُوا المُعْلَقِينَا عُلِينًا المُعْلَقِينَا المُعْلِقِينَا المُعْلَقِينَا المُعْلِقِينَا المُعْلَقِينَا المُعْلِقِينَا المُعْلَقِينَا المُعْلِقِينَا المُعْلَقِينَا المُعْلِقِينَا الْعُلِينَا الْعُلِينَا ا

iv أَضَاعَ يُعِنْهُمُ إِضَاعَةً to waste, to neglect, to lose

أضاغواالكلوة

They neglected the prayer.
[19:59]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv
wastes

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ straitens

بضيق

وَلَقَدُنَعُكُوا تَكَ يَضِينُ صَدُوكِ nd We know indeed that th

And We know indeed that thy breast straitens. [15:97]

(el. imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)ii that you, in order to straiten

strait (n.) acc.

منتفأ

يجعل صدرة ضييقا

(He) maketh his breast strait. [6:125]

(act. pic. m. sing.)
straitened (in the sense of
Pis. Pic.)

وَضَائِقٌ لِهِ صَدُدُك

And thy breast will he straitened by it. [11:12]

straitness (v.n.)

حَدْقٍ صَيْق وَضَأَقَ بِهِمْ ذَرْعًا

And he was troubled on their account (Arb.) and he felt straitened on their account (Jid.) [11:77]

(Primarily the meaning of phrase is "stretching forth the arm" and is used in the sense of power or ability (TA) the meaning of the phrase is "he was unable to do the thing, or he lacked strength to accomplish the affair"—LL.)

مناقت

ضَافَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ الْأَرْضُ بِمَارِحُبَتُ

The earth, vast as it is, became straitened unto them.
[9:118]

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# كتاب الطاء

ط ب ق ★

lit. cover (n.) acc. stage, state, layer

لَتَرُكَبُنَّ طَبَقًا عَنُ طَبَقٍ

Surely you shall ride stage by stage. [84:19]

(i.e., O makind your existence is not fixed or stationary, you must be ever changing growing, journeying from the state of the living to that of dead, and from the state of the dead to a new life in the next world. The

is here عَنْ here synonymous with مَسْدُ and dَلَقًا عَنْ طَبَقَ is equi-

is equ طبقا عن عبي . حَالَةُ بَعْدَ حَالَةِ valent to

storeys, stages (v.n.) acc.

ط ب ع \*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

طَبَعَ بَطْبَعُ طَبِعًا (ف)

to seal, imprint

بَلْ لَمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهَا بِكُفُرِهِمْ

Aye! Allah hath set a seal upon them for their infidelity. [4:155]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) sets a seal

(imperf. Ist. plu.) we put a seal

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.)

is sealed

وَكُلِعَ عَلَى فُلُورُهُمُ

And their hearts are sealed.

[9:87]

نطرد

(imperf. 2 p.m.. sing.) acc. thou mayst drive away

(perate. neg. m. sing.) مَطْرُدُ drive not!

(act. pic. m. sing.) طَارِدُ one who drives SS away

ط رف ★

lit.: eye. In some verses it is rendered as glance, sight, looking, according to the context.

eve

a side, n. acc. (1) طَرَعًا a portion

إلىتفطع طوقاتين الكذين كفؤوا

That he may cut off a portion of those who disbelieve.

[3:127]

side, end (2)

َ فَيْ < gen n.d. عَرَ فَيْنِ

two ends (n. dual.)

وَآتِيوالصَّاوُةَ طَرَقِ النَّهَارِوَزُلَقَاتِنَ الَّيْمِلِ

Aud establish the pttyer at the two ends of the day, and the neighbouring (watches) of the night.

[11:114]

أَطْرَافٌ (n. p.) أَطْرَافٌ

مَسَيِّحُ وَاظُوٰافَ النَّهَارِ

And hallow (Him) at the ends of the day. [20:130] الَّذِي خَلَقَ سَبْعَ سَمُوْتٍ طِبَا كَا

Who hath created seven heavens in storeys. [67:3]

طے و 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.

طَعاً يَطْعُو طَعُوا (ن)

to spread out, extend (trans. & intrans.) (Lis., Rgh.)

والأرض وماطلخها

By the earth and Him who spread it forth. [91:6]

ط ر ح \*

اطْرَحُوا (perate. m. plu.) اطْرَحُوا <cast forth

طَرَحَ بَطْرَحُ طَرْحاً (ف،س)

to throw, cast forth

امُّتُلُوْالُوسُفَ أَواطُرَحُولُا أَدْضًا

Slay Yusuf or cast him forth to some land. [12:9]

طرد 🖈

طَرَدْتُ (perf. 1st p. sing.) طَرَدْتُ < I drove away

طَرَدَ يَعْلُودُ طَرُدا (ن)

to send away, to get SS out (trans.), to drive out

## 4 7 8 4

طيعتوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) طيعتوا

طَيِمَ بَعْلَمَهُ طَعْبًا وَ طَمَاماً (س) to eat (intrans.)

طَمِمَ يَعْمَمُ طَعْماً وَ طُعْماً (س) to taste (intrans.)

ر (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) مُعَيِّمُ you ate

#### كإذا المعمثم فاشتيشروا

And when you have eaten then disperse. [33:53]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُعْمَمُ حوats

## لَايَظْعَنْهُ ۗ إِلَّا مَنْ أَشَاءُ

None shall eat thereof save whom We allow. (6:138)

(juss. 3 p.m. sing.) خَطْعَمُ <did not taste

see above طَعْمُ see

#### وَمَنْ لَكُو يَظْمَنُهُ فَإِنَّهُ مِنْتَى

And whosoever tasteth it not, verily shall be mine.

[2:249]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُعْمَمُ إِطْعاَماً to feed (trans.) iv أَطْعَمَ إِطْعاَماً (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv

borders (2)

اَلْكُوْسُواْاتَانَاقِالُارُضَ نَعْصُهَا مِنَ اَطْرَافِهَا Behold they not that We visit the land diminishing it by the borders thereof. [13:41]

# طرق ★

(act. pic. m. sing.) gen. الطَّارِقُ <the comer by night

طَرَقَ يَظُرُقُ طَزَقًا (ن)

to come at night, to knock, to strick

(lit. anything coming by night or appearing at night thus

is the star that appears in the night; also the morning star, because it comes at the end of the night—Rgh. LL)

way, path (n.) مَلَوْ بِقَا مَد مَد مَد مَد اللَّهِ اللَّهُ ا

ط ری ـ و

لَمِرِيًّا جَعْلُونَ عَظُولُو جَعْلُوُو بَعْلُونُو طَرِى بَعْلُولُو حَظُونُو بَعْلُونُو طَرَاوَةً (س،ك)

to be tender, fresh

~feeds

طعنأ

طَعَنَ يَعْلَقُنُ طَعْناً (ف، ن) - فِي ، عَلَىٰ to speak ill of, defame

#### وَطَعَنُوا فِي دِيْنِكُو

And they thrust at your religion (Arb.) assail (Pic.) revile (Jid.). [9:12]

speaking ill (v.n.) acc.

وَطَعْنَافِ الدِّينِ

And scoffing at the faith. (Jid.) [4:46]

## ط غ ی ـ و

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v.

< ~exceeded (1)
the limit</pre>

طَنَىٰ يَطْنَىٰ طَغَيًّا وَ طُغْبَانًا (ف)
to exceed the (i)

bounds

طَفَا يَطْغُو طُغُوا وَ طُغُواناً (ن) to rise high (water) (ii)

راذهب إلى فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ طَعْي

Go to Firawn, surely he has exceeded the bound (or limits or he is inordinate). [20:24]

(the water) rose high (2)

المَالِمَالُوكُمُولِيَّةُ الْمُعَالِمُولِيَّةُ الْمُعَالِمِيِّةُ الْمُعَالِمِيِّةُ الْمُعَالِمِيِّةُ الْمُعَالِمِيِّةً الْمُعَالِمِيْ الْمُعَالِمِيْ الْمُعَالِمِيْ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِي الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِّيِّ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَلِّمِيْنِ الْمُعَالِمِيْنِ الْمُعَلِمِيْنِي الْمُعَلِمِيْنِ الْمُعَلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلَّمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلَّمِيْنِ الْمُعِلَّمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلَّمِيْنِ الْمُعِلَّمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلَّمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلَّمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلَّمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمُعِلِمِيْنِ الْمِ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv أَعْلِيمُونَ they feed comps. iv. يُعْلِيمُونِ that they feed me. that they feed acc. أيُعْلِيمُوْا

me (pronominal)

shortened to نِ i.e., the

first & is dropped

وَمَنَاأُسُ مِنْ أَنْ يُطْعِمُونِ

I desire not (from them) that they feed Me. [51:57]

أَلْمِمُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)iv مُعْلِمِمُونَ you feed

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we feed

feed! (perate m. plu.) أطيعوا ~is fed(pip, 3 p. m. sing.)

( perf. 3 p.m. dual.) the twain asked food

to seek x استطعاماً food (trans.)-

إطعام he feeding (v.n.) iv

an eater (act. pic. m. sing.) مُعَامِمُ food (v.n.) مُعَامِّ الطَّعَامُ acc. مُعَامِّ الطَّعَامُ

طعاماً . dcc طعام، الط طَعْمُ (taste (v.n.)

طعن 🖈

مُعَنُوا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) خامَنُوا (they thrust at

exorbitance (v.n.) acc. أَفْيَاناً

ط ف ء \*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) h.v. iv <-extinguished

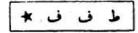
iv, أَطْفَأُ إِطْفَاءاً ﴿ to extinguish, put out (fire or light)

حَلِقَ يَطْفَأُ مُلْفُوْءًا (س)
to be put out (fire or light)

حفيقوا .acc.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) that they extinguish

(el imperf 3 p.m. plu.) الْطَفِيُّو would they extinguish (or they may extinguish)



(ap-der. m. plu.) ii

one who gives short measure, or weight, thus cheating his companion, but this epithet is not applied unrestrictedly except in the case of exorbitant deficiency).

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they exceeded limits (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) acc. that he my be inordinate طَغَوْا يَعْلَغَىٰ

#### قَالَارَبَّنَآ النَّنَانَخَاتُ اَنَ يَعْدُوطَ عَلِيْنَاۤ اَوَانَ يَطْغَي

they (Twain) said: our Lord we fear lest he hasten to do evil to us or be inordinate (or he may play the tyrant). [20:45]

do not exceed the limits.

more rebellious (elative)

كَانُوْاهُمُ اَظُلُو وَاَطْنَى

Verily that were more unjust and more rebellious.

[53:52]

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) مُغْنِيتُ (caused to rebel

## عَالَ قَرِينُهُ رَبِّنَا مَآلَظُهُ مِنْهُ

His comrade saith: our Lord!

I did not cause him to rebel (make him exceed the limits). [50:27]

acc. مَا هُونَ ، الطَّاغِينَ ، الطَّاغِينَ nom. مَا هُونَ insolent (LL) (n. p.)
exorbitant (Jid.)

outburst, (intrans.) الطَّاغِيَةُ thundering noise. an idol, false god, devil(n.) الطَّاغُوتُ [whatever is worshipped in-

طَأَغُوتُ stead of God is

الآطفالُ <children (n. p.)</pre> طفاع (sing.) J كَلْكُ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) < ~ seeks طَلَبَ عَلْكُ طَلَّبًا (ن) to seek, ask desire seeking (v.n.) acc. seeker (act. pic. m. sing.) (pic. pact. m. sing.) the sought طَلْحٌ plantains (n.) (It is the name of a certain fruit tree used to be found in Hejaz, its fruit is very delicious with good smell. (Muj.) It is a non-Arabic word. (Lis.) (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) <~rose high طَلَعَ بَطُلُعُ طُلُوعاً (ن) to appear, rise (sun), sprout (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) طله ~rises

# ط ف ق 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

طَفِقَ يَطْفَقُ طَفْقًا (س) to begin,

set out to do something

تَطَيْعَقَ مَسْخًا بِٱلنُتُوتِ وَالْأَعْنَاقِ

And he set about slashing their legs and necks.

[38:33]

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) طَفِقاً the twain began

وَطَنِقَا عَنْوِهُ فِي عَلَيْهِمَا مِنْ وَّمَ قِ الْمَنَاةِ And the twain began to cover themselves with leaves from the Garden. [7:22]

## ط ف ل \*

(n. used for plu.) خلفان <the children

is used for singular and plural both

أوالظفل الذين لؤيظهرواعل عورن النسك

Or the children not aquainted with privy parts of woman. [24:31]

child (n. used for sing.)

نُخْرِجُكُوطِفُلُا ثُخَرَ

Then we bring you forth as a child (infant). [22:5]

لَعَيِلْنَ أَطَلِعُ إِلَى إِلَٰهِ مُؤْمِدِي

That I may ascend to the God of Musa. [28:38]

(el imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < that let know

أطلع إطلاعاً to cause someone know, inform

وماكان الماء الماليظ فأعلى الغيب

And Allah is not one to let you know the unseen.

[3:179]

the rising (sun) (v.n.)

the time of rising (n. p.t.)

the place of rising (n.p.t.)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) vtii those who look down

قَالَ هَمِلُ أَنْتُومُ مُطَلِعُونَ

Allah will say! will ye look down. [37:54] (i.e., would you like to look at the man who had spoken thus? The phrase is equivalent with

would you like to look at them (Rz., Ksh.)

ranged date (1) (n.)

And tall date-palms (laden) with clusters ranged.

[50:10]

طلع

طَلَمَ يَطْلَعُ طُلُوعاً (ف) to ascend, to come to, or

ـ عَنْ ، عَلِيْ to depart from

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) vii comp. < has he looked upon?</p>

اطُّلُعَ اطْلاعاً to look viii upon or down, to know

( عَلَلَمَ + interrotive أَ الْعَلَمَ )

Hath he looked upon the Unseen, or hath he taken of the Compassionate a covenant?." [19:78]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii he looked

فأظلع فرأه في سواء الجحيلي

Then he looked (will look) down and see him in the midst of the flaming fire. [37:55]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii thou look

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) viii thou/will/notice

Thou will not cease to notice defrauding on their part. [5:13]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) viii I ascend

upon, look upon, know

365

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) vii the twain set out انطلقا

فأنطلقنا المنحثى إذا تركباني التيفيذة خرقها

Then the twain set out; until when they embarked in a boat, he scuttled it.

[18:71]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vii انطلقوا they went off

فَانْطَلَقُوا وَهُدُينَتَخَافَتُونَ

So they went off speaking to each other in a low voice.

[68:23]

بنعللق

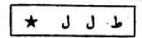
وَيَضِيْنُ صَدُرِى وَلَا يَنْطَلِقُ لِسَانِيَ

And my breast straineth and my tougue moveth not quickly. [26:13]

depart, (perate m. plu.) vii

انعَلِلْقُوا

اِنْطَلِقُوْآ إِلَى مَاكْنُتُوْنِ مِهِ تُكَاذِبُوْنَ Depart unto that which you used to call a lie. [77:29]



a gentle rain (n.)

عك

فَإِنْ لَوْ يُحِمْهَا وَايِلُ فَطَلَعُ

And if no heavy rain falleth upon it, then a gentle rain. [2:265] spathe (2)

يَمِنَ النَّفْلِ مِنْ طَلْمِهَا قِنْوَانُ دَانِيكُ

And from the date-stone, from the spathe thereof (come forth) clusters of dates low hanging. [6:99]

ط ل ق ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii

< ~ divorced to quit, leave, مَالَّقَ تَعْلِيْعًا </p>

to divorce (his wife)

>> مَلْقَ يَطْلُقُ طَلاَقًا (ن)

to be freed from bond

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii you divorced

you divorced them

(i.e., women)

they (m.) divorced you (f.)

divorce! (perate m. plu.)

(pis. pic. f. plu.)

divorced women

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vii

< ∼started doing something

to set out انْطَلَقَ انْطِلاَقًا in doing something, or start with something, to depart

> وَالْكُلُقَ الْمُلَاثُونُهُمُ إِنَّا الْمُثُوِّلُ وَاصْبِرُوْاعَلَ الْمُعَيِّكُونُ

The chiefs among them departed (saying): Go ! and preserve in your gods.[38:6]

انطلق

**Before** the faces. [4:47]

Lest We efface your hope (Asad), before we alter countenances (Jid.), before We destroy the leaders (M. A.), before We destroy the countenances (Pic.).

Note; see • 7 9 because of the differences among commentators in the meanot in the , وجوه

meaning of وطل م

destroy! (perate. m. sing.)

دِّبُنَا الْطِيسُ عَلَى أَمُوالِهِمْ

Our Lord destroy their riches. [10:88]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<~covets

طَيِمَ يَطْمَعُ طَمُعاً وَطَيَاعاً \_ ب، فَعُ

to covet, eagerly desire, to hope for

I covet (imperf. Ist. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they covet

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you covet

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss < ~ touches, deflowers

طَمِنَ عَلْمُ طَمِثًا (ض) to touch a women in order

to deflower her

لَهُ تَظْمِنُهُ أَنْ أَنْ فَيَكَهُ وَلَاحَآنُ

Before them man has not touched them nor jinni. [55:74]

(p. p. 3 p. f. sing.) < ~ become effaced

للهُ مِلْسًا وَعُكُوْمًا (ض، ن)

to be effaced, disappear, go far away, to

to be corrupted (in heart), to destroy

كاذاالنائة والمست

So when stars are effaced. [77:8]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) we wipe out

وَلِهُ نَفَا الْمُكْتِمَا عَلَى اعْيُنِحَ

And if We listed surely We should wipe out their eyes. [36:66]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) acc. that we obliterate

777

لعلمان

(le. imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

may rest at ease

وَلِكِنْ لِيُطْلَعِينَ قَلْمِي

But that my heart may rest at ease. [2:260]

(le. imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) يُعَلَّمُنُنَّ ~may rest at ease

فلتظلين فكويطنيه

That your hearts may rest at ease. [3:126]

at rest (Ap-der. m. sing.)

وَ قَلْبُهُ مُعْلَمَينُ بَالْإِيْمَان

And his heart is at rest with the belief. [16:106]

(Ap-der. f. sing.) acc.

قَنْيَةً كَانَتْ الْمِنَةُ مُعْلَمَيْنَةً

And town which was secure and at rest. [16:112]

peaceful (Ap-der. f. sing.)

يَّاتَتُهُمُّ النَّفُسُ الْمُعْلَمِينَ الْمُعْلَمِينَ وَ الْمُعْلَمِينَ وَ الْمُعْلَمِينَ وَ الْمُعْلَمِينَ وَ O thou peaceful soul.

[89:27]

(ap-der. f. plu.) acc. مُعْمَنَيْنَ contentedly

مَلَيِكَةٌ يُمَثُّونَ مُطْتِينِينَ

Angels walking about contentedly. [17:95] (imperf. 1st p. phu.) iv we covet

to hope (v. n.) acc.

\* 1 1 7

<calamity (n.)</p>
طَمَّةً بَطُمُّةً طَمَّاً (ن)

to overflow, cover up فَإِذَا جَاءَتِ التَّلَامَةُ الكُابِرِي

Then when the grand Calamity shall come (i.e. the resurrection). [79:34]

ط م ن \*

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) vi اطبان < ~is contented

to be free from اطْعَأَنَّ اطْعِشَانًا disquietude, to be in tranquillity

فَإِنْ آصَلَهُ خَيْرُ إِظْمَأَتَ بِهِ

If there befalleth him good he is contented therewith.

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) الْمَانَتُمُ you are secure

(i.e., out of danger)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) الْمُأَوُّةُ they are satisfied

وتفنوا بالمحيوة الدنيا واطمأنوابها

And they are well-pleased with the life of the world and are satisfied therewith.

[10:7]

## تَطَهُّوا تَطَهُّو يَنْطَهُّو

as R. F. (intrans.), (or) they purify themselves (f.)

acc. v, اِ مَنْطَبِّرُوْنَ الْ مِنْطَبِّرُوْد (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they clean themselves

get yourselves cleaned

(ap-der. m. sing.) ii مطير one who purifies SS

وَ مُطَهِرُ الْمِينَ الْمِنْ اَكَنْ كُفُووُا And (I am) purifying thee from those who disbelieve. [3:55]

(ap-der. m. plu.) acc. v those who get themselves cleaned or purified

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. v, لَعَالِمِ بِنَ

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii purified one (f.)

spouses purified أَزُواجُ مُطَهِّرٌ أَ الْمُطَيِّرُونَ purified ones ii

purifying (v.n.) ii آينرا

clean (v. n., r. f.) طَهُوْدَ (elative m. sing.)

طود 🖈

الطُّودُ (n.) cliff, mound

\* \* . 7

Arabic alphabet, interpreted in various ways (See. IK. Tb. Jid.)

ط م د 🖈

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.)
<they are purified

طَبُرُ يَعْلَمُو طَبُوا وَ طَبُورا

to be clean

وَ طَهَارَةً (ك)

pure, to be purified (intrans.)

حَتَّى يَطْهُزُنَ

Till they (women) have purified themselves. [2:222]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii

purified
to purify (trans.)

طَهُرَك

He purified thee. [3:42]

(el. 3 p.m. sing.) مُلِمَّةً acc. that he may purify

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou purifieth

purify ! (perate. m. sing.)

purify! (perate m. duul.)
(O you twain)

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) v
<they are purified

369

مَلَيْز

مَدُّآ

تَطَنُّونَ

#### فطوعت لهنفشه متلانياء

Then his soul made the slaying of his brother agreeable to him. [5:30]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv وَأَلَمَا عَلَى اللَّهِ صَافِعَةً اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّالَّا الللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّا

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv أطَاعُوا they (m.) obeyed

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) iv أَطَعَنَ they (f.) obeyed

you (m.) obeyed

أَطَّعْتُمُونُ you obeyed him

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) أَطَعُنُا we obeyed

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.)iv مُعِلِيْعُ obeys

لَوْيُطِيعُكُمُ إِنْ كَفِيرٍ مِنَ الْكَمْرِ

Were he to obey you in many affairs. [49:07]

(juss. 3 p.m. sing.) iv حمليع < obeys

pped due to conditional phrase.

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv they obey

أَعِلِيْمُو (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. iv أُعِلِيْمُو (that/if/you obey

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv we obey

(O you) obey!

#### كالظؤدالعظلي

Like a huge mound (M.A.), or like a cliff mighty(Jid.). [26:63]

means a mountain, as well as an elevated or overlooking tract of land.) (LL.)

# ط و ر ★

Tur (prop. n.) الْعُلُور ، طُور ثر (Tur is applied to mount Sinai and to the mount of Olives, and to several other mountains—LL)

<stages, states (n. p.)acc. أَمْلُورًا (sing.)</p>

# ط وع \*

dَوَعَفُ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii مُوَعَفُ مُ

to bring into مُلَوِّعَ subjection

permitted him, made it easy or feasible for him i.e., he allowed himself to do something

اسْتَطَاعَ بَسْتَطِيْعُ / اسْطَاعَ يسطبغ استطاعة to be able.

to have power, consent, (can do SS)

من استكاع إليه بيلا Who is able to find a way [3:97] thereunto.

استعكمت (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) x thou art able

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) x I am able

أَنَ أَدِيْدُ الْأَلْاصُلَاحَ مَا اسْتَطَعْتُ I desire not but rectification, so far as I am able.[11:88]

استطاعوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they are able

if they can إِنَّ اسْتَعَلَّاعُوا

مَا اسْنَطَاعُوا they could not

استعلمنا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) x we are able

لواستنطفنا لتخرجنا معك

If we could we would have surely come forth with 19:421 you.

اسْطَاعُوا × ( اسْتَطَاعُوا as )

فَمَالِنَكُمَا عُوَّالَنُ تَظْهَرُوكُ

ومااستطاغزاله تفتا

Thus they were not able to mount it, nor were they able to burrow through it. [18:97]

(perate, f. plu.) iv (O you ladies) obey!

وَلَظِمْنَ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ

And obey Allah and His [33:33] Messenger.

[In the verse 4:3 ie., if they obeyed you, the form is deef. 3 p. f. plu.) which means: they (f.) obeyed But in the verse 33:33 the form is (imperative f. plu.) i. e., (O you ladies) obey.

Learners shou'd carefully note the difference of short vowel on the word 1

obey me (comp.) iv

(أَطِنْهُ ا+ نِنْ أَطِنْهُ نَ )

shortend to 'i') (perate neg. m. sing.) iv obey not

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~is obeyed

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v < ~did voluntarily تَطَوَّعَ تَطَوُّعاً ، to do v something voluntarily

وَمَنْ تَطَوَّعَ خَدُوا الْفَاتَ اللَّهُ شَاكِرُ عَلْتُهُ And whoseever voluntarily does good then verily Allah is Appreciative, Knowing. [2:158]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x could, was able, had power

the of stem v is replaced by duplication of ( )

ِط و ف ★ اَفَ \_ عَارُ (w.v.)

3 n m sino

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ came upon

طَافَ بَطُوْفُ طَوْفًا وَ طَوَافًا وَ طَوْفًانًا وَ نَطْوَافًا

to go about, walk about, to run around,

to circumambulate,  $\vec{j}$  to make the rounds,

- عَلَىٰ ,to come upon

- عَلَىٰ، بَيْنَ to go around

فَطَافَ عَلَيْهَا طَآلِتُ مِن رَبِكَ وَمُمْ تَأْكُونَ Then a visitation came upon it while they slept.

[68:19]

يَطُوُّ فُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَطُوُّ فُ روود round

يطوت عليه وركدان Go round on them youths (boy servants). [56:17] (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) (w.v.) يَطُوْ فُوْنَ they go round

يَطُوْوُنَ بَيْنَهَ أُوبَيْنَ حَمِيْمِ إِن (They will be) going round between it and boiling water fierce. [55:44]

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) مُقَافَتُ is/will be/passed (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x منطِعَة is able من يَسْتَطِيعُ رَبُكَ آنُ يُنَزِلَ عَلَيْنَا مَالِدَةً آثَ يَسْتَطِيعُ رَبُكَ آنُ يُنَزِلَ عَلَيْنَا مَالِدَةً Is thy Lord able to send down

unto us some food.

[5:112]

( jues. 3 p. m. sing.) x could not do, was not able

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) x المنطبع thou art able

رُنْ تَسْتَطِيْعَ (acc. 3 p. m. sing.) thou never can do

(juss. 3 p. m. sing.) x thou was not able

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x يَسْتَطِيعُونَ they are able

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x نستَطِيعُونَ you are able

you were able (acc. 2 p.m. phu.) x السَّعَلِمُعُوا you were able

ان تَسْتَطِيْعُوا you will not be able

willingly (v. n.) acc.

مَاعَةُ (obedience (v.n.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) حَالَيْنَ <willing doers (of SS)

طالع (sing.)

(pic. pact. m. sing.) obeyed one

(Ap-der. m. plu.) v عين those who do something willing or voluntarily وكلقربنيتي للطالفين

And clear up my House for those who circumambulate. [22:26]

(act. pic. f. sing.) a group, party,

(a group of people countedfrom two persons up to a thousand—Rgh.)

طَائِفَتَ إِنِ nom. طَافِفَتَيْنِ ، الطَّالْفَنَيْنِ two parties (n. dual)

الطَّوْفَانُ (n.) flood

lit. overpowering rain or 'deluge'

meta. any other universal destruction

ط و ق 🖈

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) ii يُعَلِّوَ قُونَ they shall be hung round neck

to impose, مُطَوَّقَ تَعْلُونِهَا < lay upon, to encircle, to put a collar or necklace around SS neck

>> مَاقَ عَلَمُونُ طَوْقاً (ن)

to be able, be in a position to do something

سيكونون ماعيكوابه

Soon shall that wherewith they stint be hung round their necks. [3:180] يُطَافُ عَلَيْهِ وَبِكَأْسِ مِنْ مَعِيْنِ

A cup shall be passed round upon them, filled with limpid drink. [37:45]

يَكُوُّنُ walkes about viii بَكُوُّنُ viii

to walk about, run about, to circumambulate

فَلَاجُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِ آنُ يَكُلُونَ بِهِمَا

There is no fault (lit. sin) in him if he walketh in between the twain.

[2:158]

لِيُطَوَّقُوا (el. 3 p.m. plu.) [يُطَوِّقُوا let them circumambulate

وَلْيَطُوَّفُواْ بِالْبَيْتِ الْعَرِيْقِ

And let them circumambulate the ancient House. [22:29]

عُوَّا أَوُّنَ those who go (n. p. ints.) عُوَّا أَوُّنَ

كلوفون عَلَيْكُوْ بَعُضُكُوعَلَى بَعْضِ

Going round frequently some of you on some of them. [24:58]

(act. pic. m. sing.) مَا اللهُ visitation

فَطَافَ عَلَيْهَاطَأَيْثُ

A visitation come upon it.
[68:19]

circumambulatos(2)(n. p.)

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TVT

طَالَ يَعْلُولُ مُؤَلِّا (ن)

to be long, to continue for a long time, to be lasting

حَتَّى طَالَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْعُمْرُ

Until there lasted long upon them the life. [21:44]

تَطَاوَلَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.) vi < prolonged

as R.F. vi عَطَاوَلَ عَامِيَةً

فَتَطَاوَلَ عَلَنْهُ وَالْعُنْدُ

And the life was prolonged upon them. [28:45]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) acc. prolonged, long

إِنَّ لَكَ فِي النَّهَا رِسَيْمُ اللَّهُ وَلَا

Verily thou hast by day prolonged occupation. [73:7]

height (v.n.) acc.

وَكُنْ تَبْكُغُ الْجِبَالُ طُؤْلًا

And thou canst not reach the mountains in height. [17:37]

power (1) (n.)

فيالقكول

The Lord of Power. [40:3] (the possessor of all sufficiency and of super-abundance, as of bounty, or the possessor of power or of bounty, and beneficence) (Lis.).

(i. e. they shall have that whereof they were niggardly made to cleave to their necks like the neck-ring: as it is said in a tradition; it shall be a biting snake upon the neck-

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv <they can bear, they are able to do

أَطَآقَ إِطَاقَةً \*i

to be able to do a thing

وَعَلَى الَّذِيْنَ يُعِلِغُونَةٌ فِدُيَةٌ كَلِمَاهُ مِسْكِيْنٍ

And for those who can keep it (fast) with hardship, the ransom is the feeding of a poor man. [2:184] (i e. such men and women

as are exceedingly weak or are of very advanced اطانة أold age. signifies what ean be done or borne with utmost difficulty-the utmost that one can do with difficulty, trouble or inconvenience. (Jid.-LL)

strength (n.) مَانَةُ

وتناوك تحتلنا مالاطاقة كنايه

Our Lord! impose not on us that for which we have no strength. [2:286]

طال (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) (w.v.) < ~ lasted long

مأيح

(Benjamin) family and his family was the smallest of all the families of the tribe (Jid. P. 2, n. 643).

ط و ی ★

نَطْوِیْ .... (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. <-> we roll up

طَوْلی بَطْوِیْطَیْثُ (ض) to fold, roll up

rolling up (v. n.)

يَوْمُزَطُوى التَمَاءِكُفِلِ السِّحِلِ لِلْكُتُبِ
The day whereon We shall roll up the heaven like as the rolling up of a scroll for books. [21:104]

rolled ones (n. p. f.) مُطْوِيًّاتُ

وَالسَّيْوُتُ مَعْوِيْتُ إِبِينِيْهِ

And the heavens are (shall be) rolled up in His Right hand. [39:67]

Tuwa (prop. n.)

(lit. 'a thing twice done or twice blest and sanctified.' As a proper noun it is the name of the valley just below Mount Sinai. This spot is on the right flank of Sinai in a narrow valley called the 'Wadi Shoaib' which runs southeastward from the great opulent (2)

إستأذنك أولواالقلول ونهتم

The opulent among them ask leave of thee. [9:86]

(lit. the possessor of opulence, Jid.)

means (3) (n.) acc.

طَوْلاً

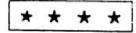
وَمَنْ لَوْيَسْتَطِعْ مِنْكُوْطُوْلُا اَنْ يَنْكِمَّ الْمُحْصَلْتِ الْمُؤْمِنْتِ

And those of you who cannot afford means to marry free, believing women.

[4:25]

is often taken to mean "he is not in a position to afford", i. e., in the financial sense: but Mohammad Abduh very convincingly expresses the view that it applies to all manners of perventive circumstances, be they of material, personal or social nature.—

(Asad nn. 4; 29 quoting Manar V. 19)



طَالُوتَ ( Talut ( prop. n. )

(The Biblical from of Talut is Saul, who belonged to the smallest of the Israelite tribe of Binyamin ٱلَّذِينَ المَّوُاوَعَمِلُواالصَّلِطَةِ كُلُونِ لَهُمُّ وَ حُمَّنُ مَالٍ

Those who believe and do right, joy is for them, and bliss (their) journey's end. [13:29]

> acc. لَمَلِيُّ adj. وَلَمِيُّا the good (1)

(active participle on the measure of فَعُولُ )

قُلْ لَا يَنْ تَوِى الْجَبِيْكُ وَالطَّلِيْكِ Say the evil and the good are not alike. [5:100]

clean (2)

مُتَكَمِّدُوْصَوِيْدًا لَكِيْبًا Then go to high clean soil. [4:43]

wholesome (3)

كُلُوَامِتَا فِي الْأَرْضِ حَلْلَاطَتِبًا Eat of that which is lawful and wholesome in the earth. [2:168]

gentle (4)

وَهُدُ وَالِلَ الطَّلِيْبِ مِنَ الْقُولِ

And they are guided into gentle speeches. [22:24]

ينَ ، الطبيعيّ ، الطبيعيّ ، الطبيعيّ good ones n. p. acc.

(opp. evil)

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plain in front of the Ras-Sufsafeh.—Jid.)

طی ب ★

لْمَابَ ( pref. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. مُلَابَ <∼pleased

طَابَ يَطِبْبُ طَيْبًا وَ طَيْبَةً (ض)

to be good, pleasant, agreeable, lawful

di to be happy, طَأَبِتُ نَفْسُهُ cheerful

di leave, مَلَابَتُ عَنْهُ نَفْساً

فَانْكِحُوا مَاظَابَ لَكُوْمِنَ النِّسَاء

مَثَنَّىٰ وَثُلْثَ وَرُلْعَ

Then marry such as please you, of (other) women by twos and threes or fours.

[4:3]

فَإِنْ لِمِبْنَ لَكُوْعَنْ شَكَّ وَيَنْ فُكُنَّا

And if they give up anything thereof of their own accord. [4:4]

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.)
ye are good
blessedness, joy, happiness

(plu. of L.f. or fem.

form of أَلْتُ elative)

طِلبُمُ

مكؤبل

قَالُوْآلِكَانَعَلَيْرِنَالِكُوْ

They said, we augur evil of you. [36:18]

( perf. Ist p. plu.) هَأَيْتُونَا we augur evil

فَالْوالطَّايُّرْنَابِكَ وَبِيَنْ مَعَكَ

They said: we augur evil of thee and those with thee. [27:47]

رَمُولُوا ۱ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) المَالِّرُولُوا they augur evil

bird (n.)

the bird (n.)

(act. pic. m. sing.) iit. a flying creature (1)

وَلَاظَيْرِيَطِيرُ مِنْكَامَهُ

Nor a flying creature that flieth with its wings.

[6:38]

mata. action (2)

وَكُلَّ إِنْسَانِ ٱلْزَمْنَهُ ظَلْبِرَهُ فِي عُنْقِهِ

And every man We have fastened his action round his neck. [17:13]

in addition to its literary meaning of a bird means metaphorically the actions of a man which are the cause of his happiness and which are, as it were, attached to his neck as a necklace. (LL.)

good, (1) (n. f. adj.) مُلِيَّتُهُ excellent, fair

بَلْدُهُ كُلِيَةُ وَرَبُّ غَفُورُ

A fair land and indulgent Lord! [34:15]

fair, gentle (2)

وَجُوَيْنَ وَرَمْ بِرِينَ فِي كَلِيْبَةٍ

And they sail with them with a gentle (or fair) breeze. [10:22]

good ones, (n. p. f.) لطَيْبَاتُ

اليؤمر أيل لكؤالقليبك

This day are good things lawful for you. [5:5]

طی ر 🖈

w..v.

~(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

حُسَارَ بَعِلِيْرُ طَيْرًا وَ طَيْرًا أَ (ض)
 to fly (birds), to flee

وَلَاظَيْرِينَطِيرُ مِنْنَاعَيْهِ إِلَّاأُمَتُوا مُثَالِكُو

Nor a flying creature flieth that with its two wings but are communities like unto you. [6:38]

مُلِيَّوْنَا ، (perf. Ist. p. plu.) المَيَّوْنَا (we augur evil

to augur evil, تَعَلَيْرُ وَ اطَّيْرٍ to draw a bad omen from يَعَا فُونَ يَوْمَا كَانَ شَرُهُ اسْتَطِيرًا

They dread a Day the evil whereof shall be widespread. [76:7]

طین 🖈

acc. طِيْنٌ ، الطَّيْنُ ، الطَّيْنُ ، الطَّيْنُ ، the clay (n.) (adj.)

mata. augur (3)

قَالَ ظَيْرِكُمْ عِنْدَ اللهِ

He said, your augury is with Allah. [27:47]

wide-spreading (Jid. & Pic.)
that which spreads far
and wide (Aya.).

\*\*\*

## كتاب الظاء

خَلِفَرَ يَظْفَرُ ظُفَرًا (س) \_ ب، عَلَىٰ
to obtain, overcome

مِنْ بَعُدِ اَنْ اَظْفَرَكُوْ عَلَيْهِ مُو After He had given you victory over them.[48:24]

<claws, nails (n. p.)
(of the finger), talon.</pre>

ظَفْرُ (sing.)

وَعَلَىٰ الَّذِيْنَ هَادُوْا حَوْمَنَا كُلَّ ذِي طُفْوُر And unto those who are Jews We forbade every animal with claws. [6:146]

\* 1 1 . .

ظآة

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (assim.) <∼remained (1)

ظَلَّةَ يَظَلُّ ظَلَاً وَ ظُلُوُلاً (ف) to be, to become, to grow into, ظعن 🖈

marching, (v.n.)
departing

ظُعَنَ يَظْعَنُ ظَمْناً وَ مَظْمَناً (ف) to march, travel, to depart

وَجَعَلَ كُمُّ مِّنَ جُلُورِالْأَنْعَامِ بُيُونَّا شَسَّخَفُونَهَا نَوْمَظُمْنُكُمُ

And He appointed for you, from the skins of the cattle, houses which ye find light on the day of your departing (i.e., tha day of your moving from one place to another). [16:80]

ظ ف ر ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv أَظُفَرَ مسade victor to give إَظُفَرَ iv إِظْفَاراً victory, to make victor وَلَيِنُ أَرْسَلُنَادِ يُحَافَوْاً وَدُ مُصْغَرُّ الْطَكُوْا وزائفوه تكذري

And If We send a wind and they see it yellow, they would after that certainly continue to disbelieve.

[30:51]

مظللن

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you continue

فَطَلْتُمْ تَقَكُّمُ وُنَ

You would continue lamenting (or wondering).[56:65]

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) they become.

إِنْ يَشَأَيُنِكِنِ الرِّيْحَ فَيَظْلَلْنَ رَوَاكِدَ If He will, He stills the wind so that they become moti-[42:33] onless.

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we continue/remain

فكظائ كماغكفتن

So we shall remain devoted [26:71] to them.

طَلَّا: } (perf. Ist p. plu.) ii < we overshadowed وَ أَظُلَّ إِظْلَالًا to overshadow

(n.) (acc.) ظلا nom. < shadow, shade

أَظْلَالُ ، ظِلالًا ، ظُلُولُ ( (Plu.) 380

(with a following imperfect or active participle or le it means, to continue, to do something, to go on doing something, preserve something)

ظَلَّ وَحَفَّهُ مُسْوَدًا

His face remaineth darkened. [16:58]

ظَلَّتْ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) ~become (2)

فَظَلُّتُ آعُنَاقُهُ لَهَا خُضِعِينَ So their necks would become submissive to it. [26:4]

ظلت (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou hast remained

is modified form of (.2 p.m خَلَلْتَ

وانْفُوْلِكَ إِلَهِكَ الَّذِي ظَلْتَ عَكَيْهِ عَلِيعًا And look upon thy god of which thou hast remained [20:97] a votary.

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they remained, they kept

فَظَلُواهِنَّهِ مَعْرُكُونَ

Then they kept mounting through it. [15:14]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they would continue

لظلة ا

TA .

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ظَلَوُا they wronged or they did wrong

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you wronged or you did wrong

(perf. 1st p. plu.) خَلَقْتُ we wronged or we did/ committed wrong

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ wrongs or doeth wrong

رُفْلِ (el. 3 p.m. sing.) was to (do) wrong

مَمَاكَانَ اللهُ لِيَظَلِمُهُ مُ Allah was not one to wrong

them.

(juss. 3 p. f. sing.)
meta. stinted not

[9:70]

كِلْتَاالَجِيْتَيْنِ التَّتُ أَكُلُهَ أَوْلَوْتِكُالُوْمِينَهُ شَيْئًا Each of the two gardens brought forth its produce and stinted not aught thereof. [18:33]

imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) يَظْلِمُونَ they wronged

وَمَاظَلَمُوْنَا وَلَكِنْ كَانُوْاَانَفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُوْنَ And they wronged not Us but themselves they were wont to wrong. [7:160]

(Sometimes, as the context governs, يَظْلِيُونَ has been إلاً (sing.) خَالَةُ that which shades, (n.) دُعُلِقُ that which shades, (n.) دُعُلِقًا shade, cloud giving shade, cloud giving (n. p.) دُعُلِقًا دُعُلِقًا دُعُلِقًا دُعُلِقًا دُعُلِقًا دُعُلِقًا دُعُوا مُعْلِقًا دُعُوا اللهِ عُلِقًا دُعُوا اللهِ عُلِقَالًا وَاللهُ عُلِقًا لَهُ عُلِقًا لَعُلِقًا اللهِ عُلِقًا لَعُلِقًا اللهِ عُلِقًا لِهُ عُلِمُ عُلِقًا لِهُ عُلِقًا لِهُ عُلِقًا لِهُ عُلِقًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِقًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمُ لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمُ لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمُ لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمُ عُلِمُ عُلِمًا لِهُ عُلِمُ عُلِمً عُلِمُ عُ

ظ ل م ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

< ~ wronged (1)

ظُلُمَ عَظْلُمُ قُلْماً وَ مَظْلَمَةً (ض)

to do wrong or evil, to wrong, to treat unjustly, ill-treat, oppress, harm, suppress, tyrannise

وَمَنْ يَغْمَلُ ذَٰلِكَ فَقَدُ ظَلَمَ نَفْسَهُ

And whoever does this, indeed he wrongs his own soul. [2:231]

Note: This verb is one of the frequently used word in the Holy Quran. Almost all translators of the Holy Quran into English have rendered this verb as to do wrong or to wrong.

(perb. Ist. p. singh.)
I wronged or I did wrong

ظَلَمْتُ

أظآر

mosques of Allah, that His name be mentioned therein. [2:114]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv <it becometh dark

to become iv أَظْلَرُ إِظْلاَمًا dark, to enter upon the darkness

with damma on the final letter, in an elative case meaning more or much unjust, more than others in wrong-doing etc. while is perf. 3 p.m. sing. iv and means 'to be or become dark'.)

wrong-doing acc. الله nom. غلل

(act. pic. m. sing.) طَالِمِهُ a/the wrongdoer

ظَالِكَةٌ (pact. pic. f. sing.)

(the femine form has been used the H.Q. for worship or communities i. e., as adjective of a plural).

ظَالِمُؤْنَ ، الثَّالِمُؤْنَ . nom.

those (n. p.) acc. ظَالِمْنِيُّ ، الطَّالِمْنِيُّ ، الطَّالِمْنِيِّ ، الطَّالِمِينِّ ، الطَّالِمِينّ

ظَالِمِيْ (n.d.,n.p.) ظَالِمِيْ

wrongdoers of خَالِيْ أَغْسِيمُ their own souls rendered as "they disbelieved.")

فَأُولَمْ لِكَ الَّذِينَ خَيدُوْوًا

أنفستهم بماكانوا بالنيتا كالماون

Those are they who ruined their souls because they disbelieved in our signs.

تَطْلِمُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَطْلِمُونَ you (do) wrong

( perate. ncg. m. plu. ) كَظْلِيُوا (O you) wrong not!

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.)

~was wronged

فَلِيوًا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) فَلِيوًا they were wronged

(pip. 3 p. f. sing.)

thou wast wronged
(pip. 3 p.m. plu.)

they were wronged

they are not/shall مُعْلَلُونَ not be wronged

you are wronged, you shall be treated wrongly

you shall not be لَا تُطْلَبُونَ treated wrongly

(elative. m. sing.) more unjust

دَمَنُ أَظُلُومِتُنَ مَّنَعَ مَسْضِدَ اللهِ أَنْ يُذَكِّرُونَهُمُ المُنْهُ

And who is more unjust than he who preventeth the

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TAT

ظ

خطأ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) h.v. <thou thirst (or thou shall thirst)

طَبِيَّ يَظُمُّأُ ظَمُّا ۚ وَ ظَمَاءً (س) to be thirsty

> ظَيَأ thirst (n.)

الظُّمَانُ thirsty (act. participle)

> ظ ن

> > ظَقَ

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) (assim) ~thought (1) imagined, deemed

> ظَنَّ يَظُنُّ ظَنًّا (ن)

- (1) to think, assume, deem
- (2) to suspect or assume
- (3) to believe, know
- (4) to conjecture

ظنّ (according to Raghib) signifies to conjecture, imagine, suspect and to be sure of something in view of one's observation. a general rule he points out that often this verb is succeeded by that means to be sure about, and certain places it means to imagine, as

(ints.n.) acc. Lib nom. great wrongdoer

opresser, wrong- (ints-n.) doer (by habit or one who is pleased to hurt others)

ومَأْرَبُكَ بِظَلَّامِ لِلْعَبِيْدِ And their Lord is not an oppressor unto (His) bond-[41:46] men.

مظلاما acc. (pic. pac. m. sing.) one who has done wrong

And whosoever is slain wrongfully, We have surely given his next-of-kin authority. [17:33]

ظُلُماتُ الظُّلُماتُ darknesses (n. p.)

darkness (sing.) طُلْلَةُ <

مظلها dark(ap-der. m. sing.)acc. (lit. that becomes dark)

Their faces were overcast with pieces of night pitch-[10:27]

(ap-der. m. plu.) مظلون SS darkend

وَأَيَةٌ لَهُمُ الَّيْنُ كُلَّ مُسْلَحُ مِنْهُ النَّهَارُ فَأَذَاهُمُ مُظَلَّتُونَ

And a sign unto them is the night We draw off the day therefrom, and Lo! they are darkened. [36:37] وَظَنُوْالْنَهُواتِعُ وَهِوْ

And they imagined that it was going to fall on them.
[7:171]

they realized (2)

وكانؤا أن لاملجان اللوالالاند

And they knew (or realized) that their was no refuge from Allah except unto Him. [9:118]

they suspected (3) (they were in doubt)

مَّا أَكُمُ مُ الْفُواكُمُ الْطَائِلُةُ مِنْ الْفُرِيَّةُ الْفُلْكُمُ الْفُلْكُمُ الْفُلْكُمُ الْفُلْكُمُ الْفُلْكُمُ الْفُلْكُمُ اللهُ And they suspected as ye did that Allah will not raise anyone. [72:7]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)
ye thought (1)

وَ فُلِكُوْظُ مُنْكُوالَّذِي ظَلَنَا لَمُ عِنْ بِرَبِّكُو

And that thought of yours that ye formed (thought) concerning your Lord.

[41:23]

you assumed (2)

بَنْ ظَنَتُمُتُوْاَنَ ثَنْ يَنْقِلِبَ التَّوْسُوْلُ وَ الْمُؤُمِنُوْنَ إِلَّ الْمُلِيْهِ وَإِبَدًا

Yea! ye assumed that the Messenger and the believers would never return to their households.

[48:12]

وَذَاالِنُّوْنِ إِذْ قَاهَبَ مُغَافِضًا فَظَنَّ ا

And Dh-ul-Nun when he went away in wrath and he thought that We would not straiten him. ]21:87]

believed, knew, (2) understood

وَظَنَّ دَاؤُدُ أَنَّمُ الْمُتَنَّهُ

And Dawud understood (or knew) We had tried him. [38:24]

وَظَنَ آنَهُ الْفِوَاقُ

And he believed that it is the time of parting. [75:28]

assumed (3)

إِنَّهُ ظُلَّ آنُ لَنْ يَحُوْرُ

Verily he assumed that he would not be back.

[84:14]

(perf. Ist p.m. sing.) طُنَنْتُ

اِنْ ظَنَنْتُ آنِي مُلْقِ حِسَالِيَة

Verily I was sure I should be a meeter of my reckoning. [69:20]

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) the twain thought

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they imagined (1) ظَنُوا

ظَآيًا

تظ

they entertained (3) wrong thoughts

> وَطَأَلِفَةٌ ثَنَّاهَمَتَنْهُوَانَفُسُهُو يَظْنُونَ بِاللَّهِ فَبُوَالْحَقِّ ظَنَّ الْبَاهِلِيَّةِ

While another party concerned about themselves entertained about Allah wrong thoughts unjustly, the thought of 'Jahiliyah'. [3:154]

(see أَعِلِيَّةُ in ل • حَ)

نَطْنُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m plu.) نَطْنُونَ you entertain wrong thoughts

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we deem

أَنَّ nom. ظَنَّ الظَّنَّ nom. ظُنَّ الظَّنَّ nom.

رَمَاطَنُ الَّذِيْنَ يَفْتَرُونَ عَلَى اللّهِ الكَّذِبَ And what is thinking of those who forge lies against Allah? [10:60]

conjecture (2)

وَمَالِسَنَّهُمُ ٱكْثَرُهُمُ اللَّائِلِيَّا إِنَّ السَّلِقَ لَا يُغْفِيٰ مِنَ الْحَقِّ شَيْمُنَّا

And most of them follow not but conjecture, surely conjecture avails not aught against the truth. [10:36]

(diverse) thought (n. p.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) الْطَانِّينَ entertainers of evil thoughts (perf. 1st p. plu.) الْمُنْتُة we thought (1)

مَا الْمُعَنَّالُ الْمُنْ الْوَالْمِي الْمُعَنَّالُ الْمُعَنِّعَالُ الْمُعْكَلُهِمُ الْمُعْكَلُهُمُ الْمُعْكَلُهُمُ And we thought that humankind and jinn would never forge against Allah a lie. [72:5]

we knew (2)

وَأَتَاظَنَتَا أَنْ لَنُ تُعْفِزَ لِللَّهِ فِي الْأَرْضِ

And we know that we cannot frustrate Allah in the earth. [72:12]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

∼thinks

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.)

∼thinks

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.)
I think

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they know

الدن يقون الإمكامة

(they believe) (1)

Who know (believe in) that they will meet their Lord. [2:46]

> وَمِيْهُمُ أُمِيُثُونَ لَايَعْلَمُونَ الْكِئْبَ إِلَّالَمْنَا فِيَوْلُونُهُمْ إِلَّائِيْفُتُونَ

And some of them are unlettered ones who know not the Book but only (from) hearsay, and they do but conjucture. [2:78]

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أظارُ

كَفُكُونَ ذَ

they know (3)

## إنَّهُ مُوانُ يَظْهُرُوا عَلَيْكُوْ يَرْجُهُ وَكُو

Verily they, if they come to know of you, would stone you. [18:20]

( juss. 3 p.m. plu.) اِيَظْهِرُ وَا they knew not

أَوِالْطِلْفُلِ النَّذِينَ لَوْ يَظْهَرُوا عَلَى تَوْرَاتِ الْفِسَاءِ Or children who know naught of women's nakedness. [24:31]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iii الْعَرُوْا <they helped, support

to help, غَاهَرَ مُظَاهَرَة support others (in the sense of collaboration), to back, or support enemies

## وظهرواعلى إخراجكم

And helped (others) in driving you out. [60:9]

(juss. 3 p.m. plu.) مُطَاهِرُوا they did not back up against SS

اِلَّاالَٰذِينَ عَهَدُتُهُمْ مِنَ الْتُشْرِكِينَ دَعُوَّكُوْ يَنْعُصُوُكُوتَيْنِنَّا وَلَوْيُطَاحِرُوْا عَلِيْكُواْحَدُّا

Except those of polytheists with whom you covenanted and they have not ailed you in aught, nor have they backed up any one against you. [9:4]

# ظ م ر 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
<∼is open (opp. secret, concealed)

## ظَهَرَ يَظْهَرُ ظَهُوراً (ف)

to appear, become distinct, clear, open, to come out, to ascend

#### مَاظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَمَابِطُنَ

What is open and what is concealed. [6:151]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَظْهِرُوْنَ they mount, (1) they ascend

#### وتمعارج عليها يظهرون

And stairs whereby they ascend. [43:33]

#### فَمَااسْطَاعُوْاآنَ يَظْهَرُوهُ

Thus they were not able to mount it. [18:97]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. الطَّهُرُوْا they get upper (2)

## كَيْفَ وَإِنْ يَغْلَمُونُ اعَلَيْكُولَا يَرْتُهُوافِيكُو إِلَّا وَلَا فِيمَةً

How (can there be any treaty for them) when, if they have the upper hand, they respect not regarding you (either) kinship or agreement. [9:8] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ∼informs, discloseth(1)

(1) to disclose iv 1)

- (2) to cause to appear
- (3) to make SS overcome
- (4) to enter upon the time of noon

عْلِمُ الْعَيْبُ فَلَايُطْهِرْ عَلْ غَيْبِهَ أَحَدًا

He is the Knower of the unseen. He discloseth not His unseen unto anyone. [72:26]

cause to (2) appear SS

إِنْ آخَافُ آنْ يُتَكِيلَ وِينْكُوْ آوَانْ يُتَلِهِ وَ فِي الْأَرْضِ الْفَسَادَ

Verily! fear that he may change your religion or he may cause to appear corruption in the land. [40:26]

(el. 3 p. m. sing,) iv

may make or cause to
overcome

هُوَلَدِیْنَارْسَلَ رَسُولَهٔ بِالهُدْی وَدِیْنِ الْحَقِّ لِیُنْطِهِ وَهُ عَلَ الدِّیْنِ کِیلِهِ

He it is who sent His Messanger with the guidance and the true religion, that He may make it overcome the religions, all of them. [61:9]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv مُعْمِرُونَ ve enter upon at noon

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii they put away their wives by pronouncing Zihar.

ٱلَّذِيُنَ يُظْهِدُونَ مِنْكُومِنْ نِسَالِهِهُ مَاهُنَ أَمَّهُمِهُمُ

As to those among you who put away their wives by dec!aring 'Zihar', they are not their mothers. [58:2]

(Zihar, an old form of divorcing a woman. The husband saying to the wife, 'thou art to me as the back of my mother.' The word Lihar is derived from Image and meaning back. The Quran while not recognizing this form as a non-returnable divorce, made necessary for a husband in such a case to make an expiation before re-establishment of the conjugal rights).

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii نظاهرون ye dcclare 'Zihar'

مَاجَعَلَ أَزَلَجِكُمُ الْنُ تُطْهِرُونَ مِنَهُنَّ أَمَّهُ يَكُمُ And He made not your spouses whom ye declare to be as your mothers' back, your (real) mothers. [33:4]

~apprised iv

وَأَظْهَرُهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ

And Allah apprised him thereof or Allah has disclosed it to him. [66:3]

.......

excellent names of God.)

#### هُوَ الْأَقَالُ وَالْلِيخِرُوالظَّاهِرُوالْبَاطِنُ

He is the First and the Last and the Outward and the Inward. [57:3]

> acc. أَهِرُ nom. ظَاهِرُ (act. pic. m. sing.) outward (1)

## ٱمرُنْتَةِنْوَنَهُ بِمَالَابِعَكُو فِىالْاَرْضِ]مُرِيظَالِمِرِيْنَ الْقَوْلِ

Would ye inform Him that of which He knoweth not on the earth or is it by way of outward saying? [13:33]

outwardness, (2) open (outside)

وَذَرُوا ظَاهِ وَالْإِنْسِ وَبَاطِنَهُ

And avoid open sins and secret ones. [6:120]

appearance (3)

يَعْلَمُونَ طَاهِرُامِّنَ الْحَيْوةِ الدُّنْيَا

They know some appearance of the life of the world. [30:7]

outer side (4)

بَاطِنَهُ فِيهِ الرَّحْمَةُ وَظَاهِرُهُ مِنْ قِبَالِهِ الْعَنَّاكِ The inner side whereof containeth mercy, while the outer side thereof is toward the doom. [57:13] وَلَهُ الْحَمَدُ فِي السَّنَاوِتِ وَالْأَنْفِي وَعَشِيًّا وَجِينَ تُظْهِرُونَ

And His is all praise in the heavens and the earth! and at the sun's decline and when ye enter the noon. [30:18]

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) vi خَطَاهَرَ ا <the twain support each other to support vi مَطَاهَرُ مَطَاهُرُ اللهِ عَلَاهُمُ اللهُ وَعَلَاهُمُ وَعَلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُمُ وَعَلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُمُ وَعَلَاهُمُ وَعَلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُمُ وَعَلَاهُمُ وَعِلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُمُ وَعَلَاهُ عَلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُ عَلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُ وَعَلَاهُ

فَالْوُاسِحُرْنِ تَظْهَرَا

they said: two magics supporting each other. (i.e. two magicians) [28:48]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) vii فَالَهُوُ وَنَ ye support each other against (one is dropped in وَتَعْفِرُونَ وَيُقًا مِنْكُونِنَ دِيكَالِهِمْ تَظْهَرُونَ وَيُقًا مِنْكُونِنَ دِيكَالِهِمْ تَظْهَرُونَ عَلَيْهِ وَالْمُؤْنَ دِيكَالِهِمْ تَظْهَرُونَ عَلَيْهِ وَالْمُؤْنَ وَلَا الْمُعْدُونَ وَمِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلَيْعًا مِنْكُونَ وَلَيْعًا مِنْكُونَ وَلَيْعًا مِنْكُونَ وَلَيْعًا مِنْكُونَ وَلَيْعًا مِنْكُونَ وَلَيْعًا مِنْكُونَ وَلَيْعُونُ الْمُعْدُونَ وَلَيْعُونُ وَلَيْعُونَ وَلَيْعُونُ وَلَيْعُونَ وَلَيْعُونُ وَلَيْعُونَ وَلِيْعُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَا وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَا وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَا وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقًا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقُونَا مِنْكُونَ وَلِيقُونَا وَلِيقُونَا وَلِيقُونَا وَلَيْكُونَا وَلِيقُونَا وَلِيقُونَا وَلِيقُونَا وَلَيْكُونَا وَلَيْكُونَا وَلِيقُونَا وَلِيقُونَا وَلَيْكُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلَالْمُعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلَالْمُعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُلُونَا وَلِيعُلِيعُونَا وَلِيعُلِيعُلِهُ وَلِيعُلِهُ وَلِيعُلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِيعُلِهُ وَلِيعُلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِيعُلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهِ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهِ وَلِهُ وَلِهِ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهِ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَل

And drive out a party of you from their homes and support each other against them with guilt and inquity. [2:85]

back (n.)

backs (n. p.)

(sing.)

الطَّامِرُ (n.) the outward (n.) الطَّامِرُ inward (one of the

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TAA

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) helper, one who backs up, supporter

- على aider against SS

وكان الكابزعل ربه ظهيرًا

And the disbeliever is ever an aider against his Lord. [25:55]

the heat of noon (n.)

الظَّهِيرَةُ

وَحِيُنَ تَضَعُونَ شِيَاكُمْ مِنَ الظَّهِيْرَةِ

And when you put off your clothes for the heat of noon. [24:58]

behind the back

بلغيرتا

وَاتَّغَذُّ ثُنُوهُ وَرَأَءً كُوْظِهُرِيًّا

And you put Him behind you on backside. [11:92]

(The phrase means: you have neglected Him as a thing cast behind your backs.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. مُلَاهِوِ يُنَ masters, those who are uppermost

يْقَوْمِلِكُو الْمُلْكُ الْمُؤْمَ ظِهِرِيْنَ فِي الْأَمْرِضِ

O my people, yours is the kingdom this day being masters (uppermost) in the land. [40:29]

(act. pic. f. sing.) acc. outwardly (2)

وَٱسْبَعَ عَلَيْكُوْ يَعْسَهُ ظَالِمِرَةً وَبَالِطِنَةً

And He granted to you His favours compete outwardly and inwardly. [31:20]

appeared, (2) easy to be seen

وَجَمَلُنَا بَيْنَهُمْ وَبَيْنَ الْقُرَى الَّيِّ بُرِكُنَافِيمًا قُوى ظَاهِرَةً

And We made between them and the towns which We had blessed, other towns easy to be seen. [34:18]

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# كتاب العين

ع ب ٹ \*

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَعْبَعُونَ <you sport

عَبِثَ يَعْبَثُ عَبْقًا (س) to play, sport in a frivolous manner

اَتَبْنُوْنَ بِكُلِّ رِبُعِ أَيَةً تَعْبَشُوْنَ

Do you build on every height a monument—you (only) sport (i. e. as a mark indicative of splendour and commemorating deeds of valiance). [26:128]

Note: The verb مُعَمَّوُنُ has occurred as hal. acc. to mean: you do.....in vanity.

(v.n.) acc. in vain, to sport, jest 390

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (h.v.) أُتِبَةً < ~ cares for (ف) أَعَبَا عَبَا أَعَا (ف)

to care for, to be solicitous

مَّلْ مَايَسْوُا بِكُورِين لَوْلادُمَّا وُكُو

Say: my Lord careth not for you were it not for your prayer. (Jid.) Say: my Lord would not concern himself with you but for your prayer (Pic.) [25:77]

(perf. 1st p. plu.) we worshipped وَقَالُوْالُوْشَأَءُ الرَّحُمٰنُ مَاعَدُ الْمُمْ And they said: Had the Compassionate willed we should not have worsip-[43:20] ped them. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~worships (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they worshipped (imperf. 3 p.m. plu, el.) they should/in order to/ that they may/worship that they n.d.

worship them (f.)
they should (el. com.) لِعَبُدُونِ
(or in order to, that

Note: the final  $\dot{y}$  is a short form of  $\dot{y}$  of pronominal and not a  $\dot{y}$  phu.

they) worship me

وَمَاخَلَقُتُ الَّحِنَّ وَالْإِنْسُ الْأَلِيَعَبُدُونِ And I have not created the jinn and mankind but that they should worship Me. [51:56]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou worship

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) تَعْبُدُونَ you worship you shall not لَا تَعْبُدُونَ

worship (i.e., negative ) is prefixed)

أفَحَيِبُنْ وُأَنَّمَا خَلَقُنْكُو عَبَثًا

Deem ye that We have created you in vain ? [23:115]

ع ټ د ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

worshipped

عَبَدَ بَعْبُدُ عِبَادَةً

to serve, (نَ عُبُودَةً وَ عُبُودَةً وَ عُبُودَةً وَ عُبُودَةً وَ عُبُودَةً (نَ worship, adore, venerate (Meta. to obey)

ٱلُوْاَعُهَدُ إِلَيْكُوْ يَدِينَ الْوَاَدَرَ آن لَا تَعَبُّدُوا الثَّيْطُنَ

Enjoined I not on you, O ye children of Adam, that ye shall not worship (i.e., obey the commands of) Satan? [36:60]

وَجَمَلُ مِنْهُمُ الْقِرْدَةُ وَالْمَنْأَزِيْرُ وَعَبَدَ الطَّاعُونَةُ He made some of them apes and swine, and (those who) worshipped the devil. [5:60]

Note: the word \_\_\_\_ according to the majority of the commentators, is a plural noun, i.e., plural of \_\_\_\_ worshipper. Thus the verse means: He made some of them opes and swine and worshippers of the devil.

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) نُدُمُ you worshipped bond man opp. a free man (i.e. owned by a human being)

وَلَعَبُدُ مُؤْمِرٍ فِي خَيْرِينَ مُثَمِّرِكِ

A believing bondman is better than an infidel (who ascribes divinity to anything besides God).

[2:221]

a servant, a (2)bondman or a slave possessed and governed by Allah. Thus all human beings are Allah's bondmen and bondwomen.

Thus when this word is used in the Quran in relation to Allah it applies on those who willingly submit themselves to Allah and obey His commands that come down to them through His Prophets. compare:

يَأْيُهُا الَّذِينَ امْنُواكُمْتِ عَلَيْكُو الْقِصَاصُ وَالْعَيْنِ آنُحُرُّ بِالْحُرِّ وَالْعَيْنُ بِالْعَبِي

O vau who believe! Just retribution is ordained (or prescribed) for you in case of killing: the free for the free, and the salve for the slave. [2:178]

لَنْ يَسْتَنكِكَ الْسَيْعُ أَنْ يَكُونَ عَبْدًا لِلْهِ The Messiah never did scorn to be Allah's bondman.

[4:172]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) I worship أَنْ أَعْدُدَ . that I may acc worship (imperf. Ist p. phr.) we worship (perate m. sing.) (thou) worship! (perate. m. phi.) (you) worship! (you) worship me (com.) اغتثثون (you) worship me (com.) لاً تَمْنُدُ (perate. neg. m. sing.) (thou) worship not! (perate. neg. m. plu.) you worship not! ر...وه رَ بعسدون (3 p. m. plu.) pip they are to be worshipped اَجَعَلْنَا مِن وُونِ الرَّحُمْنِ الِعَهُ يُعْبُدُونَ Have We appointed gods beside the Compossionate to be worshipped. [43:45] (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii قَالَةَ < thou enslaved عَنَّدَ مُمَنَّدُ مُمَنَّدُ مُمْنِداً # to enslave, subjugate, to make (a road) possible for traffic. to make serviceable, enthrall عَنْدُ، عَنْدُ، الْعَنْدُ (n. nom.) (gen.) عَد (acc.) أعَد أ a slave or a (1)

لَتَتْكَانَ فِي صَوْمِمْ عِنْ الْأَلْبَابِ
Assuredly in their stories is
a lesson for men of understanding. [12:111]

(prate. m. plu.) viii عَبْرُوا you take a lesson!

to viii اعتبر اغتباراً <br/>consider, take into account observe cerefully, have regard to

فَاعْتَ بِرُوا يَأْوَلِي الْأَبْصَارِ. So learn a lesson O ye endued with insight, [59:2]

ع ب س ★

رَبُسَ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) < ~ frowned (ض) عَبِسَ مِعْمِسُ عُبُوْساً (ض) to frown, look sternly, austere

عَبُنَ وَتُولِّي

He frowned and turned away. [80:1]

austere, grim, stern (n.) عَبُوسٌ

اِنَاعَتَافُ مِنْ زَبِنَاكِهُمَا عَبُوسًا فَمَطُورِيرُ Verily we dread from our Lord a Day grim and distressful. [76:10]

ع ب ق ر

 two bond- (n. dual.) acc. men (of Allah)

(n.p.) acc. المَّادُ، الْعَبِيْدَ bondmen of Allah

الْمَايِدِينَ acc. الْمَايِدُونَ

(act. pic. m. plu.) worshippers

عَالِمُنَاتُ (act. pic. f. phu.) عَالِمُنَاتُ worshipper women

worship (v. n.) بَادَةً

ع ب د \*

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you interpret

عَبَرَ بَعْبُرُ عَبْراً وَ عَبَارَةً (ن) to state clearly, to interpret

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ لِلرُّنْ يَاتَعَنْبُونَ

If ye can interpret dreams.
[12:43]

عَابِرِيْ < عَابِرِيْ < عَابِرِيْنَ acc., n. d.

(act. pic. m. plu,)

those who cross

عَبِرَ يَعْبُرُ عُبُوراً (ن)

to cross (a bridge or way) to pass

إلاعابري تبييل

Except (in case of) passing (crossing) the way. [4:43]

admonition (n.)

a lesson by which one can
take warning or example

And if they solicit God's favour they shall not be regarded with favour (Rod., Sale.). If they petition their Lord to cancel their compact, or to restore them to the world, He will not do so i.e., He will not restore them to the world; knowing that, if they were restored, they would return to that which they have been forbidden to do. (Qr.)

\* 3 = 6

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii

to get ready, viii أعتد إعتاداً prepare

>> عَندَ يَعْنُدُ عَناداً (ن)

to be ready

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) viii Viii

(pact. 2 pic. m. sing.) ready

وَقَالَ قَرِينُهُ هٰذَامَالَدَى عَتِيْثُ

And his companion will say: (lit. said) this is that which is with me ready. [50:23]

ع ت ت 🖈

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

<ancient</pre>

chief, a kind of rich carpet

> ع ت ب ★ سُنَعْتُوْ ( d.x)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) <they seek pleasure of

to seek, استِعْتَابًا أَسْتَعْتَبُ اسْتِعْتَابًا favour, pleasure of

they will be (or they are)
given leave to seek pleasure of

فَيُوْسَبِدٍ لَاسْتُغَعُّ الَّذِينَ ظَلْتُوْامَعُذِرَهُمُّ فَيُوسَمُّ مُنْ فَالْتُوْامَعُذِرَهُمُّ

On that day the excusing of themselves will not profit those who did wrong nor shall they be allowed to please (Allah). [30:57]

(pic. pact. m. plu.)acc. iv <they are allowed to seek pleasure

to regard iv [اعتب إعتاب] with favour, to show

وَإِنْ يَسْتَعْتِبُوا مَهَا هُوْقِنَ الْمُعْتَبِينَ

And if they seek to please (Allah) they will not be of those who are allowed to please Allah (Jid.)

[41:24]

have exceeded (the thev bounds) with excess great. [25:21]

> disdain (2) nom.

بَلُ لَجُوا فِي عُتُو وَنُفُورِ

Aye they persisted in disdain and aversion. 167:211

extreme (1) acc. (n.) (degree)

وَقَدُ بَلَغُتُ مِنَ الْكَرَعِتِ مَا

I have reached an age of an extreme (degree) [19:8]

most in excess (2)

أَيُّهُمُ آمَنَتُ ثُو عَلَى الرَّحُمْنِ عِبَيًّا

Whichever of them against the Compassionate were most in excess. [19:69]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) pp. ~is stumbled

عَثْرَ يَغَيْرُهُ عَثْراً وَ عُثُوراً (ض ، ن)

to stumble.

to become aquainted with. to light upon.

أعَدُ نَا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we cause to light upon

> أُغْبَرُ إِغْاراً

to cause to light upon

عَتَقَ مَثْنُهُ عَنَافَةً (ن)

to become old, to remain in a good condition

وليكلوفوا بالبينت العبيني

And let them circumambutate the ancient House.

[22:29]

(perate. m. plu.)

اعتلةا

(you) drag!

عِنِيّاً

عَنْلَ يَغْيَلُ مَثْلاً (ض، ن) to drag, push violently

فأغتِلُوْهُ إلى سَوَآه الْبَصَعِيد

Lay hold of him and drag him unto the midst of the [44:47] flaming fire.

violent, rude (n.)

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. ~trespassed

> عَنَا يَغُنُو مُؤَنَّ أَ (نَ)

to be proud, rebellious, decrepit,

to disdain, to exceed a boundry in rebellious way

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they exceeded

> exceeding (1) acc. v.n. (the boundry)

عَنَوْا

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to please. iv أُغِامًا أَ delight

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv  $\sim (f)$  pleased

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv delights

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv ~delights

وَإِذَارَأَيْتَهُمْ تَغِيلِكَ آجْسَامُهُمْ

And when thou seest them their figures please you.

[63:4]

(Note: For plural the verb 3 p. f. sing is used).

pip. juss.

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~should not amaze, let not amaze

فَلَا تُعْجِبُكَ أَمُوَالُهُمْ وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ

Let not wherefore their riches and their children amaze you. [9:55]

marvellous (1) (v.n.) nom.

وَإِنْ تَعْتُ فَعِينٌ قُولُهُمْ

And shouldst thou marvel. then marvellous is their saying. [13:5]

wonderment (2) (v.n.) acc.

اكان الكاس عج أن أوَحَيْناً إلى رَجُل يَنْهُمُ

Was it a matter of wonderment to the people that We reveal unto a man?

[10:2]

عَمَأ

( perate. neg. m. plu.) do not act curruptly

عَفًا يَعْنُوْ عُنُواْ وَ عَنِي يَعْنَىٰ عَيْبًا to evil, وَ عَشَاناً (ن ، س) mischief

وَلَا تَعْتُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ مُعْيِيدِينَ

And do not act wickedly on earth by spreading corrup-[2:60]tion.

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they marvelled

< عَجَتَ تَعْجَتُ عَجَمَا (س)

to wonder, marvel, be astonished, be amazed,

- مِنْ ، ل to wonder at

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) thou marvelled

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you marvelled

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) juss thou marvel

أَنْ تَمْجَتْ if thou marvel

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you marvel

(imperf. 2 p.f. sing.) thou (f) marvel

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv <~pleased

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they frustrate

بُعْجِزُونَ ١٥٠

to frustrate, أُغِزَ إِغِازاً to make powerless, to make (one) incapable

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) el. can frustrate لمعجز

وَمَا كَانَ اللهُ لِيُعْجِزَهُ مِن شَعْقُ And Allah is not such that anything can frustrate Him. [35:44]

'(apder.f.sing)iv'
litt: frustater
meta: a miracle
the word is often
used to refer to
the in imitable
sublimity of the
Quran as it is
a living Miracle

(imperf. 1st p. plu.)

نعجز

we shall not (neg. آنْ نُعْجِزَ (and can not) frustrate

an old (women) غُوزٌ (who has passed child bearing age)

قَالَتُ يُورِّكُمْ عَالِدُ وَآنَا عَبُورُ She said: O wonder! shall I bring forth when I am old. [11:72] wonder (3)

كَانُوْا مِنَ الْبِيْنَا عَبَّالًا (They) were of Our signs a wonder. [18:9]

a marvel (4)

وَاتَّخَذَسِّمِينُكُهُ فِي الْبَحْرِ عَجَبًا

And it took its way into the sea—a marvel! [18:63]

wondrous (5)

إِنَّاسَيِمْنَاقُوْاْنَا عَيْبًا

We have listened to a Recitation wondrous! [72:1]

(Note: The word Let does not have different meanings in above verses, only their grammatical placing causes it to be rendered in different imports of the word: wondering, wondrous etc.)

wondrous (act. 2 pic.)

غِنبُ عُدَّ

astounding (ints.)

\* 3 7 8

(perf. 1st p. sing.)

I become incapable

عَزَ بَمْيِرُ عَزِاً وَ مَمْيِرَهُ وَعِزَانَا وَ عَنِهَ سَعِيزُ عَذِا (ض، ش)

to lack strength, to become incapable, powerless

اَعَجَزْتُ آنَ ٱلْكُنَ مِثْلَ هٰذَ الْغُرَابِ Was I incapable of being like this raven! [5:31] (س) عَمِنَ بَنْجَنُ عَمَناً (س) to be lean (animal)

\* 7 5 5

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) ∠ <I hastened

عِجَلَ بَعْجَلُ عَجَلًا وَ عَجَلَةً (س)

to hasten with SS --

to hasten

- عَلَىٰ to hasten against SS

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you hastened (or) you anticipated

آعِلْتُوْامْوَدَيْكُوْ

Have you anticipated the command of your Lord.

[7:150]

Note: غِلْمُ is here synonymous with سَعْمُ (LL)

(perate neg. m. sing.) يُجَلّ (thou) hasten not

فَلَانَعْجَلُ عَلَيْهِمُ

So hasten thou not against them. [19:84]

وَلَاتَعْجَلْ بِالْقُرُانِ

And hasen thee not with the Quran. [20:114]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) el. that in order to make haste

<trunks (n. p.) أَغْيَارٌ</p>
(sing.) جُوْرٌ
the back side of a body.

the back side of a body, trunk

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iii مُعَاجِزِينَ < frustaters

al عَاجَزَ مُعَاجَزَةً to make powerless

مُعْجِزٌ (Ap-der. m. sing.) iv frustrater

> (perate, m. plu.) iv مُعْجِزِ يُنَ frustraters (1)

لَا عَسْبَنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُّوا مُعْجِزِينَ فِي الْأَرْضِ

Deem not those who disbelieve able to frustrate (His purpose) on the earth. [24:57]

those who escape (2)

اِنَ مَا تُوعَدُونَ لَاتِ وَمَا اَشَتُو بِمُعْجِونِينَ Verily that which ye are promised is sure to arrive, and ye can not escape. (Jid.) (you can not frustrate it.—Arb) [6:134]

(as above (n.d.) مُعْجِزِيْ

وَاعْلَنُوۤاا كَنْ عُنُورُمُعُجِزِي اللهِ

And know that ye cannot escape (or frustrate) Allah. [9:2]

ع ج ف \*

جِعَانَتُ «very lean (ones), (n. p.) جِعَانَتُ

غَن ، أَغِنَ ، (sing.)

haste (v.n.) (act. pic. f. sing. n.) the quick-passing (world) ever hasty (acc. ints. n.) hastening (v.n.) x a/the calf البيخل ، العبار Œ <foreign (tongue) (n.)</pre> litt. a Non-Arab or one who has an impediment in speech. لِسَانُ الَّذِي يُلُحِدُونَ إِلَيْهِ اعْجَيِيُّ The tongue of him unto whom they incline is [16:103] foreign. (in) a foreign tongue acc. foreigners (n. p.) acc. (Non-Arabs) (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim <~counted عَدَّ مَعُدُّ عَدّاً وَ عِدَّةً (ن) to count, number, reckon Assuredly He comprehended them a (full) counting. [19:94]

لدون (imperf. 2 p.m. phu.) (assim)

F (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) il <~hastened as R.F. كُنْ أَنْ اللَّهُ اللّ عَلَنا (perfect 1st p. sing.) ii we hastened (imperf 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~hasten (perate. m. sing.) ii (thou) hasten ! (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv <~made SS hasten to make SS YIEI JE hasten (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) v <~hastened as R.F. v, كَاتِّمَا أَنْهَا عَالَى اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) x you sought to be hastened اسْتَعْجَلَ اسْتِعْجَالًا to seek SS to be hastened also as RF (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x ~seeks SS to be hastened (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they seek ~ to hasten (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x you seek ~to hasten (perate. m. sing.) x (thou) do not seek~to hasten (perate. m. plu.) x (you) do not seek~to hasten

you count

2 . .

number, counting (n.) בֿבֿנُ	ľ
عِدِّة <some (1)="" (v,n.)<="" number="" td=""><td></td></some>	
it. counting, to count	1
فَعِدَّةُ فِينَ أَيْنِ اللهِ الْحَرَ	
(For him) the same number	1
of other days. [2:184]	
waiting period (2)	
for a women after she is divorced or becomes a wi-	
dow	
وَأَحُصُواالُعِدَّةَ	
And count their waiting	1
period. [65:1]	
number, (3)	
counting	1
رِّيْنَ اَعْلَوُ بِعِدِّ تِهِمْ	
My Lord is best Knower of	1
their number. [18:22]	1
	ı١
ع د س ★	П
lentils (n,) گذش	- 1
فَدَسُّ (n.) lentils	
+ J > F	T
*	1
(perf. 3 p.f. sing.) Jac	اۃ
~ proportioned	
	- 1

عَدَلَ يَعْدِلُ عَدْلاً وَ عَدَالَةً (ض)

equitably, with fairness,

to proportion, i.e., to ad-

just properly as to rela-

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (juss.) ou count إِنْ تَعُدُّوا f you count (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ve count we used to count or reckon عَدّد perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim ii < ~counted عَدَّدَ تَعْدِدُا as R. F. اَعَدُدُ أعَدً (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim iv < ~ made ready, prepared أَعَدُّ إَعْدَاداً ل ,to prepare make ready assim. iv (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they perpared assim iv (p. p. 3 p. f. sing.) ~is prepared (perate. m. plu.) assim iv (you) prepare assim iv (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) < you count اعْنَدَ اعْتَدَاداً as R.F. (to count) (act. pic. m. plu.) assim. those who count (pic. pact. m. sing.) counted (one) (pic. pact. f. plu.) < counted (ones) مَعْدُو دَهُ (sing.)

to act justly

means to judge, act justly and to equalize. When followed by a proposition بن or بن it signifies the meaning to equalize.

تَعْدِلُوا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) f.d. ا

(you) act justly

compensation (1) (v.n.)

# وَلَا يُؤْخَذُ وَنَّهُمَّا عَدُّ لُ

Nor shall compensation be taken. [2:48]

equity (2)

يَعَكُونِهِ ذَوَاعَدُ لِ يَنْكُو

Shall be judged by two men of equity. [5:95]

equivalent (3)

أَوْعَدُّلُ ذَٰلِكَ صِيَامًا Or the equivalent thereof in fasts. [5:95]

justice (4)

وَتُنتَتُ كَلِيتُ رَبِّكَ صِنْ قَادَّ عَنْ لَا

And perfected is the word of thy Lord in veracity and in justice. [6:115]

ع د ن 🖈

<everlasting (v.n.) בֿנֿ

to make an وَيَنْ ، بُ equality between two things

الَّذِي خَلَقَكَ فَسَوْلِكَ فَعَدَالَكَ

Who created thee, then moulded thee, then proportioned thee. [82:7]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) juss. it (soul) makes equal

مرون

[6:1]

النُتَفُولُ كُلَّ عَدُلِ لَا يُؤْخَذُ مِنْهَا

if (she i.e., the soul, person)
offers every equivalent it
shall not be accepted.[6:70]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) el. الآعداد، that I may act justly (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَعْدِلُونَ \_ ب they make equality (1)

تُمَّ الَّذِيْنِيَ كَفَرُواْ بِرَيْهِمْ يَعَدِ لُوْنَ Yet those who disbelieve equalize others with their

they judge (2)

Lord.

وَمِنْ قَوْمِ مُوْلَكَى أُمَّاهُ يُهَدُّونَ بِالْحَقِّ وَبِهِ يَعْدِلُونَ

And of the people of Musa there is a community guiding (others) by the truth and judging thereby (i.e., according to the law of Islam—Jid.) [7:159] they equalize (3)

بَلْ مُعْوِقُومٌ يَعْدِلُونَ

But they are people who equalize. (i.e., others with their Lord). [27:60]

عَادُ

كَسَىٰ اصْطُرْغَيْرَ بَاغِ وَلَا عَادِ فَلْآ اِكْمَ عَلَيْهِ

But whosoever is driven by necessity, neither desiring nor transgressing for him is no sin. [2:173]

(act. pic. m. plu..) أَعَادُوْنَ / عَادُوْنَ

بَلُّ أَنْ تُوْفِوْمُ عِلْدُونَ

Nay! Ye are a people transgressing. [26:166] 'Ad (proper n.)

وكالى عاد آخاهم مفودا

And unto 'Ad we sent their brother Hud (i.e., their countrymen) belonging to the same tribe or town.

[7:65]

( se 'Ad', an Arab people flourishing in the south of the Arabian peninsula, with their dominion extending from north of the Gulf in the east to the southern end of the Red sea in the west. Their story was well known to the Arabs of the holy Prophet's time. The ancient poets knew 'Ad as an ancient nation that had parished, hence the expression "since the time of 'Ad." Their kings are mentioned in the Diwan of عَدَنَ يَمْدُنُ عَذَنَا وَ عُدُوناً (ن) \_ ب

remain, abide

(this word belongs to Syriac origin (Syuti); it is always used as genitive possessed

by جناث garden)

ع د ر \*

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. بَعْدُونَ <they transgress

عَدَا يَعْدُوْ عَدُواً وَ عَدَوَاناً (ن) to go rapidly, run, transgress, to pass beyond SS,

to pass from, عَنْ overlook

(perate. neg. m. sing.) المُنَدُ الله do not pass from or do not overlook

وَلَاتَعُدُ عَيْنَاكُ عَنْهُمْ

And let not their eyes overlook them. [18:28]

(perate neg.m. phu.) اَ مَدُوْا do not transgress

وَثُلْمَالَهُ وَلَا تَعُدُوا فِي السَّبُتِ

And We bade them: transgress not the Sabbath. [4:154]

> (act. pic. m. sing.) transgrassor (1)

عَادَ

مَنَ يَعَنَّ عُدُورَاللهِ قَالُكِكَ مُ وَالطَّلِوَنَ And whosoever trespasseth the bounds of Allah, then verily these! they are the wrongdoers. [2:229]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) viii اعْنَدُى <- transgressed

viii أَعْتَدَى يَعْتَدِى اعْتِدَاماً as v to transgress,

to be hostile,  $\frac{3}{6}$  - froward, to violate, raid, attack

to transgress (1) (without a preposition followed)

So whosoever transgresseth thereafter, for him there shall be a torment afflictive. [2:178]

to violate (2)

نَسَ اعْتَدَى عَلَيْكُوْ فَاعْتَدُوْ اعْلَيْهِ بِيثُلِ الْعُنْ عَلَيْكُوْ

So whosoever then offereth violence unto you, offer violence unto him, the like of violence unto you.

[2:194]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii اعْتَدُوا they trespassed we have trepassed viii

we have not trespassed مَا اعْتَدَبْتَ

1.4

Hudhailites and their prudence in that of Nabigha.

(Encyclopædia of Islam)

They were zealous idolaters.

The Adites were separated only by a few generation from the people of Noah. The tribe of 'Ad, the son of Aws', the son of Sam, the son of Noah, who after confusion of the tongues settled in Ah-qaf, or the winding sands in the province of Hadhramaut, where his posterity greatly multiplied.

(Jid. > Sale)

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii you treat with enmity

> عَادلي مُعَادَاةً وَ عِدَاءاً

to treat with enmity, hostility, to become distant, aloof from

المَّدُوْ عَدُوا وَ عُدُوا وَ عُدُوا وَ عُدُواناً وَ عُدُواناً وَ عُدُواناً إِنْ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ الله

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ، المنفقة <~trespasses

to cross, overstep, to traverse, to exceed a boundry, to go beyond limit, to trespass

كَانِ النَّهُوَ الْلَاعُدُوانَ الْلَّامُ الظَّلْمِينَ So if they desist then there is no violence save against the wrongdoers. [2:193] harshness (2)

آيَتَا الْكَبَلَيْنِ تَفَيْتُ فَلَا عُنْوَانَ عَلَى الْكَبَالِكِبَالِيَّ وَلَمْ الْكُوانَ عَلَى الْكَبَالِكِبَالِ الله الله Whichsoever of the two terms I shall fulfil it shall be no harshness to me. [28:28] transgression (3)

وَمَنْ يَغَعَلُ ذَٰ إِنَّ عُنُمُوانًا وَظُلْمَا أَسُونَ نُصُلِيْهِ نَارًا And whosoever doth that in transgression and wrong, presently We shall roast him in fire. [4:30]

عَدَاوَةً enmity (v.n.)

<side (n.) عُدْوَةُ

lit. a side of valley, bank of river

إِذْ أَنْتُوْ الْمُدُوَّ وَالدُّنْيَا وَهُوْ بِالْمُدَوَّ الْقُصُوٰى And (recall) when ye were on the near side and they were on the yonder side. [8:42]

(act. pic. f. plu.) الْمَادِيَاتُ those who (f) run repidly, coursers

عَدَا يَعْدُوْ عَدُواً (ن) to go rapidly, run

وَالْعَدِيْتِ ضَبُحًا By the striking coursers. [100:1] (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii مُنْدُونَ they trespass

كَانُوْا يَعْتَكُوْنَ they were ever transpassing [2:61]

f.d., acc. (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
yon trespass
incite you to trespass

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) el. اِنَعْنَدُوْا that ye may trespass

اعَدُوْا (perate. m. plu.) اعَدُوْا (you) offer violence!

(sec. 2 ( اعتدى )

(perate. neg. m. plu.) لاً تَعْتَدُوا (you) trepass not!

(Ap-der. m. sing.) مُعَنَّدُ trespasser

الْمُتَدِينَ acc. الْمُتَدُونَ

(Ap-der. m. sing) trespassers

spitefully, (v. n.) acc.
 wrongfully
from R. F.

عَدُونَّ ، الْمُدُونَّ ، الْمُدُونَّ ، الْمُدُونَّ ، enemy (v. n.)

enemy acc. آءَدُوٓا

enemies (n. p.)

عُدْوَانُّ ، الْمُدُوَانُ (v.n.) violenæ (1)

404

1 . 1

#### الله مُهَلِكُهُمْ أَرْمُعَذِبُهُمُ

Allah is about to destroy or punish them. [7:164]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. مُعَدِّين giver of punishment

(Ap-der. m. plu.)f.d. nom, chastiser

acc. مُعَذَّبِيْنَ ، الْمُذَّبِيْنَ (pis. pic. m. plu.) those who are punished

torment, punishment (n.) عَذَابُ chastisement

# ع ذ ر ★

< being free from (v.n.) acc. مُعْذِرَةً</p>

عَذَرَ يَعْذِرُ عُذْراً وَ مَعْذِرَةً to excuse, (ض مُعْذُرَةً (ض \_ إِلَىٰ ,to beg pardon

to be free from guilt

excuse (v.n.) acc. أَذُرا

excuses (n. p.) مَعَاذِيْرَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) viii يَعْتَذِرُونَ they will make excuse, they put forth an excuse

اعْنَذَرَ يَعْنَذِرُ اعْتِذَاراً

to offer an excuse

2.0

(perate. neg. plu.) اَ تَعْتَذِرُوْا (offer no excuse

# ع ذ ب ★

<sweet, agreeable to (n.) عَذْبُ taste (water)

عَذُبَ يَعْدُبُ عُذُوبَةً (ك)

to be sweet in taste

هٰۮَاعَذَبُ فَرَاتُ

One platable sweet. [25:53]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii عَذَّبَ  $\sim$ punished

تَقَدَّبَ تَعْذِيْباً to punish, chastise, torment

رَّدُبُنَ (perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii عَذَّبُنَا we punished

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii مُذَّبُ will punish /~punishes

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) e.l. ii لِيُعَذِّبُ that he may punish

he will not punish لا تعذَّتْ

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii تُعَذَّبُ thou punish

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) ii اُعَذَّبُ I punish

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii نَعَذَّبُ we punish

سَنَعَذَّبُ we shall punish

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(Ap-der. m. sing.) مُعَدُّبُ treats with punishment

<stairways (n. ints. plu.) مَعَارِجُ</p>
ladder, stair, (sing.)

الْآغُرَجُ (.the lame (*adj*) عَرِجَ عَرَجاً (س to be lame (عَرِجَ عَرَجاً



الْعُوْجُوْنُ the branch of a palm tree

\* 3 2 2

<sin, crime (n.)

عَرَّ يَعُرُّ عَرَّاً (ن) to manure, to bring evil upon

(pis. pic. m. sing.) viii poor, seeking favour

ع د ش ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَعْرِ شُوْنَ they raised (as edifices and structures)

عَوَشَ عَوْشاً وَ عُوُوْشاً (ن، ض) - يَدَّةِ

to make a trellis (for a grapewine), raise, build

(pact. pic. f. plu.) مَعْرُ وْشَاتُ trellised ones

وَهُوَالَّذِيُّ أَنْشَا جَنَّتٍ مَّعُرُوشْتٍ وَغَيْرُمَعُونُشْتٍ

And He who hath produced gardens trellised and untrellised. (6:141] (Ap-der. m. plu.) ii الْمُعَدِّرُونَ <those who put forth an excuse, apologists

to affect an excuse, to offer an excuse

ع ر ب ★

عَرَقٌ (n.) عَرَقٌ

related to عَرَبُ i.e., the descendant of Ismail bin Ibrahim (peace be upon them), those who speak clearly (opp. foreigner)

of/in/Arabic acc.

عَرَبِيًّا

dwellers of the (n.p.) الْأَعْرَابُ desert

<those who show (n. p.)</p>
great love or foundness

عَرُوْبٌ ، عَرُوْمَةٌ (sing.)

\* 5 2 E

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) منورج -ascends

عَرَجَ يَعْرُجُ عُرُوْجاً وَ مَعْرَجاً (ن) to ascend upto a high place

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَعْرُجُوْنَ they ascend to offer, to present J to show, propound J (a matter), to set before

تُوَعَرضَهُمْ عَلَى الْمُلَيِّكَةِ

Thereafter He set them before the angels. [2:31]

عَرَّضْنَاً (perf. Ist p. plu.) we showed

وعرضناجها ويونم إللكفرين عرضا

And we shall set Hell on that Day unto the infidel. with a setting. [18:100]

(This a usual style of the holy Quran to use past tense for the future tense in connection with the Hereafter. It means that what will happen on that Day is as certain as a thing already happend.)

عُرِضَ (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) پ were presented

اِذْعُرِضَ عَلَيْهِ بِالْعَشِيّ الصَّيْفَ الْمِيادُ (Recall) what time there were presented unto him at eventide coursers swiftfooted. [38:31]

نُمُوِهُا (.pp. 3 p.m. plu) مُحِرِضُوْا ∼were presented

يُعْرَضُ (pip. 3 p.m. sing.) مُعْرَضُ معرَضُ shall be placed before

هُرَ صُوْنَ (pip. 2 p.m. plu.) هُرَ صُوْنَ they shall be set before iit. throne, seat (1) عَرْشُ ، الْعَرْشُ of power, a booth, a shed, what is constructed for shed

met. might, power, sovereignty, dominion

is applied to the عَرْشُ of God which is not definable and is immeasurable it is not as the vulger hold, the seat or throne of God for were it so it would be support to Him, not supported.

(Jid. < LL.)

نُثُمَّ اسْتَوٰى عَلَى الْعَرَيْن

Then He established Himself on the Throne. (Jid.) He established on the throne of His almightiness.

(Asad.) [7:54]

غُرُوشٌ (n.p.) <roofs (2) (n.p.)

عُرْشُ a house or the like

وَهِيَ خَاوِيَةٌ عَلَى عُوُوْشِهَا

They (towns) were laying overturned on their roofs. [2:259]

ع د مښ

عَرَضَ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

عَرَضَ بَعْرِضُ وَ عَرِضُنَ بَعْرَضُ

عَرْضاً (ض،س

to happen, to take place

وَإِنِ الْمُرَاةُ كَانَتُ مِنْ بَعِلْهَا لَنْتُوزًا الْوَاعْرَاضًا And if a women feareth from her husband refractoriness or estrangement (his turning away from her). [4:128]

backsliding (2)

طَانُ كَانَ كَابُرْعَلَيْكَ إِعْرَاضُهُمْ And if their backshiding

And if their backsliding is hard unto thee. [6:35]

acc. مُغْرِضُونَ nom. مُغْرِضِيْنَ backsliders (Ap-der. plu.)

good, R. F. < v.n. عَرَضٌ ، عَرَضٌ ،

فَنَلَفَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ خَلْثُ وَرِثُواالَّكِيثِ يَلْخُنُونَ عَرَضَ هٰذَاالُودُ فِي

Then there succeeded them a posterity; they inherited the book taking this near (world's) gear (or frail goods). [7:169]

(The reference is to the Jews' acceptance of bribes for wresting judgement and corrupting the text of their books and to their extortion of money—I.K.)

width (n.)

مَرَجَنَّةٍ عَرْضُهَا كَعَرْضِ السَّسَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ And a garden whereof the width is as the width of the heavens and the earth. [57:21] بِعُوْرَصُوْنَ (pip. 2 p. m. plu.) بعُورَصُوْنَ you shall be set before (mustered) (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii

you speak indirectly, you give a hint

to speak المَّرْيُضُ تَعْرِيْضُاً indirectly or to hint

أغْرَضَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv آغْرَضَ (Turned away)

أَعْرَضَ إعْرَاضاً x

ے عَنْ ,to turn away from \_ عَنْ

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv أَعْرَضُوا they turned away

أَعْرَ مُسْتُمُ ( perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv أَعْرَ مُسْتُمُ you turned away

نفر صن (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv منوصن رساسته aside from

تَعْرِضْ juss iv

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou turns away from

يُعْرِ صُوْا (imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) n.d. iv يُعْرِ صُوْا (they turn away

تَعْرِضُوْا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)n.d. iv) you turn away

(perate. m. sing.) iv اغْرِضْ (thou) turn from! avoid (them)!

(perate m. plu.) iv اغْرِ صُوْدًا (you) avert! turn away!

إِعْرَاضٌ ، إِعْرَاضاً (v.n.) acc. iv إِعْرَاضاً (turning away (1) (estrangement or desertion)

رَجَاٚمَانُوَةُ أَيُوسُفَ نَدَخَالُواعَلَيْهِ فَعَرَفَهُمُ وَهُمُمُ لَهُ مُنْكِرُونَ

And the brethren of Yusuf came and entered unto him and he recognized them, while they recognized him not. [12:58]

فَرَفُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) عَرَفُوا they have recognized

رُفْتَ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) وَوَفْتَ thou knew

وَلُونَشَا أَزُلُورَيناكُهُمْ فَلُعَرِفْتَهُهُ بِيمُهُ

And if We willed, we would surely show them unto thee, so that thou surely shouldst know them.

[47:30]

نَعْرِفُ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou recognize

أَرِفُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) أَرِفُونَ they recognize

~they recognize juss.

آمِرْلَوْ يَعُرِفُوا رَسُوْلَهُمْ

Or (is it that) they recognized not their apostle?
[23:69]

لَتَعْرِفَنَّ تrecognize (epl.) لَتَعْرِفَنَ

لتعرفنهم فالخن القول

Thou shouldst surely know them by the mode of (their) speech. [47:30] a setting R. F. < v.n. قرضاً (see عَرَضْناً above)

عَارضاً acc.

عَارِضُ (act. pic. m. sing.) عَارِضُ

نَلَتَازَاوُهُ عَادِضًا أَسْتَقَيْلَ اوْدِيَةِهِمُ قَالُوا هٰذَا عَارِضٌ مُسُطِوْدَا

Then when they heheld it as an overpeering cloud tending toward their valleys they said, yonder is an overpeering cloud bringing us rain. [46:24]

َ (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) عَرِ يُضُنَّ prolonged

وَإِذَا اَسَّهُ الشُّرُفَانُ وُدُعَا لِهِ عَدِيُضٍ

And when an evil toucheth him, then he is full of prolonged prayer. [41:51]

عُرْ صَنَةً " (a butt (n.)

وَلَاتَجْعَلُوااللَّهُ عُرْضَةٌ لِآيْمَانِكُو

And make not Allah a butt of your oaths. [2:224]

ع رف 🖈

رُون (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) عَرَفَ ~recognized

عَرَفَ بَغْرِفُ عِرْفَاناً وَ مَعْرِفَةً (ض) to know,

be acquainted with, recognize, acknowledge

kind, kindness (1)

# وَلِلْمُطَلِّقَةِ مَتَاعٌ إِلْمَعُووْفِ

And for the divorced women provision (is to be made) in kindness. [2:241]

according to (2) usage (or) to the custom of the society

#### عَلَىٰ الْمُوْمِعِ مَنَدُوْهُ وَعَلَىٰ الْمُثْمِيْرِ مِنَدَاهُ مَنَاعًا بِالْمُعُرُدُ فِ

On the affluent (provision is due) according to his means, and on the straitened (is due) according to his means; a provision according to usage (i.e., known standered of the society). [2:236]

kind, courteous (3)

قُولُ مَعْرُوفٌ وَمَنْفِرَقُ خَبُرُقِنَ صَدَقَةٍ يَتَبُعُهُمُ آذَى

A kind (or a courteous) word and forgiveness are better than charity followed by injury. [2:263]

right, opp., (4) wrong)

وَلْتَكُنُّ مِّنْكُوْ أُمَّهُ يَّدُّ عُوْنَ إِلَى الْغَيْرِوَيَأْمُرُوْنَ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ وَيَنْهُوُنَ عَنِ الْمُثْكِرِ

And from among you there should be a community who invite to good and تَعْرِ فُوُّ نَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَعْرِ فُوُّ نَ you shall recognize

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) مغررف مناه is/are recognized

(pip. 3 p. f. plu.) بَعْرَفْنَ they (women) are/will be recognized

عَرُّفُ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii عَرُّفُ <~made known

عَرَّفَ بُعَرِّفُ تَعْرِيْفاً #

to make SS known, to introduce

تَعَارَفُوا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) vi مَعَارَفُوا (you knew each other

تَمَارَفَ يَتَمَارَفُ تَمَارُفُ سُ

to know or recognize each other

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) vi يَعْارُ فُوْ لُ they mutually recognize (or) they introduce each other

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) viii اعْتَرَفُوُّا <they confessed

اغترَف اغترافاً a confession, to confess

(perf. Ist. p. m. plu.) اغْرَ فْنَا we confessed

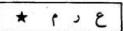
مَعْرُوْفٌ ، الْمُعَرَّوْفُ lit. a known or recognized thing or person

(met: courtesy, fairness, good kind, reputable, that which is good as an universally accepted fact, honorable) In the holy Quran it is applied to a wall between Paradise and Hell or its upperpart (Zr. lk.)

the name of a (n.)

mountain 20 K.M. from

Mekkah, A valley where
the main part of Haj is
performed.



the dam (prop. n.)

'Marib, the Sabaean capital was celebrated for the great dam (see under عبر Saba.) According to 'Mujam, المر is a proper name of a certain valley located some 60 miles east of San'a. (for more details see Jid. P. 22, n. 195.)

According to others is name of an innundation which destroyed the city of Saba.

ع ر و 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اغترى <

to come viii اعْتَرَىٰى اعْتِرَاءاً upon, befall, smite

>> عَرَا بَعْرُوْ عَزُواَ (نَ)

to come to a person, befall (trouble)

command that is right and forbid the wrong. [3:104]

( pact. pic. f. sing. ) مَعْرُونَهُ الله recognized, a known thing

طَاعَةٌ مَّعْرُونَةٌ

A recognized obedience.

[24:53]

lit. kindness, usage, beneficence, name of horse, crest, comb of a cock

خُذِ الْعَغُو وَأَمْرُ بِالْعُرُفِ

Take to forgiveness and enjoin good (or seemlines).

[7:199]

beneficence (n.) acc.

وَالْمُرْسَلْتِ عُرْفًا

By the (winds) sent forth beneficence. [77:1]

This verse is a metaphorical phrase, from the of the horse, meaning, by the angels or the winds, that are sent forth consecutively, like the several portions of the mane of the horse; or the meaning is, sent forth is, with kindness. or beneficence.

lit: an elevated (n. p.) الْآغْرَافُ place or an elevated portion of the earth or ground. عَزَرَثُمُ

to aid, ii عُزَّرَ يُعَزَّرُ تَعْزِيْراً support

>> عَزَرَ بَعْزِرُ عَزْراً (ض)

to prevent, turn away

فَالَّذِيْنَ امْنُوابِهِ وَعَزْدُولُا وَنَصُمُونُهُ

Those who believe in him and side with him and help him. [7:157]

(Note: according to the contents requirement the verbs for past tense

are translated as they were of present tense.)

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) ii you have supported

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. اُمَرِّرُوْا you may support

لِتُوَيْنُوا بِاللهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَتُعَيْدُونُ وَتُعَلِّدُونُ

That ye may believe in Allah and His apostle, and may support him (i. e., His religion) and honour Him.

[48:9]

ع د د 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (assim v) ~prevailed

عَزَّ يَعِزُ عِزَاً وَ عِزَّهً (ض) to be mighty, powerful, noble, illustrious, strengthen, exalt oneself, be rare, dear, highly esteemed, prevail upon (or against) support

الْعُزُوَةُ (n.) a handle, support (n.) الْعُرُوَةُ الْوَثْقِ the firmost

ع د ی 🖈

نَعْرِ لَى w.v. (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. نَعْرِ لَى thou becomes naked

عَرِىَ بَعْرِىٰ عُرْباً وَ عُرْبَةً (س) \_ مِنْ to be nacked.

denude of (garments), be

إِنَّ لَكَ ٱلَّانَةَ جُوْعَ فِيهَا وَلَا تَعْرَى

Verily it is thine that thou shalt not hunger therein nor go naked. [20:118]

a bare desert (n.) الْعَرَاءُ

ع ز ب \*

فَرُبُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~escapes

عَزَبَ بَعْزُبُ عُرُوْباً (ن) - عَنْ to be distant, remote, absent.

from

ع د ر 🖈

عَوَّ رُوْا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) عَوَّ رُوْا they supported وَلِوَا قِيلَ لَهُ النِّي اللهَ آخَدَتْهُ الْعِزَّةُ بِالْإِخْمِ

And when it is said to him fear Allah; arrogance (or prestige) taketh him to sin. [2:206]

ؠؘڸؚٳڷؙٙؽؚؠ۫ؽۜڰڡٞڒۏٳڣ۬ۼڗٞۊ۪ۊٙۺؚڠٙٳٙۑ

Nay, but those who disbelieve are in false pride and schism. [38:2]

might (2)

وَقَالُوْا بِعِزْةِ فِرْعَوْنَ إِثَالَنَحُنُ الْغَيْلِوْنَ

And they said, by the might of Fir'awn, we! we shall be the winners. [26:44]

قَالَ فِيعِزُ تِكَ لَأُغُونَهُمُ أَجْمَعِينَ

He said, then by Thy might, I surely will beguile them every one. [38:82]

power, honour (3)

مَنْ كَأَنَّ يُرِيْدُ الْعِنَّزَةَ فَيلَهِ الْعِزَّةُ جَمِيعُا

Whosoever desireth the power (or honour) then all power is Allah's.

[35:10]

(act. pic. m. sing.) mighty (1)

كَاعْلَكُوٓا أَنَّ اللَّهُ عَزِيْزٌ حَكِيْمُ

Then know that Allah is Highly, Wise. [2:209] وَعَزَّفِي فِي الْخِطَابِ

And he prevailed upon me in speech(or in dispute)[38:23]

( perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii عُرِّزُنُا we strengthen

to strengthen, ii عَزَّزَ تَعْزِيْراً make powerful support, give honour

فَعَزَّزْنَا بِثَالِثٍ

Then We strengthened with a third. [36:14]

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) ii thou honour

وَتُعِرْمُنْ مَنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مِنْ مَنْ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ

And Thou honourest whosoever Thou wilt and Thou abasest whosoever Thou wilt. [3:26]

a source of strength (v.n.)

وَاقَنَدُوْامِنُ وُونِ اللهِ أَلِهَةَ لِيَكُونُوْ اللهُ عَنَا

And they have taken gods besides Allah that they might be unto them a glory (a source of power or strength). [19:81]

> false prestige, (1) عِزْةُ arrogance

(i. e., a false sense of selfrespect or prestige) ء بُعِزٌ

عِزآ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii

اغتزل

to separate اعْتَرَلَ اعْتِرَالاً oneself, remove from, renounce SS

عَتَرُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) عَتَرَوُا they withdrew

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you have withdrawn اغتَزَلْتُمْ

(Note: In the verse 4:91 is attached to the 2 nd. p.m. pronoun while in verse 18:16 it is prefixed to 3rd. p. plu. pronoun.)

juss (n. p.) اَعَوَالْنَمُونَ هُ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they withdrew

# فَانَ مَّ يَعَتَزِ الْوَكُمُ

If they withdraw not from you. [4;91]

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) viii عَوَلُ I withdraw

(I renounce-Jid.)

(perate. m. plu.) اغْزُورُا (you) keep away! (1)

# فأتتزلوا التسآئن التجين

So keep away from women during mensturation (i.e., do not cohabit with them).
[2:222]

unassailable (2)

#### وَانَّهُ لَكِنْكِ عَزِيْنُ

And it is an unassailable book (i.e., a powerful in evidences and arguments).

[41:41]

storng (3)

#### وَيَنْصُرُكُ اللَّهُ نَصْوًا عَزِيْزًا

And Allah may help thee with a strong help. [48:3]

aught, heavy (4)

### عزيز عكيهما عينتو

And heavy upon him is that which overburdened you.

[9:128]

The Mighty (n.) الْعَزِيرُ one of the excellent names of Allah

more powerful (elative)

أعَزُّ م<sub>قد</sub>م

the more powerful

الآعز

< stern, (n.p.) أُعِرَّةً</p>
most powerful ones
(sing.) عُزِيْرٌ

ع د ل \*

(part. 2 p. m. sing.) عَزَلْتَ <thou hast set aside عَرَلَ يَعْزِلُ عَزْلاً (مَن) to set aside, remove from (in a metaphorical way the verb is related to is related to is related to it is subject, thus the translation ought to be: "when the matter already determined" but it is no use of saying so and is not maent here therefore is has been rendered as if it were passive perfect.

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) عَزَمْتُ thou had resolved

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) عَرَمُوا they decided

(perate. neg. m. plu.) كَ مَوْمُوا do not resolve!

resolution (1) (v.n.)

عَزْمُ

فَأَصُبِرُكُمَا صَبَرَاوُلُواالْعَزُومِينَ الرُّسُلِ And have patience as had patience the men of resolution among the apostles. [46:35]

determined (2)

فَإِنَّ ذَٰلِكَ مِنْ عَزْمِ الْأَمُورِ

That is of the commandments determined (Jid.). That is of the steadfast heart of things (Pic.). This, behold, is something to set one's heart upon (Aad). This is an affair of great resolation (MA). [3:186] let alone (2)

وَإِنْ لَوْ تُوْمِنُوا إِنْ فَاعْتَزِلُونِ

And if ye will not believe in me then let me alone (or let me go—Pic). [44:21]

Note: the final  $\dot{y}$  is a short form of  $\dot{y}$  Ist. p. objective pronoun).

(pact. pic. m. plu.) مَعْرُوُونَ removed ones

إنَّهُمْ عَنِ السَّنْعِ لَمَعُزُولُونَ

Verily they are far removed from hearing [26:212]

a place where one (n.p.t.) مُعْزِلًا is set aloof

وَنَادَى نُوحُ إِنْهَهُ وَكَانَ فِي مَعْزِلِ

And Nuh called out his son, and he was (standing) aloof (Pic.)—he was apart (Jid.) [11:42]

\* 13 2

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
< ∼determined

عَزَمَ بَعْزِمُ عَزْماً وَ عَزِيْمَةً (ض)

to resolve, determine, decide to do, adjure

فإذاعزمرالأمر

So when the matter is determined. [47:21]

# 9 2 2 2

عَنْعَسَ (quard.) حَنْعَسَ

to advance, approach, to depart

وَالَّيْلِ إِذَا عَسْعَى

And (by) the night when it departeth. [81:17]

Note: (1) The verb has two contradictory meanings: came on or departed. But the phrase in the H. Q., according to all expositors, signifies 'and by the night when it departeth'.

(2) As often noted in Quranic phrases the past tense is to be rendered as it was present or future tense.

> ع س ل \* غَـَلُ\* (n.) honey

belike, may (particle)
well be, it may be

According to the grammarians it is an underived

( جَامِدٌ ) verb, and not a particle that denotes "hope or desire." Raghib ob-

constancy (3)

وَلَوْ نَجِدُ لَهُ عَزُمًا

And we found no constancy in him. [20:115]

ع ز و 🖈

عزين (companies, groups(n.p.) عزين (sing) الْعُزْمَةُ أَوْ الْعِزْوَةُ

عَرْيُ يَمْزِي عَزْماً (ض) \_ إلىٰ

to ascribe relationship to (Rgh., Mj., LL)

ع س د \*

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) vi مُعَمَّرُهُمُّ you make hardship for one another

> تَعَاشَرَ تَعَاشُراً الله

to be difficult, hard, cause to be hard for one another (as RF)

>> عَسُرَ يَعْشُرُ عُسْراً وَعُسْرَةً (ك)

to be difficult

hardship, (v.n.) مُعْمَرُ ، ٱلْمُسْرُ difficult, hard

distress (v.n.)

acc. آيينو nom. مييورا hard (act. 2 pic.)

hardship (elative f.) المنترة

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<a href="kinsfolk">(الْعَشِيْرَةُ ، عَشِيْرَةُ ، عَشِيْرَةً ، عَشِيْرَةً ، الْعَشْرُ (... kinsfolk, (n.l.) / عَشْرُ ، الْعَشْرُ (... ten (num.) / عَشْرُ وَنَ (... twenty (num.) / عِشْرُونَ (... twenty (num.) / ...

she camels (sing.) العِنَارُ

(A she camel that has been ten months pregnant, from the day of her having been covered by the stallion—LL.)

race (n.)

يلمعَثْثَرَالْجِنِّ وَالْإِنْسِ

O ye race of genii and mankind. [6:130]

a tenth (part) (num. frac.) از

وممايكفوليعشار مآانتينهم

And these have not yet attained a tenth of that which We gave them. [34:45]

ع ش و ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (v.d.)

عَمْلَيَ بَعْشُوْ الْ عَلِمِيَ يَعْشَلُ عَشَا (ن ، س) to be weak

sighted, to blind himself

وَمَنْ يَعْشُ عَنْ ذِكْرِ الرَّحْسِ نُعَيِّضُ لَهُ شَيْطًا

And whosoever blindeth himself to the admonition of the Compassionate, We assign unto him a Satan.

[43:36]

is Allah it will mean: 'be hopeful with Allah,' and if the subject is a human being it will signify, 'be conscious or be afraid.'

If it is followed by a noun as عَسٰى اللهُ or pronoun as أَنْ or by عَسْبُمْ it means, 'it may be that'.

يَّمَّمُ (pro. 2 p.m. plu.) ( عَسَىُ + مُّمُ ) may be that you

> قَالَ هَلُ عَنَيْهُ إِنْ كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْقِتَالُ الْأَلْقَاتِلُوْ

He said: May it not be that you will not fight if fighting is prescribed. [2:246]

نَهَلُ عَسَيْتُ وإِنْ تَوَلَّيْتُوْلَنْ تُغْيِيلُوْ إِنِي ٱلْأَرْضِ

Would ye then, if ye were given the command, work corruption in the land? [47:22]

ع ش د

عَاشِرُوا (perate. m. phu.) iii عَاشِرُوا <ive with

to consort iii عَاشَرَ مُعَاشَرَة with, cultivate one's society, become familiar بَعْصِرُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. phr.) they will press (wine or oil etc.)

لْمَصْرُ (n.) the time

lit. (1) any unlimited extent of time during which people pass away and became extinct (LL.) (2) the afternoon

اعْصَارِ\* (v.n. iv) whirlwind, violent wind.

(Ap-der. f. plu.) iv تُعْمِرَ اتُ clouds (or winds) (threatening rain)

ع ص ف 🖈

straw (1) (n.) green crops, blades, stubble

نَجَعَلَهُمُ كَعَمْتِ مَا كُوْلِ So He rendered them like straw eaten up (by cattle). [105:5]

husk, leaves and (1) stalks of corn

وَالْحَبُّ ذُوالْعُصْفِ وَالرَّيْحَانُ And the grain with (its) husk and fragrance. [55:12]

(act. pic. m. sing.) خاصِنتُ <violant wind (1) hurricane (violent wind, storm) أَلِعِثُناهُ ، عِشَاهُ وَ nightfall (n.)

دَجَا ۚ وَآبَا هُ وَعِشَاءً يَبَكُونَ

And they came to their father at nightfall weeping.

[12:16]

وَمِنْ بَعْدِ صَلوةِ الْعِشَاءَ

And after the night prayer.
[24:58]

evening acc. (n.) الْعَشِيُّ ، عَشِيًّا

an evening (n.) عَفِيَّةٌ

ع من أ 🖈

نَماً see ع ص و

ع ص ب \*

group of men (plu.)

ب

(of men or animals)

<dreadful. (act. 2 pic.) و</p>

عَصْبَ يَعْصِبُ عَصْباً (ض) to wind, twist, bind, tie

ع ص د \*

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.)

press

عَمْرَ بَنْمِيرُ عَمْراً (ض)

to press (grapss etc.), squeeze

عَصْمَ يَعْمِمُ عَصْمًا (ض) to protect, prevent, defend, preserve

(act. pic. m sing.) عاصم protector

<ties, bonds (n. p.)

عِسْمَةٌ (sing.)

prevention, preservation (infallibility)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii, اعْقَصَمُوْا <they held fast

اعْتَصَمَ اعْتِصَاماً to hold fast

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. viii ~holds fast

(perate m. plu.) اعتصافوا (you) hold fast!

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

to abstain, to prevent oneself
(prevented himself), or preserve oneself(from sin)

ع ص و 🖈

staff (n.)

(sing.) عمين <staffs

ع ص ی 🖈

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. <- disobeyed عَصَفَ بَعْمِكُ عَصْفاً وَ عُصُوفاً (ض)

to blow violently (wind)

جَآءَ ثَهَارِيُحْ عَاصِفٌ

Violant wind overtook them.
[10:22]

stormy (2)

(an adjective of day or time)

ا شُتَدَّتْ بِهِ الرِّيْحُ فِي يُوْمِ عَاصِفِ The wind blowing hard on a stormy day. [14:18]

(According to Lisan and

means يَوْمٌ عَاصِفٌ means وَمْ عَاصِفُ الدِيْمِ

phrase means: in a day Violant or vehement in respect of wind)

act. pic. f. sing.) عَاصِفَةُ strongly raging (wind)

(act. pic. f. plu.) الْعَاصِفَاتُ winds raging

blowing, raging (v.n.) acc.

فالغصفت عصفا

And those raging swiftly.

[77:2] (i.e. the kind of wind threatening to cause destruc-

tening to cause destruction and disaster).

\* 1 00 2

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) < ~ protects,

rebellion (v.n., w.v.) disobedience (v. min., w.v.)

<upper arm (1) (n.)

عَضَدَ بَعْضُدُ عَضَداً (ن) to aid, assist

قَالَ سَنَفُدُ عَضْدَكَ بِأَخُكَ He said We shall strengthen thy arm with thy brother. [28:35]

supporter (2)

وَمَا كُنْتُ مُغَنِّذَ الْمُصْلِّينَ عَضْمًا Nor I was to take seducers [18:51]

as supporters.

(perf. 3 p.m. phu.) (assim v.) they bite

عَضَ تَعُضُّ عَضَّا وَ عَضْمَاً (ن) to bite the

hands in sorrow, to seize hold of with teeth

(assim v.)

bites (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) shall bite (in utter anguish and dispair)

ع ض

(perate. neg. m. plu.) do not straiten

(perf. 3 p.m. sing. + 3) he disboyed me عَمَىٰ تَعْمَىٰ عَصْاً وَ مَعْمَ

to disobey, rebel, oppose, res-

(Note: the final letter is is a third redical that is changed to when followed by a pronoun).

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) (w.v.) thou disobeyeth, thou hast rebelled

( perf. 1st. p. sing.) (w.v.) I disobev

(perf. 3 p.m. phu.) (w.v.) they disoboyed

(perf. 1st p.plu.) we disobeyed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. ~disobeys

(w.v.) , (imperf. 1st. p.m. sing.)

لاً أغسى I shall not disobey

I disobey

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) (w.v.) they disobey

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) (w.v.) they disobey

they (female) shall Y not disobey thee

(act. pic. >w.v.) rebel, disobedient

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٤٢.

# ع ط ل \*

عَطَلَتُ (pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii عَطَلَتُ <

to despoil, ii عُمَّلَ تَعْطِيلًا (one of his property), to leave unprotected

>> عَطَلَ يَمْطُلُ عَطَالَةٌ (ن)

to be without work

(pic. pic. f. sing.) مُعَطَّلَةً abandoned

# 3 4 0 \*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. iv أعطى <~gave

أَعْطَىٰ يُعْطِيٰ إِعْطَالَه to give present, offer

>> عَطَا يَتْعُلُوْ عَظُوا (ن)

to take (specially with the hand)

(perf. Ist p. plu.) w.v. iv اَعْلَيْناً we gave

اتَاآعُطَنْك الْكُوْعَرُ نُ

We have giventhee Kauther.
[108:1]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. iv he gives

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. iv مُعْلُونًا they give (pay)

(3 p.m. sing.) p.p. w. v. iv اُعُطُوا الله they are given

# عَمْلُ يَعْشُلُ عَشْلاً (ن)

to straiten, withold unjustly, prevent

### فلانقضاؤتن أن تنكيفن

Straintent them (f.) not so that they wed. [2:232]

ع ض ہ ★ ع ض و ★

چفین خ bits or enchant- (n.p.) پفینن ment

عَمَنَة بَعْمَةُ عَضْماً (ف)

to lie, slander

>> عَمَنَا بَعْنُوْ عَمْواً (ن) to divide into parts

عِعنَة (sing.)

and عِضُوْنَ and place, division

الَّذِينَ جَعَلُوا الْقُرُانَ عِضِيْنَ ۞

Those who have made the scripture bits. [15:91] (the phrase may also mean : those who pronounced the

Quran to be lie or enchantment.)

ع ط ف \*

neck (n.) ملف

تَانِي عِطْفِهِ إِيْطِيلَ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ

Bending his neck that he may lead astray (i.e. magnifying himself) behaving proudly (Ik.). [22:9]

(plu.)

أعظم إعظاماً to treat SS with respect, to give importance, to magnify

> عَظْمٌ ، الْعَظْمُ (n.) bone bones أَعْظُمُ ، عِظَامٌ

gen. اليظام ، اليظام acc. واليظام الميظام <bones n. p.

عَظْمٌ (sing.)

(act. 2 pic. m.)

the supreme (i. e., above all imperfection)

(one of the excellent names of Allah)

### وهوالتيا العظائره

And He is the High, the [2:255] Supreme.

mighty (2)

# وَهُورَتُ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيْدِ ﴿

And He is the Lord of Mighty Throne. [1:129]

mighty, great, acc. big, heavy

greater. higher, (elative)

a giant (n.) > عَفَةِ تَعْفُوْ عَفْراً (ض)

to rub with, turn over, or hide in the dust

>>غَنْ وَعَنْ dust 422

(3 p. m. plu.) pip. w.v. iv they are given

فَأَنْ أَغْظُوا مِنْهَارَضُوا وَإِنْ لَذَ يُغَطُّوا

#### منعاً إذا هُده مَنْحَطُونَ @

Then if they are given thereof they are pleased, and if they are not given thereof, lo! they are enraged.

[9:58]

compare | mperf. 3 p. m. plu.) 'they give' in verse 9.30 and | pip. they are given, أَمْ يُعْطُوا 'they are not given'in verse 9:58.

تعآطيا (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi <~took

as R.F. see) تَمَاطَىٰ تَمَاطِياً vi above و above عطلة gift. bestowment (n.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss ii ~magnifies, respecteth

to magnify SS, respect, to treat with respect

to be great, important

juss. iv (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

< will magnify

passes over (4)

Much He passes over.

[5:15]

forgoes (5)

أَوْ يَعْفُدُ اللَّذِي سَدِهِ عُقْدَةُ النَّاحِ \*

Or he in whose hand is the wedding-knot forgoes .

[2:237]

Note (1) Where the verb

ل or) عَنْ is followed by as in pp.) it means to forgive, pardon, and when it is used without a preposition it means to pass over or to forgo. But it can not be taken as a firm rule.

(2) is written with

a silent ألف as المناه in nominative case, otherwise no is added and is pronounced).

juss. w.r.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) he forgives

agree to forgo

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) w.v. they forgo or they (women)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v.el. they may pardon

signifies anything عفريت that exceeds the ordinary bounds. It is probably applied to jinnee, and signifies evil in disposition, and wicked or malignant.

عَفَارِيْتُ (plu.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. pardoned (1)

عَفَا تَعْفُوا (ن)

(i) to forgive, \_ ل، عَنْ pardon

(ii) to abound \_\_ \_

(iii) to pass over

(iv) to forgo

وَلَقِدُهُ عَمَاعَنُكُو ۗ

And He pardoned you.

[3:152]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they abounded (2)

(grew and multiplied)

ثُةً بَدُّ لِنَاسُكَانَ السِّينَاةِ الْعُسَنَةَ حَتَّى عَفُوا

Thereafter we substituted ease in place of adversity untill they abounded.

[7:95]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) pardons (3)

(These:) belike Allah will pardon them. [4:99]

# خذالعَغُوَوَأُمُرُ بِالْعُرُفِ

Use thou indulgence and enjoin seemliness. (Jid.) keep forgiveness (O Mohammad) and enjoin kindness (Pic.) [7:199]

surplus, superfluity (2)

# وَيَسْتَلُونَكَ مَا ذَالِنْفِقُونَ أَهُ قُلِ الْعَفُورُ

And they ask thee what they (aught to) spend, say: superfluity (or surplus) i.e. whatever can be spared easily. [2:219]

# ع ف ف ★

assim x

ليستنفيف

(3 p.m. sing) (el.) <let him abstain (1) (generously)

to abstain, restrain oneself, be chaste

to abstain from what is unlawful, be abstinent, restrain,

(Note: The verb is of assimilated type: in genetive cases "shadda" is removed and cluster is pronounced separately as

السنتنيف ح يَسْتَمِنْ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. you forgo (1) تعفوا

#### وَانَ تَعَفُوٓ الْفُرْبُ لِلتَّقُوٰى

And thou should forgo is nigher unto piety. [2:237] you pardon (2)

#### أوتعنفوا عن سُوِّه

Or ye pardon an evil. [4:149]

#### وَإِنْ تَعَفُوا وَتَصْفَحُوا وَ تَغْفِرُوا

And if ye pardon and pass over and forgive. [64:14] Note: In this verse the verb

is not followed

by  $\vec{v}$  but it still means 'to pardon'.

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.)w.v. juss. فُ

(perate m. sing.) w.v. may thou pardon!

· (perate. m. plu.) w.v. (you) forgive!

(3 p. m. sing,) pp. آ is pardoned

#### نَسَ عُغِي لَهُ مِن آخِيهِ مَنْيُ

Then whosoever is pardoned aught by his brother.

[2:178]

forgiveness, (1) (n.) indulgence

المفو

# عَفْتِ بَغْفُ عَفْدًا وَ عُفْدًا وَ عُفْدًا وَ عُفْدًا وَ عَفْدًا وَ وَعَالَمَةً (ن)

to succeed, take the place of (SS), to come after

#### وَلَى مُدُيِرًا وَكَوْيُعَوِّبُ

He turned in flight and looked not back. [27:10]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii عاقب < ~retaliated

عَالَبَ مُعَالَبَهُ وَ عِقَالًا to do a thing alternately with another, to punish, chastise

عَاقَبُمُ (perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iii عَاقَبُمُ you punish

(perate. m. sing.) iii عَاقِبُوا (you) punish!

(3 p.m. sing.) pp. iii عُوفِبَ lit. was punished CR. was made to suffer

عُوفِيْهُمُ (3 p.m. plu.) pp. ii you were punished (or)

And if ye chastise, then chastise with the like of that wherewith ye were afflicted. [16:126]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv caused to follow, made the consequence

(to be....)

#### ومَنْ كَانَ غِنِيًّا فَلْيَسْتَعُفِفًا

And whoso (of the guardians) is rich, let him abstain (generously). (Pic.) [4:6]

let keep chaste (2)

وَلْيَسْتَغَفِفِ الَّذِيْنَ لَالِعَبِدُوْنَ نِرَكَاءً

And let those who cannot find a match, keep chaste. [24:33]

(ن ك ح see نِكَاحٌ for

acc. assim. x
(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.)
they restrain themselves

the abstination v.n.v, (from begging)

acc. عَنَوَ nom. pardoning, very (n.) forgiving

(one of the excellent names of Allah)

act. pic. m. plu..) عافین pardoners

عَافِوْ >> عَافِ (sing.)

ع ق ب ★

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) juss. ii جَعَتْبُ <~looked back

عَقَّتِ بُعَقَّبُ تَعْقِبُا

to follow, come after, look back

ending (n.) جي

(Note: If added to a pronoun the final & turns to الفة as ألفة , "her end".)

end (act. pic. f. sing.) عَانِيَةً

a happy, or (n. prop.) الْعَاقِبَةُ good end

a reviser Ap-der. ii معقبً

those who join their (phu.) مُعَمِّراتُ duties in succession (angels succeeding one another by turns).

# ع ق د ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

> عَيْدَ بَعْقَدُ عَشْداً (س)

to tie (a cord), tie in knots, bind, mata. ratify a contract, make a covenant

وَالَّذِينَ عَقَدَتُ آيُمَانُكُو

And unto those with whom ye have made a covenant.

[4:33]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)

وَلِكِنْ يُوَاخِذُهُمْ بِمَلْعَقَدُ ثُمُ الْأَيْسَانَ

But he shall take you to task for that which you bound your oaths. [5:89] نَاعُقَبَهُمْ نِنَاقًا فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ

So he hath made the consequence (to be) hypocrisy in their hearts

[9:77]

acc. مُنِّبُ nom. عُنِياً final end (n.)

<posterity (1) (n.)</pre>
lit. end, after (SS)

وَجَعَلَهَا كُلِمَةٌ بَاقِيَةً لِي عَقِيهِ

And he made it a lasting word among his posterity. [43:28]

heel (2)

n. dual عَقِبَيْنِ < com.

(p.n.3 p.m. sing.)

his two heels

سِتَنُ يَنْعَلِكِ عَلَى عَقِيبَيْهِ

From those who turneth back upon his heels.

[2:143]

أَعْقَابُ <heels (n. p.)

عَقِبٌ (sing.)

عِمَابٌ ، الْمِعَابُ ، n. عِمَابُ ، الْمِعَابُ ،

(that comes as a result or consequences of sins)

عِفَّابِ < f. d. com. عِفَّانِ my chastisement or wrath, requital

steep (n.) مُعَبَّدُ difficult noth of duty)

(the difficult path of duty)

to produce no result, to
be barren (female)

عَقْرَ يَسْقُرُ عُقْراً (ك)

ع ق ل خ

( perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المُقَلِّقُوا they understood

عَقَلَ بَمْقِلُ عَقْلاً (ض)

lit. to bind the feet (of a camel) with a rope
meta. to understand, comprehend

( عَقَلُونُ ال they understood it )

نقِلُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) understands

أَنْعَلُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مِعْقِلُونَ they comprehend, understand

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) مُعْلُونَ you understand

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) نَعْقِلُ we understand

ع ق م \*

عقا

(act. 2 pic) عَيْمَ . acc. < barren

عَفُمَ يَعْفُمُ عُفَا (ك) to be barren (womb)

وَقَالَتُ عَجُوزُ عَقِد يُعُ

And she said! an old barren woman! [51:29] (Note: in the above two verses the word أَعَانُ has different meanings, see

< compacts (n. p.) الْعُفُودُ</p>
(sing.) عَفُدُ

(plu.) عُفَدُ (knot (n) عُفَدُ (wedding-knot عُفَدُ النَّكَاح

(sing.) عَمْدَةُ <knots

And from the evil of the women blowers upon knots. [113:4]

(i.e., enchantresses who used to tie knots in a cord and to blow on them, muttering over them magical formulas in order to injure their victims. (Jid.—IK.)

غ ق ر ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

<~hamstrung

عَفَّرَ يَعْفِرُ عَفْراً (ض) to cut, wound, hamstring (a beast), slay

عَرُوا (perf. 3 p. m. phu.) عَرُوا they hamstrung

act. pic.) acc. عَافِرًا nom. عَافِرًا <art

STV

#### وانظراتي إليك الذي ظلت عكنه علكنا

And look at thy god to which thou hast been assiduous. (Jid.) i.e., of which thou had remained a votary.

[20:97]

inhabitant, (2) dweller

اَسُوَا إِلْمَا أَصُّ فِيهُ وَالْبَاهِ Equal in respect are the dwellar therein and nomad (or stranger. ) [22:25]

acc. (act. pic. m. plu.) عَاكِيْفُونَ ، عَاكِيفِيْنَ retreating ones

وَانْهُمْ مُؤْمُونَ فِي الْمُنْفِقِ

While ye are retreating in the mosques. [2:187]

(pic. pac.) مَنْكُونَ > acc. مَنْكُونَ > detained

ع ل ن \*

< clot (n.)

leech, clot of blood

الْمَلْقَةُ ، عَلَقَةً (n.) clot

عَلَقُ

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii

to hang, to attach ii. عَلَّى مَعْلِمًا (i.e., like the one (of women) neither in wedlock nor divorced and free to marry someone else) meta.-

عَذَابُ يَوْمُ عَصِيْعِ

The torment of a barren day (i.e., grievous day) (because it is a day having no day after it— [22:55]

الزِيْعَ الْعَيْنِيَ

The barren wind (i.e., destructive) wind. [51:41]

ع ك ف \*

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَعْكُمُونَ they cleave to

عَكَفَ بَعْكُفُ عُكُوْفاً (ض ، ن) \_ عَلَىٰ to cleave

constantly, presevere in, to give onesself up to, to remain constantly in a certain place

فَأَتُواعَلَى تَوْمِ يَعْلُفُونَ عَلْ أَصْنَامِ لِهُمْ

Than they came upon a people cleaving to the idols they had (Jid.), they come unto a people who were given up to idols which they had (Pic.). [7:138]

(Pickthall, compelled by the requirement of the rendering, translated نعكنون by

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc.
assiduous (1)
(or) one who remains a
votary

عَلِمُوْا عَلِمْنَمُ عَلِمْنَا بَعْلَمُ

کینگن نظم نظم نظم

أَعْلَمُ بَعْلَوُنَ

that he knows jussf.d.	عَلِقَ يَمْلَقُ عَلَقاً (س) عَلِقَ عَلَقاً
لَوُّا (they) in order to know	to hang, be suspended, to
knowest they not?	
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) لَوُّنَ ye know	44 44 44
that you know juss.f.d.	(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) <∼knew
till ye know or understand	to know, (س) عِلْماً وَعِلْماً فَعَلَمُ عِلْماً وَمِنْ اللَّهِ عِلْماً وَمِنْ اللَّهِ عَلْماً وَمِنْ
للوا that you may know	-
je know not المَعْلَقُوا	(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou knowest
(perate. m. sing.) (thou) know!	(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they knew
(perate. m. plu.) اَلَوُوا (you) know!	(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye knew
(3 p. m. sing.) pip. le. that these be known	(perf. Ist. p. plu.) we know
(peef. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~taught	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~knows
to teach عَلَّمَ تَعْلِيمُ <	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) epl. will surely know
(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii you taught	(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou knowest
(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) thou taught	you know(juss.)
(perf. 1st p. sing.)	he knows not
(perf. 1st p. plu.) ii لَنَا we taught	(imperf. 1st p. sing.) I know
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~teaches	(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they know
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the knower (act. 2 pic.)
(One of the excellant names of Allah)
knower acc.

(as knowledge is a permanent feature of his personality)

well-knowen ints.

مَعْلُومٌ ، الْمُلَوْمُ ،

مَعْلَوُماَتُ known ones

taught one (pis. pic. ii.)

signs, marks p.n. خلاَعَاتُ (sing.) عَلَامَةُ

العَالَمَةُ (worlds (p. n.) العَالَمَةُ

عَالَمْ (sing.)

(Note: The الْعَالَيْن , plural of , signifies all categories of existence both in physical and the spiritual sense. It indicates also that the 'world' is not only what man knew upto now but there are numerous worlds to be discovered or known in future. In this comprehensive sense Allah is the Lord of worlds. and hence this رَبُّ الْعَالِمَيْنَ word is related to one of the attributes of Allah. At some places the Holy (imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) iv
they (two) teach
(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)
they teach
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

you teach

com.

نَعَمُّ (imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) نِي (may)thou teach me

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.)
we teach
that/may or we in
order to teach him.

(2 p. m. sing.) pp. غُلُقُة thou art taught

(2 p. m. plu.) pp. you are taught

(Ist. p. phu.) pp. we are taught

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) v يَعَلَوُنَ they learn

to learn, نَعْلُمُ تَعْلُمُ < seek knowledge

information, knowledge العِلْمُ ، عِلمُ العَمْمُ العَلَمُ العَمْمُ العَلَمُ العَمْمُ العَمْمُ العَمْمُ العَمْم learning

knower (act. pic. m. sing.)

learned ones, p.b. عُلَمَا مُن الْعَلَمَا مُن الْعَلَمَ الْعَلْمَ الْعَلْمَ الْعَلْمَ الْعَلْمَ الْعَلْمُ الْعَلْمَ الْعَلْمَ الْعَلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمُ

knowers, learned p.s. عَالِمُونَ ، عَالِمُنَ ،

عَلَوْ ا

# ع ل ر \*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. <∞overcome

to be high, (ن) عَلَقَ عُلُقَ اللهِ elevated, exalted, ascend, overcome, exalt oneself, be proud

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.)iv w.v. lit. they overcome

وَلِيُتَيِرُوامَا عَلَواتَ يُبِيرُوا

And to lay waste all that they conquered with utter waste (Pic.). And they may destroy with utter destruction whatsoever may fall under their power.

[17:7]

11 Y

لتعلن

تعالل

(perate neg. m. plu.)
exalt not yourselves

الكاتعُلُواعَلَىٰ وَأَتُونِينَ مُسْلِمِينَ

Exalt not yourselves against me, and come unto me as those who surender.

[27:31]

ye assuredly will epl. w. v. overcome (be great, high)

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi he is (be) exalted, high, above

منخنه وتعلىعة أيصفون

Glorified be He and high above (all) that they ascribe (unto Him). [6:100] Quran has used this term in its figurative expression to denote surrounding people of the addressed person or community, such as,

# ينبخ إسْرَلْهِيْلَ اذْكُرُوْ الْعِسْيَى الْيَّقَ ٱلْعَبُثُ عَلِيْكُوْ وَآتِیْ فَضَلَلْتُكُوْمَلَ السَّلِيةِيْنَ

O children of Israel! Remember my favour wherewith I favoured you and how I preferred you above all other people. [2:47]

\* U J E

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) iv.

<I made public (proclamation)

to make open, iv. اَعَلَىٰ إِعَلَامًا to speak, openly, manifest to make public

حَمَلَنَ بَعُلِنُ عَلَناً وَ عَلاَنِيَةً (ض، ن) to be open, manifest

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv. ye make known, spoke openly

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُعْلِنُونَ they manifest. they make public

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv. you manifest, ye make public

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv. we say openly, make public openly acc. v.n. R. F.

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high (act. pic. f. sing.)	عَالِيَةً	(perate m. plu.)	تَمَالَوْا
(clative f. plu.)	أنكل	(perate. m. sing.)	تَعَالَ
< high ones (masc.) اُعْلُ < < (sing.)	عُلِبَا	(perate. f. plu.)	تَمَالَيْنَ
(elative f. sing.)	ألكليا	(you women) come!  (perate. f. sing.)	تَعَالَى
a discription for plural obejects—non-human being	وڊ ۽	thou (f.) come!  (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x  >become uppermost	استغلل
acc/. v. m., w. v. great height	عُلُوٓ أ	to become أَنْتَعْلَىٰ اسْتِعْلَا وَاللَّهِ السَّعْلَىٰ السِّعْلَا وَاللَّهُ السَّعْلَىٰ السَّعْلَىٰ السَّعْلَ uppermost to overcome	27 5
(act. 2 pic.)  the highest one	عَلِيَّةً	دَقَدُ أَشْكُحُ الْيُؤْمَرَعِنِ اسْتَعُلْ	
elevated acc. the great (m. sing.) elative.	عَلِثًا الْأَعْلَ	Who is uppermost this day will indeed be successful. [20:64]	
(m. plu.) great ones, overcoming ones	الأغلون	<(act. pic. m. juss. v.w.) tyrant, self-exalting one	عَالٍ

قَالَ لَهُ مُوسَى هَلْ اَشِّعُكَ عَلَ اَنْ تُعَلِّمَنِ مِتَاغِلْمُتَ رُشْدًا

Musa said unto him: shall I follow thee for that thou mayest teach me of that which thou hast been taught a directive knowledge. [18:66]

on the ground of, (8) provided that

قَالَ إِنِّيَ أُرِيدُ أَنُ أُنْكِحَكَ احْدَى ابْنَتَىَّ هُتَيْنِ عَلَى آنْ تَأْجُرَنِ ثَنْنِيَ حِجَجٍ

He said, verily I would marry thee to one of these two daughters of mine provided that thou hirest thysif to me for eight years. [28:27]

on the top of (9)

فتشربؤن عكيه ومن الحميلير

And shall be drinkers thereon of boiling water. [56:54]

against (10)

عَلِيُهُو ﴿ كَآيِرَةُ السَّوْدِ

Against them shall be the evil turn of fortune.

[9:98]

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B--Ideative

وَإِنِّي فَضَلَتُكُومَ لَلَا لَعُلِينَ

And I preferred you over the worlds. [2:47]

for (2)

وحرّمناعكيه والمراضع من قبل

And We had, aforetime, forbidden foster mother for him. [28:12]

at (time) (3)

وَدَخَلَ الْمُكِينَةَ عَلى حِيْنِ غَفُكَةٍ مِنَ أَهُلِهَا

and he entered the city at a time of unawareness of the inhabitants. [28:15]

under (4)

وَلِتُصُنَّعَ عَلَىٰ عَيْنِيْ

In order that thou mayet be brought up under may eye. [20:39]

to (5)

فتخرج عل قويهمين المحواب

Then he came forth to his people [19:11]

for that (6)

يُحَسُرَقُ عَلْ مَافَرَظتُ فِي جَنْبِ اللهِ

Alas! for that I have been remiss in respect of Allah. [39:56]

for that, (7) (to state the cause)

(3 p. m. sing.) pip. ii to be given a long life

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viil
< ~ performed Umra

is a kind of pilgrimage, with fewer rites. Literally, a visit or a visiting. Technically a religious visit to the sacred Mosque اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالَّهُ اللَّهُ ال

mounts, concluding the ceremony with shaving, or shortening of head's hair. Al Haj differs from it in as much as it is at a particular time of the year besides other obligatory performances while Umra may be performed at any time of the year.)

round between the base of

Safa' and 'Marwa'

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x استقمر < سmade SS dwell

to cause (people) المنفسر استعباراً to dwell in (a place)
Note: the current political term المنتعبار (to colonize) has nothing to do with its literal meaning)

to seek or intend آهند تعبيداً SS purposely

to (ض) مَنَدَ بَمْمِدُ مَنْداً (ض) intend, to support, place columns or pillars

acc.۷ مُعَمَّدًا intentionally (Ap-der.)

<pillars (n. p.)</p>

(sing.) عَادُ lofty structure (n.)

اِدَرَذَاتِ الْوَمَادِ The (people) of many columned Iram. [89:7]

(For details about this

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(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) حَرَّوُوا <they inhabited

to (نَ عَمَارَةً (نَ inhabit, dwell in (place), to tend

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُرُّد حtends

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) f.d. مُعْرُوْا they tend

أَنْ يَعْمُرُوا that they tend

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) juss. ii
we grant a long life
to prolong ii

to prolong ii 🥳 < one's life (God)

عَيلَ يَعْمَلُ عَمَلاً (س)

to work, do, perform, act, construct

 $\sim$ did (perf. 3 p.f. sing.)

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they did, work, act

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) you did, worked

Note: Most often the perfect past tense of this root

is preceeded by عَمِلَ

مِنْ ، ما conditional or مَنْ of relative or demonstrative pronouns. Then it means 'who does' 'works' instead of its real meaning of past tense.

acc. أيعَمَلُ juss. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
does, did,
did not do, that he may do
does (imperf 3 p. f. sing.)
(also often this form is used,
as a general rule of Arabic
grammar, to denote the
meaning of plural by
placing it before the subject).

acc. أَعْلَ أَعْلَ juss. وَأَعْلَ أَعْلَ (imperf. 1st p. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَعْمَلُونَ they do, act ق life (n.)

لَعَمْرُكُ إِنَّهُمْ لَغِيْ سَكُرْتِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ But by thy life, in their intoxication they were wandering bewildered. [15:72]

lifetime (n.) acc.

nom.

(see above) Umra (n.)

عَارَةٌ (tending (v. n.)

أَمُورُ (frequented (pact. pic.)

والبيئت المتغنؤر

By the House frequented.

[52:4]

is the original model of Ka'ba, and over it, or corresponding to it, in heaven, which thousands of angels visit every day and around which they circuit and pray. (IK.>

an aged man (pis. pic.) ii

معتر

ع م ق 🖈

<deep (act. 2 pic.)</p>
عَنْقُ يَعْمُقُ هَافَةً وَ عُمْقاً (ك)

to be deep (a valley, well)

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قِيل (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) قِيل did

 $<\sim$ did

		JUNDOL	ARI OF	
patern	al uncl	e (n.)	عَمْ	:
<pre>paternal u</pre>	incles (	n. p.)	أغمامٌ	
غم (sing.) عُمْ				
< petrnal :	aunts (	n. p.)	عَمَّاتُ	
غَتْ (sing.)				
Note: In the words have red followe noun such uncle, yo	alway: d by a 2 as	p. pro you uncle		
-[	*	• (	ع	
(imperf. 3		lu.)	يَعْمَهُوْنَ	
< they wander		- 5		
to be (س) آ confounded, able to fir course, conf	perplex	ed, un-		,
	*	م ی	٤	١,
(perf. 3 p. m	. sing.)	w.v.	عَمَّى	
to (س) عيا (become bline		5		,
( perf. 3 p. f lit. ~blinded	. sing.)	w.y.	عَبِت	
اِلْاَنْبُأَةُ يَوْمَهِـنِ on that Day (ع	ll) tidir	gs will		
be dimmed.	(	28:66]		١,

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you do, act	تعملون
juss. اَهُمَّلُ acc. مَعْمَلُ nom. we do	نَعْمَلُ
(perate. m. sing.) (thou) make!, do! work!	اعْمَلْ
(perate. m. plu.) (you) make!, do!, work!	اغملؤا
acc. Se nom,	عَمَلِهُ
deed, work, action (n.)	الممكن
<pre><deeds, (n.="" actions<="" p.)="" pre="" works,=""></deeds,></pre>	
(sing.)	
(act. pic. m. sing.) worker, doer	عَامِلُ
ſ	عَامِلُوْنَ
	عَامِلَيْنَ
(act. pic. m. ph.) workers, doers,	
Workers, doors,	العامِلُونَ
	الماملين
(act. pic. f. sing.) travailing, toiling	الْعَامِلَيْنَ عَامِلَةً **
عَامِلَةُ ثَامِيَةً	
Travailing, worn. (i.e. labouring through Hell-fire). [88:	
· ————	ع٠
ن و چوو. {	عَمَّا عَمَّ ٣٦

this preposition is used to denote off, from off, away from, out of, inspite of, concerning

وَلَاتُسْكِلُ عَنْ اَصْعٰبِ الْبَسَحِيثُم

And thou will not be asked about the fellows of Hellfire. [2:119]

with (2)

وكن ترمنى عَنْكَ الْيَهُوْدُ

And the Jews will never be pleased with thee. [2:120]

from (3)

أوللك عنهامبعكون

They will be far removed from thence. [21:101]

for SS in place of (4)

وَاتَّهُوْ الْمِثَالَا لَعَبْرَى نَفْسُ عَنْ نَفْسِ شَيْمًا And guard yourselves against a Day when no soul in aught will avail another. (or) avail for a soul.

[2:48]

because (5)

وَمَاكَانَ اسْرَهُ عَالَوْا بُوْهِ يَمَ لِاَيْدِهِ الْاَعَنْ تَعْمِعُوا ۚ وَمَعَا هَاٰلِيًا ۚ

The prayer of Ibrahim for the forgiveness of his father was only because of a promise he had made to him. [9:114] (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) (w.v.) عُوْدًا they were blind

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) (w.v.) يَعْمَىٰ gets blind

رُعْ p. f. sing.) ii p. p. (w.v.) مُعْمِّتُنْ مُعْمِّدُةً مُعْمِعُونُ مُعْمِّدُةً مُعْمِعُ مُعْمِّدُةً مُعْمِعُ مُعْمِّدُةً مُعْمِّدُةً مُعْمِي مُعْمِّدُةً مُعْمِّدُةً مُعْمِعُ مُعْمِّدُةً مُعْمِعُ مُعْمِعُمِ مُعْمِعُ مُعِمِعُ مُعِمِ مُعْمِعُ مُعُمِعُ مُعِمِ مُعْمِعُ مُعِ

عَمَىٰ تَعْمِيتُ to render blind عَمِيْ تَعْمِيتُ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv. اُعْمَٰیٰ <made blind

أَعْمَىٰ إِغْمَاءاً to cause or أَعْمَىٰ إِغْمَاءاً make SS blind

العَمَى ، عَمَى blindnes (v.n.) لَعَمَى

فَأَسُتَحَبُّواالْعَسَىٰعَلَ الْهُدْي

Then they preferred blindness to the guidance. [41:17]

blinds, (n. p.) acc. عَنُونَ | عَبِيْنَ | عَبِيْنَ | عَبِيْنَ

عَم (sing.)

(who cannot see due to their spiritual blindness)

أَعْمَىٰ / الْأَعْمَىٰ blind (n.)

عَنيُّ / عُنبًا مُعْبًا (n. p.)

أعمل (sing.)

غم (sing.) عَم

ع ٺ \*

عَنْ (preposition) (1)

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.)

<your are overburdened

to meat (س) عَنِتَ عَنْتُ عَنْتُ with difficulty, fall into distress, to be overburdened

you would have (l.c.)
overburdened

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv. اُعَنَىٰ < caused a burden

pass through is list faithficulty, put on burden

وكؤشأة اللفلاعنتكم

Had Allah willed He could have subjected you to burden. [2:220]

<falling in crime (v.n.) الْعَنْتُ</p>
or sin

to commit iv (س) عَنِتَ عَنَا (م a crime, sin

ع ن د 🖈

عَنِيْدٌ | عَنِيْد أَ عَنِيْد أَ

عَنَدُ بَعْنُدُ عُنُوداً (ن ، ك) عَنِدَ to decline, deviate(س) عَنَداً to resist, الله عَنَداً be rebellious

(A particle used as عِنْدَ preposition)

< near, (actual), (with) (1)

of (as • ) (6)

وَمَاٰيَنْطِقُ عَنِ الْهَوٰي

Nor does he speak of (his own) desire. [53:3]

of (as مِنْ ) (7)

اللا غَنِي عَنِ الْعُلِينَ

Allah is independent of the worlds. [3:97]

of what, ل + عن (com.) of that, concerning that

ومالله بغافل كالتعاوي

Allah is not unaware of what ye do. [2:74]

whereof  $\hat{\rho}$  +  $\hat{\omega}$  (com.)
shortend form of  $\hat{\omega}$ used only in an interrogative phrase

عَخَ يَتَسَاءَ لَوْنَ

Whereof do they question one another? [78:1]

ع ن ب 🖈

a grape (n.) عَنَبُ

acc. النَّبَ

إغناب <grapes (n. p.)

عِنَبُ (sing.)

ع ن ت \*

crime, misforture

عَنَتُ

عَنْتِ الْوُجُوْءُ for عِ نِ و see

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(this is a metaphorical phrase that means: do not be niggardly)

وَكُلَّ إِنْسَأِنَ ٱلْزَمْنَهُ ظَلِرَةُ فِي عُنْقِهِ

And to every man We have fastened his action round his neck. [17:13]

(here also is a mataphorical meaning i.e., like collar which he can not get off)

أعناق (necks. (n. p.)

(sing.)

the plural form of ich has occured in actual sense of neck while singular, as shown above, has its metaphorical uses

\* \* \* \*

spider (n.) اَلْقُنْكُونَ

ع ن و ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.

عَنَا بَعْنُو عَنَاهُا وَ عُنُوَّةً (ن) - ل to submit humbly, to be downcast

وَعَلَتِ الْوُجُوهُ لِلْحَيِّ الْعَيَّوْمِ

And downcast will be faces before the Living, the Self-Subsisting. [20:111] denotes the meaning of 'near' whether it be actual in the sense of possession or ideational, also it denotes a sense of rank or dignity or opinion (Rgh.)

لَوُ كَانُواعِنْدَنَامَامَاتُوْاوَمَامُتِلُوْا

Had they been with us, they had not died nor had they been slain. [3:156]

وَجَدَعِنْدَهَا رِزْقًا

He found provision by her (i.e., placed near her.)
[3:37]

near (ideational) (2)

فلكوت يركز ويند باريكو

That were best for you with your Creator. [2:54]

to indicate sense of (3) dignity, or the nearness

بَلُ آخَيَا ۗ عِنْدَ رَتِيومُ

Nay! they are living with their Lord. [3:169]

ع ن ت 🖈

neck (n.)

وَلَا الْعَنْدُ الْمُرْكِ

And let not thine hand be chained to thy neck. [17:29] كَيْفَ يُكُونُ لِلْنُشْرِكِيْنَ عَمْدُ عِنْكَاللَّهِ

How can there be for the associators a treaty with Allah. [9:7]

oath (2)

وكان عهداللوسنفولا

And an oath to Allah must be answered. [33:15]

covenant (3)

إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ يَشْتَكُونَ بِمَعْدِاللهِ وَأَيْمَا إِنْمُ فَسَنَّا قِلِيْلًا

Lo! Those who purchase a small gain at the cost of Allah's covenant and their oaths. [3:77]

covenant, promised, (4)
appointed time

آفطأل عكيتكؤ العكث

Lasted then the covenant too long for you (Jid). Did the time appointed then appear too long for you? (Pic.). Did the promised time then, seem long to you. (M.A.). [20:86]

ع د ن \*

Wool (n.) الْمِيْنُ

كالعفن المنفؤش

As carded wool. [101:5]

\* \* \* \*

عَبِدَ \_ إِلَىٰ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) الله covenanted, charged (1)

غَبِدَ يَعْمَدُ عَبْداً (س) - إلىٰ to covenant, to charge, enjoin, impose

بَنَاعَهِدَ عِنْدَلَكَ

Of what He hath a covenant with thee. [7:134]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) Ving to impose (2)

وَعَهِدُمَّا إِنَّ إِبْرَهِمَ

And We imposed a duty upon Ibrahim. [2:125]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) juss. to charge (3)

آلَوْ آعُهَدُ إِلَيْكُو يُبَنِّي أَدْمَر

Did I not charge you, O ye sons of Adam. [36:60]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii آهَدَ حسماه covenant

to make ii أَعَدَ مُعَامَدَةُ covenant, to swear, to contract

عَاهَدُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii عاهَدُوا they made covenant

jou made covenant (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii

<treaty (1) (v.n.)

it. covenant</pre>

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. we return < we shall return v.d. w.v. (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv <~shall repeat (1) to cause SS to 5561 561 return, to repeat, to be restored

Verily He beginneth the creation then He shall repeat it. [10:4]

<to be restored (2) the verb ski is transitive that means to get SS return or cease to return but in the verse 34:49 it seems to be in the meaning of 'to return' (i e., intransitive) but in fact this is an idiom

فُلاَنَّ مَا تُمثَّدُ وَ مَا تُندُّ أَيْ

أَهُ تِكُنْ لَهُ خِنَلَةً " i.e., some one is neither to be restored nor to originate which means he has no way to survive.

قُلُ جَاءَ الْحَقُّ وَمَا يُبْدِئُ الْبَاطِلُ وَمَا يُعِيدُ Say Thou! The truth is come (i.e., after the advent of Islam) and falsehood shall

neither originate nor be restored. [34:49]

com. (f.d.) (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they restore you

Œ

v.n. acc. - nom. <crookedness</p> غُوجَ يَغُوَجُ عِوْجاً (س) to be crooked, bent, distor-

> 8 9

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.) عَادَ <~returned

عَادَ يَهُوْدُ عَوْداً وَ عَوْدَةً وَ مَعَاداً (ن) to return, away (trans.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) (w.v.) عَادُوْ ا they returned

لمادرًا (l.c.) they would have come back

ted, warp

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) (w.v.) vou returned

(perf. Ist. p. m. plu.) (w.v.) we returned

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)(w.v.) they return

تعزدوا that they return (f.d.)

if they return acc .. أَنْ مَعْ دُوا

تَعُوْ دُون (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (w.v.) ve return

(if) you return f.d. w.v.

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) epl. w.v. assuredly ye shall return

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تعادوا

(perate. m. sing.) x, w.v. عَلَيْ <seek refuge

as R.F. اَسْتَعَادَ refuge (pis. pic., w.v.)

Allah be my refuge مُعَادُ اللهِ (an idiom)

ع و ر ★

<(laid) open (1) (n.)</p>
private parts (of man or woman) what one is ashamed to expose, something laid open to enemies, time suitable for exposure of oneself

إِنَّ الْبُوْتَنَاعَوْرَةٌ وَمَا هِيَ بِعَوْرَةٍ

Verily our houses are open while they (lay) not open. [33:13]

nakedness (2)

حَوْرَاتُ (sing.) عَوْرَاتُ (sing.) عَوْرَةُ

أَوِالطِّفْلِ الَّذِينِ لَوْ يَظْهُرُوا مَلْ عَوْرُتِ الْذِسَالَةِ Or children who know naught of women's nakedness.

[24:31]

privacy (3)

ثَلْفُ عَوْرِتِ لَكُوْ

Three times of privacy for you. [24:58]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. عُنْ فَنْ فَالْمُونَاءُ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v.

(ع p. m. plu.) p.m. iv. w.v. أعِندُوا they sent back, (or) taken back.

act. pic. m. phu.) (w.v.) عَالَّدُونَ those who return

home! the (n.p.t.) w.v. jlace where every body will compulsorily come back

ع و ذ ★

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) (w.v.) عُذُتُ I sought refuge

عَاذَ يَعُوْذُ عَوْذًا وَ عِيَاذًا وَ مَعَاذًا (ن)

to seck protec-

tion of someone from SS, seek refuge in SS against SS or some danger

أَعُودُ I seek refuge

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)(w.v.) بَعُوذُوْلُ they seek refuge

iv, w.v. أُعِيْدُ (imperf. Ist. p. sing.)

< I seek refuge for~

another to seek refuge

انِّ أَحِيثُ مَايِكَ

I seek refuge for her with Thee. [3:36] عَوَّانُ

العير

استعان استِعانة x to seek help

(perate. m. plu.) w.v., x (you) seek help!

(pis. pic. m. sing.) w.v., x الْمُشَعَانُ one whose help is saught

<one of middle age (n.)

عَانَ يَعُونُ عَوْناً (نِ)

to be of middle age

# ع ی ب \*

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.)acc. w.v. حِيْثُ < I damage

عَابَ يَعِيْبُ عَيْبًا (ض)

to be or make damage, to defect

ع ی د ★

caravan (n.)

ع ی ش \*

مِیْشَـةٌ (v.n.) عَبْشَـهٔ عَاشَ یَمِیْشُ عَبْشاً وَ عَبْشَـهٔ وَ مَمَاشاً وَ مَیْشَـهٔ (ض)

to live in a certain manner

مَعِيْشَةً (v.n.) livelihood

مَعَايِشُ (sing.) مَعْشَةٌ (sing.)

ع و ت 🖈

(Ap-der. m. plu.) ii w.v. الْمُعُوِّقِينَ <thou who hinder

عَاقَ بَعُوْقُ عَوْقاً (ن) وَ عَوَّقَ نَعْوِيْقاً to hinder, ii

impede, restrain, prevent

3 6 7 \*

<year acc. آغر nom. أغرامً (plu.) أغرامً المراها.</p>

ali two years (dual.)

ع و ن 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v., iv أَعَانَ < ~ helped

بَعْيِنُ إِعَالَهُ \_ عَلَىٰ أَعَانَ to aid, assist, help

(perate. m. plu.) w.v., iv أَغِبُوُّا (you) help!

أَعْنُونِي ! you) help me!

تَمَاوَنَ تَمَاوُن**اً** ،w

to cooperate, help one another

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) w.v., vi we seek help

springs (n. p.) عيون

إِنَّ النُّكَّوِيْنَ فِي جَنَّتٍ وَعُيُونٍ

Verily the God-fearing shall be amidst gardens and springs. [15:45]

eye (2) الْعَيْنُ

وَالْعَيْنَ بِالْعَيْنِ

And the eye for the eye.

[5:45]

عَيْنَاهُ his eyes

thy eyes غَنْنَاكَ

n.d. com. عَنْاكَ عَنْاكَ عَنْاكَ عَنْاكَ عَنْاكَ عَنْاكَ عَنْاكَ عَنْاكَ عَنْاكُ عَنْاكُ عَنْاكُ عَنْاكُ عَنْ

com. عَنْنُكَ acc.

the two eyes عَنْان n.d. آ + dual. عَنْان

عَنْنَ n.d. 4 dual. عَنْنَكُ

< eyes (n. p.)

عَنْ (sing.)

< those who have (n. p)</p>
wide (lovely) eyes

عَيْنَاهُ (sing.)

water spring n.pt.

\* 3 2 2

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. we are worn out

time for seeking n. p t. acc. livelihoods

ع ی ل 🖈

<poverty (n.) "file"</pre>

act. pic. m. sing.) acc. قَائِلاً وَ destitute, poor عَالَ يَعِيْلُ عَبْلاً وَ عَبْـلَةً (ض)

to be or become poor, destitute

ع د ل 🖈

نتُوُلُوا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (w.v.) ye tun aside i.e. do unjustice

عَالَ يَعُولُ عَوِّلاً (ن)

to swerve, to turn aside neglecting otherside i.e. to do or be unjust

ذٰلِكَ أَدُنَّى ٱلَّاتَعُولُوا

That will be more fit, that ye may swerve not (4:3)

amicut \_\_\_\_lopr in \_\_\_\_

spring (1) (n.)

فِيْهَاعَيْنُ جَارِيَةٌ And .

There shall be a spring running. [88:12]

two springs (dual n.) عَنْنَانِ ، عَيْنَانِ

first creation?

[50:15]

was wearied juss. w.v.

يَعْيَىٰ

وَلَوْيَغَى بِخَ

And was not wearied by their creation. [46:33]

عَبِيَ عَبِهُمْ عَبِهُمُ (س) عَبِهُ عَبِهُ to be unable to find the way to do anything

آغَيِّيْنَا بِالْخَلْنِي الْأَوَّلِ

Are We then wearied with the

# كتاب الغين

Note: This verb has opposite meanings i.e., to remain behind and to depart. In the H.Q. the former is meant.

غ ب ن 🖈

(to lose and gain v.n. vi. التَّغَالُنُ mutually

to cheat vi. مُعَانِنَ مَعَانِكًا or deceive mutually

يَوْمُرَيَجِمْ عَكُوْلِيَوْمِ الْجَمْعِ ذَٰ لِكَ يَوْمُ التَّعَالَيْنِ

(Remember) the day whereon He shall assemble you unto the Day of Assembling, that shall be the Day of mutual loss and gain.

[64:9]

(i.e., the Day of the Hereafter, where some people who were fortunate enough in their worldly life اَلْغَارُ عود غور غاورُنَ عود غاورُنَ عادِيْنَ / اَلْفَاوُوْنَ عود ع و ي غاورُنَ عود غور الْفَاوُوْنَ عود غور الْفَاوُمُوْنَ عود غور ط الْفَامِيْنَ عود ط الْفَامِيْنَ عود خور الْفَامِيْنَ عود خور الْفَامِيْنَ عود خور الله على ا

dust meta. gloom (n.) غَبَرَةُ

غَبَّرَ يَغْبُرُ غُبُوراً (ن)

to become ix is iv of the colour of dust, become very dusty

(pic. pac. m. sing.) لفارين those who remained behind

غَبَرَ يَغْبُرُ غُنُوراً (ن)

to remain, to depart

غَيِقَ بَعْدَقُ غَدُّقاً (س) وَ أَغْدَقَ اللهُ to abound in

water (spring), rain copiously

غ د و ★

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) (w.v.) غَدَوْتَ (thou settedst forth

غَدًا يَعْدُرُ غُدُواً (ن) to go in morning, go forth early, to depart (any time)

غَدَوًا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) (w.v.)

(perate. m. plu.) (w.v.) اغْدُوا (you) go out!

(n.) acc. آية gen. يغَدِ the morrow (the coming day)

(n.) acc. أَعُدُوا nom. غُدُوا

الْغَدَاةُ morning

morning meal اغتدا

غ ر ب \*

غَرِبَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) غَرِبَتْ ~settest (sun)

(ن) عَرَّبَ عَرُّباً وَ غَرُوباً (ن) خَرَ اللهِ حَرَّباً وَ غَرُوباً (ن) to disppear, to set (sun, star, etc.)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) تَغُوْبُ ~sets (sun) will lose, on the other hand some of those who had no fortune in their worldly life will gain.)

(I.K..Z.R.)

غ ث و ★

rubbish (1) (n.) عُنَا لاً (carried away by a torrent)

فَجَعَلُنْهُمْ غُثًاءً

Than We made them a refuse (like rublish to be thrown away). [23:41]

stubble (2)

فبمقلة غفأة آخذى

Then made it to stubble dusky (for the cattle). [87:5]

غ د ر 🖈

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii يُغَادِرُ الصحادة

>غَادَرَ مُغَادَرَةً

to leave, leave behind

>>فَقَرَ بَغْدُرُ غَدْرا (ن،ض)

to break a contract

(imperf. Ist. p. phu.) iii juss. هَأَدِرُ we leave

we leave no~ لَمْ نُغَادِرُ

غ د ق ★

خَدَةً <plenteous acc. (v.n.) خَدَةً

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verbal noun, and means guile or guiling, while the latter in with fatha on means 'the means or object of which one beguiles.'

غ رف*ن* 

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii اغْرَفَ ~ladle

> أغْنَرَفَ اغْبَرَاهَاً to dip (water with the hand)

a lading (a quan- (n.) (1) tity (of) water) which fills the hand)

### إلَّا مَنِ اغْتَرَثَ غُرُفَةً إِلَيْهِ

Save him who takes (thereof) in the hollow of his hand (Pic.). excepting him who ladeth a lading with his hand (Jid.). [2:249]

the high place, (n.) (2) الْفُرُّ فَـٰهُ upper chamber

> غُرَفٌ ، غُرُفاتُ (.plu)

غُرِّ فُنَّ ، غُرَّ فَأَ places, upper chambers. { الْفُرُّ فَأَتُ

غ ر ق

( perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv أُغُرِقُناً < we drowned the setting of the sun

the western (rel. adj. m.)

the western (rel. adj. f.)

أَخْرِيتُ الْمُوْرِبُ (rayer (n. pt. dual.)

the wests (n. pt. dual.)

the wests (n. pt. plu.)

acc. الْمُوَارِبُ (extremely black (n. p.)

غ د د 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. v 
~beguiled

خَرَّ مَغْرًا وَ غُرُوراً (ن)
 to beguile, deceive

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)assim. v غُوَّتُتُ ∼beguiled

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) juss. let beguile

أَلاَ بَغُرُدُكَ let not be guile thee

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) emp. يَعْوَلُنَ should beguile

لاَ يَغُرَّنَكَ let not be guile you

غُرُورٌ ، غُرُوراً (.guile (v.n.) الْذُرُورُ (.beguiler (n.)

مُزُورٌ Note; The word

is ( غ with damma on )

خ زو غ-امأ a continous (n.) acc. torment, anguish a forced loan, a debt (v.n.) that must be paid (pis. pic. m. plu.) those who are involved in debt, or laid under an obligation we have stirred, w.v. iv we have occasioned أَغُرِي إغْرَاها - بِ ، مِيْنَ to inspire iv one with a strong desire for doing SS, incite, urge, cause to, adhere to لنفرتن (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) epl.

(if not cease) We verily shall set up (urge) thee against them. [33:60]

<thread; spun (n.)

to spin

غَزَلَ يَغْزِلُ غَزْلاً (ض)

(act. pic. plu.)\* w.v.

< fighters (sing.) (\*) on the pattern of

that he may acc. iv drown

>غَرِقَ بَغْرَقُ غَرْقًا (س) to sink (in water)

لِتُغْرِقَ (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) el. iv (that did it) in order to drown

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) iv we drown

(3 p.m. plu.) pp. iv they were drowned

> الْغَرَّ قُ drowning (v.n.)

vehemently (to v.n. acc. destruction)

وَالنِّيزِعْتِ غَرِّقًا

By the (angles) who drag vehemently (Jid.). By those who drag forth to destruction. (i.e. the souls of the infidels from their bosoms.)

مُعْدَ قُوْنَ / الْمُعَرِّ قَوْنَ acc. (pis. pic. m. plu.) those who are drowned

(act. pic. m. plu.)

< debtors غَرَمَ يَغْزَمُ غَزَماً (غُرْمًا) وَ غَرَامَــةً وَ مَغْرَماً (س)

to be in debt, to pay (a tax, fine)

££A

448

we surely set up against

And the alarmists in the city

غاز

until ye have المنتيلة washed yourselves

( pis. pic. m. sing.) بفتسل place for washing (Rgh.), water (Jid.), spring (Pic.)

Note. Etymologically the passive particle from a derived stem stands also as the noun for place and time.

corruption (n.) أَسْلِيْنُ i.e., what flows from the bodies of the damned

غ ش ی ★

فَغَرْثِيَهُ وُقِنَ الْيَوْ مَاغَيْبِيَهُ وُ

And, then covered them with that which did cover them of sea. [20:78]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.)

overcomes (with يَغْشَا أَلِف when attached to a pronoun)

وَالَّيْلِ إِذَا يَغْتَلَى Be the Night when it covereth. [92:1] to (نَ عَزُو غَزُواً (ن go forth, to raid on enemy's land

act pic. sing.

م.ه. غزی p.b.

غَزَوَاتْ plu. غَزُوَةً

غ س ق ★

حَلَقَ (v.n.) حَلَقَة

غَسَقَ بَغْمِقُ غَمْقاً (ض) to become very dark (night)

أميق (act. pic. m. sing.) غاميق darkness, darkner

غَسَّاقٌ / غَسَّاقً (ints.) غَسَّاقً / عَسَّاقً corrupion (Jid.) (flowing

from the bodies of the damned)

paralysing cold (Pic.)

غ س ل \*

أغيلوًا (perate. m. plu.) <(you) wash!

غَسَلَ بَغْسِلُ غَسْلاً غُسُلاً (ض) لَعَسْل غَسْلاً (ض) to wash, purify

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) f. d. كَغْتَمِلُوْا <you wash

to wash one- viii اغْسَلَ اغْسَالًا self

as R. F. to cover مُعَشَّىٰ تَعَشَّىٰ عَنْسُا oneself (written نَعْشَ when attached to a pronoun)

تلتاتنفها حتكت منلا تحفيقا

And when he covered her, she bore a light burden.

[7:189]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. x مُنْتَغْشُو (they covered themselves

to get oneself under x, ومتعشل cover, or cover oneself

w.v. x (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they cover themselves

w.v. هَاشِيَةٌ / الْعَاشِيةَ (act. pic. f. sing.) overwhelming covering lit, a thing that covers.

the day of Resurrection(1)

هَلُ أَمُّكَ حَدِيثُ الْعَاشِيةِ

Hath there come unto thee the story of the covering events? (i.e., Resurrection, because it will overwhelm with its terror). [88:1]

an overwhelming (2) torment

Are they secure then against (that) there may come upon them an overwhelming of Allah's torment.

وَالَّيْنِلِ إِذَا لِيَغْطُهَا

And the night when it covereth it (the world).

[91:4]

Note: The personal pronoun is either for the world or the darkness.

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. covers, with cover

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ii

غَشَي تَغْشِبَة . as R. F.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ii covers

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. iv we have covered

to cover, أَغْشَى إِغْشَاءاً to draw a veil, to cause to cover

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. iv مُعْشِيْ ~covers

(3 p. f. sing.) p. p. iv اُغْشِتْتُ was covered over (with~)

(3 p. m. sing.) pip. iv is covered, over upon him (i. e., he faints)

تَدُورْ أَعْبُهُمْ كَالَّذِي يُغْشَى عَلَيْهِ مِنَ الْمَوْتِ

Their eyes rolling about like (the eyes of) him who fainteth unto death. [33:19]

نَمَشَىٰ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v., v مُشَيَّىٰ ~covers

# غ ض ب ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) بَعْفَنُ < ~ was angry with (س) غَفْنَا أَسِياً

to be angry with, to be wrath with

غَضَبُ / أَلْغَضَبُ / أَلْغَضَبُ / anger, rage (v.n.)

الْمُغَنُّوْبُ \_ عَلَيْدِ (pact. pic.) an object of anger

### غَيْرِالْمُغَفُّوْبِ عَلَيْهِمُ

None of those on whom is indignation brought down.
(Jid.) [1:7]

Not (the path) of those who earn Thine anger. (Pic.)

Not those upon whom wrath is brought down. (M.A.)

Not of those against whom Thou art incensed. (Sale)

Not of those against whom Thou art wrathful.(Arberry)

< indignant, angry, (n.) غَضْبَانٌ</p>

غِعَنَابٌ (plu.)

(pis. pic.) acc. iii مُغَاصِبًا <in state of anger

غَاضَبَ مُغَاضَبَةً وَ غِضَاباً to make angry, irritate

غ من من ★

(imperf.3 p.m. plu.) (assim) مُعْوِّنَ <they lower (voice) fainted one w..v./pis. pic. (one who is made to faint)

غُوَاشُ coverings n.p./w.v.

غَاشِيَة (sing)

covering (n.) أَشَارَةُ

# غ ص ب ★

<taking something (v.n.) from someone unjustly or by force</p>

غَصَبَ يَنْصِبُ غَضْباً \_ عَلَىٰ (ض) to force

to take by عُنْ – violence, unjustly

وكان ورَآءَهُمْ مَلِكُ يَأْخُذُ كُلَّ سَفِيْتَ مَ خَصْبًا

There was before them a king who taketh every boat by force. [18:79]

# غ ص ص ★

anything by which (n.) one is chocked (food etc.)

غُمَمُ (plu.) عُمَمُ فَعُمُ

### >> غَمَّ يَنْعُثُّ غَمَّا (ن)

to be choked, be choked with wrath, be grieved

وَكُلِمُامُّاذَاغُضَةِ

And food that choketh.

[73:13]

غَدُ اناً (ض) \_ ل to forgive, pardon (perf. 1st p.plu.) we have forgiven يغفر (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) forgives will forgive juss. (l.c.) (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they forgive let them forgive acc. (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) (juss.) thou forgive (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. ve pardon, forgive ننفز (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) juss. we will forgive اغفر (perate. m. sing.) forgive, thou may forgive! (3 p. m. sing,) pip. will be forgiven

#### سينفقون

It will be forgiven us. [7:169] forgiveness (v. mim) مَنْفِرَةً forgiveness (v. n.)

غفرانك تبتا

Thy forgiveness, our Lord. [2:285]

(act. pie. m. sing.) غَافِرُ forgiver 452 غَمَنَ يَتُمُنَّ غَمًّا (ن)

to lower the voice or eye
they may/shall lower acc. (eyes)

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) بَعْنُونَ they female (should) lower (eyes)

(perate m. sing.) اغْمُنُصْ lower! (voice)

غ ط ء \*

نِطْأَ: \* see غطو غطش ★

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أُغْطَشَ ∼he made dark

> أغْطَشَ إغْطَاشًا

to make SS dark,

خَطَشَ بَغْطِشُ خَطْشًا (ض)
to be dark

غ ط و ،★

< veil (n.)

غَمَااً بَغْمَارُ غَمَاْواً (ن) Ito cover, to put a veil

غ ف ر ★

لَقَوَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~ forgave, hath forgiven

غَفَرَ يَغْفِرُ غَفْراً (ض) to cover, veil

(epl.) (imperf. 1st. p. sing.) I shall surely ask forgiveness (perate, m. sing.) x thou (a man) ask forgiveness! (perate. f. sing), x thou (a woman) ask forgiveness! (perate. m. plu.) x (you) ask forgiveness! (Ap-der. m. plu.) x those who ask forgiveness asking forgiveness (v.n., x) (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ve neglect يَعْفَلُ غَفَلَةً وَ غَفَلاَّ (ن) to be heedless, neglectful, inattentive أغفلنا (perf. 1st p. plu.) iv ve made neglect, we made unmindful to make iv \ اغفار اغفار \ unmindful, neglect غافلة (act. pic. m. sing.) neglectful غافلاً unaware acc. غَافِلُهُ نَ / الْغَافِلُونَ

(act. pic. m. plu.) forgivers (ints.) most forgiving one (one of the excellent names of Allah) forgiving one acc. most forgiving one (ints.) (one of the excellant names of Allah) (perf. 3 p.m. sing) x asked forgiveness (perf. 2 p. m. sing.) x thou asked forgiveness (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they asked forgiveness (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. asks forgiveness Then he beggeth the forgiveness of Allah. [4:110] (verb in jussive receives when it is to be a similated to the following word) (imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) juss. thou ask forgiveness (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ve ask forgiveness (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they ask forgiveness

let them ask

forgiveness

acc.

453

(act. pic. m. plu..) unaware ones

unaware ones acc.

(imperf. 2 p.m. phu.)

ye (may) overcome

(3 p. m. sing.) pp.
has been overcome

(3 p.m. plu.) pp.
they were overcome

(3 p.m. plu.) pip
they shall be overcome

(2 p.m. plu.)
ye shall be overcome

(act. pic. m. sing.)
dominant (1)

And Allah is dominant in His purposes. [12:21]

overcomer (2)

If Allah succoureth you there is none that can overcome you. [3:160]

(act. pic. m. plu.) غَالِيُونَ / أَلْفَالِبُونَ

الغاليين .overcomers acc

one who is (pic. pac.) مُغَلِّرُ بُّ overcome (by SS)

مَنْ عَارَبَهُ أَنِّى مَغُلُوبٌ فَانْتَصِرُ Thereupon he prayed unto his Lord, verily I am overcome so vindicate me. [54-10]

> overcoming (v.n.) لُلُبُّ thick (with trees)

(act. pic. f. plu.) الْغَافِلاَتُ unaware women negligence, (v. n.)

غ ل ب ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) غَلِبَتُ < ~ prevailed (Jid.) overcame, vanquished, gained victory

غَلَبَ بَغْلِبُ غُلِبًا وَ غَلَبَةً (ض)

to overcome, conquer, to gain
victory

كُوْتِنَ فِنَهُ وَلَيْكُهُ هَلَبْتُ فِنَهُ كُوْيُونًا How after a small party hath overcome a large party. [2:249]

عَلِبُوا (perf. 3 p.m. phu.) عَلَبُوا prevailed

تَالَ الَّذِيْنَ غَلَبُوْاعَلَ أَشْرِهُمْ Those who prevailed in their affair said. [18:21]

(imperf. 3 p.m.. sing.) juss. overcomes

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) epl. اغْلِبَنَّ I certainly will overcome

يَعْلِبُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَعْلِبُونَ they will overcome

فِلْبُونَ they shall overcome

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. ابُورُ that they overcome, they will overcome rigid (3)

### وَآخَذُنَ مِنْكُوْتِينَاقًا غَلِيْكُما

And they have obtained from you a rigid bond. [4-21]

stern (4) (n. p.) لِكُوناً "

غَلْفُدُّ (sing.)

عَلَيْهَامَلَمِكُهُ يُعَلَاظُ

Over which are angels, stern. (i.e., not tender towards the inmates of hell). [66:6]

sternness (opp. tend- (n.) غُلْظَةً erness)

غ ل ف 🖈

<uncircumcised (v.n.)

أُ غُلَفُ (sing.)

غَلَفَ بَغْلُفُ غَلْفاً (ن)

to furnish with a covering (or cavered with غلاق )

وَقَالُوا فَلُونُنَا غُلْثُ

They said: our hearts are uncircumcised (so that they do not learn or they are covered from hearing for accepting the truth). [2:88]

غ ل ق ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii غَلَقَتُ < ~locked < lux uriant.(n) acc.

أُغْلَبُ (sing.)

وَحَدَآيِقَ غُلُبُ

And enclosed gardens luxuriant. [80:30]

غ ل ظ 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x اسْتَغْلُطُ اللهِ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

غَلَظَ يَنْلِظُ وَ غَلُظَ يَغْلُظُ غِلْظًا

to be (غُلَاظَةً (ض،ك) thick, bulky, big, coarse, to be hard, uncivil

(perate. m. sing.)
be hard! (treat severely!)

وَاغْلُظْ عَلَيْهِمْ

And be severe unto them. (Jid.)

Be firm against them. (Ali)
(i.e., against hypocrites)

[9:73]

اغاظ

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) meta. (1)

vehement (terrible) acc.

وَمِنْ وَرَابِهِ عَنَابٌ غِلِيْظُ

And behind him is a torment terrible (or vehement).

[14:17]

hard (2)

وَلَوْكُنْتَ فَكَا غَلِيْظَ الْقَلْبِ

And wert thou rough, hardhearted. [3:159] which he had hidden away.
[3:161]

نَقُتُ (3 p. p. sing.) assim. pp.

مَعْلُولَةً (pic. pic. m. sing.) مَعْلُولَةً أَوْ

And the Jews said: the hand of God is fettered. Fettered be their own hands (cursed) (i.e. (meta.) He has become niggardly and closefisted-niggardly be

they themselves).

(perate. m. plu.) آۋا put chain

خُذُولًا فَعَلُولًا

Lay hold of him (then chain him). [69-30]

<iron collar for (n.p.)</p>
the neck, shackles

غُلُّ (sing.)

غ ل م \*

[5:64]

a boy, young (n.)

two boys (n. p.)

لْمَانٌ boys (n. p.) لْمَانٌ

غ ل و ★

(perate. neg. m. plu.) تغلوا (you) do not exceed (the bound) to lock, iii عَلِّقَ تَفْلِفًا close (a door)

>> غَلَقَ يَمْلَقُ غَلَقاً (ف)

to close, bolt, go far into (a country)

غ ل ل ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) assim.
< ∼ hidden away, deceit, defraud

غَلَّ بَعُلُّ عَلَّا (ن)

to insert
(one thing) in (another),
to canceal, to fraud, to
deceive, to act unfaithfully, to put an iron collar
on the neck

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. hides away

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. hides away

(The assimilation is removed in case of jussive. This cluster is pronounced separately).

وَمَاكَانَ لِنَتِي اَنْ يَغُلُّ وَمَنْ يَعُلُلْ يَانِيمِنا ۚ غَلَّ يَوْمُ الْقِيْمَةِ

And it is not for a prophet (i.e., it is not conceivable for a prophet) that he hides away (or deceiteth), whosoever deceiteth (or hideth anything away) he shall bring forth on the Day of Resurrection that

pangs (of death) (3)

pangs (of death) (n. p.)

وكؤترى إذالظائون فاعكرت المؤت

Would that thou shouldst see what time the wrongdoers are in the pangs of death. [6:93]

\* 3 7 8

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv بَعَا حَرُونَ they wink at each other

to make signs آمَنَا مَنَا مِنْا مِنْا مِنْا مِنْ

>> غَمَزَ يَغْيُرُ غَمْزاً (ض،ن)

to make a sign to (with the eye or eye brow)

غ م د ش 🖈

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) I that you disdain, connive at

أغْمَضَ إغْمَاضاً جامعة

shut (the eye or the eye lids), to connive

وَكَسُتُعُمُ إِخِذِيهُ وَإِلَّانَ تُنْفِحُوا فِيهُ

Ye (yourselves) would not accept such, save you disdain (or connive at).

[2:267]

\* 11 8

<sorrow (n.)

غَمُّ / الْغُمُّ

غَلاَ يَعْلُو عُلُواً (ن) the proper limit, be excessive

يَا مُلَ الْكِتْبِ لَاتَغُلُوا فِي دِيْزِكْمُ

O ye people of the Book, exceed not (the bounds) in your religion. [4:171]

غ ل ی ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.)

<~boils

غَلْ بَغْلِيْ غَلْبًا وَ غَلَبَانًا (ض) مستنار محمد (معد) العام ا

to boil (pot), effervesce (liquor)

boiling v. n.

غ ۱ د \*

<br/>bewilderment (1) (n.)

lit, water that rises above the stature of a man

غَمْرَ يَنْمُو غَمَارَةً وَ غُمُورَةً (ن)

to be abundant, to overflow, submerge (in water)

نَذَرُهُ مُ إِنْ غَنْرَتِهِمْ حَثَّى حِيْنٍ

Wherefore leave (thou) them in their bewilderment (or flow of their ignorace, or error and obstinancy and perplexity. (LL.) [23:54]

overwhelming, (2) heedlessnes

بَلْ قُلُونُهُمْ فِي عَمْرَةٍ مِنْ هُذَا

But! their hearts are in heedlessness. [23:63]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v., iv < ~enriched (2)

أغنى إغناءا to enrich

- عَنْ to avail some thing to attain أُغْنَى - مِنْ

#### وَاتَّهُ هُوَاغُنِّي وَاقْتَىٰ

And that it is He who enricheth and preserveth (property). [53:48]

(the verb is perfect (past tense) but it is used here in the sense of a habitual that has compelled translators to use present tense in their renderings).

وَمَا نَشَنُو الرَّآنَ الْخُنْهُمُ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ

And they avenged not except for (this) that Allah and His Massenger had enriched them out of His grace. [9:74]

> (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv shall enrich (1)

> > acc.

juss.

مَسَوْفَ يُغْنِيكُواللهُ (.nom)

Allah shall enrich you. [9:28]

حَثَّى بُنْنِيَهُمُ اللَّهُ (acc.)

Untill Allah enrich them.
[24:33]

to cover, (غَمَّ مَنَّ خَمَّ (ن veil, grieve, cause to mourn

dubious (n.)

clouds (n.)

غ ن ۲ 🖈

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.)

ye obtained (from enemies during war)

غَيْمَ بَنْنَمُ غُنْاً وَ غَنَاً وَ غَنِاً وَ غَيِثَةً (س) to obtain spoil,

booty, to get a thing without difficulty

<br/>booties, spoils (n. p.)

معنم (sing.)

sheep (n.)

غ ن ی خ

(3 p. m. sing.) juss. w.v. < flourish (I-A)

غَنَىٰ بَغَنَٰ غِنَاهاً وَ مَثَنَٰقٌ (س)

to inhabit, dwell, to be rich,

or in comfort of life

كَأَنْ لَوُتَغْنَ بِالْأَمْسِ

As though it had not flourished yesterday (in the earth). [10:24]

dwelt (1-B)

النين كذَّ بُواشُعِينُهُ كَأَن كُويَفْتُوافِيهَا

Those who belied Shu'ab became as though they had never dwelt. [7:92] to make indifferent (5) towards, to profit, to suffice with no prep. iv

لِكُلِّ امْرِئْ فِنْهُمْ يَوْمَهِذٍ شَأْنُ يُغُنِيْهِ

For everybody of them there would be his own condition that will make him indifferent(towards others).

[80:37]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x ~ is self-sufficient

to be self- استينناها < sufficient, to regard himself self-sufficient

### وَتُوَلُّوا وَاسْتَغْنَى اللَّهُ

They turned away and Allah is above all needs (selfsufficient). [64:6]

#### أمَّا مَنِ اسْتَغُنَّى

For him who considers himself free from need (selfsufficient). [80:5]

self-sufficient (n.)

one of the excellant names

أَغْنِياً \* / أَلْأَغْنِياً \* rich ones (n. p.)

(m. plu. ap-der. iv.) w.v. those who avail SS against

فَهَلُ أَنْتُمُ مُغْنُونَ عَنَا مِن عَذَا بِاللَّهِ مِنْ شَيْء

Are you going to avail us at all against the torment of Allah? [14:21]

### إِنْ يَكُونُواْفُقَرَاءَيُغُونِهِمُ اللهُ ( juss. )

If they are poor Allah will enrich them. [24:32]

<to avail or be (3) profitable to

أغنى \_ عَنْ

مَا عَنْي عَنْكُو جَمْعُكُو

Your multitude availed you naught. [7:48]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

availed

.... غنت

فآآغت عنهم العثثهم

So their gods availed them not [11:101]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

~avails

وَلَوْائِفُ مِنْ عَنْكَ شَيْنَاً that availed thee naugh

And that availed thee naught. [19:42]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) acc. it/she avails

وكن تغفى عَنَكُمْ فِلْتَكُو

And your host shall avail you not. [8:19]

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) (juss.) the twain availed

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)acc. they shall avail (never)

to avail against (4) مِنْ <

وَلَائِغُ فِي مِنَ اللَّهَبِ

It will not avail against the Flame. [77:31]

a cave (n.)

مَغَارَاتُ <caverns (n. p.) مَغَارَةً (sing.) cavern

غ و ص \*

(imperf. 3 p. m.plu.) w.v. يَعُوْصُونَ <they dive

غَاصَ بَنْوُصُ غَوْماً وَ غِيَاماً وَ مَنَاماً (ن) \_ فِيْ

to dive, plung into water

a diver (n.) غَوَّاصُ

غ و ط 🖈

(act. pic. m. sing.) لُمُوَا لِهُ اللهُ (abe privy (n.)

lit. a wide, depressed piece of ground

> غَاطَ يَغُوْطُ غَوْطاً (ن)

to dig, excavate

غ و ل 🖈

< headiness, (v. n:) عُوَلًا that deprives one of reason viii. اَعْتَالَ عَوْلًا (ن) وَ اعْتَالَ to cause to perish, seize unaware</p>

ihe wine deprived غَالَبِهِ الْحَرَّةُ (the drunkard) of reason, caused to perish him غ د ث ★

(3 p.m. plu.) pip. w.v. x
they shall be responded to
their cry for aid

to relieve, iv. أَغَافُ إِغَالُهُ to respond to the begging for aid

مَانُ يَسْتَغِيثُوا يُغَاثُوا بِمَا وَكَالْمُهُلِ

And if they cry for relief they shall be responded (or relieved) with water like the dregs of oil.

[18:29]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)w.v. x asked for help, cried for aid

> اسْنَغَافَ اسْنِغَاثَةُ

to bag for or pray for help

لان w.v.x

(imperf. 3 p. m. dual.) the twain pray for help

v.w. acc. x.

ستغثث ا

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) that they pray for help

7.4°.50

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)
you pray for help

غ و د ★

غَادَ يَغُورُ غَوْدا (ن)

to sink in the ground (water), to enter the low land

# غَابَ بَغِيْبُ غَيْبًا (ض) وَ اغْتَابَ .v

- (1) to go away, viii to be hidden, secret, unseen
- (2) to slander
- (3) to backbite

وَلَايَغْ تَبُ بَّعْضُكُوْ بِعَضًا

Nor backbite one another.

[49:12]

lit. disappeared (v.n.) الْغَنْبُ one or hidden, absent, usage in the Holy Quran :

uneen (1)

يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْغَيْبِ

Who believe in the unseen. (Jid.) (M.A.) (Arb.) (Pic.)

Who believe in (the existence of) that which is beyond the reach of human perception. (Asad) [2:3]

hidden (2)

إناع وعيب التموت والادض

I know the hidden in the heavens and the earth.

[2:33]

إنتأالغنيث يلاء

The hidden (belongeth) unto Allah alone. [10:20]

secret (3)

فالقاليقلز إلى كواخنه بالغيب

(I did that) in order that he may know that I betrayed him not in secret. [12:52] غ و ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.)

غَوَى بَغُوِيٌ غَيَّا (ض)
err. deviate from the ric

to err, deviate from the right way

(perf. Ist p. phu.) w.v. we (ourselves) deviate

(pref. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. iv, أَغُوبُتُ <br/>
thou causest to be erring to cause to err iv أُغُولُي إغْوَاماً

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. iv فَوَيْناً we caused to err

w.v. acc. iv
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

keep astray, that he keeps
SS astray.

(Ist. p. sing.) w.v. epl. iv
I will surely mislead

lit. error (v.n.) acc.

meta. perdition.

(act. 2 pic. w.v.) فَوَى erring one

إِنَّكَ لَغَوِيٌّ مُبِينًا

Thou art surely one erring manifestly. [28:18]

(w.v. act. pic. m. plu.) الْغَادُونَ

فَادِثْنَ / الْغَادِبْنَ perverted ones

غ ی ب 🖈

to alter, change عَرِّقَ مَعْمِونَ acc. w.v. ii مَعْمِوْدُ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.)

they alter or change

(3 p. f. plu.) emp. ii they surely alter

وَلَامُونَهُمْ فَلَيْغَيْرُكُ خَلْقَ اللَّهِ

And I will command them so that they will alter the creation of Allah. [4:119]

to be changed مُنْيِرُ مُنْيِرًا

(Ap-der. ii acc.)
one who changes

(Apder. f. plu. iv) لَيْعَرَاتُ <the raiders

to make a iv, hostile attack أَغَارَ إِغَارَةً

(particle.)
other, other than, another,
save, but

غ ی د ش 🖈

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. < ~absorb

غَاضَ بَغِيْضُ غَبْعَناً (ض)

to sink, to become scanty

وَمَانَتَفِيْفُنَ الْاَيْمَامُ وَمَانَتَوْھَادُ

And that which vombs absorb and that which they grow.

[13:8]

the intimacy (4)

فالضاف فيتث خفظت للغيب

Thus the righteous women are the devout ones, who guard the intimacy.

[4:34]

(Note: Asad prefers 'what is beyond the reach of human perception' as rendering of while others use unseen, secret, absence and hidden according to the contents of of the verses).

خَوْبُ (sing.) خَوْبُ (sing.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) غَالِيْنَ / الْغَالِيِّنَ / الْغَالِيِّنَ

غَا**نِث** (sing.)

(act. pic. f. sing.)

the bottom (of a well) (n.)

غ ی ٿ 🖈

(3 p.m. sing.) pip. w.v. يُغَاثُ < ~ will have rain

غَاثَ يَغِيثُكُ غَيْثًا (ض)

to cause rain, to make rain fall

غَبْثُ / الغَبْثُ ( rain (n.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)w.v., ii

in order to enrage or he may enrage

rage (n.) المنظ المنظ (act. pic. m. plu.) المنظ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. pp. المنظ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. والمنط المنط (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. المنط المنط

\*\*\*

# كتاب الفء

iii junction of two phareses following the particle denoting the result of a condition in the other.

### فُلُ إِنْ كُنْدُ وَيُعِينُونَ اللَّهَ فَالنَّهِ مُولَى

say : if ye love Allah follow me [3:31]

heart (n.) (h.v.) أَوْادُ الْمُؤَادُ (h.v.) (heart (n.) أَوْادُ الْمُؤَادُ (hearts (n. p.) أَوْرَادُ (sing.) (sing.) (w. & h. n.)

<a party, group, (n.) فقة band

(plu.) 25

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(a conjunction particle)
then, so, but, then, thus, however, because, so that,
and so,

This is a common conjunction which implies a close connection between the sentences before and after it.

This connection may be either definite cause and effect, or a natural sequence of event.

(i) causeand effect:

فَتَلَقَّ أَمَرُمِنْ ثَيْهِ كُللتٍ فَتَأْبَ عَلَيْهِ

Then Adam learnt from his Lord (certain) words and He repented towards him. [2:37]

(ii) natural sequence:

الَّذِي خَلَقَ هَـَوْي

Who hath created and then paoportioned. [87:2]

(perf. 1st p. plu.) we opened

حُتَّى اِذَافَقَتَا عَلَيْهِمُ بَابُاذَاعَدَابٍ شَيِيْهِ Until when we opened upon them a portal of severe torment. [23:77]

> to give victory (2) (conquer)

إِنَّا فَتَمْنَالِكَ فَتَحَالَيُهِينًا

Verily we have given thee a victory. [48:1]

judges (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

to judge (3)

فُغَ يَفْتَحُ بَيْنَنَا إِلَاحَقِ

Then He shall judge between us with truth. [34:26]

to grant (4)

مَايَعْتَجَاللُهُ لِلسَّاسِ مِن تَحْمَةً فَلَامْسِكَ لَهَا

Whatsoever of mercy Allah may grant unto mankind none there is to withhold it. [35:2]

decide (perate. m. sing.)

to decide (5)

رَبِّنَا فُ تَعْرُبَيْهَنَا وَبَانِي تَوْمِنَا بِالْحَقِّ

Our Lord! decide then between us and our people with truth. [7:89]

> (3 p. f. sing.) pp. مُحْتُدُ ~be opened (1)

two parties (dual) nom

acc. اِنْتَانِي

ف ت ع ★ ف

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) h.v. < thou cease

فَيْنَ بَفْتَأُ (يُفْتَوُّ) فَتْثَأَ (س)

to cease from (always in negative sense)

قالواتالله تفتؤاتن كراؤسف

They said: By Allah Thou ceases not from remembering Yusuf. [12:85]

ف ت ح 🗴

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
opened, disclosed

> فَعَ بَفْنَحُ قَنْعاً (ف)

to open, disclose, to give victory, conquer, to judge, to grant, to let out, to decide

to open (1)

مَّا لُوْلَا عُنِيَةُ فُونَهُمْ بِمَا فَتَحَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُو

They said: do you inform them of what Allah has disclosed to you. [2:76]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.)
they opened

ولتنافقكوامتناعهم

And when they opened their stuff. [12:65]

الْلَفَاحِ / مَفَاحِ keys (n. p., ints.) (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) < they flag فَتَرَ مُنْكُونُكُ وَإِنْ (نِ ) to flag, to feel weak or faint عن يستة محؤن الكشل والتفكاد كلاكفة ووق And they glorify (Him) night and day, they flag not. [21:20] (3 p. m. sing.) pip. ii <~shall not be abated فَتْرُ تَفْتُوا to abate ii فترة a cessation (n.) (a certain interval of time) فتنفنآ (perf. Ist. p. plu.) < we rent فَنَنَ مَنْتَنُ فَنْفَأُ (ف) to cleave, slit, to rend J ت

(act. 2 pic.) acc. فَيْعُلاً <a thing of no value (مَنَ مُعْتِلُ فَعُلاً (مَن) to twist (a rope, thread) lit. a small skin in the cleft of a date-stone حَتَّى إِذَا جَآءُوْهَا فُرِّعَتْ ٱلْوَابُهَا

Till, when they arrive thereto the portals will be opened [39:71]

~is let out (2)

حَتَى إِذَا فَتِعَتْ يَأْجُوجُ وَمَأْجُوجُ

Until when Yajuj and Majuj are let out. [21:96]

(3 p. f. sing.) ii-pip < ~ will be opened as R. F. ii مُنْتَمَ مُنْتِهِاً

will not be opened

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) x الْمُنْفُونُونُ <they be sought judge to seek, suc- الْسَفْنَحُ الْسِفْنَاحُ الْسِفْنَاحُ الْسِفْنَاحُ الْسِفْنَاحُ الْسِفْنَاحُ الْسِفْنَاحُ الْسِفْنَاحُ الْسِفْنَاحُ الْسِفْنَاحُ اللهِ اله

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x بَنْ عَنْوَنَ they seek victory

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) f.d.x المنتفوة you seek victory

(v.n.) acc. أَفُنْحُ ا فَنْحُ الْفَنْحُ الْفَنْحُ اللَّهِ الْفَنْحُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّالَّالِمُلَّا اللَّالِمُ اللَّاللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللّ

(plu.) فَيْتُوحُ فِي

(act. pic. m. plu.) الْفَاعِيْن deciders

وَامْتَ خَيْرُالْفَيْتِحِيْنَ

Thou are the Best of Deciders.
[7:89]

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii opened (ones)

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# وكذلك تتتأبعكم ببغض

And in the same way We tried some of them by means of others. [6:53] (see also 38:34, 44:17, 20:40 & 38:24.)

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) acc. ∼ persecutes (1)

مَّمَآ الْمَنَ لِمُوْسَى الْادْتِيَةُ ثِينَ قَوْمٍ عَلَىٰخَوْنٍ شِنُ فِرْعُوْنَ وَمَلَامِهُمُ اَنَ يَغْتِهُمُ

Then none believed is Musa save a posterity of his people, through fear of Fir'awn and their chiefs, lest he persecute them.
[10:33]

~shall molest (2)

إِنْ خِفْتُمُّ أَنْ كَفْتِنَا لَمُنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ كَفَرُوا

If ye fear that those who disbelieve shall molest you.
[4:101]

(the verb نَفْتَنُ ، فَتَنَ in this verse means 'to put in trouble' or 'to slay')

should tempt emp. يَنْنَ should not (neg. emp.) tempt

يْبَنِي ادْمَرُلَا يَفْتِنَكُو الشَّيْظُ ف

O children of Adam! let not the Satan tempt you.

[7:27]

### ف ت ن 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.)
<they persecuted

فَأَنَّ يَغْيَنُ فَنْنَأً وَ فَتُوناً (ض)

to persecute, to try or prove (as gold in the fire), afflict (by burning), to tempter, lead to temptation, to make an attempt upon, to seduce

to persecute (1)

اِنَ الَّذِيْنِيَ فَتَنُواالْمُؤُمِنِيْنَ وَالْمُؤُمِنَٰتِ Those who persecuted believing men and believing women. [85:10]

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.)
you tempted (2)

قالوابل وليحتكم فتنتزانفسكن

They said (i.e., will say in the Hereafter) yes! but ye tempted your souls. [57:14]

(perf. 1st p. phu.)
we tempted

كَالْ فَاتَاقَدُ فَتَكَا قَدْمَكَ

He said: verily we have tempted thy people.

[20:85]

( see also verse 29:3 )

te try (3)

1-1

proved or tested); 'means (whereby the condition of a man is evinced, in respect of good or evil; hence it often means temptation'. (LL.)

فِنْتُ أَنْ إِخْتِبَارٌ وَ بَلاَ ا

fitna i.e., trial and temptation (P.I., n. 453 Jid.); originally means a burning with fire and then affliction, distress and hardship, slaughter, misleading or causing to err, and seduction from faith by any means (Lis.)

## إِنَّمَا فَعَنْ فِيتُّنَّهُ

We are but a temptation.

[2:102]

# وَالْفِتُنَهُ آشَتُ مِنَ الْعَتْلِ

And the temptation is more griveous than slaughter or the persecution is worse than slaugter. [2:191]

# وَمُعِلُومُهُمُ حَتَّى لَا تَكُونَ فِئْنَةٌ

And Fight them until there be no temptation (or persecution). [2:193]

ومن يُرو لله وتنكته

And whosesoever temptation
Allah willeth. (i.e., in consequence of his own will
to go astry) [5:41]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they tempt (imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) 1.d. (lest) they tempt وَاحْنَدُهُمُ آنَ يَعْمِنُوكَ And beware thou of them lest they tempt thee. 15:491 (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) el. acc. ~in order to try in order to try them لِنَفْتُهُمْ [72:17] لاً تَفْتَقُ (com. perate neg.) do not tempt me! ( pronominal) فتنوا (3 p. m. sing.) pp. they had been tempted (2 p.m. plu.) pp. you were tempted (3 p. m. plu.) pip. they are tried . (2 p.m. plu.) pip. you are tested (you are being tested) ن ا temptation v.n. acc. tempters (act. pic. m. plu.) مَّأَانْتُو عَلَىٰ وَبِفْيِنِيْنَ Ye cannot against Him be [37:162] tempted. <temptation (1) (n.)

lit. a trial, probation, afflic-

tion (whereby one is tried,

أفتؤا

(perate. m. sing.) iv furnish thou explanation!

يُوسُفُ أَيُّهُ الصِّدِينُ أَفْتِنَانَ سَنِعَ بَعَرْتِ

Yusuf, O' truthful one! explain to us seven fat kine.

[12: 46]

(perate. m. plu.) iv. explain (you)!

آفتون فادنوياى

Explain to me my dream.

[12:43]

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) x < thou ask the legal order

اسْتَفْتَىٰ اسْيَفْنَاءاً to ask

opinion or legal order, to question

(imperf. 2 p.m. dual.) x (you twain) are asking (about)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they ask (legal order)

( perate. m. sing.) x ask! (the view or opinion)

فاستفييه

Then ask them. [37:4]

a young (n.) w.v. فَقَ يَفُقُ فَقَ ( فَتَأ ) (س)

to be young (the noun applies both to human beings and animals) excuse, (2)

مُعَ لَوْ يَكُنُ فِينَتُهُمْ إِلَّا أَفَا فُولَا لَهُ وَيَنِالُمَا كُنَا شُوكِينَ

Then their excuse would be nothing but that they would say: By Allah, our Lord! we were not associators. [6:23]

in this verse means الْمَدُّرُ 'excuse or الْجَوَّابُ answer —being so called because of it being a lie')

w.r.

\* 6 0 0

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv ~decreeth (1)

to give a formal اُقَيْ إِنْتَاءًا <

to inform the legal order,

to issus a decree (divine),

to explain the meaning of a dream

عُلِ اللَّهُ يُعْمِينُكُ وَفِي فِي

Say than: Allah decreeth a decree unto you concerning them. [4:127]

to pronounce (2)

مُّلِ اللهُ يُغْتِيكُمُ فِي الْكَلْلَةِ

Say Allah pronounceth you in the matter of one without father or child.

[4:176]

1

间

بَلُ يُولِينُ الْإِنْسَانُ لِيَعْجُرُ آمَامَهُ Nay man desires to sin in front of him. [75:5]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. thou causest to gush forth

حَثَّىٰ تَغْجُرَلْنَا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ يَكْبُونُهُا

Untill thou causest for us to gush forth from the earth a fountain. [17:90]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii

or passage, (for water and the like) let water flow, cause water (and the like) to gush forth

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. if thou causet to gush forth

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii المُعَرِّوْنُ they cause to gush forth

v.n. acc. ii مُعْمِيرًا causing to gush forth (abundantly)

(3 p. f. sing.) pp. ii جُرِّتُتُ flowed out

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مُغَجِّرُ رُوسِينَا اللهِ يَعْبُعُونُ وَاللهِ اللهِ اللهِيَّا اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِي اللهِ ا

to flow out v, آَفَجُّرَ تَفَجُّرُا

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vii انفجرت ~gushed out

to burst out, to الْفَجَرَ الْفِجَارِ الْفِيجِينِ الْفِيجَارِ الْفِيجِينِ الْمِنْ الْمِنْفِينِي الْفِيجِينِ الْمِنْفِينِ الْمِنْفِينِ الْمِنْفِينِ الْمِنْفِينِي الْمِنْفِينِي الْفِيلِي

two youngs (n. dual.) ليَــَانِ (two men)

< men, youths, (n. p.) youngs

(sing.) فق

خِتَانً / men, young, youths(n. p.)

**ن** ج ج \*

path, way, passage (n.)

lit. broad way between mountains

<paths, passages (n. p.)</pre>

ف ج د ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) el رَلْفُجُورُ may sin (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

غَرَ بَفْتُرُ غَرْاً وَ غَوْراً (ن)

(1) to s., to act immorally

(2) to cleave, 「美」 break up, dig up adultery (2)

وَالْتِي يَأْتِينَ الْفَاحِشَةَ مِنْ نِسَلِّمُ

And for those of your women who (may) commit adultery. [4:15]

indecency (n.) الفَحْشَاءُ

<indecencies (p.n.) الْفَوَاحِشُ (sing.)</p>

ف خ ر ید

خُلُّ خُرُّ boasting (v.n.) vi

self-glorification (Jid.)
natural boasting (IK.)

to rival or vie آنفَاخَرَ تَفَاخَرَ with each other in glory or excellence as (iii فَاخَرَ )

غَوُّرٌ (boastful (ints.) خَوُرٌ غَوَّرَ يَفْخُرُ غَوْرًا وَ خَارًا (نَ)

غُرَّ يَفْخُرُ غُرُا وَ غَاراً (ن) to glory, boast

الفَخَّارُ (n.) pottery

فَدَیْنَا .w.v. (perf. 1st. p. plu.) <wo ransomed فِدَاءاً وَ فِدَى وَ فَدَى (ض فَدَى يَفْدِيْ

to reedem, ransom وَقَدَيْنُهُ مِذِبُحِ عَظِيْمِ

And We ransomed him with a mighty victim. [37:107]

dawn (n.) لُفَجُرُ

(act. pic. m. sing.) أجورُّ sinner, evildoer

جُوَرَةً (evildoers (b. p.)

(sing.) وأجر (ungodly people)

<evildoers (b. p.)</p>
(ungodly people)

فَأَجِرٌ (sing.)

wickedness (v.n.) فَوُرُدُّ

ف ج و ★

a spacious part (n.) w.v.

lit. an intervening space, or an intermediate wide space between two things

ف ح ش ★

(act. pic. f. sing.) أَحِشَةُ <ill-deed (1)

غَيْنَ يَفْحُشُ فَقَا (ك)

to be excessive, immoderate, unreasonable, befoul, obscene

literally signifies 'an excess', an enormity, anything exceeding the bounds of the rectitude

وَالْذِيْنَ إِذَا الْمُكُوَّا فَالْحِفَّةُ أَرْظَلُكُوًّا

And those who, when thay have done an ill-deed or wronged. [3:135]

472

see و د ي ii see و ذ ر مِرَاتُ فَرَاتُ <sweet (water) (n.) used as an adjective of water ز آنآ thirst quenching (LL.) acc. or very sweet ن فَر°ثُ excrement, dung faeces (n.) ح (3 p.m. sing.) pp < ∼is cloven to open, separate, cleave, spilt قزمج meta. chastity (v.n.) (private part) lit. opening, gap ور خ private parts (p. n.) (of male or famale) (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~was glad فَرَحَ يَفْرَحُ فَوْحاً (س) to be glad, happy, delighted, rejoice, be cheerful, to exult (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they were glad

أَفَادُوا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii خَادُوا < ye ransom

فَادَى مُفَادَاةً وَ فِدَاءً

to receive or give a ransom. for one to release him

طَانُ يَّأْتُوكُوْ الْسُوٰى تُفَدُّ وْهُمُرُ

And if they come as captives unto you, ye ransom them. [2:85]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing:) viii منتدى ب سورة و perf. 3 p.m. sing:)

to offer or viii افْتِدَاءاً | coffer or viii

فَكَنُ يُقِبُلُ مِنُ آحَدِهِمُ مِّلُ الْاَمْضِ ذَهَبًا وَلِوَافَتَدَاى إِنِهِ

Not an earthful of gold shall be accepted from any such though he were to give it (in alms or) as ransom. [3:91]

(perf.3 p. f.sing.)viii بافتَدَتْ ب ب ransomed (perf.3 p.m. plu.)viii بافتَدَوْ ا ب

they gave as ransom (imperf.3p.m., lu.)viii بفَــَدِيْ - ب

(f. d.) el. viii. بَالْغَنْدُوْا بِ بِهِ (imperf.3p.m.plu.) they may ransom, in order to give as ransom

فِـدًا \* (v.n.iii, w.v.) receiving ransom (or ransom)

نِدْيَةٌ (ransom (n.)

رَبِّ لَاتَنَارُ إِنَّ فَرَدُا

My Lord! leave me not solitary (childless). [21:89]

*ف* ر د س

الْفِرْ دَوْسُ (n.) paradise

ف ر د 🖈

فَوَّتُ

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) (assim)

فَرَّ يَفِرُّ فَرَا وَ فِرَاراً وَ مَفَرَاً (ض) to thee, run away, run off, escape ( - مِنْ )

(perf. Ist, p. sing.) فَرَرْتُ I fled

yc fled (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) وَرَدُمُ

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) (assim) will flee

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (assim) مَقِوْدُونَ ye flee

(perate. m. plu.) يَزْخُوا flee!

فَغِرُّوْ لَالْهَا مِنْهِ

Flee therefore unto Allah.
[51:50]

fleeing v.w. acc. إفرارا

نفرت (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) سورت (will be glad

يَفْرُ حُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَفْرُ حُوْنَ they are glad

they may/will be acc. f.d. يَفْرَ حُوْا

فَلْيَغُرُحُوْا

Then let them be glad (or) let them rejoice. [10:58]

أَمْرُ مُونَ (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) نَفْرَ مُونَ ye are happy

ذَٰلِكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُونَ فَعُرَحُونَ

That is because ye had been exulting. [40:75]

(perate. neg. m. sing.) لاَ تَغْرَتُ exult not

(perate. neg. m. phu.) لآ تَغْرَ مُوا exult ye not

rejoicing one, exultant (n,)
rejoicing ones, exultant p.n.

p.n. (acc.) رَجِيْنَ / الْفَرِحِيْنَ الْفَرِحِيْنَ الْفَرِحِيْنَ

ن رد ★ ،

alone (1) (n.)

وَنُورِينُهُ مَا يَقُولُ وَ يَأْرِينُنَا فَرَدُا

And we shall inherit from him that whereof he spake, and he shall come to us alone. [19:80]

meta. solitary (2) (childless)

EVT

<carpets (p.n.)</pre>

فرمش

فِرَاشُ ( sing. )

ف ر د س بي

رُحَنَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~ordained (1)

فَرَّ صَّلَ يَقْرِ صَنُ فَرْضاً (صَ ) to ordain, enact (a law), estimate, conceive, to apportion, to impose

#### فَكُنَّ فُوضَ فِيقِقَ الْحَجَّ

Wherefore whosoever ordaineth (unto himself) the pilgrimage therein (i.e., during these months) [2:197]

#### imposed (2)

اِنَّ الَّذِي فَرَضَ عَلَيْكَ الْفُرُّ أَن لَرَادُّ لُكَ الْمُعَادِ Verily He who hath imposed the Quran on thee is surely about to bring thee back home. [28:85]

(also see verse 66/2)

#### decreed (3)

No blame there is upon the Prophet in that which Allah hath decreed for him. [33:38]

#### settled (4)

ye settled (perf. 2 p. m. plu.)

running away

الفِرَادُ

place of refuge (n. p. t.) whereto approaches a fleeing one from a danger

ف ر ش ★

(perf. Ist. p. plu.)

<wc have stretched forth

فَرْشَ يَفْرِشُ فَرَشاً وَ فِرَاشاً (ض) to spread out, extend, stretch forth

small cattle (n.) acc. فَرْشُ ا فَرْشُ ا فَرْشُ ا

of فَرْشُ of which flesh is used as food.

## وَمِنَ الْأَنْعَامِ حَمُولَةً وَفَرْشًا

And of the cattle (He hath created) beasts of burden and small (ones) (i.e., and of the cattle He created for work and for the sake of their flesh. (Asd.)

[6:142]

<moths, butterflies (p.n.) لَقَرَاشُ (sing.) فَرَاشُــةً (sing.)

#### يَوْمَرِيَكُونُ النَّاسُ كَالْفَرَايِشِ الْمَدْوُونِ

A Day whereon mankind shall become as moths scattered. [101:4]

وراش افراش معراشاً carpet acc.

lit. a thing that is spread out upon the ground, a thing that is spread for one to sit or lie upon (LL.) (act. pic. f. sing.) فَارِضُ old (cow), large, thick, full-grown

# ف رط ★

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) acc. خُوطُ <- may hasten

فَرَّطَ يَفْرُطُ فَوْطاً (ن) to act hastily and unjustly towards

إنتانخاف أن يَغْرُط عَلَيْنَا

We fear he may hasten against us. [20:45]

فَرَّطْتُ (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) ii فَرَّطْتُ <I have been remiss

short of, فرَّطَ تَفْرِيْطاً it فَرَّطَ مَقْرِيْطاً short of, في neglect, be remiss in, to exceed bounds, be extravagant

الْمُسْرَقْ عَلَى مَافَتَظَتُ فِي جَنْبِ اللهِ Alas! for that I have been

remiss in respect of Allah.

رُوَّطَتُم (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) بو have been remiss

(perf. Ist. p. plu.)
we have been remiss, we neglected

فالوايعة ترتثناعل مافترطناييها

Alas (who belied us) that we neglected it (in our lifetime). [6:31]

# وَقَدُهُ فَرَضْتُوْلَهُنَّ فَرِيْفَهُ

Ye have already settled unto them a settlement.

[2:237]

( perf. Ist. p. plu. ) فَرَصْناً we have ordained.

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)acc. f.d. بعد منوا ye have settled

فَرِ بِمِنَةً (n.) ordinance (1) فَرِيْمُنَا فَيْنَ اللهِ

(This is) an ordinance from Allah. [4:11]

settlement (2)

(see above verse 2:237)

ٱلْغَرِ بْصَنَةُ (3) stipulation برورا مراجع و مراجع برور من المراجع و مراجع المراجع و المراجع و المراجع و المراجع و المراجع و المراجع و المراجع

الْمُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُوْفِيمَا تَرْضَيْدُو لِهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ الْفَرِيضَاءُ وَلَاجُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُوْفِيمَا تَرْضَيْدُ وَلِهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ الْفَرْفِضَاءُ There will be no blame on you in regard to aught on which ye matually agree after the stipulation.

[4:24]

(pic. pact. m. sing.) acc. مَفْرُهُ وْمَناً a settled one or something allotted

طَلِنَا لَهُ مَعِيدُ مِنْ اللهِ الْعَلِيدِ وَالْأَثْرَ ثُعِنَ اللهِ وَالْأَثْرَ ثُعِنَ اللهِ وَالْأَثْرَ ثُعِنَ مِنْ اللهِ وَالْأَثْرَ ثُعِنَا اللهِ وَالْأَثْرَ ثُعِنَا اللهِ وَالْأَثْرَ ثُعِنَا اللهِ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالَّالِهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ واللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالَّالِي وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّوْالِلَّالِي وَاللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَل

And unto females shall be a portion of that which their parents and other near of kin may leave weather it may be small or large a portion allotted. [4:7]

to be free from J—
(other things), to apply
one-self exclusively to

#### فَاذَا فَرَغْتَ فَانْصَبُ

Then when Thou becometh relieved, toil. [94:7]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) لَوْعُ لِهُ لِيَا اللهِ (imperf. Ist p. plu.) we shall direct (ourselves)

# سَنَغُرُخُ لَكُوْ آيُّهُ التَّعَلَى

Anon (i.e., in the Hereafter) we shall direct ourselves to you. O ye two classes. [55:31]

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. void, empty

# واَصْبَعَ فَوْدُ أُمِرْتُوسَى فَدِعًا

And the heart of the mother of Musa became void.

[28:10]

أَفْرغُ

juss. iv

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
< I shall pour

أَفْرَغَ إِفْرَاغًا to pour out

تَالَ الْوُنِيَّ الْمُنْعُ عَلَيْهِ قِطْرًا

He said: bring me I shall pour forth moltey copper. [18:96]

(perate. m. sing.) iv

آلمونح مَلَيْنَاصَبُرًا

Pour forth on us patience.
[2:250]

# مَا تَوْطَنَا فِي الْكِنْبِ مِن يَتَى ا

And we have not been remiss in respect of aught in the Book. [6:38]

exceeding (the (acc. v.n.) bounds)

فوطأ

#### وكانآمرة فوظا

And whose affair is exceeding (the bound). [18:28]

(pis. pic. m. plu.) مَقْرَ طُوْنَ those who are taken in hasting; see above R.F.

#### وَالْهُوْمُفُرُكُونَ

And they will be hastend (thereto). [16:62]

ف رع ★

branch (n.)

زغ

#### رَفَوْعُهَا فِي السِّمَاءِ

And its branch(es) (reaching) unto heaven. [14:24]

ف رغ ★

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) وَرَغْتَ thou becometh relieved

فَرَغَ بَغُرُغُ *ا بَغُرَغُ فُؤُو*ْغاً وَ فَرَاغاً (ن،ف)

to be empty, vacant to finish a thing, cease from, be unoccupied 33

(3p. m. sing.) pip. ∼ is separated out

فيقايفرق كلئ آمريكيني

Therein is separated out every affairs of wisdom (or 'is decreed'). [44:4]

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) ii thou hast caused a division

to frighten, ii فَرَقَ مُعْدِيمًا scatter, disperse, separate into many portions, make division

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii they make division (or they separate)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) f.d. ii that they make distinction

يُونِدُونَ أَنْ يُغَرِقُوابَيْنَ اللهِ وَرُسُلِهِ

They seek to make distinction between Allah and His Messengers. (Pic.)

They would differenciate between Allah and His apostles). (Jid.) (4:150)

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii
we make distinction

we make no الْأَنْفَرَقُ distinction

أرِقُوا (perate. m. plu.) iii إِقُوا part from

فَارَقَ فِرَاقاً وَ مُفَارَقَةً !!!

to part from, separate oneself from, abandon, leave ف رق ★

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) (we separated (!)

فَرَقَ بَفْرَقُ / بَغْرِقُ فَرْقاً وَ فُرْقاَنا

ب و بَيْنَ to separate

between, to divide, distinguish, decide between

وَإِذْ تُوقِعُنَا بِكُوَّالْبَحْرَ

And (recall what time) we separated the sea for you. [2:50]

to distinguish (2)

وَقُوْانُا فَرَقْنَهُ لِتَعْرَأَهُ عَلَى النَّاسِ

And this is Recitation which we have made distinct that thou mayest recite it unto mankind. [17:106]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) <they fear (3)

فَرَقَ بَغْرَقُ فَرَقاً (ف)

to fear, dive (into a wave)

لْكِنَّهُ وَتُومُّ يَكُنُونُونَ

But they are a people who dread. [9:56]

(perate. m. sing.) decide! (4)

فَاقُرُقْ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ الْعَوْمِ الْفَيعِينَ

So decide between us and this transgressing people.

[5:25]

EVV

تَفَرَّقُوا الاَ تَفَرَّقُوا

(perate neg. m. plu.) v do not be divided

آَنُ أَقِيْمُواليَّابِيُّنَ وَلَاتَتَقَرُّوُا فِيهُ Establish the religion and be not divided therein.

[42:13]

ذ تا

رفزق

scattering v.n.

part n.

party, group n. وزقة

party, group(act. 2 pic.) { فَرِيْقُ

(act. 2 pic. m. daul.) two parties or groups

c.

(Ap-der. m. plu.) ۷ مَرِّ وُوْنَ divers (Pic.)

sundry (Jid.) مُنْفُرُّ فُوْنَ

ءَارْبَابُ مُتَعَيِّقُونَ خَيْرًا مِ اللهُ الوَاحِدُ الْعَهَدُ

Are divers (or sundry) lords better or Allah the one, the Almighty? [12:39]

different (Ap-der f. sing.) مُعَفِرُهُمُ اللهِ

وَافْغُلُوا مِنَ الْوَابِ مُتَعَرِّقَةٍ

And enter by different gates. [12:67]

criterion (of right or n. الْفُرُعَالَ wrong)

أَوْ فَارِقُومُ فَنَّ بِسَعْرُونِ

Or part from them reputably. [65:2]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مُقَوِّقَ > became scattered > deviated

to become أَفَرُقُ فَوْرًا separated, scattered

وَلَاتَتَهِمُوا السُّبُلَ مَنْفَرَّنَ بِكُوْ

And follow not other ways that will deviate you from His way. (Jid.) Lest ye be parted from His way. (Pic.) [6:153]

وَمَا مَعَرُّوْلِلَوْنِيَ أُوتُواالْكِيْنَ إِلَّامِرُلُوسِيمَا لِمَا تُتَمَثِّمُ إِلْكِنَهُ

And those who are vouchsafed the book divided (among themselves) not save after there had come unto them the evidence. [98:4]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) عَفَرَّ قُوْا اللهِ they separated themselves
(perate. neg. m. plu.) الاَ نَفَرَّ قُوا اللهُ do not be separated (from each other)

f. d. v آيَتَفُرَّ قَا (imperf. 3 p.m. dual.) the twain separate each other

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v يَتَفَرُّ قُولَنَ they wil be separated

16.3

افتری افتراهٔ to forge or

fabricate (a lie against SS) عَلَىٰ (ض) مَغْرِىٰ فَرْياً to cut, split, cleave, slander

the weak letter ن is changed to الفت when the verb is joined to the following pronominal, thus اقترى becomes

آمُرُوُوُرُنَ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللّٰهِ كَذِياً Do they say, he hath fabricated a lie concerning God. [42:24]

آمريغولؤن افترابة

Do they say! he hath fabricated it? [10:38]

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) viil فتريث

(perf. Ist p. plu.) افْتَرَيْناً we have fabricated (a lie)

أَفْتَرِىٰ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) vill ~fabricateth

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) el. لَفَتْرَى in order to fabricate (against)

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) مُعْرُونُ they fabricate (a lie against)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) نَفْرُونَ ye fabricate

that ye in order to el. يَفْتَرُوْا fabricate lit. Anything that makes a separation or distinction between truth and falsity. It also means 'proof, evidence, or demonstration' (LL). It applies on the Holy Quran as well as the Divine Book revealed to the Prophet Musa (see 2:53, 158; 3:4, 41 and 21:48)

distinction n. acc.

distinction N. acc.

O ye who believe! if ye fear Allah He will make for you a distinction. [8:29].

ف ر ه 🖈

أرمين (act. pic. m. plu.) acc. <exultantly, skilfully

فَارِهُ أَنْ أَمْرُهُ فَرَعاً (س) (sing.) brisk, skilful (حجة فَرَعاً (س)

to exult above measure, to be brisk, to do SS skilfully

وَتَنْجِئُونَ مِنَ الْجِمَالِ أَيُومًا فرهِيْنَ

And hew ye out houses in the mountains skilfully.

[26:149]

مَالُ has occured as عَالِمِيْنَ ] not as adjective for ((IML))

س ر ی ★

<(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii
~fabricated (a lie)</pre>

افترى

EVA

assim

ف ز ز ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc.

maketh unsettled

> اسْتَفَرَّ اسْيَغْزَازاً ×

to exite, make active, deceive, unsettled (fear)

>> فَرَّ بَثُولُ فَرًا (ن)

to flow as blood from a wound, to remove, expel

فَأَرَادَانَ يَسْتَوْثُوكُمُ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ

Then he besought to unsettle them from the land.

[17:103]

(imperf. 3 p. plu.) x they unsettle thee

وَإِنْ كَادُوْ الْمِسْتَفِنَّوْنُونَكَ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ

And verily they will-nigh unsettle thee. [17:76]

incite! (perate. m. sing.)x اسْتَغْزِزْ

وَاسْتَفْزِزْمَنِ اسْتَطَعْتَ مِنْهُمْ

And incite whom thou can of them. [17:64]

ف زع ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

فَزِعَ يَفْزَعُ فَزَعاً (س)

to be frightend, afraid, terrified (you) fabricate not!

لأ تَفْتَرُوا

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.)  $\Im$  they (f.) fabricate

وَلَايَأْدِينَ إِبُعْتَانٍ يَعْتَرِينَهُ

They (f.) should not produce a falsehood that they have fabricated. [60:12]

(3 p. m. sing.) pip. يَقْرَى fabricated one

مَا كَانَ حَدِيثَا يُفْتَرَى

It is not a discourse fabricated. [12:111]

(Ap-der. m. sing)
one who fabricates lies

مُثَدِّدُ ا

(pis. pic. m. sing.) مُفْتَر يُ fabricated one

> (ap-der. m. plu.) مُفْتَرُونَ who fahri-

<those who fabricate lies

< مُفْتِر (.sing)

acc. نَعْزَيْنَ

(pis. pic. f. plu.) مُغَمَّرَ مَاتُ fabricated ones

< مُفتَرَاةً (sing.) مُفتَرَاةً <

(act. 2 pic.) acc. a thing unprecedented or

a thing unprecedented or unheard of

تَالْوُالِمَرْيَكُمْ لَقَدُ حِثْتِ شَيْتًا فَرِيًّا

they said: O Maryam thou hast brought a thing unheard of. [19:27] (perate m. plu.) افْسَتُحُوا make room!

make room!

ف س د ★

فَسَدَتْ (perf. 3 p.f. sing.) < ~ were corrupted فَسَدَ يَفْسُدُ | يَفْسِدُ وَ فَسُدَ يَفْسُدُ

فَسَاداً (ن، ض، ك)

to bocome corrupted, invalid decomposed, bad, vicious, wrong

(perf. 3 p.f. dual.) أَسَدَنَا the twain were corrupted

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَفَـدُوا <they corrupted

أفسد إفسادا

to corrupt, decompose

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv will act corruptly.

that he may do el. iv لِنُعْسِدَ

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُفْسِدُونَ they will act corruptly or they will corrupt

لِيُفْسِدُوا that they may eliv

أَفْسِدُوا f.d. iv

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) that ye make corruption رُوعُوا (perf. 3 p. f. plu.) اَزِعُوا they are terrified

وَلَوْتَزَى إِذُ فَيزِعُوا فَلَا فَوْتَ

And couldst thou see the time when they shall be terrified! Then there shall be no escaping. [34:51]

(3p.m.sing.)pp.ii

< fright is taken off ....

فَرَّعَ تَفْرِيعاً !!

عَنْ , to take off the fright

خَزَعٌ - عَنْ to be free from fear

حَتَى إِذَافَيْعَ عَنُ تُلْوَيْهِمْ قَالُوا مَا ذَا قَالَ رَجَهُمُ

Until when fright is taken off from their hearts, they said: what is that your Lord hath said? [34:23]

terror (v.n.)

the great terror ( الْفَرَّعُ ( الْآَكُبُّرُ ) (at the time of the Resurrection)

ف س ت ★

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)
< ~ makes room

نَسَعَ بَفْسَحُ نَسْماً (ف)

to make room or place (in seating capacity) (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) المُسَقُونا they transgress

أَغْسُقُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) المُعْسُقُونَ they transgress

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ونفسقون ye transgress

abomination (Jid.) (v.n) فِنْقُ transgression (LL)

(act. pic. m. sing) acc. أَمْسِقُ مُ أَمَّسِقًا لَمُ اللَّهِ اللَّ

مَاسِقُوْنَ / مَاسِقِيْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) transgressors acc. الْفَاسِقُوْنَ / الْفَاسِقِيْنَ

wickedness (v.n.) فموق (sing.)

# ف ش ل 🖈

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) you became weak-hearted (or) lose heart, (you flagged—Jid.)

> قَشِلَ بَغْفَلُ فَشُلاً (س)

to become weak-hearted, coward, flag i.e., to grow spiritless or languid, become tired, to fail, to lose heart

حَثَّى إِذَا فَيْلَتُهُ وَتَنَازَعَنُو فِي الْأَمْرِ

Until you became weak-hearted and disputed about the command (*Pic.*) (until you lost heart. (*Asd.*) [3:152] (perate neg. m. plu.) الاً تُفْسِدُوا act not corruptly

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) epl. كَتُعْسِدُنَّ ye will surely cause corruption

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) el. بنفسة we in order to do corruption

الْفَسَادُ / فَسَادٌ / فَسَادٌ / فَسَادًا corruption

(Ap-der. m. sing.) الْفُنْدُةُ foul-dealer, corruption maker, one who makes mischief

الْمُفْيِدُوْنَ / الْمُفْيِدِيْنَ the foul-dealers

مُفْسِدُوْنَ | مُفْسِدِيْنَ foul-dealers

ف س د ★

(v.n) ii acc. Trimin

interpretation

to explain, ii أَشَرَ تَفْسِيْرُا interpret, discover

ف س ق ★

لَسَقَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) trespassed فَسَقَ عَفْسِقُ | عَفْسِقُ فُسُو قَاً

ر فِيْمَةً (ض ، ن) to trespass

(the command), transgress, to break the bounds of law, violate, to pass beyond or over (limits), exceed فكتنافقتل طاأؤت بإلجئنود

Then when Talut set out with his army. (Pic.)

[2:249]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) أَهُمَلُتُ departed

وَلَنَّا فَصَلَتِ الْعِيْدُ

And when caravan departed. [12:94]

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُعِيلُه will decide ~decides

تغفرالقفة يغصل بينكة

On the day of Resurrection, He will decide between you. [60:3]

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُعَلِّلُ صُطْوِعِينَا مُعَلِّلُ صُطْوِعِينَا

to divide مُعَلَّلُ تَعْمِيلُا into parts, to expatiate in to detail, make a statement or speach clear, distinct

وَكَدُ فَصَّلَ لَكُوْمًا خَرْمَ عَلَيْكُوْ

And He hath detailed unto you that which he hath forbidden you. [6:119]

(perf. Ist p., plu.) ii نَصَلُناً we have detailed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) il مُفَعِّلُ detailes

(imperf. Ist. plu.) it هُمُعُلُّ we detail (or) we make clear acc. f.d.

فشلآ

(imperf. 3 p. f. dual.) they (two groups) may lose heart

إذ مَنَّت ظَلَّهِ مَنْ مِنْكُوان تَفْشَلًا

(Recall) when two parties from amongst you were about to lose heart. (Asd.) [3:122]

> acc. f.d. (imperf. 2 p. plu.)

ye lose heart

وَلَا تَنَازَعُوا لَمُنْشَلُوا

And dispute not lest you lose heart. (fail to gain your target). [8:46]

ف ص ح \*

(elative)

«more eloquent than
 (اله) 
 أَشُمَ يَنْفُحُ فَمَاحَةً (ك)
 to be eloquent

وَالْفِي هُرُونُ هُوَافَعَتُ مِنْ لِسَانًا

And my brother Haroon, he is more eloquent in speech than I. [28:34]

ف ص ل 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) آسل

<∼set out

فَمَلَ يَفْصِلُ فَصْلاً (ض)

to separate, part, depart, decide, set out (pis, pic. m. sing.) acc. detailed (ones)

(pis. pic. f. plu.) مُفَصَّلاًتُ distinct, fully detailed

مَفْصِيلاً detailing (v.n. ii)

#### ف ص م 🖈

« break, crack v.n. vii انفصام انفصام انفصام انفصام 
 « break (intrans.) انفصم انفصام 
 « without being separated, 
 be much cracked

فقياستنسك بالعرفة الوثف الاانفصاملها

He hath grasped a firm handhold which hath no crack (in it) (n.d.) [2:256]

# ف ض ح ★

ye disgrace

تَفْضَحُوْنَ

فَضَحَ يَمْضُمُ فَضُمَّا (ف)

to get disgraced, to make public one's fault

pronominal في shortened to

'do not affront me' or 'disgrace me not'

(assim.)

ف ض ض ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vii انْغَضُوْا <a href="they-flocked">(1) إلى (1) 484</a>

(3 p. f. sing.) ii pp.

كِينْكِ مُصِلَتُ النَّهُ

A Book whereof the verses are detailed. [41:3]

distinguishing.(1) (n.) ひ

إِنَّهُ لَقُولُ نَصُلُ

Verily it is a discource distinguishing. [86:13]

decisive (2)

وَاتِيننهُ الْحِكْمَةَ وَفَعْلَ الْخِطَابِ

And we vouchsafed him wisdom and decisive speech. [38:20]

the decisive word

judgement (3)

هٰذَا يَوْمُ الْفَصْلِ الَّذِي كُنْتُورِيهُ تَكَذِّبُونَ

This the Day of Judgement (i.e., the Day of deciding between what is true and what is false). which ye were wont to belie. [37:21]

(act. pic. m. plu.) لَفَا صِلِيْنَ deciders

وَهُوَخَيُرُ الْفُصِلِينَ

And He is the Best of Deciders. [6:57]

weaning (v.n.) iii

kin, (act. 2 pic. f. sing.)

£A£

وَلَاتَتَمَنُّوْامَا فَضَلَ اللهُ بِهِ بَعَضَكُمْ عَلَيْتُمْفِي -And long not for that where

with Allah hath preferred one of you above another. [4:32]

[4:32] "-------

ٱلِيِّجَالُ تَوْمُونَ عَلَى الِنَسَالَ مِنَافَضَلَ اللهُ بَعْضُهُمْ عَلَ بَعْضٍ

Men are incharge of women, because Allah hath made one of them to excel the other. [4:34]

(perf. Ist p. sing.) ii المَقَلَّةُ I preferred above (perf. Ist p. plu.) ii

(perf. Ist p. plu.) ii we preferred (or) made SS excel

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) ii هُمُّنَاً we prefer

they have been given preference (or who are made superior)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v. مُعَمَّنُونُ makes himself superior

مَاهُنُهُ الْاَئِكُمُ مِثْلُكُمُ كُونِينُهُ آنَ يَتَعَضَّلَ عَلَيْكُو

This is no other than a human being like you, he seeketh to make himself superior to you. [23:24]

grace, (v.n. r. f.) منال «abundance.

أَضَلَ بَفْضُلُ الْ فَعَيْلَ يَفْضَلُ فَضَلَا (ن ، س) to remain over SS,

- عَلَىٰ exceed, to excel

to be vii الفَضَلَّ الفِضَاصَاً broken, separated, dispersed

disperse نن –

to flock, run to, الله - break away

>> فَضَّ يَفِينُ فَضًّا (ض)

to break, to break into several pieces

وَإِذَا رَاوَاتِ جَارَةً آوْلَهُ وَالْفَضْ وَالِينَهُ

And when they beheld merchandise or sport, they flocked thereto. [62:11]

(2) مِنْ they dispersed

وَلَوْكُنْتَ فَكَا غِلِيْظَ الْقَلْبِ لَا انْفَضُّوا مِنْ حَوْلِكَ

And had thou been rough, hardhearted they would have dispersed from around thee. [3:159]

(imperf.3p.m.plu.)vii f.d. المُعْنُونُا they dispersed

\* \* \* \*

لْفِعَنَّةُ / فِطَّةً

ف مض ل ★

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) ii

<∞preferred

~caused to excel

to prefer, كَفَيْنِلاً

to cause to excel, grant favours to one person in preference to another

نَهُفَظُّ نَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) v < ∼get rent

تَفَطَّرَ تَفَطَّر أ vo be spilt, v cracked, to be broken into pieces

Well-nigh the heavens are [19:90] rent thereat.

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vii <~cleft

انفطر أنفطاراً to be broken, cleft

constitution (n.)

The natural constitution with which a child is created in his mother's womb. The faculty of knowing God. with which He has created mankind-whereby he is capable of accepting the religion of truth.

## فطرت للهاأتن قطر الناس عكثها

(And follow thou) the constitution of Allah according to which He hath constituted mankind. [30:30]

According to some commentalso means religion (Jalalain).

(act. pic. m. sing.) Creator (the Almighty)

crack (n.)

Beholdest Thou any crack? [67.3]

دُو مَضْلِ gracious فَضْلُ اللهِ grace of Allah فَعَنْلُ مِنَ اللهِ grace from Allah

preferment v.n. ii acc.

(w.v.)

(perf. 3-p.m. sing.) iv

< ~ reached at

to reach at, go into, to reveal a sccret

#### أنضى يتشكذال يتض

(When) one of you hath gone in unto the other. [4:21] meta. you have gone in unto another as a husband to his wife

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<~created فَطَرَ مُعْلَمُ فَعْلَمُ أَ(ن)

to cleave, split, create out of nothing

to break, crack

فَعَلَرَ فَعَلَدُ إ

Verily I have set my countenance towards Him who hath created the heavens [6:79] and the carth.

(imperf. 3 p. does (or) will do.	m. sing.)	يَفْعَلُ
(2 p.m. sin	ng.) juss.	تَفْعَل
لَمْ تَفْعَلُ	إذ	
If thou didst not.	[5:6]	7]
(imperf. 3 p	m. plu.)	يَفْعَلُوْنَ
that they my do	f.d. acc.	ليفعكوا
91	ye do	تفكوا
that ye my do	.d. acc.	لِتَفْعَلُوا
ye didst n	ot ( juss.)	لَمُ تَفْعَلُوْا
(imperf. 1st. we do	p. plu.)	نَفْعَلُ
(perate. n (thou) do!	ı. sing.)	أفمل
(perate. m (ye) do!	. plu.)	أفعلؤا
∼is done (3 p.m.	sing.)pp.	فُمِلَ
(3 p. m. sing ∼will be done	g,) pip.	بغنل
( act. pic. m	. sing.)	فاعل
doers (act. pic. m	ı. plu)	ِ مَاعِلُونَ
doers	acc.	فَاعِلَيْنَ
the doer (with full mig		فَمَّالٌ
act.pic.m.sing.) وُّلُّ lone, fulfilled	acc.	مَفْعُوْلاً
		,

(Ap-der. m. sing.) split (one) (assim.) < rough (v.n.) فَظَّ نَفَظُّ فَظَاظَةً وَ فَظَظاً وَ فَظَاظًا (ف ) to be rough, rude, tempered وَلَهُ كُنْتَ فَظُما غَلِيظَ الْقَلْبِ لَا انْفَضُّوا مِنْ حَولكَ If thou hadst been rough hardhearted they would have dispersed from around thee. [3:159] (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) <~did فَعَلَ يَفْعَلُ فِعْلاً وَ فَعْلاً (ف) to do, to act, to perform some activity, to have an influence or effect

\_ ب، فئ effect (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou didst (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they did (perf. 3 p. f. plu.) they (f.) did (perf. 2 p. plu.) ye did we did (perf. 1st p. plu.)

of the back (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) فير النَّفَيْرُ

poor (1) acc.

عَلَمُونَ اللهُ مُونِدُرُو مَا اللهُ مُونِدُرُو مَا اللهُ مُونِدُرُو مَا اللهُ مَا اللهُ مِنْ اللهُ اللهُ الله

They said, verily Allah is poor and we are rich.
[3:181]

needy (2)

مَبِّ إِنَّ لِمَا اَنْزُلُتَ إِلَى مِنْ خَيْرِ فَقِيدُرُ

My Lord! verily of the good which thou mayest send down for me I am needy. [28:24]

(sing) فَقَيْرُهُ (sing) فَقَيْرُهُ

ف قع 🖈

(act. pic. m. sing.) خانع <deepest (colour)

فَهَعَ بَنْفَعُ / يَفْقُعُ فَنَمْاً وَ فَتُوعاً (ف. ن)

to be of a

bright yellow colour

segnifies both intensely yellow and intensely red. It is also applied to signify any colour free from admixture.

doing v.n.

ينتل

deed (n.)

وَنَعَلُتَ فَعَلَتَكَ الَّتِي فَعَلَّتَ

And thou didst that thy deed which thou didst. (Pic.) [26:19]

\* \* \* \*

(Com. a particle + conjunction)

فَ قَدْ surely, verily

ف ت د ★

تَفْقِدُوْنَ (imperf 3 p.m. sing.) < ye miss

فَشَدَ يَفْقِدُ فَقْداً وَ فُقْداناً (ض) to lose, be deprived, miss

(in:perf. 1st p. plu.) نفيدُ we miss

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) v <a href="mailto:sought after">sought after</a>

to seek the lost v مُقَدِّدُ عَنْدَدُا or missing object

ف قر 🖈

<destitution, poverty (v.n.)</p>
فَقُرُ يَفْقُرُ فَقَارَةً وَ فَقْراً (ك)
to become poor, needy

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v ye consider, ponder (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) v. think over, reflect!

تُلُ إِنَّمَا آعِظُكُمُ مِوَاحِدَةٍ وَأَن تَغُومُوالِلهِ مَثْنَى وَفُوَاذِي ثُمَّ تَعَفَّرُوْا

Say (unto them, O Mohammad) I exhort you unto one thing only, that ye awake, for Allah's sake by twos and singly and then reflect. (Pic). [34:46]

not | . In this verse the word has accorded as 2 p. masc. of imperfect tense is an accusative case, joining (with of conjunction) i.e., that you awake them to think over or reflect. (Iml. p. 198).

(assim.) 🛊 🕹 🕹

<freeing (v.n.)

(ن) أَمُكُ نَكُ أَنَكُ أَنَكُ أَو فِكَاكًا (ن) to separate, untie, loosen, (a knot etc.,) to free (a prisoner or slave)

ف ق ، ★

يَفْقَبُونَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَفْقَبُونَ they understand

> فَنِهُ بَفْقَهُ فَقَهُ (س)

to understand

بِفَقَهُوا . (f.d.) acc)

they may understand

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) مُقْبُونُ ye understand

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) we understand

(imperf.3 p.m. plu.)f.d. el. v. they may gain understanding

to learn, v, to gain understanding

ف ك ر ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~considered

to thing of ii مُكَدُّ مُعَكِيرًا reflection, consider, to ponder

(imperf. 3. pm. plu.) يُرُونَ they reflect on

as R. F. أَمُكُّرُ تَفَكَّرُ ا

مَلَكُ

بَعَفَكُرُّ وَا juss. ا

أَوَ لَمْ يَنْفَكَّرُوْا

Have they not pondered [30:8]

أَكِيْنَ: مُلْتَذَبِّنَ بِالسَّحْرِيَةِ

(on the measure of فَرِحِيْنَ

living happily [

أَكِيْنَ

enjoying acc. {

fruit (n.)

أَكِيْنَ

fruit (n.)
أَكِيْنَ

(perf. 3 p.m. sing) iv اَفْلُتَ الْفُلُتَ

افلح إفلاحا to prosper, be successful succeed, be blissful

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv prosperes

إِنَّهُ لَايْفُلِ مُ الظُّلِمُونَ

Lit. Verily the wrong-doer will not be prospered (or will not prosper.)

Cor. Verily the wrong-doer shall not fare well. (Jid.)

Will not be successful. (Pic.)
[6:21]

(imperf. 3 p. m.plu.) يُعْلِحُونَ they will succeed

لاً يُفلِحُونَ succeed

(It is) freeing the neck. فَكُورَهَا اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِيَّ اللهِ ا

(Ap-der. m. plu.) vii <br/>
<br/>
breakers off<br/>
to be lossend, vii لَنْفُكُ اَنْفِكًا كَا

ف ك . \*

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
< ye wonder

untied, to be ceased

to wonder or v المُنْكَةُ مَنْكُمُا exclaim

لَوْ نَشَا أُو لَجَعَلْنَهُ خُطَامًا فَظَلَتُمْ تَقَلُّهُونَ

If We willed surely We would make it chaff, so that ye would be left wondering (Jid.) (or) ye would cease not to exclaim. (Pic.) [56:65]

According to Raghib the verb originated from فَاكِمُ which fruit' and مُعَامُونُ which mean chatting, thus مَعَامُونُ الفَكَامُ means مَعَامُونُ الفَكَامَة ye pursuit chatting i.e., killing time uselessly in carelessness. وَعَامُونُ is in the sense of مَعَجُونُ wondering (Zr).

<jesting (n. p.) acc.
(sing.) ijester</pre>

فكبين

ف ل ك \*

ships, ark, a ship (n.)

The word is used for singular and plural both (Rgh.).

the orbit of a celestial (n.) فَلَكُ

كُلُّ فِي فَلَكِ يَسْبَحُونَ

Each in an orb floating.

[21:33]

ف ل ن ★

such a one, acc. לֹצׁנֹ / פֹצִי

substitutind for an unnamed or unspecified person or thing

اف ن د ★

أَفُنَّدُونِ imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii)

(+ نِ of pronominal) ye call me dotard

to call someone منتقد تفنيندا

Though ye call me مُؤَلِّدُ أَنَّ تُعَيِّدُونِ dotard. [12:94]

ف ن ن ★

أَفْنَانُ

<br/>branches (n. p.)

(sing.)

(i.e., planted with shady trees)

أَمْلِحُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَعْلِحُونَ ye prosper, ye are successful

ye may be مَثَلَكُمُ تُفْلِيْعُونَ successful

Cor. ye may fare well (Jid.), that happily ye may thrive

ye will never acc. اَنَ تَعْلِحُوا be successful

Cor. ye will never fare well (Jid.)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) فَلِحُونَ blissful ones, successful ones

ف ل ق ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii اَهْلُقَىٰ -become separated

< cleaving (n.)

فَلَقَ بَغْلِقُ فَلْقا (ض)

to cleave, spilt, break meta. dawn, daybreak

قُلُ آعُودُ بِرَبِ الْفَكِي

Say thou, I seek refuge with the Lord of the Day-break. [113:1]

cleaver (act.pic.m.sing.)

إِنَّ اللَّهَ فَالِئُ الْحَتِّ وَالنَّوٰى

Verily Allah is the Cleaver of the seed-grain and the date-stone. [6:95]

# فَاتَ بَهُوْتُ فَوْتًا (ن)

to pass, escape one (at the time of doing anything), to lose

لِكَيْلَا تَحْزَنُواعَلْمَا فَاعْكُو

That you sorrow not for that which ye missed. [3:153]

#### عَلْمَافَاعَكُمْ

(or that hath escaped you)
[57:23]

وَإِنْ فَاتَكُونَهُمُ فِينَ الْدَاجِكُوٰإِلَى الْحُكْلَا

(Cor.) And if any of your wives have gone from you unto the disbelievers.

[60:11]

escaping (v.n.)

disparity, oversight v.n. vi. نفاوت

ف و ج 🖈

lit. host, group (1) (n.)

هٰ ذَا فَوْجِ مُقْتَحِمُ مُعَكِّو

This is a crowd rushing in alongwith you. [38:59] company, host (2)

كُلِّمَا أُلْقِيَ فِيهَا فَرَجُ

Whenever a (fresh) company (or host) is flung therein. [67:8]

troop (3)

تومرن مُشرون كل أمّة وفرجا

The Day whereon We shall gather from every community a troop. [27:83] (w. v.)

ف ن ی ★

(act. pic. m. sing.)

فَيَّ اللَّهِ يَغْنَىٰ فَنَامًا (ف،س)

to perish, cease to exist, waste away

(the act. pic. is عَلَقَ of which is dropped, like عَلَقَ for عَلَقَ )

كُلُّ مِّنُ عَلَيْهَا فَأَنِ

Everyone that is thereon will pass away.

[55:26]

ف م م 🖈

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii we made~understand

to make understand

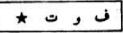
>> فَهِمَ يَفْهُمُ فَهُمَّأً وَ فَهَامَةً (س)

to understand, comprehend

فغقتنها شكيتن

So We made Sulaiman to understand it. [21:79]

(w. v.)



(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

أفؤذ

فَازَ يَفُوزُ فَوْزا (ن)

to succeed, gain victory, (1)
achieve a goal

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) acc. I may achieve (my goal)

الْفَوْدُ / فَوْدُ / فَوْدُ الْفَوْدُ الْفُودُ الْفَوْدُ الْفَوْدُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِي وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِي وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِي وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِي وَالْ

achievement, gain

(act. pic. m. plu.) الْفَاتُرُوْنَ successful ones triumphant (Plc.) achievers (Jid.)

place of safety, n.p.t. a place of refuge

meta. security

is a noun. مَفَازَةً

Pattern for place or time, originated from it to 'succeed' opp. 'to parish'; thus in place of succeeding. It signifies also desert, wherein no person is afraid for (Rgh.)

فَلَاتَ مُنْكُمْمُ مِنْفَازُقُونَ الْعَذَابِ

Bethink not thou that they shall be in security from the torment. [3:188]

w. v.

ف و ض ★

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) ii أُوَّوِّ صَنِّى I confide

to submit فَوَّضَ تَقُويْهِا <br/>to give full power to, to confide to

(n. p.) acc. | أَفُواَجُّ / أَفُواَجُّ / أَفُواَجُّ / أَفُواَجُّ / أَفُواَجُّ / أَفُواَجُّ / أَفُواَجُ

ف و د ★ (۳. س)

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
< boiled up

( نَ فَوْرُ فَوْراً وَ فَوَرَاناً (ن)

to boil, boil over (pot), to
gush forth

حَتِّى إِذَا جَاءً أَمْرُنَا وَفَارُ التَّنُورُ

Until when Our decree came and the oven boilied over. [11:40]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) وُوُرُ منافق boiles up

<rush, haste (n.)</p>
the same root to gush forth
meta. to run or do in haste

وَيَانُوكُونِنُ فَوُرِيمُ

They shall come unto you in this rush of theirs.

[3:125]

means أَوَّا مِنْ فَوْدِهِمْ )
they came in a headlong manner—LL.).

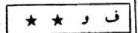
ف و ذ ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) آزً < ~ won, succeeded

أفاق

فاساق

:16



< his mouth (com.) acc.</p>
gen. <a href="tip://incom.">iii</a>
nom. <a href="tip://incom."</a>

acc. أَوْ like يُكُمُّ and أَنْتُ ، أَوْ اللهِ

كَبَايِسِطِ كَفَيْنِ إِلَى الْمَالَةِ رِلِيَنَكُغَ فَأَهُ

Like one stretching out his palms to water that it may reach his mouth [13:14]

أَفُواً \$\display mouths (n. p.) فَوْهُ \$\display (sing.)

also فُوهُ and فَوْهُ signifiy mouth

وَتَغُولُونَ بِأَفُواهِ كُمُومًا لَيْسَ لَكُوْبٍ عِلْمٌ

And ye say with your mouths of which ye had no knowledge. [24:15]

\* \* \* \*

ن

(a preposition) in (place) (1)

points to cause or space and time

( السَّبَيِّئُةُ وَ الظَّرْفِئَةُ )

وَإِمَّا الَّذِينَ سُعِدُوا فَغِي الْجَنَّاةِ

And as for those who will be glad (that day) they will be in the Garden. [11:108]

## أُنْوِضُ آمْرِئَى إِلَى اللَّهِ

I confide my affairs unto Allah. [40:44]

(w. v.)

ف و ق ★

< ~ recovered iv,

to recover أَفَاقَ إِفَاقَةُ (from illness or unconsciousness)

deferment (n.)

lit. a delay; properly the space of time between the opening and the closing of the hand in milking

وَمَا يُنْظُوُهُ وَلَا مَلِيَحَةٌ وَاحِدَةً مَا لِمُعَالِمِنْ فَوَانِ

And these wait but for one shout whereform there will be no deferment. [38:15]

over, above (a noun used فَرْقَ as a particle)

over you مَوْقَكُم. (for details see LL.)

> مِنْ فَوْقِ الْأَرْضِ above (or from the sur

From above (or from the surface of) the earth. [14:26]

ف وم ★

garlic (n.) وُوُمُّ (it has no verbal root)

#### with (7)

#### وَالْعِيْرَالِينَيْ آَفْهُ لَمَا فِيهَا

And the caravan with which we travelled. [[2:82]

by the side of (8)

وماالحيوة الثنياف الاخرة الامتاع

Whereas the life of the world, by the side of the Hereafter, is only a (passing) enjoyment. [13:26]

concerning (9)

# قُلِ اللَّهُ يُغْنِينَكُونِي الْكَلْلَةِ

Allah hath pronounced for you concerning distant kindred (Pic.) [4:176]

(w.&h.v.)

ف ی ۶ \*

ئىقى م

أمآة

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) خَاسَتُ <returned

فَا يَغِيْ فَيْمَا (من)

to return, change its place, shift (shadow)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ithey returned

(imperf. 3 p.f. sing.)

∼returns

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < ~gave (as spoils of war)

أَفَادَ إِفَادَةً >> فَيْقَ

spoil of war, to give علا out of the spoils

In (time) (2)

أَنُ مِنْ اللَّهِ [32:4] In six days.

about (3)

آلي اللهوشَاتُ

Is there doubt about Allah?
[14:10]

among (4)

قَالَ ادْخُلُوا فِيَّ اُمَهُوقَدُ خَلَتْ مِنْ تَبْلِكُمُ مِّنَ الْجِنِّ وَالْإِنْسِ فِي النَّادِ

(Allah) said: enter the Fire among the communities of ginn and mankind who have passed away before you. [7:38]

into (4)

وَنَفَخُتُ فِيهُ ومِنُ زُوْجِي

And I breathed into him of My spirit. [15:29]

on account of (5)

مُتَلُوكُمُ فِي الدِّيْنِ

They fought against you on account of the religion.

respecting (6) [60:9]

وَلِنَ الَّذِينَ اغْتَ لَكُوا فِي الْكِتْبِ

كغِيْشِقَاتِي بَعِيْدٍ

And verily those who differ respecting the Book are surely in cleavage wide.

[2:176]

وَلَوْلَا فَضَلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُ وُرَّحُمَّتُهُ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْاحِرَةِ لَسَتَكُونِيْ مَّأَ افْضُ تُعُرُفِيهِ

Had it not been for the grace of Allah and His mercy unto you in the world and the Hereafter, an awful doom had overtaken you for that whereof ye murmured (Pic.) (or) ye have rushed. (Jid.) [24:14] (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv ye are engaged

When ye are engaged therein. [10:61]

(perate. m. plu.) iv hasten, hurry (1)

ثُمَّةَ المُفْتُدُامِنُ عَنْكُ الْمُأْسُ

Then hurry (or hasten) from the place whence the other people hurried. [2:199]

pour out (2)

أفيضناعكينا من المآه

Pour on us some water.

[7:50]

the elephant (n.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v turns himself

يَتَفَتَّوُ إِظِلْلُهُ عَنِ الْمَدِينِ وَالشَّمَالِيلِ

Shadows thereof turn themselves on the right and on the left. [16:48]

(w.v.)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) <~overfloweth نِفَيْضُ فَيْضاً وَ فَيَضَاناً (ض)

to abound, flow freely, overflow

تَرَى أَعْيُنَهُمُ تَغِيضُ مِنَ النَّامِعِ

Thou behold their eyes overflow with tears. [5:83]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv < ~hurried

to pour water (1) أفأض إفامنة to hasten (2)

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv ye hurried (1) (to rush thoughtlessly or murmuring)

فَاذَا الْفَضَّةُ مِن عَرفيت فَاذُكُو واللَّهَ

Then when ye hurry from Arafat remember Allah.

[2:198]

# كتاب القاف

(ف) قَبْحَ مِنْجَهُ عَبْحًا to render ugly, to remove or reject as worthless



(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv <made to be buried to iv, اَنْبَرَ إِنْبَاراً cause to be buried, assign a grave to tomb, grave (n)

> > ق ب س ★

viii ( juss) تېس (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) < we may borrow (light) (a letter of the Arabic alphabet)
name of Surah (Chapter 50)

قِ ( فِيناً ، قِيمٍ ، ) قُوْاهِ و ق ى length. distance (n) قَابَ و ب

( proper n.) قَارُونَ Korah of the Bible (Jid.)

A possessor of extraordinary wealth; as is mentioned in in the H.Q. Korah (28:76) was a very rich man proud of his wealth that was sunk by the Almighty God.

ق ب ح ★

(pic. pac. m. plu.) acc. الْمُعْبُوْحِيْنَ hateful ones, loathsome ones

﴿ فَهُمُّ أَهُمُّ أَهُمًّا وَ فَهُمًّا وَ فَهَاحَةً (ن)
 to be ugly, vile

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَغْبِضُونَ they tighten (4)

#### وَيَقِيْضُونَ أَيْدِيَهُمْ

They tighten their hands (i.e., hypocrites who abstain from spending in the cause of the religion.) [9:67]

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) they withdraw (5)

آوَلَوْيَرُوالِلَى الطَّايِرِفُوفَهُمْ صَّنَٰتٍ وَكَيْمُ ضُنَّ وَكَيْمُ ضَنَّ وَكَيْمُ ضُنَّ وَكَيْمُ ضَنَّ وَكَيْمُ ضَنَّ وَكَيْمُ ضَنَّ وَكَيْمُ ضَنَّ وَكَيْمُ ضَنَّ وَكَيْمُ ضَنَّ وَكَيْمُ فَكَا لَهُ Behold they not the birds above them, outstretching (their wings) and they

(also) (them) withdraw. [67:19]

drawing (v.n.) acc.

قبضآ

a handful (n) acc.

ق ب ل ☀

خَبِلَ بَغْبَلُ قَبُولاً وَ قُبُولاً (س)
 to accept, admit, receive,

(perate. neg. m. plu.) الاَ تَقْبَلُونَا (you) accept not

(3 p.m. sing.) pip.
∼is accepted

agree to

will not be accepted 15 1

will be accepted pip. acc.

will be accepted pip. acc.

will never be accepted 498 **اَنْ تُغَبَلَ** 

اْفْتَبَسَ اْقِتِبَاساً viii \_ مِنْ

to take a light from another

>> نِّسَ يَفْتِسُ نَبْسًا (س)

to get a light or knowledge from another

نظرونانقتيس من توركم

Wait for us that we may borrow (some) light of yours.

[57:13]

a burning stick, a brand (n.) بَسَنُّ (of fire)

ق ب ∽س 🖈

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) جَفْتُ <I seized (1)

قَضَ مَفْنُ قَعْماً (ض)

to seize and hold, grasp, to take with the finger tips, to take a pinch

> (perf. Ist p. plu.) we drew (2)

to draw الله

ثَوَقِينُ لَهُ إِلَيْنَا فِيضَا لِيُدُوا

Then We draw it towards us with an easy drawing.

[25:46]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَقْبِضُ scants (3)

وَاللَّهُ يَقْبِضُ وَيَبَضَّكُ

And Allah scanteth and amlifieth. [2:245]

#### وَالْعِنْوَالَيْنَ آثْبُكْنَا فِيُهَا

And the caravan with which we travelled hither.

[12:82]

(perate. m. sing.) ع draw nigh

(act. pic. m. sing.) علي الا

from R. F. to accept

acceptance (v.n) أَوُلُّ

(Ap-der. m. plu. iv) مُعَالِمِين facing one another

(Ap-der. m. sing.) x coming forward, overpeering (cloud)

the direction or point (n)
towards which one turns
his face (LL)

In the religious usage it means the direction towards which one turns his face when saying his prayers and the qibla is thus the spiritual centure of a people. (En., Is.)

from the root it to be before is that point in the direction of which acts of worship ought to be performed. (Jid.)

## وَاجْعَلُوا بِيُوتِكُثُرُ مِبْلَةً

And make your house a place of worship. [10:87] (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v المُقَالُةُ (~accepted as R. F. v المُقَالُةُ المُعَالِدُةُ المُعَالِي المُعَالِدُةُ المُعَالِدُةُ المُعَالِدُةُ المُعَالِدُةُ المُعَالِدُوعُ المُعَالِدُ المُعَالِدُةُ المُعَالِدُةُ المُعَالِدُةُ المُعَالِدُةُ المُعَالِدُةُ المُعَالِدُةُ المُعَالِدُةُ المُعَالِدُوعُ المُعَالِدُ المُعَالِدُ المُعَالِدُ المُعَالِدُ المُعَالِدُ المُعَالِدُ المُعَالِّذُا المُعَالِدُ المُعَالِدُوعُ المُعَالِدُ المُعَالِدُ المُعَالِدُ المُعَالِّذُ المُعَالِّذُ المُعَالِدُ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مُقَبِّلُ مُعروبًا مُعروبًا مُعرفي المُعربُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مُعَبِّلُ

~ will never (neg.) acc. نُ يَتَقَبَّلَ accept

(3 p. m. sing.) pp. منظرة was accepted

لَمْ يُعَقِّلُ . (3 p. m. sing.) pip juss (3 p. m. sing.)

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) اَسَعَبَلُ we accept

ر (perate. m. sing.) مُقَبِّلُ may thou accept!

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) iv. اَقْبُلَ < ~ turned forward

to turn vi اَقْبُارَ اِفْالًا

forward, to draw near, come close to SS, to advance towards,

to, approach to come to 👢 -

وَاَهُّبُلُ بَعْضُهُمْ عَلْ بَعْضٍ يَتَسَلَّهُ لُوْنَ

And they will advance unto each other mutually questioning. [52:25]

they turned towards

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vi she came up or drew near (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv

(perf. 1st. P. plu.) vi أَفُلُنَا (CR) we travelled

before, formerly (a noun denoting time; sometimes denotes place as well).

used as adverb, preposition, as possesser (ثمنات) to pronominals and also an accusative noun

front : forepart (1) (n.)

إِنْ كَانَ قَيْتُ اللهُ ثُنَّةُ مِنْ تُمُكُلِ If his shirt is rent in front. [12:26]

facing, before eyes (2)

وَ حَثَرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ كُلَّ شَيْء تُبلًا

And We had gathered together about them everything before (their) eyes (or face to face—Jid.). [6:111]

(direction) (1) (n.) towards

لَيْسَ الْهِوَّانَ ثُوَلُوَّا وُجُوْهَا كُمُ يَهَلَ الْشَيْرِي وَ الْمَغْرِبِ

Virtue is not (in this) that ye turn your faces towards the east and west. [2:177]

power (2)

ارْجِيْ الْجَالُ الْمُرْبِيَّةُ وَالْجَالُ الْمُرْبِيَّةُ وَالْجَالُ الْمُرْبِيَّةُ وَالْجَالُ الْمُرْبِيَّةُ Go back to them, so We shall certainly come to them with hosts which they have no power to oppose.
[27:37] is not a turning to a point of the compass, but to a definite place, that is, مُنَبُّدُ or السَّجِدُ الْحَرَامُ the sacred Mosque at Makkah.

قَدُّ تَرْنِى تَعَلَّبُ وَجُعِكَ فِي السَّمَلَةِ فَلَثُولِ مِثَلَّكَ فَا مَثَلِهُ المَّسَلِكَ فَالْتُولِمِثَكَ قِلْلَةُ تَرْضُهَا مُؤَلِّ وَجُهَكَ شَطْرَ لَلْتَجِيدِ الْحَوْلَةُ

Often We have seen the turning of thy face to the heaven, wherefore We shall assuredly cause thee turn thy face towards the sacred Mosque. [2:144]

acc. اَيِّنْ الْ أَيِيلاً (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) face to face (1)

اَوْتَأْنِیَ بِاللّهِ وَالْمَلَیْكَةِ قِیْدُلَا Or thou bringest God and the angels face to face,

[17:92]

tribe (2)

اِنَّهُ يَرْكُوْ هُوَوَقِينِلُهُ

Verily he (Saten) beholdeth you, he and his tribe.

[7:27]

(sing) مَنْيَة <tribes n. p.

يل

رَجَعَلْنَكُوْ شُعُوْمًا وَهَمَا لِلْ لِتَعَالَكُوْا And We have made you nations and tribes that ye might know one another.

[49:13]

أتلت (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou hast slain قَتُلْتُ I slew (perf. 1st p. sing.) قَتَلَةُ ا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they slew قَتَلَتُمُ you slew (perf. 2 p. plu.) you slew them Think (an additional ) is suffixed before a pronominal with no effect in the meaning) قتلنا we slew (perf. Ist. p. plu.) (imperf. 3 p.m.sing.)acc. that he may kill (imperf.2p.m.sing.) juss. whosoever kills أنتل (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) juss. ~I kill (let me~) I surely shall kill epl. (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they slav, kill (imperf. neg. 3 p.f. phu.) they (f.) should not kill تَعْلَدُ نَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you slav كتاند مؤلاء تقتلون أنفسك Thereafter it is ye the very ones who slay each other. [2:85] (perate, neg. m. plu.)

(Due to requirement of the English contents Jid, and Pic. have rendered the noun in a verbal phrase as 'cannot resist' and 'withstand'.)

front (3)

بالطنه فينوالزعمة وظاهؤه من قيله

العتناب

The inside whereof hath mercy while the outside whereof is in front of the torment. [57:13]

ق ت ر ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) juss. حَمْرُوا <They stint

تَتَرَ يَقْتُرُ ثُنُوراً (ن)

to be stingy, tight-fisted, niggardly (to his own family)

hey were not niggarely

dust, darkness (n.)

dust,darkness (n.)

niggardly acc. أَقُورُ مُ أَقُورًا (by nature)

الْمُقْتِرُ (Ap-der. m. sing.) iv. straitened

ق ت ل ★

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.)
slew (killed)

0.1

suicide

slay not or do not commit

مُتِلَ الْإِنْسَانُ مَا أَكُفَرَهُ

Perish man! How ungrateful he is! [80:17]

وَ مَنْ مُعِلَى مَظْلُومًا

And whosoever is slain wrongfully. [17:33]

(3 p. f. sing.) pp. تَتِلُتُ she was slain

(3 p. m. plu.) pp. they were slain

(2 p. m. plu.) pp.
ye were slain

(Ist p. plu.) pp. تُولِناً we were slain

is slain (3 p. m. sing.) pip.

(3 p. m. plu.) pip. نَعْتُونَ they are slain

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii خَتُونَ <they slay

قَتْلَ تَغْيِيْلاً generally as R. F.

According to linguists the stem ii denotes something more than what the triliteral form does. Thus while means to slay or kill, signifies to massacre er to kill in a severer manner.

أَسُنُقُتُّلُ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii عَسُنُقَتُّلُ we shall slay

لوًا (3 p. m. plu.) pp ii) they were slain وَلَا تَعْتُلُوۤااَنَفُتِكُ

And slay not yourselves (or) do not commit suicide.

[4:29]

may be taken in a collective sense. The rendering in this case would be 'and slay not one another' as in verse 2:85 above).

فَكُوْتَقَنَّكُوْهُمْ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ قَتَكُهُمْ

Ye slew them not but Allah slew them. [8:17]

(perate. m. plu.) اقتلوًا (o you people) slay!

slay yourselves الفُسَكُمُ (i.e., do not commit suicide)

(i.e., do not commit suicide) (for the historical background and the detailed meaning of the verse Jid-P. 2, n. 224).

(3 p.m. sing.) pp. is slain (1)

اَفَأَيِنُ مِّاتَ اَوَمُتِلَ

If he dieth or be slain (perish or may be he accursed).

[3:144]

تُتِلَ الْخَوْصُونَ

Perish the conjecturers ! [51:10]

نَقُتِلَكِيْفَ قَتَدَ

Perish he! How he devised! [74:19]

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N The second sec		
(perate. m. sing.) iii (thou) fight!	قَاتِلْ	tl
(perate. dual) iii (you twain) fight!	قاتيلا	<
(perate. plu.) iii (O you) fight!	مَّا نِلُوْ ا	
(3 p.m. plu.) pp. iii they were fought	قُوْ تِلُوْا	to
(2 p. m. plu.) pp. iii you were fought	غُزنِلنمُ	Н
(3 p. m. plu.) pip. they are (being) fought	مُبِقَاتَلُوْنَ	
( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii < fought viii as iii اَقْتَالَا اَقْتَالَاً to fight among themselve:	اقتتل	М
(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii they fought (among them selves)	افتئلوا	th
وَلَوْسَا مَاللَّهُ مَا الْعُتَدَادُوا	İ	T
And had Allah so wiled the had not fought among themselves. [2:253]	g	_(
(imperf. 3 p. m. dual) viii (the twain) fight each other i.e., among themselves not against common enemies		( <i>F</i>
killing, slaying (v.n.)	قَتَاجُ	•••
doing massacre v.n. ii acc.	منيلا	
fighting v.n. iii 15	يِتَالَّ إِلَّالِيَّ	ye (i.
		1.00

slain ones (n. p.)

(3 p.m. plu.) acc. pip. ii hat they may be slain (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii  $< \sim$  fought (1) قَالَا: مُقَالَلَةً وَ قَالًا ¡¡¡ o fight, to combat, battle تْتَلَامَعَهُ رِبْتُونَكُتُورُ Hath fought with a number of godly men. [3:146] perish (may be (2) accursed) فتكفئ اللة ألى نؤلكن May Allah confound them, neither are they turning away. [9:30] قاتلو ا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iii ney fought فتذكر في التاس hey fought against you on account of religion. [60:9] (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii -fights (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iii f) fights (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iii ey fought مُفَائِلُوْ ا that they mayfight acc. مُقَاللًا فَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iii fight لَ: تَمَاتِدُوا (imperf.neg.2 p. plu.)iii ye wilt not fight

# قَدُجَاءً كُوْمِنَ اللهِ نُورٌ قَكِتَكِ مُبِينً

Of a surety, there hath come unto you from Allah a light and and book luminous. [5:15]

- (2) it is also placed before imperfect to denote:
- (i) certainty of a thing, as

#### قَدْيَعُلَوُمَاۤ آنْتُوْعَلَيْهِ

Of surety he knoweth what ye are about. [24:64]

(ii) frequency of a thing, as

تَدْنَوٰى تَعَلُّبَ وَجُهِكَ فِي السَّمَاء

We have frequently observed the turning of thy face towards the heaven. [2:144]

ق د ح ★

الله (v.n.) acc. آذاً nom قَدْحُ nom جَدْدُ

لَّـدَحَ بَقْدَحُ فَدُحاً (ف) to strike fire

فَالْمُوْرِيْتِ قَدْحًا

And striking off fire by dashing (their) hoofs. [100:2]

(assim)

ق د د ★

(3 p. f. sing.) pp

<∼is rent

ق <u>ث</u> ¥ ¥

< cucumbers (n.)
no singular</pre>

\* 1 2 3

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii

to plunge, أَنْيَحَامَا ,to plunge

rush, hurtle ( • into SS) to break, intrude, invade, to burst, to jump, to embark boldly, to defy (hardship, danger)

فكا افتخفرالعقبة

(Yet) he attempteth not the steep. [90:11]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) viii مُقْتَحِبٌ

هٰ ذَا فَوْجُ مُقْتَحِمُ

This is a crowd rushing.

[38:59]

\* \* 3 i

(a particle)

 it is a confirmatory particle, placed before perfect tense to make the verb definitely past perfect. قَدَرُوا (perf. p. m. plu.) قَدَرُوا they estimated

### وَمَا قَدَّرُوا لِللهَ حَتَّى قَدْرِةٍ

And they estimated not Allah with an estimation due to Him. [6:91]

(perf. Ist. p. phu.) قَدَرْناً we decreed

### فَقَلَدُنَّا اللَّهُ فَنِعْدُ الْعُلْدِرُدُونَ

So We decreed. How excellent are We as decreers!

(Jid.) thus We arranged.

How excellent is Our arranging! (Pic.) [77:23]

(3 p. m. sing.) pp was decreed (1)

فَالْتَغَى الْمَا أَوْعَلَ آمُرٍ تَدُفْدِ رَ

So that the water met for an affair already decreed.
[54:12]

is straitened (2)

وَمَنْ قُيْرِهَ لَيُعْرِزُفُهُ فَلَيْنُونُ مِثَمَّا أَتَهُ اللهُ

And whosoever is straitened in his subsistence (provision, means of life) let him expend of that which Allah hath given him. [65:7]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُدِرُ <straitens

or measures, limits opp.
enlarges, extends
(see above the first meaning of this verb)

assim. (ن) لَمُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰلِمُ اللّٰمُ الل

she rent (perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

قَدَّت قدَدا

<diverse (n) acc.</pre>

strip of board, company of diverse

#### كتاظريق بكا

We have been (following) very diverse. [72:11]

ق د ر ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) قَدَرُ < ~straitened

(١) فَتَر بَقْدِرُ فَدْراً (ض)

to straiten (the provision or other means), to restrict, determine the quantity, extent, size of a thing, to measure

(2) فَمَدَرَ بَفْدَرُ فَمُدَرَةً وَمَفْدَرَةً to have power كل - (ض) over

to (ض) قَدَرَ قَدْراً (ض) estimate evaluate SS

to decree in just measure (4) and with due propertion) (LL)

وَآمَنَا إِذَامَا ابْتَلْهُ فَعَدَدَعَكَيْهِ دِنْقَهُ

But whenever He trieth him (as) He straiteneth his means (of life). [89:16]

### فظناً أَن أَن تَعْدِر مَلْيهِ

And he imagined that We could not have power on him. [21:87]

(lit. we will not have power on him)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii حَدَّرَ < ~ measured (1) (ordained)

to measure ordain ii مُقَدِّرُ مُقَدِّرُا devise, dispose, decree (as R. F.), to apportion

### وَتُكَدِّدُ فِيهُا أَتُواتُهَا فِنَ ٱلْهُمَا وَأَلَامِهُ وَأَيَّا مِر

And He measured therein its substenance in four days (or He ordained). [41:10]

to devise (2)

### ثْغَرَتُمْتِلَكِيُفَ تَنَدَرَ

Perish he, how (maliciously) he devised. [74:20]

to dispose (3)

#### وَالَّذِي قَلَارَفَهَدٰي

And who hath disposed and guided? [87:3]

to measure (4)

### وَخَلَقَ كُلَّ مُّنْ مُعَلِّقَةً لَا يَا تَقْتُ بِايُرًا

And who hath created everything and measured it according to a measurement? [25:2]

### اَمَّاهُ يَبْسُطُ الرِّزُقَ لِينَ يَشَا ءُوَيَعْدِرُ

Allah enlargeth the provision for whosoever He willeth and strainteth. (for whosoever He willeth). [13:26]

(see also 17:30, 30:17, 24: 16, 29:52, 28:82)

has power over (3)

### خَرَبَ اللهُ مَتَلَاعَبْدًا مَنْ أَوْكَالَا يَعْدِورُ عَلَى تَمَنُّ

Allah propoundeth a similitude, (there is a) bondman enslaved who hath not power over aught.

[16:75]

he will never have لَنْ بَغْدِرَ power over

بَفْدِدُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَفْدِدُوْنَ they have power over

they have no (neg.) لَا يَقْدِرُونَ power over

(imperf.2p.m.plu.)(f.d.) حَصْدِرُوا <ye have power

قدر - على to have power

## إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَا أَبُوامِنُ تَعْلِلَ أَنْ تَعْدِرُ وَاعْلَامُ

Save those who repent before ye have power over them. [5:34]

(see also 48:21)

imperf. Ist. p. plu.) عُقْدِرُ we have power over

آن ~(neg.)

#### measure (2)

فَنُهُ جَعَلَ اللَّهُ لِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدْرًا

Allah hath set a measure for all things. [65:3]

power (3)

#### إتآآنزكنه في ليتكة المتدر

Verily We have sent it (i.e., the Quran) down on the night of power. [97:1]

i.e., when the Prophet received his first relvelation.

is power, honour, glory and also decree and destiny)

سَدُرُّ (n) measure (1)

وَمَانُنَوْلُهُ الْابِعَدِينَعُلُوْمِ

And We send it not down save in a measure known. [15:21]

(see for the same meaning 23: 18, 54:49 and 13:17

ordained (2)

ثُعَجِبُتَ عَلَىٰ قَدَرِطُهُوسَى

Then thou comest at the ordained (time), O Musa. [20:40]

(according to fate عَلَىٰ قُسَدَرٍ) (Jid.)

limit (3)
lit : measure, but CR

إلىٰ قَدَيرِمَتَعُلُوْمِ

Till a limit known. [77:22[

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii قَدَّرُ نَا we decreed (4)

إلَّا امْرَأَتُهُ قَدُرْنَا لَا إِنَّهَا لَينَ الْعَبِرِينَ

Except his wife, of whom We had decreed that she should be of those who stay behind. [15:60]

(Also see 36:39 for the same meaning i.e., decree) to apportion (5)

وتكانيافيهاالكير

And We apportioned the journey therein. (Jid. & Pic. have rendered: We made easy) [34;18]

قَدَّرُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii مَدَّرُوا they measured

قَوَارِيَّرُامِنْ فِضَةٍ مَتَّرُوُهَا تَعَيْرُا

(Bright as) glass (made) of silver which they (themselves) have measured to the measure. [76:16]

أَفَدُّرُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii مُعَدِّرُ

وَاللَّهُ يُعَدِّرُ الَّذِيلَ وَالنَّهَارُ

And Allah measureth the night and the day [73:20]

(perate. m. sing.) آسَدُّرُ (thou) measurc!

estimation (1) (n)

وَمَأْفَتُ رُواللَّهَ حَتَّى قَدْرِيَّة

And they estimated Allah not in an estimation due to Him. [6:91]

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0 . Y

That is the disposition of the Mighty and Knowing. [6:96]

the measure (2)

#### مَتَدَرُوْهَاتَعَتُدِيرًا

They have measured to the measure. [76:16]

(pic. pac. m. sing.) مَقْدُورٌ destined (one)

(due) measure, (n.t.) مِعْدُارٌ measurement

(Ap-der. m. sing.) viil مُقْتَدِرٌ powerful

(Ap-der, m. plu.) viii مُقْتَدِرُونَ Powerful One (i.e., God)

ق د س ★

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) ii هُدُسُ we sanctify

to sanctify, المَّذِيْساً - ل الله glorify, extol the holiness, to hallow (Asd.)

>> قَدُسَ يَفْدُسُ فُدُساً (ك)

to be pure, holy

اَلْقَدُّشُ (n.) holy (n.) رُوحُ اَلْقَدُّسُ Holy Spirit

And We aided him (Isa) with the Holy Spirit. [2:87] destiny (4)

#### ككان آمو الله قدرا مقتدوا

And the ordinance of Allah hath been a destiny destined. [33:38]

means (5)

### عَلَ الْكُوبِعِ تَدَارُةُ وَعَلَ الْمُعُتِرِقِدَانَةُ

The wealthy according to his means, and the straitened, according to his means.

[2:236]

cauldrons (n. p) 
 نُدُورُ (sing) 
 نَدُورُ (sing)

(act. pic. m. sing.) حَادِدُ (able, potent, one who hath control of~

قَدَرَ \_ عَلَى to have power

قَادِرُونَ (act. pic. plu.) controllers, ables
قادر ثن acc.

قادِرٌ (sing.)

أيدر (act. 2 pic. m. plu.)

may signify the same possessing power or ability but has an intensive signification, and signifies he who does what he will, according to what wi dom requires, not more nor less, and therefore this epithet is applied to none but God

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

فَدَمَ مَثْنُمُ قُدُما (ن)

to come forward, to head a people

CR: he shall head i.e., he shall come forward

#### يقد مُومَة يَوْمَ الْعِنْ مُكَا

He shall head his people on the Day of Resurrection.

[11:98]

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii < ∼brought (1)

to bring, الـ ii لَقَدُمُ تَقَدِيمًا to send before, prepare beforehand

قَالُوُارَتَبْنَاسَ فَتَدَمَلِنَا لَهٰذَا فَزِدُهُ مَكَابًا ضِعْلًا فِى النَّارِ

They said (C.R. will say): our Lord! whosoever hath brought this upon us, unto him increase doubly the torment of the Fire.

[38:61]

~sent on (2)

يْنَبَّوُّا الْلِلْسَانُ يَوْسَهِ فِيهِمَا مَّذَ مَرَوَا خَمَ

To man will be declared on that day that which he hath sent on and left behind. [75:13]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii حققة معادمة

i.e., the angel Gabriel who attended on the Prophet Isa (Jesus), peace be upon him,

(Note: this holy spirit of Islam has nothing to do with the Holy Ghost of Christianity, who is the third person of the Blessed Trinity).

(see also 7 )

holy (n.) القدوس

above, and opposed to all evil; replete with positive good

الْمُقَدَّسُ holy (pis pic. m. sing.) ii وَاهِ as adjective of

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii

(as adjective of الْأَرْضُ, that is faminine in Arabic )

ق د م ★

< we came (perf. Ist p. plu.)

فَدِمْ يَقْدَمُ فُدُوماً وَ مَقْدَماً (س)

to come, return, to come back from, to advance

CR: we shall come, shall turn, shall set upon

وَقَدِمُنَا إِلْ مَاعَمِلُوا مِنْ عَمَلِ

And We shall set upon that which they worked.

[25:23]

لاتُعَدِّمُوْابَيْنَ يَدَي اللهِ وَرَسُولِهِ

Be not forward in the presence of Allah and His messenger. [49:1]

(i.e.,) do not persume to give your advice in any matter before the Prophet asks you to do so)

ye offer (2)

ءَٱشْفَقَتُوْآنُ ثُعَتَقِمُوْابِيُنَ يَدَى تَجْوٰيكُوُ صَدَفَٰتٍ

Fear ye to offer alms before your conference? (or whispering) [58:13]

offer,! (perate m. plu.) اَدُمُوا provide beforehand

to put beforehand عَدَّمَ \_ ل

وَ مَنْوَمُولِانَتُهُمُ

And provide beforehand for your souls. [2:223]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُشَدَّمُ <- preceded (1)
to advance v. مُشَدَّمُ مُشَدِّمُ الْعَلَمُ مُشَدِّمًا

دم تصدما .v o advance در تصدما (reflexive of ii)

لِيَعْوْدَلَكَ اللهُ مَاتَعَتَ لَامَوِنَ وَثَيْكَ وَمَا تَأْغَوَ

That Allah may forgive thee that which hath preceded of thy fault and that which may come later. [48:2] ( perf. lst. p. sing.) ii قَدَّمْتُ I sent before (1)

يَقُولُ بِلَيْ تَنِي تَنَامُتُ إِحَيَالِنَ

He will say, would that I had sent before for (this) life of mine. [89:24]

I proffered (2) to proffer الما = حَدَّمَ ح

وَقَدُقَدُمْتُ الْمُكُومِالُوعِيْدِ

(He said) I have already proffered unto you the warning. [50:28[

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) ii الدَّمُوا they sent before

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii قَدَّمْتُمْ

ye have laid up beforehand

to put عُدَّمَ ـ لَ beforehand, to bring up

يَاكُلْنَ مَا قَدَّمْتُولَهُنَ

They (years) will devour that which ye have laid up before hand. [12:48]

to bring up

اَنْتُوْتَدُ مُثُنُّوهُ لَنَا

It is ye who have brought this upon us. [38:60]

acc. f. d. 190 1

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

ye send forth (1) to come forward (2)

لاً تُقَدِّمُوا (perate neg. m. plu.) المُعَدِّمُوا do not be forward

to follow, viii افتدی افتداد 
### فَيَهُنَّ مُمُ الْتُكْرِة

So follow thou their guidance. [6:90]

Note. the final of is a pronoun pointing to the verbal noun مُدُدُّى, but some commentators took this ( ha) as مَا الْمُنْ الْ

مُفْتَدُونَ (Ap-der. m. plu.) viii مُفْتَدُونَ

وَ إِنَّاعَلَى أُشْرِهِمْ مُّغْتَدُونَ

And we are followers on their footsteps. [43:23]

### ق ذ ف ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) قَذََتُ <~cast (1)

to throw (stone) etc., fling, vomit, row (a boat) to hurl, throw with violence, to throw down, overthrow

وَقَنَكَ فِي قُلُونِهِمُ الرُّعَبَ

And cast into their hearts terror. [33:26] go forward (2)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v اِسَعَدَّةُ < ~ goes forward

(reflexive of ii)

to keep oneself forward

لِمَنْ شَاءَمِنْكُوْ أَنْ يُتَعَدَّمَ أَوْيَتَأْخَرَ

Whosoever of you, who shall go forward or (who) keepeth himself behind.

[74:37]

يَسْتَقْدِمُونَ x (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x <they go in advance

اسْتَفْدَمَ اسْنِفْدَاماً ×

to seek to get in advance

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x تَسْتَمُّدِمُونَ ye anticipate

a foot (n) قَدَمُّ

meta. sure footing. گنگر مِدْتي [10:2]

the feet (n. p.) لاَقْدُاهُ

old (act. 2 pic.) وَدِيْمُ

olden times '
old ones (eletive plu.) الْآفْدَمُونَ

المُستَقدمين acc. x

(Ap-der. m. plu.) those who have gone before

ق د ر ★

ق (h.v.) ة - أ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~read قَرَأَ مَثْرًا ( بَغُرُولُ ) فِرَاهَ وَ قُرُآناً (ف ، ن) to read a written thing, to recite with or without having script فَقَرَاهُ عَلَيْهِ وَمَا كَانُوابِهِ مُؤْمِنِيْنَ And he had read it unto them even they would not have been believers therein. [26:199] ةَ أَتَ (perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou read قر-أنآ (perf. Ist. p. plu.) we recite, we read يغز وون (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they read لِتَقْرَأَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (el.) that thou mayst recite/read (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we read افرأ (perate. m. sing.) read ! (1) Read thine book. اقراكتيك [17:14]

مَّ ذَفناً (perf. Ist. p. plu.) we threw (2) وَلِكِنَّا عُيِتَلُنَّآ ٱوْزَارًا مِنْ رِبْنَهُ الْقَوْمِ فَقَدَ فُهُمَّا But we were laden with burthens of the people's ornaments, then we threw [20:87] them. فندف (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~hurls (3) قُل إِنَّ رَبِّن يَقُذِثُ بِالنَّحِقّ Say thou, verily my Lord hurleth the truth. [34:48] meta. to utter (4) conjectures (i.e., throw words without having a knowledge) أَهْذُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَدْنُونَ meta. They utter conjecture وَيَقُذِ فُوْنَ بِالْغَيْبِ They utter conjecture about the unseen. 134:531 (imperf.Ist.p.m. plu.) we hurl (perate. f. sing.) cast (thou f.) ! أَن امَّذِهِ فِي إِلمَّا أَوَّتِ (Saying) cast him in the ark. 120:391 (3 p.m. plu.) pip they are darted at And they are darted at from every side. [37:8]

recite!(2)

اِقْرَابِالْسُوِرَبِكَ الَّذِيُ خَلَقَ Recite in the name of Thy

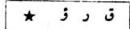
[96:1]

meta. prayer (3)

إِنَّ قُرْانَ الْفَحْدِرِكَانَ مَشْهُودًا

The recitation (i.e. prayer) at the dawn is ever borne witness to. [17:78]

in the text means prayer, because it comprises recitation of the words of the Quran (LL.) also see ZR. IK. Bed.).



a menstruation, (or) (n.)

a state of purity from the menstrual discharge (the word has two contrary meanings).



(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) f.d. they approach

قَرِبَ بَفْرَبُ وَ قَرُبَ بَغْرُبُ كُوْبِاً وَ فُوْمَةً وَ فُرْمَاناً (س،ك)

to be near to, to approach, to be near in relationship, to offer

لاً يَقْرَبُوا they shall not approach

(perate neg. m. dual.) مَقَرَاً (O ye two) approach not!

(perate, neg. m. plu.) مُقْرُونًا approach (ye) not! (1) (perate. m. plu.) افْرَأُوْا read (1)

اقُرَءُ وُاكِتُ بِيَهُ

Read My book. [69:19] recite (2)

فَأَقْرَءُ وَامَالَهُمَ مَا مِنْهُ

Recite thereof so much is easy. [73:20]

(3 p.m. sing.) pp. < ∼is recited

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we make read or recite

سَنُقُومُكَ فَلَاتَنْكَى

We shall enable thee to recite and then thou shall not forget. [87:6]

v.n. acc. وَرَانَ الرَّرِ 
reading, reciting, (1) recitation

إِنَّ عَلَيْنَا جَمُعَهُ وَقُوْانَـٰهُ

Verily upon Us is the collecting thereof. [75:17]

فَاذَاقُوانَهُ فَاتَّبِعُ ثُوَّانَهُ

Wherefore when We recite it follow thou the reciting thereof. [75:18]

(2) (prop. n.) الْقُرِّ آنَّ The Holy Qur'an

الزَّحْمٰنُ عَلَّوَ الْقُوْانَ

The Compassionate Hath taught the Quran.

[55:12]

كعَلَّ السَّاعَةُ مَرِيْثِ

The Hour may haply be nigh. [42:17]

kinship (n. elative f.)

قُلُ لِنَّا اَسْتُكُمُّ مَلِيهِ آجُولِالِا الْمَوْدَةُ فَإِنِي الْقُرُنِي Say thou: I ask of you no hire therefor save affection in respect of kinship.

[42:23]

قُزُ مَاناً

ؤرِّب<u>َ</u>

an approach (n.)
(a mean by which an approach is sought)

خ بات (approaches (n. p.)

قُرْبَةً (sing.)

مَقْرَبَةً relationship, kinship (n) sacrifice

(as offer made for God) acc.

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii

to bring near, الْمَرِّبُ تَقْرِيْباً approach, persent, to make an offering to God

فَقَرَّبُهُ إِلَيْهِ وَقَالَ الْا تَأْكُلُونَ

And he got it nigh to them (before them and) said, wherefor eat ye not? [51:27]

[51,2

to offer (2)

(perf. 2 p.m. dual.) ii وَرَابًا (the twain) offered meta. to have (2) a sexual relationship

وَلَانْفُتُونُوهُنَّ حَتَّى يَظْهُرُنَ

And go not in unto them till they are purified (i.e. from menstruation). [2:222]

ye approach (com.)
me not

( لاَ تَقْرُبُوا + نِنْ > ينِ )

more nigh (elative.) آفرَبَ

nigher unto ال

nigher in relation- أَفْرَبُ رُحْماً ship or affection.

nigher in affection أَقْرَبُ مَوَدَّةً

(elative m. plu.) {

relatives acc. [ تُوَيِيْنَ

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) {
near, (nigh)
acc.

وَإِذَاسَأَلُكَ عِبَادِيْ عَنْكُوْلَ إِنْ تَوْرِي

And when My bondmen ask thee regarding Me, then verily I am nigh. [2:186]

(The word قَرْيَتُ is formed for masculine; the form (قَرْيَتُ ) has not occured in the Ouran.

إِنَّ رَحْمَتَ اللَّهِ قَرِيْجٌ مِنَ الْمُعْيِنِيْنَ

Verily the mercy of Allah is nigh unto the well-doers.

[7:56]

those who brought nigh [ قَرْحُ / الْفَرْمُ wound (v. n.) <meta. hurt, sore, blow قَرْحَ بَقْرَحُ قَرْحاً (ف) to wound <apes (n. p.)(sing.) ق (assim.) تقرأ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) acc. ~bccome cool ةَ مَنْهُ قَدًا (ف to be or (ف become cool كَيْ تَعَرِّعَنُهُ عَالَهُمَا وَلَا تَدُونَنَ That she might cool her eyes. and she might not grieve. [20:40] قَرْ ي cool (eye)! (perate f. sing.) ككلف واشرب وقترى عينا So eat and drink thou (f.) and cool thine eyes. [19:26] (perate. m. plu.) <(o ye ladies) stay!

### إِذْ فَرَّبَا فُرْبَانًا

When they (twain) offered an offering. [5:27]

to get SS nigh (3)

(perf. Ist p. plu.) ii قَرَّ بُناً we drew nigh

وَقَرَّبُناهُ نَبِعِيَّا

And We drew him nigh for whispering. [19:52]

تُقَرِّبُ (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) draweth nigh

## وَمَا اَمُوَالَكُوْوَلُوا اَوَلِاذُكُوْ بِالَّذِي تُعَرِّرُنِكُو يَعِنْدَنَا وُلُغَى

And it is not your riches nor your children that shall draw you nigh unto Us, with a near approach [34:37]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) f.d. الْمُوَرِّقُورُ In order that they maybring nigh

مَانَعَبُدُ هُمْمُ إِلَّالِيُقَيِّبُونَا إِلَى اللَّهِ ذُلُّنى

We worship them not save in order that may bring us nigh unto God in approach. [39:3]

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii افترَبَ <a href="https://hath/come nigh">hath/come nigh</a>
as R. F. افترَا المتارة المتا

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii افْرَبَتْ hath (have) come nigh

(perate. m. sing.) viii اقْبَرِبُ be nearer! an abode (3)

واوينهم الكرنوز ذات قرار ومعين

And We sheltered the twain on a height: a quiet abode and springs. [23:50]

كَازُالْعَرَادِ .Abode of rest [40:39]

refreshment (of eyes) (n.) or coolness

#### تُتَرَثُ عَيْدِيلِ اللهُ وَلكَ

(He will be) coolness of eye unto me and thee. [28:9]

to render the word by refreshment, comfort etc. to avoid the word coolness which is not understandable to the West where eye is warmed in order to get comfort.)

< glass (n. p.)</p>

قَارُوْرَهُ (sing.)

#### تواريواين فضة

(Bright as) glass made of silver. [76;16]

(perf. 2 p.m. phu.) iv خُرُزُمُم (ye ratified (1)

أَفَرَّ إِفْرَاراً .acc. iv

to ratify 15 -

to agree, to affirm willingly and expressly, to cause to remain, settle فَرَّ يَقِرُّ فَرَاداً (ض) - في fixe and white party was

to stay permanently, be fixed in a place, rest quietly in, dwell in

#### وَقَرْنَ فِي الْيُورِيْكُنَّ

And stay in your houses.

[33:33]

Note: According to some commentators

is derived from the root that means, to be serious, respected, i.e., staying with respected manners (Jid.).

### وَقَرْنَ فِي الْبُوْيَاتُنَّ وَلَا تَنَبَرُّجُنَ تَنَبُّرُجُ الْحَامِلِيَّةِ الْأُوْلِ

And stay in your houses.

And display not yourselves with the display of the pagan past. [33:33]

قرَّارُ ، الْقَرَّارُ ، قَرارً ، الْقَرَّارُ ، قَرَارً اللهِ v.n. acc. القَرَّارُ ، قَرَارً اللهِ stability (1)

اجْتُنَّتُ مِنْ فَوْقِ الْأَرْضِ مَالْهَا مِنْ قَوْالِهِ

Uprooted from upon the carth, and there is for it no stability. [14:26]

a resting place (2)

### ثُوَّجَعَلْنُهُ نُطْفَةً فِي قَرَارِ مُكِيثِي

Thereafter We made him of a sperm in a firm resting place. [23:13]

(also see 40:64, 38:60)

### قِإِنِ اسْتَقَرَّمُكَانَهُ فَسَوْفَ تَرْسِيْ

Then if it stands in its place then thou will see Me.

[7:143]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) x

that which remains firmly fixed or confirmed, goal, lasting place

an end or goal (1)

ڒڴڬۜڹؙٷٲۏٲؿؠۜٷۧٲٲۿؚۅٚٲٷۿؠ۫ٷڴڶؙٲۺ<sub>ۄ</sub>ۺؙ؊ٙۼۣڗ<sup>ڰ</sup>

And they belied and they followed their lusts, and every affair (will come to (its) end (or goal).

[54:3]

lasting, settled (2)

وَلَقَدُ صَهَّ حَهُوْ بُكُرَةً عَذَابٌ مُسْتَعِرٌّ

And assuredly there met them early in the morning a torment lasting (or settled). [54:38]

settled (or) placed (3)

فكتارا فأستعتزا عندة

Then when he saw it placed (or settled) before him.

[27:40]

(act. pic. m. sing.) x resting place (1)

وَلَكُونِ الْأَرْضِ مُسْتَمَتَّزُّ وَمَتَاعُ إِلَّ حِيْنٍ

And for you on the earth (shall be) a resting place and enjoyment, for a duration. (or season—(Jid.)

[2:36]

تُعَوَّا قُرُرَتُمُ وَالنَّمُ تَشْعَدُونَ

Then ye ratified (our covenant) and ye were witnesses. [2:84]

is translated here as a noun)

to agree (2)

we agree (perf. Ist p. plu.) آوُرُوناً

قَالَ،َ ٱقْرُرْتُهُ وَاَخَذْتُهُ عَلَى ذَلِكُمُ لِصْرِىٰ قَالْوَاۤ ٱقْرَرْنَا

He said: Do ye agree and will ye take up My burden in this (matter). They said: We agree. [3:81]

(Note: The perfect tense has been rendered in these verses as if it were imperfect tense.)

to cause to remain (3) or settle

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv we cause to remain

وَنُقِرُفِي الْأَرْحَامِ مَا لَتُنَاءُ

And We cause to remain (or We settle) in the wombs that We will, an appointed time. [22:5]

<>kept remained x
stood firmly

to stand x. اسْتَقَرَّ اسْتِقْرَاراً by itself without a support

اسْتَقَ

قَرَضَ يَقْرِضُ قَرْضاً (ض)

to cut, grow, nibble, turn aside from CR. passes, leaves

وَإِذَا غَرَبَتُ تَعَرِّفُهُمْ ذَاتَ الشِّسَالِ

And when it setteth/passeth (passing or leaving) them by on the left. [18;17]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv فرصنوا

أَقْرَضَ إِقْرَاصناً .to lend iv

to cut a portion of one's wealth and give someone in order to take it back

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) iv وَصَعْنَامُ ye lent

يُغْرِضُ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv يُغْرِضُ ما ا

f.s.acc. iv (imperf.2p.m. plu.) that ye may lend

(perate. m. phu.) iv أَقْرِ صُنُوا (you) lend!

أُوضاً .acc قَرْضٌ loan

ق ر ط س

a parchment (n.) قِرْطَانُّ lit. what one writes upon

قراطِبْنُ (n.p.) parchments

(sing.) قِرْطَأَمَنُ
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a set time (2)

الحِلِ بَهُمَّ الْمُسْتَعَثَرُ الْمُسْتَعَثَرُ الْمُسْتَعَثَرُ

For every anouncement is a set-time. [6:67]

abode meta. womb (3)

وَهُوَالَّذِي َ أَنْشَاكُمُ مِنْ نَفِي وَاحِدَةٍ فَنْشَعَرُ وَمُسْتَوْرَعُ

And it is He who hath produced you from one person, and thenceforth (there is) a abode and repository.

means here 'womb' مُسَتَعَرِّ ) and مُسَتَوْدَعٌ loins) (I.K.)

appointed term (4)

والشنش تجرى لشتقرتها

And the sun runneth to its appointed term. [36:38]

the recourse (5)

إلى رَيْكَ يَوْمَهِ فِي الْمُسْتَكَوْرُ

Unto thy Lord that Day is the recourse. [75:12]

abode (6)

أصل المجنة يؤمرن خاريستفرا

Fellows of the Graden shall be on that Day in a goodly abode. [25:24]

ق ر ض ★

نش (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

- cuts

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii وَمَنْ يَقَدِّونَ مَنَهُ

And whosoever earned a good deed. [42:23]

أَهْرَ فُوْنَ imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii مُعْرَفُونَ they earn

سَيُجْزَوْنَ بِمَا كَانُوُايَقُتَرِفُونَ

They will be awarded that which they used to earn. [6:120]

لِغَثْرَ فُوْا (f.d.el.) viii (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they may earn (or) they may fabricate, perpetrate (crime)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) viii مُعْتِرُ فُوْنُ those who earn. those who fabricate, or perpetrate (crime)

### وَلِيَعْتَرِفُوامَا هُمُمُعْتَدِفُونَ

And that they may earn what they are earning (or let them fabricate that which are they fabricaters thereof.) [6:113]

ق ر ن ★

قَرَّنَ see ق د د

« generations (n.) اقرنا lit. a century (time period)

<generations (n. p.)

قَرْنْ (sing)

ق د ع ★

ق رع

(act. pic. f. sing) قَارِعَةُ <adversity (1)

قَرْعَ بَغْرَعُ قَرْعاً (ف)

to knock, strike

وَلَا يَزَالُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْ الْعِينِهُ ثُمْ مِنَاصَّنَعُوا قَالِعَهُ

And an adversity ceaseth not to befall those who disbelieve, for that they did. [13:31]

striking (day) (2)

كَنَّ بَتْ شَنُودُو وَعَادًا إِلْقَادِعَةِ

They (tribes of Thamud and Aad) belied the striking (Day). [69:4]

الْعَادِعَهُ مَاالْعَادِعَهُ وَمَّااَدُنْ لِكَمَاالْعَادِعَهُ

The striking, what is the striking and what shall make thee know what the striking is? [101:1,2,3]

ق ر ف ★

< ye gained (1) viii أَرْفُكُمُ</p>
(earned, acquired)

أَتْرَفَ أَتْرَافاً viii

to fabricate, to earn, gain, to perpetrate (a crime)

وَأَمْوَالُ إِثْلَامَةُ يُوهَا

And the riches ye have earned. [9:24]

:1-3

to lead two iv. اَوْنُ إِوْرَانَا captives by one rope, to have power over or control over them

سُبِّحْنَ الَّذِي سَخَّرَ لَنَا لَمْ ذَاوَمَا كُمَّالَهُ مُعَّرِبِيْنَ

Hallowed be He who hath subjected this unto us and we were not capable (fit of subduing) for it [43:13]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. viii مُعْبِرُ فِينُ <accompanying ones

to be viii اَقْتُرَانَا joined, accompanied

الرَّالِيَّةُ الْمُلِكَةُ مُعَالِّيْكِةً Nor angles come with him

accompanying.

ق ر ی ★

[43:53]

town, township (n.)

<towns, cities (n. p.)

(sing ) وَنَهُ

( أَمُّ الْقُرِي for أَمُّ أَلَقُولِي ( أَمُّ الْقُرِي

the two cities (dual n.) (i.e., Mekka & Taif (IK)

ق س و ر

a lion (n.) قَسُوَرَةً

signifies a lion, some commentators took it as deri(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) الْقَرِيْنُ | قَرِيْنُ mate, comrade

قَرَنَ يَقْرِنُ قَوْنَا (ض)

to join one thing to another, or be together

companion acc.

<mates, comrades, (n.p.)
companions</pre>

غَرِينٌ (sing.)

lit: two-horned

Note: According to a majority of the commentators, it is surname of Alexander the Great: so named from his expeditions to the East and the West. He was actually represented on his coins with two horns. Horn in the Bible is a symbol of strength and is frequently mentioned to signify power an glory. (Jid. < CD.P.16, n. 422)

acc. (pis. pic. m. plu.) ii <br/>
bound together

to gain # مُقْرِيْناً مُقْرِيْنِينَ serveral things together

وَتَوَى الْمُخْرِمِيْنَ يَوْمَهِنِ مُقَوِّنِيْنَ فِي الْأَضْفَادِ And thou will see the guilty

And thou will see the guilty or that Day bound together in fetters. [14:49]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv leaders and controllersover animals used for riding



فيسطأش balance

وَذِنْوَا بِالعِسْطَاسِ الْشُسْتَعِيْمِ

And weigh with the right balance. [26:182]

\* 6 00 3

( perf. Ist. plu.)

< we apportioned

فَــَمَ يَقْسِمُ فَسُمَّا (ض)

to apportion, to divide, distribute

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَقْسِمُونَ they apportion

اَهُ وَيُقْسِمُونَ مَحْمَتُ كَرَبِكَ نَحْنُ فَسَنَا بَيْنَهُمْ مُويْشَتَهُمْ

As if they who apportion their Lord's mercy! We have apportioned among them their livelihood.

[43:32]

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii ~swore unto

قَاسَمُ فِسَاماً وَ مُقَاسَمَةً

to swear unto

وَقَاسَمُهُمَّا إِنَّ كُمُّمَّالِّونَ النَّصِحِينَ

And he swore unto them both, verily I am unto you of (your) good counsellors. [7:21] ved from .e., to do something against one's will

ق س س ★

divines (n. p.) قَلْنَيْنَ

Christian priests who were regarded as custodians of religion (at the Prophet time).

ق س ط ★

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv. f.d. حلوا المارة (that ye may deal justly

أَفْسَطَ إِفْسَاطًا ﴿

to act or deal justly

(ن) قَمَعَ مَسْعًا فَسْعًا (ض)

to act justly/unjustly (contrary meanings)

وَإِنْ خِنْتُواللاتْقُسِطُوْا

And if ye fear that ye may not deal justly. [4:3]

( perate m. plu.) iv أَصْبِطُوا act justly

(act. pic. m. plu.) لَقَاسِطُونَ thou who act unjustly sec above R.F.

justice (v.n.)

nle (elative)

more equitable (elative)

(Ap-der. m. plu.)acc., vi the equitable

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) vi اَهَاْسَمُوا <they swear one to another

to swear vi اَهَاْسَمَ اَهَاْسُمُا

one to another

(fd.) acc. x النَّفْسِمُوا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
ye seek a division
to seek x النَّفْسَمَ الْنِفْسَاماً division

وَأَنْ تَسُتَغُيمُوْا بِالْأَذْلَامِر

And that ye seek a division by means of the (divining) arrows. [5:3]

oath (n)

a division, (n)

a divided thing

وَيَتِنْهُمُ أَنَّ المَا مَّ قِسْمَةٌ بَيْنَهُمْ

And declare thou unto them that water is a divided (thing) between them.

[54:28]

division (2)

تِلْكَ إِذُ لِقِسُمَةً فِسِيْرُى

That, indeed, is a division unfair. [53:22]

(time of apportioning) lit. division

وَلِذَاحَفَرَالْقِسْمَةَ أُولُوا الْقُرُنِ وَالْبَيْنِي وَالْسَلِينِينَ

And when kinsfolk and orphans and the needy are present at the division (time of apportioning the heritage) [4:8] (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اقْصَمُوا <they swore

أنْسَمَ إِنْسَاماً to swear

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv ye sware

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~swears ~will swear

(imperf. 3 p. m. dual) iv the twain swear (the twain shall swear)

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.)
I swcar

فَلَّا ٱمُّسِهُ بِمَوْقِعِ النُّجُوْمِ

No! I swear by the setting of the stars. [56:75]

does not convey a negative meaning. In accordance with a curious idiom of the language, whereby an oath or execration seems to be regarded as a virtual negation, the negative particle Y may be omitted in denial by oath, and, on the contrary, be inserted in affirmation (WAGL. II; p. 305 LIS). Y is an additional particle to emphasise the meaning of oath and not for negative (Zr.).

ت ووا قصد

ق ض د ★

(perate. m. sing.) فَعِيدُ <br/>be modest

to adop a middle course to go or proceed الله straightaway to aim at, to intend

#### وَاقْصِدُ فِي مَشْيِكَ

And be modest in thy bearing (i.e., neither be fast nor too slow in the walking); (to adop the the "golden mean" is the theme of this verse). [31:19]

the right way, (v.n.) direction

وَعَلَى اللهِ قَصْدُ السَّبِيْلِ

And upon Allah is the direction of the way. [46:9]

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. قَاصِدًا moderate

( سَفَرًا قَاصِدًا a moderate journey)

(Ap-der. m. sing.) viii مُعْتَمِدُ a keeper of the middle course

الْلَمْلَنْفُ مُمْ إِلَى الْبَرْفُونَةُ مُمْ مُقْتَصِدٌ

Then when he delivereth them on the land, some of them keep to the middle course. [31:32] a divided (one), (assigned)

(Ap-der. f. plu.) ii الْمُقَسِّمَاتُ <distributors

قَسَّمَ تَقْسِيماً "to distribute #

فالمُقَيِّدُ لمِيَّا مُرَّا

And (the angels) who distribute the affairs. [51:4]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. viii الْقُلْسِينَ < ~dividers as RF الْقُلْسَمَ الْقُلْسَاماً

س و 🖈 (۱۷٫۷۰)

to divide

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~

أَسَا يَقْسُوْ فَسَارَةً وَ فَسُوةً (ن) to be hard, unyielding

(act. pic. m. sing.) مُاسِبَةً / الْقَاسِية الْعَاسِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَاسِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَاسِية الْعَاسِية الْعَاسِية الْعَلِيقِية الْعَاسِية الْعَاسِية الْعَاسِية الْعَاسِية الْعَلِيقِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَامِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِيمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعِلْمِيقِيقِيقِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَلْمِية الْعَا

hardness (v.n.)

ق شع ر

فَشَعِرُّ (quard.)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

< ~ trembles

أَمْسَعَرَ الْمُشِعْرَ اراً vi (.quard)

to become creep (with terror), to shudder, shiver (with fear), to tremble de those modest قَاصِرَ اتُ الطَّرْفِ women who restrain their eyes from looking at any one save their husbands.

مِنْ قَبِيلٍ إِمَافَةِ الْفَاعِلِ إِلَىٰ مَفْعُولِهِ the object of ( ابْنُ عَقِيل ) the sentense is possessed by its own object.

(pic. pac. f. plu.) مُفَعُورَاتُ confined (women)

كُورُّمَّقُصُوْرِتُّ فِى الْخِيَّامِرِ Fair ones confined in tents. [55:72]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. ii مُقَصِّرِينَ those who cut short (hair)

(assim)v.

ق ص ص ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

قَصَّ يَمُعنُّ قَمَماً (ن)

- (1) to impart, communicated, tell, narrate, recount (a story)
- (2) to follow one's track

مُلَمَّا جَاءَءُ وَقَصَّ عَلَيْهِ الْقَصَصَ Then, when he came and re-

counted unto him the (whole) story. [28:25]

(perf. Ist p. plu.) we have recounted

(Ap-der. f. sing.) viii مُعْتَصِدَةً a keeper of the middle course (right-doing one)

### مِنْهُوْ أُمَّةُ ثُقْتَصِدَةً

Among them is a community right-doing (of the followers of middle course, who are not extremists.) [5:66]

### ق ص د ★

acc. f. d. القَصْرُوْا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
ye shorten
(ف، ض) الله عَصْرُ الله عَصْرُا وَ قُصُوْرًا (ن، ض)
to shorten,
to cut short

#### أَنُ تَعَفُّرُ وَامِنَ الصَّاوَةِ

That ye shorten the prayer. [4:101]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُعْصِرُ وْنَ they stop short

وَإِخْوَانُهُمْ مِيمُكُونَهُمْ فِي الْغِي ثُمْ كَلِيقُومُونَ And their brethren drag them on toward error so

they stop not short.
[7:202]

تَعَمِّرُ / أَلْقَصِّمُ / مُعَالِمُ (n.)

<castles (n, p.)

قصرو (sing.)

(act. pic. f. plu..) قَاصِرَاتُ restraining (looks)

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OTE

follow! (perate. f. sing.)

# 

And she said unto his sister, follow him. [28:11]

the retaliation (The retaliation is not the same thing as mere re-

same thing as mere revenge, as it serves, besides compensation that is the due right of a victim, a purpose of peace for the safety of others—which is lacking in a mere revenge.)

### ق مس ف ★

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. قَامِعًا hurricane, gale

نَصْفَ يَقْصِكُ تَصْفَأَ (تَصِبْفًا) (ض)

to roar and resound (thunder)

### فَيُرْسِلَ عَلَيْكُوْ قَاصِفًا شِنَ الرِّيْج

Then (He) send upon you a gale (or hurricane) of wind. [17:69]

## ق ص م ★

(perf. Ist p. plu.) Lina

< we shattered

قَصَمَ يَقْمِيمُ قَصْمًا (ض)

to break in pieces. shatter, return one to its starting point (imperf. 3 p. m.sing.) بَعْضُ recounts

يَقُصُّونَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَقُصُّونَ they recount

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.)
We recount

لَّهُ نَعْمُصُ (gen. neg.) We recounted not

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) (epl.)
We will (certainly) recount

(perate. m. sing.) اقصُصُ

(perate. neg. sing.) الْاَ تَقْصُصُ

stories, narrative (1) (v.n.) الْقَصَعَى

### فَاقُصُصِ الْقَصَصَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ

And recount thou unto them narratives that they haply may reflect. [7:176]

### لَقَدْكَانَ فِي قَصَوِيمْ عِنِيَةً

Assuredly in their stories is a lesson. [12:111]

retracing. following (2) (tracks)

see above; another meaning of مُعَمَّنَ مَعُمْنَ أَدُو., to follow or retrace the tracks

### فَارْتَدُاعَلَىٰ اللهِيمَا قَصَصًا

So they returned back upon their footsteps retracing [18:64] قَضَبَ يَقْضِبُ قَضْباً (ض) to cut off (ضَّ عَضْباً (ضَّ عَضْباً (assim. v.)

<a href="filt: square;"><a href="filt: square;"><a href="filt: square;">أَهْمَنَّ أَيْمِنَامناً vii</a> أَهْمَنَ أَيْمِنَامناً to fall, to fall at once, threaten to fall down

فَرَجَنَا فِيهَاجِنَارًا يُرِيدُانَ يَنْقَضَ Then the twain found therein a wall, about to fall down. [18:77]

ق ض ی 🖈 (w. v.)

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~decreest, (1) to decree

نَّمْنَىٰ بَغْضِیْ فَشْباً وَ نَمْنَاهُ وَ فَضَنَّةً (ض)

to decree,

to bring an end (i.e.,

to kill - \( \frac{1}{2} = \)

to fulfill, to perform, to complete, to judge, decide

وَلِهُ الْقَضَّى اَمْرًا

And he who decreeth an affair. [2:117]

meta. to satisfy (2)

فَلَتَا لَقَنْى مُوسَى الْكَجَلَ Then when Musa fulfilled the term. [28:29]

### وَكُوْقَصَمْنَامِنْ قَرْيَةِ كَانَتُ ظَالِمَةً

How many a community that dealt unjustly have We shattered (Pic.) and how many a city have we overthrown which were doing wrong (Jid.) [21:11]

ق ص و ★ ا

(act. 2 pic.)(adj.) acc.

أَضَا يَنْصُوْ فَصُوّا وَ قُصُوّا (ن)
 to be very distant (place), go far away

أَمْمَىٰ ( أَنْصاً ) farthest elative (m.)

وَجَاءً رَجُلُ مِّنُ أَقْصًا الْهَدِيْنَةِ يَسْعَى

And there came a man from the farthest part of the city, running. [28:20]

الستجدالأفضا

The farthest mosque (at Jerusalem) [17:1]

further elative (f.)

وَهُمُ مِالْمُنْ وَإِلْفُتُوا الْمُنْ وَالْمُنْ الْمُنْ وَالْمُنْ وَالْمُلِمُ وَالْمُنْ وَالْمُولِ وَالْمُنْ وَالْمُلْعِلْ وَالْمُلْعِ وَالْمُنْ وَالْمُنْ و

And they were on the further side (or yonder side—Jid.).
[8:42]

ق مض ب ★

vegetables (n.) acc. trefoil, clover

( perf. Ist. p. plu.) خفنینا < we decreed

قَعْنَىٰ ـ إِلَىٰ ، عَلَىٰ ، عَلَىٰ ، عَلَىٰ اللهُ ، عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَىٰ اللهُ عَلَى

- بَيْنَ to judge

النَّ تَبَكَ يَعْضِي بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْعِيمَةِ

Verily thine Lord shall judge between them on the Day of Resurrection. [10:93]

< ~ decrees (2)

to decree, decide acc. - -

وَاللَّهُ يَقْضِىٰ بِالْحَقِّ

Allah decreeth with the truth. [40:20]

in order that~may (el.) يَقْضِى decree

لِيَقْضِى اللهُ آمَرًا كَانَ مَغُعُولًا

In order that Allah may decree an affair (already) enacted (i.e., decreed to be done.) [8:42]

to make an end (3) (fd. el.)

وتأدوا ينظف ليقض مكينا رتبك

And they will cry! O keeper! Let thy Lord make an end of us. [43:77]

to perform (4)

perform (gen. fd.)

حَلَجَةُ إِنْ نَغْسِ يَعْتُونِ تَضْمَا

It was only a craving in the heart of Ya'qub that he satisfied. [12:68]

to bring an end (3) (i.e., to kill)

فَوْكُونَا أَنُولَى فَقَضَى عَلَيْهِ

So Musa struck him with his fist, and an end of him.

[28:15]

to fulfil (4) to perform (5)

فَينْهُ وَمِّنْ قَضَى غَنْبَهُ

Some of them have performed their vow. [33:23]

to decide, (6) to give a judgement

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou decidest

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) المنتبث I fulfilled

they performed (perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) ye performed (1)

فَاذَاقَضَيْتُ الصَّالُوةَ

And when ye have performed the prayer. [4:103]

to complete (2)

فاذاقف يتومنا وكلخ

Then when ye have completed your rites. [2:200] (3 p. f. sing.) pp. مُفِيَّتُ ~is completed (or finished)

(3 p. m. sing.) el. pip. لِقَعْنَى may be fulfilled (1)

### شُمَّيَعُكُوْفِيْهِ لِيُقْضَى آجَلُ أُمَعَى

Then He raiseth you therein that there be fulfilled the term allotted. [6:60]

to be finished (2)

وَلَاتَعْجُلْ بِالْقُرَّالِ مِنْ مَّبْلِ أَنْ يُقُضَّى اِلَيْكَ وَحْيُهُ

And hasten thee not with the Qur'an before there is finished the revelation thereof. [20:114]

be decreed (3)

وَالَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوالَهُ وُنَازُجَهَنَّوُ لَائِينُطٰى عَلَيْهِمْ فَيَهُوْتُوْا

And those who disbelieve for them shall be Hell fire. It shall not be decreed to them that they should die. [35:36]

(pic. pac. m. sing.) acc.
a decided or decreed
(thing)

ق ط ر 🖈 قِطْرٌ ( قِطْرًا ) (n.)

moten brass, copper

#### كَلَّالْتَايَقُضِ مَأَأْمَرَهُ

By no means. He performed not that which He commanded him. [80:23]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) thou shall decree

يَقْضُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) يَقْضُونَ they decree

لاَ يَقْمُونَ they decree not

المِعْصُولَا (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) el. المِعْصُولَا let them complete or end

Thereafter let them end (or complete) their unkemptness. [22:29]

(perate m. sing.) اقْضِ decree (thou)!

اقَصْنُوا (perate, m. plu.) اقْصَنُوا decree (you)!

أحني (act. pic. m. sing.) one who decreeth

(or issues an ordinance)

ending (act. pic. f. sing.) الْقَاصِنَيةُ

يلائتها كانت الفاضية

Oh would that it had been the ending. [69:27]

لَّهُنِيَ p.m. sing.) pp. وَهُنِيَ مُنع decreed

يَنِ - < ~ is decided acc.~is completed وملعنا

we cut off (2) (i. e., we destroyed)

وَقَطَعْنَاكَا إِرَ الَّذِينَ كُذَّ نُوابِالْيَتِنَا

We utterly cut off those who belied our signs. [7:72]

separate, sever (3)

لتقلقظعنا منه الوينن

And then We severed his lifevein. [69:46]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)acc. that he cut off

وَيُومِيُواللّٰهُ أَنْ يُحِقَّ الْحَقَّ بِعِللتِهِ وَيَقْلَعَ دَابِرَالْكُفِويُنَ

And Allah willed that He should cause the truth to triumph by His words and cut off the root of the disbelievers. [8:7]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) el. that he may cut off, let him cut

إِيعْظَعَ طَوْقًا مِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفُرُوا

That he may cut off a portion of those who disbelieve. [3:127]

الِيَقْطَعْ (perate. 3 p.) لَيَقْطَعْ فَلْمِنظُورُ الْمُؤْلِدُ الْمُؤْلِدُ فَلْمُنظُورُ

Let him cut it (the cord) and let him see. [22:15]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَقْطَعُوْنَ they sever (1)

liquid pitch (n.)

فِطْرَ انْ ة م تره

<sides, regions (n. p.) أَفْطَارُ </p>
(sing.) side أَفْطَارُ

ق ط ط ★

خَيِّلْ لَنَاقِطُنَا Hasten our portion. [38:16]

قطع ★

قَطَعْتُمُ (perf. 2 p. m. plu.) وَعَطَعْتُمُ (ye cut down (1) وَعَطَعَ يَعْطُعُ قَطْمًا (ف)

- (1) to cut, cut off, separate, turn aside عَنْ
- (2) to cause to perish, 5-death
- الطريق to carry on a robbery on a highway
- in order to hurt passers through, to close the means

مَاقَطَعْتُونِ لِيْنَاةِ

Whatsoever fine palms ye cut down. [59:5] قعلَّعْنَا

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) meta. we divided (2)

وَقَطَعُنُهُمُ النَّفَقَى عَشَرَةَ ٱسْبَاطًا أُمِّنًا

We divided them into twelve tribes (nations). [7:160]

we sundered (3)

وتظعنهم فيالكرض أسكا

And We have sundered them in the earth as (separate) nations. [7:168]

acc. ii f.d. مُقَطِّعُونًا (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)

ye sever

فَعَلِّعَنَّ pl. ii

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) surely I shall cut off

قُطْمَتْ (3 p. f. sing.) pp ii قُطْمَتْ is torn asunder (1)

وَلَوَاتَنَ قُوْاْنَالُسَيِّرَتْ بِهِ الْمِعِمَالُ اَدْفُوْلَمَتْ بِهِ الْاَدْشُ

Had it been possible for a recital (Quran) to cause the mountains to move or the earth to be torn asunder. [13:31]

Note: The word in this verse means not proper name of the Holy Book, Therefore it is translated by 'racital' Pic. has chosen the word a lecture while Jid. used the 'Quran' with an indefinite article 'a'.

وَ يَقْطَعُونَ مِنَا أَمْوَاللَّهُ يَهِ أَنْ يُحْصَلَ

And they sever that which Allah hath commanded to be joined. [2:27]

they cross (2)

وَلَا يَقْطَعُونَ وَادِيّا

And they cross not a valley.
[9:121]

ye rob (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَعْطَعُونَ

وَتَقْطَعُونَ السَّمِيْلَ

And ye rob the highway.

[29:29]

cut off! (perate. m. plu.)

(3 p. m. plu.) pp.

تعلق

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii < cut in pieces

نَطَّعَ

to cut into ii قَطْمَ تَعْطِيعًا pieces, to cut off entirely or into many pieces, to mangle, to tear

to sever (1)

نقتظع آختآء كمنو

So that it cut their bowls in to pieces. [47:15] mangleth (Jid.)

tearetethPic.)

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) ii they (f.) cut off تَعَلَّمْنَ

dicative of perfect tense.

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) v مُعَلِّمَتُ severed

وتقطعت يعم الاشباب

And the severed between them shall be the cords. (Jid.) [2:166]

(i.e., and all their aims collapse with them (Pic.)

they have broken (into pieces, i.e., they have divided themselves)

a part (n. p.)

بِقِطْعِ مِّنَ الْيُلِ

~Part of the night. [15:65]

According to some commentaters quoted by IK signifies the first part of the night.

< a part of the night (n) (towards morning)

قَطِيْعٌ (sing.)

According to Rgh. that means a folk or cattle, applied to all kind of groups, phural مُعْمَدُ made on the measure of مُرْمَدُ and of which singular is مَرْمُعُ and مَرْمُعُ respectively.

to be cut out (2)

قُطِعَتْ لَهُ وَثِيَاكُ مِنْ نَادٍ

Garments of fire will be (lit. is) cut out for them.

[22:19]

(3 p.m. sing.) pip. ii

∼are cut off

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v < become severed (1)

to cut off किंबीं के किंबी

(perf. Ist f. sing.) acc.

(as R. F.) to sever or become severed

لَقَدُ تُقَطَّعَ بَيْكُمُ

Verily (the bond) is severed between you. [6:94]

to be torn to pieces (2)

إِلَّا آنَ تَقَطَّعَ قُلُونُهُمْ

Unless their hearts are torn to pieces. [9:110]

in this verse is taken by grammarians as (imperf 3 p. f. sing.) of which prefixed has been dropped. Thus instead of

it is read المُعَلَّمُ it is read المُعَلِّمُ it is read المُعَلِّمُ is changed to المُعَلِّمُ due to the preceding if as in-

خَصَدَ يَغْعُدُ قُمُوْداً وَ مَغْصَداً (ن)
 to sit down, to remain behind
 to lie in wait for لــ
 to remain unmoved ــ
 عَنْ ــ
 to desist, abstain, ــ
 عَنْ ــ

وَقَعَدَ الَّذِيْنِ كُذَبُوا اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ

And those who had lied unto Allah and his messenger sat (at home). [9:90]

( perf. 3 p. m. plu.) الْمَدُوْ ( remained (or sat at home) (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. الْمَدُدُّ (imperf. 1st p. plu.) الْمَدُدُّ (percte. neg. m. sing ) الْمَدُدُّ (percte. neg. m. sing ) الْمَدُدُّ (percte. neg. m. plu.) الْمَدُدُّ (percte. neg. m. plu.)

sit not (you)!

epl. نُحُدُنَّ (.mperf. Ist. p.m. sing

(imperf. Ist. p.m. sing.) verily I shall beset

قَالَ فَهِمَّا لَغُويُنَّتِنِي لَاَقُعُدَّنَ لَهُ وَمِرَاطَكَ الْمُسْتَقِيمُ

He (Iblis) said: because Thou hast sent me astray, verily I shall beset for them Thy straight path (Jid.). I shall lurk in ambush (Pic.).

[7:16]

sit ye! (perate. m. plu.) افْعُدُوْا

the state of siting (1) (v.n.) (i.e., when they sit at)

تِطَعًامِّنَ الْيُلِ مُظْلِمًا

pieces of darkest' night.

[10:27]

tracks (Pic.) (2) regions (Jid.)

وَ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَظَلَّ مُنتَاجُورُكُ

And in the earth are regions neighbouring. [13:4]

(act. pic. f. sing.) قَاطِعَةُ one who decides

مَاكُنْتُ تَاطِعَةُ آمُرًاحَتَى تَشْهَدُونِ

I decide no case till ye are present with me. [27:32]

( pas. pic. m. sing.) مُقْطُوعٌ SS cut off, severed

(pas. pic. f. sing.) مُقْطُوْعَهُ out of reach

قطف ★

خَطُوُّ فُ clusters (n. p.)

قِطْفٌ (sing.)

ق طم ر

قِطْمِيْرُ (n.) date-stone

ق ع د ★

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَعَدَ ∼sat وَالْقَوَاعِدُ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ الْمِنْ لَا يَرْجُوْنَ نِكَاحًا

As for women past childbearing (age) who have no hope of marriage. [24:60]

<sitting place, n.pt. مُفْعَدُ</p>

seats, sitting places n. pt. مُقَاعِدُ (sing) مُقَعَدُ <

قع ر ★

(Ap-der. m. sing.) viii مُفْعِرُ <uprooted one

to be vii انْقَعَرَ انْقِعاراً uprooted, cut off by the root, to fall prostrate

< فَعَرَ يَقْعَرُ قَعْرُ أَوْفٍ </p>
to dig deep

ق ف ل ★

<locks (n. p.) گُفْاًلُّ أَنْفَالُّ الْمُعْمَالُ الْمُعْمِعِيمُ الْمُعْمَالُ الْمُعْمَالُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمَالُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعِ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعِيمُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعِمِعِ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعِيمُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعِ الْمُعْمِعِ الْمِعْمِعِ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعِمِعِ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعُ الْمُعْمِعِ الْمُعْمِعِ الْمُعْمِعِ الْمِعِمِ الْمُعِمِعِ الْمُعِمِعِ الْمُعِمِعِ الْمُعْمِعِ الْمُعْمِعِ الْمُعْمِعِ الْمُعْمِعِ الْمُعِمِعِ الْمُعِمِعِ الْمُعْمِعِ الْمُعِمِ الْمُعِمِ الْمُعِمِعِ الْمُعِمِعِ الْمُعِمِ عِلَمِ الْمُع

قُعُلُ '' (sing.)

ق ف و ★

(perate. neg. m. sing.)

قَمَا كَمُفُو قَفُوا وَ قُفُوا (ن)

to go after SS, to walk behind one, follow in the track of

إِذْ هُمْ عَلَيْهَا قُعُودُ

When they sat by it [85:6] sitting (2)

المَنِيْنَ يَدْكُونَ اللَّهَ قِيَامًا وَقُعُودًا

Those who remember Allah standing and sitting.
[3:191]

sitting i.e., (3) remaining behind, unmoved

إِنَّكُوْرَضِينُهُمْ إِلْقُنْعُودِ أَوْلَ

مَرَّةٍ فَأَقْعُدُوْامَعَ الْخَلِفِيْنَ were content with sitt

Ye were content with sitting still the first time. So sit still with those who stay behind. [9:83]

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. أَعِداً sitting one acc. الْقَاعِدُونَ ، الْقَاعِدُونَ ، الْقَاعِدِيْنَ

acc. اَلْقَاعِدُوْنَ ، الْقَاعِدِيْنَ (act. pic. m. plu.) sitting ones

(act. pic. m. sing.) فَعِيْدُ seated one

الْفَوَاعِدُ (n.p.) foundation (1)

وَإِذْ يَرُفَعُ إِبْرَاهِمُ الْقَوَاعِدَينَ الْبَيْتِ وَلِسْلِعِيْلُ

And (recall when) Ibrahim and Ismail were raising the foundations of the House. [2:127]

women who are past (2) child-bearing age

OTT

raised difficulties for thee.) (Pic.) [9:48]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii
~turns (1)

#### يُقِلِبُ اللهُ اللَّهُ وَالنَّهَارَ

Allah turneth the night and the day (over and over) (i.e., maketh succeeding). [24:44]

(a proverb) مَلَّبَ كَفَيْد (2)

lit. he turned his plams over
i.e., he is in an extreme
anguish or showing his
helplessness with grief and
embarressment

### فَأَضَبَعَ يُقَلِّبُ كُلَّيْهِ عَلَيْمًا أَنْفُقَ

Then he began wringing the plams of his hands over that which he had expended thereon. [18:42]

(imperf. 1st p. plu.) we (shall) turn aside (1)

وُنُقَلِّبُ اَنْدِتَهُمْ وَابْصَارِهُمُ

And We shall turn aside their hearts and their eyesights [6:110]

to turn over (2)

وَثُقَلِّهُمُ مُ ذَاتَ الْيَوِيْنِ وَذَاتَ النَّمَالِ

And We turned them over on the right side and on the left side. [18:18]

وَلِانَعَفُ مَالَيْسَ لِكَ بِهِ عِلْوُ

(O man) follow not that whercof thou hast no knowledge. [17:36]

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) ii we caused~to follow هَيْناً \_ بِ

وَتَكَيْنَا عَلَىٰ اللَّهِمُ إِحِيدُ تَحَابُنِ مَرْيَهُم

And we caused Isa son of Maryam to follow in their footsteps. [5:46]

ق ل ب ★

(2 p. m. plu.) pip. <ye will be turned

e will be turned قَلَبَ يَقْلِبُ قَلْماً (ض)

to turn round, turn about, turn up (ward), upturn, to turn, face up or face down

يُعَذِّبُ مَنْ يَنَا أُوْرِيرَ مُهُنَّ يَشَاءُ وَالْمُوتُ عُلَّدُونَ

He punisheth whom He will, and showeth mercy unto whom He will and unto Him ye will be turned.

[29:21]

(perf. 3 p. m. phu.) ii < they turned upside

as R.F. to turn, مُثَّبَ تَعْلِيْهُا turn over, face up or down

وَقَلَّهُ وَالْكَ الْأَثُورَ

And they turned the affairs upside down (i.e., they وَإِنْ أَصَابَتُهُ فِئْتُنَةُ لِنُعَلَبَ عَلَى وَجُعِهِ

And if there befalleth him a trial, he turneth round on his face. [22:11]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) vii القَلَبُوا they returned

فانقلكؤا بزعمة من الله وفضل

They then returned with the favour from Allah and His grace. [3:174]

(perf. 2 p. m plu.) vii

انْقَلَبُتُوْعَلَىٰ آغْقَابِكُوْ

Ye turned round on your heels. [3:144]

JI - < ye returned

سَيَحْلِفُوْنَ بِاللَّهِ لَكُمْ إِذَا انْقَلَبْتُو إِلَيْهِ

They will indeed swear unto you by Allah when ye return to them. [9:95]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii يُنْقَلِبُ turns round

الكالتعكومن يتبه الزشل وتتن تنقلب على عِعبيثه

(It was) only that We might know him who followeth the messenger, from him who turneth on his heels. [2:143]

وَيَنْقَلِكِ إِلَّ آهُلِهِ مَنْدُوْرًا

And will return to his folk in joy. [84:9]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

~ will be turned over to be turned over v مُقَلَّبَ تَقَلَّبًا حَمْدًا

turning (1) (v.n.)

تَدْنَزُى تَعَلُّبَ وَجُولِكَ فِي السَّمَلَةِ

We have seen the turning of thy face to heaven (i.e., looking up for a revelation). [2:144]

to go to and fro (2)

أَوْيَاخُذَاهُمْ فِي تَقَتَّلِّيهِمْ

Or that he (will not) take hold of them in their going to and fro. [16:46]

movement (3)

وتعلبك في الشجدين

And thy movement among those who fall prostrate, [26:219]

moving to and fro (4)

لَا يَغُزَّلُكَ تَعَلَّمُ الَّذِينَ كَغَرُوا فِي الْبِكَاكِ

Let not beguile (or deceive) thee the moving to and fro of those who disbelieve, in the cities (or countries).

[3:196]

(n. pt.)

the place of turmoil

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) vii خَلَبَ < ~turned round

to be turned, vii انْقَلَبُ انْقِلاً to be turned round/over/ about, to return

(Note: القلائد is plural of that means, a necklace or what is put upon the neck of an animal that is brought as offering to Makkah for sacrifice (LL). It is also applied to an animal which is made to wear a garland. The word as a description of such animals is used to intensify respect for them because they bear a clear mark showing that they are meant to be sacrificed. The respect for them means that they should neither be hurt nor be held up aggressively (Nadwi).

«keys n. ints. مُعَالِيْدُ
 «keys n. ints»
 «خاط»
 مِقْلَادُ (sing.)

ق لع ★

(perate. f. sing.) iv.

<cease!

to set sail iv اُقْلَعَ إِقْلَاعًا (ship), to take off aeroplane

lit. to abstain, refrain, give up الإقلاع means وَ الْإِقْلاعُ الإِمْسَاكُ

to check, to stop, to seize (Zr.)

will never return will return (juss.) (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) vii they would return that they may return f.d. (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) f.d. that ye may return (n. pt.) vii place of termoil, reverse (Ap-der. m. plu.) those who will be returning قَلْتُ / الْقَلْتُ (n.) heart two hearts (n. dual) قُلُوبُ / الْقُلُوبُ hearts (n. p.) < lit. necklaces (n, p.)

خَلَرْتُدُ (n.p.) مَلَادَةُ (sing.) مَلَادَةُ (sing.) مَلَّادَةُ مَلْدًا (منر) مَلَّادُ مَلْدًا (منر)

to twist, wind (one thing on another)

C.R the (victims with garlands)

> لَاشِّتُوا شَعَا بِرَاللهِ وَلَا الشَّهْرَ لَحَوَامَ وَلَا الْعَدُى : ذَلَا الْتَلَالِيَ

Profane not the signs of Allah nor the sacred months, nor the offerings, nor the victims with garlands. [5:2] (w. v.) 🛨 ت ال

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

to hate, (نَّ مَفْلُوْ قِلَقَ (فَ detest

مَا وَذَعَكَ رَبُكَ وَمَا شَلَّ

Thy Lord hath not forsaken thee nor doeth He hate thee. [93:31

(act. pic. m. plu.) اَلْفَالِيْنَ those who hate

قَلَ إِنَّ لِعَمَلِكُ وُمِّنَ الْقَالِيْنَ

He said: verily I am of those who hate your work.

[26:168]

\* 213

(pis. pic. m. plu.) كَانُونَ those who are stiff-necked
to raise the iv أَفْتَ إِفْاَحاً
head and refuse to drink
(camel)

head is forced up so that

إِثَّاجَعَلْنَا فِيَ آغَنَا تِهِمْ أَغْلَلُافِينَ اِلْهَالْدُقُولِ فَهُوْمُثُنَّدُونَ

Verily We have placed on their necks shackles, which is upto their chins, so that their heads are forced up. [36:8] (assim. r.) ★ J J 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~ became small or little قَلَّ مَقَلُ قَلاً وَ قِلَةً (ض)

to be of small number or quantity, be scarce, happen rarely

مِتَاقَلَ مِنْهُ أَوْ كُنُّوَ

Weather it be little or much. [4:7]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii < ~lessened

مَثَّلَ يُقَلِّلُ تَقْلِلُا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ

to make little, diminish, lessen

to bear, iv. اُقَلَّ إِقْلَالًا to carry

(act.2 pic. m. sing.) acc. قَلْبُلُو / قَلْبُلُو /

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.) little, small

أَلِلُونَ (act. 2 pic. m. plu.) وَلِلْوُنَ little or small ones

less than (ints.) أَفَلَ (or much less than)~

ق ل م ★

a/the, pen (n.) عَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ

قلم (sing.)

> قَنَتَ يَفْنُتُ قُنُونًا (ن)

to be obedient fully and whole-heartedly, to be devout without failing.

وَمَنْ يَقَنُتُ مِنْكُنَّ لِلهِ وَرَسُولِهِ

And whosoever of you shall be obedient unto Allah and His Massenger.

[33:31]

أَنْتِينَ (perate. f. sing.) be obedient

يْمَرْيَتُمُ اقْلَيْنَ لِرَيْنِكِ

O' Maryam! be devout unto Thy Lord. [3:43]

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. قَانِتُ ، قَانِتُ ، قَانِتُ a devout one

َاٰنِتُوْنَ | قَانِتِيْنَ acc. اَنِتُوْنَ | قَانِتِيْنَ acc. pic. m. plu.)

devout ones

(act. pic. f. plu.) قانتاڭ devout or obedient (women)

ق ن ط ★

(imperf. 3. p.m. plu.) اوا

(كَفْتَطُ) وَ قَعَلَ تَفْتَكُو كُنَّ طَا

فَعَلَا مَعْنُعُلُ (ن،ف،س)

to despair, lose courage

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُعْبَعُلُ despairs

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مُنْطُونُ لَ they despair ق م د ★

الْقَمَرُ / قَرَا (n.) the/a moon

ق م ص ★

a shirt (n.) قَيْصُ

ق م ط د

distressful (n.) acc. آراً

ق مع ★

maces (n. ints.) تقامِعُ

مَنْمَعَةُ sing.) a mace

as an iron rod or pillar, rod for beating on the head

> فَعَ بَغْمَعُ فَثَّا (ف)

to beat on the head, subdue, to tame

ق م ل \*

vermin (n.)

lit. lice or small insects that infest plants, small ants, locusts without wings

ق ن ت ★

juss. يَقْنُتُ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~is/shall be, obedient (w. v.)

ق ن ی 🖈

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv ~preserved

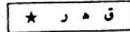
to preserve | حَأَثَىٰ إِثْنَاءًا <br/>to content (Pic.)

to make some one satisfied with a given thing (Muj.—Lis.)

وَانَّهُ هُوَاغَنَّى وَاقْتَىٰ

And that it is He who enriches and contenteth.

[53:48]



(perate, neg. m. sing.)

> فَهِزَ يَقْهَرُ فَهْزًا (ف)

to oppress, compel SS against his wishes, to subdue, overcome, to force

فَأَمَّا الْبَيَتِيْءَ فَلَا تَعْهُرُ

Wherefore as to the orphan, be thou not (unto him) overbearing. (Jid.) oppress not (Pic. & M.A.). [93:9]

(According to Islam the carelessness in regard to orphans is similar to their oppression.)

(act. pic. m. sing.)
the supreme, the master

(perate. neg. m. plu.) الأَ تَعْنَطُونا (O you) dispair not

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. الْقَانِطِيْنِ those who despair

أَنُوطُ despairing (one) (ints.)

ق ن ع 🖈

(act. pic. m. sing.)
one who is deserving charity
but does not beg

قَعَ بَفْنَعُ قَاعَةً (ف)

to be content, be satisfied with what is within his approach, not looking for more, to beg with some reservation. (Rgh.) (Muj.)

وَٱظْعِمُواالْقَائِعَ وَالْمُحْتَرَ

And feed the contented and suppliants. [22:36]

acc. مُقْنِعَانِنَ <iv n. d.

(Ap-dcr. m. plu.) those who raise (head)

to raise كَأَثْمَ إِثْنَاعًا <

مُهُطِعِيْنَ مُغْنِينُ رُوُوسِهِمْ

(As they came) hurrying on in fear, their heads upraised. [14:43]

ق ن و ★

cluster of dates (n. d.) يُوْانُ (sing.) مُنْوُءٌ، يَنْوُ

(Ap-der. m. sing.) acc. iv. protector (Muj.) controller (Jid.) observer (Ik.)

(dual n.) (gen.) <two bows

قَوْسُ (sing.)

قاعاً plain (n.) acc.

< plains, deserts (n. p.)

قاع (sing.)

According to same lexiconists is a synonimous to others observed it, as plural of see (Muj.)

> ق (w.v.)

> > قال

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~said

> قَالَ مَقُوْلُ قَوْلاً وَ مَقَالَةً (ن)

to speak, say, to inspire, to indicate (this verb with all its form has accurred 1730 times in the H.O.

Ì٤ (perf. 3 p.m. dual.) the twain said

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) she (it) said

وَهُوَالْقَاهِرُنُونَ عِبَادِهِ

He is the Supreme above His creatures. [6:18]

(act. pic. m. plu.) the Masters

دَ إِنَّانَهُ تَهُوٰ تُهُوُفُنَ

(Firawn said) We are Masters over them! [7:127]

the Subduer (ints.)

القيآد (i.e., the Subduer of His creatures by His sovereign authority and power and the Disposer of them as He pleaseth, with and against their will. - (Jid.)

(one of the Excellant names of Allah)

a small distance, short (n.) span (betwean the middle and the end of bow (Hw.) one end of a bow (Muj.)

Till he was at two bows length off or yet nearer.

[53:9]

< sustenances (n. p.)

lit. food (sing)

say not (perate. neg.) الْمُ تَعَلَّىٰ الْمُورِ (imperf. 3 p.m. dual) (fd.) الْمُعَادِّينَ	(perf. 3 p. f. dual.) 山間
يَقُولُو (fd.) مَقُولُونَ that they (twain) say	(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) عُلْتَ thou said
(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they will say/they say	I said (perf. 1st. p. sing.) قُلْتُ (Note: the forms for perfect
ye say(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَقُولُونَ	tense (past tense) are to be translated as if they were
تَمُوْلاً say! (perate. m. sing.)	of future tense when the contents are related to the hereafter.)
(perate. m. dual) اُوُلُوْلُا (ye twain) say	أوًا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.)
(perate. f. sing.) وُولِيْ say (thou f.)	(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) مُلْنَ they (f.) said
ye say (perate m. plu.) مُوْلُوا	(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) عُلْمُ ye said
ye (f) say (perate f. plu.)	we said (perf. Ist. p. plu.)
(3 p. m. sing.) pp. عَيْلَ is said, told (1)	(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) مُغُوِّلُ asays, speakes
CR. will be said	بِقُوْلَ (acc.) that he may say
وَإِذَاقِيْلَ لَهُوْ لَاتُنْسِدُوا And when it is said to them	he may say,(juss.) يُقُلُ
make no mischief. [2:11] saying (2) as verbal noun: ( قَوْلاً means _ تَبْلاً )	(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) epl. لَبُغُونُانَ verily he will have to say, he surely will say, he should say
وَمَنَ أَصَدَقُ مِنَ اللَّهِ تِيلًا And who can be more truth-	(imper. 2 p. m. sing.) مُقُوِّلُ thou speaks
ful than Allah in saying.	that thou may say acc. تَقُوْلَ
[4:122] كَقِيْلُهُ لِمُرَبِّ	with neg. ii(epm.) { مَثُوْلَنَّ اللهُ مَثُوْلَنَّ اللهُ اللهُ مَثُوْلَنَّ اللهُ اللهُ مَثُوْلَنَّ اللهُ ال
And his saying: O my Lord. [43:88]	juss. عملاً

As regards its meaning, it has been used not in a good sense, and has occurred only once in the H.Q.

(act. pic. m. sing.)

قَاطِيْنَ speakers (n.p.) قَاطِيْنَ see ق ى ل

ق و م ★ (۵.۷.)

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) حَامَ حstood up

قَامَ بَثَوْمُ قَوْماً وَ قِبَاصَةً وَ قَوْمَـةً وَ قَامَـةً (نَ)

to raise and stand upright, stand, to stop

Meta. to establish, 31 - to start doing something

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) قَامُوْا they stood up

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) لَيْتُمُ - إِلَىٰ ye raised up

إذا فمتم إلى الصّاوة

When ye rise up for prayer (i.e., when you intend to pray). [5:6]

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) raises (1)

(3 p. m. sing.) pip. is called (1)

يُقَالُ لَهُ إِنزِهِيمُ

He is called Ibrahim. [21:60] is said (2)

مَايُعَالُ لَكَ إِلَّا مَا قَدْ قِيلَ لِلرَّمُولِ

Naught is said unto thee save what was said unto the messengers. [41:43]

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v المَقَوَّلُ <≪fabricated (lies)

to forge v تَقَوَّلَ تَقَوَّلَ saying, fabricate, to spread rumours

to pretend 15-

وَلَوْتَعَوَّلَ عَلَيْنَ الْمَعْضَ الْأَقَاوِيْلَ

And if he (i.e., the holy Prophet) had forged sayings concerning Us. [69:44]

a word, saying, (v.n.) مُوَّلُ الْقَوْلُ الْقَوْلُ الْقَوْلُ الْقَوْلُ الْعَوْلُ الْعَوْلُ الْعَوْلُ الْعَوْلُ

command acc.

(this ward has occurred at 52 places in the H.Q.)

(words, sayings (n. p.) الْأَقَاوِيْلُ (sing.) 
 قَوْلُ اللهِ (sing.) 
 (sing.)

According to some grammarians it is plural of a plural i.e., اَقُوْالُ عَمْمُ الْجُمْمُ الْجُمْمُ الْجُمْمُ

ليتغوم التناش بالعشط

That people might observe equity. [57:25]

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) بَغُوْمَانِ (the twain stand up) they (twain) take place he took (id) قَامَ مَقَامَـٰهُ أَلَّهُ

فَاخْدُن بَعْدُمْن مَقَامَهُمَا

Then two others shall take their places (the places formerly mentioned).

[5:107]

(imperf. 2 p. f. sing.)
arrives (1)

stand fast

acc. مُعْوْمَ

وَيُومُ تَعُومُ السَّاعَةُ

On the day, whereon the Hour arriveth. [30:12,14]

دَمِنُ المِنِهِ أَنْ تَقُوْمُ السَّمَا أُوْدَالْاَدْضُ بِأَمْرِهُ And of His signs is that the heaven and the earth stand fast by His cammand.

[30:25]

let stand up (m.v.d.)
(the middle radical, that is, a
vowel has been dropped)

فَلْتَقُمُ طَلِّهَا أُونِهُمْ مِّعَكَ

Let a party of them stand with thee. [4:102]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) acc. thou standeth (2) ڵڒؘؽڠؙۅٛڡؙٷۯٳڷڒڰٚڵؽڠؙٷ؋ٲڵۏؚؽ يَقَعَظِهُ الشَّيْطُلُ مِنَ الْسَيِّ

They will not rise up save as he araiseth whom Satan hath prostrated by (his) touch. [2:275]

meta. will be set up (2)

أَىٰ يَنْحَقَّقُ وَ يَجِيْنُ مَوْعِدُهُ (IK)

i.e., to be established and arrive at its appointed time

يَوْمَ يَقُوْمُ الْحِسَابُ

On the Day whereon will be set up the reckoning.

[14:41]

will stand forth (3)

وَيَوْمَرِيَقُوْمُ الْأَشْهَادُ

On a day whereon the witnesses will stand forth.

[40:51]

(According to Ik. Zm. when the prophets will be raised up before Allah); the same meaning (stand up) is in verse 78/38 and 83/6.)

to observe -- (4)

أَىْ يَشْبِعُوا الْعَدْلَ وَ بُرَاعُوهُ

فِن مَمَامَلَةِ النَّاسِ 1k.

to follow the justice and regard it in the people's affairs to resurrect, to lift up, elevate, to set up, call into being, to fix, determine, to appoint ( أَنَّمُ العَّلَاءُ ) he established the prayer (not performed, as translated by some non-Arab lexiconists)

### وَاقَامُ الصَّاوَ وَأَنَّ الرُّوعَ

And he establisheth the prayer and giveth the zakah.

[2:177]

أتثن

(Some other translators have preferred other expressions, such as, 'observe formal worship, perform prayers etc.').

to set up right (2)

فُوجَكَا فِيهَاجِكَارًا يُرِيدُانُ يَنْغَضَ فَأَقَامَهُ

Then they (the twain) found therein a wall about to fall down and he set it up right. [18:77]

(parf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv اَقَامُوْا they established (1) to follow the (2) teaching of SS

وَنُوْاَنَّهُمْ أَقَامُواالنَّوْرُيةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ

And had they established Taurat and Injil (i.e., followed the teachings of these Books). [5:66]

ڵڛؙۜڿؚۮ۠ٲؾڛۜۼٙڮٲڷڠڠ۬ڒؽڡۣڽؙ ٱڎٙڸڹۏۄؚٳٙڂؿؙٲڽؙۛؾؘڠؙۊ۫ڡٙڔڣؽؚۅ

The mosque founded from the first day on piety is worthier that thou should stand therein (i.e., to raise up far the prayer, IK).

[9:108]

(imperf. 3 p. m. dual) يُقُوْماَنِ the twain will stand or take place

(imperf. 3 p. m.plu.) يَقُوْمُوْنَ they will stand or they will be raised up (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (fd.)

نَقُوْمُوْ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) (fd.) مُقَوْمُوْ that ye may stand or observe justice

(parate. m. sing.)
(thou) stand up!

(perate. m. plu.) وُمُوا (ye) stand up

stature, (v.n.) ii فُوِيْمُ mould, formation

to set upright ii قُوَّمُ تَقُوِيْمُا د to shape, form

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv <∼established

straighten, straighten out, make correct or right, put in order, to make rise or to make the dead rise,

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أقام

وَانَ اَقِعُورَجُهَكَ لِللَّهِ يُنِ عَنِيمُا

And that keep thy contenance straight toward the religion upright. [10:105]

(perate. m. plu.) iv.

بننوا

(ye) establish ! (1) الشَّلادَة السَّالاة

الدَّنْ (2) follow the teachings

آنُ أَقِيمُو الدِّينَ وَلَا تَتَعَوَّمُوا فِيهِ

That ye establish (i.e. follow the teachings) the religion and be not divided therein. [42:13]

-الْوَزْنَ (3) do perfectly

وَآقِيْمُواالْوَثُنَ بِالْقِسُو

And observe the weight with equity (i.e., weigh correctly). [55;9]

-الشَّمَادَةَ (4) set up

وَأَقِينُوا الشَّهَادَةَ بِلَّهِ

And set up (your) testimony for Allah (i.e., declare your witness clearly). [65:2]

(perate. f. plu.)

أَقِنَ

establish: المُشَلَّرَة

اسْتَقَامُوْا x (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x اسْتَقَامُوْا <they acted straight

to straighten x النَّقَامَ النِّقَامَة up, to rise, get up, stand up, to be or to become straight (by Torah and Injil the original ones are meant and not the so called Old/New Testaments. Jid.)

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv ye established

to observe (3)

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) iv they (twain) observe

وان خِنْتُوْ الديومَ أَحُدُ وَداللهِ

They if ye fear that the twain may not observe the bounds of Allah. [2:229]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv المِيْمُونُ they establish

that they acc. fd. iv. may establish

acc. (f.d.) iv

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)
ye establish (i.e. follow the teachings)

to assign (4) (weight value)

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv meta, we will assign

فَلَانُوْتِيهُ وُلَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْوَيْمَا وَ مَدْنًا

And on the Day of Resurrection We assign no weight to them. [18:105]

(perate. m. sing.) iv (thou) establish (1) ـ الْقَدَّةً

keep straight (2) \_\_ الدِّين

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ون آهل الكثب أمَّةُ كَالْمِنةُ

Of the people of the Book there is a community steadfast. [3:113]

standing (2)

وَامُوَاتُهُ قَالِيمَةٌ

And his wife was standing.
[11:71]

that arises (3)

وَمَا أَظُنُّ النَّاعَةَ ظَامِهَ

And I deem not that the Hour will (ever) arise.

[41:50]

(b. plu, of مُعَامِّمُ ) (standing (1)

فَإِذَا هُمْ قِيَا أُرْيَنْظُوُونَ

And Lo! They will be standing, looking on. [39:68]

to stand (v.n.) (2)
verbal noun of وَأَوَ

ذَمَا اسْتَطَاعُوْا مِنْ وَيَأْمِر So they were not able to stand. [51:45]

livelihood, pro- (n.) (3) perty, maintenance

وَلَا تُؤْتُواالسُّغَمَّا مَا المُّوَالكُوُّالَّقِيُّ جَعَلَ اللهُ لَ**كُوْقِ**يْمًا

And give not unto the weakwitted the wealth of yours which Allah made a stay (i.e., meant to make the life staud by it). [4:5] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc. x keeps straight

بسييم

لِمَنُ شَاءً مِنْكُوْ أَنْ يَسُتَوتِهُ

Unto whosoever of you willeth to walk (or keep himself) straight. [81:28]

(perate. m. sing.) x (thou) be straight or keep (thyself) straight

(perate. m. dual) اسْتَقِيمًا (you twain) be straight

(ye) be straight, act straight

(pis. pic. m. sing.) (R.F.)
one who stands standing

المِنْطِ مرد. والمِنْطِ مرد. مالمِنْطِ مرد. مالمِنْطِ مرد. مالمِنْطِ مرد. مالمِنْطِ مردد المردد الم

(act. pic. m. plu.) وَأَعُونَ those who stand up (firmly)

وَالَّذِيْنَ هُوْ بِيَنَا هُلَ تِهِمُ قَالِمُوْنَ And those who stand firm in their testimonies. [70:33]

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. الْقَا كِيْنَ those who stand (i.e., in their prayers)

(act. pic. f. sing.)

<those who act (1)
firmely (steadfast)
as an adjective

for a (nation)

وَلِمَنْ خَاتَ مَقَامَ دَيٍّ جَنَانِ

But for him who feareth the standing before his Lord there are two gardens.

[55:46]

(according to same commentators such as Qurtabi, ZR., and IK. signifiles the dignity of divinty of Allah, thus the verse means: who dreades the divinity of Allah will be given two gardens.)

divnity (3)

عَلَى أَنْ يَبْعَكَ رَبُّكِ مَقَامًا عَمْدُودًا

Belike Thy Lord will raise thee up in a dignity praised. [17:79]

standing forth, (4) staying

إِنْ كَانَ كُبُرَعَلَيْكُوْمَتَقَامِيْ

If my stay (among you) become hard upon you.

[10:71]

(v. mim.)

place (1)

أأهل يأرب لامقام للغوفانجفوا

O inhabitants of Yathrib there is no place for you. So return. [33:13]

station. n. pt. (2)

source of (n.) (4) maintenance

جَعَلَ اللهُ الكُعْبَةَ الْبَيْتَ الْحَوَامَ فِيمُ الْلِنَاسِ

Allah hath made the Ka'ba the Sacred House, a maintenance for mankind. (IK., Zr.) [5:97]

خَوَّا أَمُوْنَ (ints. n.) فَوَّا أَمُوْنَ (sing. / فَوَّا أَمُّ

التعك تواون على التساء

Men are overseers over women. [4:34]

maintainers (2) acc.

كونوا قوين بالوشط

Be ye maintainers of justice.
[4:135]

the sustainer (ints.)

(who makes others sustainined: one of the Excellant names of the Almighty Allah)

(elative.)

more confirmatory

a place where (1) (n. pt.)
one stands

والخينة اون مكامرا بزجم مكل

And (We said) take the spot of Ibrahim for a place of prayer. [2:125]

standing place (2)

ولكالتين العكام

And that is the right religion. [9:36]

(Ap-der. f.)

lasting one, eternal

ينقاكُنُبُ تَيْمَـهُ \*

Wherein are discourses eternal. [98:3]

نَمُّ < right (n.) فَبَيْمُ

دِينًا قِيمًا مِلْهَ إِرْهِيمَ حَنِيعًا

A right religion, the faith of Ibrahim the upright.

[6:161]

إقام

<establishment (v.n) iv

أَقَامَ إِنَّامَ الْ

وَا وُحَيِدُنَّا لَايُعِمْ فِعُلَ الْغَيْرُتِ وَإِقَامُ الصَّاوَةِ

And We revealed unto them the doing of good deeds and the establishment of prayer. [21:73]

stopping, staying v.n. Lisi

And day of your stopping. وَ يَوْمَ إِقَامَتِكُمُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّالَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللّ

judgement, resurrection(n.) الْقِيَامَةُ (at 70 places)

فَوَّمٌ ، الْقَوْمُ (n.) group, people (men only) (1)

(at 260) places)

إنهاساءت مستقرار مقاما

Verily ill it is as an abode and as a station. [25:66]

place, abode (n. f.)

مُقَامَةٌ

الَّذِي آحَلَنا دَارَالُهُ قَامَةِ مِنْ فَضَلِهِ

Who hath, through His grace, lodged us in the abode of permanence. [35:35]

(Ap-der m. sing.) iv right, lasting one

مقيم

وكفوعناك معيدك

And for them is a torment lasting, [5:37]

right (2)

وَإِنَّهَالِبَهِينِيلِ ثُمِّقِيمُ

And it was in the right way. [15:76]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv الْمُقِينِينَ / الْمُقِينِينَ / الْمُقِينِينَ

والطبين على مَّالصَابَهُمُ وَالْمُقِيْمِي الصَّاحَة

And who patiently endure that which befalleth them and those who establish the prayer. [22:35]

وَالْمُعِيْمِينَ الصَّالُوةَ وَالْمُؤْتُونَ الزَّكُوةَ

And the establishers of the prayer and the givers of zakah. [4:162]

lasting one, right (Ap-der.)

الغيم

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DIA

< bcaten (2)

a straight, smooth, much walked path

آخَنُ يَّبَشِّى سَوِيَّاعَلَ صِرَاطٍ مُسَتَقِيَّهِ (Is he~more guided) or he who walketh upright on a beaten road. [67:22]

ق و ی ★ (w. v.)

أ (n.) (the power (1) (n.) فَوِى َ يَغُولٰى فُوَّةً (س)

to be or become strong, powerful, vigorous, forceful

اَتَّ الْقُوَّةُ بِلَهِ جَبِيْمَا That verily power belonged wholly unto Allah. [2:165]

strength (2)

خُنُدُوْلُمَآالَیَنکُوٰیکُوَّةِ old fast (with stre

Hold fast (with strength) what We have given you [2:63]

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غوَّةً (sing.)

مَّلْمَهُ شَدِينِدُ الْقُوْى One of mighty powers hath taught him. [53:5]

taught him. [53:5]

(Ap-der. m. sing.)

strong strengthful

acc.

ؽٙٳؿۿٵڷێڔؿڹٵڡٮؙۏٳڵٳۺڂڒڣٙۅؙۿۜٷؿؙٷۼۼڡٙؽ ڶؿڲٷڹؙۅٳڂؿٷٳۺڣؙٛؗٛؗڞۄؘڵٳڛ۬ٵٚ؞ٛۺؽێؠۜٵٚؠۼؽٙؽ ٲڽؿڲٷڹۅؙڂؿٷٳۺڣؙڰڿۘڋٳۺ۫ۿؿ

O ye who believe! let not (one) group scoff at (another) group, belike they may be better than they are, nor let (some) women scoff at other women, belike they may be better than they are. [49:11]

people, group, men (2) including women

( قَوْمِيْ .e., قَوْمِ )

(the kasra replaced the dropped 3)

لِعَوْمِ الْكُرْطَلَنْكُمْ آنْتُكُمْ

O my people ye have verily wronged your souls.

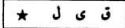
[2:54]

(the word where related to a prophet means his people or nation to whom he was sent)

(Ap-der. m. sing.) x right, straight, (1) righteous, upright, well constituted

إخدنأالقِبراطالهُ تَعِينِ

Guide us Thou unto the path straight! [1:5] المفتقيم



(act. pic. m. plu.)

those who sleep at midday قَالَ يَقَيْلُ قَيْلُوْلَةً (ض

to sleep in the middle of the

نَجَآءَمَا بَأَسُنَا بَيَا تَالَا هُمُوَقَآ بِلُوْنَ

Upon them our violence came during (their) sleeping at night or (their) midday sleeping. [7:4]

the place n.p.t. acc. of taking rest at midday meta. resting place

آهيك الجناة بوميذ خير فستقترا واحسن مفيلا

Fellows of the garden shall be on that day in goodly abode and a goodly resting place. [25:24] (Ap-der. m. plu.) iv الْمُونِينَ dwellers in the wilderness

مُقُوِئٌ (sing) inhabitant of desert

meta. travellers

أَفُولَى إِفْوَاماً

to stay in 🖏 🆸 desert < <

ق ی ض ★ ق

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii < we assigned to be destined ii قَيْضَ تَقْيِيْضاً

to lead SS to

وَقَيَّضَنَا لَهُوْ قُرَنَاءً We have assigned unto them some companions. [41:25]

we assign juss. ii

\*\*\*

# كتاب الكاف

4

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# آلعنفرخ لك صدرك

Have We not opened forth for thee thy breast. [94:1]

pronominal (pronominal) suffix of the 2nd p. f. sing; means: thee and thy, as in case of masc. (above)

as, like (particle)

أؤكظُلُمْتِ فِي بَخْدِ

Or, like the darkness in a sea. [24:40]

It is considered as a preposition, and governs nouns in the genitive; when prefixed to the noun it means 'like as'—the latter is redundant.

كَنْتُلِ حَبَّاةٍ

Like the resemblance of a grain. [2:261]

\* \* \* \*

The 22nd letter (alphabet)
of the Arabic alphabet.
The first of the five beginning letters of the chapter
19th (Maryam) pronounced as Kaaf

pronominal (Pronominal)
suffix of the (2 p. m. sing.)
means (1) 'thee' when
suffixed to a verb or preposition

وْعَلِّمَكُ مَا لَتُوثِّكُنُّ تَعُلُّهُ

And He taught thee that which thou knowest not.

[4:113]

on thee, upon thee

عليك

for thee W

منك

from thee

thy (2) (when it is suffixed to a noun)

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# اَفَسَنُ يَكُثِينَى مُيكِبًا عَلْ وَجُهِهَ اَحَدْثَى اَحَنُ يَمُثِينُ سَوِيًا

Is he who goeth groping on his face more rightly guided, or he who walketh rightly-guided? [67:22]

ك ب ت ★

(3 p. m. sing.) pp. ﴿ ~ were abased

كَتَ يَكُنتُ كَيْناً (ض)

to abase, to throw down, to restrain, to overwhelm

(3 p.m. plu.) pp. كَيْتُوْدُا they were abased C.R. shall be abased

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc. بكِتْ

ك ب د ★

trouble (v.n)

> كَبْدَ بَكْبَدُ كِبَدا (ف)

to suffer pain in the liver, to face difficulty

ك ، دُلِكَ \*

كَذْلِكَ (comp.) كَذْلِكَ like that كَذْلِكَ that ذَلِكَ

this particle may be translated according to the contents ك أى ن

many, how many

(always followed by مِنْ )

ۅؘػٲؘؾؚڹٛڡؚۧڹڬجِي<sub>ٚ</sub>ۊؗؾؘڶؙڡٚػ؋ؙ؞ٟڗؠؚؾؙؚ۠ۏؙڽؘڰؽؚؽ<del>ڒ</del>

And many a prophet hath fought with a number of godly men. [3:146]

(Note that the word كَالَّٰنَ is a compound of كَا (like)

(which); the nonition ( السّويْنُ ) is written in a letter i instead of double kasara (ي) The phrase كَانَّى مِنْ means such as many)

(assim. v.) 🖈 ب

(3 p. f. sing.) pp.

م غلا ، ل to invert,

throw one with the face to the ground, overthrow

وَمَنْ جَآءَ بِالسَّيْنَةِ قُلْبَتَتْ وْجُوْهُمْ فِي التَّالِهِ And whosoever will bring evil, their faces shall be

cast down into the fire.
[27:90]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv acc. one groping (one face) مكِبًا

# وَلَا تَأْكُلُوهَمَّ إِنْسُواهًا وَّبِهَ الرَّالَنَّ يَكُبُرُوا

And consume it not extravagantly or hastily (for fear) that they may grow up.

[4:6]

(imperf.2p.m.plu.)ii(el.) <that ye may magnify</p> كَتَّرَ تُكُثِّرُ تُكُثِرُ أَكُثِرُ أَكُثِرُ المُعَارِ to magnify, أَكُثِرُ الْمُعْرِدُ to say (Allah is great) (perate. m. sing.) ii magnify

وَرَبُّكَ ثَكْنِرُ

And thine Lord, do magnify. [74:3]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv <they exalted اكتر إكباراً ,to exalt, iv to deem great or formidable

### فَلْتَأْرَآئِنَهُ آكُذَنَّهُ

When they (women) saw him deem him great. [12:31] (i.e., they were astonished at him)

(imperf.2 p.m.sing.)v.acc. <that thou magnifies thyself

تَكَثَّرَ تَكَثُّرًا ، to grow proud, magnify oneself, to deem oneself great

فتأكَّدُنُ إِنَّ إِنَّ إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِّدُ وَمَا

For it is not for thee to behave proudly therein.

[7:13]

such as: so, similarly, likewise, like that, even so, etc.

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) <~is hard كَثُرُ تَكُنُرُ كِنَرًا وَ كَثْرًا (ك)

to became, to be hard, to be odious, to be grievious

كُثْرَعَكُمْ كُاكُ إِغْرَاضُهُمْ

Their backsliding is hard unto [6:35] thee.

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) is hard or odious

Odious is the word that cometh out of their mou-[18:5]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) too hard

Say thou, be ye stones or iron, or (anything) created which is too hard (to receive life) in your breasts [17:50-51] (minds).

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. that they may grow up كَدَ يُكْثُرُ كِثَرًا وَ مُكْدِاً (س)

to be of an advanced age, full grown up

he who hath taken in hand to magnify it (Sale., Rod.) who took upon himself the main part (M.A.)

أَلِكِبَرُ (n.) old age (n.) وَآصَالُهُ الْكُمُّ

And the old age befell him. [2:266]

كَبِيْرٌ / الْكَبِيْرُ (act. 2 pic.m. sing.) كَبِيْرٌ / الْكَبِيرُ old one (1)

وَانْ نَاشَنْ حُكَةً

And our father is a very old man. [28:23]

great (2)

مُّلُ فِيغِمَّلَاثُمُّ كِيدُرُّ

Say, in both is a great sin.
[2:219]

grievious (3)

مُلْ وَمَالُ فِيهُ وَكِيدُ

Say, fighting therein in grievous. [2:217]

chief (4)

إنَّهُ لَكُمْ يُزُكُوُ الَّذِي عَلَمَكُو البِّخْرَ

Verily he is your chief who hath taught you magic. [20:71]

big (one) (5)

تَالَ بَلُ فَعَلَهُ وَكُمِيرُهُمُ وَهُمُ الْمَسَالُوهُمُ He said: rather he hath done it, this big one of them, so question them. [21:63] (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v مَنْكُبَرُوْنَ they magnify themselves

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x مشكّرة was proud

to be x اسْتَكُنْبَرَ اسْيَكْبَاراً <

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x اسْتَكُبَرْتَ thou wast proud

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) x اسْتَكَبُرُوا they were proud

يَسْتَكِبِرْ (juss) x (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x يَسْتَكْبِرُوْنَ they are proud

~is proud

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) x يَسْتَكُـبِرُوْنَ ye are proud

greatness (1) (n.)

إنْ فَ صُدُورِهِمُ إِلَّاكِبُرُ

There is naught in their breasts save greatness i.e., the quest of greatness (Jid.). [40:56]

leading part (2)

وَالَّذِي تَوَلِّي كِنْوَهُ مِنْهُ ﴿ لَهُ عَذَاكُ عَظْنَا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَظْنَا اللَّهُ عَظْنَا اللَّهُ عَظْنَا اللَّهُ عَظْنَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَظْنَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّ

And as for him among them who took upon himself the leading part thereof, he shall have a grievous torment. [24:11]

who undertook the تَوَكَّلُ كِبْرَهُ bulk of it (Jid.)

who had the greater share therein (Pic.) greater than (1) (elative) أُكْبَرُ (used for good and evil alike)

## وَلَأَجُوالْأَخِرَةِ ٱكْبُرُ

And surely the reward of the Hereafter is greater (i.e., than anything else).

[16:41]

وَلِخُوَاجُ آعَلِهِ مِنْهُ ٱلْجُوَيْنَ اللَّهِ وَالْفِتْنَهُ ٱلْحَبُومِينَ الْعَثْلِ

And to expel its people thence is a greater (transgression) with Allah; for persecution is worse than killing. [2:217]

(used for masculine and feminine alike) as,

وَمَانُونِهِمْ قِنْ اليَةِ اللَّافِيَّ الْكَبْرُونُ أُخْتِهَا

And every token that We showed them was greater than its sister. [43:48]

greatest, highest in (2) estimation and rank

فَلَيْكُو اللهِ أَكْبَرُ

And surely the remembrance of Allah is the greatest.

[29:45]

the great (elative) الْآكْبَرُ

< geat ones (n.p.)</p>

أَكْبَرُ (sing.)

< the great (elative f.) الْكُنْبِرَاي femine of</p>

elder (6)

تَالَكِمِيرُ فَمُ إِلَّهُ تَعْلَقُوا آنَ

The eldest of them said: know ye not that. [12:80]

خَبَرَاهُ (great ones (n.p.) كُبْرَاهُ كَبْرُ (sing.) كَبْرُوْ

إقا آطفتا سادتنا وكترآءكا

Verily we obeyed our chiefs and great ones. [33:67]

> (act. pic. f. sing.) كِيْرَةُ hard (1)

وَإِنَّهَا لَكِسَيْرَةً إِلَّا عَلَى الْخَشِيقِينَ

And verily it is hard except unto the meek. [2:45]

big, great (2)

وَلَا يُنْفِعُونَ نَفَقَةً صَفِيْرَةً وَلَا عَبِيْرَةً

Not spend they any spending small or great (little or big). [9:121]

great (things) (n.p.)

إِنْ جَعْنِيكًا لَكِبَآ بِرَمَا تُنْفَوْنَ عَنْهُ لَكُوْرَعَتُكُمْ بِيَاءِكُمُ

If ye avoid the great (things) which ye are forbidden We will remit from you your evil deeds. [4:31]

mighty (ints.) acc.

reresers:

And they have plotted a mighty plot. [71:.22] كُأرا

## وَائِتَغُوامَاكُنَّبَاللَّهُ لَكُمْ

And seek that which Allah hath prescribed for you (or ordained for you). [2:187]

مُلُ لَنْ يَعِينِبَنَّا إِلَّامَا كَتَبَ اللَّهُ لَنَا

Say thou: naught shall befall us save that which Allah hath ordained for us.

[9:51]

(In the same sense has occurred in verses 5:23, 6:12, 54; 58:21-22, 59.3)

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) wrote, have written

مُوَلِّ لِلْمِنِيَ كَلَّمُونَ الْوَلْبَ بِأَيْرِيْرُمُ Woe then unto them for that which their hands have written. [2:79]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) كَنَبْتَ thou prescribed

(perf. Ist p. plu.) كَتَبْنَا We prescribed (1)

مُكَبِّنَا عَلَيْهِمْ فِيهَا أَنَّ النَّفْسِ بِالنَّفْسِ And We prescribed unto them therein, a life for a life~. [5:45].

we wrote (2)

### وكبتنالة في الأنواح

And We wrote for him in the tablets. [7:145]

(n.p.) (elative) الْكُتَبُرُ the greatest one
(sing) آخَبُرُ
for masc.

الكنبريان (ander m.ph.) acc y

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. v the arrogant (the stiffnecked)

acc. مُسْتَكُمِرُوْنَ nom. (Ap-der. m. plu.) x

the arrogant (stiffnecked)

المستكبرين تكذا ال

glorifying (v.n.) ii الميرا (act of saying: Allah is the greatest المنافرة ) stiff-neckedness (v.n.) x

(quard.)

ك ب ك ب

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) pp. كَكِيبُورُ <they were hurled كَتِ بِكُتُ كِياً (ن)

same as (above)

ك ت ب 🖈

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) كَتَبَ <-prescribed

~ordained (ن) تَكُنُّبُ كِنَاباً وَ كِنَابَةً (ن)

to write, note, record, to prescribe, ordain, destine that ye write down acc.

وَلَامَتُنُّوا أَنَّ تُكُنُّوهُ صَغِيرًا أَوْكُمْ يُرًا

And be not averse to writing down the contract whether it be small or great.

[2:282]

أَكُنَّوُ ( perate. m. sing.) الْكَنَّوُ ( ordain thou!

وَاكْتُتُ لِنَا فِي هٰذِهِ اللَّهُ مَهَا حَسَنَهُ تَوْفِ الْمُعْرَةِ

And ordain for us in this world that which is good and in the hereafter (that which is good). [7:156]

record (or enroll) (2)

فَاكْتُبْنَا مَعَ الشَّهِدِينَ

Enroll us among those who witness, [3:53]

(perate. m. plu.) اکْتُبُ write down!

اِذَاتَدَالِكُمْ مُبِيَرِيلِيَّا اَجَلِ مُسَتَّى فَالْمُنْبُوهُ When ye contract a debt for a fixed term, record it in writing. [2:282]

(3 p. m. sing,) pp. اکْتَبُوْا was prescribed, (1) was ordained

كيتب عكينك والوصاص

Retalition is prescribed for you. [2:178]

كميتب عكيثائوا ليقينام

Fasting is prescribed for you.
[2:183]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) el. should write (1)

acc. that he may write

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.)

records (2)

والله يكتب ماييتون

And Allah recordeth what they plan by night. [4:81]

> (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكُتُبُونَ they write (1)

فَوَنْلُ لِلَّذِينَ يَكُنُبُونَ الْكِتْبَ بِأَيْدِيْمِ

Woe unto those who write out the book with their hands. (also see 52/41, they write down). [2:79]

they record (2)

اِنَّ رُسُلَتَا يَكُتُبُونَ مَالَتَكُورُونَ Our messengers record that which ye plot. [10:21] (also see 43:80)

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) آکُتُبُ I shall ordain

سَأَكُنُّهُ الْكَذِينَ يَتَعَفُّونَ

I shall ordain it for those who ward off evil. [7:156]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) مُكُنِّبُ we record

وَكُنُّتُ مَا فَدَّهُوا

We record that which they sent before. [36:12]

those who seek a writing, write it for them if ye know in them any good.

[24:33]

(as a technical word means: to allow a slave to get himself free from bondage on paying a certain amount as agreed upon)

(act. pic. m. sing.) a writer, scribe

(act. pic. m. plu.) writers

writers, scrlbes acc. a book i.e., (1) (v.n.) (n.) the Holy Quran

And when there came unto them a Book from before Allah (i.e., the Holy [2:89] Ouran).

كثك أخكت الثه

(This is) a Book the verses whereof are guarded.

[11:1]

Decree, ordinance (2)

And those who are akin are nearer one to another in the ordinance (or decree) of Allah. 18:751 is recorded (1)

وَلَا يَنَالُونَ مِنْ عَدُولَكُمْ لِلَّا الَاكُتِبَ لَهُمْ يِهِ عَمَلٌ صَالِحُ

Nor gain they from the enemy a gain, but a good deed is recorded for them.

[9:120]

(3 p. f. sing.) pip. will be recorded

سَتُكُنَّتُ شَهَادَتُهُمْ

Their testimhny will be recorded. [43:19]

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii < ~ has got written

اكتتَ اكتتاماً to cause viii to be written

وَقَالُوۡااۡسَاطِيۡوُالْاَوۡلِيۡنَ الۡمُتَدِّمَةَ

And they say; stories of the ancients, which he has got written so they are dictated unto him (Jid.) which he hath had written down. ( Pic.) [25:5]

write! ( perate m. plu.) iii to write iii كانت مكانت a contract

آيماً لُكُوْفَكَا بِبُوْهُمْ إِنْ عَلِمَتُمْ فِيهِمْ خَيْرًا

And from among those whom your right hand possess,

And a scripture inscribed.

[52:2]

the Book (1) (n. prop.) (i.e., Holy Quran)

ذ لكَ الْكُنْ كُلانَيْ فِيهِ

This Book thereof is no doubt. [2:2]

Taurat (2)

لتعلى خُذالُكِ ثُبَ يِغُوَّةً

O Yahya hold fast the scripture. [19:12]

the scripture in (3) general, all teachings revealed to a prophet

قَالَ الَّذِي عِنْدَهُ عِلْمُ مِنْ الْكُتْ

The one who had some knowledge of the scripture said. [27:40]

recorder (4)

(Also reference is made to 'recorder of decrees' or 'preserved tablets' by the word as:

وماتسقظمن ومقة للايفلها والاحتاة ف ظلنت الأرض وكانطب وكاياب إلان كيث فيين Not a leaf falleth but He knoweth it, nor a seedgrain groweth in the darkness of the earth, nor aught of fresh or dry but is in a book luminous.

[6:59]

write (3)

لَوْلِاكِتْبٌ مِنَ اللهِ سَبَقَ لَسَتَكُو فِيمُمَّا اخَنُنُهُ عَذَاكَ عَظِيْهُ

Were it not that writ had already gone forth from Allah, there would surely have touched you a mighty torment for that ye took. [8:68]

prescribed time (4)

الحل آجل كتاب

For everything there is a prescribed time. [13:38]

record (5)

وكدنناكتك تنطق بالكن

And with Us is record which speaketh the truth.

[23:62]

letter (6)

قَالَتْ نَأَيْهُاالْكُوُّالِنَّ أَلْقِي إِنَّ كِنْكُ كُونِه

She said; O chieftains, lo! there hath been thrown unto me a noble latter.

[27:29]

a term, (7)

ومَاكَانَ لِنَفْيِنِ آنْ تَكُونَ

إلابإذن الله كثبا مؤخلا

No soul can ever die except by Allah's leave and at a term appointed. [3:145]

scripture (8)

that has nothing to do with (el.) which means 'in order to' or 'that he may.' The difference, for a learner, is that the former term is vocalized with fatha and the latter with kasra. For details see LLQ.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) acc. يَكُنُونَ that they hide

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

تكتبون (.

ye hide

that ye may hide acc. المُتُعُونُوا

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.)
we (shall) hide

we shall not hide لا نَكُتُمُ

ك ث ب ★

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

ك ث ر ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

was much

> كَثْرَ بَكْثُرُ كَثْرَةً (ك)

to surpass in number or quantity, be much, many, numerous, increase, multiply کِتاَیِیَهٔ .com کِتاَب + ی + ه my record

(the final • of کِتَابِیَة is just for rhym)

people (com.) أَمْلُ الْكِتَابِ of the scriptures (The Jews and Christians)

scripture the eternal fountain-head of all Divine decrees and revelations i.e., preserved tablets.

scriptures (n. p.) گُنْتُ

written (pis. pic. m. sing.) المُحْتُوباً

ك ت م \*

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) مَمَ مَا hidest

كَمَّ بَكُمُ كُمُّا وَ كُمُّااً (ن)

to conceal, hide, restrain one's anger

وَمَنْ أَظْلُومِتُنْ كُتُمْ شَهَادَةً عِنْدَهُ مِنَ اللهِ

And who is more unjust than he who hideth a testimony that is with him. [2:140]

أَنْمُ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) أَنْمُ

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) اَتُ وَدُونَ they hide

لَيَكُنُّتُونَ In the verse 2/146

نَكَانُهُ \*

rivalry, vying in (v.n.) iv respect of (riches)

abundance, (Jid.) or rivalry in worldly increase (Pic.)

(ints.) n.

<abundance of good

(lit. a large quantity of prosperity (as a proper name a certain river in paradise)

ك د ح خ

< toiling (v.n) acc.

كَدَحَ بَكْدَحُ كَدْماً (ف)

to toil for one's family, to exert oneself, make every effort to carry out a thing or reach a person

one (act. pic. m. sing.)
who is toiling

لَيَا يَهُمَا الْإِنْسَانَ إِنَكَ كَادِحْ إِلَى رَبِكَ كَدْحًا

نشليتيه

O man! verily thou art toiling to thy Lord a (Painful) toiling and art about to meet him. [84:6]

ك د ر ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) vii اَلْكَدَرَتْ fell

to fall, vii أَنكَدَرَ أَنكِدَاراً shoot out (as a star) مِتَاقَلَ مِنْهُ أَدْ كُنْرَ

Whether it be little or much.

[4:7]

كَنْرُتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) was numerous

وكَنُ تُغْفِى عَنْكُمْ فِنْتَكُورُ شَيْنًا وَلَوْكَ أَثْرَتُ

And your host will avail you naught however numerous it be. [8:19]

multitude (1) (n.v.) گُوْرَةُ (big in number)

ويومر خنين إذا عبت وكالوكات

And on the day of Hunain when ye exalted your mutitude. [9:25]

planty (2) (big in the quantity)

وَلَوْاَعْجَبَكَ كَثْرَةُ النَّجِيثِ

Even though the plenty of evil attract thee. [5:100]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) کیٹیو " many, much, plenty

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.) گُوْرُهُ very much

(this word is most often used as an adjective that has to agree with the preceding noun in number and gender. For details see LLQ.)

more than, much (elative) اکْتُرُ mostly, most of فَمَنَ أَظْلَوُ مِنَنَ كَذَبَ عَلَى اللهِ And who is a greater wrongdoer than he who fabricateth a lie against Allah. [39:32]

كَذَبَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) كَذَبَتْ

كَذَبُوْا (perf.3 p.m. plu.) كَذَبُوْا (they lied against

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) كَذُونَ they lie

كَانُوالِكُنُوبُونَ

They have been lying. [2:10]

ye lie (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَكَذِيُونَ

(3 p.m. plu.) pp. كُذِبُوا thy were denied they were given lie

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii كَذَّبَ <∼gave the lie to ∼denied

to give the lie كَذَّبَ تُكَذِيكًا to SS, to deny, to refute, to disbelieve, to accuse of lying

( perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii كُذَّبَتْ denied, gave the lie to

(this from, (3 p. f. sing.) refers to a plural such as community, nation, or people, as a general rule; a feminine singular verb when placed before a noun works for plural as well as for a singular)

# >> كَدَرَ بُكْدِرُ كَدُرا (ض)

to be muddy

وَإِذَ االنَّهُ مُؤْمُ انْكُنَّدَتُ

And when the stars will fall. [81:2]

(according to some commentaters, 'when stars will be muddy').

(v.,v.) 🖈 ك د ى

أكدى stopped iv

ix أكدى إكداداً to stop hand, to be niggardly كدلى بكدي كِداداً (ض) to restrain

ك ذ ب ★

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) كَذَبُ ∼lied

كَذَب بُكنه بُ كِذْباً وَكَذِباً
 وَ كِذْبَةً وَكِذَاباً وَكِذَاباً (ض)

to lie, say what is not a fact, fabricate a lie گلا - حقل - fabricated a lie against SS, گال - to relate a lie to SS

مَاكَنَبَ الْفُؤَادُ مَارَاٰى The heart lied not in that which he saw. [53:11]

### lie (2)

نَكَنَّ اَظُلُوْمِتَ اِنْتَرَىٰ عَلَى اللهِ كَذِبُا Who is the great wrong-doer than he who fabricateth a lie concerning Allah.

[7:37]

#### falsehood (3)

## سَتَعُوْنَ لِلْكَذِبِ

Listeners for the sake of falsehood. [5:41]

a liar (act. pic. m. sing.) كَأْذِبُ

denier (acc.) كاذا

(act. pic. m. plu.) (nom.) كَاذِيُونَ

acc. الْكَاذِيْنَ nom. الْكَاذِيْنَ the liars, deniars

a denier (act. pic. f. sing.) كَاذِيَةُ

a liar (n. ints.) { الْكُذَّابُ

denying, giving the (v.n.) كِذَابُ lie to SS

تَكْذِيْبُ denial (v.n.) ii تُكْذِيْبُ

that which is (pact. pic.) مَكْنُدُوبٌ falsified

beliers (Ap-der. m. plu.) الْمُكَدِّبُونَ

(Ap-der.m. plu.)ii acc. deniers

اڵڪڏيينَ مَکَـٰڏَيْنَ ( perf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii كُذَبْتَ thou didst deny

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) ii كَذَّبُوْا they denied

كَذُبْتُمْ (perf. 2 p. m. plu.) ii )ye denied

كَذَّبُونِ ii (.com.)

کَذَوْ ا نِنْ کَذَّبُونِیْ they denied me کَذَوْ ا نِنْ کَذَابُونِیْ (the pronominal s short-

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii كَذَّبْنَا we denied

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii کُذُبُ ~denies

(imperf. 3 p. m. dual) ii عَكَدُّ أَنِ ye (twain) deny

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii يُكُذُّبُونَ they deny

مُكَذَّبُونِ (com.) بَكَذَّبُونِ

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) ii عُكُدُبُونَ ye deny

that ye may deny acc. ii الكَذْبُوا Or if ye deny—

اِنْ نَكَذَّبُوا [29:18] (imperf. 1st p. plu.) ii نَكَذَّبُ we deny

(3 p.m. sing.) pp. ii مُدِّبُ منs/were/denied

(3 p. f. sing.) pp. ii گُذَبتُ

false (1) (n.) بنيز الكِذبي ا

وَجَالَهُوْعَلْ تَبِيْصِهُ بِدَمِكَذِبٍ

And they came with false blood on his shirt. [12:18] ك ر س ★

throne (n.) گُرْمِیقُ (when related to God)

# وكبيعً كُونِيتُكُهُ التَّكُونِ وَالْكَرْضَ

His Thronc (of Majesty) comprehendeth the heavens and the earth.

[2:255]

signifies a د منی signifies a chair or a seat but when related to God means: His seat or throne, or Dominion, Power and Knowledge

a seat, a chair (2)

وَلَقَدُ فَنَتَاكُ لِيَمْنَ وَالْقِيْنَاعَلِ كُورِيِهِ جَمَدُا

And assuredly We tried Sulaiman, and set upon his chair a mere body, therafter he was penitent. [38:34]

\* と d

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii كَرَّمْتُ thou honoured

> كَرُمُ بَكْرُمُ كَرَمَا وَكَرَامَةً (ك)

to be superior to another in generosity, to be highminded, beneficent, noble, illustrious ك ر ب ★

to grieve, afflict, overburden, to twist a rope

ك ر ر ★

[2:167]

35

<a return (1) (n.)

(assim. v) (نَ كُرُّ كُرُّ وُراً (نَ to return to, to return successively, to run against, to repeat

رَوَّالَ الَّذِيْنَ الْتَبَعُوْ الْوَانَّ لَنَاكُرَّةً فَنَتَبَرَّا مِنْهُمُ And those who had followed shall say, would that for us were a return, then would we quit ourselves

return of victory (2)

of them.

شُمَّ رَدَدْنَالِكُو الْكُرَّةَ عَلَيْهِمْ

Thereafter We gave you a return of victory over them. [17:6]

act of repeating (3)
repeating (twice) (n. dual)

ثُخَارُجِعِ الْبَصَى كُزَتَيْنِ

And repeat thy look twice.
[67:4]

A noble angel. مَلَكُ كُونِيمُ [12:31]

كەن<sup>ىڭ</sup>گونىم

Worthy of respect <an honourable letter. [27:29]

وسول كرشيم

A noble Messenger. [44:17]

إنَّهُ لَعُرُانٌ كَوِيْرُا

This is indeed a holy Recitation (the Quran).

[56:77] آجُرُّكُونُوْ

Kind reward.

[57:11]

Fruitful kind (or رَفْج كَرِيْهِ pair.) [26:7]

A fair place مُقَامِرِ كَرِيْدِ (estate). [26:58]

اَنْتَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْكُوِيَـُمُ

Thou wast the Mighty, the Noble. [44:59]

سَ بُ الْعَرْشِ الْكَرِيْمِ

The Lord of throne of grace.
[23:116]

دَيِكَ الْكَوِيْسِ

The Lord, the Bountiful. [82:6]

رِنْ قَاكِرِيْدًا .Rich provishon [33:31]

قَوْلًا كَدِيْبًا

A respectful speech, gracious word. [17:23] کرَّ مُنَا (perf. Ist p. plu.) ii مرَّ مُنَا we honoured

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv hath honoured

أَكْرَمَ إِكْرَاماً to exalt, ii

to honour above others thee فَيْنَ ﴿ وَمُن (com.) أَكْرُمَن لَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللّ

honoursed me i has

been shortened to i

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) مُكِّرِ مُوْنَ ye honour

لاَ مُتَكْرِ مُوْنَ ye honour not

honour or (perate. f. sing.) گرمِیْ give due respect

الْمِيعَ) مَثَوْلَهُ

Make (thou f.) his dwelling honourable. [12:21]

noble (act. 2 pic.) كَرِيْمُ الْكَرِيمُ honourable,

generous, kind, benefi- acc. cent, gracious, agreeable

Note: This word has occurred as adjective to God, the Prophet, the Gabriel, the Book, the place of reward, the Throne of Majesty, and Provision: According to the contents and its place in a phrase the renderings of the word have been chosen to suit the contents as they are illustrated below.

# ك ر . \*

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

~dislikest

~wast averse,

~detestest

كَرِهَ بَكْرَهُ كَزَماً وَكُرُماً وَكَرَامِبَةً (سَ)

<to feel aversion to.

to dislike, to be averse from, to loathe, abhor, to detest

کَرِ هُوْا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) کَرِ هُوْا

رُهُمُّم (perf. 2 p. m. phr.) كُرُهُمُّم ye detested

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكُرُهُونَ they destest

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. الكر موا

عَلَى أَنُ تَكُوهُ وَاثَيْثُا وَهُوَخَيْرُلُكُ

Belike ye abhor a thing whereas it is good for you. [2:216]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ii made hateful

( perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv أَكُرُهُتُ thou forced, thou compelled

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv thou compel

(perate. neg. m. plu.) آتگر مُوْدا do not force!

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) يُكُون forces A noble entrance. [4:31]

< nobles (n. p.) acc. [1]

(sing.)

They pass by مُزُوْاكِرًا مُنَّا dignity. [25:72]

Noble and right- كِرَامِ بَوْرَةٍ eous. [80:16]

كِرَامُاكَايَةِيْنَ

Gracious and recording.

[82:11]

(۱) (elative.) الْأَكْرُمُ the Most Bounteous.

إفَرَأُورَبُّكَ الْأَكْوَمُرُ

Read: And thy Lord is Most Bounteous. [96:3] the noblest (2)

إِنَّ ٱكْرُمَكُمُ عِنْدَاللَّهِ ٱلَّفْكُمُ

Lo! The noblest of you is in the sight of Allah, the best in conduct (Pic.).

[49:13]

glorious v.n. iv

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv a giver of honour

مُكْرِ مُوْنَ pis. pic. m. plu.) iv { الْمُكْرِ مُوْنَ honoured ones acc. { الْمُكْرَ مِيْنَ

(pis. pic. f. sing.) ii honoured ones

(used as adjective of a plural noun عنون : leaves, writs)

used to denote acquiring a good thing, or a bad (evil) or both, according to the contents the word will be rendered.

## كُلُّ امْرِى ﴿ بِمَا كَسَبَ رَحِيْنُ

Every man is a pledge for that which he hath earned. [52:21]

بلامن كسب سيتعة واكالمت به خطينته

Yea! whosoever earneth evil and his sin hath encompassed him. [2:81]

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) they (twain) earned (or did the evil)

( perf. 3 p. m. plu.) كَسَبُوا they earned

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) ye earned (good things)

# أنفغوامين كلينت ماكست

Expend out of the good things which ye have earned. [2:267]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَكْسِبُ earneth

(imperf 3 p. f. sing.) حُكِيبُ <earneth

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكْسِبُونَ they earn

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَكْسِبُونَ ye earn ۯٙڵٵؽ۬ڔۿؙٷٲڡٞؾؽڗڴۏڟٙٲڸؠ۫ۼڵٙۄٳڹٲۮڽٛػڠڞ۠ؽٵ ڷؚڹۜؠٛؾٚؿ۠ٳۼۯۻٙٳڬؿۏۊٳڶڎؙؽؠٵ۫ۮڡۜؿڲ۫ۄؚۿۿؽ

Force not your slave-girls to whoredom and if one forced them, then (unto them), after their compulsion, Allah will be forgiving; Merciful. [24:33]

compulsion (v.n.) iv

لَّا لِكُوَاءَ فِي النِّينِينِ

There is no compulsion in religion. [2:256]

اُکُرِہَ (3 p.m. sing.) pp. il مُرَادِّة ∼was forced to

اَدِهُوْنَ loath (act. pic. m. plu..) كَادِهُوْنَ

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. those who dislike (a thing)

مَكْرُونٌ مَكْرُوها acc.

(pact. pic. m. sing.) acc. hateful

### ك س ب

کَسَبَ (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) کَسَبَ <-earned

كَتَبَ يَكْسِبُ كَنْباً (ض)

to earn. gain, gether riches earn living, acquire, earn knowledge

and its derived form of viii گنست is

(n.) has two forms of the plural: کِنْفُ (as in verse 52/44 and کِنْدُ as in other verses.

أَوْتُسُوْطَ النَّمَا مُكَارَعَمُتَ عَلَيْنَاكِمُ فَا Or thou causest the heaven to fall upon us as thou assertest~in pieces. [17:92]

fragment (2)

فَأَسْقِطْ عَلِيْنَا كِسَفّاتِنَ السَّمَاء

So cause thou a fragment of the heavan to fall upon us. [26:187]

(see also verse 34/9, and 30:48)

ك س ل \*

کُسَالیٰ (idlers (1) (n.p.) کُسَالیٰ کُسِل بُکْسَلُ کُسْلاً (س)

to be lazy, idle (predicate)> (مُعَ) إِنْهُمُا يُتَمَا

وَلاَ يَأْتُونَ الصَّلَوْةَ الاَوْ مُمَّ كُسَالُ And they come not to worship save as idlers. [9:54]

< languidly (acc. adj.) (2)</p>

وَإِذَا تَأْمُوا إِلَى الصَّاوَةِ قَامُوا كُمَّالَ

When they stand up for prayer they perform it languidly. [4:142] (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii جنت الاستانة (mperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

اكْتَسَبَ اكْتِسَالاً as R.F. viii

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii اگَنَسَبَتْ

ا کُنَسَبُوْ ( perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii اکنَسَبُوْ ( they earned

( perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii كُتَسَبْنَ they ( f.) earned

1 س د ★

ك س ف 🖈

(n.p.) acc. [:5

<pieces, fragment
(see the following verse)</pre>

وَإِنْ تَرُوْا كِمُشَاّةً كَ السَّمَا آمِ سَاقِطًا يَغُوْلُوْا سَحَابٌ تَمَرُكُوْمُ

And if they see a fragment of the heaven falling down they would say: (it is only) clouds piled up. [52:44]

< pieces (1) (n.p.) acc.  $\downarrow$  (sing.)

## ك ش ف 🖈

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) كَفَفَ < ∼removed (1)

كَشَفَ يَكْشِفُ كَشْفاً (ض) to pull away, to remove, take عن

off, to open up lay open,to base

تُغُلِّدُ الكَشَفَ الضَّرِّعَنْكُمْ

Then when he removeth the distress from you. [16:54]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) كَشَفْتُ ~bared (2)

وكشفت عن سَاقيها

And she bared her legs.

[27:44]

(perf. Ist p. plu.) Lisis

we removed (1) (distress, torment)

فكشفنا مايهمين فتر

And We removed that which was with him of the hurt (or distress). [21:84]

فكتا كشفتاعتهم العداب

Then when We removed from them the torment. [43:50]

removal of the veil (2)

أتفننا عنك غطآة ك فبصرك اليؤمر حديث

Then We have removed off from thee thy covering so thy sight is today piercing. [50:22]

# ك س و نج

( perf. Ist. p. phu.) (w.v.) كَسَوْنَا <we clothed

كَمَا يَكُمُوْ كَمُواْ (ن)

to cloth, dress

فككوثا العظمكشكا

We clothed the bones with flesh. [23:14]

اكْسُوا (perate. m. plu.) اكْسُوا

وَاكْنُوهُمْ وَقُولُوا لَهُ مِ قَوْلًا مَعُودُونًا

And clothe them and say to them a gentle saying. [4:5]

كِنْوَةُ (n.) clothing, dress

ك ش ط 🖈

(3 p. f. sing.) pp. كُيْطَتْ مَاs stripped

> كَيْطَ تَكْشُطُ كَيْطاً (ن)

to take off (the cover, veil), remove, strip, scrape, skin

وَإِذَا السِّمَا الْكُيْعَاتُ

And when the heaven shall be stripped. [81.11]

[as the skin is plucked off a slaughtered sheep, or, the phrase may mean, and when the heaven shall be removed from its place, as a roof is removed from its place. ك ظ م \*

كَاظِمِيْنَ / الْكَاظِمِيْنَ / الْكَاظِمِيْنَ

< (act. pic. m. pht.)

كَظَمَ يَكْظِمُ كَظْماً (ض)

(1) to shut (a door), dam a water source, supress one's anger, one who restrains كاظه

(2) to choke, to tight or fill something with a check

the repressors (1)

وَالْكُطِينَ الْنَيْطُوالْعَافِينَ عَنِ النَّاسِ And (those who are) the repressors of rage and the pardoners of men. [3:134]

chocking (2)

إن الْعُلُوبُ لَدَى الْحَنَاجِ وَكُظِينِ

When the hearts will be in the throats choking.

[40:18]

( الْقُلُوْبُ (the phrase is of hal for

(act. 2 pic.)

one filled with sorrow (1)
or anger, a suppressing
condition

وَامْيَكَ عَيْنُهُ مِنَ الْحُزْنِ فَهُوَكَظِيْمُ

And his eyes were whitened with the sorrow that he was suppressed. [12:84]

wroth inwardly (2)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَكُشِفُ will remove (hurt, distress, torment etc.)

(3 p.m. sing.) pip. يُكْفَفُ

يَوْمَرُنِكُشَفُ عَنْ سَانِ

The Day whereon the shank will be bared. [68:42]

[i.e., some very special form of divine manifestation will take place. (IK.)]

The expression 'uncovering the shank' has also another meaning, and is indicative of grievous and terrible calamity, thus it is said: war has uncovered its shank, when it is meant to express the fury and rage of battle:

م كَشَغَتِ الْحَرَّبُ عَنْ سَاقِهَا ، and one says of a man when difficulty or calamity befalles him

كَشَفَ عَنْ سَاقِهِ

which means he prepared himself for difficulty. (LL.)

a removers (of torment)

كاشِفْوْ ، n.d. كَاشِفُوْنَ removers كَاشِفُوْنَ remover (act. pic. f. sing.)

(act. pic. f. plu.) كَأْشِفَاتْ (removers(of distress)

كَعَبَ بَكْعَبُ ( بَكْمِبُ ) كُعُوْباً (ف،ض)

to become prominent, have swelling

> adj. كَوَاعِبَ <full breasted (girls)

(having swelling breasts) عاث

ك ف ه \*

< co-aqual (v.n.) acc. آغُفُورًا ( إِلَى الْهُ عَلَيْهِ الْهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ 
to be equal, vi الْحُوَّا تَكَافُوا اللهِ عَالَةُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ

ك ف ت ★

كِفَاتًا \ a receptacle (v.n.) acc. كِفَاتًا (ض) كَفَتَ بَكْفِتُ كِفَاتًا (ض)

to gather, to add to

A place in which a thing is drawn together, or comprehended and collected or congregated. Thus the meaning of the verse is:

آلوُنَجْعَلِ الْأَرْضَ كِفَاتًا

Have we not made the earth a place which comprehends (the living and the dead)?. [77:25]

ك ف ر ★

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) كَنْرَ < ~disbelieved (1) وَإِذَا اُبُتِّرَاَحَدُهُمُ بِالْأُنْثَىٰ ظَلَّ وَجُهُهُ مُسْوَدًا وَهُوَكَظِينُوْ

And when one of them receiveth tidings of the birth of a female, his face remaineth darkened, and he is wroth inwardly. [16:58]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مُكَفُومُ one oppressed with silent sorrow, despair

ك ع ب ★

كَعْيَيْنِ (two ankles (dual, n.) كَعْيَيْنِ

Iit: the square, (prop.n.) or cubic, a swelled one or one become prominent. Signifies the sacred house, building in the centre of the sacred Mosque in Makka, said to be so because of its square or cubic form, or because of its high and its square form. (LL.)

A massive stone building, oblong in size, 55 ft. in length, 45 in breadth, and with height a little above the length, standing in the middle of open parallelogram of about 500 ft. by 530 ft. known as the sacred Mosque and having a door 7 ft. from the ground (Jid).

denied ungratefully (2)

وَضَرَبَ اللهُ مَشَلًا فَنَهُ كَأَنْ المِنَةَ مُعْلَمِيَّةُ تَأَيْثُهُمُ وَفُهُ الصَّلَاتِنَ كُلِّ مَنْكَانٍ تُكَفِّرَتْ بِأَنْعُمُ اللّهِ فَأَذَا فَهَا اللّهُ لِهَاسَ الْجُرْعِ وَالْخَوْنِ بِمَا كَانُوا يَصْنَعُونَ

And Allah propoundeth a similitude: a town which was secure and at rest, to which came provision thereof plenteously from every place then it ungreatefully denied the favours of Allah wherefore Allah made it taste the extreme of hunger and fear because of that which they were wont to perform.

[16:112]

كَفَرْتَ (perf. 2 p. m. sing.) كَفَرْتَ (thou disbelieved

كَفَرْتُ (perf. Ist. p. sing.) كَفَرْتُ I rejected, refused

إنى كَغَرُتُ بِمَا آمَنْ كَتْمُونِ مِن مَبْلُ

Verily I disbelieve in your having associated me afore (Jid.) I disbelieved in that which ye before ascribed to me (Pic.). [14:22]

[According to Tabri, Muj.)
the word کَنُوْتُ means
here: I have already refused or reject your belief
in me as a partner to
Allah.]

# كَفَرَ يَكْفُرُ كُفْرًا (ن)

فَيِنْهُمْ مِن السَ وَمِنْهُمْ مَن كَفَرَ

Among themselves is he who believed and among themselves is he who disbelieved.

[2:253]

<was, or became (2) ungrateful

كَفَرَ بَكُفُرُ كُفْرًا وَ كُفْرَانًا (ن)

to be ungrateful, regligent, (opposite of thankfulness)

ۯڡۜڹٛۺڴۯۏؘڵڞٳؽڞڴۯڶؿڡؙڽۿٷڞؽٙڰۼڔۜ ٷٙڰٷڗؠؖؽۼۏ<mark>ڰڴ</mark>ۯؿۻ

Whosoever giveth thanks he only giveth thanks for the (good of) his own soul: and whosoever is ungrateful (is ungrateful only to his own soul's hurt). For lo! my Lord is Aboslute in independence, Bountiful. [27:40]

کَفَرَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) disbelieved (1)

فَامْنَتْ تَطَابِغَةُ مِنْ بَنِنَ اِسْكَاهِيْلَ وَكُفَرَتُ ظَلِّفَةُ

And a party of the childern of Israel believed while a party disbelieved. [61:14] (pip.neg.3p.m.plu.) (هُ) they will not be denied (reward thereof)

(elative w.) مَا أَكُفَرَهُ how ungreateful he is!

(the verb of wonder) الْفَالُ التَّعَبِّبِ
is formed on the measure of

أَنْ iv (with a prefixed hamza from any adjective

مُتِلَ الْإِنْسَانُ مَا أَكُفَرَهُ

Perish man! how ungrateful is he! [80:17]

ungratefulness, v.n. الْكُفْرُ / كُفْرُ

كُفْراً disbelief, denial acc. أَكُوْراً

[Note: where the word is used intransititive to another object, it means: disbelief in Allah or his massenger (P.O.H).]

rejecter, (act. pic. m. sing.) كَأْفِرُ one who refuses to believe, man of disbelief

(act. pic. f. sing.) كَافِرَةُ disbelieving group (adj.)

(solid plu.) acc. كَافِرُونَ | كَافِرِيْنَ those who have no belief in Allah and His massenger

(act. pic. f. sing.) كَأْفِرَةُ a disteliever (group)

(act. pic. f. plu.) الْكُوَ افِرُ أَ disbeliever women

(b. p. of \$ )

ye disbelieved ~denied

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) كَفُرُوْا they disbelieved ~denied

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) كَفَرْ نَا we disbelieved ~denied

يَكُنُورُ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) disbelieveth

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكُفُرُونَ they disbelieve

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. ایک فرو د that they disbelieve

تَكُفُّرُونَ (imperf. 2nd. p.m. plu.) تَكُفُّرُونَ ye disbelieve

(imperf.2nd p.m. plu.)acc. انگفرو (they ye (may) disbelieve

(Imperf. 1st. p. plu.) هُوُّ وَ we disbelieve

ا کُفُوْ (perate m. sing.) (thou) disbelieve!

ا کُفُرُوْا (perate. m. plu.) اکُفُرُوْا (you) disbelieve!

لاَ تَكُفُرُ (perate. neg.) لاَ تَكُفُرُ deny not!

کُفِرَ (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) کُفِرَ was denied rejected (who was subject to disbelief)

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) الْكُفُورُ ~ is rejected being rejected or denied --

كَفَّارٌ (most ingrate (ints.)	
كَفَّاراً .impious acc	
(Note): it is ints. of کَافِرُ or	
(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) كُفُرُّ < ~expiated	
كَفَّرَ تُكْفِيْرِاً to cover over, ii	
عَنْ (crime) عَنْ	
کَـُقُرْنَا (perf. Ist. n. plu.) ii کَـُقُرْنَا we expiated	
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss ii will expiate	
(imperf. Ist p. sing.) epl. ii كُنِّرَنَّ surcly I shall expiate	
(imperf. Ist p. plu.) juss ii كَكُفُّرُ we shall expiate	
(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) epl. ii لَتُكَفِّرَ نَ surely we shall expiate	
(pergie m sing ) ii ·**	

(perate. m. sing.) il (thou may) expiate! كَفَّارَةُ (كَفَرَ expiation (ints. of (The word is derived from in its original sense كَفَ i.e., to remove, hide etc., as an expiation removes the sin and is an act of merit on one's part.) (see Mjj.) كَفْرَ أَنَّ (v. n.) كَفْرَ أَنْ

camphor, (n.) acc. 1,36

infidelity, denial (v.n.) acc. disbelief, rejection ingrate, (ints.) كَفُوْرا (thankless acc ( كَافِرْ dis-(1) (b. p. of believers infidels

وَعَدَا لِلْهُ الْمُنْفِقَانِ وَالْهُ

Allah hath promised the hypocritical men and hypocritical women and unto the (open) infidels wherein they Hell-fire shall be abiders. [9:68]

> disbelievers. (b. plu) husbandmen (2)

كتشل غذي أغبب الكفار تبأثه

As the likeness of (vegetation after) rain whereof the growth pleaseth the husbandmen. [57:20]

(This is the only verse in is used in كَفَارُ which the sense of 'husbandmen' i.e., those who hide seeds under the ground according to the original meaning of the root form. Some commentators think that here too the word gives the general signification i.e., disbeliever. (Mjj.)

to be (کَفَلَ یَکُفُلُ کِفَالَةً (ن guardian of, take care of, to be responsible for, to stand security or bail for

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بَكُفُونُ they (may) take care of

کفل (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii کفل < made SS to take care of کفیل تگفیلا to make ii

some one guardian, care or take care of

(perate. m. sing.) iv كُفِلْ <make SS guardian i.e., entrust, give

to make iv ا كُفْلَ إِكْفَالًا someone or apppint a guardian or entrust some one with something

وَلِمَ نَعْجَةُ قَاحِدَةٌ شَوَّعَالَ أَكُولَانِيُهَا And I have one ewe and he saith, enturst it to me. [38:23]

( لَيْفَانِينَ the word has double accusative في me and أَ فَالِينَا ble accusative في me and أَ فَا

(act. 2: pic.) acc. كَفِيْلُ اكْفِيلُ الْمَعِيْلِةُ الْمُعَالِينِ الْمُعَالِينِ الْمُعَالِينِ الْمُعَالِينِ ا

وَقَدُ جَعَلْتُمُ اللَّهَ عَلَيْكُمْ كَفِيْلًا

And surely ye have appointed Allah a surity upon you. [16:91]

نفيل " (the literal meaning of is one who takes responsibility for someone or some

# ك ف ف \*

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (v. assim) كَنَّ < ~ withheld

كَفَّ بِمُكُفُّ كَفًا (ن) to withhold

to avert, turn off from prevent, cease

(v. assim) عُفْتُ (perf. Ist. p. sing.)

I restrained, turned off

v. assim. acc. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
will withhold

(v. assim. v)

(imperf. 3 p. m.plu.) they will not turn off

> (v. assim.) acc. الْكُفُّوْ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)

(neg.) they (may not) restrain

Both of (n.d.-daul n.) (two palms)

plam—sing.

(كَمْقَيْنِ .n.d كَنَّقَ

÷ و - كَفَّهْ )

wholly act. pic. acc. كَانَةُ (with additional 3)

ك ف ل \*

(imper. 3 p. m. sing.) يَكُفُلُ < ~ taketh charge of taketh charge of Sometimes the first object takes ., as above; sometimes both objects are drawn together.)

إتَّا كَفَيْنُكَ الْسُنَّتُهْزِءِيْنَ

We were to suffice thee against mockers. [15:95]

(Note. As frequently observed, (for puposes of explaining it), verb formed for perfect tense is translated as if it was for imperfect tense and vice versa. Thus المنافذة is translated as we will suffice thee.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.v.) will be sufficient

مَسَيَّكُونِيَّكُهُمُ اللهُ

Allah suffices thee against them. [2:137]

i.e. the word مُسَكِّفَيْكُمْمُ preceded by two letters and followed by two pronominals.

will not be acc. sufficient?

was not بَكْفِ jiss. f.d. كُفِ sufficient

آوَلَوْ يَكُفِ بِرَيِّكَ

Doth not they Lord suffice?
[41:53]

thing, or who stands bail or surity for someone but in this verse from the Holy Quran the word means surity as the content refers to those who had sworn by his name.)

responsibility, a portion (n.) كِفْلُ

two portions (dual n.) كِغْلَيْنِ

the name of (prop. n.) ذُوْ الْكِهُ فُلِ an apostle

(Prophet Ezekiel of the Bible noted for his splendid vision and literary imagery. Very little is known of his personal history. see Jid. P. XVII n. 188 and P. XXIII n. 411.)

ك ف ي ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
< ∼sufficed

كَنْ بَكْنِي كِفَامَةً (ض)

to be enough, sufficient, SS is sufficient for him to meet all his requirements, to protect, to defend

كفى بِاللهِ حَبِيبًا

Sufficient is Allah as a reckoner. [4:6]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) (w.v.) كَفَيْنَا we suffice

(Note: The verb is used with double accusatives.

to compel SS, ii كَلَفْ تَكْلِفْا <

to what is beyond one's might, to tax

>> كَلِفَ يَكْلَفُ كَلْفاً (س) - ب

to be zealous, to take pains

(imperf. Ist. p.m. plu.) ii نگفت we burden or tax

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) ii تُكَلَّفُ ~is tasked

(Note: The subject of this verb is 'soul' نَفْسُلُ feminine)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. v <affecters

to take anything as difficult or troublesome

وَمَا انَّا مِنَ الْمُتَكِلِّفِينَ

Nor am I of the affiecters. i.e., nor am I led by nature or habit to practise deceit and falsehood. [38:86]

\* 7 7 7

كلالة

one who has (1) v.n. no direct heirs

كُلَّ يَكِلُّ كَلاَلَةً (ض)

to lose father and child (Mjj.)

في (act. pic. m. sing.) f.d. defender, sufficient, protector

أليس الله بكان عبده

Is not Allah sufficient for His bondman? [39:36]

\* 177

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) h.v. ~guards

كَلاَ بَكُلاً كُلاً (ف)

to keep guard

ك ل ب \*

لْكُلْبُ (n.) the dog

(Ap-der. m. plu.) ii acc. کلین < those who train dogs or other animals for hunting (sing.)

**★ こりり** 

(act. pic. m. plu.) الوُّوُنَ those who grin their teeth with pain and agony, grin-

ning ones كَلَحَ بَكُلَحُ كُلُوْماً (ف)

to look austere, frown, grin, severe looking

كَالِحٌ (sing.)

ك ل ف \*

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii کُلُّنْ دasks

وُكُلَّادِّعَدَاللَّهُ الْمُعْتَلِينَ

And unto each Allah hath promised good. [4:95] entirely, totally, "\$\display \cdot \display \

whensoever, as (com.) اَكُلَّ مَا الْكَلَا مَا الْكَلَا مَا الْكَلَا مَا الْكَلَا مَا often as, so often as

1111

ŠK

nay but or but (particle)
nay!

كَلَّاسَوُفَ تَعُلَمُونَ

Nay, but ye will come to know. [102:3]

وَإِنْ كَانَ رَجُلُ يُوْرَثُ كَلْلَةُ أَوِامْرَاتًا قَلَهُ أَخُ

آوُا خُتُ فَلِكُلِ وَاحِدِ مِنْهُمَا السُّدُسُ

And a man or a woman hath no direct heirs but hath a brother, and a sister, each of the twain will have a sixth. [4:12]

one without (2) father or child

مُّلِ اللهُ يُغْتِيكُمُ فِي الْكَلْلَةِ

Say thou: Allah pronounceth you in the matter of one without father or child. [4: 176]

(Note: According to Tabri the word in this verse could be explained with both significances.)

one who depends on (n.) others for his livelihood, a burden, weariness

وَهُوَكُكُ عَلَى مَوْلُماهُ

Ank he is a weariness unto his master. [16:76]

each (particle)

(or a substantive nour.-Lis.)

كُلُّ يَعْجُرِي لِأَجَلِ مُسَتَّى

Each (one) runneth to an appointed goal. [13:2]

each acc.

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) v مُكَّلَّمُ مَكُلًّا ~uttered a word

to utter مَكَلَّمُ مَكُلًّا مَ مَكُلًّا

(without mentioning an accusative)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v مُعَلِّمُ مَّ ~speaketh, uttereth a word (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) v مُعَلِّمُ مُعَالِمُ اللهِ

ئَتَكُلُّمُوْنَ v (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v مُتَكَلِّمُوْنَ they speak

<an act of (v.n.) ii</p>
عَلَيْنَا speaking (see above)
كَلَّمَ a word (1) (n.)

وَقَدُكَانَ فَرِيْنُ مِنْهُمْ يَسْمَعُونَ كَالْرَاللَّهِ ثُوَيْهَ وَيُحَرِّنُونَهُ

And a party of them used to listen to the word of Allah then used to change it. [2:75]

speaking (2)

قَالَ لِمُوْمَنَى إِنِّى اصَطَفِيَتُكَ عَلَى النَّاسِ رِسْلُوقَ وَيَجَلَائِ

He said: O Musa! I have preferred thee above mankind by My messages and by My speaking (unto thee). [7:144]

كَلِمَةٌ <a word (n.) كَلِمَاتُ

( plu.) see below

الْيَوْكَلَاسُوفَ تَعْلَمُونَ

Nay, but ye will come to know. [102:4]

\* 6 7 7

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii ~spoke

to speak to أَكُمْ مَكُلُمْ مَكُلُمْ مَكُلُمْ اللهِ

(trans: to pronominals or nouns as

كَلَّمَ اللهُ مُوْسَى ، كَلَّمَهُ ، كَلَّهُمْ (i.e., a double accustive)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii

speaks يُكِلِّمُهُ ، يُكَلِّمُهُمْ ، يُكَلِّمُنَا

he speaketh to him, speaks to them, or to me respectively

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii acc. that thou speak

اَلَاثُنْكِلْعُ النَّاسَ

That thou shall not speak to mankind. [3:41]

I shall speak acc. ii I shall not speak acc. لَنْ أُكِلِّمَ

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ii is/are spoken with

آؤكيآءَ بِدُ الْمَوَثَى

The dead could be spoken to. [13:31]

579

OVA

in the sense of (5) an order, knowledge, His will, meta. Christ

The Messiah 'Isa, son of Maryam, is but an apostle of Allah, and his word! (i.e., born out of his word).

its translation with 'word' is preferable)

كِلِمَاتُ words (1) (n.p.) كِلِمَاتُ

فَتَلَقَّىٰ اٰدَمُ مِنْ زَيَّهٖ كَلِمْتٍ

Then Adam learnt from his Lord (certain) words.

[2:37]

ordinance (2).

tion.

لأمُبَدِّلَ لِكِلِمْتِهِ

None can change His words ('words' mean His commands and ordinances). (Tabri). [6:115]

< words (b. phi)

كَلِتَهُ ( sing. )

كَلَاٰإِنَّهَا كِلِمَةٌ هُوَتَآلِلُهَا

Nay! it is but a word that he utteres . [23:100] (saying in the sense of (2) a formula)

ٱڵۅ۫ٮۧۜۯڲؽڣۘ خُمَرَب اللهُ سَثَلًا كِلنَهُ كَلِينَةٌ كَفِيرَةٌ كلِيَبَةٍ أَصْلُهَا ثَالِثٌ وَفَرعُهَ أَفِى السَمَاءِ

Behold thou not how Allah hath propounded the similitude of the clean word, it is like a clean tree, its root firmly fixed and its branches (reaching) unto heaven. [14:24]

in the sense of a (3) 'decree' or 'the sentence'

اَفَمَنْ حَقَّ عَلَيْهِ كِلِمَةُ الْعَذَابِ اَفَأَنُتَ ثَنْقِتُهُ مَنْ فِي النَّارِ

Is he, then, on whom is justified the decree of the torment—will thou rescue him who is in the fire?

[39:19]

in the sense of an (4) agreement

قُلْ يَآهُلُ الْكِتْبِ تَمَالَوْالِكَكِلِمَةٍ سَوَاتِهِ بِنَيْنَادَ بَيْنَكُهُ

Say: O people of the scripture! come to an agreement between us and you.

[3:64]

وُكُوتُتَمَمْنَامِنُ قَرْيَةِكَانَتُ ظَالِمَةً

How many a community that dealt unjustly have We shattered, [21:11]

as, even as, (praticle) 5

كَمَّااَخُرَجَ إَبْوَيْكُوْ

As he caused your (first) parents to go forth. [7:27]

affixed pronouns of 2. p. plu. (see LLQ.)

\* 115

the sheath or (n.p.) spathe in which the flower of a fruit is enveloped (sing.)

ومَانَتَخُرُجُ مِن شَمَرْتٍ مِن أَكْمَامِهَا

And no fruits burst forth from their sheaths.[41:47]

\* • 4

الأكنة the blind one from birth الأكنة ح

to be blind from birth

ك ن د ★

\* \* \* \*

both of two/ (particle)
the twain (f.)

كِلْنا

both of two/the twain (m.)

\* 7 6 7

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَكُلُتُ I completed

to iv اَكُلَ إِكَالًا <

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)acc. اِنْكُولُوْا you, in order, to complete

(act. pic. m. dual.) كَامِلُيْنَ entire, two full, two complete ones

(act. pic. f. sing.) مُعَلِّمُ entire, a full

\* \* ٢ 4

an interrogative conjunctive particle how long, how many

ŕ

(followed by مِنْ with the genitive):

فْلَكُوْ لَبِثْنُوْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَدَّدَسِينِينَ

He will say: how long tarried ye in the earth counting by years? [23:112] hide themselves in his ray (John Penrice)

ك ن ن 🖈

(assim) مُمَّ

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv <ye conceal

كَنَّ يَكُنُّ كَنًّا وَ كَنُونًا (ن)

to cover

أَكُنَّ إِكْنَانًا vonceal, iv

اکُنَّنَ keep secret, ix

to keep concealed in mind/

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv (assim) مُكِنَّ hideth

مَا كُلِنَّ صُدُورُهُمُ

(He knoweth) what their hearts conceal. [27:74]

أَكْنَانٌ (a covering (n. p.) كَنَانٌ (cover (sing.) كِنَّ (such as a shelter, veil etc.

a covered one (pact. pic.) مَكْنُونُ or a concealed one

ك . ف \*

الْكَهْفُ (n.) the cave

\* 1 . 4

≪manhood acc. (n.) ジャン

إِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ لِرَبِّهِ لَكُنُودُ

Verily man is unto his Lord ungrateful. [100:6]

ك ن ز ★

كَنَوْنَمُ \* (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) كَنَوْنَمُ \* ye treasured

كَنَوَ يَكْنِزُ كَنْزاً (ض)

to bury in the ground, collect and store up, to treasure

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكْمِيْزُونَ they treasure

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) تُكُورُونَ ye treasure

کنژ \* treasure (v.n.) کنژ \* ★

<those which hide (n. p.) الْكُنَّسُ themselves (stars)</p>

كَأْنِينُ (.sing.) >>كَنْسَ يَكْيِسُ كُنُوْساً (ض)

to hide behind the haunt (gazelles) (MJJ.)

(a name applied to the stars, and especially those planets which, from their proximity to the sun, occasionally ك و د \*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. 56 > became nigh, was about to do

Used as an adverb, thus always attached to another verb, denoting: was on the point of e.g. كَادَ يَفْعَلُ he was on the point of doing.

R.F. (فَ يَكَادُ كُوْداً (فَ ) to be well nigh.

in Jussive becomes

and so on.

الَّذِيُّنَ التَّبَعُوُهُ فِي سَاعَةِ الْعُثْمَةِ وِمِنَّ بَعْدِمَا كَادَ يَزِيُغُ ثَانُوبُ فِرِيْنِي مِنْهُو

And those who followed him in the hour of distress after the hearts of a part of them had well-nigh swerved aside. [9:117]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) (w.r.) كَأْدَتْ she had well-nigh~

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) کِدُتُ thou hadst well-nigh

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. عُكُوْ has well-nigh

مَكُدُ has not well-nigh juss. w.v.

لَوْتِكُنْ يَرْمِهَا

He hardly can see it. [24:40]

to be of mature age from
30 to 60 (Mujj) from 30
to 50 (John.) years old
ones are كُبُولُ plu.

\* 0 • 4

(act. pic. m. sing.) كَاْمِنْ Soothsayar

كَنُنَ يَكُمُنُ كَهَامَةً (ك) to bo priest or soothsayer, to fortell

\* \* \* \*

Initial letters of Sura Maryam (19th Sura)

ك ك ب \*

مَوْكَبُ مَا a star (n.) مَوْكَبُ مُ

<stars (n. p.) جُرُا كِبُ (sing.)</p>

ك و ب ★

أَكُواَبُ (n. p.) أَكُواَبُ

a cup (sing.) كُوْبُ without a handle (Muj.) beakers (Pic.)

goblets (Jid.)

.~

~used with a direct accusative of the predicate, to be something

~with a following perfect to mean: past perfect

~with a following imperfect denotes duration in the past, or progressive past, ) which may be translated in English by 'used to' 'would~'

to belong to J\_ \_ ل من to be qualified for with a following subjunctive means ; he was not worthy of~

was, were (1) (in case the predicate is a collective noun.)

كَانَ النَّاسُ أَمَّاةً وَاحِدَةً Mankind were one community. [2:213]

وَسْتَلَهُوْعَنِ الْقَرْبَةِ الَّذِي كَانَتُ حَاضِرَةَ الْبَحْر

Ask them of the township that was by the sea.[7:163] used to

وَتَنْكُانَ فَرِيْنَ رِبْنُهُمْ

A party of them used to listen to the word of Allah, then (used to) change it. [2:75]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w v. 36: <~are well-nigh used for (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. they hardly (can) they are well-nigh~not (Jid.)

신

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii <~rolls

كَوَّرَ يُكُوِّرُ تَكُويُوا to roll up, كُوَّرَ يُكُونُوا يْكُوِرْاتَيْلَ عَلَى النَّهَادِ وَيُكُوِّرُ النَّهَارَ عَلَى أَيْبِل He rolleth the night around the day and rolleth the day around the night. [39:5]

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii shall be wound round (the sun) ('Sun' is a feminine word in Arabic)

> ن 4

( perf. 3 p. m. sing.) <~was, existed happend, occurred, took place

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) (a supporting verb of weak verbs group

كَانَ يَكُوْنَ كَوْناً (ن)

to be, to exist, to happen, to occur, to take place

كأنَ

shall be (5)

## ٱلْمُلْكُ يَوْمَهِ فِهِ لِلْحَقُّ لِلرَّحْلِنَّ وَكَأْنَ يَوْمَاً عَلَ الْكِفِرِيْنَ حَيِسْيُرًا

The dominion on that Day shall be true (dominion), of the Compassionate and it shall be a hard day upon the infidels. [25:26]

Causion! It is not a general rule of the grammar that its derived form should denote the meaning of future tense. It is a Quranic way of expression in case of the Hereafter, the Paradise, the Hell etc., to indicate that what will happen in the Hereafter is a fact beyond doubt, and is as true as a happening of the past that cannot be denied. It is also to be noted that it is not so only in the case of is other verbs too are used in past tense for showing surity of the Hereafter.

## إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ امَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ كَانَتُ لَهُمْ حَنْتُ الْهِذِ وَفِي نُزُلًا

Verily those who believe and do righteous work, unto them shall be gardens of Paradise for an entertainment. [18:107]

#### وَيَضَعُ عَنْهُمُ إِصْرَهُ وَوَ الْأَغْلُلَ الَّتِئَ كَانَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ

And he relieveth them of their burden and the fetters that they used to have on them. [7:157] is (3)

عَلَىٰ مَا الْحَالَ الْحَالِ الْحَالَ الْحَالَ الْحَالَ الْحَالَ الْحَالَ الْحَالَ الْحَالَ الْحَالَ الْحَالَ ا Say: who is an enemy to Jibrael (Gabriel): for he it is who hath revealed to thy heart. [2:97]

#### وكانت امراتي عاقرا

Since my wife is barren [19:5] is (as an eternal (4) fact, habitual, for ever

فَعُلْتُ اسْتَغْفِرُوارَبِّكُوْ إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَلَارًا

And I said: ask forgiveness of your Lord. Verily He is ever Most Forgiving. [71:10]

## رَقُلْ جَأَءَالْحَقُّ وَزَهَقَ الْبَاطِلُ إِنَّ الْبَاطِلَ كَانَ زَهُوُقًا

And say then: The truth is come and falsehood is vanished, verily the falsehood is ever vanishing. [17:81]

إِنَّ الصَّلُوةَ كَانَتْ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ كُذًا مَّهُ قُونًا

Verily the prayer is prescribed unto believers at definite time. [4:103] كأنتآ

(imperf. 3 p. f. dual) w.v. the twain (f.) were

(pref. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. دُنْتَ thou wert

( perf. Ist. p. sing.) (w.v.) كُنْتُ I was/I am

you are (perf. 2 p. m plu.) w.v.

#### كتترخيراته

You are the best community.
[3:110]

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) w.v. گُرُّ they (f.) were/are

(perf.2 p. f. plu.) (w.v.) كُنْيَنُ you (f.) were/are

كُنّا (perf. Ist p. plu.) (w.v.) we were/are

## وَمَا كُنَّامُعَذِّهِ إِنْ حَتَّى نَبْعَثَ رَسُولًا

We are not tormentors until We have raised an apostle or We have not been tormentors. (The word

reveals the sense of custom or habit i.e., it is not our way of dealing to catch people of their sins unless We send a warner to them.) (refer to verse 8:67) above. [17:15]

( perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. they (m.) were/are,

become (6)

#### أبى واستكتر وكان مين الكفيرين

He (iblis) demurred through pride and so bccame a disbeliever. [2:34]

## فَإِذَاانَٰشَغَيَّتِالسَّمَآءُ فَكَانَتُ وَدُدَةً كَالْدِهَانِ

And when heaven will be rent asunder and will become rosy like unto red hide. [55:37]

worthy of suit, (7) qualified for

the verb after in this case will have a J in subjunctive imperfect

## مَاْكَانَ لِنَبِيّ آنَ يَكُونَ لَهُ آسُرِي

It is not for any prophet to have captives. [8:67]

is (for completing a (8) sentence without having a predicate)

## وَإِنْ كَانَ دُوْعُتْرَةٍ فَنَظِرَةٌ إِلَى مَيْسَرَةٍ

And if the debtor is in straitened circumstances, then (let there be) post-ponement to (the time of) ease. [2:280]

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) (w.v.) is the twain were/are

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. is/was/will be (see above examples)

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) juss. الْكُوْنَا both are/were, both will be if both be not~ إِنْ لَمَّ بِكُوْنَا

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَكُوْنُونَ they will be

كَلَّلَا شَيَكُفُوْوْنَ بِعِبَادَتِهِمُ وَيَكُوْنُونَ عَلَيْهِمْ ضِدًّا

Nay, but they will deny their worship of them and will be (will become) opponents unto them. [19:82]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. يَكُوْ وَا اللهِ (that) they are ~ to be

رَضُوابِ أَنُ يَكُونُوا مَعَ الْخَوَالِفِ

They are content to be with those who stay behind.

[9:93]

(3 p.m. plu.) epl. لَكُو ثُنَّ they certainly shall be

وَٱقْسُمُواْ بِاللهِ جَهُدَ ٱیْسَانِهِمْ لَبِنُ جَآءَ هُمُ تَنویُرُ کَیْکُونُنَ آهُدٰی مِنُ اِحْدَی الْاُمَعِ

And they swore by Allah, their most binding oath, that if a warner came unto them they would be more tractable than any of the nations. [35:42]

عدون (1) (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

acc. مدون عدون المرابع (2) (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) nom. نگوْدُدُ ~ is, ~ he has been, acc. that he may be, in order to be

لِئُلاً بَكُوْنَ (.com) لِه + أَنْ + لاَ = لِئَلاً

lest, (there) should be
(a particle أَنْ ) com.
how (there) can be

~surely shall be eln.

وَلَهِنْ تَوْيَفَعَلُ مَّأَامُوُهُ لَيْتُجَفَّنَّ وَلَيَكُونَا مِّنَ الصَّغِوِيْنَ

And if he doth not what I command him, he shall surely be imprisoned and he shall surely be of the degraded. [12:32]

(3 p. f. sing.) juss.

لَهُ بَكُنْ was not

ولك لِسَ كُو يَكُن المُلُهُ عَاضِرِي الْسُعِيد الْعَمَامِ

That is for one whose family was not (dwelt not) near the sacred Mosque [2:196]

would be jnss
a form of کگوْنُ in jussive
two final letters and i are
dropped while in the above
form of jussive گُوْنُ only
" was dropped.

فَإِنْ يَتُونُوايَكُ خَيْرًاكُهُمُ

If they repent it would be better for them. [9:74]

587

Ś

OAY

Ċ same as above juss. (only ( ) dropped) تك juss. (two letters dropped) neg. emp. 🕳 🕏 should/be not thou 🕏 🛣 🗓 نگ تا (imperf. 2 p.m. dual, f.d.) you (twain) will be (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) nom. ve will be, become f.d. acc. (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) n.d. that ye may be (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) acc. that I am/I may be آڻُ آگڻُ .juss-I was not-I was not-تُكُونَ (imperf. 1st plu.) acc. we are/we were/that we may be/become ٠٤٠ (Ist p. plu.) juss. so/then we become نَكُ (Ist. p. plu.) juss. then/so/and/we are - آنگنْ we were not \_ لمُ لَكُ we were not \_\_ لم (Ist. p. plu.) epl. نَوْ كُونَا we shall be (perate. m. sing.) be! (thou m.)

~may be, might be, will be (nominative: 3 p. f. sing.)

Our Lord! Send down unto us some food from the heaven that it may be unto us an occassion of joy. [5:114]

(nom. 3 p.m. sing.—will be)

كَوُنُ تَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ تَكُونُ لَهُ عَاقِبَهُ اللّهَ الْكِارِ

Ye shall know whose will be
the (happy) end of the
abode. [6:135]

(3 p.m. sing. acc.—to be) آيُودُا َ مَا لُمُوانَ تَكُونَ لَهُ جَنَّةُ

Would any of you like to be for him a garden [2:266]

(2 p. m. sing. nom—thou art in or ~occupied with)

> وَمَاتَكُونَ فِي شَأْنِ اِلَّالِمُتَاعَلِيْكُمْ ثُمُهُوْدًا

Thou art not (engaged) in any business....But we are witnesses over you. [10:61]

(2 p.m. sing. acc.—thou become, thou be)

اَلَا تُكُونَنَ مِن الَّذِينَ كَذَّ بُوْا بِأَيْتِ اللهِ فَتَكُون مِن الْخْسر مِن

And be not thou of those who belie Allah's signs lest thou be of the losers.

[10:95]

place (2)

وكؤفشا أوكسك فالممتل مكانيهم

And had We willed, We verily could have fixed them in their place. [36:67]

ك و ى ★

'تَکُورَی w.v. (pip. 3 p. f. sing) w.v. <~will be branded کَوْنی بَکُونْ کَیَّاً (ض)

to burn, to sear, to cauterize, to brand

L 2 \* \*

so that, (prticle) in order to, in order that

كَيْ مُسَيِّعَكَ كَيْثِيْرًا

So that we may glorify Thee much. [20:33]

(com. part.) (كَوْ الْاَ ) in order not to

كَنْ لَا يَكُونَ وُولَةً بَيْنَ الْكَفِينِيّاءِ مِنْكُوْ

So that it become not a commodity between rich among you. [59:7]

(com. part.)( لِكُنْ لاَ ) lest, in order not to

لِكَيْلَا تَحْزَنُواعَلْمَا فَاعَدُو

That you sorrow not for that which you missed.

[3:153]

(perate. f. sing.)

be! thou(f.)
be! you (perate m. plu.)

side, place (1) n. p. 1.

مَكَأَنُّ

وَجَاءَهُ مُوالدُومِ مِنْ كُلِيَّ مَكَانٍ

And the wave cometh unto them from every side (place). [10:22]

وَإِذْ بُوَّانَ الْإِبْرُهِيمَ مَكَانَ الْبَيْتِ

And (remember) when We prepared for Ibrahim the place of the Holy House. [22:26]

abode, plight (2)

أولبك شرعكانا

Such are in worse plight in abode. [5:60]

status. الْنُرْلَةُ (Mjj.) <

keep your place (an idio-

According to Bedawi it is an accusative of verb ellipsis

'remain in' الزِمُ

place, way, (n. p.t.) condition (Mjj.)

with an additional : )

way (1)

تُلْ يَقُومِ إِعْمَلُوا عَلَى مَكَانَتِكُولِ إِنْ عَامِلُ

O my people go on acting in your way verily I am going to act (in my way).

[6:135]

ٳٮٛٙ**ؘۿؙ**ٶؗ۫ػڲؽۮۏؘڽؘڲؽ۫ٮڰٲ ٷٙٲڲؽۮڴؽػٵ

Lo! they plot a plot (against thee O Mohammad) and I plot against them.

(Pic.) [86:15-16]

اَ کِنْدَنَّ (Ist. p. sing.) epl. اَ کِنْدَنَّ I shall circumvent

وَتَاللُّهِ لَاكِيُدَنَّ آصْنَامَكُو

And By Allah, I shall circumvent your idols [21:57]

کِیْدُوْنِ (com.) کِیْدُوْد (perate. m. plu.) کِیْدُوْد (do plot against

(shortened from نِ )

me— کِنْدُوْنِ (com.) کِنْدُوْد بِنْ
plot against me

عَبِيدٌ الْكَيْدُ اكِبَدُ عَلَى a plot acc. كَبِيدٌ الْكَيْدُ الْكِيدُ

(act. pic. m. plu.) الْمُكِبْدُوْنَ (plu. of w.v. كُنْدُ )

those who are subjected to a conspiracy or a plot

آمُريُويْدُونَ كَيْدًا فَالَّذِينَ كَغَرُوا فَمُ الْسَكِيْدُونَ

Do they seek to (lay) a polt?

Then those who disbelieve
—it is they who shall be plotted against. [52:42]

ك ى ف 🖈

how (particle)
It is an interrogative particle
employed to inquire

so that not (com. part.) الكيلا

لِكَىٰ لَا يَعْلَوْ بَعْدَ عِلْمِ ثَيْنًا

So that he knoweth nothing after (having had) knowledge. [17:70]

ك ى د ★

(perf. Ist. p. plu:) w.v. لَكُنُا < we contrived

کَادَ یَکِینْدُ کَبْداً (ض)(to plot) د یکِینْدُ کَبْداً

Note: When related to Allah, the verb means: he contrived, arranged, managed etc. When the verb refers to disbelievers and their conspiracy it signifies: to plot against. Often this verb is repeated to say: that they did harm to Islam or they plotted against Islam but Allah persisted their acts in the same way as they followed.

كَذٰلكَكِنْنَالْوُسُكَ

Thus we contrived Yusuf. [12:76]

(imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) w.v. يَكِينُدُوْنَ they plot

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) w.v. أَكِنْهُ I plot تكتل

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) w.v. ye measured

#### وأذفواالكيل إذا يلتنو

And give full measure when ye measure. [17:35]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. viii اکالوا <they take by measure to receive viii کالوا

by measure from

(1st. p. plu.) w.v. viii juss we get measure

measuring v.n.,w.v.

منع مِنَا الكِيلُ فَأَرْسِلْ مَعَنَا آخَا نَا نُكْتَلْ

The measuring (of corn) hath been denied us, wherefore send thou with us our brother that (in result) we get (our) measure. [12:63]

the veseel in which (n,p.t.) Things are measured

a camel's load

ك ى ن ★

to humble SS.

to submit, resign

ومناضعه فواومااستكأثؤا

Neither did they weakened nor were they humbled.

[3:146]

quality of a thing, or its condition, or to question about the manner in which an action has taken or may take place.

In the Holy Quran it is often used as an exclamatory particle to show wonder implying a negative sense.

how! (exclamatory) (1)

وَانْظُرُ إِلَى الْوِظَامِ كَيْفُ نُنْشِرُهَا أُتُونَكُ وُهَالْسُمًا

And look thou at the bones: how We make them stand up and clothe them with flesh. [2:259]

how ? (2) (implying negative sense)

كَيْفَ يَهْدِي اللَّهُ قَوْمًا كُفُرُوْ ابْعَكَ إِيْمَانِهِمُ

How Allah shall guide a people who disbelieved after their belief? [3:86]

# ك ى ل 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. they mesured

> كَالَ بَكِيْلُ كَيْلاً وَ مَكَالاً

to measure, (ض كَيَالاً (ض veigh, to compare by measuring

وَإِذَا كَالْوُهِ وَأَوْذَذُنُوهُمْ يُخْسِرُونَ

And (who) when they measure unto them or weigh for them, (they) diminish.

[83:3]

1.76

# كتاب اللام

would have (2)
(apodosis of a conditional sentence introduced by
or \( \frac{1}{2} \)

لَوْشَآءَ رَبُّكَ لَجَعَلَ النَّاسَ أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً

If thy Lord had wished, He would have (verily) made mankind one nation.

[11:118]

لَوَلَادَفُعُ الله النَّاسَ بَسُعُهُمُ بِبَعْضِ لُنسَدَي الْارَضُ

If Allah had not repelled some men by others the earth would have been corrupted. [2:251]

(correlative of an oath particle)

تانلاء لقذ أخرك الله مكينا

By Allah, Allah hath preferred thee above us. [12:91] verily, truly, (1) j indeed, surely (an intensifying particle)

Note: the pronunciation of J vocalized with fatha.

before the predicate of

مَّ الْرُسُلْنَا فَبُلَّاكَ مِنَ الْمُؤْسَلِيْنَ الْأَرْاتُهُ عُولَيَا كُلُونَ

We never sent before thee a messenger but indeed they ate food. [25:20]

(or)

ٳؾؘٮؘؠؚٙؽڬٮۜؽؚؽۼٵڶڎؙؖٵٚٙۄ

Verily my Lord is certainly the hearer of prayer.

[14:39]

before a subject

لَااَنْتُ وَاسْتُدُ مَعْبَةً فِي صُدُورِهِمْ مِن اللهِ

Surely ye are more awful in their breasts than Allah.

[59:13]

جَعَلَ لَكُوْمِينَ ٱنْدُيكُمْ ٱذْوَاجًا

He had made for you pairs of yourselves. [42:11]

because of (4)

لِإِيْلُعٰنِ ثُرَيْشٍ

For the taming of Qureysh. [106:1]

for the purpose of (5)
(occurs after jg preceded
by negative particle)

مَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيكُ رَالْهُ فِينَانَ عَلَى مَا أَنْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ

It is not (the purpose) of Allah to leave you in your present state. [3:179]

to become (6)

فَالْتَعَطَافَ الْ فِرْعَوْنَ لِيَكُوْنَ لَاثُمُ عَنْ وُاوَّحَزَنَّا

And the family of Firawn took him up, that he might become for them an enemy and a sorrow. [28:8]

let (do) (7)

(the J of imperative)

لِيُنْفِقُ ذُوسَعَةً مِنْ سَعَتِهِ

Let him, who hath abundance, spend of his abundance. [65:7]

(to (8)

(i.e., as a substitute for !! )

بِأَنَّ رَبُّكَ آوْ لَىٰ لَهَا

Because thy Lord inspired her. (i.e., revealed to her) [99:5] by (3) (a particle of oath)

لَعَمْرُكَ إِنَّهُمْ لَفِي سَكْرَتِهِمْ يَعْمَهُوْنَ

By thy life (O Mohammad) they moved blindly in the frenzy of the approaching death. [15:72]

indeed, certainly (4)

(introducing a conditional particle)

لَهِنْ أُخْرِجُوْ اللَّايَخْرُجُونَ مَعَهُمْ

Certainly if they are driven out they go not with them. [59:12]

(a preposition)

(denoting possession) الْلَكُمُّةُ ( to, for, (1)

يلله مَا فِي السَّمْوْتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

Unto Allah belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. [2:284]

(2) deserving الإشتيحقاق

وَعِلْهِ الْعِنْزَةُ وَلِوَسُولُهُ وَلِأَنْوُمِنِينَ

And might deserveth to Allah and to His messenger and the believers. [63:8]

in favour of i.e., making (3) owner (Mjj.) لِ

593

do not. (2)

وَلاَ تَقُتُلُوا النَّفْسَ الَّتِيُ حَرَّمُ اللَّهُ إِلَّا بِالْحَقِ And slay not the life Allah hath made sacred save in the course of justice.

[6:151]

**★** 4 1 1

مَلَكُ / الْمَلَكُ (n.) حَلَكُ / الْمَلَكُ الْمَلَكُ الْمَلَكُ اللَّهُ اللَّالَّةُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ ا

to send a message (not a regular verb)

two angles dual. (n.) acc. مَلَكَيْنِ

angles (n.p.) كَالُوكُونُ

مَلَكُا

1111

الْلُوْلُوُ / لُوْلُوا / the pearl (n.) acc. الْلُوْلُو / الْوُلُو اللهِ

**★** 中 中 J

الْآلْباَبُ (n.p.)

the hearts, understanding, insight, intellect

the heart, (sing.) insight etc.

ل ب ث ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) لَيْتَ <remained stayed (1) in (9)

(as a substitute for 3 or place)

وَنَضَعُ الْمُوَاذِيْنَ الْفِسْطَ لِيَوْمِ الْعَيْمَةِ

And We shall set blance of justice for (i. e, on) the Day of Judgement.

[21:47]

on (10)

(substituting for اعْلا )

يَخِرُدُنَ لِلْأَذُ تَانِ سُجَّدًا

They fall down prostrate on their faces adoring.

[17/107]

of, about (11) (substituting for عُنْه )

تَالَ مُوْسَى التَّقُولُونَ لِلْحَقِّ لَتَاجَأَءُكُو

اَيِنَةُوْ هٰذَا

Musa said: Speak ye (so) of the Truth when it hath come to you? Is this magic? [10:77]

\* \* 1 J

not, no (1) (particle for negative)

لَاالشَّمْسُ يَنْبَغِي كَهَا أَنْ ثُنْ دِكَ الْقَمَرَ وَلَا الدَّلُ سَائِقُ النَّهَادِ

It is not for the sun to overtake the moon, nor doth the night outstrip the day. [36:40]

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لَثُ

يَعُولُ آهَلَكُ مَالُالْكِنَا

He saith. I have destroyed vast wealth. [90:6]

<a dense crowd (n.) acc. آبنداً that which is (sing.) الندة close packed like a lion's mane

And when the bondman of Allah stood calling upon Him, they well nigh pressed on him, stiffling. [72:19]

ل ب س 🖈

بَسُوْنَ (Imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) <they will wear لِبَسَ يَلْبَسُ لُبُسْاً وَ لَبُوْساً (س) to wear, to put on a garment

وَيَكْبَدُونَ ثِيَابًا خُضْرًا

And they will wear green robs. [18:31]

(perf. Ist p. plu.) لِنَسْنَا ـ عَلَىٰ (we made obscured

to dress, cover, envelop, to obscure, to confound

أيش (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc.

أثيليس كمؤيثيتا

Or confound you by factions. [6:65] فَلِيثَ فِي الْمِيْمِي بِضْعَ سِنِينَ

So he (Yusuf) stayed in prison for some years.

[12:42]

(2) مَا لَبِثَ أَنْ جَاءَ delayed not

فَمَا لَهِكَ أَنْجَأَءَ بِعِجُهِلِ حَنِيُهُ

So he delayed not to bring a roasted calf. [11:69]

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) thou stayed

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.)
ye stayed

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) المؤاد they stayed

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَلْتُونُنَ they delay

أَنْ يُلْتُونُا they delayed not

(act. pic. m. plu.) بين those who are staying

(perf. 3. p.m. plu.) عَلَيْتُو اللهِ (they delayed

as R·F. أَلَٰكُ تَلَبُّنُا

ل ب د ★

<much, vast (n.) acc. Lail</p>

لَبَدَ يَلْمُدُ لُؤُدا (ن)

to stick, adhere, to mat together, to stick together, to become felted doubt, dubiety (v.n.) كَبْسُ بَلُ هُمُوْ فِيُ كَبْسِ مِّنُ خَلْقٍ جَدِيْدٍ And they are in dubiety regarding a new creation.

[50:15]

ل ب ن ★ لَبَنُّ } milk (n.) { لَنَاً }

الْآَــُالُّ (n.p.1.)

(n.p.)
the place of refuge

الْمُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ ا

to take refuge. retreat, shelter

**★** 〒 J

(assim. v.) الحَوَّا

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<they persisted

لَحَّ يَلِيُّہُ لِمَاً (ض) to exceed the limit, to persist

a pool (n.) acc.

very deep (sea) n. (adj.)

\* > = J

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv مُلْحِدُوْنَ <they profane (1)

1. to deviate iv آمَلَدُ إِلَمَا الْمُ

يُلْيِسُوْنَ they obscure acc. { الْمِسُوْنَ عُلْمُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ الللَّا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ ا

وَلَوْجَعَلْنُهُ مَلَكُا لَجَعَلْنَهُ رَجُلَّا وَّلَلْبَسْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ مَّالِيَلِمِسُونَ

Had We appointed an angel
(as Our messenger) We
assuredly had made him
(as) a man (that he might
speak to them) and (thus)
obscure for them (the
truth) they (now) obscure.
(Pic) [6:9]

the same triliteral root the same triliteral root the same triliteral root the only difference between these two occurs in vowelizing as in:

to wear لَيِسَ يَلْبَسُ to obscure لَيَسَ يَلْبِسُ

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَلْبَسُوْنَ ye wear

وَ مَنْ مَنْ مُؤْرِخُونَ حِلْيَةً مَلْمِسُونَهَا

And derive the ornament that ye wear [35:12]

تَلْبِسُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye make obscure/confound

لِوَتَلْهِمُونَ الْحَقَّ بِالْمُأَطِلِ

Why confound ye truth with falsehood. [3:71]

لِبَاسٌ / لَبُوْسٌ (n.) garment, dress

لَّحِقَ بَلْحَقُ لَمَاقًا (س) to catch up, to reach, overtake ب

they have not reached (or) they have not overtaken

( perf. 2 p. m. plu.) iv (ye joined

أَلْخَقَ إِلْمَامًا to attach affix

(perf. Ist p. plu.) iv اَلْقَانَا we cause to join

(perate. m. sing.) iv اَلْمِنْ make join make me join

> # ٢ ت تا flesh (n.) الم

الحما flesh acc. الحُوَّمُّ fleshes/ لَمَّمُّ (sing.)

\* 0 7 1

The mode of speech (n.) و القول oblique pronunciation. القول to speak with a (س) المقول المناسبة علم المناسبة ا

Note: The word is used in the H.Q. in this meaning from that which is lawful and right to incline 31 -

to put to a perverted use, to act profanely

وَذَرُواالَّذَوْنِي يُلْحِدُونَ فِي الْمَعْلَمْ

And leave alone those who profane His names.[7:180]

they incline

إلى

لِسَأَنُ الَّذِي يُلْجِدُ وَنَ الِيَّا اِعَجَدِیٌ The speech of him unto whom they incline is foreign. [16:103]

إِلَادُ profanity (v.n) iv

< place of (n.p.t.) viii مُلْتَحِداً refuge</p>

to take refuge, viii الْتَحَدَ الْتِحَادَا shelter

ل ح ف ★

(v.n.) iv. acc. [1]

<(with) importunity

to persist, أَلِمُنَ إِلَمَانًا demand with importunity.

النَّفَ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللّ

ل ح ق ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) (juss.) كَلْحَقُوْا < they reach

J ی ۵

(a particle for place or preposition) at, near, presence, from.

This particle of place (that is called by some grammarians as preposition) has usage as il does; but the latter requires preceeding particle thus:

لَدَىٰ الْيَابِ at the door

لَدُناً in our presence

with him

with them

my presence

J ċ ذ

لَدَيَّ

خَلَدُ

(assim v)

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

< ~find sweet

لَذَّ تَلَدُّ لَدَاذاً (ن) to be sweet, delicious, delightful, pleasant, gratify the senses

وَ فِيهَا مَا تَشْتَهِمُ وَالْأَنْفُسُ وَتَكُذُّ الْأَعْيُنُ

And therein is all that souls desire and eyes find sweet. [43:71]

delicious (n.)

but there are other significances of the word which may be seen in dictionaries.

beard (n.)

كاتأخذىلعكيتى

Hold me not by my beard. [20:94]

> J 3

most contentious (elevate.)

وَهُوَالْتُ الْغِنصَامِ

He is the most contentious of adversaries. [2:204]

contentious acc.

Fi

J د ن

لَدُنْ from presence (a particle of place or preposition)

always preseeded by

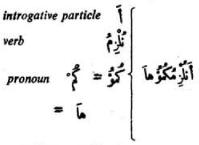
منْ لَدُنْ from

منْ لَدُنْكَ from thy presence

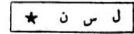
مِنْ لَدُنَّا from our presence

مِنْ لَدُنَّهُ from his presence

> من لَدُنّ from me



written combined as one word.



a tongue (1) (n.)

(as a vocal instument)

لَا فَحَرِادُ بِهِ لِسَانَكَ لِتَعُجَلَ بِهِ Stir not thy tongue herewith to hasten it [75:16]

language (2)

وَمَّالَوْسَلْنَامِنُ تَرْسُوْلِ الْأَلِيلِسَانِ تَوْمِهُ لِيُسْبَيِّنَ لَهُوْ

And We never sent a messenger save with the language of his folk, that he might make (the message) clear. [14:4]

specch (3)

وَاَرِينَ هُرُونُ مُواَلَّهُمَ مِينَى لِسَانَا فَارْسِلُهُ مَعِيَ My brother Haroon (Aaron) is more eloquent than me in speech, therefore, send

[28:34]

him with me.

ل ز ب ★

(act. pic. m. sing.) لَاذِبُ <ple>plastic sticking (Pic.)
to stick, (س) لَزِبَ يَلْزَبُ لُرُولًا (س)
adhere, to be fixed firmly

ل زم \*

to cling, (س) أَرُّومُ أَرُّومُ أَلَوْماً مَا عَلَيْهُ مَا يَارُّمُ مَا يَارُهُمُ مَا مِنْهُ عَلَيْهُ النَّمْ مُنْ مُنْهُمُ مُنْهُمُ النَّمْ مُنْهُمُ النَّمَ النَّمْ مُنْهُمُ النَّمْ مُنْهُمُ النَّمْ مُنْهُمُ النَّمْ النَّمْ مُنْهُمُ النَّمْ النَّمْ مُنْهُمُ النَّمْ النَّمْ مُنْهُمُ النَّمْ النَّمْ النَّمْ مُنْهُمُ النَّمْ النَّمْ النَّمْ النَّمُ النَّمْ النَّمُ النَّمْ النَّمْ النَّمْ النَّمْ النَّمْ النَّمْ النَّمْ النَّمُ النَّمْ النَّمُ الْمُنْمُ النَّمُ الْمُنْ النَّمُ الْمُنْهُمُ النَّمُ النَّمُ النَّمُ الْمُنْمُ النَّمُ النَّمُ النَّمُ الْمُنْمُ النَّمُ النَّمُ النَّمُ الْمُنْمُ النَّمُ الْمُنْمُ النَّمُ الْمُنْمُ النَّمُ الْمُنْمُ النَّامُ النَّامُ النَّمُ الْمُنْمُ الْمُنْمُ النَّمُ النَّمُ الْمُنْمُ النَّمُ النَّامُ النَّامُ النَّامُ النَّامُ النَّامُ النَّمُ النَّامُ النَّامُ النَّامُ النَّامُ النَّامُ النَّامُ الْمُعْمِلُونُ النِّمُ الْمُنْمُ النَّامُ النَّ

He kept them fixed on the way of piety. [48:26]

أَوْزَمُناً (perf. Ist p. plu.) iv الزَّمُنا we have fastened

وَكُلَّ إِنْسَأَنِ ٱلْزَمْنَهُ ظَايِرَةُ فِي عُنْقِهِ

And every man We have festened his action round his neck. [17:13]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv we make adhere

ٱنْكُوْمُكُمُوْمَا وَانْتُوْلَهَا كُوهُوْنَ

Shall We make you adhere to it while ye are averse thereof. [11:28]

لظلي flame (n.) (fire of the Hell)

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) < we jest (1) (opp. to be serious)

لَعْتُ تَلْعَتُ لَعْدًا (س)

to disport, droll (baby), to play, to jest, pastime (in an unserious thing)

(3 p.m. sing.) juss. ~(may) play

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they jest

بَلْعَبُوْا they may jest (juss.) (i.e., leave them jesting)

play, playing (n.)

(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. those who play

وماخلفناالتتكأ والأرض ومايكنهم ألعبين

And We created not the heaven and the earth and all that is between them in play. [21:16]

لَعَلَّ perhaps, may be, (particle) it is hoped, to be haply According to the grammarians the word is termed as a 'resemble verb' like il 600

renown (4) (when it is possessed by )

صنبق عَلِيثًا

And We gave them Our mercy and assigned to them a high and true renown. [19:50]

< tongues (n. p.)

لسَانٌ (sing.)

(Note: In plural case this word is used only in the meaning of tongues.)

(parate.3 p.m.sing.)v < let him be courteous

تَلَمَّلُفَ تَلَمَّلُفاً to be polite and courteous

>> لَعَلَفَ تَلْعَلُفُ لَطَأَفَ (ك)

to be delicate, dainty, graceful

one of the attributive names of Allah: The Subtle

subtle acc.

ظ .5

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)w.v. v, < ~ flamed, blazed to blaze, fiercely ،, أَلَّنَا اللهُ خَلِيْ يَلْظَىٰ لَظَىٰ (س) to blaze

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) تلعن we curse (perate m. sing.) may Thou (Our Lord) ! curse (i.e., deprive (them) of Thy mercy) لْمِنَ (3 p.m. sing.) pp. was cursed (2 p. m. plu.) pp. they have been cursed curse (n.) acc. curse (n.) (used as if possessed to Allah's curse my curse) (act. pic. m. plu.) <those who curse (sing.) (pact. pic. m. plu.) acc. accursed ones (pact. pic. f. sing.) an accursed one (f.) 8 see (v.n.) weariness (v.n.)
لَفَ مَلْفَ لَفْياً وَ لَغُوماً (ف) to be greatly fatigued غ (perate. m. plu.) drown the hearing

used by affixed pronoun as لَمُلَكُمُ ، لَمَلِكُ ، لَمَلُّ ، لَمَلُّ in other cases

وَمَا يُدْدِيْكَ لَعَلَّ السَّاعَةَ تَكُونُ قَرِيْبًا

What can convey (the knowledge) unto thee! It may be that the Hour is nigh. [33:63]

(Note: A number of commentators have observed that the particle آلَا in this verse is a substitute for المرابقة. i.e., an interrogative particle, thus the meaning of the verse is: what can make you know that the hour is nigh? In this case 'what makes you know?'

In this case 'what makes you know?'

In this case 'what makes you know?'

In this case 'what makes you know?'

## لع ن ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
<has cursed
to curse (فَمَ الْمُعَنُّ لَمُنَا (ف)
down, execrate, to deprive
one of His mercy

(perf. 3 ρ. f. sing.) hath cursed (i.e., a group, nation etc.)

( perf. Ist. p. plu.) لَنَتَا we cursed

يَلْمَنُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) يَلْمَنُ

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to turn viii, الْنَفَتَ الْنِفَاتًا around مِنْ to look back

ل ف ح ★

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) مُلْحَفُّ <-burns

لَفَ بَلْعَكُ لَمُفَّا (ف) to burn, scorch

ل ف.ظ ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
< ∼uttereth

لَفَظَ بَلْفِظُ لَفْظًا (ض) to cast forth, to utter

ل ف ف \*

الفاقا

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii الْنَفَتُ < ~ heaped

التَّفَّ الْتِفَاقُّ - viii, التَّفَّ الْتِفَاقُ to be heaped, to be joined (one thing to another)

وَالْتَغَتِ التَّاقُ بِالتَّاقِ

And agony is heaped on agony. [75:29]

thick foliage, (n.p.)acc. densely growing trees

لَنْتُ (sing.)

winding, coiling, wrapping, enfolding لَغِيَ يَلْغَىٰ لَغَىَّ وَ لَأَغِيَّةً وَ مَلْغَاَةً (س)

to talk nonsense, to make
mistakes consciously or
unconsciously

لاتسمعواللهذاالعران والعوافية

Heed not this Quran, and drown the hearing of it. [41:26]

unconsciously spoken (n.) الْلَغُوْ word, unintentional uttered word (Rgh.)

idle talk, (n.) acc. لَغُوا nonsense speech

(n. act. pic. f. sing.) لأغِنَة idle speech

ل ف ت \*

لَهَا ، أَلْنَىٰ see ل ف ى

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) acc. that thou pervert

لَفَتَ يَلْفِتُ لَفْناً وَ لَفْنَـةً (ض)

to turn aside, pervert

عَالُوْآآجِ مُنْكَالِتَلْفِتَنَاعَتَاوَجَدُنَاعَلَيْهِ إَبَّاءَنَا

They said: hast thou come unto us to pervert us from that (faith) in which we found our fathers. [10:78]

(ع) بَلْغَيْتُ (ع) (Ap.m.sing.) juss. neg. (الع) بَلْغَيْتُ to impregnate (the female palm tree)

وَأَرْسَلُنَا الرِّيْحَ لَوَاقِحَ نَأَنْزِلْنَامِنَ السَّمَا مِلَا And We send the winds fertilising, and cause water to

descend from the sky.

ل ق ط 🖈

النقط

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii < picked up, took up (نَهَا لَهُالُ لَقَالًا (نَ

to pick up from the ground to take up, viii

to take up, viii

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii will pick up, will take up

ل ق م ★

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii ( حجمة التقم التقامة ) ( wiii التقم التقامة ) ( swallow a mouthful.

>> لَقَمَ يَلْقُمُ لَقُمْ (ن)

to clog up, to obstruct

\* \* \* \*

the name of the (p, n.) thirty-first chapter of the Holy Quran

'Luqman' was a sage. His wisdom is celebrated by

acc. لَغَيْفُ مُ الْفِيفُ الْ (act 2 pic. m. sing.) gathered, assembled, crowd

ل ف ی ★

(perf. 3 p.m. dual)(w.v.)iv اَلْفَيَا <the twain found

vi اَلْفُرْ اِلْفَاءا الْعَاما الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَاما الْعَلَى الْعَاما الْعَاما الْعَاما الْعَاما الْعَلَى الْعَاما الْعَلَى الْعِلْمِ الْ

R. F., (نَا يَلْفُو لَفُوا (ن) <

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. iv الْغُوا they found

(perf. Ist p. plu.)(w.v.) iv النيا we found

ل ق ب ★

titles, nicknames (n. p.) الْأَلْقَابُ (sing.) لَقَبُّ (sing.)

ل ق ح ★

<fertilising (n. p.) (b. p. of )

لَقَعَتْ (الْأَنْيُ) تَلْقَتُ لَقَاحاً وَلَقْعاً (ف) become pregnant

the winds are described as pregnant by way of resemblance as they bear drops of water and carry it to a place where it rains (Mjj.)

تَلْقَوْ ا

we found (2)

لقَدُ لَقِيناً مِن سَفِينا هُذَا نَصَبًّا

Verily we have found fatigue in this our journey.

[18:62]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. will find (he will find it عُلْقاً )

will incur (3) f.d. juss w.v.

وَ مَنْ يَفْعَلْ وْ إِلَّ يَلْقَ آثَامًا

And whosoever shall do this shall incur the meed (Jid.) shall commit a crime (Mjj.) shall pay the penalty (Pic.). [25:68]

f.d. acc. w.v. (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

<ye met</pre>

قَبْلَ أَنْ تَلْقَوْمُ before ye met it

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. أَوْنَ they shall meet

(act. pic. m. sing.) w.v.

meeter, founder, one who will meet
possessed to pronoun

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. ii <a href="caused to receive"><aused to receive</a>

to make ii, لَقِيْ قَلْقِيَةً SS to receive, or meet, to shed over, cast upon

وَلَقُهُمُ نَضْرَةً وَسُرُورًا

And shall cause them to meet. [76:11]

He was known Arabs. even in the Jahiliyah period as a sage. Luqman is the name of two, if not three, persons famous in Arabian traditions. The first was of the family of Ad. The name of the second Lugman called 'Lugman the sage' occurs in the Ouran... According to Masudi he was a Nubian freedman who lived in the time of David (Jid.) EBr, XIV. p. 487.

ل ق ی ★

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) w.v. they (twain) met (1)

لَتِي بَلْقُ لِقَامًا وَ لُقْيَانًا (س)

to meet, to come across, to experience, undergo, suffer, endure

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they met, faced, came across

وَإِذَا لَقُواالَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا تَالُوٓاامَنَا

When they meet with those who believe, they say: we believe. [2:14]

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) w.v. ye met

( إِذَا لَقِيْتُمْ when ye meet )

( perf. 1st. p. plu.) w.v. we met لَقُوْ ا

ال: ٰ

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. iv. flung down (1)

فَالْقَي عَصَاهُ فَإِذَاهِي تُعْبَانُ مُبِينً

Then he flung down his staff and lo! it was a serpent manifest. [7:107]

has cast (2)

وَٱلْقَى فِي الْأَرْضِ رَوَايِي آنْ تَبِيدُ بِكُمُ

And He hath cast into the earth firm hills that it quake not with you.

[16:15]

offered (3)

وكانقولوالين الغى إليكافوالسك كشت مؤمنا

And say not unto one who offereth you peace! thou art not a believer. [4:94]

cast forth (suggestions), (4) proposed

وَمَاۤ اَرُسُلُنَا مِنُ تَبْلِكَ مِنْ دَّسُوْلٍ وَلَانَبِي ٓ الْآُ إِذَا تَسَمَّىٰۤ الْقَى الشَّيْطُ لُ فِنَّ أُونِيَّتِهِ

And We have sent before thee no apostle or prophet but when he read the Satan cast forth (suggestion) in respect of his reading i.e., in the mind of his unbelieving hearers (Jid.).

[22:52]

Never sent We a messenger or a prophet before thee but when he recited (the message) Satan proposed (opposition) in respect of that (2 p. m. sing.) pip.w.v. ii مُلَقِينًا مُسَلِّقًا لِللهِ thou art receiving, thou art gifted

وَانْكَ لَنَافَى الْقُوْلَ مِن لَدُنْ حَكِيمُ عَلِيهِ

And verily thou art gifted with (or thou art receiving) the Quran from the presence of One Wise, Aware. [27:6]

(3 p. m. sing.) pp. w.v. ii is granted, gifted, blessed by lit: it is shed upon

ومَايُلَقُهُمَّ اللَّاللَّاللَّهِ يَن صَبُرُوا

But none is granted it save those who are steadfast.

[41:35]

(3 p.m. plu.) pip. w.v. ii أَنَّ lit. they will be made receiving i.e., they will meet

(imperf.3p.m.plu.)acc.w.v.iii they meet

> فَنَّ زَهُ وُحَتَّى يُلْقُوْا يَوْمَهُمُ الَّذِي فِيهُ إِن يُصْعَقُونَ

Then let them be till they meet their day, in which they will be thunderstriken. [52.45]

meeting v.n. iii

(This verbal noun لَكُنَّ لِكُرَةُ

from stem iii has occurred
as antecedented to the
name of Allah, رَبَّ or to

( لِقَالَهِ and لِقَامَنَا

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(perf. 1st. p. sing.) w.v. iv الْقَبَتُ الْعَبَاتُ الْعَبَاتُ

#### وَالْقَيْثُ عَلَيْكَ عَبَاتُ مِينَى

I cast on the love from Me (Jid.). I endued thee with love from Me (Pic.).

[20:39]

(perf. Ist p. plu.) w.v. iv القينا we cast (1)

وَالْقَيْنَالِيَنْهُ وُالْعَدَاوَةَ وَ الْبَعْضَاءُ إِلَى يُوْمِ الْقِيدِيْمَةِ

And We have cast among them enmity and hatred till the Day of resurrection. [5:64]

we set up (2)

وَالْقِينَاعَلِ كُرْسِيهِ جَسَدًا شُمَّ آنَابَ

And We set up upon his throne a (mere) body, then did he repent. [38:34]

we placed (3)

وَالْإِرْضَ مَدَدْ نُهَا وَالْقَيْنَا فِيهَارُوَاسِي

And the earth have We spread out and placed therein firm hills (Pic.)( Jid. cast thereon) [15:19]

w.v. iv acc. (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. iv وَالْمُونَ ye give

which he recited thereof. (Pic.)

gave (5)

اِنَ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَذِكُرُى لِسَنُ كَانَ لَهُ قَلْبُ اَوَّالْعَى السَّمْعَ وَهُوَ شَعِيدٌ

Lo! therein verily is a reminder for him who hath a heart, or giveth ear with full intelligence. [50:37]

tendered (6)

بَلِ الْإِنْسَانُ عَلْ نَعْسِهِ بَصِيْرَةً وَكُوْالُعْلِ مَعَاذِيْرَةً

Oh, but man is a telling witness against himself, although he tenders his excuses. [75:14,15.]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. iv has cast forth

وَٱلْقَتُ مَافِيُهَا وَتَخَلَّتُ

And (the earth) shall castforth that which is therein and shall become empty.

[84:4]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. iv الْقُوا they threw

(perate. m. sing.) w.v. iv

قَالَ الْقُوَّا وَلَمَّا الْقُواسَحُووْ آاعَيُنَ السَّاسِ

He said: throw! and when they threw they cast a spell upon the people's eyes. [7:116] (3 p. m. sing.) pp. iv, w.v. is thrown

were flung (1)

وَٱلْقِي السَّحَرَةُ سْجِدِيْنَ

And the magicians flung prostrate. [7:120]

is thrown (2) 11 <

ٳڷؙٚڽؙؙٲڵۼؽٳڶؿؘڮڎڮڴۅؽؠؙ

There hath been thrown unto me a noble letter. [27:29]

set upon (3) کے <

نَلُوْلُوْ الْقِي عَلَيْهِ السُّولَةُ فِينَ ذَهِب

Why, then have the armlets of gold not been set upon him. [43:53]

(3 p.m. plu.) pp. iv, w.v. they are flung

(3 p.m. sing.) pip. iv, w.v.

∼ is thrown down

(2 p. m. sing.) pip. iv, w.v. thou will be thrown down or will be cast (into~)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. received (1)

فَتَلَقَّى أَدَمُ مِن ثَيَّةٍ كَلِمْتِ

Then Adam received from his Lord words (of revelation). [2:37]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) v, w.v. لَقَوَّوْنَ ye publish (2)
one of two أَهُ from
is dropped تَتَقَقَّوْنَ تُلْقُونَ إِلَيْهِمْ بِالْمُودَةِ

Ye give them friendship.

[60:1]

iv, w.v. juss. (3 p. m.sing.) (يُلْقِ ( فَلْلُقِهِ )

مَيْنُفُودِ الْبَرْيُ السَّلِيلِ

Then the river shall throw him on the bank. [20:39]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. proposes, casts

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. they throw

w.v. acc.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, they offer

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv, w.v. we cast

سَنُلِقِ we shall cast

أأنذا

بلقا

نز

تَلَوَ

(perate. m. sing.) iv, w.v. cast! throw (thou)!

(perate. m. duel) iv, w.v. throw (you twain)!

(perate. m. plu.) iv, w.v. cast (you)!

iv, w.v. (perate. neg. m. plu.)

<cast not (O you men)</p>

(perate. f. sing.) iv, w.v. cast (thou f.)!

فَالْقِيَّهِ فِي الْبَيْرِةِ .cast him in the river

Then cast him in the river.
[28:7]

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1.4

(Ap-der m. sing.) iii, w.v. lit. one who meets (Ap-der. m. plu.) f.d. iii, w.v.

those who meet

مُلاَقُوٰهُ، مُلاَيْتِ، مُلاَيْبُهُ

i.e., antecedent to pronouns

According to the Arabic phrase, if مَلاَقُونُهُ مُلاَقِهُ is used, it is translated as 'should have to meet'

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, w.v. casters

acc.

(Ap-der. f. plu.) iv, w.v. الْلَقِيَاتُ those (f.) who bring down (Ap-der. m. dual.) v, w.v. الْتُلَقِيَانِ the two receivers

\* 5 1 7

<a twinkling v.n.

لَحَ بَلْتَهُ لَمْاً (ف)

to shine, gleam, sparkle (star or lighting)

ل م د ★

أَيْدُ مُلِيْدُ مُوارِّهُ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) الْمِيْدُ مُوارِّهُ (صرَّهُ defames (or) traduce to make (مَنْ أَوْا (صَلَّ ) a sign with the eye, to traduce, to defame (backbiting etc.)

#### إذْ تَلَقُّونَهُ بِٱلْسِنَتِكُو

When ye were publishing it (or) when ye welcomed it with your tongues.

[24:15]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. يَتَلَقِيْ

إِذْ يَتَلَقَّى الْمُتَلَقِّينِ عَنِ الْيَمِيْنِ وَعَنِ النَّمَالِ قَعِين

When the two receivers receive (him) seated on the right hand and on the left. [50:17]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) v, w.v.

لَا يَحْوُنُهُمُ الْفَزَعُ الْأَكْبَرُوْتَ تَنَكَقُّمُ مُ الْمَلَإِكَةُ

The Supreme Horror will not grieve them, and the angels will meet them. [21:103]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii, w.v. <∼met

to meet viii الْتَقَىٰ الْبِنْقَاءاً face to face

(perf. 3 p. f. dual.) viii, w.v. (the twain) met

( perf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii, w.v. ye met

لْتَقِبَانِ ،viii, w.v

( :in

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) (the twain) meet

towards n.w.v. "lai:

meeting v.n. iii, w.v. وَيُّ النَّلاَقِ the Day of meeting

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FI

(Note: the literary meaning of is ye eat; is ye eat; set altogether; but the real sense of the verse is that which is given above)

unwilled offence (n.)
that is near, hence small
faults, as those which are
nearer to sins

not (a particle)

Always preceeds imperfect
tense to denote the negative meaning of a perfect
(past tense) and takes the
following form of imperfect in genitive, (see details
in LLQ or any grammar's
book).

when, after that, (a particle) used when speaking of past events, also used: as

إِنْ كُلُّ نَفْسِ لَمَّاعَلَيْهَا حَافِظُ

No humun soul but hath a guardian over it. [86:4]

\* \* \* \*

not, by no means (a particle) (governs imperfect in the subjunctive case with future significance)

ل م ب ۔★

the flame (n.)

يْلِزُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they defame or traduce

(perate. neg. m. phu.) الْ تَلْيِزُوا (O men) defame not!

traducers (b. plu)

ل م س ★

(perf. 3. p.m. plu.)

لَنَ بَلِسُ لَمَنا (ض) to touch, feel, iii, وَ لاَ مَسَ seek, enquire after

فَلَتُوهُ بِأَيْدِيْرُمُ

They cauld feel it with their hands. [6:7]

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) we touched or we sought

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) ye have touched

(i.e., have had sexual intercourse)

(perate. m. plu.) viii التَّعِسُوا seek (you)

\* 667

(ن) أَوْ الْمَا greedily( v.n.) acc. أَوْ عَلَى الْمَارِينَ 
to gather, collect, amass

وَتَأْكُونَ الشَرَاكَ أَكُلَالَتُمَا And ye devour heritages with devouring greed. [89:19]

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1.51

iv,w.v. نلهى – عن (imperf 3 p. f. sing.) distracts, beguiles

يِجَالٌ لَا تُلْهِيُهِمْ يَعَارَةٌ وَلا بَيْغٌ عَنْ ذِكْوِاللهِ

Men whom neither merchandise nor sale beguileth from remembrance of Allah.

[24:37]

w.v. juss.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, let (SS) beguile

ذَرْمُمْ يَا كُلُوارَيَّتَ تَعُوادَيْكِيمُ الْأَمْلُ

Let them eat and enjoy life, and let (false) hope beguile them. [15:3]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) v, w.v. لُهُي distracted

a plaything, toy, (v.n.) فَوْنُ sport, amusement

وَمَاالَّحَيْوِةُ الدُّنْيَّا إِلَّالَعِبُّ وَلَهُوْ

Naught is the life of the world save a pastime and sport. [6:32]

pastime of discourse ين الحديث

(act. pic. f. sing.) لَأِمِتُ preoccupied

ل و ت ★

no longer (an indeclinable verb or particle)

وَلَاتَ عِيْنَ مَنَاصِ It was no longer the time for escape. [38:3] ل م ث ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss.

~pants

بَلْمَتْ

المَنْ بَلْهَ لَمُنَا وَ لَمَانًا وَ لَمَنَانًا (ف)

to thirst, to let

the tongue hang out from thirst, weariness, fatigue

\* 1 \* 7

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, حَمَّةً الْمُعَ ( coinspired ) أَلْمَةً الْمُلَامَّةً إِلْمُلَامًا , via dispire iv, الْمُعَمَّةُ الْمُلَامِّةُ الْمُلَامِّةُ الْمُلَامِّةُ الْمُلَامِّةُ الْمُلَامِّةُ الْمُلَامِّةُ الْمُلَامِّةُ الْمُلْمَةُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمِينُ الْمُلْمُ ِمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ ُمُ الْمُلْمُلُمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُلُمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ

المم إلهام المجاها (س، ح) لَيْمَ لَمْهَا (س، ح) حَمَّم لَيْمَ لَمْهَا (س، ح) to swallow

ل ۸ و 🖈

آلهنكؤالتكافز

Rivalry in wordly increase distracteth you. [102:1]

w.v. juss. J

let not distract you

scorching the skin (Jid.)

لَوَّاحَةٌ لِلْبَشَرِ

It shrivelleth the man (Pic.)
(Note آنشون signifies man and skin both.)

لود خ★

\[
 \text{hiding them- (v.n.) acc.} \]
 selves slipping away privately, act of flying for refuge

to take, (اَنَ اَلُونَةُ لُواَدَاً اللهُ refuge in surrounding, to seek refuge one with another

ل وم ★

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v.

< ye (f.) blamed

to blame (نَّ مَا لُوْماً مَا أَوْماً someone for some thing

ye blamed me

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. يَتْلَاقَمُوْنَ <they blame each other (self-reproaching)

self-blaming, vi. آگروَمَ blame each other

( perate. m. plu.) w.v. blame (you)!

(perate. neg. m. plu.) w.v. الا تَوْمُوا blame not (O you)!

لاً تَلُوْمُونِي blame me not

blame (n.)

name of an idol of (p..n) the pagan Arabs (details may be seen in the Tafsir Majidi P. 27, n. 153)

ل و ★ ★

if (particle)
(used to introduce a conditional sentence, see LLO)

ل و ح ★

a tablet (n.)

وَع

بَلُ مُوتُوالَ مَعِيدُ فِي لَوْج مَعْفُوظٍ

Aye! it is a recitation glorious (inscribed) in a tablet preserved. i.e., guarded from every sort of alteration or corruption.

[85:22]

is the depository of all the Divine decrees, willed events, ordained by God (Jid.)

tablets (n.p.)

الْآلُوَاحُ لَدَّاتَ أَدُّ

< most (ints. f.) scorching one

لاَحَ يَلْوُحُ لَوْحًا (ن)

to change and blacken لآحَتِ الشَّمْسُ بِشْرَتَهُ

the sun changed his skin by burning heat

611

and paid no heed to anyone (Pic.). and recall what time ye were climbing (the hill) (or runnning off) and would not look back (Jid.).

[3:153]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) acc. الله والم ye turn back

يَلُوُ وْنَ \_ ب (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they twist, pervert

يَكُونَ ٱلْمِنْتَهَاءُ مِالْكِتْ

They pervert the book with their tongues. [3:78]

distorting, twisting (v.n) acc.

كتاباك ينتهم

Distorting with their tongues. [4:46]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v.w. juss. < ~diminishes

لأَتَ يَلِيْتُ لَيْتاً (ض) to deminish

And if ye obey Allah and His messenger He shall not diminish from you aught. [49:14]

(a particle of desire) I wish, would that, would to God!

(act. pic. m. sing.) one who blames others blaming/accus- (ints. f.) ing one (soul)

(pact. pic. m. sing.) blamed one

pis. pic. iv, <one who deserves blame to be worthy iv, Lill it's of blame

مَلُهُ مِينَ (pact. pic. m. plu.) مَلُهُ مِينَ blamed ones

colour (n.)

no verbal root

< colours (n, p)(sing.) يُنْ

ی

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) they avert, turn back they avert or they turn back their heads (faces)

**عَلُوُونَ ( كَلُوْنَ )** w.v. (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

ye look back لَوَىٰ يَلُونَ لَبُنَّا (ض)

to twist, pervert, turn back لاَ تَدُونَ ( لاَ تَدُنَ ) ye look

not back

When ye climbed (the hill)

they are not (f.) النشية

I am not 
thou are not 
ye are not 
ye (f.) are not 

might (n.) 

if it is arting from sun-

the time starting from sunset to the dawn
night (n. with additional \*\*\*)

nights with f.d. (n.p.) { آبَالِ (n.p.)

ل ی ن ★

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. لِنْتَ <thou wast lenient</th>
 لَانَ مَلَدُ ثُلُناً وَ لَكَاناً (ض)

to soften, to make tender,

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. become soft

(perf. Ist p. plu.) iv, w.v. we softened

gentle, soft v.n. w.v.

palm tree (n.)

It is one of those particles which like in require the follwing noun to be an accusative. It takes the affixed pronouns as:

لَيْتَنِي ( لَبِتَ + نِنْ ) would that I

Would that I were dust.

[78:40]

would that we (لَبُعَ+نَا)

would that it (أَبُتُ + هَا ) لَبُتُهَا (أَبُتُ + هَا )

يليئتها كانت القاضية

Would that it had been the ending i.e., would that death had made an end of me altogether, and would not have brought me to this new world. [69:27]

ل ی س ★

(indeclinable verb)

< ∼ is not

It is termed by some modern grammarians as 'verb', not to be. What resembles this 'verb' to a regular one is that it accepts pronouns of perfect, affixed as 'thou art not,' and so on.

أَوَ لَيْسَ أَ + وَ + لَبْسَ (com.) is not he it (f.) is not

they are not (for a group)

# كتباب الميم

pronoun:

مَّااَنْتَ بِنِعْمَةِ رَبِكَ بِمَجْنُونِ

Thou art not through the grace of thy Lord, a mad man. [68:2]

(c) when placed before a demonstrative noun:

This is not a مُاهِنَا الْمُعَالِثَ الْمُعَالِثَ الْمُعَالِقِينَا الْمُعَلِّقِينَا الْمُعَالِقِينَا الْمُعَالِقِينَا الْمُعَلِّقِينَا الْمُعَلِّقِينَ الْمُعَلِّقِينَا الْمُعَلِّقِينَا الْمُعِلِّقِينَا الْمُعَلِّقِينَا الْمُعَلِّقِينَا الْمُعَلِّقِينَا الْمُعَلِّقِينَا الْمُعَلِّقِينَا الْمُعَلِّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلِّقِينَا الْمُعِلِّقِينَا الْمُعِلِّقِينَا الْمُعِلِّقِينَا الْمُعِلِّقِينَا الْمُعِلِّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلِّقِينَا الْمُعْلِقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعْلِقِينَا الْمُعْلِقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعْلِقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعْلِقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّقِينَا الْمُعِلَّ

Note: is used as a negative particle before the perfect tense only among verbal forms.

an interrogative particle (2)

(a) when placed before a demonstrative pronoun :

مَا هٰذِهِ الشَّالَيْلُ الَّتِيَّ اَتُتُو لَهَا عَكِفُونَ What are these images unto which ye are cleaving? [21:52] for ما after preposition - عَنْ -

عَخَ يَتَكَأَءُ لُؤْنَ

Of what they ask one another. [78:1]

or after preposition - J-

لِعَالَدِنْتَ لَهُ

Why didst Thou permit them. [9:43]

a negative particle (1)

(a) when placed before the perfect:

مَاضَلَ صَاحِبُكُوْ وَمَاغَوٰى

Your companion hath not gone astray nor he erred.

[53:2]

(b) when placed before a

them thou didst tell: I cannot find whereon to mount you. [9:92]

(e) how! to express wonder:

### فَكَأَاصُبُوهُمْ عَلَى النَّادِ

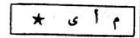
How constant are they in their strife to reach the Fire! (Pic.) How enduring must they be of the Fire (Jid.). [2:175]

• 9 (see) water (n.)

مَآبُ see أ و ب

a tribe of barbarians from the borders of Caspain Sea.

Holy Quran mentiones Yagog and Magog as both are descendants of Japet son of Noh.



مِثَةً / مِأَةً (c. numb.) مِثَةً مُ مِأَةً (two hundred (c. numb.)

مَأْدِئٰی see ا و ی مَآدِبُ see ا ر ب مَآمُوْنَ see م ع ن

\* \* " (

مُنْشَاهِ ع see ش ب

(b) when placed before a verb:

#### مَأْمَنَعَكَ أَنْ تَسْجُدَ

What hindereth thee from falling prostrate? [38:75]

(c) followed by 13 to become

مأذآ

#### مَا ذُالُوا وَ اللَّهُ بِهٰذَا مَثَلًا

What Allah intendeth by this similitude? [2:26]

conjunctive pronoun (3)

(a) what, whatsoever, as, as much as, as far as:

وَكُنْتُ عَلَيْهِمْ شَهِيئًا مَا دُمْتُ فِيْهِمْ I was a witness of them (as far as) I dwelt among them.

ong them. [5:117]

(b) that which:

### إِنْ يَنْ مَهُوا يُغْفُرُكُمُ مَّا فَعُاسَكُ

If they cease that which is past will be forgiven them. [8:38]

(c) what:

وَاللهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرُ Allah is Seer of what ye do. [8:72]

(d) when:

وَّلَاعَلَى اللَّذِينَ إِذَا مَا أَتَوْكَ لِتَحْمِلَهُمْ مُلْتَكَرَّالِمِهُ

#### مَاآحُيلُكُوْعَلَيْهِ

Nor unto those whom, when they came to thee (asking) that thou shouldst mount (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii we will comfort
(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) juss. ii he will cause to enjoy

(perate. m. plu.)

provide (you)!

وَ مُنْعُومُنَّ

And provide for them.

[2:236]

ye will be given comfort

(3 p. m. plu.) pip. كَتُعُونَ they will be given comfort

( perf. 3 p. m. sing.) v
<he contenteth himself

to content himself v المُتَعَالَةُ In Islamic terminology

signifies a category of Haj in which a pilgrim combines Umra with Haj in the season of Haj.

فَنَ تُنتَعَ بِالْعُنُوةِ إِلَى الْعُجْ

Then whosoever contenteth (lit. didst content himself) with the visit to the pilgrimage (Pic.) whosoever combineth Umra with the Haj (pilgrimage). [2:196]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they enjoy themselves

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) acc. ا

(perate. m. sing.) v عَمَنَعْ enjoy (they life) مُنْرَفَكُ see ت ر ف مُنْحَيِّزًا see ح و ز مُنَجِّرًا see ت ب ر مُنَبِّرًا م ت ع ★

(perf. Ist p. sing.) ii

I gave comfort,

let enjoy life

to make life ii مُنَّعَ مُعَنَّعُ مُنْتُهُ

comfortable for someone,

cause to enjoy, give ease,

make a provision with a

long life

Note: The verbal noun from 2nd stem is not in use. The verbal noun from R. F. 'enjoyment' is used in a sentence requiring an absolute object e.g. 'he will cause you enjoy an enjoyment.'

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) ii ئىقىت thou didst give ease

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii
we caused enjoyment
(imperf. Ist p. sing.) juss. ii
I will content
or I will give comfort

إِنَّ كُنْتُنَ ثَوْدَى الْعَيْوةَ الدُّنْيَا وَزِينَنَتَهَا

مَتَعَالَيْنَ أَمَيِّعَكُنَّ

If ye desire the world's life and its adornment, come I will content you. [33:28]

متاعآ

to appear in likeness 11 of someone other than himself >> مَثَلَ يَكُلُّهُ مُثَوِّلًا (ن) to resemble, to be or to look like someone, bear a likeness, to irritate فأدنسكنكآلكها أرؤحنا فتشكل لهابضراسوتا We sent unto her Our spirit and he took unto her the from of a human being sound (Jid.) he assumed for her the likeness of a perfect man (Pic.). [19:17] similar, of the kind, (n.) resemblance, similarity, similitude, likeness, equivalent .com مثلين f.d. مثل + ها two equivalents .com مِثْلَيْن f.d. مِثْلَان com. two equivalents of them parable, (n.) likeness, similitude أمناك (plu.) similitudes (n. p.) <examples (n.p.) حالات (sing.) أَكُمُوا اللهِ

a requital or punishment that could be shown or referred to as exemplary

رُنْنَ خُلُتُ مِنْ مُبْلِهِمُ الْمُثَلِّثُ While examples have already gone forth afore them. [13:6]

(perate. m. plu.) v enjoy (yourselves) (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x < ~didst enjoy to enjoy, x savour, relish (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) x ye enjoyed (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they enjoyed Thus they enjoyed their lot awhile, so ye enjoyed your lot awhile. [9:69] acc. مَتَاعُ / المتاعُ acc. comfort, ease, enjoyment, provision < baggage (n.p.) مَنَاءُ (sing) \* ت ن

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مَتْيَنْ <firm, strong, solid (نَ) مَتَنَ عَنْنُ مَنَانَةً (نَ) to be firm, strong, solid

\* \* \* \* 6

at what time? when?

م د ل \*

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v <a href="mailto:assumed">عَالُّلُّ مَا الْعَامِةِ مَا الْعَامِةِ مِنْ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعِلَّامِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلِي الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ عِلَيْمِ الْعِلَى الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَامِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعِلَامِ اللَّهِ عَلَيْمِ الْعِلَامِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِ الْعِلَى الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِي الْعِلْمِ الْعِلَى الْعِلْمِ الْعِلَى الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِ الْعِلَى الْعِلَى الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِ الْعِلَى الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِيْمِ الْعِلَى الْعِلْمِي عَلَيْهِ الْعِلَى الْعِلْمِ لِلْعِلَى الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِي الْعِلْمِ الْعِلَى الْعِلْمِ ِي الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِ الْعِلْمِلِي الْعِلْمِلِمِ الْعِلْمِي

enjoy security for their persons, possessions and religious practices.

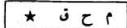
### \* 00 5 1

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii. el. المُعْقَى (in order to) purify

to clean ii. حَصَّنَ مُنْصِعاً 
of what is impure or extranous, purify

دَلِيْكَتِّصَ اللَّهُ الَّذِيْنَ أَمْنُوْا دَيْنَحَقَ الْكَغِيْنَ And that Allah may purge

And that Allah may purge those who believe and destroy the infidels. [3:141]



(imperf. 2 p.m. sing) المُحَقَّقُ (destroyeth

عَنَّى يَمْعَقُ تَخْفًا (ف)

the blot out, efface, annihilate, destroy

opp. increase, devolve (Mjj.)

blighteth (1)

يَمْحَقُ اللهُ الرِّيْوا وَيُرْبِي الصَّدَ الْيِ

Allah obliterateth usury and increaseth the alms.

[2:276]

destroyeth (2)

وَلِيُنجَّصَ اللَّهُ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَيَمْحَقَ الْكَغِيثِينَ

And that Allah may purify those who believe and destroy the infidels. [3:141] < superior (elative f.)

feminine of (elative)

lit. closer to perfection,
coming nearer the ideal,
ideal, meta, superior, ideal

وَيَذْهَبَا بِطَرِيقَتِكُمُ الْمُثَلَى

And to go away with your superior way. [20:63]

الْمَاأِيْلُ (sing.) مَثَالُ (sing.)

\* > 5 1

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) glorious, great, illustrious

< جَدَ يَعْدُ جَدُا (ن)

to be great, illustrious, eminent, glorious, magnified

رَحْمَتُ اللهِ وَرَبُلُكُ مُ مَلَيُكُو آهَلَ الْبَيْتِ

Mercy of Allah and His blessing be upon you, O people of the house. Verily He is Praiseworthy, Glorious. [11:73]

م ج س ★

الْجُوْسُ (n.) magians

i.e., the followers of Zoroaster. In Islamic law they are classed with the people of the book, and on payment of Jizya can thoroughly (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. sig.) w.v.

fd., juss. w.v. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) abolishes

\* > 5 6

مَوَاخِرَ ploughing (n.p.) acc. مَوَاخِرَ (sing.)

خَرَ مَغْرَ غَرْاً (ف)
to plough

م خ ض ★

المُخَاصُ (v.n.)

<pangs of childbirth</pre>

عَضَنَتِ ( الْمُؤَأَةُ ) تَمْخَضُ عَاَضاً (ف)

to suffer pangs of childbirth

\* > > 1

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim.

<a href="https://hath.stretched">hath stretched</a>, didst spread out

to spread, (ن) مَدَّ مَدُّاً وَمَدَّاً وَعَلَمُ مُدَّاً وَعَلَمُ عَدُّمُ مُدَّاً وَعَلَمُ الْعَلَمُ وَعَلَمُ ا

وَهُوَالَّذِي مُكَالِوَرْضَ

And it is He who spread out the earth [13:3]

مَدَدُناً ( perf. Ist. p. plu. ) assim. we have spread

\* 7 5 1

الحِيالُ (٧.٨.)

wrath (Pic.) prowess (Jid.)
i.e., strength

عَلَ يَنْخُلُ عَالَاً وَ يُعَالُا (ف)

to plot against:

when related to Allah means His deep planning and rejection of plots made by men (Mij.)

\* 5 21

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii حَتَعَنَ <a href="https://hath.proven">https://hath.proven</a>, disposed

to try, examine

خَنَ مَعْخَنُ غَنْاً (ف)
to try, test, prove, examine

(perate. m. plu.) viii امْتَحَنُّوا examine (you)

Then examine them (f.). [60:10]

\* > 51

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) w.v. <we didst disappear, blot out

to efface, (ن) عَوْ اللهِ blot out, to disappear

extended (2)

#### وَجَعَلْتُ لَهُ مَالَّامَّمُدُودًا

And I appointed for him wealth extended. [74:12]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assm. iv مُدَدُّ <-hath aided

أَمَدً إِمْدَاداً .to help, iv.

assist, aid \_ بِ ، أ

( perf. Ist. p. plu) assim. iv اَمْدَدُوْ we have aided

assim. iv. acc. (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

~aideth

that he helps

he will aid assim. iv, juss. عُدِدُ

we aid assim. iv,

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv.
one who helps or approaches with aid

outstretched, pis. pic. f. ii stretched forth

aid, help (n.) acc. آمَدُواً

term (n.) مُدَّةُ

النوا اليور عدام الكثانية Fulfil their treaty to them till their term. [9:4]

ink acc. آم

الْدَيْنَةُ (n.) the town, the city الْمَدِيْنَةُ (the word has been applied

assim. v

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) halps, extends meta. leaves

el. assim. juss. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) <may prolong

مَـدَّ - Prolong

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) assim. عَدُونَ <they plunge further

to strengthen, نَدَّ ـ فِيْ

they plunge further: where this verb takes is as a direct object, it signifies an evil (Mjj.)

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) assim. v عُدُدُ we will prolong

(perate. neg.) emp. لَا عُنُدُنَّ - إِلَىٰ <strain not towards

مَدَّ strain

towards Ul -

لَاتَمُدُّنَ تَعَبُنَيْكَ إِلْمَامَتَعْنَا بِهَ أَزُواجَامِنْهُمُ

Strain not thine eyes towards that which We cause some wedded pairs among them to enjoy. [15:88]

(3 p. f. sing.) pp. assim. مُدَّتُ

(act. pic. m. sing.) عَدُوْدُ spread one (1)

And spreading وَظِلِ مَنْ دُودِ shade [56:30] وَٱمَّا الْجِدَارُفَكَانَ لِغُندَيْنِ يَتِيْمَيْنِ فِالْمَذِيْثَةِ

And as far the wall, it belonged to two orphan boys in the town. [18:82] the city of Thamud (5)

### وكأن في السَينينة بَسْعَةُ مَعُهُ

And there were nine of a group in the city. [27:48]

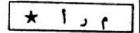
in absolute case is used it means the city of Holy Prophet; and should not be translated as a city or town, but should to be taken as a proper noun; in other places it signifies a city or town).

<cities, towns n. p. الْدَالَثُ (sing.) الْدَنْتُهُ (sing.)</p>

(i.e., cities of Egypt.)

Madyan (prop. n.)

Now known as Maghair Shu'aib, the city was situated
on the Red sea coast of
Arabia, south east of
Mount Sinai. Madyan
was a station on the pilgrim rout from Egypt to
Makkah the second beyond Aila.



(act.2 pic. m. sing.) acc.
<easy of digestion, whole-some, salutary.</p>

for the following in the H.Q.:

the city of the (1)

Holy Prophet (peace be on him).

يَعُوْلُونَ لَهِنُ تَجَمُّنَاۤ إِلَى الْسَيْنِيَةِ لَيُغْرِجَنَ الْأَعَرُ مِنْهَا الْأَذَكَ

They say, surely if we return to Madina the mightier shall drive out the meaner (also see 9:101, 120; 33: 60) [63:8]

The capital of Egypt (2) in Fir'awns time

اللهُ لَمْنَا لَكُوْنَكُونُكُوهُ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ

This is a plot ye have plotted in the city. [7:123]

also see 12:30, the capital of
Egypt in the era of Aziz
(Potiphar of the Bible.
lit. the exalted rank (Jid.)
the name of the city Egypt
referred to elsewhere.
(Mij.)

(3) سُدُوْم Sodom

one of the cities where Lot's people inhabited

وَحَاءَ المُلُ الْمَدِينَةِ يَسَتَبْثِرُونَ

And there came the people of the city rejoicing.

[15:67]

the town wherein (4)
a treasure belonging to
two boys was buried

### فَهُمُ إِنَّ آمُرِتُمِينِي

They are in an affair confused. [50:5]

مَارِجٌ (act. pic. m. sing.)

م ر ج ن

الْمُزَجَانُ (n.) coral stone

\* 5 3 1

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) < ye are joyful

مَرِحَ يَمْرَحُ مَرَجًا فَهُوَ مَرِحُ to be joyful, extremely glad, caught by false pride

### وَبِمَا كُنْتُونَتُونَتُوكُونَ

And because ye are petulant.

(Pic.) ye had been strutting.

(Jid.) [40:75]

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. x stultingly

\* 27 L

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) حرَدُوا <they became accustomed, inured

مَرَدَ يَمْرُدُهُ مُرُوداً (ن) - عَلَا

to be accustomed (in general, the word is used for evil)

مَرَدَ الْإِنْسَانُ أَوِ الشَّبْطَانُ فَهُو مَادِدٌ

become obstinately rebellious

مَرَأَ بَمُوا مَرْوا (ف) to be wholesome (food)

man (n.)

a man nom.

gen. دی

acc. Too

<wife, a woman

امْرَأَق

his wife مُرَأَتَهُ

my wife

امْرَأَتُكَ thy wife

a woman

امْرَأَتَانِ / امْرَأَتَيْنِ two women

plural (women ) النَّسَاءُ

\* 5 2 6

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
~hath loosed

مَنَجَ بَمْرُجُ مَرْجاً (ن) \_ الدَّابَّةُ

to send cattle to posture, to let loose

مركج البكغرين يتلتوين

He hath loosed the two seas.
[55:19]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

مَرِيَجَ بَمْرَجُ مَرَجاً (ف، س)

to be uncertain, in doubt, unsettled

assim v برزّق - بـ – مرزّق (perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

فكقاتفشها حمكت حنلا عينيفانمترث

And when he covered her she bore a light burden, and she passed with it.

[7:189]

(i.e., she moved with it unnoticed; sat, stood, worked usually. According to some commentators such as Ibn 'Abbas (quoted by Zamakhshari) preferred another recitation which suggests that the word is derived from "doubt, suspicion." There-

"doubt, suspicion." Therefore, the verse may be translated as:

اَسْتَمَرَّتْ بِهِ i.e. أَوْرَتْ بِهِ "then she continued with it or was suspected of pregnacy".)

مَرُّوا مِهِ عَلَيْهِ assim. v (perf. 3 p.m. plu.)

they passed by

they pass by

assim. v عَلَىٰ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye passed by

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) assim. v = 25.

passing by v. n. 5

وَمِنْ لَمْلِ الْمَدِينَةِ مَرَدُوْاعَلَ النِّعَاقِ

(And so are) some of the people of Madinah; they have become accustomed to hypocrisy. [9:101]

froward (act. pic. m. sing.)

رد رند

(pact. 2 pic. m. sing.)
rebellious

(pic. pas. m. sing.) ii rendered smooth, floored

قَالَ إِنَّهُ صَمْحٌ مُسَوَّدُ مِنْ قَوَادِ مُو

He said: Verily it is a place evenly floored (rendered smooth) with glasses. [27:44]

**\*** 9 9 9

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim v didst pass مَنَّ

مَنَّ يَمُوُّ مَنَّ أَ مُرُوْراً to pass, move, pass on, pass by, on, عَلاَ \_\_

pass with -

فَلَتُنَاكَتُمُفُنَاعَنُهُ ثُمَّرُهُ مُوَكَأَنُ لَوْبِيَنْغُنَا إِلَىٰثُنِيۡمَتُسَهُ

Then when We removed his harm from him he passed on as though he had never called Us for the harm that touched him. [10:12]

passed by (2)

أؤكألكني كمتركل قرية

Or, the like unto him who passed by a town. [2:259]

means strong of make (body of a creature); wiseness, comprehension: the word is driven from the entwining and twisting of a cable

### م د مش 🖈

I sicken (perf. Ist. p. sing.) مَرْضُ مَرْضُ مَرْضُ مَرْضُ مَرْضُ مَرْضُ مَرْضًا (س) فَهُو مَرِيْضُ مَرْضُ مَرْضًا (س) فَهُو مَرِيْضُ مَرْضًا to be or become sick, to fall ill (act. 2 pic. m. sing.) الْمَرْيُضُ a sick man sick men (b. p. of مَرَضُ مُرَضُ مُرَضً disease (n.)

ailment, illness acc. مرّحناً

# م د ی 🖈

يمَارُونَ w.v. iii يُمَارُونَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.)

<they dispute meta. they debate

مَارِی یُمَادِی مِرَاهٔ to dispute مَارِی یُمارِی مِرَاهٔ concerning a thing

Lo! verily those who debate
(lit. dispute) concerning
the Hour are in error far
astray. [48:18]

#### وَهِيَ سَتُنْزُمَزَ السَّعَابِ

It passeth as passing away of clouds. [27:88]

(elative m. assim.) v (most bitter

でき(で) ひに (い。し)

to be bitter opp. sweet أَمْ أَنْ i.e., extremely bitter, unswallowable

بَلِ السَّاعَةُ مَوْعِنُ هُمْ وَالسَّاعَةُ أَدْهَى وَأَمَرُ

Aye! The Hour is their appointed term and the Hour shall be far more grievous and for more bitter. [54:46]

مُسْتَعِبُّ (Ap-der. m. sing.) x (continuous

once, one time (n.)

first time أَوَّلَ مَنَّةٍ twice n. dual. إِنَّ مَنَّ تَانِ

مَرَّ تَيْنِ مَرَّ تَيْنِ

repeatedly (n. plu.) مَرَّاك (more than two) times

ئَلَاثَ مَرَّاتِ hree times

رِيَّةُ (n.) <a href="mailto:strong of make">
<a href="mailto:strong">

رّة : قَوْةُ الْحَلْقِ وَ شِسَدٌ وَ الْمِرَّةُ:حِصَافَـٰةُ

الْمَقْلُ وَ إِخْكَامُهُ ، وَ قَـدْ جَاءَ لَهٰذَا مِنْ إِمْرَادِ الْخَبْلِ(.Mii./Lis) **★ ₹ 3 ↑** 

عناج admixture v.n. iii

#### وَمِزَاجُهُ مِنْ تَسُنِينِهِ

And admixture thereof (will be) of Tasnim. [83:27]

#### كأن مِزَاجِهَا كَافُورًا

The admixture is (like) Camphor. [76:5]

م د ق 🖈

دسيرن عزق

(perf. 1st p. plu.) ii حَرِّفُنَا < we dispersed

to disperse, ii مُزِيقاً scatter

(2 p. m. plu.) pp. ii پُوْهُمُ ye were dispered or scattered

(v. mim.) n.p.t. ii
<dispersion or time or
place of dispersion

According to some commentators the form is a noun for place and time but generally it is taken as a verbal noun with initial mim called "masdar mimi."

\* 036

rain cloud (n.) المزن

\* 2 0 1

امتحوا (perate. m. plu.)

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)w.v. iii عُأَرُونَ ye dispute

#### أفتته وونة على مايزي

Will ye, therefore, dispute with him concerning that which he hath seen?

[53:12]

(perate, neg, m. sing.)w,v.iii عَارِ dispute not!

dispute (n.)

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. vi آرَوْا <they doubted

تَمَارَيٰ تَمَارِياً to doubt w

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)w.v. vi مُنَارِي thou will doubt

### فَيِما مِيَ اللَّهِ رَبِّكَ تَشَمَّارى

Which of Thy Lord's benefits wills thou doubt? [53:55]

(imperf.3 p.m. plu.)w.v. viii عَرُونَ <they doubt

to doubt viii آمتار

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)w.v.viii عُرُوْنَ ve doubt

w.v. viii, el. (perate. neg. m. sing) dubitate not !

w.v. viii, acc. الْمُعَرِّينَ (Ap-der. m. plu.) those who are in doubt

doubt (n.)

### م س د ★

<a twisted fibre (n.)

مَسَدَ يَمْسُدُ مَسْدا (ن)

to twist a fibre of a cord pac. pic : مُسَدُّدُ ، مُسَدُّدُ

**ڹؙڿ**ؽۅڡٵؘۘػڹؙڵؙۺؙ۫ۺٙػؠ

On her neck shall be a cord of twisted fibre. [111:5]

\* ~ ~ 5

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) assim. ~touched (1)

مَنَ مَثُنَّ مَتَأَ وَ مَسِسًا (ن)

to touch, to pass hand on a thing without having anything in between. This verb has been used to signify: to befall, to punish, to be affected with damage, harm, hurt or for sexual

وْقَالُوا مَدْمَتَى ابْكَرْنَا الصَّرَّا يُوالتَدَّالُهُ

And they said: tribulation and prosperity touched our fathers. [7:95]

(meta.) befallen (2)

إِنْ يَسْسَمُ كُوْفَرْحٌ فَقَدْ مَسَّ الْقَوْمَرَقَرْحٌ مِّشَلُهُ

If there hath befallen you a sore, like thereunto hath already befallen (that) people. [3:140]

### سَمَ يَسْحُ مَسْحاً (ف)

to pass the hand on anything in order to wipe it

wiping v.n. acc. Line

فَطَعْقَ سَمْخًا بِالنُّوقِ وَالْأَعْنَاقِ

And he set about slashing (with his sword their) legs and necks. [38:33]

(Note: the literary meaning of the word is as mentioned above. In translation the explanatory sense or a figurative expression is given).

Messiah, the surname (p.n.)
of Jesus, a title of honour,
lit. the anointed. Notice
that the Quran fully concedes the Messiahship of
Jesus, but not his sonship
or Godhood etc. (Jid.)

\* 5 0 6

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) النَّفَةُ we transformed

مَسَخَ بَمْسَخُ مَسْخًا (ف)

to transform or change the shape of a face or body to an ugly one

وَلَوْفَتُكَأَ السَّاخُنُهُمْ عَلَى مَكَانَيْهِمُ

And if We willed surely We should transform them in their place. [36:67] وَالَّذِينَ يُسَيِّكُونَ بِالْكِينِ

And those who hold fast by the Book. [7:170]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv انسك withhold

اَمَّنْ هٰذَاالَّذِي يَرْزُقُكُوْإِنْ اَمْسَكَ يِدُفَّةُ

Who is that (can) provide for you, should He withhold His provision?

[67:21]

( perf. 2 p. m. plu.) iv, el. ويُعَلَّمُ ye would refrain

(perf, 3 p. f. plu.) iv الْمُسَكِّنَ they (f.) withheld

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv عُمِيكُ سwithholds

(perate. m. sing.) iv. أُمْسِكُ keep, withhold

أمسك عكنك زوجك

Keep thy wife to thyself (i.e., divorce her not). [33:37]

هٰذَاعَطَآوُنَافَأَمُنُ أَوْاَمْسِكَ بِغَيْرِحِسَابٍ

This is Our gift so bestow thou or withhold, without an account. [38:39]

(perate. m. plu.) iv اُمْسِكُو retain, keep (ye)

(perate. neg. m. plu.) المُنْكُونُا keep not, retain not

retaining. المساك

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv withholder

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) assim. v منتقد v touched

م assim. v

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

∼touches

will touch or befall juss.

assim. v.

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~toucheth, befalleth

will touch or befall juss.

أَنْ مَنْسَنْ didst not touch

surely will befall epl.

لَيَسَنَّكُمُ surely will befall you

touch (v.n.) iii

touch (v.n.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. dual) vi. حَالَتُ the twain touch each other (in the conjugal life)

vi, تَعَاسَّ بَخَاسَ to touch each other meta, sexual touching

م س ك \*

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ili مُسَكِّرُونَ <they hold fast

fast, to act without failing what (is) instructed or to refrain

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. آهُوُونَ ye walk

(perate. m. plu.) w.v. امْشُوْا walk! (O ye)

walk, walking (v.n) w.v.

one who (m. sing). ints. walks purposely for something (in evil sense)

مَمَّاذِ تَشَارُ بِنَدِيْهِ

A defamer, spreader abroad of slander. [68:11]

م ص ر 🖈

prop. noun (1)

ۅٙٳٙۏؙڝۜؽڹۜٲٳڵڡؙٷ؇ؽۏڵڿؽڮٲڽؙڹۜۼٞٳڸۼٙۯۿؙػٲؚؠؚؠڞؙڒ ڽؿۅؾٵ

And We revealed unto Musa and his brother: inhabit houses for your people in Misr. (Misr is the Arabic form of Mizrain, the old name for the country of Egypt. 'To the Semites the country was known as Mizrain' (Jid.) [10:87] (in the above verse Misr is a

(in the above verse Misr is a proper noun)

a common noun, a city (2)

إفيظؤا يضرًا فَإِنَّ لَكُوْمَا سَأَلَنُهُ

Get ye down into a city as verily there is for you that which ye ask for. [2:61] (Ap-der. f. plu.) iv withholder

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x withheld, ~ grasped

(perate. m. sing.) x انتنسك hold fast!

musk (n.) منك

\* 5 00 6

evening (n.) "in <<

م ش ج \*

إِنْمَاجٌ (mixtures (n.p.)

مَفَجَ يَمْفِجُ مَشْجاً (ض) to mix up

م ش ی 🖈

( perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. مُقَوْد ( they walk

مَشَىٰ يَمْثِينُ مَشْياً (ض)

to walk, to go, proceed

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. دي walks

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. (she) walks

يَمْشُوْنَ w.v. (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v.

مَطَرُ ( rain (n.) مَطَرُا ( acc.

\* 0 4 0

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. v حَصَعَلَىٰ مَعَلَىٰ مَعَلَىٰ مَعَلَىٰ مَعَلَىٰ مَعَلَىٰ مَعَلَىٰ مَعَلَىٰ مَعَلَ (س)

to stretch, to boast, to ride

(س) مَعِلَى مَعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مَعْلِى مَعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مَعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلِى مُعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلِى مُعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ مِعْلَى مُعْلَىٰ مِعْلَىٰ

\* \* 21

with, together (preposition)
with, simultaneously with,
accompanied by, in
the company of, with
you with him
with Allah
with her
and so on

\* > 21

الْمُغَرُّ (goats (n. p.)

a goat مَاعِزٌ (sing.)

is common to he or she, single or plural of goats (Lis.)

\* 5 E r

(n. act. 2 pic.) مَعِينَ

running water

م ض غ 🖈

lump of flesh, (n.) a morsel of flesh, anything chewed mouthfully

(ن، فَعَنَّعُ مَعْنَا (ن، ف) to masticate, chew

م ض ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. حضيٰ <- gone forth

مَنىٰ بَمْنِیٰ مُنِبِثًا (ض)

to go away, leave, depart, to make off, decamp, expire

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. ومَضَدَّة gone forth, passed away

(imperf.1st.p.sing.)w.v.acc.
I shall go on

(perate. m. plu.) v.w. أمضوًا pass ! (ye)

passing away, (v.n) w.v.

م ط ر 🖈

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv أَمْطُونًا we rained

(3 p. f. sing.) pp. iv أُمْطِرَتْ was rained

(perate. m. sing.) iv أمطر rain down!

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv عَمْوُرُ rain bringer مَكَرَ

(act. pic. m. plu.) مَاكِئُونَ those who bide acc. مَاكِئِيْنَ مَاكِئِيْنَ

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

<- plotted (1)

to plot, (ن) مَكَرُ مَكُرُ مَكُولُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ الل

تَدُمُكُوالَّذِيْنَ مِنْ فَبْلِهِمْ Surely there plotted those before them. [13:42]

schemed (2)

وَمَكُونُوا وَمُكُواللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ خَيْرُ الْمُكِونِينَ

And they (disbelievers) schemed and Allah schemed (against them); and Allah is the best of schemers (Pic.) And they plotted (to put him, i.e., Jesus to death) and Allah plotted (to frustrate their plot) and Allah is the best of plotters. [3:54]

مَكُرُوْا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَكُرُوْا they plotted or they schemed

رُوْتُمُّ ( perf. 2 p.m. plu. ) ye plotted

إِنَّ هٰذَا لَكُلُوٰتُكُوٰهُ

Verily this is a plot ye have plotted. [7:123]

630

مَاعُوْنَ common necessaries, (n.) مَاعُوْنَ small kindnesses

> ★ ی و ۲ <cntrails (n p.)

(sing.) المعلى entrails, intestine, bowel

م ق ت 🖈

<abhorrence (v.n.) مُفَتَّ مُفْتُ مُفَّا (ن) مُفَّتَ مُفْتًا مُفْتًا (ن) to hate, detest, abhor</p>

\* - 4 6

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. حَكَثَ < ~ remained أَكُتُ مُكُنّاً وَ مُكُوناً (ن) to abide, dwell, remain, wait (in a place)

فَنَكَتَ غَنُرْبَعِيْدِ

He was not long in coming. [27:22]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

∼lasts, remains

bide!, (perate. 2 p.m. plu.) wait (in this place) delay

لِتَغْرَ أَهُ عَلَى الشَّاسِ عَلَى مُكُثِ

That thou mayest recite unto mankind with delay (i.e., with slow deliberation). [17:106]

lotted. [7:123] [17

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) <established one مَكُنَ مَكُنُ مَكَانَةً (ك) to have - عند , power with to be strong, powerful meta. to be influential (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii hath established مَكِنَ تَكُن مَكنا ,to strengthen consolidate, establish firmly قَالَ مَامَكُنَّ فِيهُ رَقَّ خَدُرُ He said better is that wherein my Lord hath established [18:95] me. (Note: the real form of the word was supposed to be but مَكِنَ + ن but the rule of assimilation has worked to join double nouns). (perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii we have established ii e. p./. (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) he shall surely establish (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv < ~gave power to have iv, Likil .... - مِن or to give power (tras. and intras.) فَقَدُخَانُوااللَّهَ مِنْ قَبْلُ فَأَمْكُنَ مِنْهُمُ They betrayed Allah before,

and He gave (thee) power

[8:71]

(perf. Ist p. plu.) we plotted (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) plots imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) عَكُونَ they plot (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) el. 15 55 in order to plot (n.) plot (1) الله لمنا للكريك الله Verily this is a plot ye have [7:123] plotted. contrivance (2) أَفَا مِنْوَا مَكُواللَّهِ فَلَا يَأْمَنُ مَكُواللَّهِ إِلَّالْقَوْمُ الْخَيْرُونَ Are then they secure against the contrivance of Allah? And none feeleth secure against the contrivance of Allah except the people who are losers. [7:99] cunning (talks) (3) or sly (talk) فَلَتْأُسِيعَتْ بِمَكْرِونَ أَرْسَلَتُ النَّهِنَّ Then when she heard their cunning (talk) she sent for [12:31] them. plotters (act. pic. m. plu.) L . Kil see 631

over them.

full (n.) h.v.

مِلاَّ

مِلاً ۗ الْآرْضِ ذَعَباً earthful

<chiefs, leaders (n. p.)</p>
(no singular from this root.)
According to Lisanul Arab

and Raghib the word signifies fulness, therefore, the leader or chief fill the eyes of people with awe and their hearts with attraction, consequently V.I.Ps. are called angels

آلَوُرِّتُوَالَى الْسَكَوْمِنُ بِنَيْ آَوْمُرُهُ مِلَ مِنْ بِعَدِ مُوْسَى Bethinkest thou not of the chiefs (or leaders) of Israel after Musa. [2:246]

other usages of the words antecedent to pronoun:

his chiefs

فع/مَلاً

their chiefs

ثثم

or big men

يًا عود ال

\* 5 7 1

saltish, salt (n.)

م ل ق ★

<falling to poverty (v.n.)iv בּוֹלנֹי

م ك و ★

< whistling acc. L.K.

مَكَا يَكُوْ مَكُواً (ن) to whistle

وَمَا كَانَ صَلَامُهُمْ عِنْدَ الْبِيدِيلِ لَامْكَاءُ وَتَصُيدِيَّةً

And their worship at the Holy House is naught but whistling and hand-clapping

[8:35]

م ل 1 ★

(3 p.m. sing.) pp. h.v.  $< \sim$  was filled  $\vec{\lambda}$   $\vec{\lambda}$   $\vec{\lambda}$   $\vec{\lambda}$   $\vec{\lambda}$   $\vec{\lambda}$   $\vec{\lambda}$   $\vec{\lambda}$ 

to fill, fill up SS with SS,

لَوِاظَلَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمُ لَوَلَّيْتَ مِنْ كُمْ فِرَارُلَاً لَيْلِفْتَ مِنْكُمْ رُعْبًا

If thou hadst observed them thou wouldst have surely turned away from them in fright and wouldst have surely been filled with awe of them. [18:18]

(act. pic. m. plu.) h.v. آلگُونَ fillers, those who fill

epl. h.v. (imperf. Ist. p. plu.)

I surely shall fill

(perf. 2 p. f. sing.) h.v. vii امتلات

Art thou filled ? هَلِ التَّلَأُتِ
[50:30]

(parate. 3 p. m. sing.) has power (3)

فَمَنُ يَعْلِكُ لَكُوْمِنَ اللهِ شَنَّا

For who hath any power to prevail for you with Allah? [48:11]

> (imperf. 3 p.f. sing.) she ruleth (4)

إِنَّ وَجَدُتُ امْوَاتًا تَعَلَّكُهُمْ وَأُوبِيَتُ مِن كُلُّ شَيًّ

I founda woman ruling over them, and she hath been given (abandance) of things. [27:23]

> (imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) thou will avail (5)

وَمَنْ تُرْدِ اللَّهُ فِتُنْتَهُ فَلَنَّ تَهُمُ لِكُ مِنَ اللهِ شَنْعًا

He whom Allah doometh unto temptation, thou (by thy efforts) will avail him naught against Allah. [5:41]

تَعْلِكُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. phu.) تَعْلِكُونَ ye possess, own

عَلْكُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) عَلْكُوْنَ they possess, own

مَالِكُ (act. pic. m. sing.) master, owner, sovereign

مْلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّيْنِ Day of Judgement. [1:3]

to become iv أَيْلَةَ إِيْلَامًا to >> مَلْقَ مَلْقُ مَلْقاً (س)

to flatter

Ŀ

مَلَكَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~ has possessed (1) مَلَكَ ثَمْلِكُ مِلْكَأْ وَمُلْكًا وَ مَلْكًا وَ مَلْكًا وَ مَلْكًا

ةَ مَلَكَةٌ (ضَ) ا

to posses

to reign or rule over 16to have power, to be capable of, able to obtain, can do or avail

مَامَلُكُتُ آنِيَانُكُمُ

What your right hands possess. [4:3]

(meta. that your right hands possess or possessed by the right hand, as in other verses means boundmen or bondwomen)

Caution: It is not slave in English sense.

مَلَكُمُّمُ (perf. 2 p. m. phu.) ye held (2)

أوماملك تناعية

Or whereof ye hold the keys. [24:61] اَوَلَايَتُ عَلِيْهُ اَنَّ يُعِلَّ هُوَفَلَيْمُ الْ وَلِيَّةُ وَالْعَدَالِ Or unable himself to dictate, then let his guardian dictate justly. [2:282] faith (or) religion (n.)

وَمَنْ يَرْغَبُ عَنْ مِلْآوارُ فِهِمَ إِلَّا مَنْ سَفِهُ نَفْسَهُ

And who shall be averse from the Faith of Ibrahim, save one who befooleth his soul (Jid.) And who forsaketh the religion of Abrahim save him who befooleth himself (Pic.) [2:130] الْمِلَّةُ ۖ مَالْكُسُرِ : الشَّرِيْعَةُ أَوِ الدِّينُ ۗ، قَلْزَ الْمُلَةُ مِ الطَّرِيْفَةُ سَوَامٌ، هِيَ إسْمُ مِنْ أَمْلَيْتُ الْكِنَابَ ، ثُمَّ تُعِلَتْ إِلَّىٰ أَمُنُولِ الشَّرَافِعِ بِاغْتِبَادِ أَنَّهَا يُمْلِيهَا النَّبِيُّ ، وَقَدْ تُعْلَقُ عَلَىٰ الْبَاطِل كَالْكُفْرُ مِلَّةٌ وَاحِدَهُ ، وَ لاَ تُمَنَاكُ إِلَىٰ اللَّهُ وَ لاَ إِلَّا أَحَادِ الْآمَّـٰذِ.

## (أَقْرَبُ الْمَوَّادِدُ)

Millah: (vocalized with the initial kasra) 'ordinance of a religion, or owners (act. pic. m. plu.) مَالِكُونَ (pic. pac. m. sing.) acc. كَنُونُ الْ عَلَوُكُ الْ عَلَوُكُ الْ عَلَوُكُ الْ عَلَوُكُ اللهِ عَلَوْكُ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ

مُلَكَ ا مُلَكًا / مُلكًا / مُلكًا في dominion (n.) مَلكًا /مِلكً

< kings (n. p.) الْلُوْكُ (sing.)</p>

mighty king (Allah) (ints.)

حَلَكُ (angel (n.)

(the root 4 1 J is here repeated for beginners

خَلَانِكُ (sing.) حَلَانِكُ (sing.) مَلَانِكُ

\* 776

assim. iv

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

أَمْلُ إِمْلاً أَمْلَا لِمُعَالِقِهِ to dictate أَمَلُ إِمْلاً أَمْلاً لِأَمْلاً لَا أَمَالُ لَا أَمَالُ لَا أ

(Note: in the latter the third radical (3) is changed by (1) Thus it would become assimilated. The rule is termed . See Lisan)

should dictate assim. iv, el.

للبنلل

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. iv اَمْلِيَتْ I tolerated or gave rein

> وَكَأَيِّنُ مِنْ قَرْيَةٍ إِنَّلِيثُ لَهَا وَهِيَ ظَالِمَهُ ثُنْعَ آخَذُ ثُهَا

And how many a city did I gave rein (or I tolerated) while it wronged (itself). Then took hold of it.

[22:48]

أملي

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. iv I give respite

وَأُمْلِيٰ لَهُ وَ إِنَّ كَيْدِي مَرِينِينً

And I give them rein (i.e., I give them a respite), verily My contrivance is firm.

[7:183]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) w.v. we respite

a long while v.n. R.F.

والهجرن مبليا

And depart from some for ever so long (or for a long while). [19:46]

م ل ي \*

(3 p. f. sing.) pip. w.v. iv
<∼is dictated

أمل إملاءً to dictate

\* \* 0 0

مِمَّ | مِنْ + ماً for (particle) مِنْ + ماً

religion as applied to a way' regardless of its original root. It my be derived from dictatated a book' as the basic teachings of a religion is dictated by a prophet. The word is applicable to to false faith or religion الْكُفُهُ مِلَّةٌ وَاحِدَهُ ۗ the infidelity is one religion or one faith. is not to be antecedented to Allah or the name of a certain religious community (Agrabulmowarid).

م ل و ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. iv gave rein to (1)

(false) hopes

to march (ن) مَلْوُ مَلُواً (مَا يَعْلُونُ مَلُواً (ن) a quick step

مَلُ !! وَ أَمْلُ vi

to prolong (one's life) give rein to, give false hopes. When related to Allah, it means: He indulged, tolerated, gave enough time to repent, to give a respite

الشَّيْظُنُ سَوَّلَ لَهُمُ وَأَمْلُ لَهُمْ

The devil hath embellished (this apostasy) for them and hath given them (false hopes) or rein. [47:25] to tolerate, (2) to indulge, to respite وَمِنْ ثَمَرُتِ النِّغِيْلِ وَالْكَعْنَابِ تَتَّخِذُونَ مِنْهُ سَكُوا

And of the fruits of the datepalm and grapes whence ye derive strong drinks. [16:67]

a composition (2)

وَمِنَ الْإِبِلِ الْمُنَيْنِ وَمِنَ الْبُقَوِالْمَنَيْنِ

And if the camels twain and of the oxen twain.[6:144] for explanation (3)

فَادُعُ لَنَادَبَّكَ يُخْرِجُ لَنَامِتَانَتُئِتُ الْاَفْضُ مِنْ بَعَلِهَا وَ يَتَابِهَا وَنُومِهَا وَمَعْ مَلَى سِهَا وَبَصَلِهَا

So call upon Thy Lord for us that He bring forth for us of that which the earth groweth—of its herbs and its cucumbers and its corn and its lantils and its onions. [2:61]

to indicate commence- (4) ment of: (A) time

مِنُ مَّلِي صَلْوق الْفَجُرِ وَحِيُنَ تَضَعُونَ بِيَّا كُمْ مِنَ الطَّهِيْرَةِ

Before the prayer of dawn, and when ye lay aside your raiment for the heat of the noon. [24:58]

(B) place

سُبُحٰنَ الَّذِيْنَ اَسْرَى بِعَبْدِ إِلَيْلَافِنَ الْسَجِدِ الْحَرَامِ إِلَى الْسَجِدِ الْأَفْصَا

Glorified be He Who carried His servant by night from the Iviolable Mosque to مُتَحِنَةٌ see م ح ن غُرِّيُنَ see م ر ی مُسِدٌّ see م د د عِنْ for مِنْ + مَنْ

(an indeclinable conjunctive pronoun)

he, she, they, who, whosoever (interrogative) who (1)

وَمَنْ أَظْلَوْمِتَنِ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللهِ كَنِهُ

And who doth greater wrong than he who invententh a lie concerning Allah.[6:21]

who (2)

(conjunctive pronoun)

وَمِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ مَنْ تُؤْمِنُ بِأَمْلُهِ وَالْيُؤْمِرِ الْأَخِيدِ

And of the dwellers of the desert is one who believeth in Allah and the last Day. [9:99]

whosoever (3)

وَمَنْ يَقِعُنْ مِنْكُنَّ مِلْهِ وَرَمُولِهِ

And whosoever of you is submissive unto Allah and His messenger. [33:31] whoso (4)

(in a conditional mood)

وَمَنْ يَبْتَغِ عَنُوالْإِسْلَامِهِ يُنَّافَكُنْ يُقْبَلَ مِنْهُ

And whoso seeketh as religion other than Islam, it will not be accepted from him. [3:85]

a preposition signifies: an origin of a thing (1) مِنْ

with the meaning (9)

of i in

وَمِنَ الَّيْلِ مُسَيِّحَهُ وَأَدْبَارَ السُّجُودِ

And in the night-time hymn His praise, and after the (prescribed) prostrations. [50:40]

any (10)

#### ومامن إله إلاالله

Allah. [3:62] in the sense of (11)

بَلَ إِنْ تَصْبِرُوْ ارتَتْعَوْ اوَيَانُوْكُوْمِنْ فَوُرْمِمُ

Nay, but if ye persevere, and keep away from evil, and (the enemy) attack you on their sudden. [3:125] on (alternate) (12)

اَوْتُعَطِّعَ اَينِي يُومُ وَانْجُلُهُمْ مِّنَ خِلَانٍ

Or have their hands and feet on alternate sids cut off.

[5:33]

according to (13)

لَسْكِنُوْهُنَّ مِنْ حَيْثُ سَكَنْ تَعْرِمِنْ وَحْدِيكُمْ

Lodge them where ye dwell, according to your wealth. [65:6]

with the meaning (14)

of 🕳 (instead of, rather than)

اَدَضِينَتُمْ بِالْعَيْوةِ الدُّنْيَامِنَ الْاخِرَةِ

Take ye pleasure in the life of the earth rather than (or instead of) the Hereafter! [9:38] the far distant Mosque the neighbourhood whereof We have blessed. [17:1]

out of (5)

وَمِنْ قَوْمٍ مُوْلَنِي أُمَّةً يُهَدُّونَ بِالْحَقِّ وَبِهِ يَعْدِلُونَ

And of Musa's folk there is a community who lead with truth and establish justice therewith (i.e. out of Musa's folk). [7:159]

than (when following (6) a comparative)

وَمَنْ آحُسَنُ قَوْلًا يِّتَنْ دَعَا إِلَى اللهِ

And who is better in speech than him who summoneth unto Allah. [41:33]

> because of, (7) by reason of

وَمِنْ تَحْمَتِهِ جَعَلَ لَكُو اللَّهُ وَالنَّهَارَ

Because of His mercy He appointed for you night and day. [28:73]

(Note: The verse may be rendered: of His mercy.)

some of or among (8)

وَمِنَ اَهْلِ الْكِتْبِ مَنْ إِنْ تَلْمَنَهُ بِقِنُطَادِيُّ وَوَهَ إِلَيْكَ

Among the people of the Scripture there is he who, if thou trust him with a weight of treasure, will return it to thee. (3:75] to defend (2)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)
defends

آمْ لَهُوْ الِهَهُ تَمْنَعُوْ مُقِنْ دُونَا

Have they gods who defend them beside Us. ? [21:43]

to protect (3)

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) juss. we protect

اَلُوَّااَلَوْ نَسْتَسْوِذُ عَلَيْكُوْوَنَسْتَعَكُّوْشِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ They said: Had we not mastery upon you, and did we not protect you from the believers!

[4:141]

to deny (4)

denied (3 p.m. sing.) pp.

قَانُوايّا لَهَانَا مُنِعَ مِثَاالَّكِيلُ

O our Father! The measure is denied us. [12:63]

protector (act. pic. f. sing.) مَانِعَةً مُنُوعً begrudging ints. acc. مَنُوعً مَنُوعً hinder (n) ints.

(pic. pac. f. sing.) مُنُوعَةُ forbidden

\* 006

assim. v مَنَّ ۔ عَلَىٰ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) <showed grace to emphasize the (15) sense of connection (but in negative case)

رَمَنَ يَفْمَلُ ذَٰلِكَ فَلَيْسَ مِنَ اللَّهِ فِي ثَمَى هُ And whoso doth that hath no connection with Allah. [3:28]

الْمَنْوُنُ see م ن ن ن الْمَنْوُنُ see م ن ن ن see مَنَاصِلُ see ن و ص مَنْاصِلُ see ن م ع ن و ص مُنْتَهَىٰ see ن م ى مُنْتَهَىٰ see ن م ى مِنْسَأَةً وم ع ع ن م ن س أ

م ن ع \*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
< ∼ prevented

to refuse (ف) مُنْعَ مَنْعُ مَنْعُ مَنْعُ وَفَعُ مَنْعُ وَفَعُ مُنْعًا (ف) one some thing, to prohibit, interdict, to prevent

to prevent (1)

وَمَنَ اَظُلَامِتَن مَنعَ مَسْجِدَاللهِ اَن يُذَكّرونهُ اسْعُهُ

And who is more unjust than he who preventeth mosques of Allah that His name be mentioned therein. [2:114]

الآءً

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(pic. pas. m. sing.) <unceasing (see above note on the meaning of مَنَّ ) الذَّانَ time, fortune (n.) رَبْبُ الدَّمْرِ رَبْبُ الْمُؤْتِن and رَبْبُ الزَّمَانِ signify the accidents or evil accidents or the times that diquiet or disturb the minds or hearts (LL.) manna (n.) a kind of dew, a sweetish liquid (Jid.) ن ی (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. iv <ye emit to shed (blood), to emit sperm Note: The modification of the imperfect has its final و changed by ي plurals, thus the conjugation will go as: (3 p. m. sing.) pip. w.v. iv ~is emitted وه. نمی (2 p. f. sing.) pip. w.v. iv. ~is emitted

sperm (n.)

to recount to one the benefits shown in order to reproach him, reproach one for benefits received. (The origin of is to cut off as will be observed below from the word According to Rgh. the graces cut off the needs as one who receives benefits from somewhere is no more a needy. Thus a kindness, grace or benefit cuts off the hunger). (perf. Ist. p. plu.) assim. we have shown the grace يرم يمن (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) assim. thou art showing grace assim. v (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~shows grace assim. y (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they show grace (imperf. Ist p. plu.) acc. we show grace (perate. neg. m. phu.) show no grace (conditional phrase) juss. bestow not favour (perate. m. sing.) bestow thou

showing a grace or

laying an obligation

acc.

here, according to commentators, such as, Razi, Tabri, Zamakhshari and others the words signify 'he recited' and 'recitation' respectively.

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. v عنة ا they wished

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

< ye wish

is for cluster of two to drop first of pelled them)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v., v j they wish

they will never wish

(perate. m. plu.) w.v, v long, yearn

recitation (1)

a wish, longing, wishing (2)

< wishes (n.p.)

(sing.)

Manat (an old Arabian goddess)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) <they prepare, ~make provision 640

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.ii. stirs up desire to awaken مَنْ تَنْمَةُ the desire, give reason to hope, make someone wish

The Satan) promiseth them and stirreth. [4:120]

w.v. ii, elp. (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) I shall fill~desire

وَلَاضِلَتُهُو وَلَامِنْكُو

And surely I shall lead them astray and shall fill then with vain desire. [4:119]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. v <~recited

to wish, raise » لَمُنَّ تَعَنَّا hope, to read or recite

وَمَاازُسُلْنَامِنُ قَيْلاتَ مِنْ زَسُوْلِ وَلَانَدِي إِلَّا إِذَاتَ مَنَّى ٱلْقَدَى الشَّنظرُ، فَيَ أَمُنتَهُ

Never sent We a massenger or a prophet before thee but when he recited (the message) Satan cast forth (suggestions in the minds of unbelieving hearts) in respect of his recitations. [22:52]

Note: Literary meaning of is 'he wished' and means 'a wish' but

(perate. m. sing.) iv اَمْرِانَ respite gently
the dregs of oil (n.) الْمُرَانُ whatever (particle)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مُعِينَ despised (1)

مَهُنَ يَمْهُنُ مَهَافَةً (ك)

to be despised, be enfeebled, debilitated

رُوْيَكِنَ نَسْلَهُ مِنْ سُلْلَهٖ مِنْ مَالَهُ مَعِيْنٍ Then he made his seed from a draught of despised fluid. [32:8]

i.e., belong to a race (2) that is looked down upon

آمُرَانَا خَيْرُونَ لِمِنَا الَّذِي هُوَمَهِيْنُ

Aye! I am better than this one who is despicable.

[43:52]

ignominous (3)

i,e., one who is looked down upon for his bad habits

وَلَاتُطِعُ كُلَّ عَلَاثٍ مَّهِيْنِ

And obey not thou any swearer ignominous

[68:10]

>> مَهَدَ يَهْدُ مَهْدا (ف)

to extend, unfold, stretch out, make level, plain, prepare

(act. pic. m. plu.) الْمَامِدُونَ spreaders

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) ii آيَدُگُ I made smooth

v.n. ii, (acc.) مُنِيدًا preparation, making smooth

cradle (1)

وَيُكَلِّوُ النَّاسَ فِي الْمَهْدِ

And he will speak unto mankind in his cradle.

[3:46]

bed (2)

الذي بحَمَّلَ لَكُو الْأَرْضَ مَهْدًا

Who hath appointed the earth as a bed. [43:10]

expanse, rest- (n.) acc. أَبَادُ / مِبَادًا ing place, that which lies spread out

\* 1 \* 1

(perate. m. sing.) ii.

مَمَّل مَّمْثِلاً !! أَمْهِلَ إِمْهَالاً ١٠

(1) to accord or allow delay, defer, put off

(2) to deal gently iv أَمْهِلُ يَمْهُلُ وَ مَهُلُةً (ف) <> مَهِلَ يَمْهُلُ مَهْلًا وَ مَهْلَةً (ف)

to act slowly, patiently

did not die عُدُّة juss.	١ و ت *		
w.v. el. (neg.) الْاَ عُوْنَنَّ (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) ye should (not) die	(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. しん		
يَّمُوْ تُوْنَ لَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. مَوْ تُوْنَ they die acc. w.v. إِنَّ قُوْنَ اَ	مَاتَ بَمُوْتُ مَوْمًا (ن) to die, expire		
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. عُوْنُوْدُ (imperf. Ist p. sing.) w.v.	رِمِتَّ، مُتُّ (2 p.) مُتُّ (1st. p.) مَتُّ الْعَلَاكِمُ عَلَى اَخْعَالِكُوْ Will it be that when he dieth or is slain ye will		
(imperf. 1st. p. plu.) w.v. عُرُتُ we die	turn back on your heels? [3:144]		
(perate. m. phu.) w.v. مُوْتُوا die! (ye)	أوًا (perf. 3 p.m. phu.) w.v. أوًا		
الْمُوْتُ (v.n.) the death	ye died when ye have died پاداً میم		
death (n.) الْمُوَنَّة the ending and additional in dicates the unit of	(perf. 1st. p. sing.) w.v.		
an action, that is	تَالَتْ لِلَيْنَتَنِيُّ مِثُ ثَبُلَ لُهُنَا Would that I had died		
أَمْوَاتُ / الْمُؤَقَّلِ . dead ones n. p	before this. [19:23] we died (perf. Ist. p. phu.)		
lifeless, dead (n.) مُعَمَّدُ	when we are dead إِذَا مِثْنَا (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.		
مَتِّنُونَ lifelessness n. p. { مَتِّنُونَ or dead ones	dies (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. عُتُ		
مَيْنِينَ death (v. mim.)	acc. w.v. عُوْثَ dies (imperf 3 p. f. sing.)		

اللتة

أمأت

shaking	(v.n.,	w.v.)	مَوْدا
-			

م و ل ★

substance, riches, (n.) acc. No /JU) wealth

مَالِتَهُ com. مَالِ + ی + ی interjective

#### مَاآغُنٰى عَنِّىُ مَالِيَة

My riches have availed me not. [69:28]

substance, riches, (n. p.) أَمُوَالُ wealths

\* . . l

water (n.) acc. I.L /L

\* 2 6 6

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. <-moves away

to be (ض) مَادَ يَمِندُ مَبْداً shaken, moved, agitated, to spread (cloth or table with food)

وَجَعَلْنَافِ الْأَرْضِ رَوَاسِى أَنْ تَسِيدَيِهِمْ

We have placed in the earth (firm) mountains lest it should move away with them. [21:31]

(n. act. pic. f. sing.)
the table spread, a table with
food upon it
meta. food

dead animals (n.)

i.e. those which have not been slaughtered in the manner prescribed by the Islamic law.

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v., iv caused to die

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v., iv thou made die

w.v., vi. نُثُ m. sine.)

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) causes the death

سبت w.v., iv (imperf. 1st. p. sing.)

I cause the death

ر. م ليت . w.v., iv

(imperf. 1st. p. plu.)
we cause the death

7 6 7 \*

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.

مَاجَ يَمُونُجُ مَوْجًا (ن)

to be agitated, troubled, swell, surge, (the sea or a crowd)

a billow (n.) المؤتج

۹ و د ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. < ~will shake

مَارَ يَمُوْرُ مَوْراً (ن) to move

from side to side, to shake

715

### \* 1 5 6

w.v. acc. \_ عَلَىٰ - عَلَىٰ (imperf.3 p.m. plu.)
they may attack

> مَالَ يَمْلُ مَبُلاً (ض

be adverse to

lit. they may be adverse to meta, to swoop down

ۯػٲڷؽؿڴڲۯ۠ۯٳٷڗڡٚڡؙڰؙٷؾٷڞٲۺڸڂؾڴڗٷٙڞؾۼڴ ؞ٙٚؠؽڵۊؽٷؽڰٷ؊ؽڵڰڗڟڿڎۼؖ

Fain would those who disbelieve that ye neglected your arms and your baggage so that they might swoop down upon you at one swoop (Jid). [4:102]

That they may attack you once for all (Pic). [4:102]

Note: swoop to, drop or descend suddenly as a bird pounces on its prey, to take or seize it suddenly (Funk)

(perate. neg. m. phu.) w.v. الاَ عَلَوْا turn not

مَبْلاً / الْمَلِلَ / الْمَلِلَ / turning v.n., w.v. مَبْلاً / الْمَلِلَ / turning, (n.)

attacking, swooping,

(to turn (1 فَلَاتَبِيُكُواكُلَّ الْمَيْل

But turn not altogether.

[4:129]

می د 🖈

(imperf. 1st. f. plu.) w.v. < we shall get provision

مَارَ عَيْرُ مَيْراً (ض)

to supply food or provision (Zr.) is food; the verb is derived from the noun to supply with

م ی د ★

acc.

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.

مَازَ يَمَيْزُ مِيْزًا (ض)

to detect, distinguish, to discriminate

حَتَّى يَوِيُزَالْخِيثَ مِنَ الطَّيْبِ

Until he hath discriminated the impure from the pure. [3:179]

(imperf. 2 p.f.sing.) w.v., v <br/>bursts

مُمَّزُ مَّيْزُ مَيْزًا ,to be separated v

to burst مَيْرَ مِنَ الْفَعْظِ with rage (LL)

( perate m. plu.) viii امْنَازُوا <separate yourselves

to be sepa- viii. امْتَازَ امْتِيَازاً rated, distinguished

in this verse means: to go astray. Consequently Pic. has followed their commentary though the literary meaning of the word is to incline and therefore Jid. has rendered the above verse as following:

And those that follow lusts, intend that ye shall incline a mighty incline. to go astray (2)

وَيُوِيُكُ الَّذِيْتِيَ يَكَيِّعُونَ الثَّهَوَٰنِ الثَّهَوٰنِ الثَّهُوٰنِ الثَّهُونِ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِ

But those who follow vain desires would have you go astray tremendously.

[4:27]

(Note: According to a number of commentators the word

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# كتــاب النون

الكالمله والكآ إليه راجعون

Verily we are Allah's and verily unto Him we are returners. [2:156]

or Il as a statement

وَآتَا كُنَّا نَعْدُ مُنهَامَّةً عِدَالِتُهُم

And we were wont to sit on seats therein to listen. [72:9]

إِنَّنَا or

وَاشْهَدْ بِأَنْنَامُسْلِمُونَ

And bear thou witness that we are Muslims. [5:111]

نَّادَتُ see ن د أ

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) h.v. نائی <−turned away 646 initial letter of the (a letter) 68th Sura "Al-Qalam"

read as 'Noon' meaning 'a fish' زَا الزَّوْنِ 'the man of the fish'; name of the Prophet Yunus (Jonah).

وَذَاالِنُوْنِ إِذُوْهَ مَنَاضِبًا

And Zunnun when departed in anger. [21:87]

our, us (pronoun)

(it is an indeclinable affixed pronoun meaning 'our' when following a noun e.g. كَنَابُنَا 'our book' and 'us' when following a verb as e.g. أَلْمَنَا 'he fed us' or preposition أَنَّ 'from us'.

When affixed to the particle إِنَّا or أَنَّ it is read أَنْ verily we'

إِنَّ

(pref Ist. p. sing.)
I declared, announced, acquainted

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
declares

(imperf. Ist p. sing.)
I declare
I shall acquaint thee المنتقة (imperf. Ist p. plu.) ii
we declare
that we declare acc. (imperf. 2 p. sing.) ii
thou declares

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ii
ye declare

(el. 2 p. m. sing.) ii تغبث surely thou will declare

(el. Ist. p. plu.) ii لَنُهُنَّنَ we surely shall declare

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) gen. مُنَابًا

### آمرُلَوْيُنَبَّأُيمَانِيْ صُحُفِ مُوْسَى

Hath he not been told of that which is in the writs of Musa (Moses). [53:36]

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.)h.v, nom. ii مُنَبُّوُ will be deelared

(el. pip. 2 p. m. plu.) h.v. ii پُنتُنْنُ you shall surely be apprised (informed)

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.) h.v. ii طوداعتو thou!

### نَالَىٰ يَنَالَىٰ تَأْيَا (ف)

to retire, turn away, to go far away \_ عَنْ \_ \_

يَنْأُونَ h.v. (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) h.v.

# ن ب ا ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii أَيَّةُ <declared (1)

نَبًّا ﴿ إِنَّ أَنْمَا ﴿ إِنَّا لَهُ إِنَّا إِنَّا

to announce, declare, - - - - acquaint, inform

اَنَبَأُ يَنْبُأُ نَبُنّا وَ نُبُوْءاً (ف)
 to be high

### قَدُ نَبَّا نَاللهُ مِن اَخْبَادِكُمْ

Allah hath aircady declared unto us some tidings of you. [9:94]

> acquainted, (2) apprised

مَلْتَاتِبَاْحَالِهِ قَالَتُ سَنُ اَنْبَاكَ لُمْذَا قَالَ ثِبَاْقِ الْعَلِيْدُ الْحَيِيْدُ

Then, when he had apprised her of it, she said, who hath acquainted thee therewith. He said, the Knower, the Aware hath acquainted me. [66:3]

نَبَّأَتُ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) she declared, acquainted (i.e., the Day of Resurrection is not only tidings but also signifies 'an announcement' of great utility from which results either knowledge or a predominance of opinion, and true (LL).

prophecy (4)

# بكليكاشاشك

For every tiding is a set time (i.e., for what a prophecy is made). [6:67]

truth (5)

### وَلَتَعَلَّمُنَّ نَبَأَهُ بِعَمْدَ حِيْنٍ

And ye shall surely come to know thereof after a season. [38:88]

tales, stories, tidings (n.p.)
news, prophecies, announcements

a/the Prophet النِّبَةُ acc. النِّبَةُ their prophet

the prophets acc.

الْأَنِيبَاءُ (b. plu.) (

التُبُوِّةُ (n.) the prophethood

3 p. f. sing.)

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) < <−grows 648 declare thou unto them

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) h.v. ii declare ye

نَجْنُونِيْ declare ye unto me

(perf. 3. p.m. sing.) h.v. iv declared informed

(perate. 2 m. sing.) h.v. iv tell! inform! (thou), declare! (thou)

tell them, أنيتُهمُ inform them

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) h.v., iv declare! (you)

(O you) make~ أَنْبِيُونِيْ known to me

(imperf.3p.m. plu.)h.v. x ithey ask (inquire, question)

a tale, story (1) (v.n.)

وَاتْلُ عَلَيْهِ عُنَبَأَ ابْنَىٰ ادْمَ بِالْحَقِ

And recite unto them with truth the tale of the two sons of Adam. [5:27]

tiding (2)

### قُلُ هُوَنَبَوُاعَظِيمُ

Say thou: It a is tremendous tiding. [38:67]

announcement (3)

Whereof they question one another? (It is) of the mighty announcement.

[78:1-2]

## ن ب ذ ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

~threw, fling

نَبَذَ يَئْبِذُ نِبَدًا (ض)

to throw or fling (things) before or behind oneself, give up, to cast off

# نَبَدَ وَيِنَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ أَوْثُوا الْكِتُ كَيْفِ اللهِ وَرَاءَ طُهُوُدِهِمْ

A party of those who have received the Scripture (book) fling the Scripture of Allah behind their backs. (i,e., they neglected the commandment and did not follow them). [2:101]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.)

بَنَدُتْ (perf. Ist. p. sing.) I threw, cast away

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) نَــُـنَــُنَ we threw, cast away

(perate. 2 p.m. sing.)

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) أَيِدَةُ

# لَثُهِذَ بِالْعَرَاءِ

He surely had been cast into the wilderness. [68:49]

(el. pip. m. sing.) لَيُنْدُذُنَّ he shall surely be cast

# لَبَتَ بَلْبُكُ نَبُتا وَ نَبَاناً (ن)-بـ

to produce (a tree), to grow, sprout (plant)

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv <~made grow

to make grow, iv أُنْبَتَ إِنْبَاتًا to cause to grow

### والله أنجت كموتن الأرض مباتا

And Allah hath caused you to grow from the earth as a growth. [71:17]

### وأنبتهانبا تاعتنا

And He made her grow up with a goodly growth.

[3:37]

(pref. 3 p.m. sing.) iv انْبَتَتُ groweth

(perf. Ist p. plu.) iv
we have caused to spring up

أَنْبِتُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv يُنْبِتُ grows

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv it, that grows

> n.d. acc. iv المُنْيِنُوا (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)

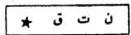
that ye cause to grow growth, herbage (n.) acc. أَنَاتُ إِنَامَا اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ا

# وَالْبِلَدُ التَّلْمِينِ فِيزَجُ نَهَالَهُ بِإِذْنِ رَبِهِ

And a good land, its herbage cometh forth by the command of its Lord. [8:57] نَبَعَ يَنْبِعُ نَبُهُ أَ وَ نُبُؤُعا (ض، ف)

to spring, gush or flow out (water)

fountains (n. p.) يَنَابِيْعُ



(perf. Ist p. plu.)

< we shook over

to shake, (نَ مَنْقُلُ مَنْقُا (ن pull, raise up, spread out or over

ن ٺ ر ★

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) viii اَتَتُرَتُ اللهِ (perf. 3 p. f. plu.)

نَثْرَ بَمُنْيِرُهُ لَقُراً (ض، ن)

to disperse, scatter, disseminate

scattered (act. pic. m. sing.) آ

ن ج د ★

(dua!. n. gen.) النَّجَدُينِ

<two highways
(i.e. good and evil)</pre>

the highland (n.) النَّجَدُ

ن ج س ★

impure one (n.) نَجْسُ نَجْسُ نَجْسُ أَ نَجْسَاً (س) نَجْسُ نَجْسُ أَو نَجْسَاً (س) to defile, pollute.

to become polluted, unclose.

to become polluted, unclose.

to become polluted, unclean 650 كلَالَكِنْبَدَنَ فِي الْحَطْمَةِ

By no means! He shall surely be cast into the crushing fire. [104:4]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii الْنَبَـٰذُتُ she retired

ن ب ز ★

to call names, (ض ) أَبَرُ أَبُوا اللهِ 
to call one another vi by nickname in order to insult him

لَا تَنَابَزُوْا بِالْأَلْقَابِ

Do not call one another by nickname. [49:11]

ن ب ط 🖈

َسُنَيْطُوْنَ x. (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) x. خَنْيُطُوْنَ (thay discover, think out نَعَلَا يَنْعُلُ نَعْلًا وَ نُوُطًا (ض)

to gush or flow out (water)
to invent x استنبقا <<
(something), discover

ن بع ★

<a fountain, a spring (n.) يَنْبُوعاً of water

### \* 1 5 0

(the stars, coll- (1) (n.) والنَّجُمُ و ctively

نَجَمَ يَنْجُمُ نَجُوُماً (ن)

to appear, rise

وَعَلَنْتٍ وَبِالنَّجْمِ هُمُ يَهْنَدُونَ

And (also) landmarks as by the stars they are guided. [16:16]

a star (2)

والنجنيرإذاهوى

By the star when it setteth. [53:1]

(according to some commentators the word النَّجَمُ here too means stars, collectively as a noun النَّهُمُ الْإِنْسُ الْإِنْسُ stars (n. p.)

herbs (3)

كُوالنَّجُهُ وَالشَّجَرُيَسُجُلْنِ

And the herbs and the trees do obeisance. [55:6]

ن ج و ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v.

نَهَا يَنْجُو نَجُوا وَ نَجَاءًا وَ نَجَاةً (ن)

(1) to be saved, delivered. rescued, escape, go free\_\_\_\_\_.

\* \* \* \*

Injil (Gospel) (n.) (Injil, which is referred to in the Quran, is not at all identical with the new Testament or even Four Gospels of the Christian Church. Injil, according to the teachings of Islam, was a Book sent down on Jusus (on whom be peace) and not a collection of reports and stories (about him) compiled at dubious dates by unknown persons-undesigned and unforescen in the apostolic

age (Jid. quoting EBr. III,

p. 513).

The New Testament, according to the Christian belief, far from being the revealed Word of God, was or is a 'Book' destined for publication and multiplication... Sentences may have been abbreviated or expressions changed. It was similar to the Gospels, when the first collection of saving of Jusus or the first narrative of his deeds was set down in writing; the next who copied it might feel inclined to enlarge it or to change any detail according to the form in which he had heard it, without any bad intention.

ألف

(perf. Ist p. plu.) iv, w.v. we delivered (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)iv, w.v. delivers he delivereth him (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv,w.v. ~ delivers تنجى (imperf. Ist p. plu.) vi, w.v. we deliver ب. تُخ iv. w.v. (imperf. Ist p. plu.) f.d. we deliver (perf. 2 p. m. plu.) iii, w,v. < ye whisper أجل مُنَاجًاةً to whisper, iii to confide a sccret to إذانا حنث الرمول When ye go to wishper with the apostle. [58:13]

(pref. 2 p. m. plu.) vi, w.v. ye whisper together

نَـتَنَاجَ نَ . imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. they whisper together

(perate m. plu.) vi, w.v. ايناتي الم ye (should) whisper!

لا تَــُنَاجَوْا vi, w.v (perate neg. m. plu.) ye (should not) whisper or do not whisper

راً (act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. one who is saved (f.d.)

deliverance (v.n.) w.v.

نَهَا مَنْجُو نَجُوا وَ نَجُولِي وَ نَاجِلِ مُنَاحَاةً to confide a sccret to

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) thou hast escaped

~delivered ii, w.v. (The verb is written with when affixed to a pro-( عَاكَمُ عَانًا ، عَامُ noun as ( perf.Ist. p. plu.) ii, w.v,

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii, w.v. delivers

we delivered

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii, w.v. we deliver, we shall deliver (imperf.Ist.p.plu.)el.ii,w.v.

we shall surely deliver (perate. m. sing.) ii w.v.

deliver! affixed to a pronoun as:

deliver me

deliver us

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) ii, w.v. was delivered

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv, w.v. delivered affixed to a pronoun as:

> delivered us ~you and so on

(pref. 2 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. thou delivered

وَكَانُوْالِيَغُونُ مِنَ الْجِمَالِ الْبُوتَّالْمِيْدُنَ And they were hewing out houses from mountains (feeling) secure. [15:82]

י כ נ 🖈

(perate 2 p. m. sing.) (thou) sacrifice!

نَعْرُ نَعْرُ غُواً وَتَنْعَاراً (ف) to slaughter, sacrifice (an animal), to injure the jugular vein

\* ט ד ט

سِ مَنْحَسُ تَحْساً / يَحُسُ مُحُوْسَةً

to be unlucky, (실, inauspicious, fatal, of evil men

نَّحِساًتُ smoke (n. p.)

(smoke without flame that rises high and of which heat is weak).

\* 7 5 0

لتُحَلُّ (the tee (n.)

(ه.n.) إِنْحَلُّ عَلاَ (ف) عَلَ بَنْحَلُّ عَلاَ (ف)

to make a gift, dower a women, make a wedding gift

705

(act. pic.) acc. w.v. the act of counselling together

counselling (v.n.) w.v. النَّجُولَى (in secret)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) w.v., n.d.

إِنَّامْنَةُ وَكَ

Verily We are to deliver thee.
[29:33]

ن ع ب \*

< a vow (v.n.)

غَبَ يَنْعِبُ نَحْبًا (ض) to weep, to cry, to vow

قطى غَبْهُ

He hath fulfilled his vow. (i.e., by offering up his life for Allah's cause—a metaphorical usage, meaning courted death). [33:23]

\* - 5 0

653

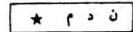
تَنْجِنُونَ (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) < ye hew

غَمَّنَ بَنْجِتُ | بَنْحُتُ | نَحِتُ إِنْحَتُ

to cut, hew, (سن، س) مُعْتَأَ (ن، ض، س) مُعْتَأَ (ن، ض، س) carve (stone, etc.) shape, work (wood), emaciate

نِنْجِنُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) بُنْجِنُوْنَ they hew to flee (assim.) (ض نَدَّ يَنِيدُّ نَدَاً (ض to run away (a camel)

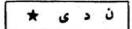
(one who can run away from God's command and establish his own sovereignty against God's order mata. idols (Lis. etc.)



(act. pic. plu.) نادمين

to regret as a result of a sinful act

(According to Lis., I.Q. 'A sinful act may be followed by either of two painful feelings; one is called remorse but in that there is no merit. The other is known as repentance التُّنَّةُ how not repentance as translated by some authors.)



(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iii, w.v كادى <~called out (1)

نَادِي يُنَادِي مُنَادَاةً

to call it with another in a assembly

(Note: R.F. is not used in this meaning.)

(synonymous with meaning a free gift (I.Q.)

وَاتُواالنِّسَاءَصَدُ فَيْتِهِنَّ نِحُلَّةً

And give unto women their dowries as a free gift.

[4:4]

(It should not be confused with the 'price of bride' as customary in the ancient world.)

ئ خ د ★

< crumbled (n. sing.)
decayed (bones)</pre>

نَغِرَ يَنْغَوُ نَغِرًا (س)

to be rotten, decayed, carcass, (bone, wood)

ن خ ل 🖈

النحلة

النخار

<the palm-tree (n.)

as below يَغْلُ ، تَخُلُ as below palm trees, (n. p.)

also, date-palms, acc.

date-palms

ن د د ★

compeers, like, equal, (n. p.) أنداداً

ند (sing.)

305

other.

	2.372.2
(perf. Ist p. plu.) w.v. ii we cried unto	نادَيْن
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ii calls	بُناَدِئ
when referred to the w.v. (hereafter it means 'will call'	بُنَادِ(ي
(perate. plu.) ii,w.v.	<b>مَ</b> ادِوْا
(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ii was cried unto	ۇ <sub>د</sub> ىي
(pp. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. ii they were cried unto	ئۇ دۇ ا
referring to the hereafter 'the shall be cried unto'	y
(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v, ii they will be cried unto	يُسْنَادَوْنَ
( perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. vi they cried out unto each othe	تَـنَادَوُا r
(Ap-der m. sing.) w.v.( a/the caller	الْمُنْكَادِ(
acc. w.v	مُنَادِياً
a call, a cry (v.n.) w.v	يذاء
assembly $(n. p.) w.v.$	کادِی
company (n. p.) acc. w.v. fellows of an assembly	نَدِبَأ
mutual calling (v.n.) w.v, iv	التَّنَّادُ
تَوْمَرُالسَّنَادِ	
The day of the hereafter when men will cry unto each	

[40:32]

#### رَنَادٰی نُوْحُ اِبْنَهُ Nuh called out his

And Nuh called out his son.
[11:42]

cried (2)

# إِذْ نَادُى رَبَّهُ نِنَآ أَمُّ خَفِيًّا

(Recall) what time he cried unto his Lord with a secret cry. [19:3]

When referred to the hereafter the perfect tense takes the meaning of a future tense e.g.

# وَنَادَى اَصْعُبُ الْجُنَّةِ اَصْعُبُ النَّارِ

And the fellows of the Garden shall cry unto the fellows of the fire. [7:44]

	7.00
(com.) (نادی + نا = نادانا	نَادَانَا
he cried upon us	
(com.) عَادُ هَا اللَّهُ اللَّ	كأداها
(com.) نَادَى + مُمَا = نَادَاهُما	نَادَاهُمَا
(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. ii ~called to	فأدت
( perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. ii they cried	مَادُوا

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. ii اَدَيْتُمُ ye called for when ye call for إِذْ نَادَيْتُمُ

أنذزت (perf. Ist. p. sing.) [ warned (perf. Ist. p. plu.) we have warned (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv warns it may/in order to el. iv. (imperf. 3 p. m. phu.) iv they warn they may/in el. iv order to warn لتنذر thou may/in el. iv order to warn ye warn juss. iv Whether thou warnest them or warnest them not. [2:6] اندر (perate. m. sing.) iv thou warn! (perate. m. plu.) iv

you warn! (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they had been warned بندروا (pip. 3 p. m. plu.) el. iv they might be warned (or) they in order to be warned يُسْذَرُونَ pip. 3 p. m. plu.) iv يُسْذَرُونَ they are warned

ن

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) < I vowed نَذَرَ مَنْذُرُ / مَنْذِرُ مَنْذِرًا وَ كُذُورًا (ن، ض) to dedicate, consecrate to God, to make a vow

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) ye took vow of ~ a vow (v. n.)

vows (n. p.)

Thereafter let them end their unkemptness and fulfil their vows. [22:29]

(Note: vow is also an obligation imposed by self-will or through religious order. (Zry.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv < ~ warned

أَنْدَرُ إِنْدَاراً to warn, iv

call attention to, show the danger to to come. R F. is not used in this sense, but the verbal nouns resembling the forms of triliteral have occured in the H.Q. such as it below.

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv thou warned

When they are كَانَا يُعْدُورُونَ

warning (v.n.) acc. iv

warned. [21:45]

أندَ

وَنَزَعَ بَدَاهُ فَإِذَاهِيَ بَيْضَآ أُولِتُظِيِئْنَ

And he drew forth his hand, when lo! it was white unto the beholders. [7:108]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) [is]

we extract

وَنَزَعْنَاْمَانِيُ صُدُورِهِمْ مِّنْ غِلِ

And We shall extract whatsoever of rancour there may be in their breasts. [7:43]

we (shall) take (2)

وَنَرَعُنَامِنْ كُلِلَ أُمَّاةٍ شَهِيدًا

And We shall take out from every community a witness. [28:75]

withdraw (3)

ۅؘڷؠۣڹٛٱۮؘڡٞٮ۬ٲڵٳؽ۬ٮٵؽڝؾٵڔۻڎڎؙۻٛڗؽڠۿٵڝؽۿ ٳٮۜٷڮؽٷۺڰٷٷ

And if We cause man to taste mercy from Us and thereafter withdraw it from him, verily he is despairing, blasphaming. [11:9]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) divests, strips off

ػؽؖٙٲٲڂٛڿؘٲؠۜۊؘڲٷ۬ ڡۣؽؘٵڶۼۜٮٞٞٷؽۘڵڔۣۼؘٛؗۼۏ۠ۿؙٮٵڸڹٵڛؘۿڡؘٵ

As he drove forth your parents from the Garden, divesting the twains of their garment. [7:27] نَدُرِ (ی) my warning (دی کنرَرِ (می) warning (ندَرِ (می) warner (1) (act. 2 pic.)

فَقَدُجَاءَكُوبَشِيرُونَنَذِيرٌ

Surely hath come to you a bearer of glad tidings and a warner. [5:19]

warning (2)
of pronoun is dropped
in the following verse

فَسَتَعْلَكُونَ كَيْفَ نَذِيْر

Ye shall know what (wise or what terrible) was My warning. [67:17]

warner (Ap-der. sing.) iv مُنْذِرُونَ (Ap-der. m. plu.) nom. iv مُنْذِرُوْنَ warners

Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. iv مُنْدِرِينَ

(pis. pic. m. plu.) acc. iv مُنذَدِينَ those who were warned

see ز و ا

نَزْدَادُ

نزع

ن زع ∗

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

نَزَعَ يَنْدِعُ نَزْعاً (ض) وَ نَزَّعَ ۥۥ

to draw forth, take away, to pluck out, bring out, snatch away, remove, strip off, tears off they snatch (2) (from one another)

### يتنازعون فيهاكأسا

they will therein snatch from one another a cup. [52:23]

eager (n.) ints.
eager to roast رَاعَةُ السَّوٰى
draggers (act. pic. f. plu.) النَّازِعَاتِ
i.e., who drag forth soul from
the bodies according to the
orders given to them by
Allah. meta. angels

# ن زغ ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) < ~ made strife ( نَزَغَ يَنْزَغُ يَزْغُ إِزْغًا

to incite to evil, to foment discord between, to make strife, to slander, sow dissensions

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) sows discord

## إِلَّالَيْنِكُانَ يَنْزُغُ بَيْنَهُمُ

The devil soweth discord among them. [17:53] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) e.n. ~ prompt

with بَيْنَ to prompt المُعَلِّمَةِ المُعَلِّمَةِ المُعَلِّمِينَ

And if a slander from Satan wound prompt thee, then seek refuge in Allah. [7:200] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing). thou takest away

we surely e.p.l لَنُوْعَنَّ draw (aside)

iii, e.m. p. ق (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they (should) dispute نَّازَعَ مُنَازَعَةً وَ يَزَاعً to dispute, fight, quarrel

لِكُٰنِّ اٰمِّنَةٍ جَمَّلُنَا مَنْسَكًا هُوْنَا سِكُوهُ نَدَيْنَالِثَالَةِ فِى الْأَمْرِ

Unto every community We have appointed a rite which they perform, let them not therefore dispute with thee.

[22:67]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) vi اَنَازَعُوا (they disputed (or) they debated each other to quarrel, vi تَنَازَعَ تَنَازُعاً

تَنَازَعْتُم (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) وَنَازَعْتُم ye disputed

(perate. neg. phu.) الاَ تَمَازَعُوْا do not dispute each other

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَقْنَازَعُونَ they dispute (1)

### إذيتنازعون بينهواموك

(Recall) what time they were disputing among themselves regarding their offering. [18:21] send down (2)

### وَلَا تُؤَلِّنَا عَلَىٰكَ كُمُّنَّا

And had We sent down a Book [6:7]

to revel in slow (3) deliberation (piecemeal)

> وَقُذَانَا فَدَ قُنْهُ لِتَقْرَآهُ عَلَى النَّاسِ عَلْمُكُثِ وَيَوْ أَنَّهُ أَنَّهُ وَيَوْ لُلَّا

And this is a recitation which We have made distinct that thou mayest recite it unto mankind with delay an We have reveled it at intervals. [17:106]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii, acc. that has sent down

يُنزَّلُ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii sends down مُنَّزِّلَ تُنزِّلَ

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii, acc. that they may send down

مَنْزُ لُ (imperf. 1st. p. plu.) ii we send down

> did not (juss) ii send down

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) ii was sent down

has been reveled - 16-

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) was reveled

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.)

slander, prompting (v.n.)

(pip. 3 p. f. plu.) <they are made mad بَنْزِفُ بَرْفاً (ض)

to entirely exhaust or be exhausted (as well)

رف مُنزَف مُنزَف pp./pp. أَنْ فَ إِنْ أَفَّا أَنْ أَفَّا إِنَّا أَوْ أَفَّا إِنَّا أَنَّا أَنَّا أَنَّا أَنَّا أَنَّا أَنَّا

to lose one's senses, be made drunk, be silenced in argument

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv they will (not) be senseless (drunk)

> J 3

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~has come down

to descend, to come down

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~descends

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii < ~ has sent down to send down, ii كُزُّلُ تَنْوِيْلاً to revel

١٤٠ (perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii we have reveled (1)

We have reveled unto Our [2:23] bondman.

(Note: the from المتنزّن is of a feminine singular but is used for plural as a group)  (imperf. p. f. sing.) v المتنزّن comes down (the initial of) imperfect tense is dropped for easy pronunciation which is called المتنزّن (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v المتنزّن comes down
of a feminine singular but is used for plural as a group)  (imperf. p. f. sing.) v  comes down (the initial of) imperfect tense is dropped for easy pronunciation which is called (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v  (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v
of) imperfect tense is dro- pped for easy pronuncia- tion which is called (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v
of) imperfect tense is dro- pped for easy pronuncia- tion which is called (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v
prepared for a guest, acc. entertainment, an abode,
food or a drink  one descent (n. unity)
مَلْقَدُّ الْمُؤْلَةُ الْخُرْيُ And assuredly he saw him at another descent [53:13]  وَ النَّزْلَةُ الْمُزَّةُ مِنَ النَّزُولِ وَ مَعُولُ النَّرْولِ وَ مَعْلَى النَّرْولِ وَ النَّرْولُةُ الْمُنْ النَّرُولُةُ الْمُنْ مَرَّةً وَ النَّولُةُ الْمُنْ النَّرْولِ وَ النَّولُةُ الْمُنْ النَّولُةُ الْمُنْ النَّولُةُ الْمُنْ النَّولُةُ الْمُنْ النَّولُةُ الْمُنْ النَّولُةُ الْمُنْ النَّذُولُ وَالنَّذُولُ وَالنَّولُ النَّولُ النَّولُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ النَّذُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّذُولُ اللَّهُ اللْمُعَلِيْلُولُ اللْمُولِ اللْمُولِ اللَّهُ اللْمُعَلِّمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُعَلِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُعَلِمُ اللْمُعَلِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُعَلِمُ اللْمُعَلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعَلِمُ اللْمُعَلِمُ اللْمُعَلِمُ اللْمُعَلِمُ اللْمُعَلِمُ اللْمُعَلِمُ اللْمُعَلِمُ اللْمُعَا
it also denotes the meaning of 'once'
(n. pt. phu.) acc. مَنَادِلُ stations, mansions (sing.) مَنْزِلُّ
(Ap-der. m. sing.) ii مُزَّلُ a sender down

أَنْ يُنَزَّلَ to be reveled or	
revelation to be sent down (to him)	
(the Quran) v.n., ii the revelation	تَنْذِيْلُ
reveling (v.n. ii,) acc.	تَنزِ الأ
(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv ~sent down	أنزل
(perf. Ist. p. sing.) iv I sent down	أَنْزَلْتُ
(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv ye sent down	أَزُلَمُ
(perf. 1st. p. plu.) iv we sent down	أَزَلْنا
(imperf. Ist p. sing.) iv I shall send down (with of future tense)	سَأَنْدِلُ
(perate. m. sing.) iv send down!	أَنْوِلَ
(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) iv what is sent down or reveled	أَزِلَ
(pp 3 p. f. sing.) iv that is reveled or sent down (in plural or feminine singlar)	أَيْزِلَتْ
brought down	تَنَزَّلَتْ
وَمَا تَتَكَالَتْ مِدِ الشَّيْطِينُ	
And satans have not brought down. [26:210]	
(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) v they shall come down	تَتَكَّرُّلُ
ā	

نَسَأَ يَشَأُ نَشاً وَ نَشِياً (ف) to delay (h.v) postponement of a sacred month to another month was an invention of the idolatrous Arabs, wherby they avoided keeping a sacred month, when it suited not their convenience, by keeping a profane month in its stead, transferring, for example, the observance of Muharram to the succeding month of Safar (Baidwai).

a staff n. inst. h.v مُنْسَأَةً

< kinship v.n., acc. نَتَ يَنْتُ نَسَأً وَ نِنْيَةً (ض) to give or ask one's genealogy

to attribute, ascribe to - 31 -

<relationship n.p. انسات </p> or kinships

(sing.)

ن س خ ★

نِسَعُ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) < ~abolishes

نَسَخَ يَنْسَخُ نَسْخًا (ف)

to rule out, abrogate, to copy

(pis. pic. m. sing.) ii what has been reveled or sent (down)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, nom. who causes to descend, (1) send down, make to come down

إِنَّامُ يُزِلُونَ عَلَى آهُلِ هٰذِهِ الْقَرْيَةِ رجُزُامِّنَ السَّسَارُ

Verily We are about to bring down upon the inhabitants of the city a scourge from the Heaven. [29:34]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, acc. a recaiver of guests, (2) those who provide hospitality

اَلَا تَوَوْنَ أَنْ آَوُنِي الكَيْلَ وَانَاخَذُو لُمُنْزِلِيْنَ Behold ye not that I give full

measure and that I am

the best of entertainers. [12:59]

(pis. pic. m. sing.) landing place

وَقُلْ زَتِ أَعْزِلْهِ مُنْزُلًّا مُنْزُلًّا مُنْزُلًّا مُنْزُلًّا مُنْزُلًّا مُنْزُلًّا مُنْزُلًّا

And say thou: my Lord cause me to land at a landing [23:29] blest.

(pis. pic. m. plu.) those who are sent down

postponement (v.n.) h.v.

# ن س ك ★

<a rite (n.) と

(slaughtering an animal by way of sacrifice)

نَسَكَ بَنْسُكُ نُسْكًا وَ مَنْسَكًا (ن) to lead a devout life, to be pious

(act. pic. m. plu./pron. n.d.) أَسِكُونُ performers of it

لِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ جَعَلْنَا مَنْسَكًا هُوْنَا سِكُوْهُ

Unto every community We have appointed a rite (a certain way of sacrificing) which they perform. [22:67]

a ritual (v. min.) acc. مُنْسَكًا (rite of sacrifice)

(n. pt. plu.) نَامِيكُ places for sacrifice in performing Haj, generally, rites and ceremonies of Haj.)

# ن س ل ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَنْسِلُونَ <they hasten out

نَسَلَ يَنْسُلُ نَسْلاً (ن)

to beget, be fruitful in progeny

>> نَسَلَ يَنْسُلُ نَسُلَاناً (نَ)

to hasten

النَّسْلُ (v.n.) the cattle

(imperf. Ist. p. plu) (juss.) we abolish

. ئىتىخ

(imperf. Ist. p. plu) x we trancribe

we trancribe we used to trancribe كُنّا نَسْتَنْسِخُ

inscription (n.)

وَفِي نُسُعَتِهَا هُدُّى وَدَحْسَةً

And in the inscription thereon was guidance and merey. [7:154]

\* \* \* \*

Nasr. (p.n.) acc.

تندا

Nasr, the vulture god, was an idol of the Himyarites. The vulture worship of the Arab is attested by the Syriac dectrine of Addai. (Jid.)

ان س ف 🖈

(imperf. p.m. sing.)

<~will scatter

نَسَفَ بَنْبِفُ نَسَفاً (ض)

to uproot, reduce to power,

رَفُنَّ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) epl. مُفَنَّ we shall surely scatter

رِيْفَتْ (pp. 3 p. f. sing.) رَيْفَتْ reduced to powder

(v.n.) acc. the act of scattering or reducing to powder

662

أينسلي (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.
ر forgets  (imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v.  thou forget
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. تُنْسُونُ ye forget
(perate.neg.m.sing.) f.d.w.v. لاَ تَنْسَ thou forget not
(perate. neg. p. plu.)w.v. الاَ تَنْسُوا ye forget not
(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. نَشْیٰی we forget
we forget them تُنْسَامُ
we forget you تُنْسَاكُمْ
النسى (pip. 2 p.m. sing.) thou art forgotten w.v.vi (گُو)
(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they caused (you to) forget
w.v. iv (نِبْهِ) (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) he made (me to) forget (it)
the word is a compound one
he made forget ÷ me + it
أنْسَاهُ he made him to forget
he made (them) أَنْسَاهُمْ to forget
أُنْسِينُ (مَا) w.v. iv
(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we cause (it) to be forgotten
w.v. iv, emn. يُنْسِينَ

### وَيُعْلِكَ الْحَرْثَ وَالنَّمْلُ

He destroys the crops and the cattle. [2:205]

progeny (2)

تُعْ يَعَلَ نَسْلَهُ مِنْ سُلْلَةٍ مِنْ مَا وَمَعِيْنٍ

Then He made his progeny from an extract of water base. [32:8]

# ن س و ★

women (n. p.) يُسْوَةُ (there is no singular of this word from the root)

women (n. p.)

# ن س ی ★

663

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.

has forgotten

(perf. 3 p.m. dual.) w.v.
they (twain) forgot

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v.
they forgot

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v.
thou forgot

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) w.v.

I forgot

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v.
ye forgot

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) w.v.

imit

we forgot

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)

causes to forget

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, h.v. المنشؤن grower

(pis. pic. f. plu.)iv,h.v. الْنَشَاتُ

وَلَهُ الْجَوَارِ الْمُنْتَثَثْثُ فِي الْبَحْدِكَالْأَعْكَامِ

His are the ships with elevated sails upon the sea like mountains. [55:24]

# ن ش ر 🖈

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) اُنْشِرَتْ <is/are laid upon

نَشَرَ يَنْشُرُ نَشْراً وَ نُشُوراً (ن) to spread out, to resuscitate, bring back to life, to be

extended, lay open, to unfold

نَشُرُ (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) بَنْشُرُ will spread

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv أَنْشَرُ brought to life

خَيِّلَةَ الشَّاءَ ٱلْفَرَةُ

Then, when He will, He brought him again to life. [80:22]

(perf. Ist. p. phu.) iv أَنْشَرُنَا we brought (into life)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv يُنْشِرُوْنَ they raise the dead

أَرِاعَنَدُوْاَالُهَ مِنَ الْرَضِ هُمُ يَلْمُرُونَ Or have they chosen gods from the earth who raise the dead. (i.e. who bring to life.) [21:21] يُنْسِيَنَّكَ caused thee to forget

forgotten one (v.n.)w.v.acc.

pic. pac. w.v. acc.

become forgotten (lost in oblivion)

(act. pic.) w.v. acc.

# ن ش أ ★

اشتهٔ (act. pic. f. sing.) h.v.

< rising (in the meaning of a verbal noun)

نَمَا ۚ يَنْمَا ۗ / نَفُوَ يَلْفُؤُ نَفَا ۚ وَ نَفُوماً وَ نَفَاةً (ف،ك)

to grow up (child), live, originate, rise, to create

to be brought up أُنْشِقَ وَ أُنْشِقَ

النَّشَأَةُ growth

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.), ii h.v. مُنْفَدُّةً ~is bred up

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, h.v. produced

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv, h.v. ye made to grow

(perf. Ist. p.m. plu.) iv, h.v. we created

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv,h.v.

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv, h.v. we raise, bring

creation (v.n.) iv, h.v. acc.

disperse

نَشَرَ يَنْشُرُ مُ يَنْشِرُ نُشُوْزاً (ن ، ض) to hate, rebel against

# ن شط 🖈

(act. pic. f. plu.) النَّاشِطَاتُ <releasers (f.)

## نَشَعَلَ يَنْشُعُلُ نَشْطاً (ن)

to go out from a place, (draw up a bucket at one pull)

to act of drawing النَّشِطُ up quickly and easily

releasing v.n. acc.

### وَالنُّشِطْتِ نَشُطًا

By the angels who release (souls of believers) with (gentle) release or by those who gently draw out the souls of the believers.

[79:2]

ن ص ب \*

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) الْعَبَتُ (they are) fixed, firm, rooted, set up.

(1) (ن، نَّ مُثِبُ نَصُّباً (ض، ن) to fix (a plant, tree, stone) in the soil, to raise, establish

(2) (س) نَصَبُ نَصَبُ اللهِ to use diligence, to be instant, to toil, labour (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) viii يَتْشِرُونَ ye spreading (yourselves)

فَانْتَشِرُوْا com. viii فَ مُثَيِّرُوْا (perate. m. plu.)

النَاشِرَاتُ (act. pic f. plu.) النَاشِرَاتُ

وَّالْغُشِرْتِيَنَّشُرُّا By the spreading (winds.) [77:3]

(pact. pic. m. sing.) سنشور unfolded

(act. pic.) acc. مَنْشُوْراً

(pis. pact. f. sing.) ii مُنَشِّرَةً spread open

</pis. pact.m. plu.)acc. iv مُنْشَرِيْنَ brought up (or) are/ will be raised</p>

(pis. pact. m. sing.) viii that which spreads itself out

# ن ش ز ★

<rise up (perate. m. plu.) انْشُرُوْا</p>

نَشَرَ يَنْشُرُ نَشْراً (ن) to be high, lifted up, rise up

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv نَشْرُ we make stand up

< refractoriness (v.n.) عبده عبد المعادلة المعادلة المعادلة عبد المعادلة المعادل

a stone used by the (3) pagan Arabs on which they made sacrifices, the altars, idols

ومَاذُبِحَ عَلَى النَّصُبِ

And that hath been slaughtered on the idols (or the altars.) [5:3]

<idols, images or (n. p.) أَنْمَابُ</p>

(sing.) أَوْ نِمَا لَّ (Lis.) أَمُّبُ أَوْ نِمَالًا (Lis.) أَمْسَابُ or أَمْسَابُ or أَمْسَابُ is generally translated as idols. The commentator Daryabadi observed that it was 'atar', a sacred stone where pagans used to offer slaughters

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) a part, portion

# ن ص ت \*

(perate. m. plu.) iv انمنوا <keep quiet in order to listen

نَصَتَ يَنْصِتُ نَصْناً (ض) وَ أَنْصَتَ إِنْصَاناً

to keep quiet in order to listen to, hear

ن ص ح 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) خصورا <they wished well, they were sincere

## وَإِلَى الْبِعِبَالِ كَيْفَ نُصِبَتُ

(Look they not)—and at the mountains how they are fixed firm. [88:19]

(perate. m. sing.) انْصَبْ (toil, labour!

فَإِذَا فَرَغُتَ فَانْصَبُ

And when thou has finished (thy preaching still) labour hard, (or) toil (in prayer). [94:7]

labour, toil n.v. nom.

acc.

تَصَباً ،

(act. pic. f. sing.)
toiling, worn (i.e., fatigued
by the most unavailing
labour)

calamity (n.)

إِذْ نَا دٰى رَبَّهُ أَنِّى مُسَّىنِى الشَّيْظُنُ بِنُعُسِ قَعَدَابٍ

When he cried unto his Lord: verily the Satan hath touched me with affliction (or calamity) and suffering. [38:41]

<standards (1) (n. p.)

a goal (sing.) نِعَابُ

كَأَنَّهُمُ إِلْ نُصُبِ يُوفِهُونَ As they are racing to a goal.

[70:43]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) نَصَرُناً we delivered (1)

وَزَصَرِنَهُ مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الَّذِينِ كَنَّ لَوْا بِالْيِتَنَا And We delivered him from the people who denied Our signs. [21.77]

we helped (2)

وَنَصَرْنَهُمْ فَكَانُواهُو الْغَلِيانَ

And We helped them so that they became the victors. [37:116]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) nom. will/would save or deliver

فَمَنَ يَنْضُرُنَا مِنْ بَأْسِ اللهِ إِنْ جَاءَنَا But who would save us from wrath of Allah should it reach us. [40:29]

رنصر (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) acc. they may succour (conditional phrase) gen.

if~helps (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَنْصُرُونَ they succour

تنصروا .f.d., acc

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) ye aid (the religion)

(imperf.3 p.m. sing.)emp. يَضُونَ surely he will succour

انْصُرْ (perate 2 p. m. sing.) مانصُرْ عَلَا بِ make~triumph فَانْصُرُنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَفِرِيْنَ

So make us triumph over the disbelieving people. [2:286] نَمْحَ يَنْمَحُ نُصْحاً (ف)-ل-

(1) to be pure, unmixed, to act sincerely

(2) to give sincere advice, to counsel

(perf. Ist p. sing.) آيڪڻ I counselled sincerely

(imperf. Ist p. sing.)
I sincerely counsel

(act. pic. m. sing.) نامِتُ good counseller

اصِحُوْنَ (act. pic. m. plu) اصِحُوْنَ well wishers

(act. pic. m. plu) acc. النَّاصِحِيْنَ good counsellers

irue and acc. آمُوْطُ الْمَوْسُ sincere (repentance)

ن ص ر ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

نَصْرَ يَنْصُرُ نَصْراً (ن) to assist, aid, succour, protect

to cause one – عَلَىٰ ، مِنْ – to conquer an enemy, render victorious, deliver or succ-

a faithful نَصَرَ الْمُؤُمِنُ اللهُ a faithful aided Allah

meta. i.e., his religion

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) المَرُورُ they succoured

VEF

# فَأَذْخِلُوانَارًاهُ فَلَمْ يَجِدُوْ لَهُ عُرِينَ دُوْنِ اللهِ اَنْصَارًا

Then they were made to enter a fire, then they found not for themselves besides Allah (any) helpers. [71:25]

#### Ansar (2)

وَالسِّيعُونَ الْأَوْلُونَ مِنَ الْمُعْجِومُنَ وَالْأَنْصَارِ

And the first ones among Muhajirs (emigrants) and Ansar (their helpers).

[9:100]

'auxiliries,' is an honorary distinction applied to those of the inhabitants of Madina Munawwarah who were first to extend assistance to the Holy prophet (peace be upon him) and who gave a hearty welcome to the emigrants, fraternizad with them and defended the Holy prophet with their money and lives.

أَنْسَارِيْ ( أَنْسَارِ+يْ com.) my helpers

نَسَأَصَرُونَ imperj. 2 p. m. plu.) vi تَسَأَصَرُونَ ye succour one another

### مَالَكُوْلَا تَنَاعَرُفُنَ

What aileth you that ye succour not one another? [37:25]

(perate. 2 p. m. plu.) انگروا (you) succour

يُنْصَرُونَ (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) يُنْصَرُونَ they shall be succoured

وه رون (pip. 2 p.m. phu.) تنصرون (you shall be succoured

النَّصْرُ | نَصْرُ | نَصْرًا (٧.٣٠)

help, aid, succour
helper (act. pic. m. sing.)

أهلكنه وفلانا وتركهم

We destroyed them and there was no helper of theirs.

[47:13]

protector acc. [ - i

مَيْمُلُكُونَ مَنْ أَضْعَتُ تَأْجِرًا

Then they shall know who were weaker in protectors.

[72:24]

helpers (act. pic. m. phu.) آَصِرِيْنَ

(pact. pic. m. sing.) acc. آمنفوراً سis succoured

الْمُنْفُورُونَ (pact. pic. m. plu.) الْمُنْفُورُونَ ~are succoured

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.)

نَامِرٌ is an intensive form of نَعِيْرُ

أَنْصَارٌ its plural is

أَنْصَارٌ ( نَصِيْرٌ b. p. of) helpers (1) ن ص و 🖈

النَّامِيَةُ / نَامِيَةٌ ( forlock (n.)

«forelockes (n. p.) النّو اصى

نَاصِتَةٌ (sing.)

نَمَاً يَنْفُوْ نَصْواً (ن)

to seize one by the forelock

ن ض ج 🖈

(perf 3 p. f. sing.) حَبَتُ <-cooked

to be (س) أَخِبَ يَنْفُتُمُ تَعْبَا done, cooked, to be thoroughly burnt and whose sensibility has been dead

ن ض خ ★

(elative n. dual) نَشَاخَتَانِ gushing forth (fountains)

نَعْنَخَ يَنْفُنَخُ نَفْخاً (ف)

to sprinkle water on, irrigate, gush out, (spring)

ن د ن د نخ

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) خينية piled one over another,
ranged

نَعْمَدَ يَثْفِيدُ نَعْشُدا (ض)

to pile up one over the other (carpets, cushions, goods etc.) (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii رُتُصَرُ الْتِصَارِ vindicated himself
to avenge viii انتَّصَرُ الْتِصَارِ oneself, vindicate or deliver

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii انْتَصَرُّوْا they vindicated themselves

رَانِ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) viii المنتصِرُونَ they vindicate themselves (imperf. 2 p.m. dual.) viii المنتصر الن you (twain) defend themselves

انتصر (perate. m. sing.) vili) (I beg thee to) vindicate (me)

مُنْتَصِرٌ (Ap-der. m. sing.) x one who is able to defend himself

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. نُعْمِرِيْنَ those who are able to defend themselves

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) x منتصر معلام asked for aid or succour

مُتَنَصُرُوا (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) x they asked for aid or succour

نَصْرَ انِيٌّ / مَصْرَ انِيًّا . a Christian (n.) acc

النَّصَارِي (Christians (n. p.) النَّصَارِي (sing.)

ن ص ف \*

خِفْتُ <the half (n.)

to reach half its portion

نطق 🖈

َ يَنْطِقُ (imperf. Ist p.m. sing.) مَنْطِقُ ∼speaks

نَطَقَ يَنْطِقُ نُطُقاً (ض)

to speak, utter, articulate sounds

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) يَنْطِقُونَ they speak

تَعْطِقُونَ (imperf. 2 p.m. phu.) ye speak

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv اُنطَقَ ~caused to speak

(v.n. mim.) مُنْطِقُ diction, language

يَّا يُهُمُ النَّالُ مُ كَلِّمُنَا مَنْطِقَ التَّلِيرُ O people verily we have been

taught the diction of birds.

[27:16]

ن ظر 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) مُظَرَّةُ ا

saw 11-

glanced ij -

> تَغَلَّرَ يَنْظُرُ نَظُواً وَ مَنْظُرًا (ن)

to see, look at, to gaze, observe, behold, consider, listen to, be patient towards, to wait, to look to

مَعْنُودٌ (pact. pic. m. sing.) مُعْنُودٌ

### وَطَلْحٍ مَنْفُودٍ

And plantains landen with fruit. [56:28]

ن مش ر 🖈

brightness (n.) نَضْرَهُ

نَفْرَ يَنْظُرُ وَ نَظِرَ تَوْرُو زَنْ إِنْ أَنْ أَوْسُرُونَ

to be (نُضْرُ نَضْراً وَ نَعْشَرَةً (ن، س) soft, beautiful

shining (act. pic. f. sing.) أَضِرَةُ

ن ط ح \*

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.) النطيعة the gored (by the horns of an animal)

نَطَحَ يَنْظُحُ نَظْعاً (ف)

to butt with the horns, gore (according to 'Ibne Aqil'

is not feminine form, it is a sign of changing form an adjective to nominative

ن ط ف 🖈

نَطَفَةٌ (n.) <a drop (semen) (n.) نَطَفَ بَنْطُفُ وَ بَنْطِفُ نُطْفاً (ن ، ض)

to flow softly,

trickle gently (water), pour out (a liquid) (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) juss. <should look to form of 3 p. f. is used for that is feminine

#### وَلَتَنْظُوْ لَعُرْ ثَالَتُكُمُّ اللَّهُ لِعَدِا

And let every soul look to that which it sendeth on before for the morrow.

[59:18]

أنظ

(imperf. 1st. p.m. plu.) تَنْظُرُونَ ye looked on

# وَآغُرُهُ الْعَرْفُونَ وَٱلنَّوْرُونَ

And drowned Firawn's folk while ye looked on (i.e., in your sight). [2:50]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) juss. I look at

### كَالَ رَبِّ أَرِنَ ٱنْظُرْالِيك

He said. My Lord show me (thyself) that I may gaze upon thee. [7:143]

ظُورُ (imperf. Ist p. plu.) juss. فطُرُ

(perate. m. sing.) look at! (1)

### فانظن إلى طعامك وشرابك لويتسنة

Look at thy food and drink, they have not rotten.

[2:259]

look (think over) (2)

#### فَأَنْظُوْ مَاذَا سَرَّىٰ

So look what thinkest thou!
[37:102]

## وَاذَا مَا أُنْوِلَتْ سُورَةً تَظَرَبَعْضُ مُم إِلَى بَعْضِ

And whenever a Surah is sent down they look at each other. [9:127]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) looks (at) (1)

لاَ يَنْظُرُ (n.g.) مُ

### وكالجيجية المنه وكاليكف التهية

Nor Allah shall speak to them or look at them.

[3:77].

to find out (2)

### فكينظرا يُهاازن طعامًا

Let him find out which is the best food. [18:19]

to wait (3)

### رَمَايِنُظُو مَؤُلَّا و إِلَّا صَيْحَةٌ وَاحِدَةً

And those wait but for one shout. [38:15]

ظَرُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) طُرُوْنَ they wait for أَنْ

# هَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَّاآنَ يَأْتِيكُمُ اللَّهُ

Will they wait until Allah comes to them [2:210]

(juss.) f.d. في (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they consider

أوكو ينظروان مككوت السلوت والارض

Have they not considered the governance of the heaven and the earth.

[7:185]

### طَانَ كَانَ دُوعُسْرَةِ فَنظِرَةً إِلَى مَيْسَرَةٍ

And if one (the debtor) be in difficulties then let there be a deferment until easiness. [2:280]

اظِرَة (act. pic. f. sing.)

lit: observer

(one who waits and sees)

(perate. neg. 2 p.m. plu.)iv الْ تَنْظِرُوا do not respite

اً تُنظِرُونِ لاَ تَنظِرُو (neg.) نَ + نِن respite me not (com.)

(perate. 2 p. sing.) أَظِرُ respite!

ظِرُفِي ! respite me

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) iv بَنْظَرُوْنَ they will be respited

(pis. pic. m. plu.) مَنْظُرُونَ respited ones

(pis. pic. m. plu.) acc. مُنْظَوِيْنَ

النظر (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)، viii منتظر waits (waiting)

(parate, m. sing.) viii انتظر wait!

(perate. m. plu.) viii انتظرُووْا (O you) wait

(Ap-der. m. plu.) viii مُنْتَظِرُونَ those who are awaiting

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. viii مُنْتَظِرِيْنَ those who are awaiting 672 look upon (3)

### لَاتَفُولُوادَاعِنَا وَقُولُوا لَكُلُونَا

Say not, 'listen to us' but say, 'look upon us' [2:104]

(perate. 2 p. m. plu.) انظرُوْا (O you) behold! (4)

# فَانْظُرُوا لَيْفَكَانَ عَالِمَةُ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ

And behold what was the end of those who rejected truth! [3:137]

wait for (5)

# انظرونانقتيس من توركه

Wait for us that we may borrow some of light.

[57:13]

(perate, 2 p. f. sing.) نظرُی consider!

### فانظرى مآذاتا أسينن

So consider what thou will command. [27:33]

the look (v.n.)

يَّنْظُرُونَ إِلَيْكَ نَظُرَ الْمُغَنَّيْتِي عَلَيْهِ مِنَ الْمُونِيِّ They look at thee with the

look of one swooning into death. [47:20]

a glance (n.)

### مَنْظَرَنُظُرَةً فِي النُّجُوْمِ

The he glanced a glance on the stars. [37:88]

a deferment, (n.) a delay, a respite

نَظِرَةً

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv

thou hast bestowed (thy) grace (perf. Ist p. plu.) iv we have fevoured favour (v.n) < favours (n. p.) (sing.) (favours (p.b.) (sing.) أَعْمَامُ (n.) favour (act. pic. m. sing.) النَّعِيمُ acc. أَنَّعِيمُ delight ( جَنَّاتُ النِّمنِيم (garden of نَعَمُ (cattle (n.) أَنْعَامُ وَ نُعْمَانُ أنعام (cattle (n.p.) نعم an irregular verb called verb of praise فعل المدح that means "to be excellent," means "He نِعْمَ المؤلِّل thus is the Excellent Master." how excellent a reward يغمّ الثُّوَابُ how excellent (are we) who spread it رَ الْمَدُونَ (the earth) out verily how excellent (or gracious) were those who answered (i.e., we returned a grecious answer).

ن ⋷ ewe (n.) <ewcs (n.p.)(sing.) slumber (n.) acc. thy shoes f. d. (n. dual) نَعَلَىٰ + لَهَ = نَعَلَىٰكَ (com.) < delights, case, (n.) comforts نَعَمَ بَنْعُمُ وَ نَعِمَ بَنْعَمُ نِعْمَةً (ف ، س) to live in ease, in comfort, lead a pleasaut life owners of case أُولُ النَّعْمَةِ (act. pic. f. sing.) delighted one (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii ~made prosperous

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv

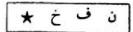
has favoured with grace, 16 -

has blessed

نَفَحَ بَنْفَحُ نَفْحًا وَ نَفَحَانًا(ف)

to spread its odour (perfume), blow (wind)

Note: indicates to the noun, thus means: a single breath



(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

نَفَخَ يَنْفُخُ نَفْخًا (ن)

to blow with the mouth

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) نَفَخْتُ

I breathed

(perf. Ist. p. plu.)

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.)

(imperf. 1st. p. sing.) = 1 breathe (1 blow)

blow! (perate m. plu.)

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.)

was/will be blown

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.)

~will be blown

a single breath or (n.) نُعْدَدُ blow

ن ف د ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) آفید و exhausted

the sea would البَحْرُ have exhausted

674

المعلقة المعل

How excellent is the admonition that He gives you.

[4:58]

yea, yes (n.) نعم

ن غ ض ★

سَيُنْغِضُوْنَ thus) they will></ri>

نَعْضَ يَنْفِضُ نَغْضًا وَ نُغُوْضًا (ض)

to move, be shaken, shake

أَنْغَضَ الرَّأْسُ to shake

the head in wonder or scorn

فْسَيْنْفِصُوْنَ إِلَيْكَ رُوُوسَهُمُ وَيَقُولُونَ مَنَّى هُوَ

Then they will wag their heads at thee and say: when it will be? [17:51]

ن ف ٹ ★

لنفا مات (ent. f. plu.)

<br/>blower women

نَفَتَ بَنْفِيتُ نَفَتْأً (ن ، ض)

to blow in or on a thing (juggler, sorcerer), (with object) to spit out of the mouth

ن ف ح 🖈

<a breath (n.)

### نَفْرَ يَنْفُرُ ا يَنْفِرُ فَقُوْدا (ن، ض)

to grow wild, restive, runaway, be frightend, through fright, to go, march forth to war or to any cause

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) f.d. el. مِنْفِرُوْا to march forth

#### وَمَا كَانَ الْمُؤْمِثُونَ لِينَعْرُوا كَأَفَّةً

And it is not for the believers to march forth all together. [9:122]

(perate m. plu.) اِنْفُرُوْا march forth!

(imperf. 2 p .m. plu.) (f.d.) تَنْفِرُوْا ye march forth

تَفِيْرا

away
or being a fugitive, acc.

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) acc.

a company or number of men dealing with others as in war

# ، وَأَمْدُهُ مُهُمْ إِنْ وَأَبِنِيْنَ وَجَعَلْنَكُوْ ٱكْثَرَ نَفِيْرًا

We supported you with riches and childern and We made you a numerous concourse. [17:6]

people, a company of (n.)
men not exceeding ten nor
less then three

(Ap-der. f. sing.) x مُعَلَّقُونَ فَ one who takes to flight, fugitive

### نَفِدَ يَنْفَدُ نَفَاداً (س)

to be spent, consumed, exhausted

exhausted (perf. 3 p. f.sing.)

ماً تَقِدَتُ Could not be ماً تَقِدَتُ exhausted [31:27]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) acc. ~(they) exhaust

f. sing. used for plural

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~exhausts or will be exhausted

ceasing (v.n.)

نَفَادٌ

ن ف ذ ★

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) تَفَذُونَ

# نَفَدُ يَنْفُدُ نَفْدًا وَ نَفَاذًا (ن)

to penetrate, to pass, go beyond

(acc. f.d.) أَتَفَدُّوا

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) that ye pass out of

(perate. m. plu.) انْقُدُوْا go beyond!

ن ف ر 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

فَالْصَلِكَ مِنْ سَيِّنَةً فَيْنُ نَّغْسِكَ

And whatever of ill befalleth thee it is from thyself.

[4:79]

soul, in the sense (4) of One's inner desire or feeling

ى كَاكَانَ يُغِنِى عَمْهُمْ مِنَ اللهِ مِنْ شَيْعُ اللهِ مِنْ شَيْعُ اللهِ مِنْ شَيْعُ اللهِ مِنْ شَيْعُ اللهِ

It availed them not against Allah at all, it was only a craving in the soul of Ya'qub that he satisfied. [12:68]

willingly (5)

(Note: When used as adverb it means willingly)

فَإِنْ لِلْهُنَ لَكُوْعَنْ شَكَّى وَمِنْ فُلَسُلًا And if of themselves they

give up aught thercof to you. [4:4]

versons, (n. p.) الْأَنْفُسُ الْآَنْفُسُ persons, selves, souls as one's inner desire or feelings

نفس (sing.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v breathed

وَالصُّبُحِ إِذَاتَّنَكُسَ

And the dawn as it breathes away (the darkness).

[81:18]

# ن ف س ★

A soul, a living (1) (n.) f. نَفْسُ

### وَاتَعُوانِهِمَا لَاتَجُرِٰى فَشَّرُ عَنْ لَفْسِ شَيْمًا وَلَا يُقْبِلُ مِنْهَا شَفَاعَةً ﴿

And fear a Day (or guard yourselves against a Day) when no soul will in aught avail another nor will intercession be accepted from it. [2:48]

a person (2)

# ێٙٲؿؙۿٵڶٮؿٙٵ؈ؙٲػڠؙٷٵۯؾۘڰؙؚۮؚ۫ٳڷٙڽؽڂؘڡؘٛ<del>ڡؙ</del> ؾؚؽؙۥٛٛؿؙۺٟٷٳڿۮۊۣ

O mankind! Fear your Lord who created you from a single person [4:1]

self (3)

its plural forms المفوس and are used to denote the reflective meaning. Thus

and the rest mean himself, themselves, itself, etc.

الْبُرِيُّ كُنْفُينَ النَّفْسُ لِآذَارَةً النَّوْهِ Nor I exculpate myself Lo! the (human) soul enjoineth unto evil. [12:53]

### ن

تفقآ <a hole in a (n.) acc. place from where there is an other exit

نَفَقَ بَنْفُقُ نَفْقاً (ن) to be consumed, hidden, exhausted, spent

# مَانُ كَانَ كُثْرِعَلَتُكَ إِعْرَاضُهُمْ فَأَنِ الْتَطَعْتَ أَنْ تَبْنَعَىٰ نَفَقًانِ الْأَرْضِ

And if their backsliding is hard upon thee, then seek out, if Thou canst, a hole (jerhoa) in the earth.

[6:35]

expenditure (n.)

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iii <~played the hypocrite to enter into iii أفقة نفاقاً its hole where are many entrences (jerboa) and hence to be a hypocrite in religion means, professing to believe first one thing and

(Ap-der. m. plu.) ili [

then another

(Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. iii those who are hypocrite

الْمُناَّ فَقَاتُ (Ap-der. m. plu.) iii hypocrite

hypocrisy (v. n.) iii

النفأق

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) vi let~aspire, long for

(Ap-der. m. plu.) vi aspires

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

< ~ pastured

نَفْشَ تَنْفُشُ نَفْشُ أَفْشًا (ن)

to pick or pull into pieces (cotton or wool) with fingers, to flatter, pester,

(act. pic. m. sing.) carded one

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)

~profited

تَنْفَعُ تَفْعاً (ف)

to profit, to be useful

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~profited

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~profits

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~will profit

( Will not profit مناع )

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they profit

benefits (n. p.) (sing.)

profit (benefit) (v.n.)

VVF

مَيْنَ الْيَلِ فَنَاهِجَدُ بِهِ نَافِلَةً لَكُ And of the night, keep the vigil therein as (an act of) supererogation for thee.

grandson (2)

وَوَهَبْنَالَهُ إِسْحَقُ وَيَعْفُونِ نَافِلَةً

And we bestowed upon him Is-haq and Ya'qub as a grandson. [21:72]

spoils or war (n. p.) 
 (sing.) booty

يَسْتَكُونَكَ عَنِ الْأَنْفَالِ قُلِ الْأَنْفَالُ لِلْمُوالرَّوْلِ

They ask thee concerning the spoils of war, say thou: the spoils of war are at the disposal of Allah and the Apostle. [8:1]

ن ف ی ★

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. انفوا <they are expelled, they will be expelled to drive (مَنْ يَنْقُ مَغْلُ (مَنْ) away, to expel, cast out

ن ق ب 🖈

piercing (r. n.) مُعَبُّ acc. لَغَبُّ digging through (a wall)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) مُعَنِينًا acc. مُعَنِينًا acc. مُعَنِينًا acc. مُعَنِينًا acc. مُعَنِينًا acc. مُعَنِينًا

in the act of (v.n.) iii acc. hypocisy

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv (perf

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv thou hath expended

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv they have expended

(pref. 2 p. m. plu.) iv ye have expended

(imperf. 3 p. sing.) iv ~expends

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv ye expend

(imperf.2 p.m. plu.) iv, acc. that ye expend

expend (prate. m. plu.) iv

expending (v.n.)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) those who expend

ن ف ل ★

(act. pic. f. sing.)

< A supererogatory deed (1)

نَفَلَ يَنْفُلُ نَفْلاً (ن)

to give one a gift or present, give booty taken from the enemy, to do, or give over and above what is commanded or a gift over and above what is asked نِفَاقاً

أنفقت

أنفقة ا

### ن ق د 🖈

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.)

was blown or was sounded

نَقَرَ يَنْقُرُ نَقْرًا (ن)

to strike, injure one

النَّاقُورُ (n.) the trumpet

(act. pic. m. sing.) a groove in a a date-stone

acc. in the smallest matter)

### ن ق ص ★

(imperf. 2 p. f. sing.) < ~diminishes, consumes

نَفَصَ نَفْضُ نَفْصاً وَ نُقْماناً (ن)

to diminish decrease, run

they ( خ + f. d.) f. juss. اينقشوا are diminishing (you)

they abated nothing of your right

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) مُنْفَصُ we reduce

(pip. 3 p. m. sing ) يُنْفَصُنُ ~is diminished

abate! (perate m. sing.)

(perate. r.eg. m. plu.) الاَ تَنْفُورُا give not short (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) ii خَبُوا <they overrun (in the land)

run ii نَعْبَ فِي الْأَرْضِ

over the land, to pass or

wander through

# ن ق ذ 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv < ~ delivered

to deliver, iv أَتْشَدُ إِنْقَادًا save, rescue from

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) iv thou rescue

آفَأَنْتَ تُنْقِنُهُ مَنْ فِي الثَّادِ.

Canst thou (O Muhammad) rescue him who is in the fire. [39:19]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv بُنْقِدُونُ they deliver, save

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) iv نَعْدُونُ they will be delivered (or saved)

وَلَاهُمُ يُنْعَنَّوُنَ

And they will not be saved.
[36:43]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)x, f.d. مِسْتَغِدُوا they can rescue

وَلنَ يَّسُلُبْهُمُ الدُّبَاكِ شَيْئًا لَا يَسَتَنْقِذُوهُ مِنَّهُ

And if the fly took something from them, they could not rescue it from him.

[22:73]

نَقْمَ بَنْقِمُ / نَقِمَ بَنْقَمُ تَقْمَا (ض، س) وَ انْتَقَمَ - مِنْ وَ عَلَا

to aveng oneself upon, punish, chastise, accuse, to develop hate

> وَمَانَقَتَهُوا مِنْهُدُ إِلَّاكَ يُؤْمِنُوْا بِالنَّادِالْعَزِيْزِالْحَمِيْدِ،

And they persecuted them for naught save that they believed in Allah, the Mighty, the Praiseworthy.

[85:8]

they avenged (2)

And they avenged not except for (this) that Allah and His Messenger had enriched them. [9:74]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)
thou takest vengeance

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) تَغْمُوْنَ ye take vengeance

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) viii we took vengeance (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) viii

will take retribution
retribution (v.n.) viii

(Ap-der. m. plu.) viii مُنْقِمُونَ avenger

ن ك ب 🖈

(act. pic. m. plu.) el لَنَا كِبُونَ < certainly they are deviaters 680 مَنْقُوْصُ (pact. pic. m. sing.) مَنْقُوْصُ

diminution (v.n.)

ن ق مض ★

( perf. 3 p. f. sing.) < < ~broke, (~unravelled)

نَفْضَ بَنْقُضُ نَقْضًا (ن)

to pull down, demolish (a house), break, (a contract), undo a thing, violate (a treaty), to unravel or untwist.

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) يَنْقُضُوْنَ they violate

(perate neg. m. plu.) الْ تَنْفُنُوا do not violate!

breaking (v.n.) مُعْنَىٰ

أَيْفُضُ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv مُنْفُضُ ∼weighed down

ن قع ★

<dust (n.) acc.

نَفَعَ يَنْفَعُ نَفْماً (ف) to soak, macerate,

ن ق م ★

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) <they persecuted (1) نقبر

only the contract of marriage.

(perf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye married

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)
marries

to marry أَنْ يَنكِخُ juss.

(imperf. 2 p. f. plu.) that they (women) marry

(perate. 2 p.m. plu.) اَ اَلِكُوْرُا marry! (O you men)

(perate. neg. m. plu.) الْ تَكْمُونُوا marry not (O you men)

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv
I give in marriage

(perate.neg.m. plu.)

ا لا مُتك**ِئُو**ا

(O you men) give not in marriage

(perate. m. plu.) انکیځوا give in marriage

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) x wish to marry

marriage (v.n.) acc. أَنْكَأَحُ / نِكَامًا

الكيكون فيكلكا

Those who find no means to marry. [24:33]

ن ك د ★

(odd act. pic.) acc. آيکدا niggardly, evil, scantily تَكَبَ نُبَكُبُ نَكُبًا وَ مُنْكُوْبًا (ن) - عَنْ

to go aside or swerve from

<shoulders (n. p.)</p>
(a tract of country).

مُنْكُبُّ shoulder مُنْكُبُّ

ن ك ٹ ★

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) كُنُّ <~broke (oath)

ثَكَفَ بُنكُفُ تَكُنَّا (ن)

to break (a promise), violate (a treaty), untwist (a cord, unravel

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) الْكُوْرُا they broke (their oath)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) خنگ را ماهم المحافظة (covenant)

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) نگون they break (the covenant)

the untwisted stands (n. p.) is of a rope

ن ك ح ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)
<∼married

نَكُمَ بُنكِعُ نِكَامًا (ض)

(According to lexiconology the word time means the sexual relation but in the Quranic glossary it denotes

### مَالكُوْشُنُ مَّلْجَالِثِيْمَيِنِ وَمَالَّكُوْ نِيْنَ كِينِيْ

You will have no place of refuge that Day nor there will be for you any denying (of your guilt). [42:47]

wrath (2)

### فَأَمُكُنْكُ

الْكَفِرِيُّنَ ثُمُّ اَخَنُ تُهُ ۚ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ بَكِيْرِ I gave rein to the infidels then I look hold of them, so how hath been My wrath. [22:44]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) مُنْكُرُونَ those who do not recognize

denier (Ap-der. f. sing.)

stranger (pis. pic. m. plu.) مُنْكِرُونَ (unknown)

(pis. pic. m. sing.)
what is strange to the (1)
human nature, false

يأثرون بالمغروب وكيهون عن المنكر

They command that which is reputable and prohibit that which is disreputable.

[3:104]

reputable (opp.) المُتَرُونُ disreputable

(pis. pic. m. sing.) acc. مُنْكُراً disputable (2)

إِنَّهُ وْلِيَعُولُونَ مُنكُرًا مِنَ الْغُولِ

Verily they utter a saying disputable. [58:2]

# > نَكِدَ بَنَكُدُ نَكُداً (س)

to be hard, painful, to refuse what is asked, niggardly, having little water (with) little and scattered sowing (farm)

# ن ك ر ★

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.)
< ~disliked (1)

نَكِرَ يُنكُرُ مُكُوا وَ نَكِيْراً (س)

to be ignorant, not to recognise, notto know, dislike, refuse to acknowledge

فَلَمَّا رَأَايُدِيمُ مُلَاتَصِلُ إِلَيْهِ نَكِوَهُمُ

And when he beheld that their hand reached it not, he disliked them (or felt mistrust of them), [11:70]

(elative. m. sing.)
most disagreeable

#### إِنَّ أَنَّا الْأَصُواتِ لَصَوْتُ الْحَدِيْرِ

Verily the most disagreeable of voices is the voice of the ass. (Y. Ali) abominable (Jid.) harshest (Pic.) [31:19]

meta, awful (v.n.)

painful acc. (lit. what is unbearable)

denier (1) (act. 2 pic. v.n.) (one who denies the fact)

ľ

أتكر

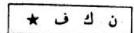




(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) تَنْكِمُوْنَ ye turn back

# كُنْتُمْ عَلَى أَعْقَالِكُمُ تَنْكِصُونَ

Ye used to turn back on your heels. [23:66]



(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) x <-disdained

تَكُفَّ يَتُكُفُّ تَكُفاً (ن) - عَلَىٰ to refuse, reject, abstain from

to be proud, اسْتَنَكَفَ اسْتَنَكَفَ اسْتَنَكَفَ اسْتَنَكَفَ الْسُقِيْكُافَا disdain (will not) disdain

# \* 1 4 0

chastising (v.n. ii) acc.

نَكَلَ يَنْكُلُ نَكَالاً (ض) \_ ب، عَنْ، مِنْ to chastise

to punish, ii to bring calamity upon

تَسْلِيْمٌ is as سَلاَمٌ

heavy fetters (n.p.) acc.

deterrent (1) (n.) acc.

فَجَعَلْنَهَا نُكَالُالْهَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهَا وَمَا خَلْفَهَا

And We made it a deterrent unto those of their day and those after them.

[2:66]

YK:1

لكألأ

# ن ك س ★

'آبکسُوْا (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) <they were made upside down

َكُسَّ يَن**كُ**سُ نَكْساً (ن)

to upset, turn upside down

(act. pic. m. plu.) f.d. آکِسُوْا those who turn upside down

وكوتركى إذ الدجر مؤن ماكد والدو وسهم عند

### دَيْجِنَ

Couldst thou but see when the culprits shall hang their heads before their Lord. [32:12]

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) ii, juss. تَنْكُسُنْ reverse

# وَمَنْ تَعْيَتُوا أُنكِينُه أَنِي الْخَلْقِ

And whosoever We grant long life, We reverse him in creation. [36:68]

ن ك ص ★

(pref. 3 p. m. sing.) كُلُّصَ <∼retreated

نَكُفَنَ لِنَهُمُ الْمَنْكِمِينَ كُلُصاً (ن ، ض) to fall back, retreat, withdraw from, desist

نگمر على عَقبناد

He retreated upon his two heels. [8:48]

> نَمَجَ بَنْهَجُ نَهْجًا (ف)

to trace, follow (a way), to make clear, to be clear

ن ، ر 🖈

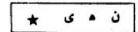
(perate neg. m. sing.) (کا) (do not browbeat, do not chide

to flow (ف) آبَرُ بَهُرُ بَهُرُ to cause (a stream) to flow, to repulse

النَّهُرُ / النَّهُرُ / نَهُرُ اللَّهُرُ / النَّهُرُ / river (n.)

أَمْهَارُ الْمَهَارِ الْمَهَارِ الْمَهَارِ الْمَهَارِ الْمَهَارِ الْمُهَارِ الْمُهَارِ الْمُهَارِ الْمُهَارِ ا

a day from dawn to dusk (n.) النَّهَادُ



(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) (w.v.) مُعَلَى restrained (1)

نَهَىٰ يَنْفَىٰ نَهِمًا (ف) (٣.٧.)

وَآمَا مَنْ خَاتَ مَعَاْمَ رَبِّهِ وَنَعَى النَّفْسَ عَنِ الْهَوٰى

But as far him who feared to stand before his Lord and restrained his soul from lust. [79:40] punishment (2) IK

فَأَخَذَهُ اللَّهُ نَكَالَ الْأَخِرَةِ وَالْأُولَ

Wherefore Allah laid hold of him with the punishment of the Hereafter and of the present. [79:25]

ن م ر ق

حَارِقُ (cushions (n.p.)

\* 7 6 7

an ant (n. generic.)

ants (n.p.) عُلُّ

أَمِلُ (fingers (n.p.) أَمَالُ (sing.)

\* 110

(act. pic. m. sing.) < calumay, slander

نَمَّ يَنِيمُ مَمَّاً (ض) ~to spread

to make mischief تَمَّ \_ بَيْنَ between

\* E \* 0

way of life, (v.n.) acc. مِنْهَاجًا a plain road, manner of acting

30

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) w.v. thou forbidest اَتَنْفِيناً إِنْ تَعْدُن مَاتَعُدُاناً أَنَّا Dost thou forbid us to worship what our fathers worshipped. [11:62] (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. ye prevent رُون وَمَّنْهُونَ عَن الْمُنْكُر Ye command that which is reputable and prevent that which is disreputable. [3:110](imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. they prevent (perate. m. sing.) w.v. [ [] prevent thou! (pp. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they were prevented, prohibited (pp. Ist. p. sing) w.v. I was prevented (pip. 2 p. m. plu.) (w.v.) ye are prohibited (act. pic. m. plu.) (w.v.) 5 1 preventers (perf. 3 p.m. sing.) viii, w.v. refrained (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) viii, w.v. they refrained

forbade (2)

ومَانَهُ كُمُ عَنْهُ فَانْتَهُوا

And whatsoever he forbiddeth, abstain (from it).

[59:7]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.)(w.v.) they forbade

(perf. 1st. p. sing.)(w.v.)
I forbade

Note: when attached to a pronoun, the final s is replaced by الذاء e.g.

f.d. w.v.

(imperf. Ist p. sing. juss.)
I forbid

南河

Did not I forbid you two.

[7:22]

f.d. w.v (imperf. Ist p. plu.)

we forbid

Forbade we not thee? [15:70]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. forbids

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)
prevents

إِنَّ الصَّلَوْةَ مَّنَّهُى عَنِ الْفَحْشَآءِ وَالْنُنْكَدِ

Verily the prayer preventeth (men) from indecency and what is disreputable.

[29:45]

أن انتهوا . If they refrain

[2:2192]

< boundary (2)

beyond which there is no passing

عند سدرة المنتهى

Nigh unto the lote-tree at [53:14] the boundary.

<understanding n.p.

النكي

(sing.)

(what forbids a man to go beyond the moral limit or do something unreasonable)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) viii, w.v. those who desist

نَتَنَاهُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)vi, w.v. they forbid each other

كَانُوْالْاَيْتَنَاهَوْنَ عَنْ مُنْكُرِفَعَلْوُهُ

They were not to desist from the evil they committed. [5:79]

ن

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) h.w.v. ~weighs down

نَاءَ يَنُومُ ثَوْماً وَ تَنْوَاةً (ن)

to get up with hardship, to weigh down

إِنَّ مَغَاتِعَهُ لَتَنْزُوْمِ إِلْعُصْبَةِ أُولِي الْقُتُومَ

Whereof the keys would have weighed down a band of strong men. [28:76] w.v. juss.

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) thou refrained

لَمِن لَمُ تَثْنَتُهِ

If thou refrainest not.

[19:46]

n'.v. juss. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) refrained

لَبِنَ لَوْ يَنْتَهِ الْمُنْفِقُونَ

If the hypocrites refrain not. [33:60]

w.v. juss.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they refraind

آءَ تَنْتَهُوا refrained not

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. they refrain

w.v. juss.

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) ve refrain

وَإِنْ مَنْتُمُوا فَهُو خَيْلُكُو

And if ye refrain it will be [8:19] better for you.

(perate. m. plu.)

refrain! desist!

(n.tp.) w.v. a terminus, limit (1)

إلى رَبِّكَ مُنْتَفِيهَا

Upto thy Lord is the limit thereof. [79:44]

686

717

أنأوا

أنثنا

نادآ

the evolution of heat acc. and light by combustion

### فَلَصَابِهَالِعُصَارُفِيهِ نَا أَزُفَاحُتَرَقَتَ

And that a whirlwind wherein is fire should then smite it, so that it is all consumed. [2:266]

meta. evil or fire, that (2)
is, to lead to the Fire of
the Hereafter

# أُولَيِكَ مَايَأَكُونَ فِي بُطُونِهِمْ إِلَّا النَّارَ

These are they who eat in their bellies naught but fire. [2:174]

the fire (3)

(the Hell of the Hereafter)

# فَاتَّعُواالنَّارَالِينَ وَفُودُهَا النَّاسُ وَالْحِبَارَةُ

Then dread the fire the fuel whereof is men and stones. [2:24]

Note: Fire is used in the Quran for the actual fire, the burning flame of this world and for that of the Hell. The latter is a general one.

النُّوْرُ ، نُورُ " (n.) the light, a light

this word is used in several senses:

that form of radiant (1) energy which stimulates the organs of the sight



(perf. 3. p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. <rp>
<rp>

 returned in repentance

أَنَابَ يُنِينُ إِنَّابَةً ﴿

to repent and turn to God.

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. they returned in repentance

(perf. Ist p. plu.) iv, w.v. we returned in repentance

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) iv, w.v. I return in repentance

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. ~returns in repentance

(perate. m. plu.) iv, w.v. return (O you men) in repentance

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv, w.v. one who returns in repentance

acc. iv, w.v.
(Ap der. m. plu.)
those who return in repentance

ن و د ★

﴿ النَّارُ ﴿ (n.) < (fire (1) (n.) اَرَ بَنُوْرُ نَوْراً وَ نِيَاراً (ن) وَ أَنَارَ نَنُ وَ تَنَوَّرَ \* وَ تَنَوَّرَ \* وَ الْسَتَنَادَ \* to shine x

sparkle, emit light or fire

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Prophet's mission (5)

وَيَأْلَ اللَّهُ إِلَّانَ بُعِيَّ نُولَا وَلَوْكِرِةَ الْكَفِدُونَ

And Allah refuseth to do otherwise than perfect His light. [9:32]

is singular, the plural from is أَوْرَانُ and but the Quran always mentions only singular form while ظلاات (darknesses) is used always in plural. This indicates that the source of light or guidance is only one but the source of falsehood and the means to go astary are countless.

ن و س 🖈

التَّاسُ (men, people (n.)

(Note: The word is a collective noun; some grammarians have regarded it as a plural of إنان (mankind) see

ن و ش ★

< the act of v.n. vi التَّمَاوُشُ taking or receiving, reception</p>

تَنَاوَشَ تَنَاوُشًا to return iv from a far point نَّلَتَأَاضَآءَتُ مَاحَوُّلَهُ ذَهَبَاللَّهُ بِنُوْرِهِمُ

Then when hath lit up that which is around him Allah taketh away their light. [2:17]

faith, belief, (2) inner satisfaction opp. darknesses

لَمْلُهُ وَلِيُّ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُواْ يُغُرِّحُهُمْ مِنَ الظُّلُمْ يَعِالَى النُّولُةِ

Allah is the Patron of those who believe. He bringeth them forth from darknesses to the light. [2:257]

wisdom, divine (3)
knowledge, clear signs
that remove doubt and
lead to the faith

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَا التَّوْرِيةَ فِيهَا هُدِّي وَنُورُ

We sent down the Taurat wherein was guidance and light. [5:44]

the Divine Book, (4) the source of guidance

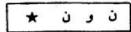
ێٲؿۿٵٮٮۜٵ؈ٛۊٙڐڿٵٚٷؖڋؽڡٵؽۺ ڎٙڡؚؚٚڰؙؠٝۅٵؙٮٛڗؙڶڬٙٳڶؽڰؙٷؙٛٷؽٲۺٟؽٮٵ

O Ye mankind! There surely hath come unto you a proof, from your Lord and We have sent down unto you a manifest light (i.e., the Quran). [4:175] sleep (3)

### ٱللهُ يَــَتُوَلَّى الْأَنْفُسَ حِيْنَ مَوْتِهَا وَالْتِحَالَةِ لَنُوْتَكُ فِي مَنَامِهَا

Allah it is who taketh away souls at the time of their death, and those which die not in their sleep.

[39:42]



النون (n.) النون

ذًا التَّونِ the man of fish

A Prophet's name because he was swallowed by a huge fish. Jonah of the Bible (Jid.).

ن و ی ★

a date-stone (n.) النَّوَىٰ

ن ی ل 🖈

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. مُنَالُ < <- reaches

قَالَ بَنَالُ نَبُلاً (ف)

to obtain, attain, reach

لَا يَنَالُ عَمْدِى الثَّلِينِينَ

My covenant shall not reach the wrongdoers. [2:124]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v.

وَأَنَّى لَهُ وُالتَّنَاوُشُ مِنْ مُكَانٍ بَعِيْدٍ

And how should they receive (the faith) from a far distant place? i.e., beyond the grave. [34:52]

ن و ص ★

مَنَاصٌ (n.t.p.) مَنَاصٌ of retreat

نَاصَ بَنُوَصُ نَوْصاً وَ مَناصاً (ن) - عَنْ

to flee away from, to evade, shun, to retreat

ن و ق 🖈

a she camel (f. n.) النَّاقَةُ

ن و ۲ ★

النوم

المائح

< the sleep (v.n.)

نَامَ يَنَامُ نَوْماً وَ نِياماً (ف)

to sleep, slumber, become

dream (1) v. mim.

يلبتنَّ إِنَّ آمُ ى فِي الْمَسْعَامِ آنِنَّ آذَبَحُكَ

O my son! I have seen in a dream that I am slaughtering thee. [37:102]

sleeping (2)

وَمِنَ النَّتِهِ مَنَأَمُكُونِ النَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَادِ

And of His signs are your sleeping by night and by day. [30:23]

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they could juss. not reach	لَمْ يَنَالُوا	(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. ye shall reach	تَنَالُوُ
(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they reach or attain	يَنَالُوْنَ	ye shall not reach اَنْ تَنَالُوا (or) attain	îr <del>t</del>
لاَ يَنَالُونَ attain not		w.v. juss.	يَنالُوْا
an attainment (v.n.)	ا بَيْلاً	(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they reach	

++4

# كتباب الهباء

هَا وَمُ اقْرَءُ وَاكِتْبِية

Here you are! read my book [69:19]

\* • •

(perate. 2 m. plu.) مانوًا ≪bring up

a world of causion shortened of of it being

- a demonstrative pronoun acc. for dual feminine (these two women)
- a demonstrative pronoun مَاذَانِ for dual masculine (these two men)

justlike this (comp.)

word of caution | similarity {

hat 1

\* \* 1 ·

a letter used as caution, prefixed to demonstrative pronouns, such as,

مَا أَوْلاَءٍ) مَؤُلاءِ ( مَاذَا ) مَذَا also prefixed to a nominative pronoun as.

هَانَكُوهُ وُلَا مَاجَبُهُمُ فِيمَالكُونِهِ عِلْوُ

Lo! ye are those who fell to contending respecting that whereof ye had (some) knowledge. [3:66]

\* 11.

take (com.) (مَا زُمُ (هَا زُمُ )

a letter used in imperative form rendering the meaning of نُونُ take! and وُرُمُ for 'O you'

### > جَرَ يَهُو جَوْا وَ جَرَانا (ن)

- to desert, forsake, leave, renounce, abandon
- (2) to separate oneself from, depart, quit
- (3) to rove deliriously, to talk nonsense

In scorn thereof. Nightly did ye rave together. (Pic.) In arrogance: talking nonsense (about the Quran), like one telling fables by night. (Y. Ali) Stiff-necked, discoursing thereof by night revelling (Jid.).

[23:67]

depart! (perate. m. sing.)

(perate. m. plu.) اغِرُوا depart, leave (alone)

act of departing (v.n.) or leaving SS

(act. pic. m. sing.) acc. taken as foolish, nonsense, of no account

يُوَتِ إِنَّ قَوْمِي النَّخَ نَا وَالْحَدَ الْقُوْلَانَ مَهْجُورًا

O my Lord! verily my own people make this Quran of no account (or) they regarded Quran as nonsense. [25:30]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii مَاجَرَ < ~ migrated \_ إلى \_ 692 here is + is com. here, in this place

\* 4 4 \*

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~falleth down

مَبَعَلَ بَهِيعًا مُبُوطًا (ض)

to descend, fall, to cause to come down

get down!

get (you twain) down

(perate. m. plu.) مُعِطُواً get (you) down

ه **ب** و 🖈

dust (n.) أَجَاءُ fling in the air, atoms of dust

\* 3 5 \*

(perate. m. sing.) v بَحْبَدُ keep the vigil to keep v, مُحِبَدُ awake, night-long watch, (pray at night)

\* > 5 \*

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) you talk nonsense, rave

(Ap-der. f. phu.) iii مُعَاجِرًاتُ women who left their home in the way of Allah

### \* 5 5 \*

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَهْجَعُونَ <they sleep

هَمَّ مَهْمَعُ مُؤُمًّا (ف)

to sleep calmly or quietly

كَانُوا قِلِيثُ لَامِنَ النَّيْلِ مَا يَهُجَعُونَ

Little of the night they were wont to slumber (i.e., they used to spend greater part of the night in prayer).

[51:17]

\* \* \* \*

(v.n.) ass. acc. III

action of falling down in pieces (a mountain or a building)

> مَدَّ مَثُدُ مَدًا (ن)

to break, put down, demolish, to fall down in pieces

\* ( ) \*

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ii مُدَّمَتُ was demolished

( لَمُنَّدُّمَتُ (would have demolished) to demolish مِّدِيمًا to demolish مِّدِيمًا

>> مَدَمَ يَهْدِمُ مَدُماً (ض)

to overturn

هَاجَرَ بُهَاجِرُ مُهَاجَرَةً !!!

to leave one's homeland for another place. In Quranic glossary means the migration of the Prophet from Makkah to Al-Madina, and of those who followed him in order to establish Islamic law and order and preach Islam peacefully.

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iii اَجَوُوا they migrated

(perf. 3 p. f. phu.) tit they (women) migrated

iii, juss. مُأْجِوْ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~emigrates

iii, juss. (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) that they migrate

iii, juss. المَّحِوُّوا (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)
ye migrate

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iii مُهَاجِرٌ one who leaves his homeland for the sake of Islamic cause

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iii, acc. الْمَاجِرِيْن those who migrate from their home for Islamic cause

#### أُولَعْرِيَهْدِ

Did'nt He guide? (juss.)
[7:100]

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. بَوْدُنْ they guide

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) بُدِيْ thou guide

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. آمُدِیْ I shall guide

w.v. f.d.

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.)
I would guide

w.v. f.d.

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) that ye may guide

(imperf. lst. p. plu) w.v. پُدِیْ we guide

e.m.p. w.v. "لَهُدِينَ

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we shall certainly guide

(perate. m. sing.) w.v. وينطو !

( امْدناً guide us)

(perate. m. plu.) w.v. اهْدُوْا lead!

### فأهنأه وفمزال ويزلط انجعينه

Lead them on to the path of flaming fire. [37:23]

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. مُدِيَ ~was guided

(pp. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. المُدُونا they were guided

# \* \* \*

a hoopoe (n.) الْمُذَّمَّةُ

🖈 د ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. < ~ guided (1)

هَدَاٰی بَهْدِیْ هَدْباً وَ هُدًی وَ هِدَاْبَةً

وَ هَدُمَةً (ض ) to lead in

right path, guide, conduct one, point out, show

وَإِنْ كَانَتُ لَكِبُيْرَةً إِلَّا عَلَى الَّذِيْنَ مَدَى اللَّهُ

And though it was a hard (test) save for those whom Allah guided. [2:143]

directed (2)

وَرَجَدُكَ ضَأَلًّا فَهَدٰى

Did he not find thee wandering then directed (thee).

[93:7]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) พ.ง. מَدَيْتَ thou hast guided

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. مُدَيْناً we have guided

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ميدى guides

w.v., f. d. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

he guides

viii, w.v. (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)
viii, w.v. آهِنَدُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they find the right path
vili, w.v. (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) she finds the truth
viii, n.d. w.v. الْمُتَدُّوْا (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they will find the way that shall never الْنَ مَهْتَدُوْا find the right way
viii, w.v. l.c. لِهَبُدِيَ (imperf. Ist. p. plu.) we would have been guided
كَاكُالْهَ الْهُوَالِيَّالِيَّ We were not such as to find guidance. [7:43] viii, w.v. f.d. الْمُعَدِّدُ الْمُعَبِّدِ الْمُعَدِّدِ الْمُعَبِّدِ الْمُعَبِّدِ الْمُعَادِينِينِ اللهِ (Ap-der. m. sing.) one who found guidance
(Ap-der.m. plu.)viii, w.v. those who found guidance acc.
better guided elative w.v. أَهُدُى (than others)

guidance (v.n.) w.v.

i.e., animals to be slaughtered during Haji as a part of

Hajj performance

offering w.v. (n.) دی

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. ~is being guided (act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. leader; guide w.v. f.d. . w.v. acc. w.v. viii (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) finds guidance also belongs to the form viii افتمال ; it is taken as a changed form of through assimilation. has occured only once in the Quran. ٱفَمَنْ يَهُدِئَ إِلَى الْحَقِّ ٱحَقَّ اَنْ يُكَّبَعَ اَسَّنْ لَايَهِدِي كَ الدَّانَ يُعْدَى Is He, then, who guideth to the truth more worthy to be followed or one who findeth not the guidance unless he is guided. [10:35] (perf.3 p.m. sing.)viii, w.v. ~followed the right path

(perf.3 p.m. plu.)viii, w.v. اهْنَدُوْا they followed the right path (perf.1st. p. sing.)viii, w.v. اهْنَدُنْتُ I followed or found the right path (perf.2 p.m. plu.)viii, w.v. ye found the right path (pp. 3 p.m. sing.) h.v. x سُعْزِیُ اسْمِزَاءاً - were mocked x, اسْمِزَا سَعْزِیُ اسْمِزَاءاً to mock at, to laugh at (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) h.v. x سَمْزِیُ صحوده

اَللهُ يَسْتَهَزِئُ يُوْمِ Allah mocketh (back) at them [2:15]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) h.v. x نَعْبَرْ تُونَ they mock at

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) h.v. x تَسَمَّزِ تُوْنَ ye mock at

(pip. 3 p. m. plu.) h.v. x مستورًا ~being mocked

(perate. m. plu.) h.v. x استَمْزِتُوا mock on!

(Ap-der m. plu.) مُعَمَّرُ ثُوْنَ mockers (Ap-der. m. plu.) acc. الْمُعَمِّرُ ثُونَ mockers

# \* 6 6 \*

(perate. f. sing.) assim. هُزِّى <shake!

هَزَّ مَهُرُّ هَرًا ( ن assim.)

to shake, brandish

assim. viii الْمَكِرُّتُ (perf 3 p. f. sing.)

thrilled (land)

امْتَرَّ امْتِرَازاً ,iii

to be moved, shaken, to be thrilled, to stir (to life) a gift, a present (n.)

flight (v.n) acc. مَرَبًا مَرَبَ بَهُرُبُ مَرَبًا وَ مُرُوبًا (ن) to run away, flec, escape

**\* دع** 

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) جُرُفُونَ <rushing on

(as they were driven)

هُرِعَ يُهْرَعُ هَزْعاً - إِلَّـا-(passive)

to run or rush to SS quickly and trembling. It can also be referred to form iv, (passive)

to make some أُمْرِعَ يُهْرَعُ إِمْرَاعاً do make some one rush

\* 1 3 \*

مروا (v.n.)

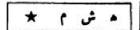
jest, a laughing stock, a mockery

to make h.v. (س sport of, mock at one, ridicule, deride, the verbal

noun مُزُورًا is shaped

مزوراً as

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(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) < dry sticks or stuble مَشِيمٌ

acc.

مَقَمَ يَهُمُ مَفَا (ن) to crusk, break (dry sticks)

ه ض م \*

begarudging (v.n. acc.) (withholding of that which is due)

خَفَمَ مَهْفِيمُ مَفْمًا (ض)
 to break, digest, to oppress,

attack, to do wrong, invade the rights of one

فَلَايَغْتُ ظُلْمًا وَلَا هَضُمًّا

He fears not injustice nor begrudging. [20:112]

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) thin and smooth

(as the spathe of the palm with flowers)

وَزُرُوعِ وَخُولِ طَلْمُهَا هَضِيدً

And corn-fields and plam trees whereof the spathes are fine. [26:148]

\* 4 9 \*

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv مُعْلِمُون those who hasten forward assim viii

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

wriggles (a serpent)

\* 4 4

a joke, frivolity (v.n.) الْمُزَّلُ (ض) > مَزَلَ يَهِزُّلُ مَزُلًا (ض)

to speak or make a joke or act in a jesting way

\* . . .

( perf. 3 p.m. plu.) مَزَمُوْا they routed

> مَزَمَ بَهْزِمُ مَزْماً وَ مَزِيْمَةً (ض)

overcome, rout, defeat, put to flight

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) will be defeated very soon

Note: the prefixed to imperfect is to fix the meaning of near future

(pact. pic. m. sing.) مَرْوُمُ

ه ش ش ★

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) assim.v.
I beat down

(assim)

> مَثِنَّ شَهْنُ مَثِنًا (ن)

to beat down the leaves of a tree (with a stick) surely (3)

# حَلْ اَ فَى عَلَى الْمِئْسَانِ حِينٌ ثِينَ الدَّهُ وَلَوْزَيُكُنُ شَيْئًا مَثَنُ كُورًا

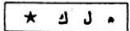
Surely there hath come upon man a space of time when he was not a thing worth mentioning. [76:1]

here has the signification of if (Qurtubi).

# \* 6 9 \*

مَوُعاً. anxious, ints. acc. مَوُعاً. very impatient

مَلِعَ بَهْلَعُ مُلُوعاً (س) to be very anxious, impatient



(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) 道。 ~perished, died

> مَلَكَ يَهْلِكُ مَلاَكَا وَ مُلْكَا (ضُ

to perish, die, be lost, destroyed, spoilt

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) e.l. مُثِلِكُ

migh/would die,

might/would perish

### لِيَهْلِكَ مَنْ هَلَكَ عَنْ بَيْنَةِ

That he who perished might perish by a clear proof. [8:42]

مَالِكُ (perishable (act. pic. m. sing.)

# مَطَعَ بَهْطَعُ مَطْماً وَ مُطُوعاً (ف) to hasten, to iv,

run forward with the

# \* \* 7 \*

(an interrogative particle) is there? shall I? does he? weather? etc.

the Quranic usages of his particle are as below:

to determine (1) the certainty of a thing

هَلُ يَنْظُرُونَ وَالْأَلَا السَّاعَةُ They await but the hour. [43:66]

OI

### مَلُ يُعِزَعُنَ إِلَّامَا كَانْوَايَعْمَالُونَ

They shall be requited not save for that which they wrought. [7:147]

to deny (2) (implied meaning)

نَارُجِعِ الْبَصَرُّهَلُ شَرَّى مِنْ فُطُوْرٍ Repeat (thy) look, beholdest thou any creak ? (i.e., thou

cannot find any creak).

[67:3]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv one who destroys

(Ap-der.m.plu.)iv,gen.f.d. those who destroy

(Ap-der.m.plu.)iv,gen.f.d. (pis. pic. m. plu.) iv, acc.

those are died, perished

\* 7 7 \*

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) iv  $< \sim$  is invoked

# أَمِلَّ إِمْلاَلاً «i

appearance of a (1) new moon.

to invoke (2)

the Name of Allah upon an animals in slaughtering

### وَمَا أَهِلَ بِهِ لِغَيْرِاللَّهِ

And that over which any name other than Allah has been invoked (is forbidden).

(i.e., all that has been dedicated or offered in sacrifice to an idol or a saint or a person considered to be divine. The pagans used to slaughter animals in the name of their various deities. [2:173]

< new moons (n. p.) الْأَوْمَةُ (crescent (sing.) الْكَالَةُ (crescent (sing.) الْكَالَة (crescent (sing.) الْكَالِيُّة (crescent (sing.) الْكِلْدُة (crescent (sing.) الْكِلْدُ (crescent (sing.) 
(act. pic. m. plu.) acc. those who are dead

d --- ---

(n. p.t.) time or place of destruction

perdition (v.n.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُلْكُ caused to perish

أَمْلَكُ إِمْلَاكًا نَا

to destory, cause to perish, waste

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) iv I have wasted

### يَعُولُ آهَلَكُ مَالُالْكِدُا

He says. I have wasted riches plenteous. [90:6]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv مُلْكُفُدُ ∼destroyed

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv اَهْلَكُتُهُ thou hast destroyed

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv we have destroyed

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iv &

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv destroys

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) ii لكوّا they have been perished

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. ii ~ would be destroyed

699

مَرْزَ بَهِيْرُ مَرْزَا (ن، ض)

to backbite, defame, push back with a blow

a defamer ints.

Note: According to Raghib
Isphahani مَازَّ، مُعَزَّ are used in
the sense of defaming and
back-biting.

whispering (n.p.) هَزَاتُ suggestions

# \* ~ ~ ^

low, indistinct noise (v.n.)
of a speech, whisper,
humble voice

> مَسَ بَهْيِقُ مَسًا (ض)

to wisper, utter an indistinct word

(assim)

700

\* 11.

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) minded, intended

(assim) • - (ن) مُمَّا وَ مَبَتَا وَ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّالِمُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّا لِمِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّالِمِ

to have in mind, \_\_\_ to be about to do something, to desire

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.)

( perf. 3 p. m. plu.) مُعَوَّا they intended \* 69 \*

come! (comp. v)

وَالْفَكَا بِلِيْنَ لِلِخُوانِهِ وَ مَـ لُوَالِيْنَا And those who say unto their brethren: Come ye hither into us. [33:18]

come, bring (2)

قُلْ هَلُقَ شُهِكَا أَكُو

Say: come, bring your witnesses. [6:150]

\* , , ,

(act. pic. m. sing.) حَامِدَةُ lifeless, barren (land)

مَدَ بَعْدُ مُؤداً (ن)

to go out, extinguish, put out, to die, to be barren or lifeless

\* ) ( \*

(Ap-der. m. sing.) vii

مَرَ يَهْمُرُ مَراً (ن) وَ الْهَمَرَ to pour forth

\* ) ( \*

<a defamer ints. "

منثأ

\* 10 \*

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) h.v. acc. may it be wholesome or profitable, much good may it do to you

هَنِيَّ مَهُنّاً هَناً (س) (h.v.)

to make the food wholesome, easy to digest, do good. promote health, sustain (food)

\* 2 9 \*

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. مَادُونا who are Judised

(see Jid. p. 1, n. 274.)

هَادَ يَهُوْدُ هَوْداً (ن)

one's duty, to become a

Jew, to be guided

(perf. 1st. p. plu.) w.v. we have been guided

a Jew (n.) w.v. مُوْداً

\* ...

< crumbling, weak (adj.) هَارَ مَوْرًا (ن) w.v. (هَارَ مَوْرًا (ن) to fall in ruins, to be about</p>

to fall in ruins, to be about to fall, to crumble

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) vii - الْهَارَ crumbled (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv حَمَدُهُ ~cared for

وَطَأَيْفَةٌ قَدْاً هَنَّتْهُ وُانْفُسُهُو

Whereas a group cared for itself. [3:154]

\* 0 0 \*

(Ap-der. m. sing.) (quad.) الْمُبِينُ one who determines what is true and false

to watch (quad.) مُبْنَنَ مَبْنَنَة <

One of the excellent names of Allah.

(Ap-der. m. sing.) quad. acc. determiner of what is true and what is false

\* \* \* \*

مُنَالِكَ

(comp.)

there in لِلْهُ + here لَهُ that place, at that time

here, in the place

here, in this place

(comp.) to behold here

they, them, or or their

(An indeclinable pronoun 3 p.f.; for details see LLQ)

701

#### \* 6 2 \*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. مَوْى ~set (1)

# < مَوْى بَنْوِيْ مَوِيًّا (ض) ١٠٠٠ <

- to fall, to stoop as a bird to its prey, to be destroyed, disappear
- to be inclined towards, yearn

وَالنَّجُواِذَاهُوٰى By the star when it setteth. [53:1]

destroyed, perished (2)

وَمَنُ يَحُلِلُ عَلَيْهِ غَضَى نَقَدُهُوٰى And upon whomsoever My wrath alights, he surely (will be) perished. [20:81]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. yearns (1)

فَاجُمُونَ الْمُاسِ تَعْوِي الْمُؤْفِ الْمُؤْفِ الْمُؤْفِ الْمُؤْفِ الْمُؤْفِ الْمُؤْفِقِ الْمُؤْفِقِ الْمُؤْفِ Make thou, therefore, the hearts of some mankind to yearn toward them.

[14:37]

to blow (2)

فَتَخْطَفُهُ الطَّيْرُاؤَتَفْوِيْ عِدِّ الْتِيْحُ فِي مُنكَانِ سَرِجْقِ

And the birds had snatched him or the wind had blown him to a place remote.

[22:31]

# نمون 🛨

meekness, quietnes (v.n.) w.v.

هَانَ يَهُونُ هَوْناً وَ هَوَاناً وَ مَهَانَةً (ن)

to be despised, w.v. contemptible, quiet

يَهُ أُونَ عَلَى الْأَرْضِ هُوْاً

They walk upon the earth meekly. [25:63]

الْمُوَنُ (.n.) contempt, ignominy

light, easy (adj.) مُثَنَّةُ

more easy ints. أَوْنَ than~

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. آمَانَ despised

أَمَانَنْ (com.) أَمَانَ + نِن

~despised me

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) vi, w.v. whas despised

وَمَنْ يُهِنِ اللّٰهُ فَاللّٰهُ مِنْ مُكُرِمِ And whosoever Allah despiseth none can honour. [22:18]

(Ap-der. m. sing) w.v. ليُون that renders contemptible, shameful

(pis. pic. m. sing.) w.v. مُهَانً

(perate. m. sing.) (w. & h.v.) thou may arrange! prepare! form, figure, likeness (n.)

ه ی ت ★

(an odd. w.v.)

(perate. m. sing.)

come! come forth, come

on!

the only pattern of imperative case is used with J prefixed to pronoun

2 p. m. or f. sing.

ھ ئ ج ★

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.

هَاجَ يَهِيْجُ هَبْجاً وَ هَبْجَاناً وَ هِبَاجاً (ض)

to be moved, agitated, excited, wither, fad (plant)

ه ی ل ★

ر (pis. pac. f. sing.) (w.v) مَهِيْلاً <poured out هَالَ مَيْلُ مَبْلاً (ض) بهي، رسي.

to pour out, heap up (earth)

\* 1 5 \*

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. they wander about

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. < ∼desires

هَوِیَ يَهُولٰی هَوَّی (س) to love, to desire

أفكلنا جَأْءَكُورِسُولُ بِبَالاَتَهُونَى أَنْفُسُكُمُ إِسْتُلْعِرُمُ

Then so often as there came unto you an apostle, with that which your hearts desired not ye grow arrogant. [2:87]

الهُوَلَى desire, love (n.)

(his desire مُوَاهُ )

desire (n.p.)

void (n.)

وَاَفِدَ تُهُمَّ هَوَاءٌ

And their hearts are void.
[14:43]

ale lowest pit of Hell (n.)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. overthrew

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) x, w.v. infatuated, beguiled

\* 1 % \*

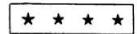
(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) (w.h.v.) will prepare

ii, مَنَّ بَيْنَ تَبِينَةُ ﴿ to make ready, to prepare

>> هَاهَ يَهَاهُ مِنْأَةً (ف)

to long for

an additional (haa) suffixed to indicate the final letter's vacalization (Mjj.)



away ! (n.) مَهْاَتَ

هَيْهَاتَ هَيْهَاتَ لِمَاتُوْعَدُونَ Away, away with that wherewith ye are promised. [23:36] w.v. (مَامَ يَبِيمُ مُبَاماً (ض < to wander about without any

to wander about without any purpose

to love SS passionately

a thirsty she-camel (n.) الميم

(sing.)

a she-camel raging with thirst from disease (LL.)

\* \* 6 \*

a personal pronoun of رهي the 3 p. fem. sing.

\*\*\*

# كتاب الواو

الْوَبْرُ لِلْإِبِلِ مَا يَعْلُوْ أَجْسَادَمَا كَالصَّوْفِ لِنْغَنَمِ وَ الشَّعْرِ لِلْغَزِ (تَأَجْ) وينسناها المنساء المنساء الذَّرُ

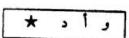
(alwabr) hair on the camel's skin, both wool as hair of sheeps or hair of goats

و ب ق 🖈

< destroyeth iv, w.v.</p>
 to destroy iv,
 الْوْبَقَ إِيْبَاقًا
 w.v.
 < وَبِقَ يَبِقُ وَ يَوْبِقُ وَبِقًا (ح)</p>
 to perish
 place of destruction (n. pt.)

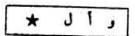
و ب ل 🛨

(act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. وَأَبِلُ \* heavy rain



w. & h.v. الْمُوْمُودَةُ (pact. pic. f. sing.) (girl) buried alive

w. & h.v. (ض) أَدَا يَشُدُ وَأَدا (ض < to bury alive



escape, n. pt. w. & h.v.
(a place to betake themselves to)

w. & h.v. (ض) وَأَلَا بِثُلُ وَأَلَا (ض < to seek refuge

و ب ر ★

أدُ furs n. p. w.v.

وَ رَ يَتِرُ وَثُواً و يُرَةً (ض) ٣.٧.

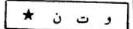
- (1) to hate, defraud SS,
- (2) to be single, odd

وَاللَّهُ مَعَكُوْ وَكَنْ يَبِيرُكُوْ اَعْمَالَكُوْ

And Allah is with you, and He will not defraud you. [47:35]

single, odd (v.n.) w.v. وِرْقُ (of number)

one after (n.) (for تَثْرُىٰی ( وَ رُلِیٰ another, successively



the main artery of (n.) الْوَتِينُ the heart which rises from the upper part of it. It is said that life depends on the existance of this artery

و ث ق ★

(R.F.) (مَنْ يَقُنُّ بَيْقُ يُقَدُّ (مَن ) to place trust in any one

a bond (n.)

a compact, (v. mim.) acc. مُونِهَا bond, a solemn pledge (Asad), undertaking (Pic.), a solemn oath (Y. Ali), assurance (Jid.). وَبَلَ بَيِلُ وَبُلاً وَ وُبُولاً (الْمَطَرُ) (ض)

- to pour forth rain in large drops
- (2) to pursue eagerly

(act. 2 pic. m. sing)(w.v, acc.) وَيُلِاً painful, a heavy blow, chastisement

> وَبُلَ يَوْبُلُ وَبَالَةً وَ وَبَالاً (ك) (.w.v.

to be heavy and unwholesome as air, food

ill effect, (v.n.) وَ بَالُ gravity, grievousness

و ت د 🖈

stakes (n. p.)

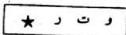
a stake (sing.) وَيُدُّ <

دَيْرُعَوْنَ ذِي الْأَوْتَأْدِ

And Fir'awn, owner of the stakes. [89:10]

(the epithet, in Arabic idiom, is expressive of power, arrogance and obstinacy; the stakes may also refer to those to which the tyrant bound his victims LL.)

stakes n.p. acc. أَوْ كَاداً



(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. acc.

وَجَدَدَ بَجِدُ وِجْدَاناً وَ وُجُوْداً (ض) to find, w.v. find what was lost

رُجَدًا (perf. 3 p. m. dual.) فَجَدَا the twain found

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) وَجَدُوا they found

( perf. 2 p. m. plu. ) وَجَدْتُمُ ye find ye find them

(the additional way been suffixed before a personal pronoun to ease pronunciation)

و جَدْتُ ( found (perf. Ist. p. sing )

وَجَدْنَا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) وَجَدْنَا we found

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) juss. عَجِيدُ finds

لَمْ بَحِيدٌ did not find

أَلَمْ بَجِدُك ? did he not find thee

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) عُيدُ thou find

سَنَجِدُنِيْ thou shall find me

ستعدن إن أن الله صابر

Thou will find me, if Allah will, patient. [18:69]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) will find

a covenant, treaty, (n. ints.) bond

firm (ints. f.)

منثأق

العُزُوفِوالْوَثُعِيُّ لِكَانُوْصَامَ لَهَا

The firm cable whereof there is no giving way. [2:256]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iii حَاثِقُ ~entered into a compact or treaty with SS

و ث ن ★

لْأُوْ ثَانُ (idols (n. p.) (sing.) idol (cing.)

و ج ب ★

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) وَجَبَتُ <(they) fell down

- وَجَبَ بِحَبُ وَجُباً وَ وَجْبَـةً (صَ) ( to fall down dead
- (2) to be indispensable, be incumbent

فَإِذَا وَجَدَتُ جُوْلُهَا فَكُلُوا مِنْهَا

Then when they fall down (after they are slaughtered) on their sides eat thereof. [22:36]

و جد ★

رَجَدَ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) وَجَدَ ( Tound لَسَكِوُهُنَّ مِنْ حَيْثُ سَكَنْتُدُمِّ مِنْ وَحَبِي كُمْ Lodge them wheresoever ye lodge (yourselves) according to your means. [65:6]

# وج س 🖈

أُوْجَسَ (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) [ <-conceived

اً وَجَسَ يُوجِسُ إِنْجَاساً \_ مِنْ , to conceive in the mind (fear, suspicion)

# و ج ف 🖈

(act. pic. f. sing.) وَاجِفَةُ <throbbing, palpitating وَجَفَ جَبِفُ وَجُعْلًا وَ وَجِيْفًا (ض) to be agitated, to be in a most disturbed condition

تُلُوُبُ يَرُمُهِنِ وَاحِفَهُ Hearts on that day will be throbbing. [79:8]

أوجفتم (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv أوجفتم (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) أوجفت إنجافاً اوجفت إنجافاً (a horse or camel move fast and rush

و ج ل 🖈

وَجِلَتْ (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) ~felt remorse or fear, afraid يَوْمَكِوْلُكُنُّ نَفْسِمَا عَلِتُ مِنْ خَيْرِ عُضَمَّرُ The day whereon each soul shall find presented whatsoever it hath worked. [3:30]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.)e.m. p. تَجِدَنَّ surely thou wilt find

(سَ + يَعِدُونَ)

سَتَجِدُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) ye will find

يَحِدُوهُ (جَدِدُونَ + • ) (noun. dropped.) جُمَدُوهُ thou wilt find it or him

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) عَدُونَ they will find

لاً يَجِدُونَ they will not find

they (will) find (n.d.) بَجِيدُوا they should not find الاَ بَعِدُوا

I find (imperf. Ist p. sing.) أُجِدُ I find not أُجِدُ الْ

(imperf.1 st. p.sing.)e.m. p. لَآجِدَنَّ surely I shall find

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) وُجِيدَ ~is found

مَنْ وُجِمَا فِيْ رَخِلِهِ فَهُوَحَبُزَا فَكُ

In whose pack it is found shall (himself) be recompense thereof. [12:75]

means (n.)

اسْمُهُ الْسَيْعُ عِينَى ابْنُ مَرْيَهُ

الْمُوَالْمُ الْكُنْسَاوَالْاَحْرَةِ His name (shall be) the Masih Isa son of Maryam, illustrious in the world and the hereafter. [3:45]

lit. fact, (1) (n.)

He laid it upon his face. [12:96]

face is used in some other meanings, as countenance (2)

كَايْنَنَا لُولُوا لَكُمْ وَمِهُ اللهِ

Withersoever you turn there is the countenance of Allah. [2:115]

(according to Zamkhshari and Tabri وَجُهُ الله means: Oibla

الِمِهُمُّةُ الَّتِي رَضِبَهَا وَ أَمَرَ بِهَا ، أَنْ الذَّتُّةُ لِللهِ the direction

He agreed with and ordered people to turn their face in the prayer i.e., Qibla)

heart & soul, oneself (3)

بَلْ مِنْ اَسْلَوَوَجُهَا مُثِلِلُهِ وَهُوَمُعُسِنَّ مَلَا الْهُ إَجْدُرُهُ عِنْدَدِيْهِ

Aye whosoever submitteth himself unto Allah and he is well-doer his hire is with his Lord. [2:112] وَجِلَ بَوْجَلُ وَجَلاَّ (س)

to fear, to feel quick, vibration of the heart-beat, fear

لاَ تَوْجَلُ (perate. neg. m. sing.) لاَ تَوْجَلُ fear not

رَجِلُونَ (s. plu.) رَجِلُونَ

ر ج **٠** 🖈

رَجَهُتُ (perf. Ist. p. sing.) ii (perf. Ist. p. sing.)

> وَجَّهُ بُوَجَّهُ تَوْجِيْهُ ﴿

 to set or turn (face) towards J\_

(2) to send (some one for something)

إِنْ وَجُهُكُ وَجُهِي

l have turned (or) I have set firmly my face. [6:79]

ii, (juss.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ sends

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v

to set out, v, وَحَتَ تُوجُها proceed (towards some place) with (towards)

بأ معدد ( الوَجِبْ أَ ) acc. أ

worthy of regard (illustrious)

### كأن التَّاسُ أَمَّاهُ وَاحِدَةً

Mankind was one community. [2:213]

lonely (without any (adj.) وَحِيْداً helper)

ذرن ومن خَلَقتُ وَحِيدًا

Let Me alone with him whom I created lonely. [74:11]

alone i

he or him alone وَحْدَدُهُ

و ح ش ★

wild beasts (n. p.) الوكتوش

< وَخُشُ (sing.) <

و ح ی 🖈

a sign, revelation, (n.) وَحَى اللهُ عَلَى وَحَالُ (سَال اللهُ ال

الْوَحْيُ the divine inspiration

إنَّ هُوَالَّا وَخَيْ يُوخَى

It is but a revelation reveled. [53:4]

قُلْ إِنَّمَا أُنْذِ ذُكُومِ إِلْوَجْي

Say thou: I only warn you by the revelation. [21:45] 710 break or appear as part (4)

### المِنْوَا بِالَّذِينَ أَمْرُلَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ امَنُوَا وَجُهُ النَّهَ لِوَاكْنُوْقَا الْجُوَوَ

Believe in that which hath been sent down unto those who have believed at the break of day (first or appearing as part of day i.e., morning) and disbelieve at the close thereof. [3:72]

in accordance (5) with a fact

ذٰ لِكَ أَدُنَّى أَنْ يَكُاتُوا بِالشَّهَادَةِ عَلَى وَجُهِمَا

That shall make it more likely that they shall produce the testimony according to the fact thereof.

[5:108]

sake (6)

### إئمانظم فكولوجوالله

We feed you only for the sake of Allah. [76:9]

faces, countenances (n. p.)

a direction (n.)

\* ° 5

(a cordinal. number.) one single

وَاحِدٌ

acc.

واحدا

one (adj.)

(an adjective to a feminine noun)

assigned (4)

وَأَوْلَى إِنْ كُلِّ سَمَا وَأَمْرَهَا

And He assigned to each heaven its duty and command. [41:12]

(perf. Ist. p. sing.) iv, w.v. أُوْحَبِتُ I inspired

وَلَدُ أَوْجَيْتُ إِلَى الْحَوَادِيِّنَ أَنْ الْمِوْانِي وَبِسُوْلِي

And when I inspired the disciples to have faith in Me and Mine apostles.

[5:111]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv, w.v. . أَوْحَبُناً we revealed (1)

(the revelation to the apostles)

إِنَّا اَوْحَيْنَا لِلنَكَ كُمَّا اَوْحَيْنَا إِلَى نُوْمِ وَالنَّهِ بِيْنَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ

Verily We have reveled unto thee as We reveled unto Nuh and the prophets after him. [4:163]

inspired (2)

وَآوُحَيْنَاۤ إِلَىٰ أَيْرُمُوۡسَى اَنۡ اَرۡضِعِيْهِ

And We inspired the mother of Musa (saying), suckle him. [28:7]

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv, w.v. پئ دwhispers (1)

يُورِي بَعْضُهُمُ إِلَى بَعْضِ زُخُرُفَ الْعَوْلِ عُرُورًا

One to another whisper glittering half truths meant to delude the mind. [6:112] direction or inspiration (2)

وَاصْنَعِ الْفُلْكَ بِأَعْيُنِنَا وَوَحْبِنَا

And make thou the ark under Our cyes and under Our revelation. (i.e., under our inspection and according to our revelation). [11:37]

أَوْحَىٰ - إِلَىٰ - بِاللَّ - ( perf. 3 p.m. sing.)

he revealed

the revelation to the (1) apostles through angels or other means

فَأَوْخَى الَّيْهِمْ رَبُّهُمْ لَنْهُلِكُنَّ الظُّلِينِينَ

Whereupon their Lord reveled to them His(Apostles): most certainly shall We destory those evil-dores.

[14:13]

inspired (2)

وَأَوْخِي رَبُّكِ إِلَى النَّحْلِ

And thy Sustainer has inspired the bee. [16:68] signified (3)

رو، المناسقة على توثيه مِنَ الْمُعْمَابِ فَأَوْنَى إِلَيْهِمُ فَخَرَجَ عَلَى تَوْمِيهِ مِنَ الْمُعْمَابِ فَأَوْنَى إِلَيْهِمُ

آنُ سَيِّةُ مُوْلِا بُكُرَةً وَيَعْشِيًّا اَنُ سَيِّةُ مُوْلِا بُكُرَةً وَيَعْشِيًّا

Thereupon he came out of the sanctuary unto his people and signified to them (by gestures) Extol His (limitless) glory by day and by night. [19:11]

A number of the people of the Book wish that they could turn you (people) back to infidelity after ye have believed [2:109]

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) (assim.) وَدَّتُ (a group) wished

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) (assim.) وَدُوا اللهِ المَالمُولِيِّ اللهِ اللهِ المَا المِلْمُ اللهِ اللهِ المِ

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) (assim.)

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)(assim.)

(imperf. 2p .m. plu.) (assim.) وَوَوْنَ ye long to

f.d. assim. آوَدُوْا (iniperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they wish they had

love, affection v.n. (assim.) לנ

loving, affiectionate (n.) ints. وَدُودُ

the most loving الْوَدُودُ one of the excellant names of Allah

مُوَدَّةٌ (love (v. mim.)

inspires (2)

إذيوى رَبُك إلى الْسَلْبِكَةِ أَنْ مُعَكَّمُ

When thy Lord inspired the angels: Verily I am with you. [8:12]

revels (3) (to the apostles)

مَا إِلْفَقِدَيْثُ فِيمَا يُوْجِي إِلَّ رَبِّنَ

And if I am rightly-guided it is because of that which my Lord hath reveled unto me. [34:50]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) e.l. لَيُوُحُونَ they whisper

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) ii, w.v. وَجِي

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. وَوَحِيَ

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. ~is reveled

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v, juss.

لَوُبُوخَ إِلَيْهِ مِنْنَ أَ

He was not inspired in aught [6:93]

و د د 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) assim. <~loved, wished, liked وَدَّ وَدَّا (فَ)

(w.&assaim. v) to love, wish for, desire no perfect or other form in use)

وَلَاثُولِجِ الْكُفِيةِ نَ وَالْمُنْفِقِينَ وَدَعَ أَذْ مُمْ

And defer not to (the likes and dislikes) the deniers of the truth and the hypocrites and disregard their hurtful talks. [33:48]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. وَدَّعَ lit, left, departed, has forsaken

وَدُّعَ بُوَدُّعُ نَوْدِنِهَا

to leave

مَا وَذَعَكَ رَبُّكَ وَمَا قَتَلْ

Thy Lord hath not forsaken thee nor is He displeased.

[93:2]

depository n. p.t. w.v. x مُسَتُودَعٌ (as womb and grave)

و د ق .★

الْوَدْقُ (n.) rain

(any kind of the rain, heavy or light)

w.v. (ضَ يَدِقُ وَدُقاً (ض خَرَقَ جَوَدَقَ (ض to drop rain

و د ی 🖈

compensation of (n.) murder, blood-wit.

a valley (n.)  $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \tilde{g} \\ \tilde{g} \end{array}\right\}$  وَادِياً

(assim. iii وُّادُوْنَ (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they befriend

> وَادَّ يُوَادُّ وِدَاداً وَ مَوَادَّةً ﴿ !!!

to befriend to form a mutal love

Wadd p.n. (acc.) آوَدًا وَدًا

(Wadd, also pronounced Wudd, or Udd, (i. e., friendship, affection) was, according to the Quran, a god worshipped by the contemporaries of Noah. would be a mistake to conclude that his cult was obsolete in Mohammad's time, for we have sufficient evidence to the contrary. The poet Nabigha says once, 'Wadd greet thee!" There was a statue of this god at Duma, a great oasis in extreme north of Arabia. The name 'Abd Wadd occures in a number of wholly distinct tribes. Hastings, Encyclopaedia of Religion and Ethics, vol. II, p. 662.

و دع 🖈

(perate. m. sing.) w.v.

lit. leave!

to leave, (imperative : قَعْ ; there is

إنَّكَ إِنْ تَذَرُهُمُ مُنْ يُضِلُّوا عِبَادَكَ

Verily if Thou should leave them they will mislead Thy bondmen. [71:27]

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) w.v. نَذَرُوْنَ ye leave

n.d, w.v. انَّذَرُوْا (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) in order to leave

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) acc. w.v. نَذَرُ that we should leave

(imperf. 1st. p.m. plu.) nom. نَذُرُ we shall let~

وَنَنَارُهُمْ فِي طَغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ

And We shall let them wander their exorbitance perplexed. [6:110]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. لِنَدَر to leave

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v.w. نَذَرُ will leave

he let them ~ (acc.) يَنْرَ

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. يَذَرُوْنَ they leave

(perate. m. sing.) w.v. ذَرُ

ذَرُوا (perate. m. plu.) w.v. اذَرُوا (let~leave (ye)

ورث ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. وَرِثَ < ~ inherited valleys (n. p.) أُوْدِيَةً وَادِ (sing.)

و ذر 🖈

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. (that he may) leave, forsake  $> \bar{c} \in (w.v.)$  (ف)  $(\bar{c} \in (w.v.)$ 

to leave, forsake, neglect (imperative: ¿¿; no perfect tense in use)

نَذَرُ (imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) w.v. نَذَرُ

وَقَالَ الْمَلَالِينَ تَوْمِ فِرْعَوْنَ آمَنَ أُدُونُونِي وَقَوْمُهُ

لِيُغْسِدُ وَالْهَ الْأَدْضِ وَيَذَرَكَ وَالْهَتَكَ

And the chiefs of the people of Fir'awn said: Wilt thou leave Musa and his people to act corruptly in the land and to leave alone thee and thy gods. [7:127]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. 5

لَا يُجْفِينُ وَلَا تَذَرُ

It shall not spare nor leave.
[74:28]

(perate neg. m. sing.)w.v. الْاَ تَذَرُّ leave not!

لاَ تَذَرُنَّ e.m.p. w.v.

(perate neg. m: plu.)
ye shall not leave

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) l.c, w.v. thou leave

بدر

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv,w.v. 2005 make inherit, causeth SS
to inherit

(imperf. Ist p. plu.) iv, w.v. we cause SS to inherit

(pp. 2 p. m. plu.) iv, w.v. you were given inheritance

you are given that أُوْرِ ثُنْمُوْ هَا (as inheritance)

(pp. 2 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. اُوْرِيْوَا they were given as an inheritance

heritage (n.) . الترَّاكُ

is inter و ÷ وُرَاثُ (in

changed by • )

inheritance (n.) مِيْرَاتُ

و ر د 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)  $\sim$ came, arrived

﴿ وَرَدَ يَرِدُ وُرُوداً (ض ) س.٧٠

- to be present, arrived at (properly at river bank or at any water to drink thereof)
- (2) to go down into

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وَرَدُوْا they came (down)

لَوْكَانَ هَوُلاءِ اللَّهَةُ مَّاوَرَدُوهَا

If those had been gods they would not have come thither (down to the Hell).

[21:99]

وَرِثَ بَرِثُ وِرْنَا وَ إِزْنَا وَ إِرْنَةَ وَ دِرَانَةٌ (ح).««

- (1) to inherit
- (2) to be heir to anyone
- (3) to survive, to be owner or sustainer of SS after someone

رُدِوُ (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. اوَدِوُ اللهِ they inherited

(imperf.2 p.m. plu.)n.d. acc. ye inherit

لایکول کی کی کان کرنگا النسکار کرنگا Ye are forbidden to inherit (i.e., to take possession) women against their will.

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. う

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. وَرِثُ Shall inherit

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. يَرِ وُونَ they inherit

يُوْرَثُ w.v. (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. يُوْرَثُ

heir (act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. أُوَّارِثُ

الْوَارِثُونَ . heirs, surviors n.p

الْوَارِثِينَ heirs p.b.

[4:19]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.)iv, w.v. اُوْرَتَ ~caused SS to inherit

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) iv, w.v. آؤرَثناً we caused SS to inherit

وَارِدُ

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) iv, w.v. آوَرَدَ <- led into

أُوْرَدَ إِثْرَاداً to lead one into

#### فَأُوْلِدَهُمُ المِثَارَ

And he led them to the fire.
[11:98]

a rose (single) (n.) وَرُدَةً (collective noun) وَرُدُّ (the jugular vein (n.) الْوَرِيْدُ

و د ق 🖈

(collective noun) وَرَقْ leaves, (1)

a single leaf وَرَفَةٌ قَرِقٌ (n.) money, coin (2)

فَابْتَثُوَّا اَحَدَكُمْ بِوَرِقِكُمْ مِنْ إَلِي الْسَيِينَةِ

Now send one of you with this your coin into the city. [18:19]

و د ی 🖈

(pp. 3 p.m. sing.) ili, w.v. ورى

( وُوْرِيَ or written as) ~was hidden

to hide, iii قُوَادِی مُوَارَاهُ conceal

ili w.v. وَارِي (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

hides

كُنْفَ يُوَادِئُ how to hide كَنْفَ يُوَادِئُ

(act. pic. m. sing.)
one who goes down (1)

### فَلِنُ مِّنْكُوْلِلْا وَادِدُهَا

There is not one of you but he shall approach it (or shall pass over it *i.e.*, the Hell) [19:71]

water drawer (2) (one who goes before a caravan to draw water)

مَجَارَتُ مَنَّارَةٌ فَارْسَانُوْاوَارِدَهُمْ فَادُنَى دَلُوهُ And there came a caravan, and they sent their waterdrawer. He let down his pail (into the pit) [12:19]

(act. pic. m. plu.) وَارِدُونَ those who لَا \_ (3) go down

حَصَبُ جَهَمُ أَنْتُ وَلَهَا فَرِدُونَ

Fuel of hell, thereunto ye will go down. [21:89]

(act. pic. m. sing.) لُوَّرُوْدُ descended into

watering place (1) (n.) أُورُدُ أَرُدُ

#### يش الورد المؤردد

Ah, hapless is the watering place (whither they are led!) [11:98]

those who come (2) to water

وَنُكُوْلُ الْمُجْدِمِينَ إلى جَهَا مُوَدُدُا

And we will drive the guilty into Hell (as cattle are driven to water). [19:86] لَاتَيْزُوْوَانِدَةٌ ذِنْدُ أَخُرَى

No bearer of burden shall bear another's burden.

[6:164]

وَازِرَةً (act. pic. f. sing.) a bearer of load

a burden, heavy weight, (n.) وَزُرُّ load

burdens, loads (n. p.) أُوزَارٌ

and its plural has occurred in the Quran for sin, arms, and the recompense for evil), thus:

sin (1)

لَاتَيْزِدُوَانِهَةٌ يِّهُ ذِيْدَاُخُوٰى

No bearer (or laden soul) can bear other's load. [17:15]

recompense for (2) sinful act

مَنَ آعُرَضَ عَنْهُ وَانَّهُ يَعْمِلُ يُومُ الْقِيمَةُ وِزُرُا

Whoso turneth away form it, he verily will bear a burden (i.e., recompense for his turning away from the truth) on the Day of Resurrection. [20:100]

arms or other (3) burdense imposed by war

حَلَى تَفْعَ الْحَرْبُ أَوْزَارِهَا

Till the war lay down its burdens. [47:4] iii. w.v. وُادِیْ (imperf. Ist p. sing.) I hide

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv, w.v. وَارَتُ disappeared
(i.e., the sun)

to hide vi قوارلی بتوارلی oneself

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) vi, w.v. يَوَارِي

beyond, tehind that (n.) is behind, beside

iv w.v. وُرُونَ (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) < ye strike out

أورى يُورِي إِيرَاءاً . to strike

اَفَرَءَ يُتُوالنَّارًالَّذِي تُورُونَ

Have ye observed the fire which ye strike out.

[56:71]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv w.v. الْمُؤْرِ مِاتُ the strikers (of fire)

و ز.ر \*

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. يَوْرُوْنَ <they bear

وَذَرَ يَزِرُ وُزُداً (ض) ٣٠٧.

to bear a load, to carry a burden

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. thou bear (a load)

يزد

وَإِذَا كَالُوهِ مُواَوْوَزُنُوهُمْ يُخْسِرُونَ

And if they measure unto them, or weigh for them, they cause them loss.

[83:3]

weigh! (perate. m. phu.) w.v. ازنو الله

وزنوابالقشطايل المنتبيني

And weigh with a right balance. [17:35]

weighing (1) (v.n.) الْوَزْنُ

وَالْوَزْنُ يَوْمَهِذِهِ إِلْحَقَّ

The weighing on that day is true. [7:8]

weight (2) (n.) acc. زُرُّا

فَلَانُوتِيهُ وُلَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْعِيمَةِ وَذَنَّا

And on the Day of Resurrection We assign no weight to them (i.e., they will deserve no respect).

[18:105]

weight (1) (n. ints.) الْمِيْزَانُ

وَاوُفُوا الْكَيْلَ وَالْمِيْزَانَ بِالْقِسْطِ

And give full measure and full weight in justice. [6:152]

balance (2)

لَتُلهُ الَّذِي ثَنَ اَنْزَلَ الْكِنْبَ بِالْحَقِّ وَالْمِيزَانَ

Allah it is Who hath revealed the scripture with truth and balance. [42:17] one who bears the burdens of state, as a minister, counsellor or assistant to a prophet so as to carry on his duty of preaching (Razi).

a place of refuge (n. place.) وَزَرْ an inaccessible الْجُبَلُ الْكِيْعُ mountain

و ذع ★

يُوزَعُونَ w.v. الله (pip. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. الله (they will be set in battle order, or in their ranks وَزَعَ يَرَعُ وَزُعاً (ف)

to keep back, to keep (men)
in their ranks according

to the battle order

(parate. m. sing.) v.w.

<arouse!inspire!

to incite, أَوْزَعَ إِبْرَاعاً put into the mind, inspire

رَبِّ أَوْزِغْمِنَى أَنْ أَشْكُرَ نِعُمَّتَكَ

My lord! arouse me to be thankful for thy favour.

[27:19]

و ز ن ★

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. اوَزَنُوا <they weigh

وَزَنَ بَزِنُ وَزُناً (ض) ـ ل

(1) to weigh

(2) to weigh out for anyone

718

VIA

وزن

وَسَطَ بَسِطُ وَسُطا (ض) (١٧٠٧)

to be in the midst, panetrate into the midst

### فَوَسَظُنَ بِهِ جَمُعًا

And penetrate forthwith into the midst. [100:5]

وَسَطاً . acc وَسَطُ middle ( وَسَطُ

#### وْكَدْ إِلَّ جَعَلْنُكُوْ أَمَّةً وَّسَطَّا

Thus We have appointed you a middle nation. [2:143]

أَوْسَطُ ( وَسُطُّ < average (elative.

# مِنْ اَوْسَطِمَا نُطْعِمُونَ اَهْلِيَكُوْ

On a scale of average of that wherewith ye feed your own folk (or families).

[5:89]

the best one (2) among others

# قَالَ أَوْسَطْهُ وَالْمُواَ قُلْ لِكُوْلُوْلَا تُسْتِعُونَ

The best among them said: Said I not unto you: Why glorify ye not Allah.

[68:28]

the midmost, (elative. f.) الوصفطي (the middle one

### لحفظؤاعل القكون والقلوة الؤسظى

Be guardians of the prayers and of the midmost prayer. [2:238] measure (3)

### وَالسِّمَاءَ رَفَعَهَا وَوَضَعَ الْمِيْزَانَ

And the sky He hath uplifted; and He hath set the measure. [55:7]

### آلاتظغوا في المِنْزَان

That ye exced not the measure. [55:8]

# وَاقِيْمُواالْوَزُنَ بِالْقِسُطِ وَلَاتَّفُيرُواالْمِيزَانَ

But observe the measure strictly, nor fall short thereof. [55:9]

الْمُوَّازِيْنُ (n.p.) (balances (1)

### وَنَضَعُ الْمَوَاذِيْنَ الْفِسْطَ لِيَوْمِ الْقِيلَمَةِ فَلَانُظْلَوُ مَفْعُ رَشَنْنَا

And We set a just balance for the Day of Reserrection so that no soul is wronged (i. e., recompensed) in aught. [21:47]

scale (2)

نَسَنُ تَقَلَّتُ مَوَاين يُنْهُ فَالْولِيكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ

As for those whose scale is heavy they are successful. [7:8]

مَوْزُوْنٌ (pic. pac. m. sing.) w.v. مَوْزُوْنٌ evenly and equally balanced

و س ط 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وَسَطْنَ <they (f.) penetrated into the midst

# لَوُيُؤْتَ سَعَةً مِنْ الْمَالِ

He hath not been given an amplitude of wealth.

[2:247]

ampleness (2)

### يَجِدُ فِي الْاَرْضِ مُرْغَمًا كَيْثِيرًا وَسَعَةً

Shall find in the earth plentiful refuge and ampleness. [4:100]

bountiful (3)

# يُغنِي اللَّهُ كُلَّامِينَ سَعَتِهِ

Allah shall render all of them (i.e., the twain) out of his bounty. [4:130]

(act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. وَاصِعُ bountiful (1)

#### وكان الله واستاحكيتا

And Allah is ever bountiful, Wise. [4:130]

pervading ones (2)

#### إِنَّ اللَّهُ وَاسِعُ عَلَيْهُ

Verily Allah is Pervading, Knowing. [2:115]

wide (act. pic. f. sing.) وَاسِمَةُ

اَلَوْتِكُنُ اَنْضُ اللَّهِ وَالِيعَةُ

Was not Allah's land wide.

[4:97]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv,w.v. الْوُسِعِ <the rich (the middle prayer, according to the majority of the commentators, is the afternoon prayer, ( )

وَسَطاً .acc ( وَسَطاً )

between two extremes, justly balanced

### وكذاك بحكنك أمتة وسطا

And in this wise, We have made you a community justly balanced. [2:143]

#### و س ع 🖈

(perf. 3. p. m. sing.) w.v. <a href="mailto:comprehended">comprehended</a>

وَسِعَ بَسِعُ سِمّاً وَ سَمّاً (س)

to be be ample, to take in, comprehend, to embrace

# وَرِيعَ كُونِينَ فَالتَّمَوْتِ وَالْكَوْضَ

His Throne comprehended the heavens and the earth. [2:255]

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) (w.v.) وَسِعَتْ

### وَرَهْ مَنِي وَسِعَتْ كُلَّ شَيْهِ

My mercy embraces all things. [7:156]

(perf. 2 p.m. sing.) w.v. وَعِنْتَ thou comprehended

amplitude (v.n.) w.v. مُعَةً

و س ل 🖈

means of access, (n.) الْوَ مِيْلَةُ way of approach, access (no verbal root of this verb)

و ش م 🖈

سَنَيَمُ وَسَمَ بَسِمُ وَسُماً وَ سِمَةً (ض) to brand

سَنَيِسُهُ عَلَى الْخُدُطُومِ

We shall brand him on the nose. [68:16]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) v, w.v. مُتَوَ سِّمِينَ those who read the signs, intelligents

وسن 🖈

سِلَةً ﴿ <slumber (n.) حَسَنَا وَ سِلَةً (ف) وَسَنَا وَ سِلَةً (ف) to be in slumber, sleep

لَاتَكُنْهُ وَلِينَةً وَلَا نَوْمُرُ

No slumber can seize Him nor sleep. [2:255]

و س و س

وَسُوَسَ (quard.) (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) <~whispered to iv. أُوْسَعَ أُوْسِعُ إِنْسَاعاً to enlarge, widen

(i.e., one who enlarges, or makes of large extent, one who is in easy circustances)

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, w.v. مُوْسِعُونَ maker the vast extent

capacity! scope (n.) وُسُعُ

لَا يَكِلِفُ اللَّهُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسُعَهَا

Allah taketh not a soul except (or beyond) its capacity (or scope). [2:286]

و س ق 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. <a href="mailto:drove together">drove together</a>

وَمَقَ بَيِقُ وَشَقاً (ض)

to gather together, collect what is scattered, as night gets together what was scatterred at the day

completed iv, w.v.

اتَّسَقَ اتَّسَاقاً ,v أَسَاقاً plete or in perfect order

وَالْيُلِ وَمَاوَسَقَ وَالْقَسَرِ إِذَا الْسَقَ

And by the night and that which is driven together and by the moon when she becometh full.

[84:17-18]

(2) to assert something as a fact

(3) to achieve something as;

someone achieved the knowledge of magic

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. تُعِيفُ ~expound

وَتَصِفُ ٱلْسِنَهُ وُ الْكَذِبَ

And their tongues expound the lie. [16:62]

(imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) w.v. تَصِفُونَ ye describe

description, act of (n.) attributing or ascribing

و ص ل 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v.

وَمَلَ بَعِيلُ وَصْلاً وَ صِلَةً (ض) - إِلَّا to reach a place, to

arrive at, to come to hand to join, or seek friendship

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. مُعِلُهُ ~reaches

فَلَتَارَأَايُدِيمُمُ لَا تَصِلُ إِلَيْهُ نَكِرَهُمُ

And when he saw their hands reached not to it, he mistrusted them. [11:70]

to join (2)

(imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. نَصِلُونَ they join وَسْوَسَ بُوَسْوِسُ وَسُوَاساً

to whisper evil, (quard.) make evil suggestions

وُمْوِسُ (quard.)

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

∼whispers

whisper (v.n.) (quard.)

تُوَسُومُ (quard.) (imperf. 3 p. f. sing.)

~whispers

و ش ی 🖈

شِبَةً (a spot, mark (n.) مِشِبَةً (ض) وَشَياً وَ شِبَةً (ض)

to paint cloth, (w.v.) to be with an admixture of colour (in an animal)

و ص ب 🖈

وَاصِبْ ، (act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. <a href="lasting">(act. pic. m. sing.) w.v.</a>

وَمَتَ بَصِبُ وُمُوْماً (ض) w.v. to be perpetual

وَاصِياً (act. pic. m. sing.) acc. وَاصِياً

و من ف 🖈

يَصِفُونَ 
(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v.
<a href="mailto:theyascribe">they ascribe</a>

وَمَفَ يَعِيثُ وَصْفاً (ض) (พ.٧.)

(1) to describe, good or bad

al-Wasilatu, a she camel that used to give birth to camel first, then a she camel. The she camel was to be presented to idols. It was termed "Wasila" because she gave birth to a male and famale both. Thus she caused to join both sexes of camel. (Ibn Kathir)

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii w.v. < ~bequeathed, enjoined وَصَلَّى بَعِينُ وَصُبّاً (ض) \_ ب ٣٠. to join to, be joined, be degraded after exaltation وَصَىٰ بُوَمِّنَى تَوْمِيبَةً لِلْمُلَانِ ـ ب to bequeath

إِلَىٰ مُلاَنِ ـ ب to commit to command

# ووقعي بعاائرهم بناو

And Ibrahim enjoined his sons the same. [2:132]

وَصَّنْنَا . (perf. Ist p. plu.) ii, w.v. we enjoined

(v.n.) ii, w.v. وُصَةَ disposition (of affairs)

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. ~enjoined

أَوْمِي مُوْمِينَ إِنْصَاءاً w.v. iv to enjoin, to command, to bequeath

Excepting those who join a people (except those who seek refuge with a people -Pic.), between whom and you there is a covenant.

[4:90]

(pip. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. is to be joined

وَ يَقْطُعُونَ مِنا أَمُواللَّهُ بِهِ أَنْ تُوصَلَ

And they break that which Allah ordered to be joined.

[2:27]

(perf. Ist p. plu.) ii, w.v. < we have caused to reach وَمَّلَ تَوْمِيْلاً to cause ii

وَلَعَنُ وَصَلَّنَا لَهُوا لَعَوْلَ

to reach, cause to join

And verily We have caused the word to reach them. [28:51]

wasila p.n.

Note: Wasila-a she camel or awe. The pagan Arabs were wont to observe certain superstitions in honour of their idols; (Penrice > Sale) Wasila was a term applied to any cattle, including sheep and goats, and generally meant a beast who had brought forth a male and female at the seventh parturition. (Jid. > Palmer)

#### و من ع 🖈

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. وَضَعَ < ~set, put (1)

وَضَعَ يَمْنَعُ وَضَمّاً وَ مَوْضِماً (ف)

to put, set,

to put off, remove, to appoint, to put down

وَمَنْعَتْ تَمَنَّعُ وَمُعَا (ف)

to deliver, to give birth (to a child), laydown

وَالسَّمَاءَ رَفَعَهَا وَوَضَعَ الْمِيْزَانَ

And the heaven! He hath elevated it and hath set the balance. [55:7]

appointed (2)

وَالْأَدُضَ وَضَعَهَ الِلْانَامِرِ

And the earth He hath appointed for (His) creature.

[55:10]

to deliver, (3) give birth

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. وَمَنَمَتْ she gave birth

(perf. Ist p. sing.) w.v. وَضَعْتُ I gave birth

And when she gave birth, she said, my Lord I gave birth to a female. [3:36]

وَأَوْصُدِي بِالصَّاوَةِ وَالزُّكُوةِ مَا دُمْتُ حَيًّا

And he enjoined on me the Prayer and the Zakah (poor-rate) as long as I am alive. [19:31]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) iv w.v. وُصِين enjoins

(imperf. 3 p. f. plui) iv, w.v. وُصِينَ they (f.) bequeath

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. وُصُونَ ye bequeath

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. (that) is bequeathed

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv, w.v. مُوْصِ a testator (one who leaves legacy)

(perf.3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. أَوَاصُوا they enjoin upon (1) each other

وَتَوَاحَوُا بِالْحَقِّ أَوْتُواصَوُا بِالصَّدِيرِ

And (they) enjoin upon each other the truth, and (they) enjoin upon each other endurance. [103:3]

they bequeathed (2) each other

اتواصوابه بن موقوم طاغون

Have they bequeathed it unto each other? Nay they are a people contumacious. [51:53]

الْوَصِيَّةُ (n.) legacy, bequest

iv, w.v. e.l. (perf. 3 p.m. plu.) <they hurried to hurry, وَمُنَعَ : أَسْرَعَ to drive a camel quickly

# وَلَا اَوْضَعُوا خِللَكُوْ

They would have hurried to and fro among you. [9:47]

#### و مش ن 🖈

[4:46]

مَوْ صُنُوْ مَدِّ (pic. pac. f. sing.) w.v. (gen.) مَوْ صُنُوْ مَدِّ

(with gold and precious stones)

context (places).

w.v. (ضَنَ بَعِنْ وَضَناً (ض ) to plate or fold a thing with one part over another

عَلَىٰ سُوْرِ مَوْضُوْنَةٍ

On couches inwrought (with gold and precious stones).
[56:15]

وط ا \*

يَطَنُّونَ (w.&h.v.)

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) < they step, tread (i.e., they enter into enemy's land) (Baidawi) to put off, remove (4)

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v.
I took off

وَمَنَّفْنَا

#### ووضعتاعنك وزرك

And We have taken off from thee thy burden . [94:2]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. she shall lay down

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) w.v. مُنَعُونُ put off, ye lay aside (1)

دَحِيُنَ تَضَعُونَ ثِيَا بُكُمْ مِنَ لَظِهِيرَة

And when ye lay aside your garments for the heat of noon. [24:58]

(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) n.d. acc. المُعَنُونُ that ye lay side (arms)

(imperf. Ist. p. phu) w.v. نَعْنَعُ we shall set aside

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)w.v. مُنْعُ - عَنْ he will remove or relieve

#### وَيَضَعُ عَنْهُمُ إِصْرَهُ وَ

And he will relieve them of their burden. [7:157]

(imperf. 3 p. f. plu.) w.v. يَضَعُنُ they (fem.) put off or lay aside

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. is appointed

إِنَّ أَوَّلَ بَيْتٍ وُخِيحَ لِلتَّاسِ

Lo! the first House appointed for mankind. [3:96]

(pic. pac. f. sing.) w.v. تُوْضُوْعَةُ ready placed ones إِنَّ نَاشِئَةً الَّيْنِي فِي أَشَدُّ وَهُا وَأَقُومُ مِنْكًا

Verily the rising by night! it is most curbing and most conducive to (right) speech. [73:6]

a trodden place ) acc. مُوْطِئاً

الِيُوَاطِئُواْ اللهِ l.c., w.&h.v. iii الْيُوَاطِئُواْ اللهِ الل

to make equal or make up

وطر 🖈

purpose (n.) وَطَرَأ necessary, formality, needful

فَلَتَنَا تَضْى زَيْدُ يِنْهُمَ اوْطَرًا زُوَّجِنَكُهَا

Then when Zaid had performed (his) purpose concerning her, We wedded her to thee. [33:37]

وطن 🖈

حُواطِنُ (places (fields) (n.p.) وَطَنَّ (sing.) place, land, homeland, field

لَقَدُنْ مَرَكُوالله فِي مُواطِنَ كَيْدُوْ

Assuredly Allah hath succoured you on many fields.

[9:25]

# وَطِئَى بَطَأَ وَطُنّاً (س)

to tread upon, walk on, trample on, to press the ground or anything beneath the feet, meta. to destroy, to enter the enemy's land

(w&h.v) (juss.) (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)
ye have trodden

وَادْضًا لَوْتَطَوْعًا

And land ye have not trodden (i.e., entered). [33:27]

(w&h.v.) acc. (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.) that ye may trample on

دَلُوْ لَارِجَالُ مُؤْمِنُونَ وَنِسَأَوْمُؤُونَ وَنِسَأَوْمُؤُمِنْكُ

لَوْنَعْكُنُوهُمْ أَنَّ تَظُنُّوهُمْ

And had it not been (for) believing men and believing women whom ye know not (and) that ye might have trampled on them. [48:25]

(Baidawi observed that the correlative proposition (جَوَابُ لَنُ ) is ellipsis here, that is, الْمَا كَفَ الْدِيكُمُ 'he would not have stopped your hands'. Others' view is that the sense is so clear and obvious that it needed not mentioning.)

curbing (v.n.)

وطئا

وَعِدْهُمْ وَمَا يَعِدُ هُمُ الشَّيْظُ وُ إِلَّا عُرُولًا

And promise unto them, and Satan promiseth not but to delude (to deceive).

[17:64]

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) (w.v.) وُعِدَ has been promised

(pp. Ist. p. plu) w.v. وُعِدْناً we have been promised

رُوعَدُونَ w.v. (pip. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وُعَدُونَ they were threatened

(pip. 2 p. m. plu.) w.v. وُوَعَدُوْنَ you are promised

(Note: according to the context the rendering is changed either to threatening or promising)

promise (n.)

it is a promise acc. آعَداً

#### وَعُدَّاعَلَنهِ حَقًّا

A promise due thereon (the ellipsis is explained by commentators such as Baidawi who took it as

[9:111] وَعَدَهُ وَعُداً حَقّاً

He promised in quite truth; others as Ibn Hisham observe that there is no ellipsis here, it is a way of Arabic expression for emphasising.)

(pic. pact. m. sing.) w.v. الْمُوْعُودُ promised ر ع د 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. وَعَدَ <-- promised

وَهَدَ بِمِيدُ وَعُداً وَ عِدَةً

ق مَوْعِداً (ض) to promise,

give one's word, to promise good, to threaten (وَعَنَدُ

(pref. 2 p. m. sing.) w.v. وَعَدْتَ thou promised

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) (w.v.) وَعَدُتُ I promised

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.)w.v. وَعَدُواْ they promised

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. وَعَدُناً we promised

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. ~promise (1)
(for plural)

إِنْ يَعِدُ الظَّلِمُونَ بَعَضْهُمْ بَعَضَّ اللَّا غُرُورًا

Nay! the wrong-doers promise one another only to deceive. [35:40]

threaten (2)

### اَنَّتُيْظُنُ يَعِدُكُوْلِلْفَعَرُ

The Saten threatens you with poverty. [2:268]

وِـــدُ (perate. m. sing.) w.v. وِـــدُ promise!

727

VYV

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) w.v. الْوَعِيْدُ threat, threaenting

place or time of n.p.t., w.v. the fulfilment of a prediction, promise or threat, an appointment for meeting, a promise

الْمِيْعَادُ كَ . w.v. ( مِوْعَادٌ n. t. p. (for ) w.v.

# وعظ 🖈

(act. pic. m. plu.) w.v. الْوَاعِظِيْنَ those who preach,

<admonisher

وَعَظَ يَعِظُ وَعُظاً وَعِظَةً (ض) to warn, advise, exhort, preach, admonish

(Note: perfect tense from root وعظ (trititeral) is not used in the Ouran)

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. يُعِطُ ~exhorts (1)

### وَإِذْ قَالَ لُقُونَ لِابْنِهِ وَهُوَتِعِظُهُ

And when Luqman said to his son while he was exhorting him. [31:13]

admonishes (2)

### إنَّ اللَّهُ نِيمًا يَعِمُلُكُونِهِ

Lo! comely is this which Allah admonisheth you. [4:58] iv, w.v. وُعَدُوْنَ (imperf. 2 p.m. plu.)

to threaten, to menace

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) iii, w.v. وَاعَدُناً (we appointed (1)

وَاعَدَ يُوَاعِدُ مِبْعَاداً

to appoint a fixed time or place for anyone, to plight faith to anyone

وَلِدُ وْعَدْنَاكُمُولِينِي ٱدْبَعِيْنَ لَيْلَةً

And when We appoint for Musa forty nights. [2:51]

we made covenant (2)

وَ وْعَدْ نَكُوْجَانِبَ الطُّوْرِ الْأَنْيَنَ

And We made a covenant with you on the right side of the mount. [20:80]

(from the right hand side of Musa (Tabri)

(for some others: الْآيَّةُ is blessed or holy)

w.v. وَوَاعَدْتُمْ (perf. 2 p.m. plu.) vi, ye have mutually appointed

لاً تُواعِدُوْا .w.v

(perate. neg. m. plu.) do not appoint (matually)

لَانُوَا عِدُوهُنَّ مِكَّالِلْلَاآنَ تَغُولُواْ وَلَاسَمُونُواْ But do not make a secret contract with them except

ye say a reputable saying.
[2:235]

وَعِيٰ يَعِيٰ وَعْباً (ض)

to preserve in the memory, to contain, to keep in mind, to retain

لِنَجْعَلَهَالَكُوْ تَذُكِرَةً وَتَعِيمَ آلَانُ وَاعِيهُ

And We might make it unto you a remembrance and that ears (that is, preservers of remembrance) retain its memory. [69:12]

(act. pic. f. sing.) w.v. وَأَعِينَةً that which retains in memory

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. أَوْعِلَى withheld whoarded (wealth)

And withheld it. دَجَمَعَ فَأُوعِي And withheld it. وَجَمَعَ فَأُوعِي

they hide, they iv, w.v. preserve (in their heart)

وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَهُ بِمَا يُوْعُونَ

Whereas Allah knows best that which they cherish.

[84:23]

وعاً. ( a hiding place, bag (n.)

أَوْعِبَةٌ (bags (n.p.)

< وعاً: " (sing.)

و ف د 🖈

<a goodly r.n. w.v. acc. company, embassy</p>
an act of coming into the

an act of coming into the presence of royalty (imperf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v. عُفِرًا I admonish

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) w.v. نَيْظُوْنَ ye admonish

عِطْ (perate. m. sing.) w.v. غِطْ admonish !

فأغيض عنهم وعظهم

So turn thou from them, and admonish them. [4:63]

عِظُوّا . (perate. m. plu.) w.v. عِظُوّا admonish

(addressed to men, plural)

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. is exhorted or admonished

Note: Admonition and exhortation are the direct functions of the prophetic offices).

رُو عَظُونَ w.v. يُو عَظُونَ they are exhorted to

مَوْعِظَة (n.) admonition

thou admonished iv, w.v. وَغُطْتَ الْمِعَاظُ الْمِعَاظُ الْمِعَاظُ الْمِعَاظُ الْمِعَاظُ الْمِعَاظُ اللهِ وَعُطْتُ preach, exhort, admonish (For the perfect tense instead of triliteral وَعُطْتَ , an added pattern of iv, is used)

\* 6 9 9

w.v. acc.

(imperf. 3 p. p. m. sing.) < that might retain إِنْ يُرِيدُ الصَّلَامُ أَيُّونِينَ اللهُ بَيْنَهُمَا

If the twain desire ratification Allah shall cause reconciliation between them. [4:35]

v.n. ii.( تَوْفِيْقُ ) acc. تَوْفِيْقُ concord (1)

(between parties)

# ثُوَجَآهُ وُكَ يَحْلِنُونَ فَهَاللَّهِ إِنْ أَوْنَالِكُّ احْسَانًا وَتَوْفِيْنَا

And then they come to thee swearing to Allah: we meant naught save kindness and concord. [4:62] success in the task, (2)

Allah's inspiration to act as he wishes

### وَمَّا تَوْفِيْقِيِّ الْآلِابِاللَّهُ

And my success (in my task) can only come from Allah. [11:88]

of the sense of is possible in English therefore translators have selected the following expressions to bring the reader nearer to the Quranic sense of the verse.

reconciliation—Sale success—Arbery, Yusuf Ali, Jid.

hope—Pickthall accomplishment—Pensic 730 وَفَدَ بَغِيدُ وَفُداً وَ وُفُوداً (ض) to call upon a king w.v. as an ambassador

و ف ر ★

مَوْفُوْراً ..... (pas. pic. m. sing.) w.v. مَوْفُوْراً ample, full

> وَفَرَ يَفِرُ فِرَةٌ (ض)

to be plentiful

و ف ض 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. وُفِضُونَ <they are hurrying

آوْ فَضَ بَغِيثُ (ض) وَ أَوْفَضَ to hasten, run

و ف ق ★

(v.n.) ili, acc. til

the act of suiting or becoming fit

وَفِقَ بَفِقُ وَفُقاً (ح)

to find suitable, fit, useful

وَافَقَ بُوَافِقُ دِفَاقًا

to agree or accord with, yield to, be in accordance with one's wishes, to be suitable, fit

يُوَ فَتَنُ

full

ئۇق

findeth Allah with himself and He payeth him his account in full. [24:39]

Note: As often observed in many cases the rendering requires to translate past tense form in present or future tense; the same thing can he seen in the above quoted verse and its translation.

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii, w.v. ~ pays (or) will pay in full

e.m. p. ii, w.v. لَكُوُ فَيْنَ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) he certainly shall repay in

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii, w.v. وُفِيْتَ was paid in full

(pip. 3 p. f. sing) ii, w.v. will be paid in full

(pip. 2 p. m. plu.) ii, w.v. وُقُونَ you will be paid in full

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) ii, w.v. ∼will be paid in full

(Ap-der. m. plu.) ii, w.v. مُوَقَوَّا they payers in full

وَإِنَّالَهُوَفُوا مُ نَصِيْبُهُمْ غَيْرَ مَنْفُوصٍ

And verily We shall pay them their whole due unabated. [11:109]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. اُوُقْنْ <- fulfilled

أَوْفَىٰ يُوْفِقُ إِيْفَاءَا \_ بِ إِن

to fulfil a covenant

و ف ی ★ اَوْفًا / الْآوْفَا (elative)

< the best fulfiller (1)

وَفَىٰ يَفِي وَفَاماً (ض) وَ أَوْفَيٰ إِنْفاً. أ - ب

to keep one's

promise, fulfil one's engagement, pay a debt

وَمَنُ أَوْلُى بِمَهْدِ إِمِنَ اللَّهِ

Who is fulfiller of his covenant better than Allah.

[9:111]

fullest (2)

ثُغَرِيجُ زُمهُ الْجَزَآءَ الْأَوْلَى

And afterward he will be repaid it with fullest payment. [53:41]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) ii, w.v. < ~fulfilled

to give ii. وَقُ ثُونِيا تُونِيا

one his full due, pay the whole debt, to discharge obligation completely

وَإِبْرُهِ بِمُوَالَّذِي وَنَّى

And of Ibrahim who (faithfully fulfilled (the commandment of Allah. [53;37] paid in full (2)

حَتْى إِذَا جَآءُ وُلَوْ يَعِدْ وُشَيْنًا وَ

When he cometh thereto he findeth not aught, and

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. ~carried off, received in full

إِنَّ الَّذِيْنِيَ تَوَقَّمُ مُ الْمَلَيِكَةُ ظَالِينَ الْفُيهِمُ Verily unto those whom the

verily unto those whom the angels carry off (in death). [4:97]

لَوَفَتُ . (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) v, w.v. وَوَفَتُ

حَتْى إِذَا عِلَا مُلَكُمُ الْمُؤْتُ ثُولُونُ تُوكُّنْهُ وَمُلْفًا

Until when death cometh unto one of you, Our messengers take his soul. [6:61]

(perf. 2 p. m. sing.) v, w.v. وَفَيْتَ thou tookest me

فَلَمَّاتَّوَفِّيْنَ يَكُنْتَ ٱلْتَالِتَوْيْبَ عَلَيْهِمْ

Then when Thou tookest me up Thou hast been the Watcher. [5:117]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) v, w.v. take up, causes to die (angels)

imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. مُتَوَقَّ causes~to die

imperf. 3 p.m. phu.) v,w.v. مَنَوَفُونَ they cause~to die

(perate. m. sing.) v, w.v. وَوَقَ

وتومنامع الأبزار

And let us die along with the pious. [3:193]

أُوَافِينَى let me die

(Note: compare | in 9/111 and 53/41 that is from triliteral root form an elative or superlative form which means most fulfiller; here as in 3/76 is a perfect tense of iv. that means: he, she or it fulfilled

بَلْمَنْ آوُفْ بِمَهْدِهِ وَاتَّتْفَى فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ النَّتَقِيثَ

Nay! but (the chosen of Allah is he) who fulfilleth his pledge and wardeth off (evil); for verily Allah loveth those who ward off evil. [3:76]

أَوْفِ . f d. iv, w.v.

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) (thus) I will fulfil

(imperf. Ist p. sing.) iv, w..v

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. وُوُوُنُونَ they fulfil

(imperf.3 p.m. phu.) e.l.iv,w.v. او فوا

وَلْيُؤْنُواْنُدُوْرُهُمْ

They should pay their vows. [22:29]

ُوْفِ (perate. m. sing.) iv, w.v. give in full

(perate. m plu.) iv, w.v. اوْفُوْرُا fulfill (O you)!

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, w.v. الْمُوْفُونُ those who keep their treaty or promise

# الْوَقْتُ الْمُغَلُّومُ

A known (or appointed)
Time (i.e., ordained in the
fore-knowledge of Allah.

[15:38]

n. p.t.( for مِوْقَاةً ) an ordained time or place

«fixed time (n.p.t. plu.) مَوَ إِقِيْتُ (sing.) مُقادًا .

(pac. pic. m. sing.) مُوَوِّتُ that of which the time is fixed or ordained

(pp. 3 p. f. sing.) ii دُنْتُ دُنْتُ دُنْتُ اللهِ

وَقُتَ تَوْفِينَا أَنَّتَ تَوْفِينَا

to fix a time, to give appointment

#### وَلِذَا الرُّسُلُ أَيِّتَتُ

And when the messengers are brought unto their time appointed. [77:11]

و ق د 🖈

وَقُوْدٌ (n.) fuel

وَفَـدَ بَفِـدُ وَفُداً وَ وُقُوْداً (ض) وَأَوْفَدَ إِهْاَداً ١٠ نا ١٥ set

fire to, to kindle

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv, w.v. اَوْقَدُوْا they light a fire lit. they lit a fire (pp. 3 p. m. sing.) v, w.v. مُنَوَقُ has died

(pip. 3 p.m. plu.) v, w.v. يُتُوَفُّونَ they die

مُتُونَةً (Ap-der. m. sing.) v, w.v. مُتُونَةً one who makes someone die

إذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ لِعِيدُ آي إِنَّ مُتَوَقِّيكَ وَرَافِعُكَ إِلَّ

(Recall) what Allah said: O'Isa! verily I shall make thee die, and am lifting thee. [3:55]

يَسْتَوْفُونَ , (perf. 3 p.m. phu.) x, w.v. they take exactly the full

to receive exactly اسْتَوْفَ الشَّيْقُ الشَّيْقُ

و ق ب ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. وَقَبَ <-overspread

وَقَبَ بَفِهُ وَفَهُا وَ وُقُوْبًا (ض)

to set (sun), come upon, overspread, disappear (sun or moon)

#### مِنْ شَيْرِغَالِينِ إِذَا وَقَبَ

(I seek refuge with the Lord and) from the evil of darkness when it is overspread. [113:3]

رقت ★

الْوَقْتُ (n.) time

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Note: a majority of the commentators observe the sense of in majesty but A.Y.A. has translated this word as kindness and long-suffering

مَالَكُوْلَا تَوْجُوْنَ بِللَّهِ وَقَارًا

What aileth you that ye hope not in Allah's majesty (Jid.) toward Allan for dignity (Pic). What is the matter with you, that ye place not your hope for kindness and long-suffering in God. (A.Y.A.) [71:13]

acl. ii, w.v. وَقَوْدُ اللهِ (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)

<that ye respect much

to honor, respect ii وَقَا لَوْقَارُا اللهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ َّا اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِي اللهِ الل

و قع \*

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. وَفَعَ < ~ fell (1)

وَقَعَ بَقَعُ وُقُوعاً (ف) - عَلَىٰ

to fall, fall down, befall

much

- عَلَىٰ to come to pass to be confirmed

وَلَتَاوَقَعَ عَلَيْهِمُ الرِّجُزُ

And when a plague fell on them. [7:134] (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) iv, w.v. نُوْفِدُوْنَ they kindle
(imperf. 2 p.m. plu.) iv, w.v. ye kindle
(perate. m. sing.) iv, w.v. اوْفِدُوْنَ light (thou)!
(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. الْوُفَدُ وَالْمُوْفَدُ وَالْمُوْفِدُ وَالْمُؤْفِدُ وَالْمُولِ وَالْمُؤْفِدُ وَالْمُ

as R.F. آنتُ قَدَ

<~kindled

و ق ذ ★

الْمُوَّقُوُّذَةُ / (pac. pic. f. sing.) w.r. الْمُوَّقُوُّذَةُ / dead through beating

to beat to death, beat severely

وقر 🖈

زَوْرُ .deafness v.n.

w.v. (مَثْنَ يَقِرُ وَقُواً (مَثَنَ ) to be heavy, deaf, heaviness in the ear

وِقْراً .acc وِقْرُ acc وَقْرُ (v.n.) w.v. وَقَارًا acc وَقَرَاً

< majesty</p>
وَقَرَ يَقُرُ وَقَاراً وَ وَقَارَةً (ض)

to be gentle, gracious, respected much (Lis) LL. that is befalling \_\_ (2)

تَرَى الظّٰلِيهِ بِيَنَ مُشُوٰفِتِ بُنَ مِسَاكَسَهُوَّا وَهُوَوَاجِ أَبِهِمُ

Thou seest the wrong-doers fearful of that which they have earned, and it is befalling them (it will befall them). [42:22]

that is coming (3) to pass

إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّكَ لَوَاقِعُ

Verily the doom of thy Lord will surely come to pass. [52:7]

رُفْعَةُ (noun of unity.) happening, coming to pass

ليس لوَقُعَيتهَا كَاذِبَهُ ۗ

There is no lie in its happening. [56:2]

the event that which surely will occur, the inevitable day of hereafter

إذَا وَقَعَتِ الْوَاقِعَةُ

When the event inevitable cometh to pass. [5 6:1]

cometh to pass. [5 6:1] (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv. w.v.

brings about iv, أَدْنَعَ يُوْتِعُ إِيْقاَعاً <

to bring about, excite enmity

prevailed, vindication (2)

فَوَقَعَ الْحَقِّ وَبَطَلَ مَا كَانْوَايَعْمَكُونَ

Thus the truth prevailed (or vindicated) and that which they had brought vanished (or was made vain).

[7:118]

(3) على came to be

وَوَقَعَ الْغَوْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ بِمَاظَلَتُوْا

And the word (will be) fulfilled concerning them because they did wrong. [27:85]

رَفَعَتْ ، (perf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. - has befallen

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. ~befalls

قَوُّا (perate. m. plu.) w.v. إِنَّهُ وَا

فَإِذَ اسَوَّيْتُهُ وَنَفَخْتُ فِيهِ مِن دُوجِي

تَقَعُوْ الدُسْجِدِينَ

When I have fashioned him and breathed into him spirit, fall ye down in obeisance unto him. [15:29]

(act. pic. m. sing.) w.v. that going to fall on (1)

وَظَنُواْلَهُوانِعُ بِهِخ

And imagined that it was going to fall on them.

[7:171]

فَوَقُهُ اللَّهُ سَيِّأَتِ مَامَكُوْوُا

Whereof Allah protected him from the ills they plotted. [40:45]

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.y. ∼ protect

وَّجَعَلَ لَكُوْمَكُوا بِثِلَ نَفِيثُكُو الْحَوَّ وَمَكُوا بِثِلَ نَفِيكُوْ بَاسْكُوُ

And he hath appointed for you coats that protect you from the heat, and coats (of armour) that protect you from the violence.

[16:81]

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) f.d. w.v. thou protect

وَمَنُ تَقِ التَبِيَّالِتِ يَوْمَهِينٍ فَقَدُرَحِمْتَهُ

And whosoever Thou will protect him from evils on that Day, verily hast Thou taken (him) into mercy.

[40:9]

(perate. m. sing.) w.v. protect, save!

و قناعدات التار

And save us from the torment of the fire. [2:201]

(perate. m. plu.) w.v. protect!

فؤآ تفتنكزوآ فلينكؤ تنارا

Protect yourselves and your family members from a fire. [66:6]

اِلْمَالِرِيْدُالثَّيْطُلُ اَنْ يَوْقِعَ بَيْنَكُو الْعَدَادَةَ وَالْمَعْضَاءَ

Satan seeketh only to cast among you enmity and hatred. [5:91]

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, f.d. أَوَاقِعُوا hose who are about to fall in place, setting (n. p.t. plu). مَوَاقِعُ النَّجُومِ places of stars or مَوَاقِعُ النَّجُومِ

و ق ف 🖈

(pp. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وُقِفُوا <~held over

وَقَفَ بَقِفُ وُقُونًا (ض) ١١٠.١٠

to stand, to make someone stand

(perate. m. plu.) w.v.

make them to stand "قَوُعُمُ

مَوْقُونُونَ لَ (pact. pic. m. plu.) w.v. مَوْقُونُونَ those who are brought up or made to stand, are held

و ق ی 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. وَقَىٰ مِعْدِهِ وَاللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ الللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ

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# وَلَاتَجْعَلُوااللّٰهَ عُرْضَهُ لَإِلَيْمَانِكُورُ إِنْ مِنَهُ إِنْ اللَّهِ عُرْضَهُ لِإِلَيْمَانِكُورُ

And make not Allah a butt of your oaths that ye shall not act piously nor fear Allah. [2:224]

> e.l. viii, w.v. يَــُتَّقِ (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

he should fear

يَتُنُّهُ he fears him

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) vili,w.v. اَسَتَعُوْدُ they fear

thus they should أَلْمِيَنَّقُوا اللهِ fear Allah

(imperf. 2p.m. sing.) viii, w.v.

wiil strike against, or will
protect

أَفَسُ يَتَقِيقُ بِوَجُوم مُنْوَء الْعَذَابِ يُوْمَ الْعَيْمَة

Is he then who will strike his face against the awful doom upon the Day of Resurrection (is he who doeth right?). [39:24]

(perate. m. sing.) vlii, w.v. fear!

fear Allah أتَّق اللهُ

(perate. m. plu.) viii, w.v. dread! fear (ye)!

فالتعوالكا والتي وفودها الناس والسجارة

Then dread the fire the fuel whereof is men and stones.

[2:24]

(pip. 3 p.m. sing.) f.d, w.v. is preserved

وَمَنْ يُوْقَى شَلِحٌ نَعْسِهِ فَأُولَمِكَ هُـ وُالْمُغْلِحُوْنَ

And whosoever is preserved from his own avarice, such are they who are successful. [59:9]

وَاقَ ° w.v. ( وَاقِقْ for)

(act. pic. m. sing.)
a protector or saviour

(perf. 3 p. f. sing.) viii, w.v. < has fear

اتَّقَىٰ بَـنَقِيِّ اتَّفَاءًا ,wiii

to fear, to be pious, to ward off (evil), to be conscious of God, to keep duty towards God

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) viii, w.v. they fear (Allah)

(perf. 2 p. f. plu.) viii, w.v. ye (fem.) fear or ye are pious

إِنِ اتَّعَيْثُنَّ فَلَا تَخْضَعُنَّ بِالْقَوْلِ

If ye are God-fearing so be not soft in speech, [33:32]

(imperf.2 p.m. plu.) viii,w.v. ye (are) God-fearing

Ye may become الْمُلُوْتَتَعُوْنَ God fearing.

[2:21]

(n.d.) viii, w.v. (imperf. 2 p. m. plu.)
that ye fear Allah

righteousness, duty to Allah, restraint from evil, selfrestaint, fear and so on. According to the context the word has been translated as follows:

abstainment (1)

وَتَزَوّدُوا فَانَ خَيْرَ الزّادِ التّعُوي

And take provision for the journey, for verily the best provision is abstainment. [2:197]

piety (2)

وَ أَنْ تَعَفُّوا أَقُوبُ لِلتَقْوَى

And that ye should forego is nigher unto piety. [2:237]

fear (3)

هُوَاهُلُالِتَقُوٰى عِاَهُلُالْمَقُورَةِ

He is the fount of fear. He it the fount of Mercy.

[74:56]

protection (4) (against evil)

والكنيين الهتك وازاد كه وهدى وألثهم تقولهم

While for those who walk aright, He addeth to their guidance, and giveth them their protection (against evil). [47:17]

is also explained in several ways, such as, to observe the Divine ordinances in every walk of life. (Jid.)

(for فَ ) ( فَ + نَ ) ( فَ com.) التَّمُونِ (fear me!

(perate. f. plu.) viii, w.v. fear (O women)

addressed to women : اَتَّعَيْنَ اللهُ fear Allah

(Ap-der.m. plu.)(w.v.)nom. الْمُتَّقُونُ those who fear Allah

(Ap-der. m. plu.)(w.v. acc.) المنفين those who fear Allah or those who are pious

الْآنَوَٰ / أَنَوَٰ / الْمَوَٰ / الْمَوَٰ / الْمَوَٰ الْمُوَا most pious (elative w.) الْآنُوَٰ الله الله most pious (elative w.) الْمُنْاكُمُ most pious إُنْهَاكُمُ الله among you

(act.pic.m.sing) (acc.)

fearing v.n.

اتَقُوااللهَ حَقَّ تُعَيِّتِهِ

Fear Allah with fear due to Him. [3:102]

protection, (n.) تَقُولٰى | النَّقُولٰى | fearing

As a specific Quranic term, used in several contexts it has been translated with different words. Translators of the Quran have tried to present the actual meaning of this word according to their views. The words chosen by them are as below:—

God-fearing, God consciousness, to ward off evil, piety, ا وَكُّلَ أَوْ كِلْلاً اللهِ

to appoint one keeper or guardian over, or entrust one with the care of anything

>> وَكُلَّ يَكِلُ وَكُلَّا (ض) - إِلَىٰ ٣٠٣

to confide in, entrust another with one's affairs, commit to

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) ii, w.v. رَكُلُ \_ بِ مَا siyen charge

قُلُ يَتَوَلَّمُ كُوْمَلَكُ الْمُؤْتِ الَّذِي وُكِلَ بِكُوْ

Say: the Angel of death, who is given charge concerning you. [32:11]

(perf. 1st. p. sing.) v, w.v. < I have put my trust

تَوَكُّلُ تَوكُّلًا ١٠

to put trust in Allah

(perf. Ist. p. phu.) v, w.v. we have put our trust

(perate. m. sing.) v, w.v. put thy trust!

(perate. m. plu.) v, w.v. أَوَكُمُوا put (O men) your trust!

v, w.v. juss. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) puts trust, entrusts

وَمَنْ يَتَوَكَّلُ عَيْ اللهِ فَوَانَ اللهُ عَزِينُ عَكِيمُ

Whosoever putteth his trust in Allah (will find) verily Allah is Mighty, Wise.

[8:49]

أَوْ كُلْنَا

وك أ ★

w.d. h.v. ع الموقاة (imperf. 1st. p. sing.)

<I lean

R. F. is not used أَوْكُما اللهُ ال

(w.& h-v.) viii (Ap-der. m. plu.)

those who are acc. reclining upon

(n. p. t.) (h.w.v. vili)

و ك د ★

وك ز ★

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. وَكَنَّ ~struck (with fist) وَكَنَّ بَكِرُ وَكُزًا (ض) to strike with the fist

ر ك ل ★

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii, w.v.

بَلِجُ

# و ل ج \*

(imperf. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. penetrates

رَلَجَ يَلِيُّ وُلُوْجاً (ض) \_ فِيْ به... to enter, penetrate in, go, pass through

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) iv, w.v. وُلِيَّة

(imperf. 2 p. m. sing.) iv, w.v.

(act. 2 pic. f. sing.) w.v. وَلِبُعَهُ intimate friend, femiliar, ally

# و ل د 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. 15

وَلَدَ بَلِهُ وِلاَدَةً وَ وِلاَداً وَ مَوْلِياً (ض)

- (1) to beget (male) w.v.
- (2) to give birth, bear (female)

# ٱلْآلِالَهُ ءُونِ الْكِيهِ وَلَيَعُولُونَ

وَلَدَامِلُهُ ۗ وَإِنَّهُمْ لَكُنْ يُونَ

Lo! verily it is of their falsehood that they say: God hath begotten, verily they are the liars.

[37:151-52]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وَلَدُنَ they (fem.) gave birth

وَلَدَّتُمُ they gave birth to them رَبَتُوَكُلُ v, w.v. el. (imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) ~ let or put trust

وعَلَ اللهِ فَلْيَتَوَكِّلِ الْمُؤْمِثُونَ

In Allah let believers put their trust. [3:160]

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) v, w.v. we put our trust

(Ap-der. m. plu.) v, w.v. الْمُتُوكُلُونَ those who put their trust (in Allah)

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) w.v. الْوَكِيْرُ one who takes care of a thing for another, trustee, the witness to bargain, guardian

#### وَكُفَّى بِاللَّهِ وَكُذِّلًا

And Allah is sufficient as Trustee. [4:81]

و ل ت 🖈

w.v., (juss) نْتُ

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

< ∼diminish

وَلَتَ يَلِيتُ وَلْنَا (ض)

to withhold, diminish

وَانْ تُعِلِيْمُوااللَّهَ وَرَمُولَهُ لَا يَلِتَكُوْمِنْ

أعلكن

And if ye obey Allah and His apostle He shall not diminish from you aught of your deeds. [49:14] children (in the (3) sense of a collective noun)

إِنْ فَتَوَنِ آَنَا أَفَالَ مِنْكَ مَالِاً وَوَلَدُا

Thou seest me as less than thee in wealth and children. [18:39]

children n. p. acc. Silis

(act. pic. m. sing.) وَالِدُ begetter (father)

(act. pic. f. sing.) وَالْدَةُ a mother

الْوَالِدَانِ / الْوَالِدَيْنِ parents

رَالِدَيْكَ their parents

وَالِدَيْهِ his parents

رَالِرَيِّ my parents

youths (n.p.)

يَطْوُثُ عَلَيْهِ وُولُدَانٌ مُخَلَّدُونَ

And there shall go round unto them youths everyoung. [56:17]

دُلُنَدٌ | الْوَلُودُ (pis. pic. m. sing.) مَوْلُودُ | الْوَلُودُ (pis. pic. m. sing.)

a begotten one, one who is

one to whom a مَوْلُودٌ لَهُ child is born (father)

ر ل ی ★

(imperf. 3 p. m. phu.) w.v.

(pp. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v.

(pp. Ist. p. sing.)w.v. وُلِدُتُ I was born

w.v, juss
(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.)

begets

he begetes not at 1

w.v. acc.

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) they will beget

They will beget not. الأخدر [71:27]

(imperf. Ist. p. sing.) w.v.
I will give birth

ءَالِدُ وَآنَاعَغُوزُ

Shall I bear a child when I am an old women. [11:72]

(pip. 3 p. f. sing.) w.v. juss. he was begotten

he was not خُولَدُ begotten

a child (1) (n.)

قَالَتُ رَبِّ الْنَّكُونُ لِي وَلَدُّوْلَوْ يَسْسَمِي مَنْكُونُ She said: my Lord how can I have a child when no man hath touched me. [3:47]

a son (2)

اَنْ كَانَ لَهُ وَلَكُّ فَانَ تَوْمَنُونَ لَهُ وَلَدُّ If he hath a son, if he hath no son... [4:11]

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( perf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii, w.v. وَلَيْتُ thou hast turned

لَوَاظَلَعْتَ عَلَيْهِمُ لَوَلَيْتَ مِنْ كُمْ فِزَارًا

If thou had observed them closely thou had assuredly turned away from them.

[18:18]

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.)ii,w.v. الرّاء إلى they turned to

ڵۅ۫ۑۜڿ۪ۮؙۏڹٙڡڵۼٵۘٲۊؘڡۼ۬ڔؾٲۉؙڡؙڎۼٙڵٲڷۅۜڷۊٳ ٳڵؽؚۄؚڎۿۏڽڿٛڡػۏڹ

Could they find a place of refuge or caverns or retreating hole they would turn round thereto rushing headlong. [9:57]

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) ii, w.v. ye turned

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii, w.v. ∼turns

وَمَنْ يُولِهِمْ يَوْمَهِنِوْدُبُرَةً

And whosoever turneth his back to them on such a day. [8:16]

ii, w.v. e.m.p.

they would turn

وَلَهِنَ لَحَرُوهُمْ لَيُوَثِّنَ الْأَوْبَارَ

If they succoured them they would turn their backs.

[59:12] (imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) ii, w.v.

they will turn they will not turn لَا مُوَرُّونَ 742 > وَلِيَ بَلِيْ وَ وَلَىٰ بَلِيْ وَلَبَا وَ وِلاَبَةَ

to be close, w.v. (ح ' ض ) near, to follow, to be upto, an approach

> يَاَيُهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا قَاتِلُوا الَّذِيْنَ مَذُنَكُمْ يَسْدَ، الْكُفّار

O ye who believe! fight the infidels who are near unto you. [9:123]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) if, w.v. <~turned (1)

وَلَ يُولِن مُولِية \_ عَنْ ,w.v.,ii,

(1) to turn away from, to turn back

(2) trans. to make a thing turn

(3) to keep SS close to another thing (see 6/129)

وَلُ مُدُيرًا وَكُورُوعَوْبَ

He turned in fright and looked not back. [27:10]

وَتَى مُسْتَكْبِرًا

He turned back in his pride.

(2) \_ عَنْ turned (2) from

سَيَعُولُ الشُغَمَّ أَمُونَ التَّالِين مَاوَلُهُ هُدُعَنْ قِبْلِيَهِمُ

The foolish of the people will say: what hath turned them form the Qibla?

[2:142]

(perate. m. plu.) ii, w.v. turn! (ye)

Note: the verb is signifies to turn away' when it has a direct object or with in case of direct, it is supposed that is elliptical (Rgb.). In case of transative to another object the verb denotes the sense of 'to be close.'

( perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. ∼turned away (1)

to turn away

وَلِذَاتُولُ سَمَى فِي الْأَرْضِ لِبُغْسِدَ فِيهَا

And when he turneth away, he speedeth through the land that he may act corruptly therein. [2:205]

~undertook or (2)

وَالَّذِي نَّوَلَّ كِبْرَهُ مِنْهُ خ

And who undertook on himself the lead among them. [24:11]

turned aside 31 - (3)

ثُعَرَّتُوَنِّي إِلَى الفِطْلِ

Then he turned aside.
[28:24]

took as friend (4)

كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِ أَنَّهُ مَن تَوَلَّاهُ فَأَنَّهُ يُضِلُّهُ

Against whom it is prescribed that whosoever taketh him for friend, he verily will mislead him. [22:4] ا ة

(f.d.) ii, w.v. (imperf. 3 p. m. plu.) they shall turn

(imperf. 2 p.m. sing.) ii, w.v.

ئُوَلُوْنَ .w.v. ئُولُا .w.v.

(f.d.) ii, w.v. (imperf.2 p.m. plu.)

ye will turn

ye turn

(perate neg. m. plu.)ii,w.v. turn not!

لاً تُوَلَّوْا

ئوَلَ

(imperf. Ist. p. plu) ii, w.v. we shall keep close (1)

وَّكُذُلِكَ نُوكِيُّ بَعْضَ الظُّلِمِينَ بَعْضُا

And thus We shall keep some of wrong-doers close to others. [6:129]

<we cause to turn (2)
(trans.)</pre>

ii, w.v. e.m.p. وَلَٰكِنَ (imperf. 1st. p. plu.)

we surely cause to turn

فَلَنُولِينَاكَ قِبْلَةُ تَرْضِهَا

Wherefor We assurdly cause thee to turn toward the Qibla which shall please thee. [2:144]

I will let SS follow (3) (trans.) i.e., to make close (as a follower)

ئۆللەماتكىل

We shall let him follow to which he hath turned.

[4:115]

(perate. m. sing.) ii, w.v. turn! (thee) وَلَ

(f.d, after. ) v, w.v. (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.)

وَمَنْ يَتُولُ اللهُ وَرَيْدُولُهُ وَالَّذِينَ امْنُوا فَانَّ حِزْبَ

take for friend (1)

#### الله مُوالْغِلْوُنَ

And whoso taketh Allah and his messenger and those who believe for friend (will know that), Lo! the party of Allah, they are the victorious. [5:56]

turneth back (2)

# وَمَنْ يَتُولَ يُعَذِّبُهُ عَذَامًا اللَّهُمَا

And whose turneth back, him will He punish with a painful doom. [48:17]

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.)v,v.v. they turn away (1)

تُتَمَيِّتُولُونَ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَٰلِكَ وَمَا أُولَمْكَ

يَالْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ Yet even after that they turn away, such (folk) are not believers. [5:43]

they make friends (2)

تَرِيكُتْ وَلِينَهُمْ يَتُولُونَ الَّذِينَ كَغُووًا

Thou seest many of them making friends with those who disbelieve. [5:80]

(f.d.) v, w.v. 13 5 (imperf. 3 p. m. phu.) they turn away

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) v, w.v. they turned away (1)

وَإِنْ تَدَكُّوا كَائِثَمَا هُوْ فِي شِعَاٰقِ

But if they turn away, then they are in cleavage.

[2:137]

they take for friend (2)

إِتَّمَا يَنْهُ كُواللَّهُ عَنِ الَّذِينَ فَتُلُوُّ وَفِي الدِّينِ وَٱخْرَجُوْكُوْمِنْ دِيَادِكُوْ وَظْهَرُوْاعَلَى إِخْرَاحِكُمْ 155.1

Allah forbiddeth you only those who warred against you on account of religion and have driven you out of your homes and helped to drive you out, that ve make friends of them.

[60:9]

(perf. 2 p. m. plu.) v, w.v ye turned away

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) v, w.v. turns away (1) (for group, turn away)

Then a party of them turn away and they are backsliders. [3:23]

metp. < protects (2) defends (lit. deals friendly)

And He protects the right-[7:196]

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وَلِيُّ / وَلِيَّا .acc الْوَلِيَّ

protecting friend, (1) defender

#### المله وفئ النيتن أمنوا

Allah is Protecting Friend of those who believe. [2:257]

#### وكفى إلمنه ورايا

And Allah is sufficient as a Friend. [4:45]

#### وَهُوَالُولِيُّ الْحَيِيْدُ

He is the Protecting Friend, the Praisworthy. [42:48]

heir, or successor (2)

آزگانتِ امْرَایِنَ عَادِرًا نَهَبُ لِيْ مِنْ لَدُنْكَ وَلِيًا Since my wife is barren, give me from Thy presence a successor (or a heir). [19:5]

a guardian (3)

# فَيُسُيْلُ وَلِينَهُ بِالْعَدُلِ

Then let the gurdian of his interest dictate in (tems of) equity. [2:282]

#### heir (4)

و مَنْ قُتِلَ مَظْلُومًا فَقَدُ جَمَلْنَا لِوَلِيِّهِ سُلْطُمُا

Whoso is slain wrongfully, We have given power unto his heir. [17:33]

أوْلِكَامُ (п.р.)

protectors, friends, partners, heirs

( sing. ) ( 5

وَإِنْ تُصِبُكَ مُصِيبَةٌ يَكُونُوا قَدُ أَخَذُ نَا آمُرَيَا

### مِنْ مَبْلُ وَيَتَوَلَّوْاوَهُمُ مَرِحُونَ

And if calamity befalleth thee, (O Muhammad) they say, we took precaution, and they turn away well pleased. [9:50]

they make friend (2)

إِنَّمَا سُلطنُهُ عَلَى الَّذِيثِيَّ يَتُولُّونَهُ وَالَّذِينَ مُمْ

# يه مُشْرِكُوْنَ

His power is only over those who make friend of him, and those who ascribe partners unto Him (Allah). [16:100]

(f.d.) v. w.v. مُنَوَلِّوا (imperf. 2 p.m. phu.)
(if) ye turn away

(perate. m. sing.) v, w.v. وَّلَ turn away!

(perate. neg. plu.) v, w.v. الْاَ تَمْتُولُواْ turn not away!

(f.d.) r.f. w.v. (act. pic. m. sing.) defender, protector, friend

مَالَهُ وُمِن دُونِد مِن وَالِ

They have not any defender besides Him. [13:11] closer (2)

ٱلنَّيِّيُ أَوْلُ بِالنَّوْمِينِينَ مِنْ ٱلْفُيهِمْ

That Prophet is closer to the believers than themselves.

[33:6]

woe J \_ (3)

أوْلْ لَكَ فَأَوْلِ شُوْرَاوْلْ لَكَ فَأَوْلْ

Woe unto thee, woe! Again woe unto thee. woe!

[75:34-35]

(also) see 74:20)

(dual) elative, w. الْأَرْلِيَانِ nearest ones

مَوْلَىٰ / الْمُؤَلَّىٰ . (Ap-der. m. plu.) iv, w.v. مَوْلَىٰ / الْمُؤَلِّىٰ . patron (1)

فْلِكَ بِأَنَّ اللَّهُ مَوْلَى الَّذِيْنَ امْنُوا

That is because Allah is the Patron of those who believe. [47:11]

friend (2)

يؤم لَايُغْنِيُ مَوْلًى عَنْ مَوْلًى عَنْ مَوْلًى تَيْمًا

A day when friend can in naught avail a friend. [44:41]

owner (3)

ٱ ؙ ٱكَدُهُمَّٱلِبَكُمْ لِلَيَقْدِدُعَلِى شَنْ وَهُوكَلْ عَلِي مُولِلهُ

One of them is dumb, having control of nothing and he is a burden on his owner.

[16:76]

protection (1) (v.n.)

الْوِلاَيَةُ ۗ

هُنَالِكَ الْوَلَايَةُ يِتُعِ الْحَقِ

Herein is all protection from Allah, the True. [18:44]

inheritance (2)

وَالَّذِينَ المَنْوَاوَلَوْيُهُ لَمِنْ المَّالْكُونِن وَلَا يَرْمِ مِنْ شَيْ

And those who believed but emigrated not they have naught of inheritance.

[8:72]

It could also be translated in its literal meaning 'protection' as done by other commentators, while Tabri observed that it is a term used for Muhajreen (emigrants) who migrated from Makka to al-Madina, where they were received by (Muslims of al-Madina) Ansar warmly, and other hospitalities were extended to them. They were given shares too in inheritance. Obviously this facility could not be given to those who did not leave their homes for the sake of Islam, as Muhajreen did.

elative. w.

أذل

nearer to thou, (1) the nearest one

إِنَّ أَوْلَى النَّاسِ بِإِبْرُونِهُمْ لَكُونِينَ التَّهَمُّوهُ

Verily the nearest of mankind to Ibrahim are those who followed him. [3:68]

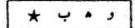
#### و ن ی 🖈

(parate. neg. n. dual.) v.w. آنینآ <slacken not (ye twain)

وَفَا يَنِي وَنُبِأً (ض) \_ فِي اللهِ to be slack or negligent

إِذْهَبْ أَنْتَ وَآخُولُ مِالْيَتِي وَلَا تَنِيا فِي وَكُونَ

Go, thou and thy brother, with My signs, and slacken not in remembrance of Mine. [20:42]



(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v. < ∼ has granted

وَمَبَ يَبُ وَمُأْوَ مِنا ﴿ (ف)

to grant, give as a gift, dedicate, offer as a present, to bestow on

(perf. 3 p. f. sing,) w.v. وَهَبَتْ (she) dedicated

وَامْرَا فَا مُؤْمِنَةً إِنْ وَهَبَتْ نَفْسَهَا

And any believing woman who dedicates her soul. [33:50]

(perf. Ist. p. plu.) w.v. وَمَنِنَا we granted

(imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) w.v.  $\sim$ grants

(imperf. Ist. sing.) w.v. آهَبُ I give protector, owner, (4) friend, benefactor

أنت مؤلنا فانصرناعل العورالكفوين

Thou, our Protector (Master, Owner) and give us victory over the disbelieving folk. [2:286]

مَوَّالِيْ / الْمُوَّالِيْ (n. p.) مَوَّالِيْ / الْمُوَّالِيْ (inheritors (1)

مَوْلَلْ (sing.)

وَاكْلِ جَعَلْنَا مَوَالِي مِتَاتَرُكَ الْوَالِدانِ وَالْكَوْرُونُ

And unto each We have appointed inheritors of that which parents or the near of him leave behind.

[4:33]

kinsfolk (2)

مَانِي خِفْتُ الْمَوَالِي مِنْ وَرَاوِي

Lo! I fear my kinsfolk after me. [19:5]

clients (3)

فَانُ كُوْ تَعْلَمُوٓا أَبَّاءُ هُمْ وَفَاخُوَ أَنْكُوْ فِي

التينن وَمَوَالِيكُورُ

And if ye know not their fathers, then (they are) your brethren in the faith, and your clients. [33:5]

(Ap-der. m. sing.) ii, w.v.
one who turns to SS

وَلِكُلِّ وِجْعَةٌ هُوَمُوَلِيْهَا

And each one hath a goal toward which he turneth.

[2:148]

(perf. 3 p. m. plu.) w.v. وَهَوُوا they fainted

فَمَاوَهَنُوالِمَا أَصَابَهُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللهِ

They fainted not for aught that befell them in the way of Allah. [3:146]

(perate. neg. n. plu.) w.v. | faint not (O ye men)

weakness v.n. acc. وَهَنَّ ا وَهُنَّا

وَهُنَّاعَلَ وَهُنِ

Weakness upon weakness, [31:14]

(n.) (elative)

weakest, frailest

(Ap-der. m. sing.) iv, w.v. مُوْمِنْ one who makes SS weak

و های 🖈

وَاهِبَةُ . (*Ap-der. f. sing.*) w.v. <a href="torn">torn, rent</a> وَهَىٰ ا وَهِيَ يَهِيْ وَهْبَا (ض ، ح)

to be weak, frail, burst, torn

\* \* 6 3

An interjection regarded by some commentators (such as Baidawi) as an abbreviation of ("") woe to). It is always suffixed to of the 2nd p. personal pronoun and is translated as "woe unto thee!"

#### لِأَهَبَ لَكِ عُلْمًا ثُكِيًا

That I may bestow on thee a faultless son. [19:19]

(perate. m. sing.) w.v. bestow

وَهَبُ لَنَامِنُ لَكُنْكَ رَحْمَةً

And bestow upon us mercy from Thy presence. [3:8]

الْوَهَّابُ (n.) ints.

the bestower, one of the excellant names of Allah

\* 5 \* 9

(n.) ints. acc. آوها ا

<dazzling, glowing

> وَهَجَ بَيْجُ وَفِهَا (ف) ٢٠٠٠

to blaze, burn, glow, dazzle

و م ن 🖈

وَهَنَ بَهِنُ وَخَنَّا اوَهُنَ بَوْهُنُ وَهَنَّا

to be weak, w.v. (台, )

feeble, faint, infirm, languid, remiss

كَأَلْ دَبِ إِنِّي وَهَنَ الْعَظْلُومِينَ

He said: O my Lord! verily the bones of me have waxer feeble. [19:4] فَوَيْلُ لِلَّذِيْنَ يَكُنُبُونَ الْكِتَابِ إِلَيْنِيْمِ الْتُوكُونَ ﴿ ذَا الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ

#### هذامن عنبالله

Therefore woe be unto those who write the Scripture with their hands and then say, this is from Allah.

[2:79]

وَثَلُكُ

sometimes (2)

a pronoun J with preceeds the word to emphasize the misfortune as:

# وَلَكُوالْوَيْلُ مِتَاتَصِعُونَ

And yours will be woe for that which ye ascribe (unto Him). [21:18]

(comp.) وَبُلَ + كَ

woe unto thee or alas for thee

ياً وَبُلْنَاً alas for us

alas for you

< woe unto me

وَيْلَةُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّلَّمِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الللَّهِ اللَّهِ 
(is also read وَيْلَقَىٰ wailataa)

Woe is me or alas

my shame! [11:72]

وَيُكُنَّ اللَّهَ يَبْدُكُ الرِّنُونَ لِينَ يَشَاءُ

Ah! Allah expendeth the provision for whomsoever He will of His bandmen. [28:82]

و ی ل 🖈

(1) woe! (an interjection.) (to express a big misfortune.

Commonly used with J
as عَلَا لَكُ 'Woe unto
thee' or affixed to a pronoun directly without a
preposition as عَلَاكُ 'Alas
for thee')

\*\*\*

ى أ س \*

(perf.3 p.m. sing.) (h.&w.v.) يَشْنَ <despaired

بَشْنَ بَنِأْنُ وَ بَنِيْنُ بَأْمًا وَ بَآسَةً

to despair, (س،ح)
give up hope,

ito pass the age مَثْسَتِ الْرَأَةُ of fertility

(perf. 3 p.m. plu.) (h.&w.v.) المشور they have despaired

(perf. 3 p. f. plu.) h.&w.v. يَتُسُنَ they (f.) despaired

والجَنْ يَبِسْنَ مِنَ الْمَحِيْضِ

And those women who despaired of menstruation.

[65:4]

ان h.&w.v. (imperf. 3 p. m. sing.) ~despaires (yaa)

1. A pronominal suffix of the Ist p. sing.; me, my

دَبِنَّ e.g. my Lord

مَلاَنِيْ my prayers

- " ن After a verb a "nun" is added before عن e. g. He guided me.
- is sometimes vocalized with "Fatha" (a—vowel) as, 'my lifetime عُمْاَيَ
- 4. The sis omitted when the proceeding soccurs at the end of a sentence. The following verse illustrates all these cases:

إِنَّ مَنِيَ رَبِّنَ مَيَهُ دِيْنِ

Verily My Lord is with me. He will guid me. [26:62]

750

ى ت م \* يَنْغُ النِّنَمُ اينِنْا

acc.

(act. 2 pic. m. sing.) an orphan

> بَنَّمَ بَنْتُمُ بُنْمًا (ف)

to become an orphan

(act. pic. 2 m. dual.) يَيْنَيْنِ two orphans

حِنَائَىٰ / الْبَنَائَىٰ (orphans (n.p.) بَنَائِيْ (sing.) بَيْنِمْ (sing.)

\* \* > 6

a hand (n.)

<two hands (n. dual.)</p>
the final nun of dual is omitted due to Idafa (genitive)

lit. two hands (n. dual.) مَدَىٰ before, in fornt of مَيْنَ مَدَىٰ

وَهُوَالَّذِنِيُ يُرْسِلُ الرِّيْحِ بَشُرُامِيْنِ بِدَى رَحْمَتِهِ And it is He who sendeth for

And it is He who sendeth for the heralding wind before His mercy. [7:57]

ی س د 🖈

(perf. 3 p. m. sing.) ii, w.v.

h.&w.v. المُتَأْسُوا (perate, neg. m. phu.)
despair not

وكلاتاف موامن تذج اللوائة لايايتن

مِنْ تَدْجِ اللَّهِ إِلَّا الْقَوْمُ الْكُوْدُونَ

And despair not from the mercy (comfort of spirit) of Allah, verily none despairs of the mercy of Allah except a people disbelieving. [12:87]

(x, h.&w.v.) . اسْتَأْمَن (perf. 3 p. m. sing.) <~despaired

as R.F. x اسْتَبَاسَ to despair

(x, h.&w.v.) اسْتَيَّاسُوْا (perf. 3 p. m. plu.) they despaired

ر (n.) ints. مُوْمِنْ very despairing person

ی ب س 🖈

ربیس آبیس و بایس (۳.۳۰) ۱۰۰۳ (dry آبیس و بایس و با

رح، س) علام المترسّسة

A dry path in the sea. [20:77]

dry (act. pic. m. sing.) w.v.

(act. pic. f. plu.) w.v.

casiness (n.p.t.) مُبْسَرَةً

وَإِنْ كَانَ ذُوْعُنْمُ وَ فَنَظِرَةٌ اللَّهَ مَيْمُرَةٍ And if one be in difficulties, then let there be a deferment until easiness.

[2:280]

الْمُغِيرُ gambling (n. p.t.)

ى ق ت 🖈

الْبَاقُوتُ (n.) the jacineth

\* \* \* \*

a gourd (n.) مُعَلِّنُ (or a kind of gourd)

ی ق ظ ★

(sing.) مُقَاظًا (sing.) عَنظُ (sing.)

ى ق ن 🖈

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. iv يُوفِوُنُ they are certain

< يَقِنَ بَنْقِنُ يَقَناً (ح) ٣٠٧.

to be certain, sure of

(imperf. 3 p.m. plu.) w.v. vi, تُوفِيُونَ ye are certain

<> أَفِمَنَ يُوفِنُ إِنْهَاناً ...

to believe firmly,

to hold as undoubtedly true

يَسْرَ تَيْسِيْرًا ، ال

to make easy, facilitate

يَسَرُيُّا (perf. Ist. p. plu.) ii, w.v. آيسَرُهُا we made easy

(imperf. Ist. p. plu.) ii, w.v. فيتسرُّ we shall ease

وَنُهَوْرُكُ لِلْيُسُرُى

And We shall ease thy way unto the state of ease.

[87:8]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) v, w.v. ~became easy

فَاقْرَءُ وَامَالَتَهَ مَرَوِنَ الْعُرَانِ

Receite, then, of the Quran which is easy (for you).

[73:20]

< got easily x, w.v. الْمُنْيَسَرُ to get easily, x, الْمُنْيَسَرُ to be easy</p>

easy, ease acc. آيستر / يُسر

ميتر ايسر المدر . acc. آسيراً

(act. pic. 2 m. sing.) easy to bear, light, small

ولِكَ كَيْلُ كِيدِيَرُ

This is a light measure.

[12:65]

ease (elative. w. f.) ليسراى (used as an adjective)

(pact. pic. m. sing.) ace. آيوراً gentle, easy

فَعُلُ لَهُمْ فَوْلَامَيْسُورًا

Then speak to them an easy (i.e., a gentle or reasonable) speech. [17:28]

(perate. m. plu.) v, w.v. < lit. intend!

يَمَمَّ وَ تَمَيَّمُمُ وَ تَمَيَّمُمُ وَ تَمَيَّمُمُ وَ تَمَيَعُمُ وَ تَمَيَّمُ to intend, v, to go towards

term. do Tayammum (1)

a process of ablution with clean dust, by clapping plams of hands on it and passing them over the hands up to elbows and face as if they were washed by water.

v. w v. (perate. neg. m. plu.) seek not (2)

#### وَلَا تَهَنَّهُ الْغَدُكَ مِنْهُ تُنْفِعُونَ

And seek not bad (with intent) to spend therof.

[2:267]

sca, river (n.)

right hand (n.) المين المين المين المين

<right hands (1) (n.p.) أَعَانُ

(sing.)

Or that your right hands possess (the captives).

[4:3]

(perf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. x ~has firm belief

استَنْقَنَ اسْتَنْقَانًا x.

to believe firmly

وجحد وإبها واستيقنه فأأنف وم

And they denied them, though their souls were convinced thereof, [27:14]

(imperf. 3 p.m. sing.) w.v. x ~has firm belief

in order to be certain of

surely acc.

الْغَيْنُ (certainty (1

حَتَّى كَأْمَلُكَ الْكَقَارُكُ

Until there cometh unto thee the certainty (i.e., death). (also see. 74:47) [15:99]

surety (2)

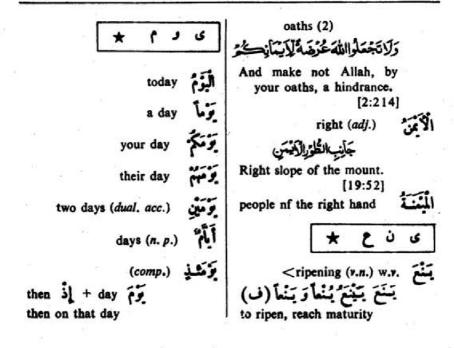
كَلَالَةُ تَعْلَكُ نَ عِلْمَ الْمَا

Lo! would that ye know (now) with the surety of knowledge. [102:5]

(Ap-der. m. plu.)iv, nom.

(Ap-der. m. plu.) iv acc. those who are certain (or) convinced

(Ap-der. m. plu.) x, acc. convinced



THE END

# APPENDIX - 1 ROOTS OF THE WORDS

To facilitate those who are not aware of Arabic Etymological System of the words, the following Table has been arranged.

This table will be helpful to consult particular words starting with letters affixed with «Alif» | , «Ta» t , «Ya» t , «Noon» , «Lam» t , and «Meem» .





Y6Y 757



Root	Word	Root	Word
ب ل ع	ابْلَيِيْ	ب ت ر	أبتز
ب ی ض	ايْعَنَّ/ابْيَعَنَّتُ	ب ج س	انْجَسَتْ
ب ل غ	أَلِمُ الْمُعَنَّكُمُ الْمُعَنِّكُمُ الْمُعَنِّكُمُ الْمُعَنِّكُمُ الْمُعَنِّكُمُ الْمُعَنِّكُمُ الْمُعَنِّ	ب د ع	ابْدَعُو ( ما )
, , ,	أَبْلُغُوا/أَبْلِغُهُ	ب د ل	451
ب ل و	ابْتَلَوُّا/ابْنَلَا/	. , ,	استبدال
ب ن و	ابْنِ ، ابْنِيْ ، أَبْنِيْ	ب د ۱	أبرئ
	آبناهٔ	ب ر ر	أبراًد
ب ر ب	أَوْاَبُ/أَوْاَبًا	ب را ص	الْآزَمَنَ
ب ص ر	أبغيرا	ب س ل	أبيكوا
بع ت	انْيِعَانَهُمْ	ب ش ر	اَبْمَرُ مُؤنِ
, , ,	انْبَعَتَ	, , ,	أبثروا
ب رق	استبرق	. , , ,	استنيروا
ب ر ق	أَمَادِ ثِقَ	ب من ر	الأبعاد
بع ٺ	فأبعثوا		أَبْسَادِ مِنْ /أَبْسَادِ مِنْ
ب غ ی	أَبغَيْ/ابْنِغِاءَ	ب ق ي	أَبْقَىٰ
, , ,	ا بْنَغَبَتْ / ابْنِغَامِ	ب ك ر	بی آبْکَاد/اِبْکَاد
ب ن ی	أَبْرِ/أَتَبَنُّوْنَ	ب ك م	أبكم
ب ل و	ا ابتلَيَ	ب ك ي	أبكي

Root	Word	Root	Word
د ۱ د	ٱیَوُّا	ب ن و	ابنى
ٹ ب ت	فَا ثِبْتُوْا	ت ب ع	آبَّعُ
ث خ ن	أَغَنْتَكُوْ هُمْ	· · · · ·	ء . اتبعت
ث ق ل	أثفلت	2 3 3	اَبَّعْ اَتَّبَتْ اِتَّبُعَا اَتَّبُعَامُ
	اثَّامَلُمُّ أَثْمَالًا		اتَّـمْ
, , ,	أثقالا		آئِمُناَمُ اتَّمُناَمُ
ث م ر	أثمر	ت ب ر	آثراَب <sup>ا</sup>
ٹ ن ی	اثنانِ	, , ,	<u>أ</u> ثراً بأ
ث ن ی	أثنين	ت ر ك	ر. انرك
, , ,	اثمناً عَضَرَ	ت ق ن	أنقن
, , ,	اثنئ عَشَرَ	ر ق ی	اَشَاكُمْ اَشْعَاكُمْ
, , ,	افْنَتَيْنِ	و ق ی	الْاَنْقُ
, , ,	اثْنَتَا عَشَرَة	ت ل و	ا تُلُّ ا تُلُّ
, , , ,	اثْنَىٰ عَشَرَةَ		ائلُو ائلُو
ث و ر	أثآروا	ت م م	بيو آميت
, , ,	ٱثَرُنَ	, ,	أعنناما
ج ب ی	اجْنَبَاكُمْ ·	, , ,	آمُّهَا
, , ,	اختباه	, , ,	آيم

Root		Word	Root	Word
ل د	<u>-</u>	فأجْلِدُوْا	ج ب ی	اجْنَيْنُهُا
ا ع	ج ا	أجينوا	, , ,	اجْتَيْنَا
, ,		اجْنَمِتْ		الجوَاَب
٠, ,,	•	اجْنَمَوْا	ج ٺ ٺ	. ميت ه اجتثت
, ,	,	أَجْعَوُنَ	ج د ث	ٱلْآجْدَاث
, ,	,	أجمين	ج د ر	أَجْدَرُ
ن <b>ب</b>	٦	آجَمِيْنَ اجْنَبْنِيْ	ج د ل	أَجُادِلُوْ نَنَى
, ,	,	اجْتَلَبُوا	ج د ح	اجْتَرَ حُوْا
ن ح	٦	أخنع	ج د ۱	أُجْرَمْنَا
, ,	,	أجيحة	, , ,	أجرموا
ن ن	5	اَجَّةٌ	. , ,	إخراي
٠ ر	ح	اجْبَرُوْا	ج س م	أُخِسَامُهُمْ
و ب	5	أجنتم	ع ع د	الجمآل
٠, ,	,	أينب	, , ,	اجْمَلْنَا
, ,	•	آجيبؤا آجيبؤا	, , ,	اجَعَلْنِئ
, ,		أجِببت	, , ,	المجعَلُوا
,	,	اشتَجاَبَ		اجية
, ,		اسْنَجَا بُوَّا	ج ل ب	أَجْلِبُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ح ڏ ر	اخذَرْخُ	ج و ب	فَأَسْنَجَبُمُ
· · ·	اخذروا		فأستجننا
ع د ص	أغرَمَ	, , ,	أشنجب
ح د ق	فأخترقت	, , ,	استَجِيبُوا
ح س س	أَحَنَّ	, , ,	استجبب
, , ,	أحَدُّوا	ج و د	فَأَجِرْهُ
ح س ن	آخساً		اسْنَجَارَكَ
, , ,	أختة	ج ی ا	فَأَجَاءَ هَا
, , ,	أختنت	ح ب ب	آحَبَّ
· · ·	أخيذوا		<b>آخ</b> بنتُ
• • •	إحْسَانِ	, , ,	أَحِباً وُهُ
ح ش د	اخشروا	· , , ,	اسْتَحَبُّوْا
ح ص د	اخصروم	ح ب ر	الآخبارُ
	أخيرتم	ے ب ط	. فَأَخْبِطُ
	أخصروا	2 2 3	أنُعَاجَوُ نَدا
ح ص ن	أخمنت	ح د ث	أخدث
, , ,	أخيرتا		آمِدِهِ بَرِبَهِ أعدنوجم
ح ص ی	آحْملٰی		آحَادِ بْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ح ل ل	أجِلَّتْ	ح ص ی	آخساه
ے کی	أغلام	, , ,	أحصيناه
٠ ، د	أأمتد	, , ,	اخصوا
א ר ב	آجُلُ آجُلُگُمُّ	ح متن ر	أحضرت
, , ,	أَجْلُكُمُ	ح ف ظ	احفظوا
, , ,	اختَعَلَ	, , ,	اشتحفيظوا
, , ,	اختملؤا	ح ق ب	آخقا بآ
, , ,	ٱلْأَحْمَالِ	ح ق ف	بالأخفاف
ح و ذ	اشتَعَوَدَ	ح ق ق	أحق
, .	آحاَطَ	, , ,	استحق
ح و ط د	أحاَطَتْ	, , ,	استَحَقّا
	أَحَفَّتُ	ے ك م	مَا مُنكُمْ
, , ,	أحطنا	, , ,	مَّامُنگُرُه احْکُمُ
	أيبط	, , ,	أُخِيَتُ ژاخلُن أُجِلَّ آخِلَنَا
ح و ي	أخوى	ح ل ل	ۇا <b>خ</b> لُلْ
	آئ	, , ,	أجأ
ح ی ی	25.05		15.1
, , ,	أَخَامُ	, , ,	
, , ,	أحبيتا	, , ,	أَحَ أَوْا

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ د ت	آخَرَ فُنْهَا	ح ی ی	آخييناً
خ د ی	آخزى		أخيئ
, , ,	أُخْزَيْتُهُ	, , ,	أُخِياً *
خ س ا	الخسثوا	, , ,	استخيؤا
خ س د	الْآخْسَرُون	, , ,	اشتخباه
, , ,	الْآخْسَرِيْن	خ ب ت	أخبتوا
خ ش ی	أَعْشُونهم	خ ب ر	آخبارکم
, , ,	وَ الْحُقَوْا	خ د د	الأخدود
, , ,	وَ اخْشُوْنِ	خ د ن	أخدان
, , ,	فأخفوهم	خ رج	أخرج
خ ص م	الختصفوا	, , ,	أَخْرِجُوْا
خ د ش د	ٱلآخْضَر	, , ,	أُخْرِجُ
خ ط ۱	أخطأتم		أُخْرِجَتْ
, , ,	آخطأنآ		أُخْرَجني
خ ف ض	اخفيض	, , ,	أخرجتم
خ ف ف	فَأَشْتَخَفَّ		اِخْرَاجَ اِخْرَاجَ
خ ف ی	أُخْفِيَ	, , ,	إِخْرَاجِكُمْ*
, , ,	أخُفَيْمُ	خ رج	استخرجها

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ ر ذ	أَعَافُ .	خ ف ی	أغينهآ
خ د ل	أَخُوَالِكُمْ	خ ل د	أَخَلَدَهُ .
خ د ن	أخُنْهُ	, , ,	أخلَدَ
خ ی ر	ٱلْآخْبَاد	خ ل ط	اختكك
, , ,	اخْتَارَ	خ لع	فأغلَعُ
, , ,	اخْتَرْتُكَ	خ ل ف	أُعَالِغَكُمُ *
, , ,	اخَدُ مُاهُ		فَأَخْلَفْتُكُمُ *
د ب ر	أَدْباَر	, , ,	أُخْلَفْناً
, , ,	اَدْبَادِكُمْ	. , , ,	أخلفوا
, , ,	أَدْبَرَ		اخْتَكَ
د خ ل	آدْبَرَ ادْخُلُ		اختلفتم
, , ,	ادْخُـلاَ		اخْتَلَفْتُمُ اخْتَلُنُوْا
, , ,	ادْخُلِيْ		اخْيِلاَفُ
, , ,	ادْخَلُوْا	, , , ,	استنخلف
, , ,	أَدْخَلْنَاهُمْ		. م. اخلفنی
, , ,	اَدْخِلْ	خ ا ق	اخْلُفِیْ آخْلُق
, , ,	أَدْخِلْنِيُ		اختِلاَق
1 , ,	فأذره وا	خ ل ل	الآخِلان

Root	Word	Root	Word
JJs	ٱدُنَّمُ	د ر ا	فَادَّارَأَنُمُ
د ل و	آدُل! آدُف!	د ر ك	آذرَكَهُ '
د ن و	أذنا		ادَّارَكَ
دهی	أدهى	, , ,	ادَّارَكُوْا
د و د ا	الدَّارُ	د ر ی	آئدِ
, , ,	الدَّوَارُ	, , ,	أَنْدِي
ا ذ ب ع	أذبحك		أَدْرَاكَ
ذ ق ن	الْآذْتَان	, , ,	أَذُرَاكُمُ
ا ذ ك ر	ٱذْكُرُحُ	دع و	أَدْعُو
	اْذَكُرْ	, , ,	أَدْعُوْكُمْ
	اْذَكُرْنَ	, , ,	ادْعُ
	اْذَكُرُانِيْ ﴿	. , ,	ادعین
. , ,	اذكروا	, , ,	ادْعُوّا
	آذگر ه		أَدْعِيَاتُكُ
J J 3	اَنِلَّة	, , ,	آذيبتائيم
	اُلاَذَكُ	د ن ع	ادْفَعْ
, , ,	ٱلْآذَلَّيْنَ	, , ,	ادْفَعُوا
د م ب	اذُمَبُ	د ل ل	أَدُلُّكَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ر ب ب	أزبابا	ذ ه ب	اذْمَبَا
ر بع	أَرْبَعَتَهُ *		اذُمَبُوا
, , ,	أَرْبَعُ	ذ و ق	فَأَذَافَهَا
, , ,	ٱرْبَعِيْنَ		أذتف
ر ب و	اربا	ذی ع	أَذَاعُوا
ر ج و	أذجاء	ر ای	أرَأَيْنَكَ
2 7	ادجع	, , ,	أرَأَيْمُ
, , ,	ادْجِعُوْا		آدی
. , ,	ادْجِعُوْنِ		أراك
, , ,		. , ,	آداَني
ر ج ل	ارْجِعِيْ اَرْجُلُ		فأرآة
, , ,	أَدْجُلِنَّ	, , ,	أَرَيْنَاكَ
ر ج و	آدُجُلِينَّ آرَجُوْا	, , ,	أُدِيْكُمْ.
, , ,	أدب	, , ,	اُدِنِمَ اُدِنا
. , ,	أرْجَاهُما	, , ,	اَرِن
ادعم	اذحَمْ		اَدُونِيْ اَدُونِيْ
, , ,	ادْحَثْنَا		
, , ,	الكادحام	ر ب ب	اَدُیْناکَهُمْ اَدْباب

Root	Word	Root	Word
ر س و	أدساها	رح ۲	أَزْحَامُكُمُ *
ر ص د	إِدْصَاداً	, , ,	اَدْ حَامِ <b>ب</b> ِنَّ
ر مضع	أَزْضَعَتْ	ر د د	فَارْ تَدَّ
·, , ,	أَدْمَنَعْنَ		ارْ نَدَوْا
	اَدُمَنْمَنگُمُ	ردی	أَدْدَاكُمُ *
, , ,	أزمين	ر ذ ل	أَدْذَكِ
ر مش و	ارْتَمَنلی	9 2 3	الْآرْ ذَاوُنَ
رع ی	ادْعَوْا	, , ,	أَدَاذِلُنَ
د غ ب	فَارْغَبْ	ر ز ق	ادْدُقْ
ر ق ب	فَارْ تَقِيْبُ	, , ,	ازُزُنْكَ
	ادْ يَقِبُوا	, , ,	ارْدُقُوْحَ
	فَارْ تَقِيْهُمْ	ر س ل	آڈییل
ر ك ب	ادْكَبْ		أَدُسَلْتَ
, , ,	ادْ كَبُوا	, , ,	اَدْسَلْنَ
ر ك س	أذكِسُوا	, , ,	<b>ڡٚٲۘۯ</b> ۫ڛۘڶٷٛٳ
, , ,	أَدْكَسَهُمْ	, , ,	اَدْسِلُهُ
ر اے مش	ادٌ کُھنں	, , ,	فَأَدْسِلُونِ
د ك ع	ادْ كِمُوْا		أذُينَهُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ز <u>د</u> و	آڈیٰ	ر ك ع	اُدُكِمَیْ
ز ل ف	أَزْلَقْنَا	ر م ب	فأدْهَبُونِ
, , ,	أَذْلِفَتْ		استرعبوهم
ز ل ل	فَأَذَكُمُ ا	ر ۵ ق	سَأَدُعِثُهُ
, , ,	اسْتَزَمَّمُ	ر و د	أرَادَ
ز ل م	ٱلْأَرْلَامُ	, , ,	أراَدَنِيْ
ز ر ج	أَزْوَاجٌ	, , ,	اَداً اُدادوا
, , ,	أَزْوَاجِنَا	, , ,	اَرَدْتُ
, , ,	أَزْوَاجِمِنَ	, , ,	اَرَدُنَ
زی د	ٲؘۯؚؠ۠ۮٙ	· , , ,	اَدَهُ ثُمُ
, , ,	ازْدَادُوا	· · , ,	اَرَدْناَ
ز ی غ	أَزَاغَ		أُدِيْدُ
زی ن	ازَبَّتَ	ر ي ب	 ارْ تَاَبَ
س ا ل	آثألك	, , ,	ارُ تَابَتْ
, , ,	انآد	· , , ·,	ادْ تَابِحُ
, , ,	اشآلوا	. , ,	ارتبع ادتبع
, , ,	فأشأؤخ	ز ج ر	الْدُجِرُ
. , , ,	فَاشْأَلُوْهُنْ	. , ,	الزَّاجِرَاتِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
اس رف	أنرَهُوا	س ب ب	آسْبَآبَ
, , ,	إشرافا	س ب ط	الْآسْبَاطِ
, , ,	إشرَافَناَ	س ب غ	آسُبَغَ
س د ق	استرق	س ب ق	اسْتَبَعَا
س د و ــ سدی	أشر		فأَسْتَبِغُوْا
, , , ,	أَمْراى	, , ,	اسْتَبِفُوْا
س ط ر	أسكيليز	س ج د	البخسد
س ع ی	فَأَسْعَوْا		المجردوا
س ف ر	أسنفر	, , ,	ابخدي
, , ,	أشفادا	س ح د	بالكشعاد
, , ,	أسفادنا	س خط	أُمِينَطَ
س ف ل	أَسْفَلَ	س د ح	أَسَرِّ حَكَنَّ
	ٱلْأَسْفَلِيْنَ	س ر ر	أترت
س قط	فَأَسْفِطُ	, , ,	أَشَرَدْتُ
س ق ي	أَسْقَيْنَاكُمُ	, , ,	أسروا
. , ,	فَأَشَقَبُنَا كُوْهُ	, , ,	إِسْرَاداً
, , ,	اسْتَسْق	س دع	أَسْرَعُ
, , ,	اسْتَسْفَاهُ	س ر ف	أشرق

Root	Word	Root	Word
س م ع	اشكوا	س ك ن	ائنگُنْ
, , ,	فَأَسْمَعُونِ	, , ,	اشكنوا
, , ,	اشتتع	, , , ,	أشكنت
, , ,	ائتتع اشتينوا	, , ,	مَأَنْكَنَّاهُ
اس م و	اشعً أشكاء أشكادم	. , ,	أَسْكِنُوهُنَّ
, , ,	أخكام	س ل ح	أَسْلِتَنِكُمُ •
, , ,	أشأثم	س ل خ	انسكنز
اس و ۱	ا أساة	اس ل ف	انْسَلَخَ أَشْلَغَتْ
, , ,	أسَأنُمُ	, , ,	أَسْلَفْتُمُ
, , ,	أسَامُوا	س ل ك	آئلَفَتُمُ فَانْكِينَ
, , ,	أشوآ	, , ,	اسْلَكَ
اس و د	ٱلْآسُوَد	اس ل م	
	امُوَدَّتْ	, , ,	آشمَ آشَنْتُ
اس و ر	أشودَة	, , ,	أشكث
, , ,	أسكاور	, , ,	أَسْلَوُا
اس و ق	الْآسُوَاقِ		
س و ی	اسْتَوای	. , ,	اْلإشٰلاَم إشٰلاَمَكُمْ آمِنِعُ
, , ,	اسْنَوَتْ	س م ع	أَيْمُمُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ش د ك	أشركت	س و ی	اسْتَوَيْتَ
, , ,	أفركتم	, , ,	استويم
, , ,	اَشَرَ كُنْمُونِ	س ی ل	أتتلف
, , ,	آفركنا	ش ت ت	أشتأتا
, , ,	أفرتوا	ش ح ح	آثِيتَ أَ
, , ,	أَشْرِكُهُ	ش د د	آھِيدًا:
شع د	أَشْمَادِهَا	, , ,	آشَدُّ
شع ل	اهْتَعَلَ	. , , ,	أَشْتُكُمُ إِنَّ
ش ف ق	آهُنَتُنَ	, , ,	اشدُّدُ
	أأشنثم	, , ,	اشْتَدَّتْ
ش ق ق	انْفَقَ	ش ر ب	اشرَبُوْا
, ,	انشقت	. , , ,	اشرب
, , ,	آشق ا	ش د ح	افرَحُ
ا ش ق ی	الْآشَق	ش د د	الْآشرَاد
, , ,	ا أشفاها	ش رط	أَشْرَاطُهَا
ش ك ر	أشكر	ش ر ق	<b>أَشْرَ</b> فَتْ
, , ,	اشگروا	, , ,	الْإِشْرَاقِ
ا ش ك و	آشكو	ش ر ك	أَشْرَكَ أَشْرَكَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ص ب ر	اخيز	ش م ا ز	اشْمَازَتَ
, , ,	اضَيِرُوْا اصْطَيِرْ اَصْبُ	ش ۵ د	أشهد
	اضَعَابِرْ	, , ,	أغيسدوا
ص ب و	أمنب	, , ,	الْأَشْهَادُ
ص ح ب	أَضَاتِ		أخبرنكم
ص د ع	فآمشدع	, , ,	اسْتَشْهِدُوْا
ص د ق	أَمَدَهُنَ	ش ه د	أشرو
	أَمْدَقُ	ش د و	اشنهت
, , ,	فَأَمَّدَّقَ	ش ی	أشأه
ا ص د د	أَصَرُوا	, , ,	آشيا
ص رف	سَأَصْرِفُ	ش ی ع	أشِياعَكُمْ
, , ,	اضرِف	, , ,	بأشباعين
, , ,	انْصَرَفُوْا	ص بع	أمابتهم
مسغ ر	أمنتز	من ب ح	الإشباج
ص ف ح	فآضفخ	, , ,	أمنح
, , ,	اشفكوا		أضعت
ص ف د	الْآصْفَادِ	. , ,	أمني
ا ص ف و	أَضْفَاكُمُ	, , ,	أنتخذا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ص و ب	أمآب	ص ف و	اصْعَلَىٰ
	أَمَابَتْ	, , ,	امتطَعَاكِ
,	أَصَابَهُمُ		اصْعَلَفَہُنّاکُ
, , ,		, , ,	اصُعَلَفَيْناً
	آمَنِمُ آمَنِنَامُ	من ل ب	آمُلاًبِكُ
. , ,	أيبب	ص ل ح	أَصْلَعَ
ا من و ت	الْآصْوَاتُ	, , ,	أمثلكعا
, , ,	أَمْوَاتَهُمُ	, , ,	أملكخنآ
ص و ف	أَمْوَانِهَا	, , ,	أمكتموا
من و م	العَّاجُمَاتِ	, , ,	أمثيلغ
, , ,	الصَّامِينَ	, , ,	ا إِمْلاَحُ
ص ی د	فأضطادوا	, , ,	ا إشلاحاً
من ح ك	أضحك	ص م م	اً اَحَمَدُمُ
ض ر ب	اضرِبُ		الْآمَةِ
	فَأَخْرِ بُوْا	ص ن ع	/19
, , ,	اضرِ بُوهُنّ	, , ,	اصْنَعْ اصْطَنَعْتُكَ
, , ,	ٱفْنَفَوْرِبُ	اص ن م	أمنساع
<u>י</u> ש כ'נ	أَمْعَلَوْهُ	, , ,	أَمْنَامَكُمْ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ض ر 1	أضامت	ض ر ر	اخْعُلُرَّ
ض ی ع	أمناعوا		اضطردتم
, , ,	أينبغ	من ع ف	اسْتَضْعَفُونِيْ
طرح	اخْلَ حُوْهُ	. , , ,	استخيفوا
طرف	أطراف		أضعف
طعم	اَطْسَهُ	, , ,	<b>أَخْمَافاً</b>
, , ,	أَطْمَهُمْ	ض غ ث	أَصْغَاثُ
, , ,	أخيثوا	ض غ ن	أَضْغَانَكُمُ
, , ,	استطعكا	من ل ل	أَضَلَّ أَ
, , ,	إطنساخ		أَمَلَاَّنَا
طغواي	أطنئ	, , ,	أخنكأتم
, , ,	أطُغَيَّتُ	» » ,	<b>أَخ</b> ْلَانَ ٰ
طنا	أظفآحا	, , ,	أمَلَكَ
طفل	الْأَطْفَالُ		أَمَنَانَيْ
طلع	أَطَّلَعَ اطَّلَعَتَ		أَصَلَوُ
, , ,	اطَّلَمْتَ		أَمَنَلُوْنَا
طلق	انطَلَقَ	مئن م م	اخمش
., , ,	فأنطلقوا	من و ا	أَحْسَاةً

Root	Word	Root	Word
طرع	اشتقلتم	طالق	انطَلَقَتْمُ
طوع	أَيلِنْعُوا	طمس	اطيس
, , ,	اَحِلِنَوُا اَطِنْوُنِ	طمع	اطْیِسُ اَطْیَعُ
	أطَعْنَ	, , ,	أَفَتَطَلَّمَهُوْنَ
طی ر	اطَّيَّرُ مَا	طمن	اطْمَأَنَّ
ط ف ,	أَخْلُغَرَكُمُ •	, , ,	اطْمَأْنَنْثُمُّ اطْمَأَنَوُّا
ط ل م	آظلاً آظناً	, , ,	اطْمَاً نَوَّا
ظنن	أظُن	طدر	فأحكم فخؤوا
ظمر	أَظْهَرَهُ	, , ,	أطبر
ع ب د	اغبشذ	طور	أَطُوَاداً
, , ,	فأغبُدني	طوع	أطاع
. , ,	اغبدكوا	, , ,	أَطَاعُونا
	فأغبدون	. , , ,	أملعتم
ع ب د	فآغنبروا	, , ,	اَمَلَهُ مُ اَمَلَهُ مُومُ اَمَلَهُ مُعَوْمٌ
ع د .	أغتسكت	, , ,	أطَنْنَا
	أغندنا	, , ,	استَطَاعَ
ع ت ا	فَأَعْتِلُونُهُ		استعكائحوا
ع ت ر	أعثرنا	,,,	اسْتَطَعْتُ

Roo	t	Word	Root	Word
. و	ع	اغتَدَبْناَ	ع ج ٰب	أتعجبين
, ,	,	فأغت كدوا	, , ,	أعب
, ,	,	أغسداع		أَعْبَنُكُمْ
, ,		بأغدَالكُ	ع ج د	أَغْاَدُ ۚ
ز ب	ع	أُعَذَّهُ		أَعِزَتُ
ِ ب	1953	الْآغرَابُ	ع ج ل	أغِلَكَ
₹ -	-	الْآغرَج		أَعِلْتُمْ
. مض		أَعْرَضَ		اشنينجا كمئم
, ,	,	أغرضوا	. , ,	انتعبكم
, ,	,	أغرضتم	9 3 7	أَغِيَى الْ
, ,		إغراضا		أغيبا
ر ف	ع ،	الْآعراب	, , ,	الْآعِيْن
, ,	,	فَأَعْذَ فَكَ	ع د د	أعَدّ
, ,	,	اعْتَرَفُوا	, , ,	أعِدُوا
. ي	اع,	اعْتَرَاكَ		أعِدَّت
: د		أعَرَثُ	ع د ل	اغدگزا
, ,	,	ٲڡؚڗٙ؋	ع د و	اعتدلى
ز ل	اع	اعْتَرَ نَعْمُوهُمْ	, , ,	اغتكروا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ل م	كَالْآعْلاَمِ	ع ز ل	أعْنَزِلُواْ
ع ل ن	أعلنت	, , ,	نَاعْتَ <u>ز</u> ُلُونَ
	أعلنتم	ع س د	أغفيرت
ع ل و ای	اشتغل		إغمارة
, , ,	ٱلْآغليٰ	ع ص م	عتصدوا
. , ,	الْآعْلَوْنَ		لنتقشم
اع م د	اسْتَعْمَرَكُمْ *	ع ص ی	آغ <b>ي</b> ئ
, , ,	اعْتَعَرَ	ع ملا و	عَ <b>مُ</b> لِيَ
ع م ل	أَعْمَالُ	., , ,	أعطيناك
, , ,	أخمآلن	, , ,	أعطوا
, , ,	اعْمَلْ	عظم	أعظم
	اعْمَلُوا	ع ف ر	اعْفُ
112	آخاًمِکُ	. , ,	اغْفُوا
3 7 2	أغثى	ع ق ب	أَعْقَابِكُمْ
ع ن ب	أغناب		أَعْقَابِناً
, , ,	أغنابا	, , ,	فأعقبهم
ع ذ ت	لَاَعْنَتُكُمْ	ع ل م	اعْلَمُ
ع ن ق	أَعْنَاقِ	, , ,	اعْلَوُّ ا

Root	Word	Root	Word
غ ر و	فَأَغْرَ بْنَا	ع ن ق	أَعْنَاقُهمْ
غ س ل	فأغسِلُوا	ع د د	أغت
غ ش ئ	استغفوا	ع و د	أعبندوا
, , ,	فَأَغْمَيْنَاهُمْ	ع ر ذ	أَعُوذُ
	أغيبت	, , ,	أعبذما
غ مض مض	اغْضُضْ		فأشتعيبذ
غطش	أغطش	ع و ن	اً أَعَانَتُ
غ ف ر	اسْتِغْفَارُ	, , ,	فَأَعِبْنُونِيْ
, , ,	اسْتَغْفِرْ		اشتَعِبْنُوْا
, , ,	أَسْنَغْفَرْتَ	ع ی ب	أينب
., , ,	اسْتَغْفِرُوْا	ع ی ن	أَعْيُنْ ۗ
, , ,	اغْغِرْ	, , ,	أغبنيت
, , ,	اسْتَغْفِرِيْ	, , ,	أَعْبُنُهُنَّ
غ ف ل	أغفأنا	ع ی ی	أنعَيِنا
غ لظ	اغُلُظ	غ د و ای	ءَمِ. اغسدوا
, , ,	استَغْلُظَ	غ ر ف	اغترَف
غ ل ل	ٱغْلَالًا	غ ر ق	أغرَ فَسَا
غ ن ئ	أغنى	. , ,	أغرقوا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ف رغ	ٱنْرِغْ	غ ن ي	أغنت
ف ر ق	فَا فُرُقُ	, , ,	أغناق
ف ر ی	افتراي		اسْتَغْنَىٰ
	افتراة	, , ,	آغِبَاءُ
	افترَبْتُهُ	غ ر ت	استغاث
	افترينا	غ د ی	أغربني
اف ز ز	اسْتَفْزِزُ	, , ,	أَغُوَ بْنَا
ا ف س ح	فَافْسَحُوْا	, , ,	فَأَغُو بُنَاكُمُ
ف س د	أَفْسَدُوْهَا	ا ف د د	آفدة
ا ف من ح	المُعَنَّعُ	, , ,	آفدتهم
ا ف ص م	انفِصامَ	ف ت ح	الخُتَحُ
ا ف ض ض	الْفَصُوا	, , ,	استفنحوا
ا ف ض ا	أخنى	ف ت ی	أفييا
ر ق ت	أُتَّتُ		أنتوني
ا ف ط ر	انْفَطَرَتْ		فأنتفتيم
ا ف ع ل	اغْمَلُ	ن ج ر	فَأَنْفَجَرَتُ
, , ,	اغْمَلَوُّا	ف د ی	افتدى
ا ف ل ح	أظُحَ		افْنَدَتْ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق ت ل	اقتسَتُوا	ف ل ق	أنْفَلَقَ
ق ح م	اقتحم	ف ن ن	أَفْنَانِ
ق د م	الْآفْدَمُوْنَ	اف و ج	أَفُواَجاً
· · ·	الإفدام	ف ر ز	فأفؤذ
, , ,	أَفْدَامَنا	ف و ض	أُفَوَّضُ
اق د و	افتسده	ف ر ق	أَفَاقَ
ق ذ ف	افخذفيثو	ف ر م	أَفْوَاهِكُمُ*
ا ق ر ا	افرًا	ف ی .	-61
, , ,	اقْرَأُوْا	ف ی ض	أَفَاضَ
ق ر ب	اقْتَرَبَ	, , ,	<b>اَینِعُنُ</b> وْا
, , ,	أقدبت		أمَنتُم
	أقرب	ق ب ر	أفبزه
• • •	ٱلْآقْرَبُونَ	ق ب ل	أَقْبُلَ
. , ,	ٱلْآفْرَبِيْنَ		أَفْلَتُ
اق ر د	أفرزتم	, , ,	أَقْبُلُنُ
. , ,	آفردنا	, , ,	أَمْلِوا
	اشتقز	ق ت ل	اقْتُلْ
اق ر ف	اقتر فتمو ها	, , ,	.مرم اقتلوا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق ل ل	أَقَلَتُ	ق س ط	<b>آنْیِعگ</b> ُوْا
, , ,	أَمَلَ اللهُ	, , ,	<b>آ</b> فْسَطُ
ق ل م	أَفْلاَمُ	ق س م	آفستم
ق ن ت	اقْنِيْ		<b>أَفْ</b> سَمُوْا
ق ن ي	أقنى	, , ,	أفيم
ق و ت	أقواتها	ق ص د	اقْعِيدْ
ق ر ل	أَقُلُ	ق ص ص	ِ فَأَقْصُصُ
, , ,	أَفُوْلُ	ق ص و	الآقصلي
, , ,	اْلاَقَادِيْل	ق مض ی	فَاقْضِ اقْمُنُوا اقْمُنُوا
ق و م	أَقَامَ	, , ,	المصنوا
, , ,	أقاموا	قطر	<b>اَقْعَل</b> اَد
, , ,	أفك	ق طع	فأقطعوا
	أقَنْمُ	قع د	اقعدُوا اقعدُوا
, , ,	آفَنْمُ اِيَمْ	ة ف ل	أقف الحا
	اَفِنَ	ا ق ل ب	الْعَلَيْبُ
, , ,	ا <b>َذِ</b> بْعُوْا		انقُلَبُوْا
	اسْتَقَامُوْا	, , ,	انقلبتم
, , ,	اشتقِع	ق ل ع	انْقَلَبْنُمْ اَفْلِعِيْ

R	oot		Word	Root	Word
ر	ٹ	1	اَ كُثَرُوا	ق و م	اسْتَغِيْهَا
•	,	•	اشَنَكْتُرْثُ		اسْيَقِيْمُوْا
•	,	,	اشَكْنَرْتُمُ	, , ,	أقوم
,	,	•	ٱكْثَرُ	. , ,	إِقاَمِ
	د	4	انْكَدَرَتْ	اك ب ر	أَكْذُنَهُ
ی	د	এ	آڭدى.		اشَتَكُٰدَ
٢	ر	1	الْآكُومَ	· , , ,	أَسْنَكُبَرْتَ
•	,	,	الإنحرام	, , ,	اسْتَكْبَرُىم
•	,	,	الإنْرَامِ آثْرِين آثْرَمَن آثْرَمَن		اسْتَكْبَرُوْا
•	,	,	ٱكْرَمَنِ	, , ,	اسْتِكْبَاداً
•	•	,	آگرَمَهٔ	, , ,	أنحبر
	ر	1	آخرَ هُنَدَا	, , ,	أكآبر
,	,	,	أنزِ،	ك ت ب	آکَابِرَ مَسَأَ کُتُبُهَا
,	,		آ\$ آه		اكْنُتُ
,	,	,	ٳػ۫ۯؘٳڡؠۣڽٞ	, , ,	ةَ كُنَّبُنا <u>َ</u>
ب	س	1	إِكْرَامِينَ اكْنَسَبَ الْمُنْسَبَ		فَا خُدُهُ هُ
	•	,	اكْنَسَتْ	, , ,	اكْتَنَبَا
٧. ,	•		اكْتَسَبْنَ	اكثر	أَكْثَرُثَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ك ى د	أيث	ك س ب	اكْنَسَبُواْ
ك ى ل	ا خُستَالُواْ	ك س و	وَ الْحُمُوهُمُ *
ك ى ن	اسْتَكَانُوْا	ك ش ف	ا کینٹ
ل ب ب	ٱلْأَلْبَابِ	ك ف ر	اڭفُرْ
ال ح د .	مايلحاًد	, , ,	ا گفروا ا گفروا
ل ح ف	إلْمَافا	ك ف ل	أتخفينيا
الحق	آخُفَتُمُ آخُفَتُا	ك ل م	أُكَلِّمَ
, , ,	أغمقنا	كمل	أُكُلِّمَ آكُلْتُ
, , ,	اَلْمِنْنِ	ك م م	الإكام
لدد	اَلَدُ	ك م .	الأثحة
ل د م	<b>أَذِ مَنْـا</b> هُ	ك ن ن	أكِنَّة
, , ,	أَلْزَمَهُمْ	, , ,	أنحنانا
., , ,	أَنْلُوْمُكُمُوْهِا	, , ,	أنحنث
נ פ נ	العهم	ك و ب	أنَوَاتٍ
ل غ و	الْغَوَّا	ك و د	أكأد
ادنن	الْنَفَتْ	ك و ن	逌
, , ,	ألفآفا		أَكُنُ
ل ف ی	أَلْفُوا	, , ,	ٱكُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ل ق ي	أَلِثْبَاهُ	ل ف ی	ألفيآ
ل م س	الْتَيسُوْا مَا لَمْنَهَا أَلْمَاكُمْ مَدْدُور		أَلَفُيْنَا
ل م م	مَا لَمْهَا	ل ق ب	الْآلْقاب
ل د و	أَلْمَاكُمُ	ل ق ط	فالتقعك
ل و ح	الْآلُواحَ اَلُوْانُ	ل ق م	التقت
ل و ن	ٱلَوْاَنُ	ل ق ي	التي ا
, , ,	اَلُوْاَنِكُمْ ۗ		ألقاء
ل ی س		, , ,	ألقاما
, , ,	آلِئنَ آوَلَئِنَ	, , ,	أَلْقَتُ
ل ی ن	أَنَا		أَلْقَوُّا
م ت ع	أمَنْعُكُنَّ	, , ,	أُلِقِيتَ
, , ,	اسْتَمْتَعَ	, , ,	اَلْقُبَتْ
	استمتعتم	. , ,	اَلْقِهَا
, , ,	فَأَسْتَمْتُعُوا		آلَفْيَ
, , ,	أَمَّعُكُمُ مُ آمُنْلَهُمُ		فَأَلِقِتْ مِ
ام ت ل	أَمْلَهُمُ		مَالَقِبْ الْنَقَ
, , ,	ٱلْأَشَالُ		الْتَقَتَ
ا م ح ن	امْتَحَنَ	. , ,	الْتَعَبِّمُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
م ش ج	أنفاج	ا ع د	اه َ بِهِ وَيَّ امْنَجِنُوهُنَّ
م ش ی	امْشُوْا	٦	آمَـدُمُ
م مض ی	أَمْضِيَ	, , ,	أَمَدَدُنَاكُمْ
1 1 1	امضوا		آمِ ۾ . آمِيدُونَنِ
م ط ر	أَمْعَلَوْ نَا	م د ا	7:21
, , ,	فَأَمْطِوْ	, , ,	اخرو
, , ,	أُمْطِرَتْ		امْرِی ۗ
م ع ی	أمكامكم		اخرَآة
م ك ت	المكتؤا	, , ,	امْرَآيِن
م ل ا	امْتَلَا <sup>ع</sup> تِ	, , ,	امْرَأَ نَانِ
م ل ق	إِمْلاَقٍ		امْرَأَتَيْنِ
م ل ك	أثملك	ام د د	أترا
م ل و	أمكن	ا م س ح	المستحوا
	أمكيت	م س ك	أمُسَكَ
ئ ن ر	فأمنن	, , ,	آمُشكَنَ
م ن ی	أمَّنِيَّنِهٖ	. , ,	فأشيكوكمنا
	آمَانِة	. , ,	إمْسَاكُ
	أَمَانِّبُكُمُ ۗ	, , ,	أنتئيك

	Root		Word	Root	Word
ت	ب	ن	اَنْبَكُمُ	م م ل	اَمْيِلْهُمْ
š	ب	ن	<b>اَنِ</b> نْ	م و ت	أَمْوُ تُ
•	,	,	انُلَبَدَتْ		أماَتَ
ر	ث	ن	انْتَشَرَتْ		آمَاتَهُ *
و ا	ج	ان	أنجأنا	, , ,	أمتثآ
,	Ţ	,	ٱغْمَاكُمْ		أيبث
	,		أنجيتنا		َ. أَمُّواتً
•	,		أنجننا	م و ل	الْآمُوالِيُّ
ر	7	ن	آنجاکم آنجاکم آنجینشا آنجینشا آنجینشا و آنجز	امی ز	امْتَأَدُّوْ ا
د	د	ن	أَذْاَدا	ان ب ۱	أنتبكم
,	,	,	ٱنْدِدُ	, , ,	أنبأك
•	,	,	آنْدُرُ نَكُمُ	, , ,	أنيهم
,	,		ٱنْدَرْنَاكُمْ *	, , ,	ٱنْبِيُّوْنِ
,	,	,	اَنْدِرُوْا اَنْدِرُوْا		آنبكه
J	j	ان	ٲؘڹ۠ڔۣڷ	, , ,	
٠,	•		أَزْلَكُ	, , ,	ٱنْبَالِكُمُ* الْآنْبِيَاءُ
,			أَنْوَلْنَا	ن ب ت	أنْبَتْ
,	,	,	ٲڒؙؚ۫ڵؽۣ		أنبثنا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن ص ر	انْصُرْنِيْ	ن س ب	أنْساَبَ
	انصروا	ن س ی	اَنْسُوكُمْ ۗ
	آنسار ا	, , ,	آنساَبته
, , ,	أنمادي	, , ,	كأنساة
, , ,	انتعير	ن ش ا	آنياً
	انْتَصَرُوْا	, , ,	أنفأتم
, , ,	استنصره		آنصأنا
, , ,	فأنتقِرْ	, , ,	آنفأناه
, , ,	اسْتَنْصَرُوكُمْ	, , ,	أنشأ مامناً
ن ط ق	أنْطَقَ	, , ,	إنْفَاءً
, , ,	أنطقنا	ن ش ر	أنشرنا
ن ظ ر	أغلر	, , ,	أنشرَه
, , ,	انْظُرْنا	, , ,	فأنتنيروا
, , ,	انظروا انظروا	ا نش ز	ه مع. انشزوا
	أنظرونا	ن ص ب	الْآنْسَابُ
, , ,	فأنظرى	ن س ت	أنعيتوا
, , ,	انتظِرْ	ن ص ح	
, , ,	اتْتَفِلْرُوْا	ن س د	آئمَتُ انْعُرْنَا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن ق ص	اقص انقص	د ع م	أنْمَ
ن ق مض	أَنْفَضَ		أنست
ن ق م	اثْتَفَمَنّا	, , ,	أنعننا
. , ,	انتقاَع	, , ,	الْأَنْمَامُ
ن ك ث	اُنگانا	ان ف خ	
ن ك ح	فَاثْكِحُوْا	, , ,	قَائَفْخ مرره انفخوا
, , ,	مَانگِدو هن مَانگِدو هن	ن ف ذ	فَأَنْفُذُوا
, , ,	أنكِعَكَ	ان ف <i>ن</i> ر	انْفِرُوْا
, , ,	أَنْكِحُوْا	ان ف س	الآنفس
ن ك ر	أثكر	, , ,	أنفسنا
ن ك ف	اسْتَنْكَفُوْا	, , ,	آ خسیم آ خسیم
ن ك ل	<b>ฆ</b> ี่เง้ำ	ن ن ن	أَنْفُقَ
ن م ل	الآتامِلَ	, , ,	أنفقت
ن م ر	أنبادا	, , ,	أنفقتم
ن می	اَيْهَا كُمْ	, , ,	آمده آخفوا
, , ,	K	, , ,	الْإِنْفَاقِ
, , ,	أنبأأ	ن ف ل	ٱلْأَثْنَالِ
, , ,	فَأَنْهَىٰ	ن ق ذ	اَنْعَدَكُمُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ه د ی	الْمُنْدَبْكُ	ن می	انتهؤا
, , ,	اهْسَدَيْمْ	ن و ب	آنآبَ
1 3 .	اشتهز نوا		أنآبوا
, , ,	اشْيَهُ زِيَ	, , ,	أنَــثنا
۰ د د	اهْتَزَتْ		أينب
ا میں ش	آهش آهش		اَینیبُوا اهْبِطُ اهْبِطُوْا
۵ ا د	أهْلَكَ	ه ب ط	امْبِطْ
, , ,	أخكت	., , ,	اهْبطُوْا
, , ,	أهْلَكْنَا	ه ج ر	فأهجر
, , ,	أَمْلَكِنَى	, , ,	وَ اهْجُرُ فِيْ
, , ,	أُكْلِكُوْا	, , ,	وَاهْجُرُ وْهُنَّ
33.	آمِلًا	ه د ي	آمْدِكَ
, , ,	ٱلْآمِلَةِ	, , ,	آمْدِبَكَ
ه و د	فَأَشْهَادَ	, , ,	اَمْدِ <sup>°</sup> بِكُ
ه و ن	آهُونُ آهُونُ	, , ,	احْدِنا
, , ,	آهَانَنْ	, , ,	فآهدوهم
ه و ی	أغواة	, , ,	اهتدای
, , ,	آهوی	, , ,	اهْتَدُوْا

Root	Word	Root	Word
و ز ر	أَوْزَارَهَا / أ	ه و ی	ا مَرِّهِ فِهِ اسْهُوَ نَهُ
ر زع	ٲؘۮ۫ڹۣڠؽ	و ب ر	أَوْ بَادِهَا
و س ط	أوسط	و ت د	الآو تَادِ
ر س ق	اتَّسَقَ	ر ث ن	اْلَاَوْ ثَانِ
و ص ی	وَ أَوْصَافِيْ	و ج د	أَجِدُ
وعظ	أَوُّ عَظْبَ	ر ج س	أَوْجَسَ
, , ,	أعِظُكُ	و ج ف	آو جفيم أو جفيم
رع ی	فَأَدْعَى ا	ر ح ی	أُدْجِيَ
, , ,	بِأَدْعِينِيمْ	, , ,	أَوْحَبْتُ
و ف ي	اَرُق		أَوْحَيْنَا
, , ,	أُوْفِ	و د ي	أَوْدِيَةً ۗ
	أَوْفُوا	ا ر د ث	أَوْرَانِكُمْ
و ق د	أَوْقَدُوا		أَوَّرَ ثَنْتَا
. , ,	مَأَوْفِدُ	, , ,	أَوْدِ ثُنْمُوْ هَا
	اسْتَوْقَدَ		أُدُدِ ثُوا
و ق ی	اتق	و ر د	فَأُورَدُهُمْ
, , ,	اتغوا	و ر ی	مَا <b>ُ</b> وَادِيَ
	ع مير اتفيين	ر د ر	أَدْزَارِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ی س ر	استيشر	و ق ی	اتق
ی ق ظ	أيْقاظا	, , ,	اتَّقِ اتَّقُونِ
ى ق ن	وَ اسْتَبْقَنَهُا	, , ,	اتَّقَيْنَ
ی م ن	الأمان	, , ,	الْآثَوْن
, , ,	أيمآمن	, , ,	أنفائم
, , ,		و ك ا	اَنَوَ كَا
ی و م	الْآَئِمَةِ آبَامُ	ر ل د	الآرلائة
		و ل ي	أذلا
•	*		<b>اْلَاوْل</b> ِبَانِ
			أُوْلِيَاهُ
	- '	, , ,	أَوْلِبَالِكُمُّ أَدُّمَنَ
		و م ن	أَوْمَنَ
The second second	B	ی ا س	اسُنَّياًسَ
		, , ,	اسْتُباً سُوا
¥		ی د ی	أبشد
			اَیْدِیْ اَیْدِیْهِمَا
	15		أينيها
0		, , ,	أَنْدُيْهِنَّ

الت اه



Root	Word	Root	Word
ا د ی	ا گُوُدُوا	۱ ب ی	<b>تأ</b> بل
ا ذ ي	مۇ ئۇدۇا	ا ت ی	مَأْتِهُ / كَأْنِيكُمُ *
	ير. م. تؤذُو نِي	, , ,	تَأْتِنَا / نَاْنِيْنِمْ
۱ ر ر	تَوْذُ(مُ)		تأثوا
ا س د	تَأْمِيرُوْنَ		ە. مەرى ئۇ ئون
ا س ی	تأسّوا	[	تَأْثُونَ/تَأْثُو ثَنَا
	تَأْسَ َ	, , ,	مُؤْتِنِ <i>ا</i> تَأْتِيمٌ
ا ف ك	مَوْ مُكُونَ	ا ث م	تأنيم
, , ,	تأنِكَلِنا)	, , ,	تأنيأ
1 1 1	تَأْكُلُونَ	ا ج ر	كَأَجُرُ (نِنْ)
, , ,	تأكأن	ا خ ذ	<b>ئ</b> ۇَا <u>خ</u> ِدْ
, , ,	مَا كُلُوا	, , ,	تَأْخُذُوْا
الرم	تَأْلَمُونَ	, , ,	<i>ٱ</i> ڂٛۮ
ا م ر	تأثرة	, , , , ,	<b>تَأْخُذُ</b> وْنَ
, , ,	تَأْمُرُونَ	, , ,	تَنْخِذُ
, , ,	تَأْمَرِينَ	, , ,	تَنَجِيدُ وُا
, , ,	وُزَ	, , ,	تَتَّخِذُونَ
, , ,	م. تۇمرۇن	ا خ ر	نَسْتَأْخِرُونَ نَسْتَأْخِرُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ب د ل	تَسْتَبْدِلُوْنَ تَسْتَبْدِلُوْنَ	ا م د	تأمَنَّا
ب ذ ر	م بَسَدِّر	, , ,	تَأْمَدُ ( ١٠ )
, , ,	<b>بَ</b> نْذِبْرا	. , ,	<b>ئۇ</b> مِنْ
ب د و	تبندوا	. , ,	<b>ئۆ</b> مِئْوا
, , ,	مُبُدُوْنَ/مَا	, , ,	م. م. تۇمىنون
, , ,	أبثد	ا ن س	تَسْتَأْنِسُوا
ب ر ۰	بُسْدَ بُبْرِی بُبْرِی	ا و ی	تُوْدِيْ اتُوْدِيْهِ
, , ,	نَبَرَثاً / نَبَرَاْ أَ	1 . 6	تَأْدِ بُلُ
, , ,	تَبِرُّ أَوْا	, , ,	نَأْدِ بُلاً
برك	تَبَارَكَ	ا ب ا س	بَ بَبْتَصُ
ا ب س ط	تَبْسُطُ (مَا)	ب ش ر	مُبَاشِرُ وُهُنَّ
ا ب س ل	أبشك	ب ت ل	تَبَتَّلُ/تَبْنيْلاً
ب س م	تَبَسَمَ	ب خ س	مَنْ مُنْ مُنْ الْبَاحْمُدُوا مَنْ مُنْ مُنْ الْبَاحْمُدُوا
ٰ ب من ر	تَبْعِيرَةً	ب خ ل	تَبُخَلُوا
بغی	تَبْغِينُ ا تَبْغ	ب د ل	تَبَدَّلَ
, , ,	بَهُونَ		تَبَسُدِيْلَ
	تَبْنَغُو ا/تَبْغُو	, , ,	تَسْدِ بُلاً
ب ق ء	ىر. نېق	, , ,	تَتَدَّلُواْ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ت بع	تَبَيْمُونا	ب ل ی	مُن <b>ب</b> لاً
, , ,	التَّابِميْنَ	ب ن ی	تَـبْنُونَ
, , ,	آييْها	ب و .	بر تبوی
ت ج ر	التَّامِيْنَ نَيْمِا نِجَارَةً	. , , ,	<b>نَبُوُ</b> وُّا
ا ت ر <b>ب</b>	مُرَابٌ	ب ر ا	تبوموا
, , ,	رُّرَابُ التَّرَامِبِ	ب ی ع	تَبَايَعْتُمْ
ات ریق	التَّرَاقِ	ب ل و	تَبْلُوُ ۚ
ا ت ر ك	مُتَرَكُوا	بی ن	بَلُو بَيْنَ
, , ,	تُتْرَكُونَ		بَيْنَتْ
, , ,	تَارِكُ	, , ,	<b>فَتَيْنَوُ</b> ا
, , ,	نَادِ كُوْآلِلْيَنا	, , , ,	تَسْتَبِيْنَ
	نَادِكِيْ وه		
, , ,	تَثْرُكُ	י יי כ	تَبْيرًا
ت ل ل	<b>Æ</b>	ت بع	تنبعها
ت ل ر	تكاهما	, , ,	تَبَّعَ
, , ,		, , ,	نَتَّبِعاَنٌّ
, , ,	تنلؤ مجليت تنمل	. , ,	نِبْيَانا تَشْيَعُا تَشِيعَ تَشِيعَانٌ تَشْيعَانٌ تَشْيعَنِ
, , ,	يَيْل	, , ,	ئى ئىچىۋا/ن

Root	Word	Root	Word
ج ذ ی	م بجزون	.ت ل و	يَلاَدَةُ
ج س س	وَلاَتِحَتَّمُوا	,, ,	التاليات
1 8 8	تَجَعْلَ *	ت ۱۱	ء عث
, , ,	تَجْعَلُوا		تماما
	تَعْمَلُونَ	ت و ر	تارة
ا ج ف ا	تَنَجَاف	<u>ٿ</u> ب ت	تغيينا
ج ل ا	تجمكي	ٹ ر ب	نَهْرِ بْبَ
513	مجمعوا	ث ق ف	مِيَّةَ . تىققىهم
ج ن ب	تجنيبوا	ث و ر	يو. ييپر
ج ٠ د	بُحَاَمِدُونَ	ج ا ر	تخآذوا
ج د ر	Sign Sign	, , ,	<b>جُأَرُو</b> نَ
, , ,	تجهووا	ج د ل	جُاَدِلُكَ
ج م ل	بَجُهُ آوُنَ	, , ,	بر بمآدِلُوا
ج ر ب	سَنجِيبُونَ	, , ,	عُادِلْ
ج د ع	تجوع	ج د ۱	ېم. بچر مون
ے ب ب	بَعِنَّ مِيدُ يُعِبُوا	ج ری	بَرِي
, , ,	أليجبون	, , ,	تَغْرِ بَآنِ
ح ب ر	ي.رون عمرون	ج ز ی	هر) بمزی

Root	Word	Root	Word
ح س س	بوچه بوه نحسومی	ع ب س	ده برد سومهما
, , ,	يَحِشَ	ح ب ط	Ĩ
, , ,	فتحتشوا	2 2 2	ع. جون
ا حین ن	مرم. تحينوا	ح د ث	<u>م</u> ث
	مِسْرِهِ محشرون	ح ذ ر	ر. رُونَ
	م. محصِنُونَ محصِنُونَ	ح ر ف	م. ئونَ
ح ص ن	تعينا	اع د د	3
	برد. د عصوه	ے د س	من
ح ص ی	مرره تحصوها	ح ر ك	غ
	تَعَاضُونَ	اح د م	,
ح ض ض	عَمْدُوا عَمْدُوا	, , ,	نوا
ا ع د ۱	غَمُّوْنَ غَمُّكُوْنَ	ح د ی	1,5
اح ل ق	علون عُلِقُوا	ح د ن	:
	عيو. عِلْ	, , ,	وا
J J E	بر برا بح <b>ل</b> ا		ِ وْنَ
, , ,	عَلَّةً	ے س ب	بُ
اح ، ل	تعملك	, , ,	نَّ
, , ,	تَعْمَلُهُ '	ح س د	.ُومَنَا

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ ر ج	يه وه وي غرِجوهن	ح م ل	م. رو تحملون
خ د د	أيخر		تحكينا
خ ر ص	عَرْصُونَ	ح ن ث	تَحْنَثْ
خ د ی	يخز ما	ح و ر	تَعَاوُرَكَا
	مُعْزِفِيْ	ح و ط	تجيط
, , ,	ي.ر. مخزون	. , ,	تيجيْطُوْا
اخس د	م. يخيرُوا	ح و ل	عَمْوِ بُلاً
, , ,	تخينو	ح ی د	يَ <b>ع</b> ِبْدُ
ا خشع	تخشع	ح ی ی	تَعْبُوْنَ
خ ش ی	تخشى		تُعْنِي
, , ,	بخشآه .		يَعَبَّ
, , ,	تخشوا		ت ۽ ڊو. يحبنهم
, , ,	يَخْشُونَ	خ ب ت	فَتُحْبِثَ
اخ ص م	وه <u>-</u> مختصمون	خ د ج	م. در و تخرج
	تخصفوا	, , ,	ت ورو بخر جوا
, , ,	تخاصم	, , ,	٠٠٥٠٠ مخرجون
ا خ من ع	يَخْصَعَنَ		تَسْتَخُرجُوْا
خ ط ب	بخاطبي		تَسْتَخْرِ جُوْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ ر ف	عُفَاقُوْنَ	خ ط ط	و ۾ مخطة
, , ,	تخآف	خ ط ف	تَخْطَفُهُ
, , ,	<b>غَنَّ</b>	خ ف ت	نخافِت
	عق غَوْبُغا غَوَّهِ	خ ن ن	فَيْنِيْفُ *
, , ,	مير. مخوّد	, , ,	نَسْنَخِفُونَهَا
خ و ن	يَوْ بُوا	خ ف ی	تخنی دو نخنوا
, , ,	مختآنون		
خ ی ر	يَنْيُرُونَ		بنام منفونَ
د خ ل	تَدْخُلُوا	خ ل د	عَلْدُونَ
, , ,	ي. تد <u>خ</u> و	خ د ط	عَالِعِلُومُ
د ر س	يەروە	خ ال ف	خَلِفٌ
ادرك	تُعُرِكَ	, , ,	غُنَلِفُونَ
, , ,	تُدْرِكُهُ	خ ل ق	میکون مخلق مبع ر
, , ,	تْدَادَكَهُ	, , ,	ظقون
دری	ئَمْرِكَ ئُمْرِكَ نَدَادَكَهُ نَدَادَكَهُ تَمْرِیْ	خ ل و	ظَنَّتْ
, , ,	تَكْرُوْنَ	خ و ف	عَآفُ
دع و	تَدْغَ		عَاَفَنَّ
, , ,	يەدر. تدعيم	, , ,	فأفوا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ذ ك ر	نَذَكُرُ	د ع و	تدعو
, , ,	نَذْكُرُوْا	, , ,	يدعوا
	فَسَنَدْكُرُ وْنَ	, , ,	بَدْعُونَ
, , ,	سَتَذْكُرُوْمِنَ	, , ,	تَدْعُوْنَكَ
, , ,	فَشُذَكِّرَ	, , ,	يَدْعُونِيْ
, , ,	ى <b>َذْكِيْ</b> رِىٰ	, , ,	تُدُعىٰ
, , ,	تَذْكِرَة	· , , ,	مُدْعَوْنَ
, , ,	تَذَكَرَ	, , ,	- يَدَّ مِن بَدْعُونَ
, , ,	نَذَكَرُ <b>و</b> ا	دلو	تُذَلُوا
	ؿ <i>ۮ</i> ٙڴۘۯؙۅ۠ڹٙ	, , ,	فَتَدَلُّ
. , ,	نَـنَذَكَّرُوْنَ	دمد	مرسية مكامر
اذلا	تُنِكُ	, , ,	تَدْمِيْرا
,	تَذْيْلاَ	د و ر	سوه و مگور
<b>ذه ب</b>	تَذْيِلا تَدْعَبَ	, , ,	مَدِيرُونَهَا تَكِينُرُونَهَا
, , ,	مَّذْهَبُوْا	دىن	تَعَايَنَمُ
, , ,	<b>تَذْهَبُو</b> ْنَ	ذ ب ح	مَذْجَعُوا
ذ م ل	تَذْعَلُ	د خ ر	لَّذَّخِرُونَ
ذ د د	مَذُودَانِ	ذ ر و	تَذُرُونُهُ

Root	Word .	Root	Word
ر ج ع	ين وه وي وجعوهن	. ذوق	تَذُوْقُوا
, , ,	يه-د رجع	ر ای	ŝ
, , ,	م وه ک بر جعون	, , ,	ترکی
ر ج ف	يَوَ مِنْ الْمِ وجف	, , ,	تراني
د ج ۲	م مرد رجمون	, , ,	قَثَرَاهُ
ر ج و	ټه د . و جو	, , ,	ترين
, , ,	يه مه ٠٠ ترجون	, , ,	تَرَوُا
, , ,	ت.و. مرجوها	, , ,	ترودن
, , ,	ر وجعی	, , ,	ريا
ادحم	تَرْ حَمْناً		بر. برين
, , ,	و حمی	, , ,	تراءتى
, , ,	ومحون	, , ,	<b>ئ</b> رَاحَتْ
	و د د	ر ب ص	پستاه چ وب <b>ص</b> سم
	۾ يه . تردون	, , ,	ر تعده تر بصون
, , ,	يَ <sub>°</sub> بَيُوا مُربَّدُوا	, , ,	تربقهوا
ر د ي	و دی	, , ,	تارچە د ويص
ر ز ق	َرُّذُق رُّذُق	ر ت ل	ڒۘٙؽؚ۬ڸٲ
, , ,	برزقانم	ادجع	ترجعونها

Root	Word	Root	Word
ر ك ن	تَرْكُنُوا .	ر مشع	تَسْرُ مِنْ مُوْا
ر م ی	رَّيِ	, , ,	فَسَرُّ ضِعُ
. , ,	وَ مِنْهِمْ	ر متس و	ت <sup>ە</sup> صنى
ا ر م ب	مرهبونَ	. , , ,	تَرْمَنَاهُ
ر ماق	تَرْعَفُهَا		<b>ر</b> َّمَنُوْا
	بُرْجِنْ <u>نِيْ</u>	,,,	<b>ر</b> ُّ مَنُوْنَ
ا د و ح	مَرِ يُعُونَ		تراَحَنُوا
ر د د	مُ دُنّ		مِّرَامَنْهُمُّ مُرَامَنْهُمُّ
. , ,		, , ,	تَرَاحِين
	ئْرِيْدُ ئُرِيْدُوْنَ ئُرِيْدُوْنَ	ر غ ب	ر غبون رغبون
	مُرَادِدُ	ر نفع	م. مُرْفَعَ
ری ب	تَرْ قَامِوْا	, , ,	مُرْفَعَ مُرْفَعُوا مُرفَعُوا
ادرع	تُزْدَعُونَ	ر ق ب	بر ترقب
ز ر ی	ڗٞ۠ۮٙڔؽ	ر ق و	التَّرَاقِ
دع م	تَ <sup>و</sup> ُحُوْنَ	ر ق ی	تُرقىٰ
ز ك و	مُزَكُوْا	ر ك ب	<b>ڗ۫ػؚٷ</b> ؙڹؘ
	يُزِكِينِهُ	ر 2 من	رَّ كُفُوا
ر ل ل	ِ فَتَزِلَّا	ر ك ن	توگر

POOTS OF WORDS

Root	Word	Root	Word
س ب ح	ئنځ	ز م ق	َزُ <b>م</b> َقَ
	ئىسىمۇن ئىسىمۇن		ئزودوا
	تشيخة		تَوَاوَدُ
س ب ق	تشيق	ز و ل	<b>.</b>
<b>י</b> ט יי נ	ئ <sup>ى</sup> تىزۇدْنَ	زی د	نَرِد
س ج د	تَسُجُدَ		ڒۣ <b>۫</b> ؽڵڎؘڹؘٷ
, , ,	تشجدوا		ِّرْدَادُ ئَرْدَادُ
اس ح د	مه روه تسخرون	د ی غ	ُزِغ بَرِغ
س خ د	تَسْخَرُوْا	ز ی ل	رَالُ
, , ,	تَسْخَرُوْنَ	, , ,	َزَيَّلُو <sup>ُ</sup> ا
س د ح	نَسْرَحُونَ	س ۱ ل	تَشَالُنَّ
, , ,	تَنْرِجٌ ثَيْرُ ثَيْرُوْنَ ثَيْرُوْنَ		مَشَأَ ثِن مَشَأَكُوا
اس ر ر	ئيرُ		تشآؤا
, , ,	ئيترونَ	., , ,	سُنَالُ
س ر ف	تشرِ فُوْا تشعٰی	, , ,	تُشَاَّلُونَ
س ع ی	تشلي	, , ,	ىَسَامَلُوْنَ
س ف ك	تَسْفِكُونَ	٠ ٠	تَنْأَمُوا
س قط	تشفعا	س ب ب	تَسبُوا تَسبُوا

Root	Word	Root	Word
س و ی	ور ا سوی	س ق ط	نُساَفِطْ
	تَسْنَوِيْ	س ق ی	نَسْفِيْ
س ی ر	نَييْن	س ك ن	تَشَكُّنُونَ
ش ب ه	تشآبة	, , ,	<b>ئ</b> شگن
	تشابهت	س ل م	تُسَلِّوُا
ا ش خ مس	تَشْخَصُ		تشينيا
ش ر ب	تَشْرَبُونَ		<b>تُسْلِ</b> وُنَ
شرك	تُغْرِك	س م ع	تشتغ
	تُفرِكُوا	, , ,	ئىسىمۇرا ئىسىمۇرا
	تُشْرِكُونَ	, , ,	-، - م تسمعون
أشطط	تُشْعِلِطُ	, , ,	تَسْتَيِعُونَ
أشع د	تَشْعُرُونَ	س م و	م- ل تسعی
ش ق ق	تَنْفَقَ		تشيتة
, , ,	تَشَقَّقُ	س ن م	تشنغ
, , ,	تُشَاقُونَ	س و ۰	سَنَّرُكُمُ تَسُوْكُمُ
ش ك ر	تَفَكُرُوا	س و د	تَسَوَّدُ
	تَفْكُرُوْنَ	س و ر	تَسَوَّرُوا
ش ك و	تفنك	س و م	ئىنىمۇن ئىسىمۇن

Root	Word	Root	Word
ص د ق	تُصَدِّقُونَ	ش م ت	تفيث
, , ,	تَصَدَّقَ	ش م د	تشهد
, , ,	تَصَدَّقُوا	, , ,	تَشْهَدُوْنَ
ص د ی	تَصَدَي	ش ه و	تَشْيَىٰ
, , ,	تمنية	, , ,	تفتينو
ص رف	تمفرن	ش ی ء	تفاة
, , ,	تُصرَفُونَ	, , ,	تَشَاقُوْنَ
, , ,	تغربي	ش ی ع	تَفِيْعَ
صعد	يُصْمِدُونَ	ص ب ح	تَفِيْعَ مُعْنِحَ مُعْنِحُونَ مُعْنِحُونَ
س ع ر	تُعَمَّرُ	, , ,	تُصْبِحُونَ
ا ص ف ح	تَصْفَحُوْا	, , ,	فَتُصْبِحُوا
ص ل ح	تغلينوا	ص ب ر	فَصَّبِحُوّا تَعْبِرُ تَعْبِرُوْا
ً من ل و	تَمَلَّ	, , ,	تَصْبِرُ وَا
ص ن ع	تَصْنَعُونَ	, , ,	ئ <b>َصْبِرُ</b> وْنَ
ص و ب	نَمِبْكَ	ص ح ب	تَصَاحِبْنِي
	تعيبهم	ص د د	تَصُدُّونَ تَصُدُّونَ
	تُعِيْبَنَا		نَصُدُّوْناً
, , ,	تعيين	ص د ق	نَصْدِ بْقَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
لالع	فَلْلُعُ	ص و ب	تعيببوا
, ,	تَطَّلِغُ	ص و م	يم. تصوموا
ط م ن	تَطْيِئْنَ	ص ی د	تَمِيْرُ
ط <b>د</b> ر	تَعْلَمُ تَطْلِمُ تَطْمِدُا تَطْمِدُا	ض ح ك	تَمَنْحَكُوْنَ
	تَعَلَّمُونَ	مضح و	تَمَنَّحَىٰ
	تعليزه	من ر ب	تَصْرِبُوْا
لارع	تىلغ تىلىنىماً	متض ر ز	روقی، تضرونه
, ,	تملينها	, , ,	تُعْنَازً
	تُولِيْتُوا	, , ,	ر _ ي. ري. تعنادو هن
• • •	تَطِبْنُونَ	ا من دع	تَضَرُّعاً
	تَطَوَّعَ	, , ,	تَعَنَّرًا عُوْا
	تشتطيع	مثس ل ل	
, , ,	تشقيلغ	., , ,	َيْنِيْ تَضَلَّ
, , ,	تشيطغ	, , ,	تَعْلِيْلِ تَعِيلًا تَعِيلُوا
	تَسْتَعِلِمُوا	طرد	تَطُرُدُ
, , ,	تَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ	· , , ,	فَتَعَلُّو دَحُمْ
ط و ل	فَتَعَلَاوَلَ	طعم	م مُعْلِيمُونَ مُعْلِيمُونَ
طی ر	تَطَيَّرُنَا	طغ وای	تطُفَوْا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ج ل	تنجل	ظلم	تمظلم
, , ,	تعجل	, , ,	تَغْلِلُوْنَ
	تستغيل	, , ,	
, , ,	تَسْتَعْجِلُوْنَ	اظم .	تَطْلِئُوا تَطْلَمَا ۗ
, , ,	تَسْتَعْجِلُوهُ	ظنن	تَعْلُنُ
ع د د	تَعَدُّونَ	. , , ,	تَظُنُوْنَ
	تعلوا	ظمر	تَظَاَّحَرُوْنَ
. , ,	تَعْتَدُوْمَا		تُغلْيِرُوْنَ
ع د ل	تغدك	, , ,	َ تَطْلَاهَرَا
	تشدكوا	ع ب ٹ	تَعَبُّونَ
ع د و	تَمْدُ	ع ب د	م. تعبد
, , ,	تغندوها		تَعْبُدُوْنَ
	تعدوا		تَعْبُدُوْا
	تَعْتَدُوا	ع ب ر	تَعْبِرُونَ تَعْبِرُونَ
ع ذ ب	تُمَدُّبَ	ع ت ا	تَعْفَوْا
	مِــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	ع ج ب	تَعْجَبْ
عذر	تَمْتَذِرُوْا	, , ,	- مرور معجبون
ع د ج	- در م تعریج	, , ,	تُمْجِبْكَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ل م	تَعْلَوُنَ	ع ر ض	تُمْرِ مَنْ
, , ,	تَعْلَوُا		مِعْرَضُوْنَ مُعْرَضُوْنَ
, , ,	<b>مُسَتَعْلَقُ</b> نَ	, , ,	م. معرِ صَنَّنَ
, , ,	المتكلي	, , ,	تغرِّمتُوْا
, , ,	مُرِّدُةٍ مِن تُعَلِّدُوْمِن	ع ز ف	تَغْرِثُ
اع لا ن	تغليون	, , ,	فَتَعَرِ فُوْلَهَا
ع ل و ای	تَعْ <b>لُ</b> وُا	, , ,	تَعْرِفُهُمْ
, , ,	تَعَالَوُا	ع د ر	مرد . مُؤْدُوهُ
, , ,	فَتَعَالَيْنَ	ع د د	ر ئىز
, , ,	تمالى	عدم	تغزموا
ع ۱ د	تَعَمَّدَتْ	ع س ر	تعامنزنم
ع م ل	تغتل	ع مئس ل	؞ <i>۾ ۾ وڃ</i> تعضلو هن
, , ,	تغمكون	عطو	<u>ف</u> َتَمَاطل
اع و د	تَعُودُوا	ع د د	يَّــعُ التَّعَفُفِ
, , ,	تَعُوْدُوْنَ	ع ف ر	تعفوا
اع ر د	تَعُوْلُوْا	ع ق ل	ن <b>ڡٚؿڵ</b> ٷڹؘ
ع د ن	تَعَاوَنُوْا	ع ل م	تعُلَمُ
غ ب ن	التّغَابُنِ	, , ,	ن <b>مْ</b> لَمْهُمَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
غ ی ظ	تَغَيْظاً	غ ر ب	تَغْرُبُ
ف ت ۱	تَفْتَوُا	غ ر د	نَغُوَّنَّكُ
ف ت ح	تُفَتَّحُ	غ س ل	نَغْشَيلُوْا
, , ,	تشتفيخوا	غ ش ی	تَغَشَّاعَا
ف ت ی	تَسْتَفْتِ	, , ,	تَغشى
, , ,	تَسْتَفْنِياَنِ	غ ف ر	كغفيز
اف ج ر	تَفْجِيْرا	, , ,	تَغْفِرُ وْا
, , ,	تُفَجِّرَ		تَسْتَغْفِرْ
اف خ ر	تَفَاخَرُ	, , ,	تَسْتَغَفِيرُ وْنَ
ف د ی	تُفَادُو هُمَّ	غ ف ل	<b>ى</b> َغْفُلُوْنَ
ف رح	تَفْرَخ	غ ل ب	تَغْلِبُونَ
, , ,	تغرئوا	, , ,	سَيَّغُلَبُونَ
, , ,	نَفْرَ حُوْنَ	غ ل و	تَغُلُوا
ا ف ر ر	تَفِرُّوْنَ	غ م ض	تُغْيِطُوْا
ف ر مش	تَفْرِ مُنُوا	غ ن ی	تَغْنَ
اف رق	تَفَرَّقَ	, , ,	مُوْ
, , ,	تَفَرَّ قُوْا .	غ و ث	نَسْ <u>نَغِيْثُ</u> وْنَ
, , ,	تَنَفَرُ قُوْا	غ ی ض	تَيْفِيضُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن ل ح	تُغَلِعُوا	ف ری	م غارون
, , ,	تُغْلِحُونَ	, , ,	تَفَرُّوا
اف ن د	تُفَنَّدُونَ	ف س ح	تغشخوا
أ ف و ت	تَفَاوُتِ	ف س د	تغييدوا
ن ر ر	تَفُورُ	ف س ق	مَّ مِعْمِ نَ تَفْسَقُونَ
ا ف ی ء	100	ف مس ل	تغييل
اف ی من	<u>تَف</u> يْعَنُ	, , ,	تقيبلا
	فَيْصُونَ	ف ض ح	ئ <b>ۇمنىڭ</b> ون
ق ب ل	تُغْلِلَ	ف متس ل	تفيئلا
	عَمْبَلُوا ﴿	ن ع ل	نفعل
ق ت ل	تنكئ	. , ,	نَفْعَلُوْا نَفْعَلُوْا
, , ,	تَقْتُلُوا		نَ <b>مُعَلُّ</b> ونَ
, , ,	مَ <b>عُمُّو</b> ُنْ تَقْتُلُونُ	اف ق د	نَفَقَدُ
, , ,	مُعَا عِلْوَ مِم		<b>ؿؘڡ۫ؿؚۮ</b> ۅ۫ۮؘ
, , ,	متقايلوا	ف ن ،	تَفْقَهُوْنَ
, , ,	تغينلا	ف ك ر	تَفَكُّرُوا
, , ,	متكايلة	, , ,	<i>تَعَكِّرُ و</i> ْنَ
	مُمَّائِلُونَ	ف ك .	م. نَفَكُمُونَ

Root	. Word	Root	Word
ق طع	تَقْطَعُونَ	ق د ر	تَقْدِرُوْا
. , ,	تَقَطُّوا	, , ,	تغيير
, , ,	تَفَطَّعَ	ق د م	<b>غَذَم</b> َ
, , ,	تَفَطَّتَ	'a, , 'a	تَفَدُّمُوا
ق ع د	تنند		تَسْتَغْدِمُوْنَ
, , ,	مَووه تقعدوا	ق ر ب	مَثْرَ بِا
ڙي ڏٺ و	مَثْثُ *	, , ,	مَعْرَ بُوْا مَعْرَ بُوْا
ق ل پ	مُعْلَبُونَ	, , ,	عربون مربون
, , ,	مُقَلَّبُ	. , , ,	یه رو در در نفر بو هن
, , ,	تَتَفَلَّبُ	ق ر د	غر غر
, , ,	تنقلِبُوا	ق س ط	تفسيطوا
ق ن ط	تَفْنَعُلُوْا	ق س م	تغيينوا
ق ۵ ر	تفير	, , ,	تَعَاسَمُوا
ق و ل	تَقُلُ	, , ,	تستقيموا
, , ,	نَقُولُ اللهِ	قشع ر	تَفْقِيرُ
, , ,	تَقُوْلَنَّ	ق مس ر	تەمۇرۇا ئەسروا
, , ,	تَقُولُوا ا	ق ص ص	ية در ه تقصص
, , ,	تَقُولُونَ	ق مض ی	تقفینی

Root	Word	Root .	Word
ك ر ه	'ئِيْرِ '	ق و م	۔ م تقم
ك س ب	کُکُوهُ تَکْسِبُوْنَ تَکُفُرُهُ تَکْفُرُهُ تَکْفُرُهُ تَکْفُرُهُ	, , ,	تقوم
, , ,	- تَكْسِبُوْنَ	, , ,	تَقُومُوا
ا <u>ك</u> ف ر	تَكْفُرُ *	, , ,	مرور تغيينوا
, , ,	ئىگەرۇا ئىگەرۇا		نَغُوِیْم نَسَنَگِیرً نَسْنَگِیرُوْنَ
, , ,	مَعْدُونَ مَكْفُرُونَ	ك ب ر	تَنَكَبرَ
ا د د ن	مُكَلَّتُ		نَشْنَكُبرُ وْنَ
ا د د م	مُكُلِّمُ *	, , ,	تكيرا
, , ,	متكلتنا	ك ت ب	تگیرا تکنیُزهٔ
, , ,	المُلِينَةُ ا	ك ت م	<b>تُكُنتُو</b> نَ
, , ,	الْمُكُمُّمُ الْمُكُلِّمُا الْمُكُلِّمُونِ الْمُكُلِّمُونِ الْمُكُلِّمُونِ الْمُكُلِّمُونِ		تگنموا
ك ن ر	تَكْيِدُونَ	, , ,	مَرْمِهِ . تَكُتُمُونَهُ
ك ن ن	تَكُنُ	ك ذ ب	ؖ <b>ٮؙڴ</b> ۮؚۼٷ۬ڽؘ
ك و ن	عُلَةً	, , ,	مُنكَدُّ مَان
, , ,	<b>ت</b> گُنْ	, , ,	مُتَكَذِّبُوا
, , ,	ئَكِيْنَ ئَكُنْ ئَكُمْنَ لَكُمْنَ لَكُمْنَ	, , ,	- تَكْذِيْبٍ
.,,,	تَكُوْنَا	ك ر م	مُنگذُ بُوُا - تَكْذِيْبٍ مُنگرِ مُوْنَ مُنگرِ مُوْنَ
, , ,	مَكُوْنَةً	ك ر ه	- تَكُرَ هُوْا

ROOTS OF WORDS

Root	Word	Root	Word
ل م ز	تَلْمِزُوْا	ك و ن	ر موم تگو نوا معدد
ل م و	تَلْمِذُوْدَ تُلْمِيمُ تُلْمِينِ تَلَوَثُونِ تَلُومُونِ		ككو نون
, , ,	تأييم	ا≙ و ی	منگوٰی مَلَبَقُوْا
	تَلَعَى	ل ب ٹ	تَلَبَقُوا
ل و م	تَلُومُونِيْ	ل ب س	تَلْسُونَمَا
ل و ي	تَلُووْا		عَلِّيسُوْا تَلَاثُ تَدَد
	تَلُوفُونَ	لذذ	<i>عَ</i> لَّدُ ۗ
ل ی ن		ل ظ ي	تَلْفَقُ تَلْفَحُ تَلْقَفُ
م ت ع	نَلِيْنُ مُنَّةً مُنعُونً مُنعُوا مُنعُوا مُنطَّةً مُنطَّةً مُنطَّةً	ل ف ح	تَلْفَحُ
	ءَ۔۔ مُنع	التاف	المُعْفُ اللهُ
	تسته	ل ق ي	تَلْقُوهُ *
ام ث ل	مَثَلَ		ئىلقۇن ئىلقى ئىلقى ئىللىق
, , ,	الْمَا أَمِيلُ	, , ,	مۇنى ئىل <u>ى</u> ق
ا د ح	5:49	, , ,	مَّدُور مُثلق
ا م د د	20.0		ثَلَقُوْنَهُ
, , ,	ترم تمری مرکوون میآد میآد به موت	, , ,	تَطَقَأَمُ
ام ری	مُمَادِ		والقاء
, , ,	مِ عَارَوْنَ		التَّلاَقِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ا د د	بره عنوا ميو ميو منون منون منوا	م د ی	نتَاَدلی
, , ,	عَنُوا		عُمْرُ نُ
ا م ن ی	مبورَ	, , ,	عمرون
, , ,	مَنَوا	م س س	 عسية
, , ,	ي. عي	, , ,	نَسَتُمُ
	تتمنوا	, , ,	- ع. ورة عسو هن
, , ,	منون	م س ك	مینگوا
	يميندا	, , ,	بر مرويًا عُمِيكُو هُنَّ
ا م و ت	ء و ه عث	م س ی	مور. عسون
, , ,	يم ۾ نموت	م ش ی	• • عش
, , ,	يروچ عو تن	, , ,	٠٠ عَشِ وهونَ عَشُونَ
	يَّرِهُ عُوْ تُوْنَ	, , , ,	
ا م و د	مُؤْدَ	م ك ر	م مفی مکرون
ام ی د	يَّيْدَ	م ل ك	
ام ی د	تميز	, , ,	للينكؤذ
م ی ل	غَبْدَ مُبْرُدُ عَبْلُوْا	م ل ی	لْمِلِكُ الْمِنْ الْمُؤْرِدُ الْمُؤْرِدُ الْمُؤْرِدُ الْمُؤْرِدُ الْمُؤْرِدُ الْمُؤْرِدُ الْمُؤْرِدُ الْمُؤْرِدُ
ن ب ۱	ميعون تنبؤن	ا د ع	ين ميرو. پنځيم
י י כ	تَنْتُ	ام د د	ەم ئە:

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن س ی	تَشَ	ن ب ت	تنبيوا
, , ,	تنسى	ن <b>ب</b> ز	تَمَا يَزُوْا
, , ,	تَشُو	ن ج و	تَنْجِبُكُمْ
, , ,	تَنْسُونَ		تَنَاجَيْمُ
ن ش ر	تَتْنَقِيرُ وْنَ		تَنْنَاجَوْا
ان مس ر	تَنْصُرُوا		تَنَاجَوْا
, , ,	سبود ° و تنصروه	ن ح ت	تَنْجِنُونَ
, , ,	م.م.م. تنصرون	ن د ی	التَّادِ
, , ,	تَنَاصَرُوْنَ	, , ,	فَتَنَادَوْا
, , ,	تَنْتَصِرَانِ	ان ذ ر	<i>تَ</i> نُّذِرْ
ن ط ق	تَنْطِلْغُونَ	ن ز ع	تَنْزِعُ
ن ظ ر	تنظره	, , ,	تَنَازَعْتُمُ
, , ,	مستفامون	, , ,	تَنَازَعُوْا
ان ف خ	مَّرُون فَتَفْخ مُونِ	ن ر ل	نَنَزَّلَ
ن ف د	تَعْدَ	, , ,	تَغْذِيْلُ
ن ف ذ	ر همه تنفذوا	, , ,	تَنْزِيْلاً
, , ,	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	, , ,	تَنَوَّلَتْ
ان ن ر	تَيْفِرُوْا	, , ,	المَدَّلُ اللهُ

Roo	t	Word	Root	Word
, ,	,	تَبُرُمُا	ن ف س	تَنَفَّسَ
ه ی	ن	10.	ن ن ع	تَنْفَعُ تَنْفَعُكُمُ* تَنْفَعُهُمْ
, ,		آبهی آبوُنَ		تَفْعَكُمُ *
, ,	•	الله الله		ره روا تفعیم
, ,	•	تَنْهَوُا	ان ف ق	م. تنفِفوا
و ش	ن	التَّنَاوَشُ		وه م. تنفِقون
ی ل	ن	116	ن ق ذ	المُغَيِدُ اللهِ
, ,	•	تَاكُوا	ن ق ص	رود د. تنقص
ج د		فَهجَدُ		روم. تنقصوا
ج ر		موره مجرون	ن ق مش	روم. تنغمنوا
, ,	,	مهاجروا	ن ق م	تنفيم
د ی	•	مَدُوْا		َتَثْقِيمُ تَثْقِمُوْنَ
, ,	•	تَبْدِئ	ن ك ح	Table 1
• . •	•	تبتين		تَنْکِحُ تَنْکِحُوْا
, ,	,	بَيْنَدُونَ	, , ,	رفره و . تنکیحو هن
• •	•	مِنْدِيَ	ن ڪ ر	مُـُنْكِرُوْنَ مُـنْكِرُوْنَ
د ۱	٠	تَسْمَّزِ ثُوْنَ	ن ك ص	<b>تَكْمِمُ</b> وْنَ
, ,	•	37	ن ك ل	تنكيلا
<b>ل</b> ك	٨	التُلكَة	ان م ر	تهر

Root	Word	Root	Word
و من ذف	تَيِنُ	ه و ي	۵۰ / جوی
, , ,	تَصِفُونَ	و ت ر	سه ۱ مغری
و من ل	تعيل	و ج د	يَحِدُ
و من ی	قزيبتا	, , ,	تجردوا
, , ,	ئۇمۇن ئۇمۇن		سَتَجِدُونَ
, , ,	تَوَاصَوْا	, , ,	چَدُرْهُ چَدُرُهُ
و مضع	تَعَنَّعُ	ر ج ل	تَوْجَلْ
, , ,	تَعَنَّوُا	ر ج .	<b>وَجَّة</b>
, , ,	تَضَعُونَ	ر د د	بَرَة تود
اوطا	تفاؤها	, , ,	تُودُونَ
, , ,	تَطَثُومُ	و ذ ر	تَلِدُ
פ פ נ	تَمِدُنا		مُلَرُنَ
, , ,	ئۇ <u>ْ</u> ھِدُوْنَ	, , ,	تَذَيْن
, , ,	و اَعِدُوهِنَ	, , ,	<b>نَدُوْنَ</b>
, , ,	تَوَاعَدُهُمْ	و ر ث	يَرْ فُوا
وع ي	تَعِيَّا	و د ی	ئوار <u>َ</u> ٿ
ر ن ن	تَوْنِيْنا	, , ,	ۇرۇن ئۇرۇن
, , ,	تَوْفِيق	و ز ر	ئَزَدُ
ر ف ی	يُوْنَ	و س و س	وُسُوِسُ تُوسُوسُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ر ك ل	ئَو <b>َ</b> كُلْتُ	ر ن ی	م تُوَفَّ
, , ,	تَوَكَّلْنا		مِرِيَّةِ مِنْ تُوفُونُ
, , ,	تَوَيَّكُمْ		تَوَقَّامُ
, , ,	نَوَتَكُلُوا		وَوَقَتْهُ
ر ل ج	تُوجِهِ تُوكُوا نُوكُونَ		تُو َقَيْتِيْ»
و ل ی	الوكوا		تَتَوَمَّاهُمُ
	مُوَ <b>لُّ</b> وْنَ		تَوَقَّنَا
, , ,	تَوَكَّ		<b>ؖ</b> ٷٙڡؙؙۣڣ
, , ,	ئَوَلاً:	ر ق د	و قدون
	نَوَكُوا	اوق ر	برستام موفروه
> 1 - 1 - 1	تَوَكِّبُهُمُ	ر ق ع	المُفْعَ
, , ,	تَنَوَكُوا	و ت ی	
, , ,	نَوَلَ		قَقِ نَفِيْكُمُ*
و ن ی	تِيا		- عام تنفوا
ر د ن	تَبِيُوا		تتفون
ی ا س	تبآموا	, , ,	تقواحا
ی س د	تيستر	, , ,	تقاة
ی ق ن	م مر توقِيُونَ	, , ,	تَفِيّا
115	تيمنوا	ر اے د	توكيدها





Root	Word	Root	Word
ا د ی	يُؤَدِّ	۱ ب ی	َيَاْبَ يَاْ نَلِ يَاْنِي
أذن	بَأْذَذَ	ا و ل	يَأْ تَلِ
, , ,	يَشْتَأْذِنُ	ا ت ی	بُآتِي
, , ,	يَشْتَأْذِنُوْنَ		بَأْتِ
ا د ی	يُؤْذُونَ		يَأْتُونَ
, , ,	ؙؽؙۅ۠ۮؚؽ	, , ,	ؠٙٲ۫ڗؚؠؽ۫ڹؘ
ب ت ك	أَفْلَا ۗ بَيْنَكُنَّ	. , ,	بأتيانها
ا ف ك	يُؤْ فَكُونَ	, , ,	ٳؙڹڴ <i>ٵ</i> ڲؙٳؾڰؘ
1 4 1	بَاكُونُ		وْ تُوا
, , ,	بَأُكُلانِ	, , ,	ڙنِ ۽
, , ,	يَأْكُلْنَ	,·, ,	ۇقا
, , ,	بأكلوا	1 ث ر	وَ وَ و و اخذ
, , ,	يَاْ كُلُونَ	أخذ	
ا ۱ د د	مُؤَلِّفُ	, , ,	ِ اَخِذُ م
1 6 7	بَأَلْوَنَ	, , ,	؞ ڔڔ؞ ؙڂۮؙۅڹؘ
ا م د	يَأْمُرُونَ	ا خ ر	ا المحر
, , ,	يُؤْمَرُونَ	, , , ,	آ <u>خ</u> ر د
, , ,	يَا يَمُ وْنَ	, , ,	نَتَأْخِرُ <b>و</b> ْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
<b>ب</b> د و	يُدِيْنَ	ا م ن	يَأْمَنُ
ب س ط	يَبْتُطُ	, , ,	<b>بأ</b> منوا
, , ,	يَبْسُطُوْا	, , ,	يُؤْمِنُ
ب ش ر	يَبَشِّرُ	, , ,	يۇ مِنْوا
	عَبْنَيْثِرُ وْنَ	1 , 1	<b>ؠ</b> ٷ۫ڡؚڹٚۅٛڹٙ
ب مس ر	مُبَعَّرُونَ (مُحَ)	آ ن ی	يَ <b>ا</b> ْنِ
, , ,	يُفِرُ	ا ی د	مُوَيِّدُ
• • •	يُصِرُونَ	ب ح ٹ	يَبْعَثُ
ب ط ش	تبطش	ب خ س	يَبْخَسُ
, , ,	يَبْطِيشُونَ	, , ,	مُوْجَدُونَ يُبْخَسُونَ
ب ط ل	يُبطِلُ (سَيْبطِلُهُ)	ب خ ل	يَبْخَلُ
بع ث	يَبْعَثُ	, , ,	َ <b>بِبُغَلُو</b> ْنَ
	مُعَوَّنَ	ب د ل	يَبَدُّلُ
بغی	يَبْغُونَ		يُدِ(لَنا)
	بينيان	, , ,	يُدِلَ(اً)
	كبنتغ	, , ,	ؘ <b>ؠ</b> ٙڹٙڋۜٙڶؚ
	- بَيْنَغُوْنَ	· ب د و	يُبْدِ(ماً)
, , ,	بَنْغَيْ		و.و. پُدُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ت ب ع	اَبُعْهَا َ	ب ق ی	يَقْنَ ا
, , ,	بَبِّعْ	ب ك ي	ؘ <b>ؽ</b> ٚڴؙۅ۠۫ۮؘ
	َيَلَّبُعْ مِيْمِعُونَ مِيْمِعُونَ	ب ل غ	يَبْلُغَا / يبلغا
, , ,	َبَلَيْعُونَ	, , ,	يَبْلُغَنَ
ت ل و	يَتْلُوهُ [يَتْلُو		يَلْغُوا
	<sup>م</sup> ينتلل ا	ب ل ی	َ بَیْقَا کَیْکُوْنَ کَیْلُفَنَ کَیْلُفُوّا کَیْلُفُوّا کَیْلُوُوْ(کُمُ*)
	يَتْلُونَ	. , ,	
ت م م	م. م. بُنِيم بُنِيمُونَ بَنِيمُونَ	ب و ۱	َيَهُا بَلَبَوَّا <i>أ</i> ُ
ت ی ه	يَدِيهُونَ	بی ت	يَبِيْتُوْنَ
ا ت ب ت	مُثَبِّتُ	, , ,	رِين بِيبِيتُوْنَ
, , ,	مِثْبِثُ	ب ی ع	بَيِنِكُمُ
ٹ خ ن	مُثْخِنَ	, , ,	ثباً يِعْنَ
ث ق ف	يَثْقَفُوكُمْ *		يُبَايِعُوْنَ
ث ن ي	َ مُّنُونَ يَشُنُونَ	, , ,	يبايعونك
, , ,	يَسْتَثُنُونَ يَسْتَثُنُونَ	ب ی ن	و بيان بيان
ج ۱ ر	بَعْأَرُونَ		ؠؘؠۣ۫ڹٛ
ج بی	م. بمجي	, , ,	يَلَبَيَّنُ
, , ,	بَخْتَىٰ	ت ب ر	مِيَّةُ وَا

Root	Word	Root	Word
212	يَجْمَحُونَ	ج ب ی	بَعْتَيِيْكَ
213	بَعْمَعُ	ع ح د	يُحَحَدُ
, , , ,	بَحْمَعُونَ	, , ,	بَيْ حَدُونَ بِحُمَّحَدُونَ
ج ن ب	سيجنبهآ	ج د ل	بُعَآدِلُ
	يَحْتَلِبُونَ		بُعَا <u>َ</u> دِلُوْنَ
	يَتَجَنَّبُهُا	ج ر ر	روم. بحو •
ج ٠ د	بجآمِدُ	ج دع	يَنْجَرُ عَهُ
, , ,	يجآمِدُوا	ج د ۴	تَجْوِ مَنْكُمْ *
, , ,	بجامِدُونَ	ج ر ی	بَعْرِیْ
ج ، ل	بِمُهَا لُوْنَ مُمِن مُمِن	ج ز ی	ؠٙؠ۠ڒۣؽ
ج و ب	مين	, , ,	°.°£
, , ,	بجبنب		م. بحر
, , ,	بَشْتَجِبْبُوا	, , ,	معرَاهُ
, , ,	بَسْنَجِيْبُ		م. يُحِزَونَ
, , ,	بَسْتَجِيْبُونَ	ج ع ل	يَعْمَلُ
ج و ر	بُحَادِدُوْنَكَ	, , ,	جُعلُونَ
	بَجُوْكُ		- جَعْمَلُوْ هُ
, , ,	200	ج ل 1	بحِلْماً

Root	Word	Root	Word
ح ر ف	يُحَرِّفُونَ	ج د د	بُعَادُ
ך ט כ	بُحَوْمُ	ح ب ب	بَيْبُ
, , ,	المُحَرِّ مُوْنَ	, , ,	يَخْنِبُمُ
ح ز ن	يَعْرُنَّ		چُجُوْنَ چُجُوْنَ
, , ,	يَعْزَ نُونَ		يَسْتَحِبُونَ
, , ,	يَعْوُنْكَ	ح ب ر	معبرون بعبرون
ح س ب	بَعْتَبُ	ح ب س	بَحْبُسُهُ
, , ,	يَعْسَبَنَّ	ح ب ط	سَبُعْبِطُ
, , ,	بِعُآسَبُ	2 2 3	بُعَاجُوْنَ
, , ,	بَخْنِيمُوْا		بُعَاجُوكُمُ
, , ,	يخنيب		بَنَحَاجُوْنَ
, , ,	بَعْنَيبُوْنَ	ح د ث	بُعْدِثُ
ح س د	يَحْدُونَ يَحْسدُونَ	٦	بَعَادِدْ
ح س د	بَسْنَحْسِرُونَ	3 . 3 . 3	بُحَادُّوْنَ
ح س ن	يُحْسِنُونَ	ح ذ ر	بُعْذَرُ
ح ش ر	. ووو. بعشرهم		ِ <b>عُ</b> ذَرُوْنَ
, , ,	بخفر		جُعَدِّرُكُمُ°
, , ,	م. روا بخشروا	ح ر ب	جُعَادِ بُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ح لا ل	فَبُحِلُوا	ح ش ر	وه روه بمشرون
	يُعِلُّونَهُ '	ح ض ر	مه ده ه محضر و نِ
اع ۱ د	مهرده چمدوا	ح من من	ءو ہے پیحض
اع ۱ د	يَمْيِلُ بَمْيِلُوْنَ	ح ط م	يَمْطِلَمَنَّكُمُ يَمْفَظُنَ يَمْفَظُوْا
. , ,	بَعْيِلُوْنَ	ح ف ظ	يَعْفَظْنَ
, , ,	بخيلنا	, , ,	ي. يحفظوا
	بخيلوها	, , ,	يمحاً فِظُونَ
	تِمْدُدُ مَا بَعْدُن بُعْدُن بَعُوْدَ بَعُوْدَ	ح ن ی	
ح د ی	بخثى	ح ق ق	نَبِيْحَفِكُمُ يَحِقَّ يَحْكُمُ ان يَحْكُمُ ان يَحْكُمُ وْنَ يَحْكُمُ وْنَ
ح د د	بَعُودَ	ح ك م	Z.
, , ,	بَعَادِدُهُ	, , ,	بَعْكُما َنِ
اح د ط	بمخبطوا		يَعْكُونَ
, , ,	بميعلون	. , , ,	يُعَمِّمُونَ
	بُعَدَّ اللَّهُ بَعُوْلُ بَعُولُ	, , ,	بَتَعَاكَذُا
ح و ل	يمول	ح ل ف	يَعْلِفُونَ
ح ی ض	يَعِنْنَ	ן או	
ح ی ف	چَيئْنَ چَيْنَ چَيْنُ چَيْنُ	, , ,	َجِيلُ جَمِلِن
ح ی ق	بَعْنِقُ	, , ,	۔ مِن يَعِلُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ رج	عُوِجًاكُمْ	ح ی ی	بَعْبَا
, , ,	تخرجتنكا	, , ,	ئىي ئىچى مەن دراد،
, , ,	بَخِرَجَنگاً بَشْنَخْرِجاً بَخِرُوا بَخِرُون بَخِرُون		عُبُنِحُ
خ د د	يَخِرُوا	, , ,	غين م غين غين مربور
, , ,	بَخِرُوْنَ	, , ,	بَعَبِكَ
خ ر ص	يَخُرُصُونَ		يستحيون
خ ذ ی	يُغْزِم. جُنْزِقْ		بَسْنَحِْيْ
, , ,	م. بخزِی	خ ب ط	بَنَخَبَقُلُهُ مُ
, , ,	م. بخز بو	خ ت م	يَغِنين
, , ,	مخزيهم	خدع	عَدَّ عُوْكَ عَنْدَعُوكَ
خ س د	بغتر	, , ,	٠-٠٠ مخدعون
, , ,	بخيرون	. , , ,	يُخَادِعُونَ
خ س ف	يَغْيِفَ	خ ذ ل	عَذَلَكُمُ
خشی	عَفْشَ	خ ر ب	غُوِ ہُوْنَ
, , ,	بَغْسِفَ بَغْشَ بَغْشَى بَغْشَاها	خ ربج	غرجنَ
, , ,	تخشآحا	, , ,	غرجوا غرجوا
, , ,	عَثْمُوْنَ	, , ,	غو جُونَ غو جُونَ
خ ص ص	- و - و بختص		يُغِيجُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
خ ل ف	بَشْنَخْلِف	خ ص ف	يخيفان
	بَسْنَخْلِفَكُمْ	خ ص ع	يَحْتَمِيمُوْنَ
خ ل ق	يَعْلَقُ		يَخِصَّمُونَ
, , ,	م. يخلقوا	خدا ف	يَعْمَلَفُ
	يَعْلَقُونَ	, , ,	بَنَخَطَّفَكُمْ
خ ل و	يَغُلُ	. , ,	يَنَخَطَّنَكُمْ مِنَخَطَّنُ
خ و مش	بَغُومُنُوا	خ ف ت	<b>ب</b> َنْخَافَتُوْنَ
	يَخُوطُنونَ	غ ن ف	وَيَفَقَفَ
خ ر ف	بخآف	, , ,	بَسْنَخِفْنَكَ
	يَغَافُهُ	خ ف ی	يَغْنِيٰ
, , ,	يَخَافُوا	, , ,	- ى يَغْفُوْنَ
, , ,	عَنَا فُونَ	, , ,	يُغْفُننَ
, , ,	مُغَوِّفُ	. , ,	مِسْتَخْفُونَ
	يُخُوفُو مَكَ	خ اد د	تغلد
خ د ن	المُعْتَانُونَ الْمُعْتَانُونَ	خ ا ف	- عنلفون عنلفون
خ ی د	يَغْتَادُ	. , , ,	عَنِلْفُ
, , ,	يَنْخَيَّرُونَ	, , ,	يَنَخَلَفُوا
خ ی ل	بخبل	, , ,	مَغْتَلِفُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
دع و	يَدْعُ	د پ ر	يُدَبِّرُ
, , ,	يَدْعُنا	, , ,	يَشَدَبُووْنَ
<b>,</b> , , , , ,	يَدْعُوا		يَدَّبَرُوْا
, , ,	يَدْعُوْنَ	دخل	يَدْخُلُونَ
, , ,	بَدْعُوْ تَبَا	, , ,	يَدُ خَلَنَّهَا
, , ,	يَدْعُونِيْ		<b>ؠ</b> ۮڿڶ <sup>ڰ</sup>
, , ,	يَدْعُوْكَ		يُدْخِلُهُ *
, , ,	يُدْعَىٰ		يَدْخُلُ
, , ,	يُدْعَوْنَ	1 , ,	بَدْرَا
د فع		, , ,	يَدْرَ ثُوْنَ
د م غ	بَدَانِعُ بَدِينُونَ بَدِينُونَ بَدَيْرُونَ بَدَارُونَ بَدَارُونَ بَدَارُونَ بَدَارُونَ بَدَارُونَ	د ر س	يَدْرُسُوْنَهَا
دین ن	ىد <u>ى</u> ئۇن	د رك	مُدْدِكُكُمُ *
ذ بح	يَذْ يَحُونَ	, , ,	'بْدِرِکُمُ' 'بْدْرِکُه'
, , ,	مُذَّجُ	. , ,	يُدْرِكُ
ذرا	يَذْرَقُكُمْ	د ر ی	بُنْدِكُ بُدْدِ بِكَ
ذ <b>ك</b> ر	ئْدْكُرُ *	د س س	يَدُتُ
, , ,	يَذُكُرُهُ	د ع ع	بَدُغُ
, , ,	يَذْكُرُوا	, , ,	مِدَعُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ر ای	يَرَوْا	ذ ك ر	يْذْكُرُ وْنَ
, , ,	يَوَوْنَ	, , ,	ؙؽ۠ۮػۯؙ
	بُوِيَكُمُ	. , , ,	بَسَدَكُرُ
, , ,	بُرَامُوْنَ	, , ,	بَسَّدُكُرُّ وْنَ
	بر بكنوم.	, , ,	ۦ ؙڐڴ <sub>ؙ</sub>
ر ب ص	يَرَبُقُ وَ	, , ,	يَذْكُرُونَ
, , ,	رَبِّرِيَّةٍ ° رَبِّيْهِ يَوْرِ <b>بُص</b> ِنَ	ذه ب	يَدْمَبُ
, , ,	َيَّرَبِهِ وَ يَكُرَبِهُونَ		يَذْهَبَا
ر ب و	يَوْبُوْا		بَذْهَبُوا
, , ,	يري		يُذْهِبْنَ
ر ت ع	بَرْنَعْ	, , ,	مُذْمِبَنَّ
رجع	يَوْجِعُ	ذ و ق	- م. مَذُو قُوا
, , ,	يَرْجِعُونَ	, , ,	يَنُو قُونَ
, , ,	يَثَرَ اجَعا	, , ,	مُذِ بقَ
ر ج ۲	يَرْجُوكُمْ	ر ای	يَرِيْن يَرِيْن
ر ج و	بَوْ جُو بَرْ جُو	, , ,	ĩ
	يَرْجُونَ	, , ,	بر براك
ادرع ا	بَوْسَمُ	, , ,	-1.J.

Root	Word	Root	Word
د مض و	يَرْمَنُو نَكُمْ	1 2 3	بْزَعَمُ
, , ,	يَرْضَوْهُ		يزخنأ
رغ ب	يَوْغَبُ	ر د د	َوِدُوْكُمْ يَوْدُوْكُمْ
, , ,	يَرْ غَبُوا	, , ,	مرَدٍ. بُرَدُ
ر ف ع	يَرْفعُ		بُرَ دُونَ بُرُ دُونَ
ر ق ب	يَرْ فَبُوا		بَرَوَدُونَ
, , ,	يَرُّ فُبُوْنَ	, , ,	يَرْنَدُ
, , ,	يَرَّفُّ بُ	. , , ,	يَزْتَدِدْ
ر ك ب	يَرْ كُوْنَ	ر ز ق	يَرُكُنُ
ر اے من	يَرْ كُفُنُونَ	, , ,	يَرْزُقُكُمُ
ر ك ع	يَرْ كُمُوْنَ	, , ,	مُرْدَقُونَ
ر ك م	فَيَرُكُ :	ر س ل	يزييك
ر م ی	ž.	ر ش د	يَرْ شُدُوْنَ
, , ,	يَوْمُونَ	ر ضع	مُوْمِنِعْنَ
ر ه ب	يَوْهَبُونَ	د مش و	يَوْصَىٰ
ر م ق	يَوْهَقْ	, , ,	يؤضة
	يرميقهما		يَرْضَوْنَهُ '
ر و د	يَرِدُ		يَوْمَنَيْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
زی د	ؠٙڒؚ؞۠ػؙؙؙؙ	ر و∞د	يُرِ دُنَ بَرِ دُنَ
, , ,		, , ,	ؽڔۣؽڎ
, , ,	ئۇيى ئۇيد		يُرِيْدَانِ
. , , ,	ؠٙڒۣؠ۠ۮٷ۫ڹؘ		بَرِيْدُوْا
, , ,	يَزْدَادَ	, , ,	ؠؙڔؘۜ۫ؽڎۅ۠ڹؘ
د ی غ	يَزِغْ	ری ب	يَرْ كَابُ
, , ,	يَدِيْغُ	, , ,	يَرْ مَابُوْا
ز ی ل	يَزَالُ	زج و	ر پُڑجِیْ
	يَزَالُونَ	د ع م	يَرْ عُوْنَ
س ۱ ل	يَناًلا	ز ف ف	ؠؘڒۣڡؙؙؙؙٚۅ۠ڹؘ
, , ,	بَسْأَلْتُكُمْ* بُسْأَلُوْنَ	ز ك ر	ؠؙڒۘڴۄ۠ۏؘ
, , ,	بُسْأَلُونَ	, , ,	ؠؘڒٙػؙ
, , ,	ا تَشَاَّهُونَ	, , ,	ؠٛڗڴڹػؙ
س ء م	بَعْآمُ		َيۡ <b>تَ</b> ٰذَکُ
5 7 5	يَسْأُمُونَ	, , ,	ؠٙڗؙػٙ
س ب ب	فَيَسَبُوا	ز ن ی	وَ لاَ يَزُّنُونَ
ا س ب ت	يَسْفِيُونَ	. , , ,	وَ لاَ يُزْنِيْنَ
اس ب ح	يسبحون	ز و ج	درید دد. پزوجهم

Root	Word	Root	Word
س ر ف	بشرفوا	س ب ح	يَسِيِّحُ
, , ,	يشرن		بسبخن
ا س ر ق	يَسْرِقْ	, , ,	يُسَبِّحُونَ
, , ,	بَشْرِ فْنَ	س ب ق	يَسْبِغُوناً
س د وای	يَشِر	س ج د	يَسْجُدُ
س ط ر	يَبْطُرُونَ		بَسْجُدَانِ
ا سط و	بَسْعُلُوْنَ	, , ,	يَسْجَدُوا
س ع ی	يَشْعَىٰ	, , ,	يَسْجُدُونَ
	يَسْعَوْنَ	س ج د	م بُسْجَرُ وْنَ
ا س ف ك	بَشْفِكُ	س ج ن	بُسْجَنَ
س ق ی	بَسْقِ	س ح ب	يُسْحُبُونَ
, , ,	يَسْقُونَ	س ح ت	<b>بَسْجَنَكُم</b> ُ
, , ,	يَسْقِيْنِ	س خ د	يَسْخَرْ
س ك ن	بستريو بَشْكُنَ موده	, , ,	يَسْخَرُوْنَ
س ل ب	يسلبهم	, , ,	ؠٙۺڡٞۺڿؚٷۏڹؘ
اس ل ط	يَسَلِّطُ	س خ ط	يَشْخَطُوْنَ
س ل ك	بَسْلُكُ	س د ر	بُيرُّوْنَ
, , ,	بَسْلُكُمُ	س رع	بُسَادِعُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
س و ی	يَسْتَوِيْ	س ل ل	<b>َ</b> بۡشَلَّاٰوُنَ
	بَسْتَوِ بَانِ	س ل م	بُسَلِّؤُا
س ی ر	بَسِيْرُوْا		بُسْلِمْ بُسْلِمُوْنَ
	استركم.		مِسْلِمُونَ
ش ر <b>ب</b>	يَشْرَبُ	س م ع	يَسْمَعُ
, , ,	بَشْرَبُوْنَ	. , ,	يَشْمَعْهَا
ش رح	بَشْرَخ	. , , ,	يَسْمَعُوْا
ش ر ك	يُشْرِكُ *		يسمعون
, , ,	بُشْرِكُوْنَ	, , ,	بَسْتِيعُ
, , ,	بَشْرِئَقَ		يَسْتَمِعُوْنَ
شع ر	يَشْعُرُ وْنَ	, , ,	- ۳۳ وه پسمبون
, , ,	بِنْمِرُكُ	س م ن	يسمين
, , ,	يُفْعِرَدُ	اس ن م	بَسَنَّت
ش نفع	بَشْفَعُونَ	س و غ	بيبغة
	فَيَشَفَعُوا	س ر ق	يُسَاقُونَ
, , ,	بَعْفَعُ	س و م	روه دو. پسومهم
ش ف ی	بَشْنِ		يَدودونكم.
. , ,	يَشْفِيْن	س و ی	يَسْتُوُوْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
- ص ح ب	م م م م م معبون	ش ق ق	بَشَقْق
ص د د	يَصُدُونَ	, , ,	بُشَاقً
, , ,	بَصُدَّنَكَ	, , ,	يشايق
, , ,	بَصَدُّنَكُمُ	ش ق ی	يَشْق
ا ص د ر	يَصْدُرُ	ش ك ر	يفكر
ا ص د ع	يَمَّدُّعُونَ	, , ,	يَشْكُرُونَ
ا من د ف	يَصْدِفُونَ	ش د د	بَشْهَة
ا صد ق	بَصَدِّقِينَ		يَشْهَدُوْنَ
	يُصَدِّقُونَ	ش ه و	يَشْمُونَ
	بَمَّدَّقُوْا	ش و ی	بَشْوِيْ
ا من د خ	بَسْتَصْرِخُهُ	ش ی ء	بَشَاهُ
, , ,	بقنطر فحؤن	, , ,	يَشَامُ <b>و</b> ْنَ
ا من ز ر	بَعِرُ	, , ,	بَقَأ
, , ,	بميرودا	ص ب ب	بقيت
	بُعِيرُوْنَ	ص ب ح	يمنيخ
ا من ر ف	يقيرن		قيقب مخوا
	يَطْرِفُهُ	ا من پ ر	يَصْرُ
	يمنز فوذ		يَشْرُوا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ص و ب	يُعِبْهَا	ص ع د	بَعْنَمَدُ
, , ,	بُعِبْبَتَ	, , ,	يَضَعَدُ
ص و ز	يُعِبْقِنَا يُعَوِّدُكُ	صع ق	م. بِصُمَعُونَ
ض ح ك	بَفْنَحَكُوْنَ	ص ف ١	يَضْعِلَقْ
مض ر ب	يَضْرِ بُ	ص ل ب	بُعْلَبُ
, , , ,	يَضْرِ بْنَ		يُصَلَّبُوُّا
, , ,	يَضْرِبُوْنَ	ص ل ح	بعثلغ
مض ر ر	بَضَرُ	, , ,	بمثلِحُونَ
, , ,	بَعْثِرُ يَعْثُرُكُ يَعْثُرُكُ	, , ,	يشلِحا
, , ,	بَعْثِرُ	ص ل و	بُعَـلُ
, ,	بَعُنْرُ فَأ	. , ,	يُصَلُّوا
, , ,	يَضُرُّوا		يُصَلُّونَ
, , ,	يَصُرُّوْنَ	و ص ل	بَعِيلُوْنَ
, , , ,	يُضَارً	ص نع	يَمْنَعُ
متن رع	يَنْضَرَّ عُوْلَ	, , ,	يَصْنَعُونَ
	بَضَّرَّ عُوْنَ	ص م ر	ه ۔ و يصبر
مضع ف	يَسْتَعْنِيفُ	ص و ب	يُعِيْبُ
, , ,	مەتەمۇمۇن يست <b>قىغۇ</b> ن		مُعْيَبَكُ <sup>°</sup>

Root	Word	Root	Word
طفا	يُعْلِفِتُوا	من ع ف	بُعْنَاعِفُ
طلب	عَلْكُ	, , ,	يُضَاعِفُهَا
طلق	يَنْعُلِلَق	ا من ل ل	<u>بَع</u> ِيْلُ ا
طمت	يَطْمِهُن	, , ,	يَعِيْلُوْنَ
طمع	يَعَلْمَعُ يَطْمَعُوْنَ	, , ,	<b>مَبُعُ</b> يِلَّكَ
, , ,	يَطْمَعُونَ	, , ,	يمشيل
طدر	يَعَلَّهُوْنَ	, , ,	بُعنِلُونَ
, , ,	يعلَهُ	ض ه ی ۱۱	يُضَاهِ وُنَ
, , ,	بَتَعَلَمُ وَنَ	ض و ۱	ميني
, , ,	يَتَطَهِّرُوْا	مض ی ع	بمينغ
طوع	يُطَاعُ	من ی ف	بْعَنْبَغُوْ عُمَا
, , ,	بمليغ	مض ی ق	بَعِ <u>ن</u> ِبْقُ
, , ,	يُطِيْعُوْنَ	ط ب ع	بَعْلَبَحُ بَعْلْمَثُهُ
, , ,	بَسْتَطِعْ	طعم	يَطْعَتْهُ
, , ,	يستطيغ		بغليم
, , ,	بَسْتَطِبْعُوْنَ	, , ,	بطيمني
ط و ف	يَعُمُوْفُ	, , ,	يعلمينون
, , ,	يَعَلُوْفُونَ	طغ وای	يَطْنئ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ب د	ينبذ	طوف	يُطَآفُ
, , ,	يَعْبُدُونُ	, , ,	يَطُّوَّفَ
, , ,	يَعْبِدُوا يَعْبِدُوا	طوق	مُطِلِقُونَهُ مُطِلِقُونَهُ
, , ,	بَعْبُدُوْ يَقْ	, , ,	سَيْعَلَوَّ قُوْنَ
ع ت ب	بَشْنَعْنِبُوا	طیر	يَطِائِرُهُ
	يستعبون	, , ,	يَطَّيَّوُوا
ع ج ب	بنبيث	ظلل	فَيَغْلَلُنْ
, , ,	بنيب بنيبك	ظالم	بخللم
3 = 2	ينبؤون	, , ,	بَغْلِمُ بَغْلِلُوْنَ
ع ج ل	أبَعَجُّلُ	, , ,	خَلْلَيَهُ
, , ,	بشتغيل	ظنن	َعَ <b>ا</b> لُّنَّ
	يَسْتَعْيِولُ يَسْتَعْيِولُونَ	, , ,	مَثْلُنُونَ
ع د ل	بَعْدِلُوْنَ	ظدر	يُعْلَاهِرُ وْنَ
اع د و	َيْغَدَّ	, , ,	يَظْهَرُوْنَ
, , ,	يَعْدُونَ		يَظْهَرُوْا
	يَعْتَدُونَ	, , ,	يظيرَ
ع ذ ب	بُمَدُّبُ	, , ,	منظاً عِرُوْا
, , ,	يُعَذُّبُنَا	ع ب .	بثيا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع س م	بِمْتَعِيمْ	ع ذ ب	414
ع ص ي	يَنْفِي يَنْفُوْنَ	عدد	بَعْنَذِرُوْنَ
, , ,	بَعْ <b>صُ</b> وْنَ	ع د ج	يَعْوْجُ
• • •	بَعْثِينَكَ	, , ,	يَعْرُجُونَ
ع من مض	بَعَثُ بِمُلُوْا	ع ر د س	بغرض
عطو	يتعكوا		بِمُوَمُنُونَ
	منطلك	, , ,	بغرختوا
, , ,	معكوا	ع ز ف	يَتَمَادَ فُوْنَ
ع ظ م	بِمُعْلَوْا بُسَطَّعُ بُسُطِعُ بُسُطِعُ	. , ,	بَيْرِفُونَ
, , ,	بمظلم		بَنْرِ كُوْا
اع ف ذ	بَشَتَعْفِقْنَ		بَيْرَات
ع ن ر	بغث	, , ,	بُعُرَفْنَ
, , ,	بَعْفُوْنَ	اع د ب	پنوب
, , ,	بَغُوا	ع د ل	بَعَدِدُوكُمُ *
ع ق ب	بَشْوَا بَيْقَان بَشِيْلًا	ع ش ۱	بغش
ع ت ل	بَغِيْلُهَا	ع ص د	بتعيرون
, , ,	بَعْقِلُوْنَ	ع ص	بتعيثك
ع ك ف	بَثُكُفُرُدَ	, , ,	بَعْمِينِيْ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع و ذ	يوه مه يعوذون	ع ل م	يَعْلَمُ
ع ی ی	يَعْيَ		سَيَعْلَمُ يَعْلَمُونَ
غدر	مُغَادِرُ		
- غ ر ر	يُعَادِدُ يَغْرُدُكَ		يفكؤا
, , ,	بَغُرِّنَكَ		سَيَعْكُونَ
غ د ق	نَبُرٍْ لَكُ	, , ,	بَعَلِّلُكَ
غ ش ی	يَغْشَى		يُعَلِّمَانِ
, , ,	بغفاة	, , ,	يَتَعَلَّمُ نَ
, , ,	يَغَقَيْكُمْ	ع ل ن	يعلِنُوْنَ
, , ,	بَسْتَغْفُوْنَ	ع م د	يَعْمَرُ يَعْمَرُ
غ مض مض	يَعْمَنُونَ	, , ,	م <sup>ووو</sup> وا
, , ,	بَغُضُّوا	عمد	يغمك
, , ,	يَغْمُنْفَنَ	, , ,	<b>ؠٙڡ۠ڡٙڵ</b> ٷٛنٙ
غ <i>ف</i> ر	3 <u>4</u> 4.	ع ۽ ه	يَعْمَهُوْنَ
, , ,	بَنْفِرُونَ	ع و د	رمه وه يعو دو ا
, ,,,	بَغْفِرُوْا	, , ,	يَو دُونَ يَعُو دُونَ
, , ,	يَشَنَفْظِرُ	, , ,	بَيْدِ
, , ,	بَشْنَغْفِرُوْنَ	, , ,	بِغِيدُا

Root	Word	Root	Word
غ و ص	يَغُوْمُوْا	غ ف ر	بَسْتَغْفِرُوْا
غ و ی	بُغْوِيَكُمُ *	غ ل ب	بغلِب
غ ي ب	بنگنب بنت	, , ,	بَغِلِبُوّا
غ ی ر	1	. , ,	يَغْلِبُوْنَ
· · · · ·	يغيروا	, , ,	مَيَغْلُوْنَ
, , ,	يَتَفَيَّرُ	غ ل ل	The state of
غی ظ	يَغِيْظُ		بَهُٰلُ َبِغُلُلُ
ا ف ت ح	بَغْنَحُ	غ ل ی	يَغْلِق
	بَشَتَفْنِحُوْنَ بَشَتَفْنِحُوْنَ	غ م د	َيْتَغَامَنُ <i>و</i> َنَ
ف ت ر	م <sub>ي</sub> نتيو ميفتر	غ ن ی	يَفْنَوْا
	، يد. يَفْرُونَ	, , ,	مِنْنِيْ
ف ت ن	م. يفتنون	, , ,	يني مينينيا
, , ,	بَفْتِنَكُمْ	, , ,	
	ئىنىگە ئىنىگە	, , ,	
, , ,	يَفْيِتُوْ لَكَ		بني مفنيكة
ف ت ی	بنيخ	غ ر ث	بینید بین بینیم بیکائزا
. , ,	بَشْتَفْتُو لَكَ	, , ,	بَسْيَغِيثاًنِ
ن ج ر	يَقَجُّوْ	, , ,	يستينينوا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ف س د	بغية	ف ج ر	يقبرونها
, , ,	<sup>م</sup> غْسِدُوْنَ	ف د ی	<b>بَغْشَ</b> دِئ
ف س ق	كَفْسَقُونَ	ا ف رح	يَفْرَحُ
ا ف س ل	يغييل	1 , , ,	يغرمنوا
أ ف متر متر	يَنْفَعَنُوا		يَفْرَ حُونَ
أ ف مش ل	يَتَفَعَّلَ	ف ر را	يَفِرُهُ
ا ف ط ر	بَشَعَطُّرْنَ	ف ر ط	مِغَرِّ مُلُوْنَ
ا فع ل	يَغْمَلُوْا	1, 1 1	يَغُرُطَ
, , ,	يَغْمَلُ	ف ر ق	بَغْرَ قُوْنَ
	يَفْعَلُونَ		بغزق
ن ن ،	يَفْقَبُوا	, , ,	مِغَرِّ غُوْا
	يَغْقَهُوْنَ	[, , , ]	يَفَرَّ فَأ
ا ف ك ر	بَنَفَكُرُوْا	, , ,	يَتَفَرَّ فُوْنَ
	يَتَفَكَّرُوْنَ	ف ری	بَغْيَرِ يُ
فدح	مِعْلِحُ	, , ,	يَفْرُ وَنَ
	كِفُلِحُونَ	, , ,	بَغْيَرِ بْنَهُ
ف ی د	يَتَفَيُّوُ	ف ر ز	بَسْتَفِرَّةُ
ة ب ض	يَقْبِضُ	ا ف س ح	يغنشخ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ان ذ ف	كَغْذِك	ة ب ض	كِفْيعْنَ
, , ,	مُقْذَفُونَ	, , ,	بَغْيِطُوْنَ
ق ر ا	بَعْرَ أُوْنَ	ق ب ل	وفياه
ق ر ب	يَغْرَ بُوْا	, , ,	بىبى ئىقىل مىرى
ق ر <i>ف</i>	بَغْيَرِف	ق ت ر	. مِدُ. بَغْثَرُوا
, , ,	يَقْبَرِ فُوْنَ	ق ت ل	<b>َ</b> ثَقَةُ
ق س م	بَقْسِمُوْنَ	, , ,	بَ <b>فْتُك</b> نَ
, , ,	بغيم	, , ,	مِقْنَاوُا
, , ,	مغسان		<b>بَقَتْلُو</b> ُنَ
ٔ ق من د	بغيرون	, , ,	بقاين
ق ص ص	بَقْصُرُّ	, , ,	مِعَانِلُوا
. , ,	يَعْمُونَ	, , ,	مُفَانِلُوْنَ
ق من مض	يَنْقَضَ	, , ,	يَمُّتَيَلاَنِ
ق م سی	بَغْضِيَ	ق د ر	بَغْدِدُ
, , ,	بَقْعُتُونَ	. , ,	يَقْدِدُونَ
قطع	كِمُّطَعُ	ق د م	بَغْدُهُ
, , ,	يَقْطَعُوْنَ		بَعَتَدُمَ
ق ل ب	يُقَلُّبُ	, , ,	يَسْتَغُدِ مُوْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق و م	بَشَيْقِيْنَ	ق ل ب	يَنْقَلِبُ
ك ب ت	بخبت	, , ,	يَثْقَلِبُوْ ا
ك ب ر	بَكْبُرُ	• • • •	<b>ؠؘنْقَلِبُو</b> ْنَ
, , , ,	بَغْدِ عَبْم بَكْبُرُ بَكْبَرُوْا	" قدد	مُقَلَّلُكُمُ
, , ,	ؠؘڷڰڔؖٷڽؘ	ق ن ت	يَفْنُكُ
, , ,	بَسْتَكُبُرُونَ	ق ن ط	بَغْنَطُ
, , ,	بَسْتَكُمْرُوْنَ بَشْتُكُمْرُ بَكُسُنُونَ بَكُسُنُونَ بَكُمْمُ بَكُسُنُونَ بَكُسُنُونَ بَكُسُنُونَ بَكُسُنُونَ بَكُسُنُونَ بَكُسُنُونَ	, , ,	يَمُّنَعُلُوْنَ
ك ت ب	بَكْنَبُ	ق و ل	يَقُلُ
, , ,	يگ تبونَ يگ تبونَ	, , ,	يَقُولُ }
ك ت م	بنكم	, , ,	يَقُولا
, , ,	يَكُنَّسَ		بَغُولُوا
, , ,	بكنتما	, , ,	يَقُوْلُوْنَ
ك ذ ب	بَكْدِبُوْنَ	ق و م	يە. م بَعُومً
, , ,	بَكَذَّبُ	, , ,	بَقُوْ مَانِ
. , ,	بكذبوك	. , ,	َ <b>ِهُوْمُ</b> وْنَ
, , ,	<sup>م</sup> ِكَدُّ بُوْنَ	, , ,	نينيا
ك ر م	بَكْرَ هُوْنَ	, , ,	مينيموا .
, , ,	يَكْرِ مُهُنَّ	, , , ,	م يقيمون

Root	Word	Root	Word
د ر م ا	ؠؘؿٙڴڷؖٮؙؙۯؙڹؘ	ا≙ س ب	ؠٙڴؙڛڹۘٷڹؘ
ك ن ز	<b>يَكْنِدُ</b> وْنَ	, , ,	بَخْبِبْ
ا ك و د	ئكأذ	ك ش ف	الخييَثُ
, , ,	بَكَأَدُوْنَ	اك ف ر	ِ بِکُفُرُ
	بگ		يخفروه
ك و ر	بَكُوْدُ		يَكُفُرُ وْنَ
ك و ن	خلتر	ك ف ف	بَكُنتَ
, , ,	بَكُن	. , ,	بَكُفُرُا
, , ,	بَعَدُّرُ بَكُ بَكُنْ بَكُونُ بَكُونُ		بَكُفُوْكَ
, , ,	بَكُوْنَا	ك ف ل	بَكْفُلُ
	بگؤنوا		بَكْفُلُوْنَهُ '
, , ,	يَكُوْ تُونَ	ك ف ي	۔ یکٹی
ك ى د	مَيكِندُوا	, , ,	بَعْفِيَكُمْ
· , , ,	يَكِيْدُوْنَ	1 1 4	S.K.
ل ب ٹ	بَلْبِئُوا	ك ل ف	بتكلف
, , ,	يَلْبَثُوْنَ	ك ل م	بگلہ
ل ب س	بَلْيِسُوْنَ		بُكِلِّمُ بِكُلِّمُنا
	يليشؤا	, , ,	يَتَكُلُمُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ل ق ي	بننق	ل ح د	مِلْحِدُونَ
, , ,	يَتَلَقَىٰ	لحق	يَلْحَفُوْا
, , ,	يثلقيان	ل ع ب	بَلْمَبْ
ال.م د	كَيْرُكَ	, , ,	يَلْعَبُوْا
, , ,	بَلْيِزُوْنَ	, , ,	يَلْعَبُونَ
ل م ت	بَلْهَتْ	ل ع د	يَلْمَنُ
ال م و	بنيية	, , ,	بأعهم
6 6 9	يَتَلاَوَمُوْنَ	ل ف ت	بأتفِتْ
ل و ي	بَلُوْدُنَ	ل ف ظ	بَلْفِظُ
ل ی ت	بَلِيْكُمُ	ل ق ط	يَلْتَقَعِلْهُ
م ت ع	1	ل ق ی	بَلْقَ
	معون		<b>بَلْقَوْ</b> نَ
, , ,	يتمنعوا	, , ,	بَلْفَاهُ
	يَنْمَعُونَ		يَلْقَوْنَهُ
اء ع ص	يُحضُّ	, , ,	بَلِقَامًا
م ح ق	يَعْمَقَ	, , ,	مِلَقُونَ
120	<del>ć</del> .	. , ,	بَلاَقُوا
	بمخوا	, , ,	م المفوّا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ا د د	تَمْلِكُ	م د د	يَسُدُمُ
	مِمْلِيكُونَ		200 - Co
م. ل ل	يميدة		عُودُكُمُ *
م ن ع	يَعْنَعُونَ	م ر و	عَرُونَ
م د د	de la	م د ی	ِ عَمْرُونَ
	يَمْنُونَ		يمَادُونَ
م ن ی	مِينَةِ الْمِينَةِ الْمِينَةِ الْمِينَةِ الْمِينَةِ الْمِينَةِ الْمِينَةِ الْمِينَةِ الْمِينَةِ الْمِينَةِ الْم مُنْ	م س س	تنشك
	بمنى	. , ,	عَسْنِقْ
	بَلْمَنُّونَهُ	, , ,	بَسْتِین بَسُنَا
, , ,	بَلْمَنُّوهُ		بتمآشا
۱ • د	يَمْهَدُونَ	م س ك	مَسَكُونَ
م و ت	يَعُوتُ		تميلة
, , ,	بخوتوا	م ش ی	يمفيئ
	يَمُوْ يُوْنَ		مَعْمُونَ مُشُونَ
	نمين	م ط و	مَلِّمَقًا
	مِيْنِين	م ك ث	ِ بَكُلُكُ بِ
ا و ج	بَعْوْجُ	م ك ر	, ST
م ی د	3,4		<u>يَ</u> لِكُوْدُوْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن د ی	اينادي	م ی ل	<b>ڣَيَيْا</b> ڗُّنَ
, , ,	مناديم	ن ا ی	<b>يْئَأُوْ</b> نَ
	يُنَادَوْنَ	ن ب ا	ينبثك
ن ذ ر	بُنْــٰذِدُ	, , ,	بَنْتُكُمُ
, , ,	يُنْذَرُونَ	. , ,	ئِيًّا ئِيَّا
	مِنْدِرُوَ نَكُمْ	, , ,	 مِنَبَوْا
د د ع	esi		بَسْتَنْبِئُوْ لَكَ
	مُنَادِعُنَّكَ	ו י י	
ن ز غ	بَنْزَغُ	ن ب ط	بَنْیِک بَسْتَنْیِطُونَ
, , ,	بالزغتك	ن بع	يَنْبُوعاً ﴿
ن ز ف	يُنْزَفُونَ		بَنَايِيْعَ
ن ز ل	المُحْرِقُ الْ	ن ج و	يَنظِيْ
	بَنْزَلُ	, , ,	المَعْيَدُ ا
ن س خ	لَيْلَتَخُ		بنيني
ان س ف	مَنْسَحُ بَلْمِلْهُ		ِ بَنْنَاجَوْنَ
ان س ل	يَنْسِلُونَ	ن ح ت	يَنْجِئُوْنَ
ن س ی	يَنْسَىٰ	ن د ی	يُنَادُوْ نَكَ
, , ,	بنيبتك	, , ,	مُنسَادِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن ظ ر	ؘؠڵ۫ؿؘ <u>ڣ</u> ڵۯۅ۠ڹؘ	ن ش أ	بَنَقَأ
نع ق	- بنیق		بنيئ
نغ مض	مِنْفِعِنُوْنَ	ان ش ر	بَلْفُرُ
ن ف خ	ويُنْفَخُ	· · ·	بُنْشِرُوْنَ
ن ف و	254	ان مس د	ينفتر
ن ف ر	ينفيؤوا		بنضرك
ان ف ع	يُفْعُ ا	, , ,	ينفثرنا
	بَقْنَكُمْ :		بتغثرني
, , ,	بَنْفَعْنَ		يتغيرون
, , ,	يَّفَتُوْ لَكُمْ		بَعْرُوْنَكُمْ *
ن ف ق	مَثِفِقُ	, , ,	بَنْتَعِيرُوْنَ
	منفقوا		بنصروبهم
, , ,	م يُنفِقُونَ	ن مل ق	يَنْطِقُ
ن ف ی	مينفؤا	, , ,	يَنْعِلْقُونَ
ن ق ذ	و يُقِدُّدُونَ	ن ظ ر	15
, , ,	بَسْتَنْفِئُدُّنَ	, , ,	بنظروا
ن ق ص	ويتقص	, , ,	يَنظُرُونَ
, , ,	ر ور و پنقصوگم	, , ,	مَنْتَظُورُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن می	بَتْنَاهَوْنَ	ن ق د س	ره ده. ينقضون
ن و ب	مِنِيْث	ن ق م	بَنْغَهُمُ
ن ی ل	بُنِيْبُ بَسَالُ	ن ك ث	بنگُكُ
	يَناكمُمُ	. , ,	<b>جُكُنُ</b> وْنَ
	بَنَالُوْا	اد ك ح	
· · ·	يَنَالُونَ	, , ,	جَكِحُ جَكِحْنَ
ا م ب ط	14	, , ,	بمكيمة
<b>م</b> ج د	ميكيو	. , ,	بَشَيْعُهَا
, , ,	مبكاجروا	ن 12 ر	ښکړو
2 5 4	بَهْجَعُونَ		مبيكرونها
ه د ی	يهنو	ن <u>ك</u> ف	بَشَتْنَكِفُ
	ڇڻو ڇڻوني	ن می	بنهی
	يَهْدُوْنَ	, , ,	بَنْهَا كُمْ *
	<u>بَ</u> وْق	, , ,	بَهْاَمُ
	<u> بيدين</u>	, , ,	بَنْهُوْنَ
	بَهْدِيَنِ مِجْتَدُوا		بگ بگنو
	؞ ؠؠؙؾۮ <i>ۏ</i> ڹؘ	, , ,	يَنْهُوا
, , ,	تَهْتَدِيْ		ينهو يَنْهُونَ يَنْهُونَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ر ج د	بَيِدُوْنَ بَيِدُوْنَ	ه ر ع	وهروه ر چرعون
ر ج ه	4.5	1 3 .	بَسْمُدِئُ
و ح ی	يۇنىي	, , ,	بَسْمَرٍ وْنَ
	ĩ.	,	مه جو آ
, , ,	يؤخى	٠ ٥ م	سَيْزَمُ
و د د	39.	م ل ك	يُهْلِكَ
, , ,	· يَوَدُّوْا		تنكية
, , ,	مُوَادُونَ بُوَادُونَ	, , ,	مُهْلِيكُوْنَ
و د ر	وَبَذَرَكَ	ه و ن	يُون ا
, , ,	فَلَدُرَها	امیا	186
. , ,	يَذُرُونَ	ه ی ج	Ċ.
و ر ث	يَرِثُ	ه ی م	يَيْمُونَ
, , ,	يَر لَيْنَ	و ټ ق	يو في الم
, , ,	ڔؘ ڔؘڔٷ ڔؘڔٷۯؘ	و ت ر	بَيْرِكُمْ
, , ,	بورگ	و ث ق	بو نق
, , ,	مُوْدِ مُهَا	و ج د	بَين
ودی	ئوارى		بجيذك
, , ,	يَتُوَارِٰي	, , ,	بَعِدُوْا

Root	Word	Root	Word
وع ظ	بَعِظُهُ	و ز د	ؠؘڔۣڎٷؽؘ
	بوعظ	ودع	ء ؿؙۅ۫ۮؘڠۅ۬ڹؘ
, , ,	أيُوْ عَظُوْنَ	و .س و س	<b>بُوَسُ</b> وِشُ
وع ی	يو غون	و من ف	يَصِفُونَ
و ف ض	مُوْفِضُوْنَ	و من ل	بَعِيلُ
ا و ف ق	مُوَيِّقُ	, , ,	يَعِيلُوّا
و ف ی	اُوَ فَيْهِمْ	, , ,	يَعِيلُوْنَ
, , ,	مؤت		يُوْمَلَ
• • •	يُوَقُلُ	و من ی	<b>بۇم</b> ىي
, , ,	يُوفُونَ	, , ,	ئۇمِنېمُ.
	بَنَوَنَ		<b>ۇ</b> مىئ
, , ,	بَنَوَقَاكُمْ	و مضع	بَعْنَحُ
, , ,	بَنَوَقَاهُنَّ	, , ,	يَعَنَعْنَ
, , ,	بَنَوَ قُوْمُهُمْ	وط ا	يَطَلُونَ
, , ,	مِتَوَقُونَ	وغ د	بَعِــدْ
, , ,	بَسْتَوْفُوْنَ	, , ,	بَعِدُكُ
ر ت د	يُو مِدُونَ	, , ,	يُوْعَدُّوْنَ
	يُوْفَدُ	ا و عظ	مَعْلَكُمْ *

Root	Word	Root	Word
و ل ی	َ بِنَوَلَّا ا	و ق ع	وُنِعَ
, , ,	يَقُوَكُ	و ق ی	يُونَ
	بَنَوَلُوْا		يَتَقِ
, , ,	يَنْوَلُّوْنَ	, , ,	يَتَّقِ
و م ب	يَبَةِ	, , ,	عَيْمِهِ ب <b>تقو</b> نَ
ی ۱ س	يَيْأَشُ	, , ,	بتقد
ی و م	َبَنُولُوْنَ يَهَبُ يَهَاشُ يَوْمَفْذِ	و ك ا	ئِ <b>كِئُو</b> ْنَ
N 2000	X 195	و ك ل	ڹؘۏٙڴۘڵ
	, *1		ڹ <i>ؘ</i> ۊؘڴؙڵۅۨۏؘ
2		و ل ج	بلخ
		, , ,	ۇ <u>. با</u> ۋ
		و ل د	بَـَالِهُ
æ	œ	, , ,	بَلِدُوْا
-	-	, , ,	<b>ۆ</b> لَدْ
		و ل ی	ؠؙؙۊٛڹڴؙ
			ؙؙؙۣڡؙۯڣۼ ؠؙۊؙؿ ؠؾٞڡؙٷ ؠؾؘڴٷؙ ؠڹٙۅؙڴٷ ؠؙڣ ؠؙٷڴ ڰؙٷڴ ڰؙٷڴ ڰؙٷڴ ڰؙٷڴڴ ڰٷڴڴ ڰٷڴڴ ڰٷڴڴ
			رَ <b>لُ</b> وْكُمُ ۗ
		, , ,	وَلُّوْكُمُ وَلُّوْنَ



النون

A0Y 857



Root	Word	Root	Word
ت بع	نَلْبُعُ	ا ت ی	تأت
, , ,	نَلِّبْعُمُ	, , ,	الن ا
, , ,	نَتَّعْهُمْ		ِ ئۇپ
ت ر ك	نَبُرُ كُ	ا خ ذ	<b>نَتَّخِذَ</b>
ت ل و	نَتْلُوْ	ب ل و	نَبْلُوْكُمُ*
י יי י	فيريد و تعبت	ا خ د	الوَ الله
ج ذ ی	ۼۘڒۣؽ	1 2 1	نَا كُلَ
, , ,		ا م ن	<b>ئُوْ مِنَ</b>
, , ,	ۼۘؠ۫ۯۣ <sup>؞</sup> ٛۿؚ ۻۘٛٲڒؚؽ۠	ب د ل	نُبَدِّل
ع ع ل	نَجْعَلَ	ب ر ا	نَبُرُأُ(هَا)
, , ,	مجعلها		<b>نَبَرًا</b>
ج و ب	بُجِبْ	ب ش ر	أبكر
ج و ز	تَتَجَارَزُ	ب ط ش	نَبْطِ <u>ِ</u> لشُ
ح ش ر	بَه د د محشر	ب غ ی	نَبْغِيْ ا نَبْغِ
, , ,	۱۰۶۶۶ نحشر هم	, , ,	نَبْتَغِيْ
ا ح ف ظ	محفظ	ب . ل	نَبْيَرِك
ح ر ذ	نَسْنَحْوِذْ	ب ر ء	مَرِيع نَبُوتَى
ح ی ی	تمبا	ب ی ن	وَسَوِّهِ بَبِينَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
د ر ج	مَنَ نَدْدِ جَهُمْ	ح ی ی	عَيْن
د ر ي	نَدْدِيْ		سُنَعْيْ
دع ر	نَدْعُ	خ ت م	عنيم
	مَنَدْعُ	خ د ج	ه.' يخوج
, , ,	-ەمە ئدغو	خ ر ق	عَوْدُقُ
, , ,	بروه مذ <b>عوه</b>	خ د ی	بره آ نخزی
١ ١ ١	نَدُلُّكُمُ .	خ س ف	تخييث
ا د و ل	نُدَاوِكُما	خ ش ی	بره. ر مخشی
ذ ك ر	نَذْكُرَكَ	خط ف	<sup>م</sup> تَخَطَّفٌ
ذ ل ل	` نَذِكَ	خ ف ي	بره پخيني
ذه ب	بذهبن	خ د ف	مِهُ مُ عَلِفِهُ
بذ و ق	يَّذِنُهُ	خ ل ق	عَلْقُكُمْ
. , ,	لَدِيقة	خ و د س	َ مُومِنُ تَخُومِنُ
. , ,	م. يوه م <u>ذي</u> قهم	خ و ف	<u>غَ</u> غَاَثُ
د 1 ی	ر تری		مِرَ مِع عَوَّ فَهِم
. , ,	زَاكَ	د خ ل	مَدُّخُلَهَا
	رَآهُ		مُدْخِلْكُمُ ۗ
, ,	ب بری	, , ,	م. ندخِلهم

Root	Word	Root	Word
س ب ح	لتبتحك	ر ا ی	رُيكَ رُينَكَ رُينِي
س ب ق	نَسْتَبِقُ		بُرِينَكُ فَ
س ج د	٠٠ وم نسجل	, ,, ,	ر د نین
س خ ر	تشتخر	ر ب ص	بَرَيْنَ و فكربص
س رع	ئىكادخ ئىنغىڭ	ر ب و	رُبِّكَ نُرَبِّكَ
س قط	كشينط	3 3 3	بوء و د
س ق ی	نَيْق نُنِيْكُمْ	ر ز ق	زُدُقُكَ
, , ,	نُنِيْجُ	, , ,	ر درور ردگهم
, , ,	نين	ر س ل	زُسِل <sup>4</sup>
س لا خ	ئِيْبَ تَنْخُ تَنْكُهُ	ر و د	رُبُدُ
س ل ك	نَسْلُكُمُ '		سَنُرَادِدُ
س م ع	نسمع	ذی د	ڒؚۘۮ
س و ق	نَمُوقُ	. , , ,	سَنِدِيْدُ
س و ی	نْسُوِّى	, , ,	ڒؚ۫ؠڎػٙ
, , ,	نُسَوِّنِكُمُ *	, , ,	زُدَادُ مُورَادُ
س ی ر	نسيِّره نَشْرَحْ	س ا ل	تَنْأَلُكُ
ش د ح	نَشْرَخُ ا		ئ <b>نا</b> َلَقَ
شرك	تشرك	س ب ح	سُبِيِّعُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ب د	۔ه دیا۔ نغب	ش ه د	نَشْهَدُ
ع ج د	أشيز	ش ی ع	نَشَاهُ
٠ . و	کٹیز نکٹ		نَصَاهُ نَصَا
ع ذ ب	مربور، نعذبه	ص ب د	نَصْبرَ
	_مرکزومه سنعذبهم	ص رف	مُسَرِّفٌ بُعَرِّفٌ
ع ف ر	سَنَعَدِّجِمُ نَعْفِلُ	ص و ب	نَمِيْدِ
ع ت ل	نَعْفِلُ	حض ر ب	تَمْدِّ نُصَرِّق يُعْدِثِهَا تَعْدِثِهَا تَعْمَرُهُمْ
ع ل م	نَعُسْلَمَ ۗ	حش د د	تَعْمَلُوهُمْ
ع ل ن	نَمْلِنَ	ض ی ع	نجنبع
ع م د	نعمره	طبع	تَطْبَعُ
ع م ل	نَعْمَلُ	طعم	تغليم
ع ر د	نعود		نَطْبِيتُكُمْ
, , ,	نَعَدُدُ	طمس	نَطْیِسَ
,, , ,	نَيْنَدُمُّ	طمع	نَطْمَعُ
, , ,	سَيُعِيْدُ كَمَا	ط و ی	<u>۔</u> نَطُوِیْ
ع و ن	نَسْتَعِيْنَ	ظلل	نِينَيْعُ نَظْيِمُ نَظْيِمَ خَطْيِسَ فَظْيِسَ فَغَلِيْرً فَغَلِيْرً
غ د ر	نَسْتَمِيْنُ ثَفَادِرْ	ظ ن ن	نَظُنُ
غ ر ات	ره وو. نغرقهم		مَثُّالُكُمُّ مَظْلُنُكُمُّ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق ر ر	نقرة	غ ف ر	تنفيز
ق ص ص	رَمِ وِ نَفْضُ	ف ت ن	نه بوه فنيهم
, , ,	نَقْصُصْ	ف رغ	مَنَفُوعُ
قع د	نقدد	ف ر ق	مہو ہ نفر ق
ق ل ب	الْقَلْبُ	ف ص ل	مُغَضَّلُ
ق و ل	ِ مَعُولُ <sup>م</sup> ُ	ف مض ل	نَفَعَتْلُ *
ق و م	أفيم	ف ع ل	مَفْعَل <sup>م</sup> ُ
ق ی مش	نيم م مباشر مباشر	ف ق د	تغيد
ك ت ب	كَفُبُ	ف ق م	تلكة
, , ,	سَنُكُنُكُ	ق ب س	نَقْتَبِسْ
ك ت م	ؘؿؙڬؠؙ ؙٷڐڋ	ق ب ل	<b>تَغَبَّلُ</b>
ك ذ ب	* كَلَدُّبُ	ق ت ل	سَنَعَتْلُ
ك س و	تَكُسُوْ هَا		مُقَاتِلُ
ك ف ر	كَكُفُرُ	ق د ر	نَعُدِدَ
ك ل ف	مُتَكُلُفُ	ق د س	وييد نقدس
ا د د م	انگلم	ق ذ ف	ت <b>غ</b> ٰذِتُ
, , ,	ئَكُلُّمُ تَنْكُلُّمُ	ق د ۱	نَفْرَوُهُ
ك و ن	ئڭ		سنفرثك

### VOCABULARY OF THE HOLY QURAN

Root	Word	Root	Word
, , ,	نَذَرُ	ك و ن	نگنْ
و ر ث	نَرِثُ		مُكُونَ مُكُونَ
	<b>ۇ</b> رك	ك ى ل	تنكتل
و س م	زِگ گۇرى سَلَيمُهٔ	لع ب	نَلْمَتُ
و متن ع	تَعَنَّعُ	ل ع ن	المنهم
رع د	نَعْتُمُ نَدُونَيْنَكَ تَتَوَكَّنُ ثَوَرُّكُو وُرُلُّو وُرُلُّو	ل ق ي	نگنان نَلْمَبُ نَلْمُنَهُمْ سَنْلِقِهُ
و ف ی	تَتَوَقَّيَنَّكَ	ام ت ع	يىمېم مەسىم
و ك ل	تَتَوَكَّلُ	2 2 6	نمية
و ل ي	وُلِّهِ	. , ,	تَيْدُمُ
, , ,	الْوَالَيْنَ الْمُوالِينَ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُوالِينَ الْمُوالِينَ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُولِينِ الْمُؤْلِينِ نِ الْمُؤْلِينِينِ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُولِينِينِ الْمُؤْلِينِ الْمُؤْلِين	م ل و	تمنيق
ی س ز	نيشرك	م ن ع	عَنْعَكُمُ
, , ,	مَسَيْسَرُّهُ	م و ت	مُنِيلُ مَنْمُكُمُ مَوْكَ
		م ی ر	يتهو
		ن ب ا	یچد دیگیم نگیم میمال
72 7	2	۵ ) .	بملك
		رج د	نجَيدْ
		رح ي	ۇ <sup>م</sup> چى
	4.00		ئۇچ <u>ى</u> د





Root	Word	Root	Word
ب ل و	لِنْبَلِ (كُرْ)	J 4 1	لَا كِلُونَ
, , ,	نيبي رم ) لَبُيُّلِيَنَ مِوْمِ يَوْمِ	, , ,	يُلاَ كِليْنَ
ب ر ء	لَبُو جم	ا م ن	وه م. لَتُومِينَ
ب ی ت	لَتُيَّنَّزُ(هُ)	, , ,	لَنُوْمِئْنَ
ب ی ن	£.5	, , ,	لَبُوْمِنَا
, , ,	اِئْيَّنَ	ب ت ك	ڵ <i>ڹ</i> ؿ <b>ڴ</b> ڹٙ
, , ,	لَيُنِكُ	ب د ل	لَيُّدُّلَنَّهُمْ
	13th	ب د و	لِيُّدِيَ
, , ,	اِئْيَّتُ اِئْيَّة اِئْيَة الْمِيْنَة	ب ش ر	النبقر
	البين	ب ط م	لَيْعُلِّمُنَّ
. , ,	البيتانة	بع ت	لَيْعَانَ
اب ر ۱	لَبُوْنَهُمْ	, , ,	آمريم لتبعين
اث ب ت	لِيُثْبِتُونَ	ب ك ي	نينكز
اج د ل		ب ل غ	لِتَبْلُغُوا
اج ز ی	لِنْهَادِلُوْكُمُ لَنَحْوِبَنَّ	ب ل ر	لَبَلُوَنَّكُمْ
, , ,	لِبَعْزِبَكَ		لَيْلُوَّنَّكُمْ
ع ع د	لَآجُمَلَنَّكَ		<b>لَثِبُلَو</b> نَّ
, , ,	لِنَجْمَلَكَ		لِيُنِلِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
3 1 2	لَبَحْيِلُنَّ	ع ع د	لِنَجْمَلَهُ
. , , ,	لِيَعْمِلُوا	, , ,	<u></u> جَاَعِلُوْنَ
ح ن ك	لَآحْتَيِكَنَّ	213	لَجْمَعَنَّكُمْ
ح ی ی	اِنُحْقِيَ	ح ب ط	لَبَحْبَطَنَّ
, , ,	لِنُحْفِيَ لَنْحِيدِيَّةً	ع ج ب	لَحَجُو بُونَ
	لِحَبَـانِيْ	ح ر ق	لَنُحَرِّ فَنَهُ
خ د ج	لحَوَجْنَا	ح د ن	لِيَحْزُنَ
, , ,	اِتُغْرِجَنَا		لَبَحْزُنُقِيْ
, , ,	لِتُحْرِجُوْا	ح س ن	ا المحيينات
, , ,	لَنُخْرَجَّنَكُمْ	ح ش د	لَنَحْشَرَجُم لَنَحْشَرَجُم
خ د ی	لِيُخْزِىَ لِمَا يَرُونَ	ح مس ن	لِتُعْمِنَكُمُ *
خ س د		ح متن د	لَنْحُضِرَ جُمَّ لَنْحُضِرَ جُمَّ
خ ف ی	لِيَسْنَخْفُوا	ے ك م	لِنَعْثُمُ لِلنَّجْمِينُ
خ ل ف	لَبُسْنَخْطِفَهُمْ	, , , ,	لِلْمُكِيم
د ح مش	ليةخيشوا	ح ل ف	لَيَحْلِفُنَّ
د خ ل	لَنَدْخُلُنَّ	ح ل ل	<b>لِأَحِ</b> لَّ
	لِيَدْمُحُلُوْا	7 6	لنخيل
	لَا دُخِلَنَّكُمُ ۗ	. , ,	لِتَحْمِلُهُمْ *

R	oot		Word	Root	Word
٢	حـــ	۰.	لَآرْجَنَكَ	د خ ل	لَنْدُخِلَهِم لَنْدُخِلَهِم
•	,	,	لَزُوجَنَّكُمُ *	د ی ن	لَدَيْنُوْنَ
د	3	,	لَرَآدُونَكُ	ذ ب ح	لَا ذَبِعَنَهُ
•	,		لَوَ دُوْدُونَ	ذ ك ر	لِلَّذُكُرُّوْا
ی	د	,	لَثُودِيْنِ	ذ و ق	لَذَاثِقُوا / الْعَذَابِ
ق	ز	ر	لَوْزُنْهُمْ	). ) · )	لَاذَتُنَاكَ
•	,		لَوْدُقُنَا	, , ,	فَلَنَٰذُ مِٰفَنَّ
J	w	,	لَزُّ سِلَنَّ		لَنْذِ بَفَهِم
,	,		لَوُسَلُونَ	. , . ,	لِلْدُنْعَكُ
و	ض	,	لِلرَّمَنُوهُ	, , ,	لِيَدُرْقُ
,	,	,	لِلْأَصْوَكُمْ	ر ا ی	رَائِنَهُ
ی	ق	ر	ار كَيْكَ	, , ,	لَدَو <b>ُ</b> ونَ
,	,		فَلْيَزُ تَقُوا	, , ,	لَزَّاها
ں	4	ر	لَنَوْ كَبِنَ		لِوُيَهُ
		,	لِثَرْكُوا		لِعُبَيْكُ
ق	J	ز	لَيْزُ لِفُوْ نَكَ	, , ,	الِيْرِينَهُمَا
J	و	ر ز	لِنَوْوْلَ	, , ,	لِيْرُوْا
د		3	ڰٙڔ۫ؠ۫ۮٙڹۘػؙ ڰٳڔ۫ؠۮڹٙػؙ	ر ج ۲	رَجَعْناك <u>َ</u>

Root	Word	Root	Word
س ل ك	لِنَسُلُكُوْا	ز ی د	لِيَزْدَادُوْا
س ل م	ينثيم	, , ,	لَبَزِيْدَنَّ
س م ع	لتسمعن	زی ن	ڰؙۘڒؘؾڹٙڗٞ
س م و	لَبُسَمُّونَ	اسالا	لَ <b>نَدْأ</b> َلَنَّ
س ن ن	لِيُثَيِّت	, , ,	وَلْيَسْأَلُوا
س و ء	لِبَسُوْ فَوْا	, , ,	تشأأن
س و ی	لِنَسْنُووْا	, , ,	لِبَنَسَاءَ لَوْا
ش ر ب	لِلشَّادِ بِيْنَ	س ج د	لِآنِمَ َ دَ
ش ر ذ م	لَيْرُ ذِمَةً *	س ج ن	لَيْسَجُنَّةً '
اشرك	لِشْرَكَالِنَا	, , ,	لَيْسَجَنَّ
ش ق ی	لِتَفْقُ	ا س ح ر	لِتَنْحَرَنَا
ش ۵ د	لِيَصْهَدُوْا	س ر ق	لَسَادِ قُوْنَ
ش و ب	كقوبا	اس ف ع	تشقيا
ش و ي	لِلشَّوٰى	س ق ی	لَأَسْفَيْنَاهُمْ
ص ب ح	لَيْعَبِعَنَّ	س ك ن	لِتَشَكُّنُوا
ص پ ر	لَنَصَبْرَتَّنَ	, , ,	يتثكن
ص د د	لِيَصَدُّوا		لَتُنكِنَّكُمُ *
, , ,	ر ده ه بره لیصدوم	اس ل ط	لَــُـلُّهُمْ أُ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ط و ف	وَلْبَطَّوَّ فُوْا	ص د ق	لَصَادِ ثُوْنَ
, , ,	لِلمَّلَا الفِيْنَ	, , ,	لَنَصَّدُ فَنَ
ظنن	لِلمَّالِفِيْنَ لَاَظُنَّكَ	ا مس ر ف	التصرف
• • •	لَاَ ظُنْتُهُ	ص ر م	اِنَصْرِفَ لِعَرِمُهُما
ظ م ر	لِيُظْهِرَهُ	ص غ ا	لِتَصْغَلُ
ع ب د	رليعبدون رليعبدون	من ف ح	وَلْبَصْفَحُوا
, , ,	إنبينو	ص ل ب	الأَمَلِنَكُمُ *
ع د ل	<b>لِ</b> ُمَيِبُدِ لِآخُدِل	ص ن ع	لِتُعْنَعَ
عدو	المتدور	ص و م	لِثُمُنْتَ تَلْبَصُنْهُ
ع ذ ب	لَمَدَّبْتَ لَمَدَّبْتُمْ لَمَدَّبْتِمْ	مضح ك	فَلْقَنْحَكُوْ ا
, , ,	لَعَذَّبُهِم	مض ر ب	وَلْيَصْرِ بْنَ
, , ,	لَأَعَدَّبَنَّهُ ۗ	ا من ل ل	وَلُبُطْرِ ثِنَ لِبُعِنَّانَا
ع رفت	فَلَكُرُ فُتُهُمْ	, , ,	لِيُعِنِدُوْا
, , ,	لِتَمَارَ فَوْا	, , , .	لَأُمِنلُ <sup>عِم</sup> ُ
, , ,	لَتَعْرِ فَنَّهُمْ	مضی ق	لِنُعَنَّبُغُوْ ا
ع ر ل	لَفَزُوْلُوْنَ	طلع	لِيُطْلِعَكُمْ
ع س د	يلامراي	طمن	لِبَعْلَمَثْنَ
ع ني	فَلْسِنَتْمُونِفْ	طدر	لِيُعَلِّمُ ثُمُّ

Root	Word	Root	Word
غ ی ظ	لَغَاثِظُوْنَ	ع ف ر	وَلْبَعْفُوْا
اف ت ن	لفينيانو	ع ل م	كتليت
ف ج ر	لِنَعْجُرَ		لَنَعُلَنُ
ف د ی	لأفتدوا	, , ,	<b>لَبُعَ</b> لَنَّ
, , ,	لِيَفْتَدُوا	. , ,	يُتمَ
ف رح	فَلْيَفَرُ حُوا	, , ,	يُعَلَّمُ
ف ری	لِتَفْتَرِيَ	ع ل و ا ي	لَتَمَالُنَّ
ف ز ز	لَبَسَيَفِيٌّ وْ لَكَ	, , ,	لَمَالِن
ف س د	لَفَسَدَا	ع ۽ د	لَمَنْهُ كَ
, , ,	لَتُغْسِدُنَّ	3 0 6	لَمَادُوْا
	لِنُفْسِدَ	, , ,	لَيْعُودُونَ لَتَعُودُونَ
	لِيُغَيِّدُوْا	غ ر ق	لِنُغْرَقَ
ف ق ه	لِيَنْفَقُهُوا	غ ر م	لَمُعْرَّمُونَ
اق ت ل	لَا ثُتُلَنَّكَ	غ ر ر	لَمُغُرِّ يَنْكَ
	لِا فَتَلَكَ	غد ر	لَاَسْنَعْفِرَ نَ
ق ر ۱	يتفرا.	غ، ل ب	لَاَ غُلِينَ
ق ر ب	لِلْقَرِّبُوْمَا	غ و ي	َ لَا غِو بَنهم
اق ر ف	وَلُيْفَتْرِ فُوْا	غی ر	فَلَيْغَرُنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ك ى د	لَا كِبْدَنَّ	ق مس ص	فَلَنْفُصِنَّ فَلَنْفُصِنَّ
ل ح ی	يلمني	ق م ش ی	لِلَقْضِ
ل ط ف	وَلْيَنَلَطَّفُ		لْبَقَطُوا
ل ف ت	لِتَلْفِتَ	ق طع	لَأُنْفَطَّنَّ
ل ق ي	لَتُلْقَّ ا	اق ع د	لاً فعدن
· · ·	فليكتيه	ق و ل	لَتَفَوُلَنَّ
م س خ	لَسَخْنَاهُمْ	, , ,	لَبَقُو لُنَّ
م س س	لَبَمَتَّنَّ	ق ر م	لِقَوْمِكُمَا
	لَبَسَّتَكُمُ *	ك ب ر	لِثُكِيِّرُوْا
م س ك	لأنشكتم	اك ت م	لَكُنْمُونَ
م ك ر	لِتَنْكُرُوا	ك ف ر	<u>ب</u> لَا كُفِّرَتَّ
ا م ل ا	لَّا نُلَاثَنَّ		كُكُفُرَدُ
ا م ل ل	وَ لَيْمُلِلْ	ك م ل	إِنْكُمِلُوْا
م ن ی	وَلَامَنَّيْهُمْ	ك ن د	َيَّاتِوْ لَكُنُّوْد
ان ب ۱	فَلَنْنَجَّنَّ	اك ر ن	لاً كُوْنَةَ
	لِتُنْبَوَّكَ		كَن <b>َّكُو</b> ْنَنَّ لَلْ <b>كُو</b> ْنَنَ
ن ب ذ	ا تبُيـذ	, , ,	تعو ق لَبَكُوناً
ن ب ذ	لَنْبَدَنَّ		ىبىر. كېگۇ <sup>ن</sup> ن
ن ج و	لَنْجَيْنَةُ	ك ي 🌢	يكيند

Root	Word	Root	Word
و س ع	<b>ڲ</b> ٷڛڡٷڹٙ	ن ذ ر	لِيُنْذِرُوْا
و س م	الْمُتَّوِّمُّيْنَ	ن ز ر	لَنَوْعَلَ
و من ع	لآؤمَنْعُوْا	ن ز ف	لَنَنْهِفَتُهُ
وط1	البواطنوا	ن مس ر	لَيَنْصُرَتَّ
و ف ی	لَوَفْهِم		كتنصر
, , ,	لَوْفُومُ	ن خلا ر	لِنَغْلُمَ
	وَكُبُوْفُوا	ن ع م	لِاَ نُمُيهِ
و ق ت	لِوَقْتِهَا	ن ف س	<b>فَلْ</b> يَتَنَافَي
, , ,	لِلْمُعَاتِ	ن ك ب	لَنَاكِبُوْنَ
ر ت ع		ن ر ا	لَتَتُوْمُ الْمُ
و ق ی	لِوَقْمَنِهَا ظَلْبَنْقُوا	ρ, ο <b>ν</b>	لَلُكُمَتْ
و ل ی	فَلَنُوً لِّبَنَّكَ	ه د ي	لَنَهُدِ يَنَّهُمْ
, , ,	لَبُوَأُنَّ		لِلَهَٰدِي
و م ب	لِآمَبَ	4 J •	لِبَهْلِكَ
ی ق ن	لِيَسْتَنْقِنَ	• • •	يتليكيم
ا ت ی		و ج د	لَا جِدَنَّ
, , ,	کاییَّئِمُّ وَلْنَیاْتِ		لَنَجِدَنَّ
, , ,	لَتَأْتِينَ	و ح ی	لَيْوُ حُونَ
· · ·	لَتَانِيَكُمُ	و ذ ر	لِيَذَرَ

المسيم

# ROOTS OF WORDS

Root	Word	Root	Word
ا م د	مُؤْمِنُوْنَ	ا ت ی	مأتا
, , ,	مُؤْمِنِيْنَ	, , ,	الْمُؤْتُونَ
, , ,	مُؤْمِنَةٌ	ا ج ل	مُؤَجَّملاً
, , ,	مؤينات	ا خ ذ	مُنْخِذَ
ا ن س	مُسْتَأْنِينِنَ	, , ,	مُتَّخِذِيُ
ا و ی	مَآبُ/مَآبًا		مُتَّخِذَاتِ
ا و ب	مَأُونُي / مَأْوَلَكُمْ	ا خ د	الْمُثَأَ خُوِيْنَ
	مَأْوَاهُ / مَأْوَاهُمٌ	اذن	مُؤَدِّنًا
ب ٺ ٺ	الْمُبْتُوثِ	١ ر ب	مَآدِبُ
, , ,	مَبْثُونَهُ	ا-وص د	مُؤْمَدَةً
<b>,</b> , ,	مُنْبَقَا	ا ف ك	مُؤْتَفِكاتُ
ب د و	مُبْدِئ (هِ)		المؤتفكة
ب ر ا	مُبِرَّهُ وْنَ	1 2 1	مَأْ كُولِ
ب ر ك	مُبادَكُ	ا ل ف	المؤلَّفَةِ
	مُبَادَكَة	ا م ن	مأمنـ(۴)
ب س ط	مَبْسُوْ مَلْتَانِ		مَأْمُونِ
ب ش ر	مُبَدّرا	. , ,	الْمُؤْمِنُ
	مُبَشِرِينَ		مُؤمِنا

Root	Word	Root	Word
ب ی ن	مُبِينَ مُبَيِّنَة مُبَيِّنَاتِ مُبَيِّنَاتِ	ب ش ر	مُعْتَبِيْرَةً
, , ,	مُبَيِّكُوَ	ب ص د	مبعيرة
, , ,	مُبَيِّناًتِ	, , ,	ب مُبْعِيراً
, , ,	مَبِيْتَ	, , ,	جيرة مُبْصِرُونَ
ם יי נ	متار	, , ,	جيرون مُسْلَبْعِرِ بْنَ
ים ע פ	مُتَنَابِعَيْنِ	ں ط ل	مبطِلُونَ مُبطِلُونَ
, , ,	ميّ و منبعون	بعث	ئېيون مېيونون
<b>ت</b> ب ر	مَثْرَبَةِ	, , ,	مَبْعُونِينَ
ت م م	ميتم	بع د	مبعد فين منعد ون
<b>ٺ ب</b> ر	مَثْبُورًا	ا ت ل س	مبليئون مبليئون
ث ق ل	مُعْقَلُهُ	, , ,	مبلِيدِن مبلِيدِينَ
. , ,	مُثْقَلُونَ	ا ب ل غ	مَبْلَغُ/ مَبْلَغُهُمُ
	مِثْقَالَ	ا د ا د ا	مبع اسم. مبليام
ث ن ی	مَثنى	, , ,	مبييام مبنتيلين
, , ,	مَشَانِيَ	ا ب ن ی	
ج ذ ذ	جَنْدُوْذٍ	ا ب ر ء	مَّنِيَّةً مُبَوَّاً
ج د ۴	الجغيم	بی ن	سبو. المُبِيَّنُ
, , ,	مغرِ مُوْنَ مُجْرِ مُوْنَ	, , ,	بمبِين المُشَتَ <sub>بِ</sub> يْنُ
	11 700 70		المسفيق

Root	Word	Root	Word
ح ر ب	الجُوْابِ	ج د م	م. مجر مین
, , ,	عَادِ بْبَ		تجوِّ مِنْينَ مُخْرِ مُنْيَا
. כ נ	المحرَّداً	ج ل س	الجآلي
ح ر ف	مُتَحَرِّفا	513	بَعْدِع بَعْدِعُ
ح د م	المخروم	, , ,	الْجُمُوعُونَ
, , ,	الْحَرُّوْمُوْنَ	, , ,	بجنيعون
· · ·	مَحَوَّمُ .	, , ,	بقثق
ح س د	تخشؤراً	اج ن ف	مُنَجَانِف مُنَجَانِف
ے س ن	مخين	ج د د	م. و مجنون مجنون
	محينون	٦ . د	الْجُأُمِدُوْنَ
	تحسينين	, , ,	الججاً حِدِيْنَ
ح ش ر	عَشُورَةً	ج و ب	مُجْبُ
ح من ن	عقنة	, , ,	نه . الجِمْنِيُونَ
, , ,	تحفينين	اج و د	مُنَجَاوِرَاتُ مُنجَاوِرَاتُ
	تخينان	ے ب ب	عَنَّة
ح ض د	تحضرا	ع ج د	عجوراً
. , , ,	مُحْضَرُ وْنَ	ح د ث	مو مدي
, , ,	الخفنرين	اح ذ ر	عَدُورا

Root	Word	Root	Word
د ع	عُنْوُ ؟ خ	ح مض د	ده رو محتضر
ذ ل	عَلَاوُلاً خ	حظ ر	عَخْلُوْداً
ا رج	عَوْجًا إ	, , ,	المحتفظر
, ,	مُنْزَجَ ،	ح ف ظ	عَفُوظِ
, ,	مُوْجُونَ .	ح ك م	المُنْكُنَةُ اللهُ ا
, ,	مِحْرَ جِيْنَ ،	, , ,	تَعْكَمَاتُ
٠, ,	الْخُرِّجِيْنَ ،	ح ل ق	تحلقين
ز ی	تُخْذِى ٱلكَافِرِيْنَ خ	ع د د	يَّلُ
ُس ر		, , ,	عَيْلًا
ٔ مضد		3 1 2	تخودا
ض ر	2 0.0	ح و ز	متحيرا
ف ی	مُشتَخْفِ	ے وط	<b>مِ</b> غِبْط <sup>2</sup>
ل د	مُعَلِّدُونَ خ	, , ,	تجبطا
ل ص	عُنْلَمَا خ	ح ی ص	<b>يَجنب</b>
, ,	تخلِصُوْنَ ،	ح ی ض	الجينني
, ,	تُخْلِمِيْنَ ،	ح ی ی	تخبّاخ
ل ف	عُنْلِفَ خ	, , ,	<b>عَي</b> اًى
, ,	الْخُلُفُونَ •	ל יי יי	الخبتين

Root	Word	Root	Word
د م ب	مُدْهَامَّنَانِ	خ ل ف	عُنْلِفٍ
د يې ن	مَدِيْنِيْنَ		م عُنْتَلِفُونَ عُنْتَلِفُونَ
ذ ء م	مَذُوْما	, , ,	تختِلفِيْنَ
<b>ذ ب ذ ب</b>	مُذَبْذَبِيْنَ		مُسْنَخُلَفِيْنَ
ذع ن	مُذْعِنِيْنَ	خ ل ق	مخلقة
ذك ر	مَّذُكُوْرا	خ م ص	غفست في
	<i>؞</i> ؙؠؙۮڴۯ	خ ن ٿ	المُنْعَنِقَةُ
, , ,	مُدَّكِر	خ ی ل	عُنَالِ الْحُنَالَا
ر د ع ا	مُذْمُومٌ مُاماً	ه ب ر	الْمُدَبِّرَاتِ
ر ب مو	ورَرو ع مر بص		مُدْبِرًا
. , ,	و-َرسوه مارې <b>ص</b> ول		مُدْبِرًا مُدْبِرِيْنَ
, , ,	الْمُرَّ بِمِيْنَ	ر د ث ر	الْمَدَّيْرِ الْمَدَّيْرِ
ر ج ع	مَرْجِعُكُمْ *	د ح د	مَدُ عُوداً
	مَن جِعَهِم	د ح مش	الْمُدَّحَضِيْنَ
ر ج ف	الْمُرْجِفُوْنَ	د خ ل	مُدْخَلَ
د ج ۱	الْمَزَّجُوْمِيْنَ		مُدْخَلاً
ر ج و	مَنْ جُوَّا	. د ر ر	مِدْدَاداً
, , ,	مُوْجَوْنَ	د ر ك	مُدْرَكُوْنَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ر د س و	مَرْمَناةِ	ر ح ۲	بِالْمُزَّمَةِ
	مَرْمنَاتِي	, ניננ	مَرَةً
, , ,	متزينيا		مَرَدًا
رع ی	الكرعى		مَنْدُوْدٍ
, , ,	مَنْعَامَا	ر د ف	مُرْدِفِيْنَ
د غ م	مراغا	ر س ل	مُرْيِل
ر ن د	المرفود		مُرْسِلُوا (النَّاقَةِ)
أزنع	ٱلْمُرَّ فُوْع	, , ,	مُرْسِلِيْنَ
	مَرْ فُوْعَةٍ *	, , ,	مُزيلَة "
ا ر ف ق	يرمكنت	, , ,	الْمُ مَلُونَ
, , ,	المرَافِقِ	. , .	الْمُؤْمَلَاتِ
	مُرْتَفَقاً	ر س و	مزساها
ر ت ب	مُنْ يَقِبُونَ	ر ش د	مُرْشِداً
ر ق د	مَنْ قَدِنا	ر ص د	مَرْمَدِ
ر ق م	مَزَفُوْمٌ		المؤصاد
ر ك ب	مُتَرَاكِبًا	ز من من	مَرْصُوصٌ
ر ك م	مَزَكُومٌ *	ر مشع	صُّ مِنعَةِ
ری ب	مُرْمَاكِ	, , ,	المُرَّامِنعَ

Root	Word	Root	Word
س ح د	الْمُسَتَّوِيْنَ	ری ب	مُرِيْبٍ
س خ ر	المُسَخَّرِ	<b>نج</b> ر	مره مزدجو
, , ,	مُسَخَّرَاتِ	ذُ ج و	منهجأة
س ز د	مَشرُورًا	נסנס	پُزَخزِج <u></u>
س ر ف	خشرك	زم ل	المؤتمل
, , ,	مُسْرِ فُوْنَ	ز ی د	مَنِيْدِ
	مسرفين	س أ ل	مَسْتُولاً
ا س ط ر	مَسْعُودِ	. , , ,	مَسْتُولُونَ
. , ,	كمشتعك	س ب ح	الْمُسَبِّحُونَ
س غ ب	مَسْغَبَةِ	, , ,	المستجين
س ف ح	مَسْفُوْحاً	س ب ق	مَسْبُوْ فِيْنَ
	مُسَافِينَ	س ت ر	مَسْتُوراً
, , ,	مُسَافِظَاتِ	س ج د	سَجِدٌ
س ف ر	مُسْفِرَةً *	, , ,	تساجد
س ك ب	مَنْكُوْبٍ	س ج د	لمسجور
س ك ن	مَشْكُوْنَةٍ	س ج ن	المستجونين
, , ,	مَسْكَنِيمُ	س ع د	سَنْحُوْدًا
· , , ,	متاكِن		مورون سحورون

Root	Word	Root	Word
ش ء م	الكأمغ	س ك ن	المنتكنة
ش ب ه	مُفْتَبِها مُتَقَابِهِ	. , ,	مِسْكِين
	متضابع	, , ,	مَسَاكِيْنِ
, , ,	مُقَشَابِهَاتُ	ا ش ل م	ئنلة
ش ح ن	المشحون	, , ,	مُثلِباً
ا ش ر ب	مَشْر : ١٩٩	, , , ,	مُسْلِبًا مُسْلِمَيْ
	مَشَادِبُ	, , ,	مُسْلِماًتٍ
ش رق	الْمُشْرِقُ	, , ,	مُسْتَسْلِكُونَ
, , ,	الْمَشْرِ قَيْنِ	س م ع	مُسْيع
, , ,	مَشَادِقِ	, , ,	م. مستيمهم
	مُشْرِقِيْنَ		مُسْتَمِعُونَ
ا شرك	مُفْرِكُ	ا س م و	مُسَتَّى
	مُشْرِ كُوْنَ	س ن ن	<b>مَسْئُ</b> وْنِ
	مُشْرِكِينَ	س و ع	المُيني <sup>م</sup> ِ
	مُشْرِكَةِ	ا س و د	منور <u>ً</u> منورًا
, , ,	المشركات		د. مسوده
	الْمُشْرِكَاتِ مُشْيِّرِكُوْنَ	س و م	مُسَوِّمِيْنَ
شع ر	المشتر	, , ,	ريو مسؤمة

Root	Word	Root	Word
ص د خ	بِمُصْرِخِكُمٌ *	ش ف ق	مُشْفِقُونَ
, , ,	عِصْرِ خِيَّ		مُفْفِقِينَ
ا مس ر ف	مَعْرِفًا	ش ك ر	مَشْكُوْدا
	مَصْرُوْفاً	ش ك س	مُتَشَاكِمُوْنَ
ً من ف ر	مصفرا	ش ك و	كِشْكَاةِ
ا من ف ذ	مَمْفُوْلَةٌ	ش م د	مَفْهَدِ
من ف و	مقتني	, , ,	مَهُ ۾ و مَشْہُو دٍ
, , ,	مُصَّىٰ الْمُسْطَلَىٰ	ش ی د	مَيِيْد
ص ل ح	المُعَلِع مُعْلِعُوْنَ مُعْلِعُوْنَ	, , ,	مُفَتَّدَةٍ
, , ,	مصيلحون	من ب ح	مُصْبِحِيْنَ
	المصليبين		مِعْبَاعُ
ا ص ل و	مُعَسَلُ	, , ,	بِمَصَابِبْحَ
, , ,	المُسَلِّينَ	ص د ع	مُنَصَدَّعا
ا ص ن ع	مَصَانِعَ	ص د ق	درو یا مصدق
ص و ب	تمينيها	, , ,	المُصَدِّقِينَ
	لمعينية		المنعقة فين
ا مس و د	المُمتَّوَّدُ	, , ,	الْمُتَمَدُّقاَتِ
ص ی ز	المُصَيْرُ		المُعَدِّقَاتِ

		THE STATE OF THE S	
Root	Word	Root	Word
طامان	مُطْمَئْنِينَ	ص ی ر	مَعِيْرَكُمُ
ط م ر	مُطَهِّرُةً	ض جع	المُعَنَاجِع
	المُعْلَمَرُونَ	, , ,	الْهَنَاجِع مَفَاجِمِيمْ
	الْمُنْظَمَّرِيْنَ	مض ر ر	المضعكرة
	المطهر بن	, , ,	مُعنَازً
طوع	مُعَلَاعِ	من ع ف	مِه رَهُ مِهُ مُسْتَعْنَعُفُونَ
	الْمُطَّوِّعِيْنَ	. , ,	مُسْتَعَنْمَفِيْنَ
ط و ی	مَعْلِ يَاتُ		معناعفة
طی ر	مُسْتَطِيرُا		الْمُنْمِفُونَ
ظلم	مُظْلِياً	ا من ل ل	مُعِينَةً *
	مُظْلِبُوْنَ	, , ,	المُصِلِّينَ
	مَظْلُوْماً	طفف	ِ <b>لْعُلَفَقِ</b> یْنَ
ع ت ب	المُعْتَبِينَ	طلب	الْمُطَلُّوبُ
ع ج ز	مُعَاجِزِيْنَ مِمْجِزِ	طالع	مَطْلِعَ
, , ,	بمنجز		مُطَّلِمُوْنَ مُطَّلِمُوْنَ
, , ,	مُعْجِزِيْ	ط ل ق	المُعْلَقَاتِ
	مُعْجِزِيْنَ	طمن	مُطْمَثَتَةً
3 2 6	مَعْدُوْدٍ		مطمئين

Root	Word	Root	Word
ع ر ف	مَثرُونَــةُ	3 2 6	مَعْسَدُودَةٍ
ع ز ل	مَعْزِلٍ		مَعْدُوْدَاتِ
ع ش د	مِعْشَارَ	عدر	مُعْنَد
, , ,	مَعْشَرَ		ەم.رو. المعندون
ع ص ر	المعجرات		المُغْسَدِينَ
ع ص ی	تثعبت	ع ذ ب	مُعَــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
ع ط ل	مُعَطَلَةِ	, , ,	مُعَدُّبُوهُمَا
ع ق ب	مُتَقَّبَ	. , , ,	مُعَذَّ بِيْنَ
, , ,	مُعَقِّبات	ع ذ ر	مَعْــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
ع ك ف	مَعَكُوْفَا	. , ,	مَعَاذِيْرَهُ
ع ل ق	كَالْمُلَنَّــةِ		الْمُعَذِّرُوْنَ
ع ل م	متلوم	ع رج	مَعَادِجْ
, , ,	مَعْلُوْمَاتِ	ع د د	مَعَرُّةُ .
	مُنَلَّو	, , ,	المُنتَرَ
علوای	المتعال	ع ر مش	مُعْرِضُونَ
ع م د	متعمدا	, , ,	مُعْرِّ حِنِيْنَ
ع م د	مقتر	ع ر <b>ف</b>	مَعْرُووْ فَكُ
, , ,	المعتود	, , ,	مَنْرُوْ فأ

Root	Word	Root	Word
غ ن ر	مَغْفِرَةً	ع ر د	مَعَادِ
, , , ,	المُسْتَغْفِرِيْنَ	ع و ذ	مَعَاذَ
غ د ب	مَغْلُوْبٌ	ع و ق	الْمُعَوِّ قِيْنَ
غ ل ل	مَغْلَوْلَةً	ع و ن	المشتعان
	مَغَانِمَ	عی ش	مَعَاشاً
غ ن ئ غ ن ئ	وه وه مفنون	, , ,	مَيْثِفَة
غ و د	مَغَادَاتٍ		مَعَا بِشَ
, , ,	المفيرات	ع ی ن	مَعِيْنِ
غ ی د	مُنَيِّرًا	غ ر ب	الْمُغَوْبِ
, , ,	فألمفيرات		المُغَرِّبَيْنِ
ف ت ح	مُفَتَّحَةً		المُفَارِبِ
, , ,	مَغَانِحُ	غ د ق	مِعْرَ قُوْنَ مُغْرَ قُوْنَ
ف ت ن	المُفَتُونَ		المغرفين
ا <b>ن</b> ر ر	المُفَرَّةُ	غ د م	مَغْرَعُ
ف ر متس	مَغْرِوضًا	غ س ا	مُغْتَسَلُ
ف ر ق	مُتَفَرَّقُ	غ ش ی	المُغَشِيّ
, , , ,	و وه رَ منفر فونَ	غ مض ب	الْمُغَنَّوْبِ
ف زی	مُفْيَر	, , ,	مُغَاجِنباً

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق ب مض	مَقْبُوْمَة	ف ری	وه پروه ب مفترون
ق ب ل	مُتَقَابِلِيْنَ		وءُ تَ مَفْتَرَى
, , ,	مستفار		مُفْتِرِيْنَ
ق ت ر	الْمُقْتِرِ منت ن	, , ,	مَفْتَرَ بَآتٍ
ר כ ס	مُقْنَحِمٌ	ف س د	المفسيد
ان د ر	مَقْدُوْرا	, , ,	مُفْسِدِيْنَ
, , ,	مِقْدَارَ	, , ,	مەسىدۇن <u>َ</u>
, , ,	مُفْتَدِرٍ	ف مس ل	مُفَصَّلاً
,	مُقْتَدِرُوْنَ		مُفَصَّلَاتِ
ق د س	المُقَدِّسِ	ف ط ر	تمنفَعِلا
, , ,	المُقدَّسَة	ں ع ل	مَنْفُولاً
ق د م	المستقدِمِيْنَ	ف ك ك	مُنفِكِين
ق د ر	مَقْدَوْنَ	ف ل ح	المُفْلِحُونَ
ق ر ب	مَفْرَبَةِ		المفلحين
	الْمُعَرَّبُونَ	ن ر ز	مَفَازاً
, , ,	المُقْرَيْنَ		مَفَازَةِ
,	مُسْتَقَرُّ	ق ب ح	المقبوكحين
	مشتيزا	ق ب ر	المقاَبَرَ

### VOCABULARY OF THE HOLY QURAN

Root	Word	Root	Word
ق ل ٍب	مُنْقَلَبٍ	اق ر ف	د ° آر فونَ مُقَّيْرِ فُونَ
, , ,	مُنْقَلِمُوْنَ	ق ر ن	تمفرنين
	مُنَعَّلَّكُمُ	, , ,	مُفْتَرِ نِيْنَ
ق ل د	مَفَالِيْدُ	ق س ط	المَقْسِطِينَ
5 7 3	مقتحون	ق س م	مَقْسُوم
ق م ع	مَقَامِعُ		فألمقسكمات
ق ن ع	مَقَامِعُ مُقْنِعِيْ مُقْيْناً	, , ,	المقتسِميْنَ
اق و ت	مَقِيْنا	ق من د	كمفنقيذ
ق و م	مَقَامُ		مقتعيده
	مَقَامِيْ	ق ص ر	مَقْصُوْدَ اتْ
	المفآمة		مُفَصِّرِ يُنَ
	منينم	ق مض ی	مَفْعِنِبًا
, , ,	تمقینم الگفیکین	ان نظر	المقنطرَةِ
	مُسْتَفِيْهَا	ق ملع	مَعْمُوعَ
ق د ی	الْمُقَوِّيْن		مَفْعُلُوْعَةِ
ق ی ل		قع د	مَقْعَدِ
ك ب ب	مَفِئلاً مُکِبَّ		مَفَاعِدَ
ك ب ر	مشكير	اقع د	مُنْقَم

Root		Word ·	Root	Word
ر ن	1	تَكَأَنِّ	ك ب ر	ٱلْمُثَكِّرِينَ
	,	مَكَاتَئِكُمْ	. , , ,	مُسْتَكُمْرًا
ی د	1	مّكَانِ مَكَاتَئِكُمٌ الْمَكِبْدُوْنَ	, , ,	الْمُتَكَمِّرِيْنَ مُسْتَكْمِرِ بْنَ مُسْتَكْمِرِ بْنَ مُسْتَكْمِرُ وْنَ مُسْتَكُمْرِ بْنَ مَكْمُدُونِ مَكْمُدُونِ الْمُكَدِّرُونَ الْمُكَدِّرُونَ
ی ل	এ	الْمِنْكَالَ		مُسْتَكُمْبُوُوْنَ
এ ১	•	مَلَكُ	ك ت ب	مَّكْتُوْبا
• •	,	مَلَكَيْنِ	ك ذ ب	مَكْذُرْبِ
, ,	,	الْلَاقَةِ *		الْمُكَدِّبُونَ
ج ا	J	تَلْجَأُ		ٱلْمُكَدِّيْنِنَ
ے د	J	مُلْتَحَدا مَلْمُوْنِيْنَ الْلَكُوْنَةَ	كرم	الْمُكَذِّبِيْنَ مُكُوْمٍ مُكَوَّمَةٍ
ع ن	1	مَلْعُوْ نِيْنَ		مُكُرُّمَةٍ
, ,	,	الْمَلَعُونَة		مُكُرَ مُوْنَ
ق ی	J		, , ,	مَكْرَمِیْنَ
, ,	,	مَلاَقُوا	ك ر د	مَكْرَ مِنْيَنَ مَكُورُ فِهَا
, ,	,	مُلاَقِ مَلاَفُوا مُلاَقِئكمُ مُلْقُون الْلَقِيْنَ الْلَقِيْنَ	ك ظ م	مَكْظُومٌ
, ,	,	مُلْقُونَ	ك ل ب	مَكُفُومٌ مُكَلِّيْنَ مُعَكِيِّيْنَ
, ,		ٱلْكَقِيْنَ	ك ل ف	المتكلِّفِيْنَ
, ,	,	الْمُلْقِياَتِ	ك ن ن	مُّكُنُوْنِ
	,	الْمُتَلَقِّبَانِ	ك و ن	تكأنآ

Root	Word	Root	Word
ن س ا	مَنْسَأَةَ	1133	مَأْجُوْجَ
ن س ك	مَنْسَكَا مَنَاسِكُكُمُ مَلْسِبًا	ا م ا ی	مأقة
. , , ,	مَنَايِكُكُمُ	, , ,	مِّأَثْمَيْنِ مُعِدَّكُمْ
ن س ی	مَلْيِيًّا	3 3 6	مُعِدِّكُمْ *
ان ش ا	الْمُنْفِيثُونَ	٦ , د	35%
	المنشئات	ام د د	مستير
ن ش ر	مُنَشَرَةً	م د ی	الْمُنْتَرِيْنَ
, , ,	مُنْشَرَةً مُنْشَرِ بْنَ	م س ك	مُسْتَمْسِكُونَ
, , ,	مُنْتَشِرُ	ن ٿر	منتورا
ن مس ر	المنصورونَ	ن ج و	مُنَجُّوْكَ
	منتقير	, , ,	مَنْجُومٌ
, , ,	مُنْتَحِرُ مُنْتَحِرِينَ	ن د ي	الْمُنَادِ
ن مض د	۔.ه. منضود	ن ذ ر	مُنْذِرً
ن ط ق	مَنْصُودٍ مَنْطِقَ	S 6, 5	مُنْدِرُوْنَ
ن ظ ر	مُنْظَرُونَ	. , , ,	مُشْذِد ثِنَ
,	الْمُنظَرِينَ	ن ز ل	مُثْـٰذِرِ بْنَ مُؤُولًا مُؤُولًا
.,,,	مُنْتَظِرُوْنَ		مُنْزِلُوْنَ
, , ,	الْمُشْظِرْ بْنَ	, , ,	الْمُدِلِيْنَ

Root		Word	Root	Word
ر ب	ن	مُنِيْب	ن ف ر	مُسْتَنْفِرَةً
		مُنِيْنِينَ	ن ف س	الْمُتَنَافِسُوْنَ
و ر	ن	الْمِيْقِ مَنَاصِ مَنَام	ن ف ش	المنفوش
و ص	ن	مَنَاصِ	ن نبع	مَنَـافِعُ
و م	ن	مَنَام	ن ف ق	المُتَفِيْنِ
• •	•	مَنَامِهَا		المنافيقات
ج ر	٠	شَهَاجِرُ		الْمُتَأْفِقُونَ
, ,	,	مُهَاجِرَاتِ		المنآفيتين
, ,	•	الْمُأْجِرِ بْنَ	ن ق مس	مَنْقُوصٍ
د ي		مهنسد	ن ق م	منتومون
, ,		مُهْتَدُونَ	ن ك ب	مَنَاكِها
, ,	,	المُهُنِّدِي	ان ك ر	مُنْكِرَ أَ
٠,	,	المُنْتَوِيْنَ	. , ,	المنكر
٠ 1	•	مستهر تون	, , ,	مَنَاكِمِاً مُنْكِرُهُ الْنُكُورُونَ الْنُكُورُونَ
, ,	,	المُشَمَّدُ ثِينَ	ن م ج	يُهْمَاجا
۲ :		مَرْوم	ن د ی	المتنهى
لأع		مهطيين	. , ,	منتهآمآ
ى ك		مَهْلِكَ	, , ,	وهيم منهون

Root	Word	Root	Word
و ز ن	مَوْدُوَّنِ	ه ل ك	مهليكؤا
	الْمُيْوَانِ		مُثْلِكِن
• • •	الْمُوَّاذِيْنَ	,,,,,	المككين
او س ع	المؤميع	۱ ، ۰ ،	را مهير دامه
و ص ی	مُوْمي	ا م م د	المينين
و متن ع	مَوْضُوعَةً	ه و ن	
	مَوَامِنِيهِ	, , ,	گمِیْنُ مُییْنا
و مئس ٺ	مَوْصُولَةِ		مَــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
ا د ط ا	مَوْطِئا	می ل	مَوْلاً
وطن	مَوَّاطِنَ	ر ب ق	ئي. خُوبِها ً
رع د	مَوْعِدُ	ر ث ق	مو مو يقا
	مَوْعِدا		مْيثَاقً
. , ,	مَوْعِدُكُمُ		مِيثَاقَهُ
	مَوْعِدُهُ	ر د د	مَوَدَّةُ
, , ,	مَوْعِدِيْ	ر د ع	مُسْتَوْدَعٌ مُسْتَوْدَعٌ
	المؤعود	ر ر ث	مِيْرَاتُ
• • • •	الْمِعْبَادُّ	و ر د	َ الْمُؤَدُّرُدُهُ الْمُؤَدُّرُدُهُ
وعظ	مَوْعِظَةً	و ر ی	فَالْمُؤْرِ بَاتِ

Root	Word	Root	Word
و ل د	مَوْلُوْدٍ	و ف ر	مَوْفُوْدا
و ل ی	الْمُؤَلِّلُ	و ف ی	الْمُوْفُونَ
	مَوْلَاكُمْ *		مُنَوَقِّبُكَ
	مَوْلاَنا	و ق ت	مَوْ قُوْ تَا
	مَوْلاَهُ	·	مِيْقَاتِ
	مَوَالِي		مَوَ اقِيْتُ
, , ,	مَوَالِبُكُمُ *	و ق د	الْمُؤُقِدَةُ
و م ن	مُوْهِنُ	ر ق ذ	الْمُوَّ قُوْدَةً
ی س د	مَيْسُورًا	ر ق ع	مُوَ افْتُوْهَا
	مَيْسَرَةِ		يقواقع
	المبتير	و ق ف	مَوْ قُوْفُونَ
ی ق ن	مُوْقِبُونَ	و ق ي	المُتَعُونَ
, , ,	مُوْقِنِيْنَ	• • •	الْمُتَّعِيْنَ
, , ,	<b>۪ۼۘ</b> سْقَيْقِنِيْنَ	و ك ا	مُنْكِئُونَ
ی م ن	المبتنتة	, , ,	مُنْكِئُينَ
			ُمْنَكُأ <b>ُ</b>
(******)	(*******)	و ك ل	الْمُنَوَكِّلُونَ
		, , ,	الْمُتُوَكِّلِيْنَ

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# Program of Islamic Studies

# A Textbook for Arabic and Qur'anic Studies

Vocabulary of the Holy Qur'an

### **Chief Program Editors**

Dr. Abidullah al-Ansari Ghazi (Ph.D., History of Religion Harvard University)

Dr. Tasneema K. Ghazi (Ph.D., Curriculum-Reading University of Minnesota)

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